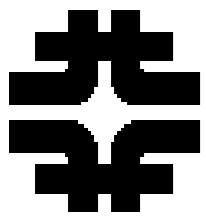


# Benchmarks for the Muon Collider

---

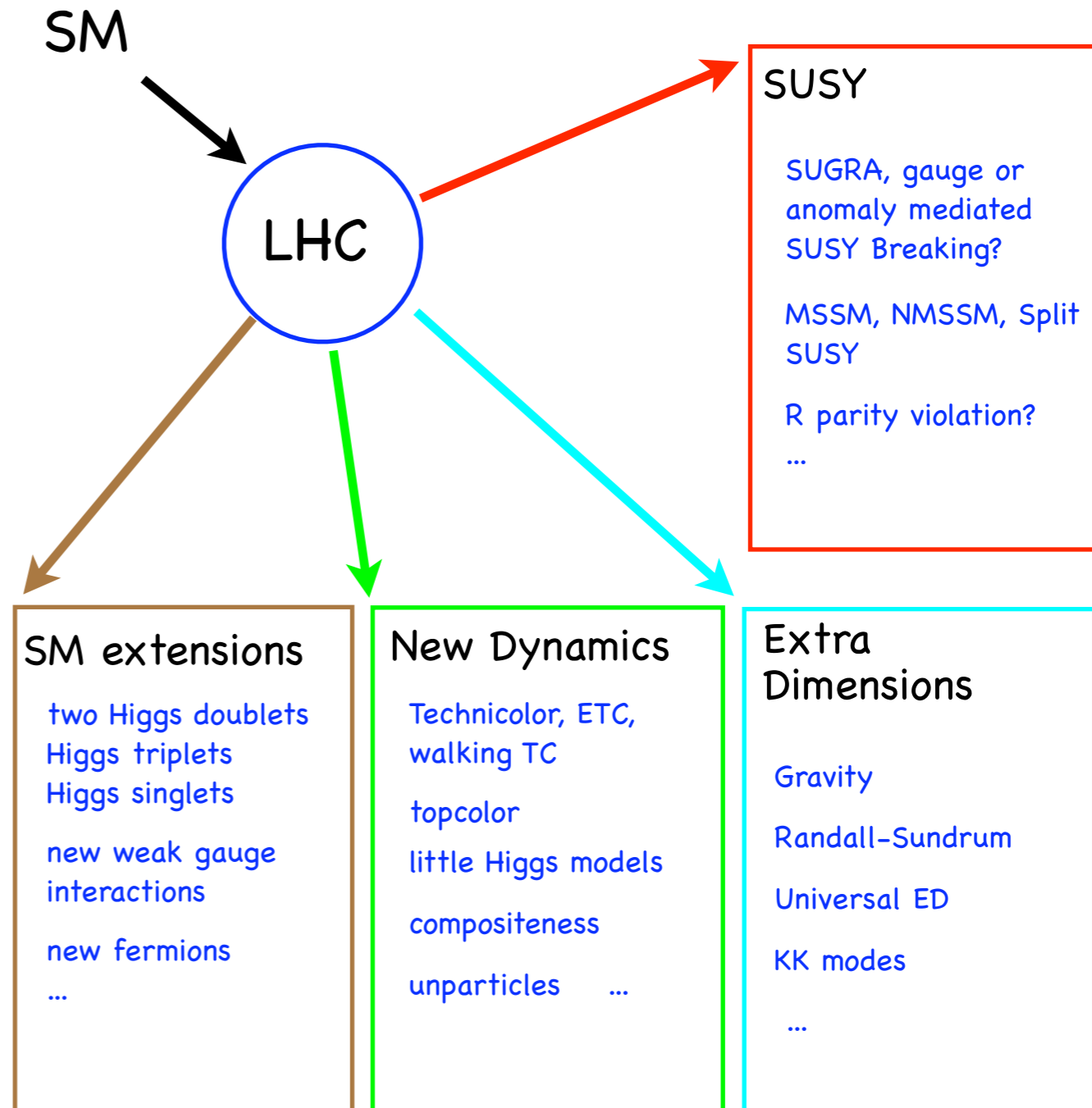
Estia Eichten

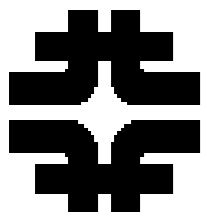
- Physics basics
- Initial benchmarks
- General Questions



# Crossroad In Theoretical Physics

- ❑ Existing facilities in 2020:
  - LHC with luminosity or energy upgrade
- ❑ Options:
  - low energy lepton collider: ILC (500 GeV) (upgradable) or muon collider - Higgs Factory
  - lepton collider in the multi-TeV range: CLIC or muon collider
  - hadron collider in hundred TeV range: VLHC
- ❑ High energy lepton collider likely required for full study of Tevascale physics.





