



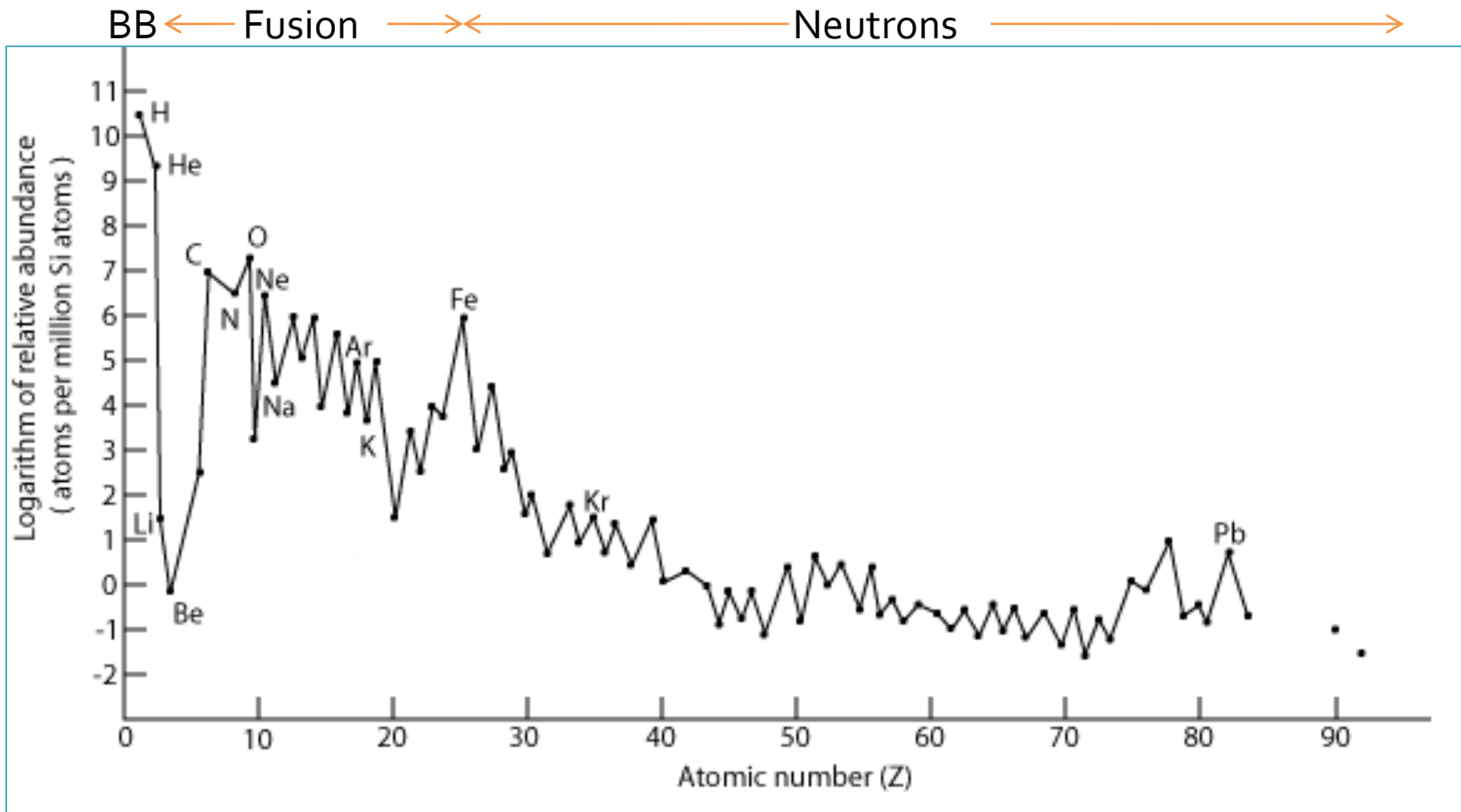
# Astrophysical Implications of Low Energy Resonances in $^{22}\text{Ne} + \alpha$

