IllinoisHEP Tier3gs

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IllinoisHEP T3gs Site

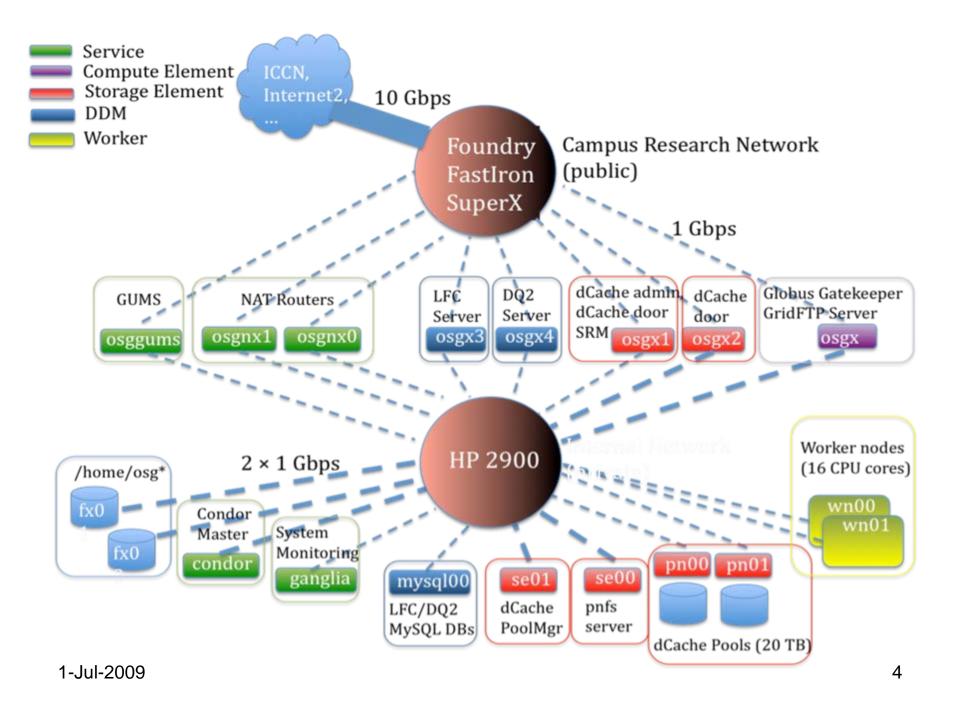
- IllinoisHEP T3gs Site
 - Associated with Atlas
 - Mark Neubauer, Assistant Professor, member of Tier 3 Task Force
 - Started building about 1.5 years ago
 - Most of site is re-tasked hardware from CDF
 - Funding provided by DOE, Campus Research Board, NCSA Fellowship
 - Campus Research Network provided by CITES
 - Began Atlas Production on March 18, 2009



IllinoisHEP T3gs Site Configuration

- Full configuration of Site Services
 - CE, SE, DDM, Worker, GUMS, Service nodes
 - CE is OSG 1.0.0, VDT 1.10.1y
 - SE is dCache 1.8 installed with VDT
 - DDM is LFC, DQ2 site services with a MySQL server
 - Eight Worker nodes with OSG 1.0.0 client
 - GUMS also installed using VDT
 - OS on all nodes is Scientific Linux 4.7

1-Jul-2009



IllinoisHEP T3gs dCache Installation

- dCache 1.8 installed via VDT 1 year ago
 - Hope to update to 1.9 soon
- Picked dCache because
 - Mark has dCache experience with CDF
 - 1 year ago, BeStMan did not appear ready
 - Large vs small storage needs
 - Seems easy to add dCache pools
- Currently 6 nodes in use
 - Two doors on public via 1Gb, dual 1Gb bonded to private
 - Poolmanager and pNFS servers dual 1Gb bonded to private
 - Doors, managers and servers are dual Xeon 2.0Ghz, 6GB
 - Pools nodes are old PIII 1Ghz with 1Gb memory



IllinoisHEP T3gs Pool Nodes

- Two Pool Nodes.....
 - Pentium III 1Ghz, 1GB memory, 1Gb NIC
 - Dual host DAS Promise VTrak M610p via Adaptec 29160
 - Had most of this on hand
 - Got 20TB online pretty cheap
 - M610p not fast, but neither is PIII or 1Gb NIC (seems balanced)
 - Tops out at about 50MB/sec (ganglia)
 - Not the best for management, especially if one has many



IllinoisHEP T3gs Pool Usage

- Current usage is 100% PanDA
 - 10TB for PRODDISK, 4TB for USERDISK
 - 1TB for MCDISK and DATADISK (not used)
 - How are these areas cleaned (PROD manual, USER automatic?)
 - Production is using about 98% of our site

Performance

- With 64 worker node cores, almost no load on SE
- Could replicate pool nodes very easily to get more storage but....
- Expect bottle necks when we add more cores and more user analysis
- Bottle neck most likely will be doors and then pool nodes
- With network and server upgrades that would move to Raid system
- Looking at other storage solution (iSCSI, Fiberchannel, other DAS)



IllinoisHEP T3gs Networking

- Our access to Foundry FastIron SuperX 1Gb is very limited
 - CITES will not allow bonding
 - Only given 8 IPs on the Campus Research Network
 - Restricts us on doors, speed to CRN, etc
 - All Worker nodes access dCache via NATs and Doors
 - Available 10Ge port on SuperX
 - Checking into adding our own 10Ge switch
- HP 5400 or 6400 to get more 10Ge CX4 ports
 - Upgrade CE, Doors and NATS to newer servers
 - 10Ge ports to each server
 - Vlans on switch for public and private networks
 - Connect to our HP2900 with 10Ge port as well



IllinoisHEP T3gs Monitoring

- How do I monitor our site
 - Use as many tools as I can find
 - MyOSG
 - Gratia
 - RSV on CE with SE probes
 - dCache web
 - Panda Monitor
 - Logs, Logs and more Logs
 - Email from others when there is a problem
- Troubleshooting
 - Twiki pages (documentation changing for the better)
 - OSG and Panda distribution lists and ticket system
 - Lean on others (I have been a pest)



Summary

- Huge learning curve for the whole T3
 - When started, documentation poor, but much better now
 - Had to lean on a lot of people to get operational
 - Lots of pieces are still black boxes
- Know that some pieces of hardware inadequate
 - Is dCache the right choice or should we switch to BeStMan
 - Amount of storage and worker node cores limited by budget
 - Expect to have around 256 cores later this year
 - Unknown how much disk, but answer is as much as we can

Thank you to all who have helped me get our T3gs operational