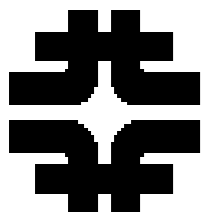
# A Muon Collider

## □ $\mu^+\mu^-$ Collider:

- Center of Mass energy: 1.5 - 5 TeV (focus 3 TeV)
- Luminosity  $> 10^{34} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ sec}^{-1}$  ( focus  $400 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  per year)

## Abridged Parameter List

Machine	1.5-TeV $\mu^+\mu^-$	3.0-TeV $\mu^+\mu^-$	CLIC 3 TeV
$\mathcal{L}_{\text{peak}} [\text{cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}]$	$7 \times 10^{34}$	$8.2 \times 10^{34}$	$8 \times 10^{34}_{\text{tot}}$
$\mathcal{L}_{\text{avg}} [\text{cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}]$	$3.0 \times 10^{34}$	$3.5 \times 10^{34}$	$3.1 \times 10^{34}_{99\%}$
$\Delta p/p [\%]$	1	1	0.35
$\beta^*$	0.5 cm	0.5 cm	35 $\mu\text{m}$
Turns / lifetime	2000	2400	
Rep. rate [Hz]	65	32	
Mean dipole field	10 T	10 T	
Circumference [m]	2272	3842	33.2 km site
Bunch spacing	0.75 $\mu\text{s}$	1.28 $\mu\text{s}$	0.67 ns