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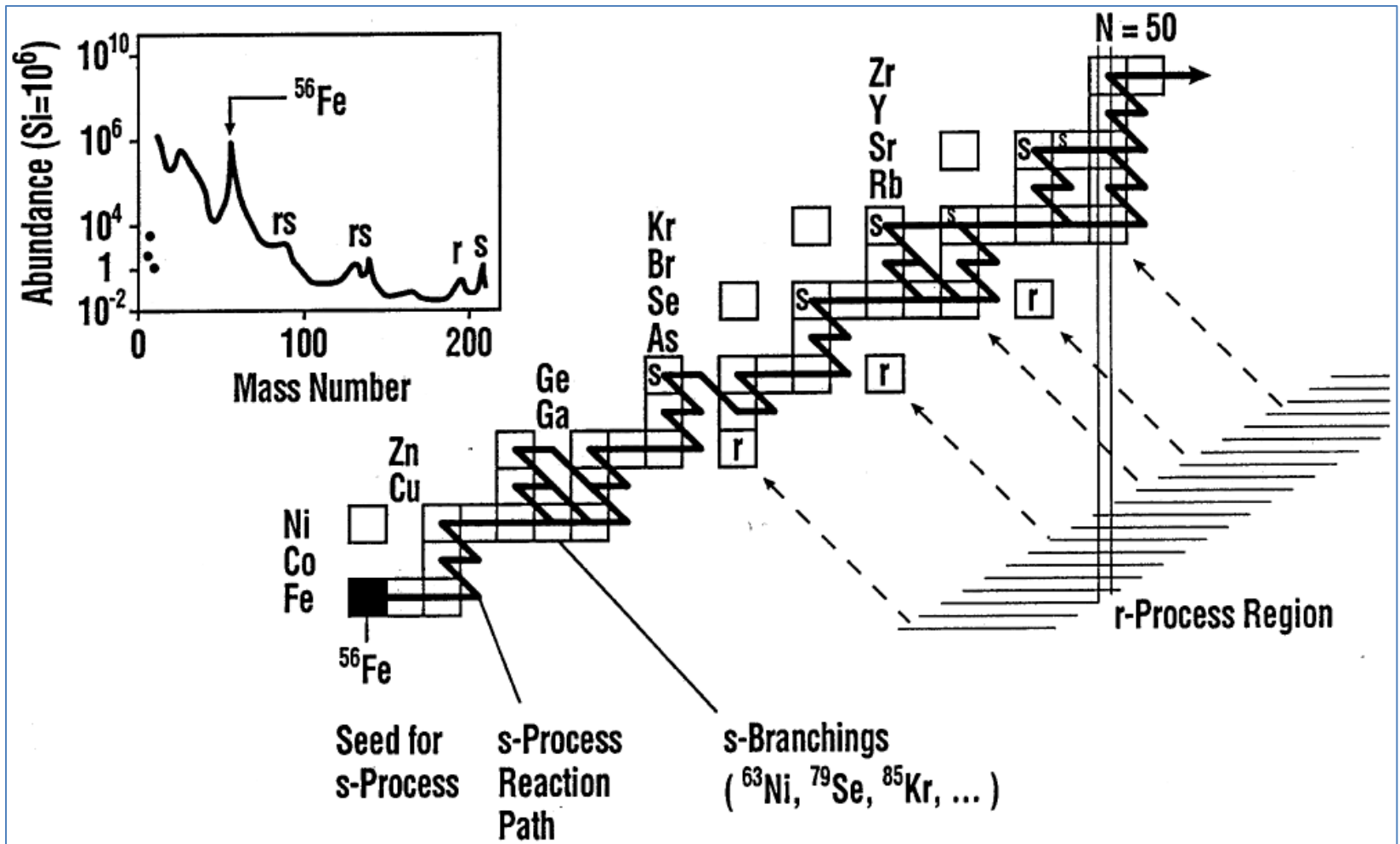


# Nucleosynthesis Above the Iron Peak

## ○ Cosmic Abundance



# Nucleosynthesis Above the Iron Peak



# S-process In Stars

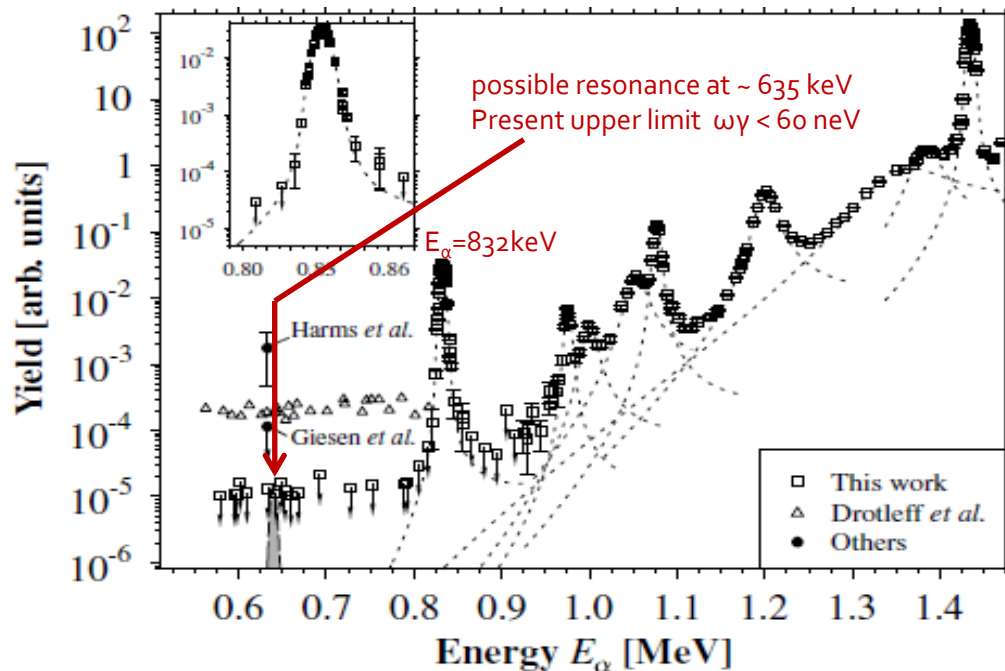
<i>weak component</i>	<i>main component</i>
$A \approx 60 \text{ to } 100$	$A \approx 100 \text{ to } 209$
Core He burning in massive stars	Shell He burning in low mass AGB stars
$T = 0.3 \text{ GK}$	$T = 0.1 \text{ GK}$
$N_n \sim 10^6 / \text{cm}^{-3}$	$N_n \sim 10^7 / \text{cm}^{-3}$
s-process at $kT = 25 \text{ KeV}$	s-process at $kT = 8 \text{ KeV}$
$^{22}\text{Ne}(\alpha, n)^{25}\text{Mg}$	$^{13}\text{C}(\alpha, n)^{16}\text{O}$