# Low Energy Muon Collider Basics

□ For  $\sqrt{s} < 500$  GeV lepton collider

- SM threshold regions:  
pairs;  $W^+W^-$ ;  $Z^0Z^0$ ;  $Z^0h$  production

□ For low energy muon collider

- s-channel Higgs production

▶ Coupling  $\propto$  lepton mass

$$\left[\frac{m_\mu}{m_e}\right]^2 = 4.28 \times 10^4$$

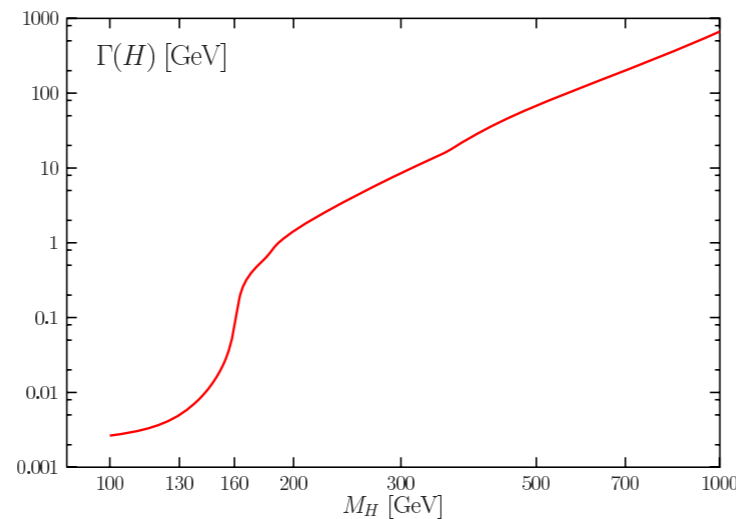
▶ Narrow width

$$\Gamma = 3.6 \text{ MeV}$$

$$(m_h = 120 \text{ GeV})$$

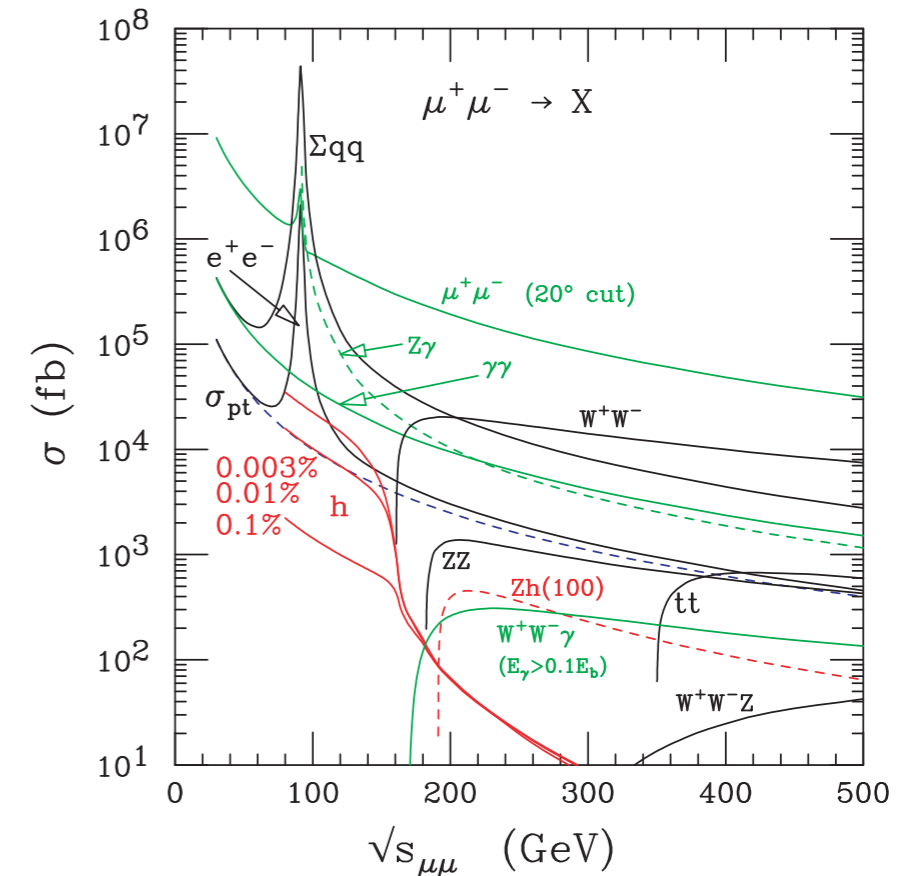
▶ Direct width measurement

$$\Delta E/E \approx 0.003\% \text{ and } 100 \text{ pb}^{-1}$$

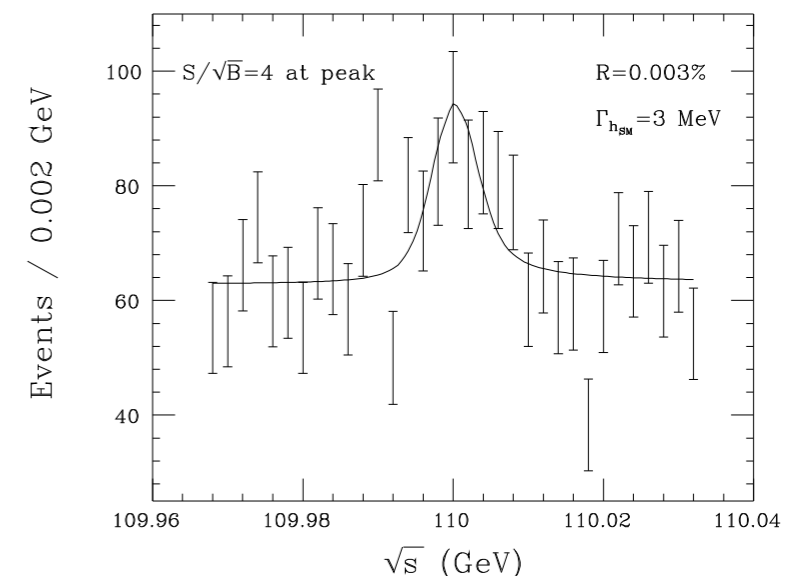


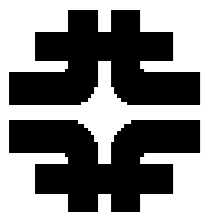
top

## Standard Model Cross Sections



$$m_{h_{\text{SM}}} = 110 \text{ GeV}, \epsilon L = 0.00125 \text{ fb}^{-1} \text{ per bin}$$





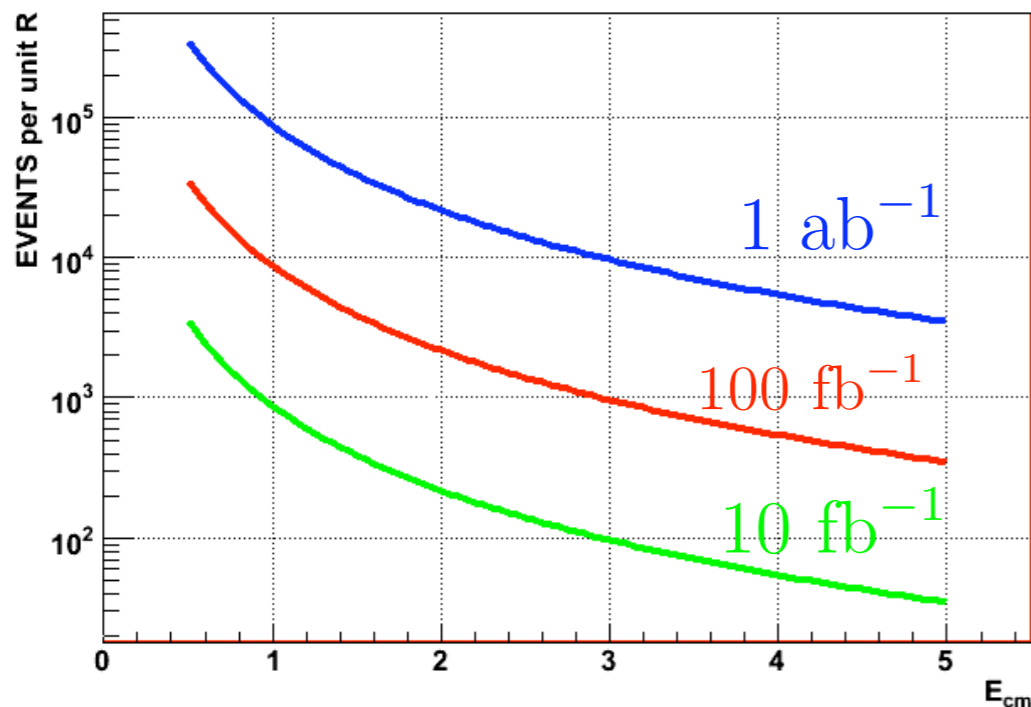
# Multi-TeV Muon Collider Basics

□ For  $\sqrt{s} > 500 \text{ GeV}$

- Above SM pair production thresholds:

$$R \equiv \sigma / \sigma_{\text{QED}} (\mu^+ \mu^- \rightarrow e^+ e^-) \text{ flat}$$