# Neutron Sources For *Weak S-* component

- $^{22}\text{Ne}(\alpha, n)^{25}\text{Mg}$  ( $Q = -0.482\text{MeV}$ )
  - Effective burning temperature  $T_9 \geq 0.3$
  - Gamow window:  $300\text{ keV} < E_{\text{cm}} < 900\text{ keV}$
  - Competing reaction  $^{22}\text{Ne}(\alpha, \gamma)^{26}\text{Mg}$  ( $Q = 10.612\text{ MeV}$ ) may reduce the neutron production significantly at the same  $T_9$  condition.
- **Question:**
  - The efficiency of  $^{22}\text{Ne}(\alpha, n)^{25}\text{Mg}$  as a neutron source for *weak* component of s-process in the stellar environment?

# Direct Measurement of $^{22}\text{Ne}(\alpha, n)^{25}\text{Mg}$

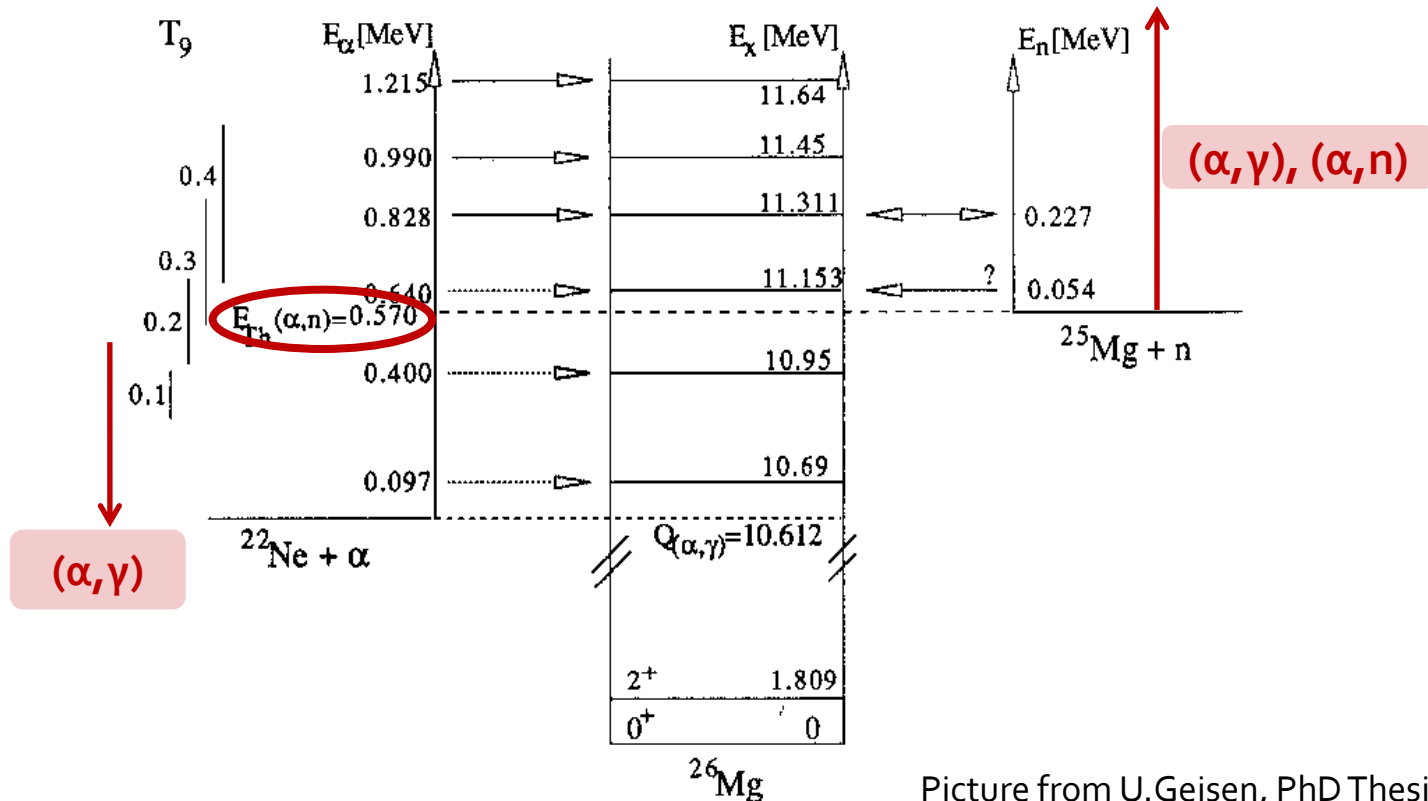
- Direct Measurement  $^{22}\text{Ne}(\alpha, n)^{25}\text{Mg}$ 
  - Extremely difficult due to the high Coulomb barrier for low energy  $\alpha$ -particles