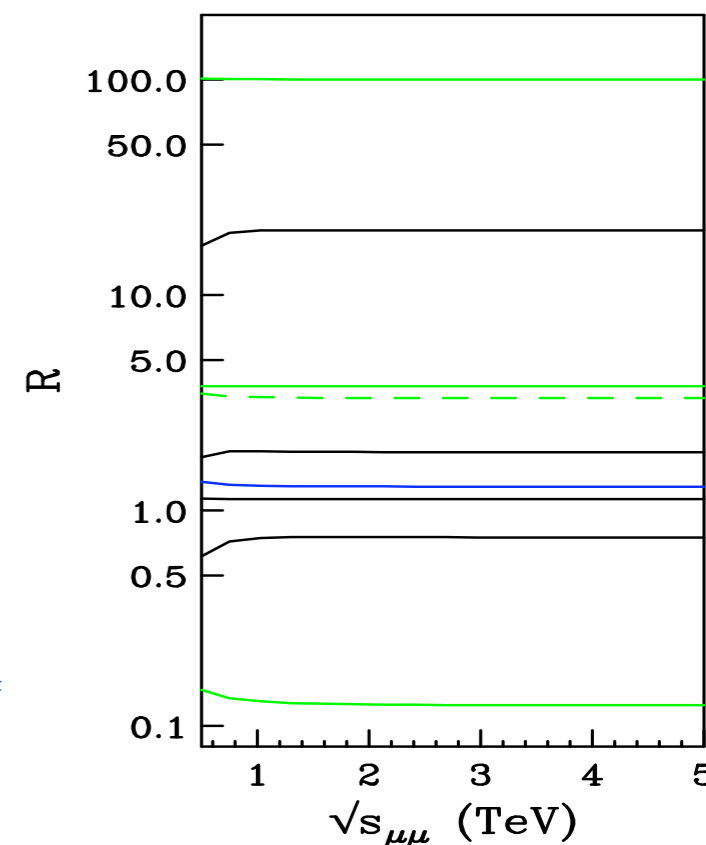
□ Luminosity Requirements



R at  $\sqrt{s} = 3 \text{ TeV}$

$O(\alpha_{\text{em}}^2)$   $O(\alpha_s^0)$

$\mu^+ \mu^- (20^\circ \text{ cut})$	=	100
$W^+ W^-$	=	19.8
$\gamma \gamma$	=	3.77
$Z \gamma$	=	3.32
$t \bar{t}$	=	1.86
$b \bar{b}$	=	1.28
$e^+ e^-$	=	1.13
$ZZ$	=	0.75
$Zh(120)$	=	0.124



(one unit of R)

$$\sigma_{\text{QED}} (\mu^+ \mu^- \rightarrow e^+ e^-) = \frac{4\pi\alpha^2}{3s} = \frac{86.8 \text{ fb}}{s(\text{TeV}^2)}$$

For example:

$$\sqrt{s} = 3.0 \text{ TeV}$$

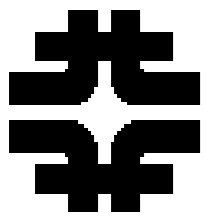
$\Rightarrow$  965 events/unit of R

$$\mathcal{L} = 10^{34} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ sec}^{-1}$$

Processes with  $R \geq 0.1$  can be studied

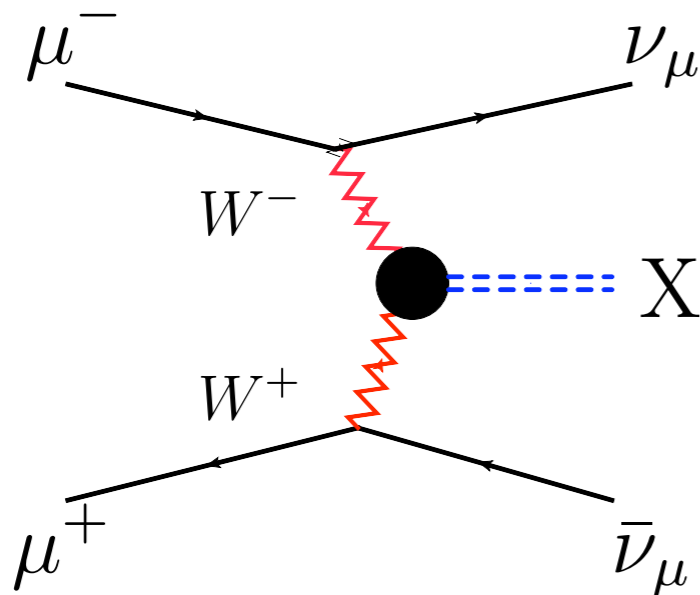
$$\rightarrow 100 \text{ fb}^{-1} \text{ year}^{-1}$$