? Low energy resonances

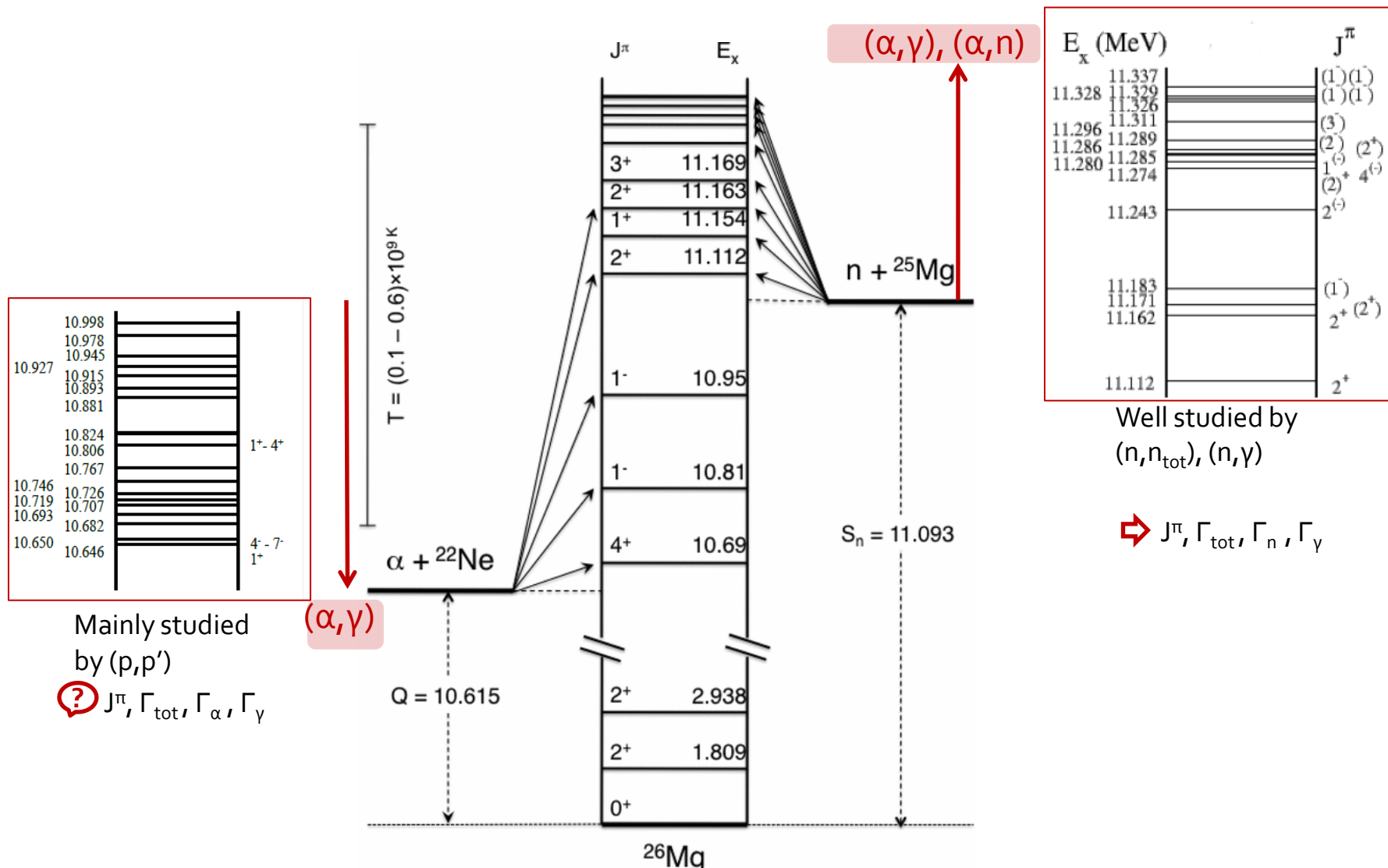
# $^{26}\text{Mg}$ Level Scheme

- $^{22}\text{Ne}(\alpha, n)^{25}\text{Mg}$  and  $^{22}\text{Ne}(\alpha, \gamma)^{26}\text{Mg}$  proceed through excited states in the compound  $^{26}\text{Mg}$



# Measurement Of Compound

## $^{26}\text{Mg}$





# Challenges of the Measurement

- Large states density of  $^{26}\text{Mg}$  at the astrophysically important excitation energies above the  $\alpha$ -threshold.
  - Bad resolution and missing possible states
- Large uncertainties on reaction rate.