Total - 128 K SM events per year



# Fusion Processes

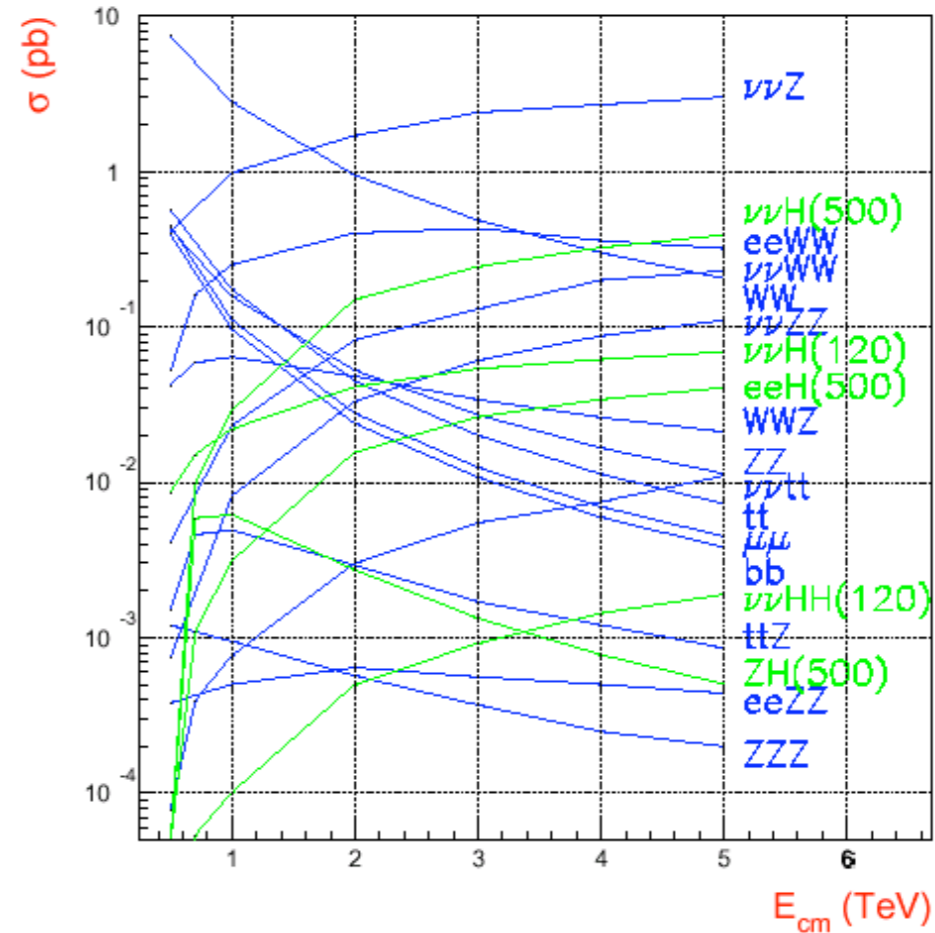
- Large cross sections
- Increase with  $s$ .
- Important at multi-Tev energies
- $M_X^2 < s$
- Backgrounds for SUSY processes
- t-channel processes sensitive to angular cu



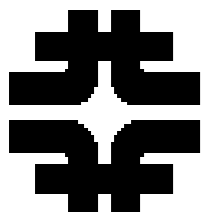
$$\sigma(s) = C \ln\left(\frac{s}{M_X^2}\right) + \dots$$

□ An Electroweak Boson Collider

CLIC (or MC  $e \leftrightarrow \mu$ )