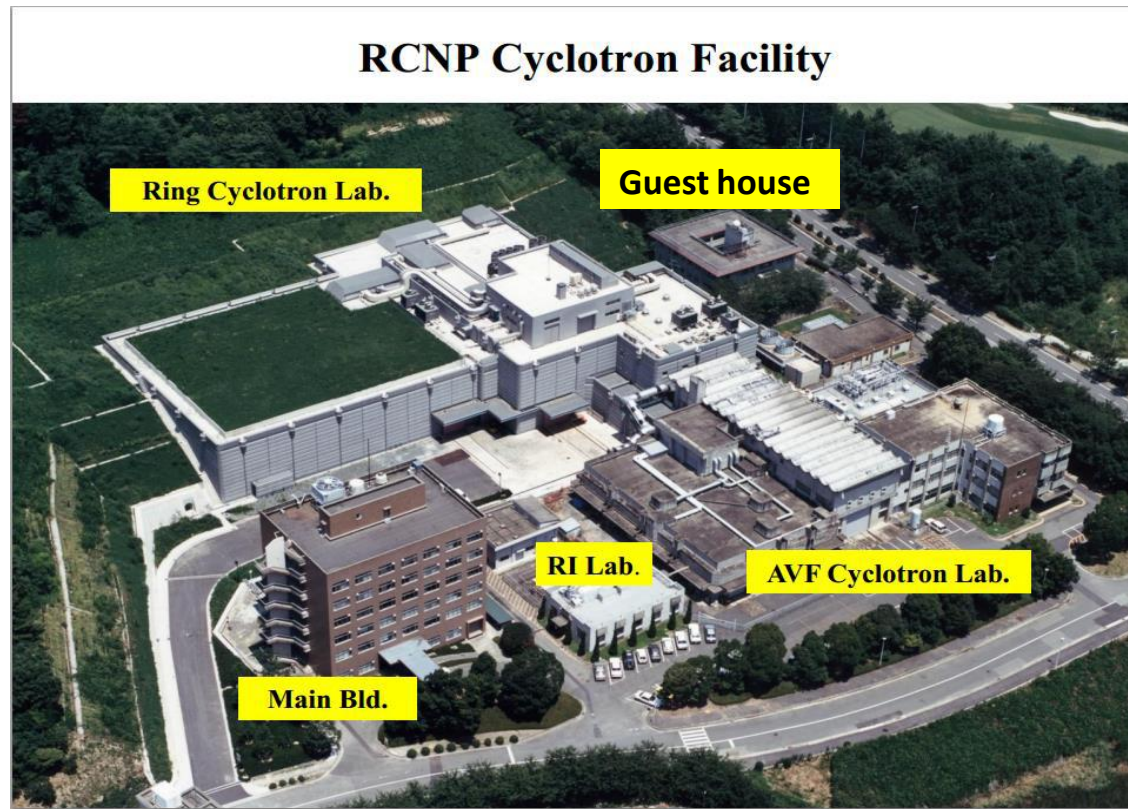
# Solution?



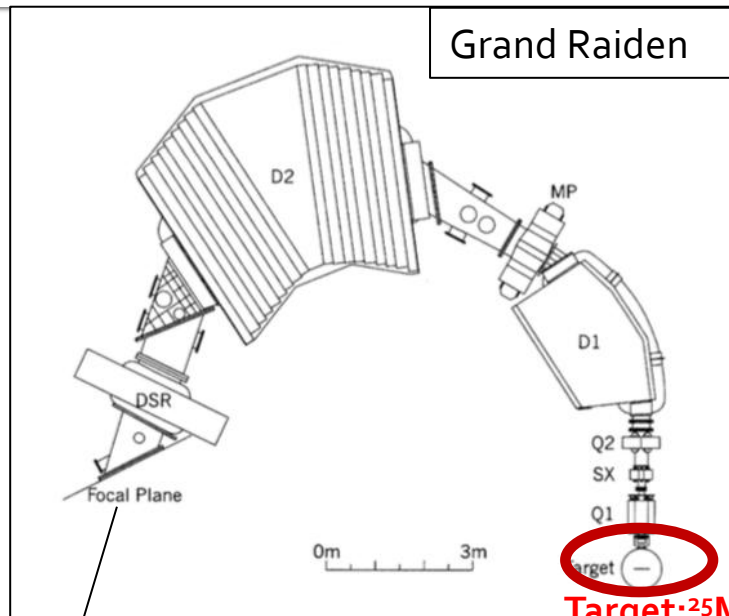
- 56 MeV deuteron beam to populate  $^{26}\text{Mg}$  states about 1 MeV above the  $\alpha$ -threshold.
- High resolution measurement can be realized by the high resolution spectrometer.
- Determine  $L$  by measuring the angular distribution.
- Neutron transfer reaction.

# Experiment in RCNP

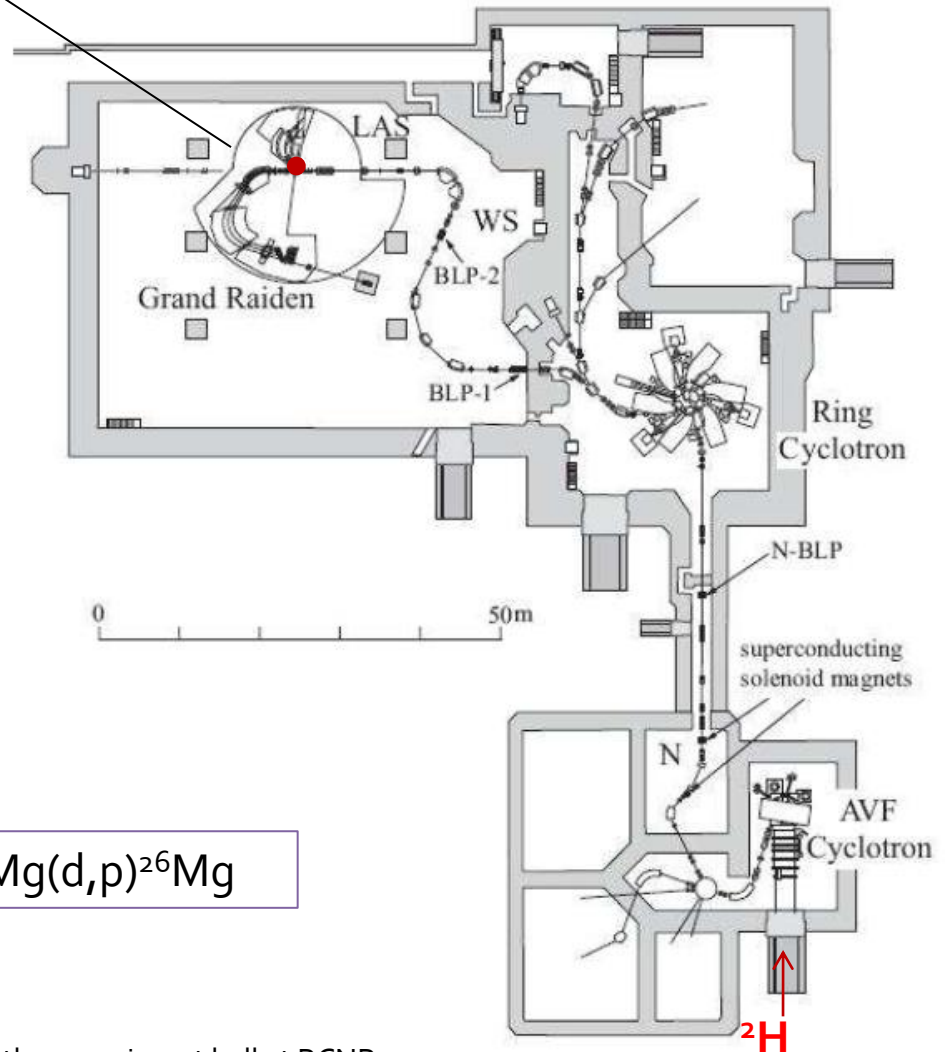
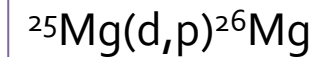
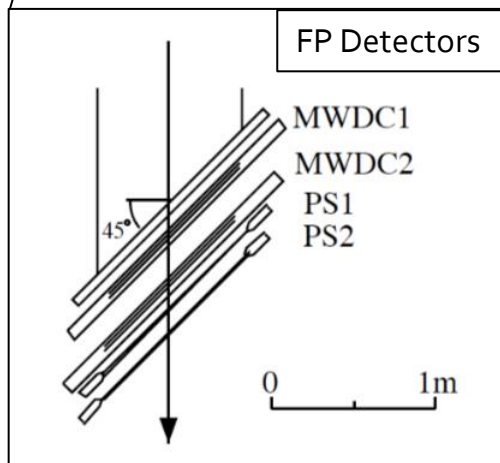
- Research Center for Nuclear Physics (RCNP)  
In Osaka University, Osaka, Japan