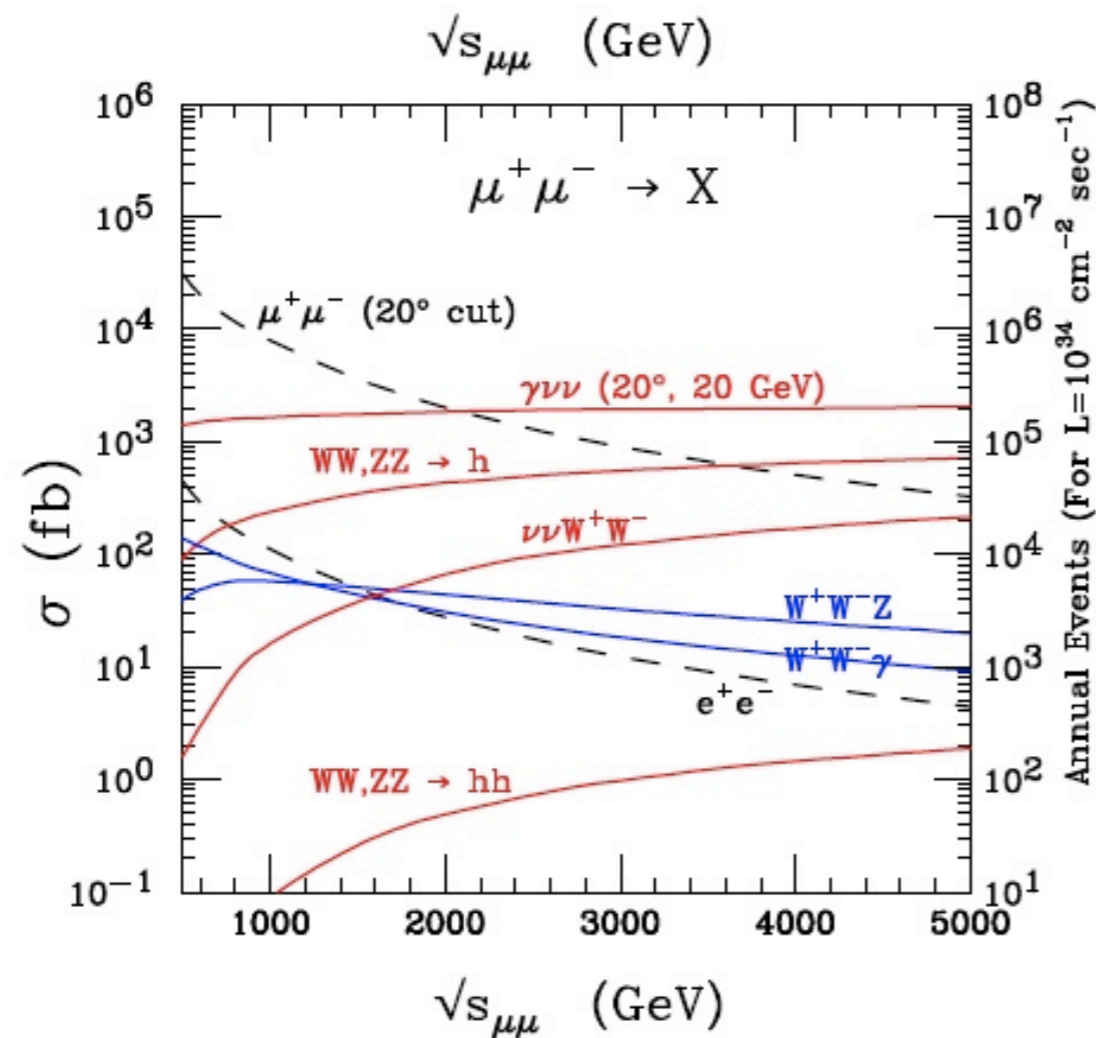


X	R (@ 3 TeV)
$Z^0$	230
$h^0(500)$	25
$W^+W^-$	19.8
$Z^0Z^0$	5.8
$h^0(120)$	5.5
$t\bar{t}$	0.6
$h^0h^0(120)$	0.1



# Muon Collider Benchmarks

□ Physics processes similar CLIC/MC for 3TeV energy

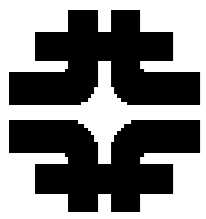


Jets from W, Z decays  
-> Must resolve W/Z

Many events have large missing energy  
-> What is impact for SUSY?

No penalty for heavy flavors  
-> Need excellent b and t tagging





# Initial Benchmarks

□ Ayres Freitas, Tao Han, E.E.: A first pass at benchmarks

Final states	Exp. considerations	Theo. considerations
$\ell^+\ell^-, \ell = e, \mu, \tau$	Ecal, $\mu$ -chamber; $\tau$ -tagging at HE	Contact interaction
$q\bar{q}, q = u, c, s, b$	Hcal, $b$ -tagging at HE	Contact interaction
$\gamma\gamma$	Ecal	QED
$\gamma + \cancel{E}$	Ecal, missing energy	missing mass/dark matter
$W^+W^- \rightarrow q\bar{q}', q\bar{q}'$	Hcal: $M_W$ -reconstruct	New resonances
$W^+W^- \rightarrow \ell\bar{\nu}, q\bar{q}'$	$\cancel{E}$ , $M_W$ -reconstruct	New resonances
$ZZ \rightarrow q\bar{q}, q\bar{q}$	Hcal: $M_Z$ -reconstruct	New resonances
$ZZ \rightarrow \ell^+\ell^-, \nu\bar{\nu}$	Ecal; $\cancel{E}$	New resonances
$t\bar{t} \rightarrow bW^+ \bar{b}W^+$	E, Hcal, $b$ -tagging, mass reconstruct	New heavy quarks
$ZHH$	multiple $b\bar{b}$	Higgs self coupling
$W^+W^- \rightarrow HH$	multiple $b\bar{b}$	Higgs self coupling
$\nu\bar{\nu}W^+W^- \rightarrow 4j + \cancel{E}$	Hcal: $M_W$ -reconstruct	$WW$ scattering
$\nu\bar{\nu}ZZ \rightarrow 4j + \cancel{E}$	Hcal: $M_Z$ -reconstruct	$WW$ scattering
$\nu\bar{\nu}t\bar{t}$	Hcal: $m_t$ -reconstruct	$WW \rightarrow t\bar{t}$
$\tilde{\chi}_i\tilde{\chi}_j$	leptons, jets+ $\cancel{E}$	SUSY
$\tilde{\ell}_i\tilde{\ell}_j$	leptons+ $\cancel{E}$	SUSY
$\tilde{q}_i\tilde{q}_j$	jets+ $\cancel{E}$	SUSY

$Z'$

KK mode

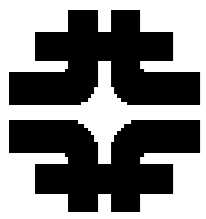
Strong Dynamics

4th Generation,  
Little Higgs Models

Strong Dynamics

SUSY





# General Questions

- Should we adopt the ILC benchmarks for a multiTeV lepton collider?

Benchmarks for ILC Physics Study 2009-2010 (1 TeV) from Michael Peskin

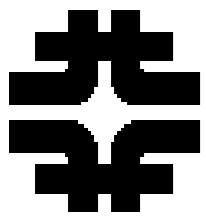
1.  $e^+e^- \rightarrow \nu\bar{\nu}h^0$  at  $E_{\text{CM}} = 1$  TeV, where  $h^0$  is a Standard Model Higgs boson of mass 200 GeV, in the final states  $h^0 \rightarrow b\bar{b}$  and  $h^0 \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$ . The goal is to measure the cross section times branching ratio for these reaction.
2.  $e^+e^- \rightarrow t\bar{t}h^0$  at  $E_{\text{CM}} = 1$  TeV, where  $h^0$  is a Standard Model Higgs boson of mass 200 GeV, in the final state  $h^0 \rightarrow WW, ZZ$ , in the 10 jet mode. The goal is to measure the Higgs boson coupling to  $t\bar{t}$ .
3.  $e^+e^- \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-$  at  $E_{\text{CM}} = 1$  TeV. The goal is to measure the forward-backward asymmetry and the final-state  $\tau$  polarization.
4.  $e^+e^- \rightarrow b\bar{b}, c\bar{c}$  at  $E_{\text{CM}} = 1$  TeV. The goal is to measure the cross section and the forward-backward asymmetry of each reaction.
5.  $e^+e^- \rightarrow \nu\bar{\nu} + WW, ZZ$  at  $\sqrt{s} = 1$  TeV. The goal is to measure the effective Lagrangian parameters  $\alpha_4$  and  $\alpha_5$  in strongly interacting models of the Higgs sector.

- If a s-channel resonance is observed at LHC, how do CLIC/MC studies compare?

- What is the best way to determine the SUSY spectrum and couplings at a few TeV lepton collider?

- If the LHC results suggest a new strong dynamics, can we reach the scale?

- What if the LHC finds the SM Higgs (with possibly more scalars)?



# A Start

## Toward Benchmark Processes for 3 TeV Muon Collider:

The SM with  $h(120)$  as reference point. Generate samples for  $1 \text{ ab}^{-1}$  total luminosity.

- $\mu^+\mu^-$  SM: reference process. BSM: contact term sensitivity versus angular cuts.
- $(W^+W^-, ZZ, ZW^-\mu^+) + X$ . Here X is anything not visible in detector (i.e.  $\nu$ 's, particles outside the detectors angular acceptance, ...).  
SM: W/Z resolution in jets.  $W^+ \rightarrow c\bar{s}$ ,  $Z \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ , resolution in  $WW$  pair invariant mass.  
BSM: new strong dynamics (eg.  $\rho_T$ )
- $b\bar{b} + X$ . SM: resolve  $h$  from  $Z$ . BSM: Two Higgs doublet model - resolve H, A.  
(Use SUSY parameters with  $m(H) = 400 \text{ GeV}$ .)
- $\tilde{\mu}^+\tilde{\mu}^-$  SUSY: Study decays. Find neutralino mass using edge effect