# Experiment in RCNP



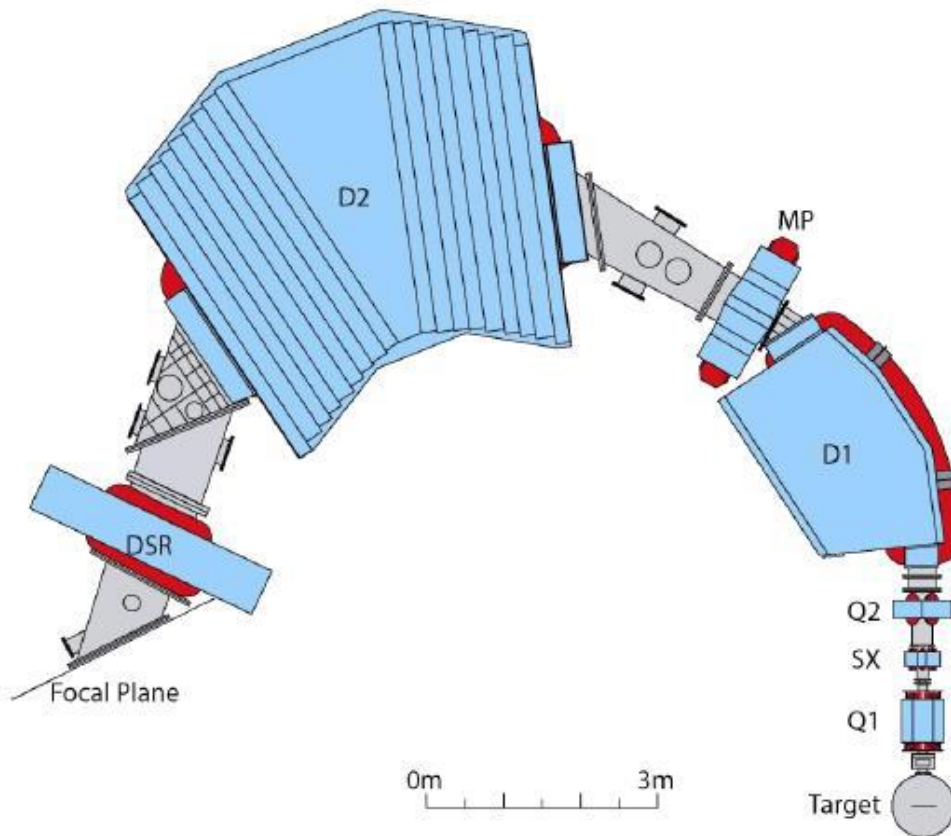
Target:  $^{25}\text{Mg}$



Floor plan of the experiment hall at RCNP

# Experiment in RCNP

## ○ Grand Raiden Spectrometer



Ion-optical properties	
Mean orbit radius	3 m
Focal plane length	150 cm
Maximum magnetic field strength	1.8 T
Maximum rigidity	5.4 Tm
Vertical magnification ( $M_y$ )	5.98
Horizontal magnification ( $M_x$ )	-0.417
Momentum dispersion ( $D_x$ )	15.45 m
Momentum resolution ( $dp/p$ )	37,000
Momentum acceptance	2.5%
Solid Angle	$\sim 5.6$ msr

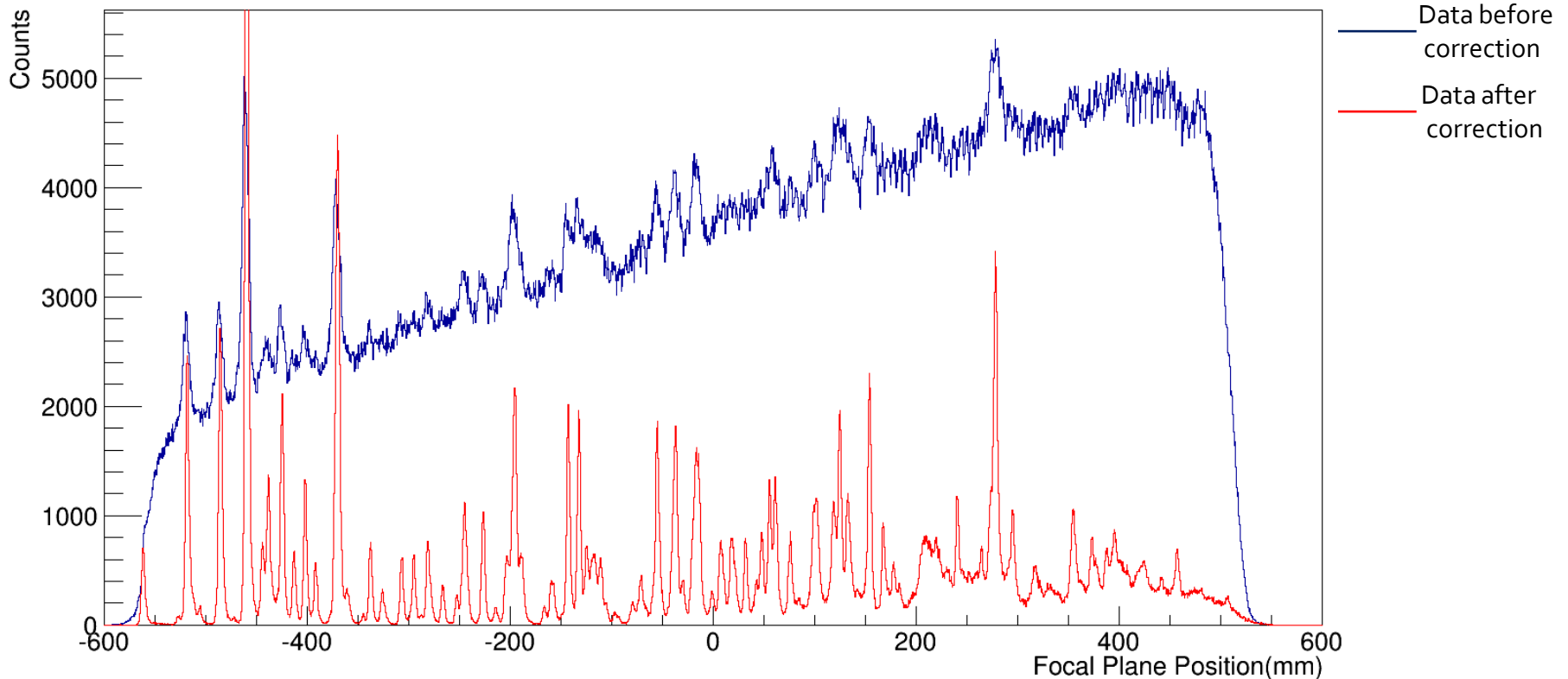
# Experiment $^{25}\text{Mg}(d,p)^{26}\text{Mg}$

○ July 2015 @ RCNP

Reaction of Interest	$^{25}\text{Mg}(d,p)^{26}\text{Mg}$
Beam Energy	56 MeV
States of Interest	$^{26}\text{Mg}$ states about 1 MeV above the $\alpha$ -threshold
Targets	$^{25}\text{Mg}$ (1 mg/cm <sup>2</sup> , 97.8%), $^{24}\text{Mg}$ (1.2mg/cm <sup>2</sup> ), $^{12}\text{C}$ (1mg/cm <sup>2</sup> ), Mylar( $^{16}\text{O}$ )
Finite angle measurement	5° to 40° in 5° increment
Zero degree measurement	GR spectrometer at 0.5° to reduce the huge background at 0(still covers 0°)

# Better Resolution by correction of focus

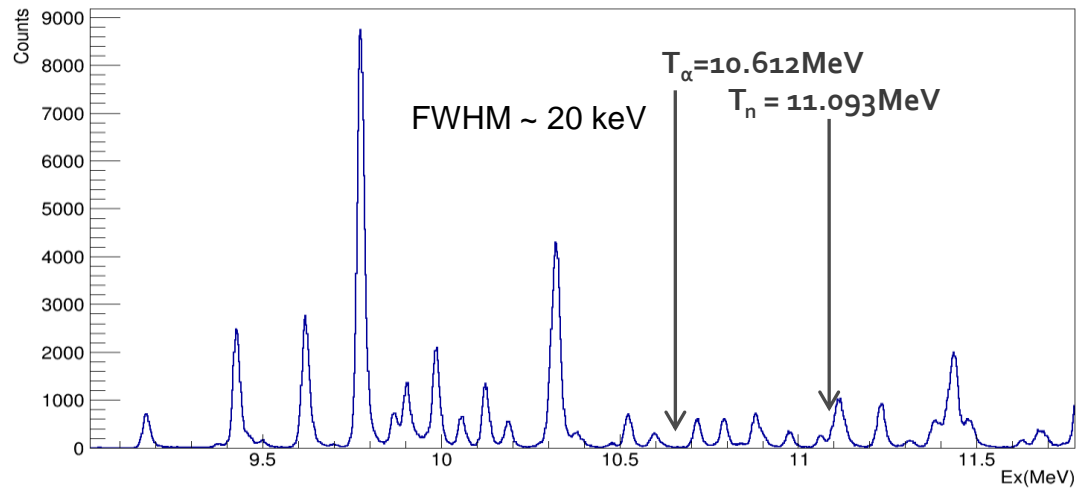
Focal Plane Spectrum Before & After Correction



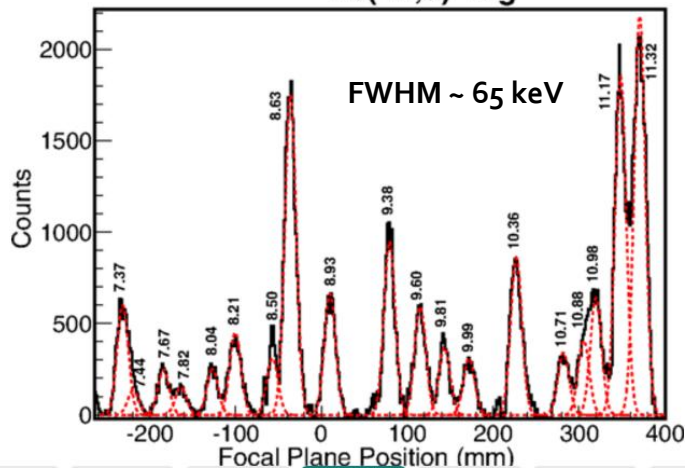
Example data from high energy level states of  $^{26}\text{Mg}$  @  $0.5^\circ$

# Better Resolution by correction of focus

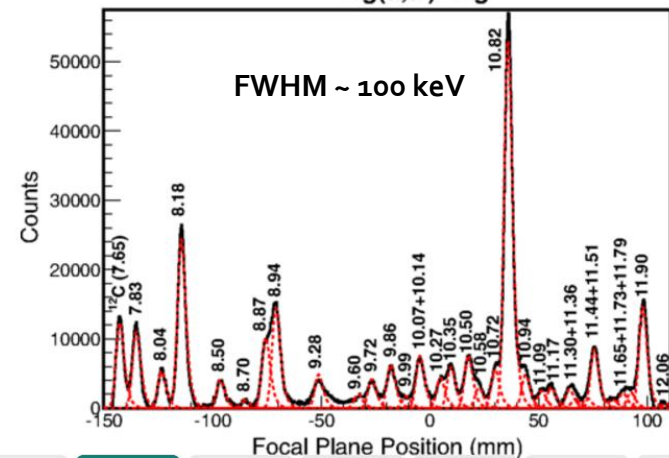
$^{26}\text{Mg}$  High Energy Levels



$^{22}\text{Ne}(^6\text{Li}, d)^{26}\text{Mg}$

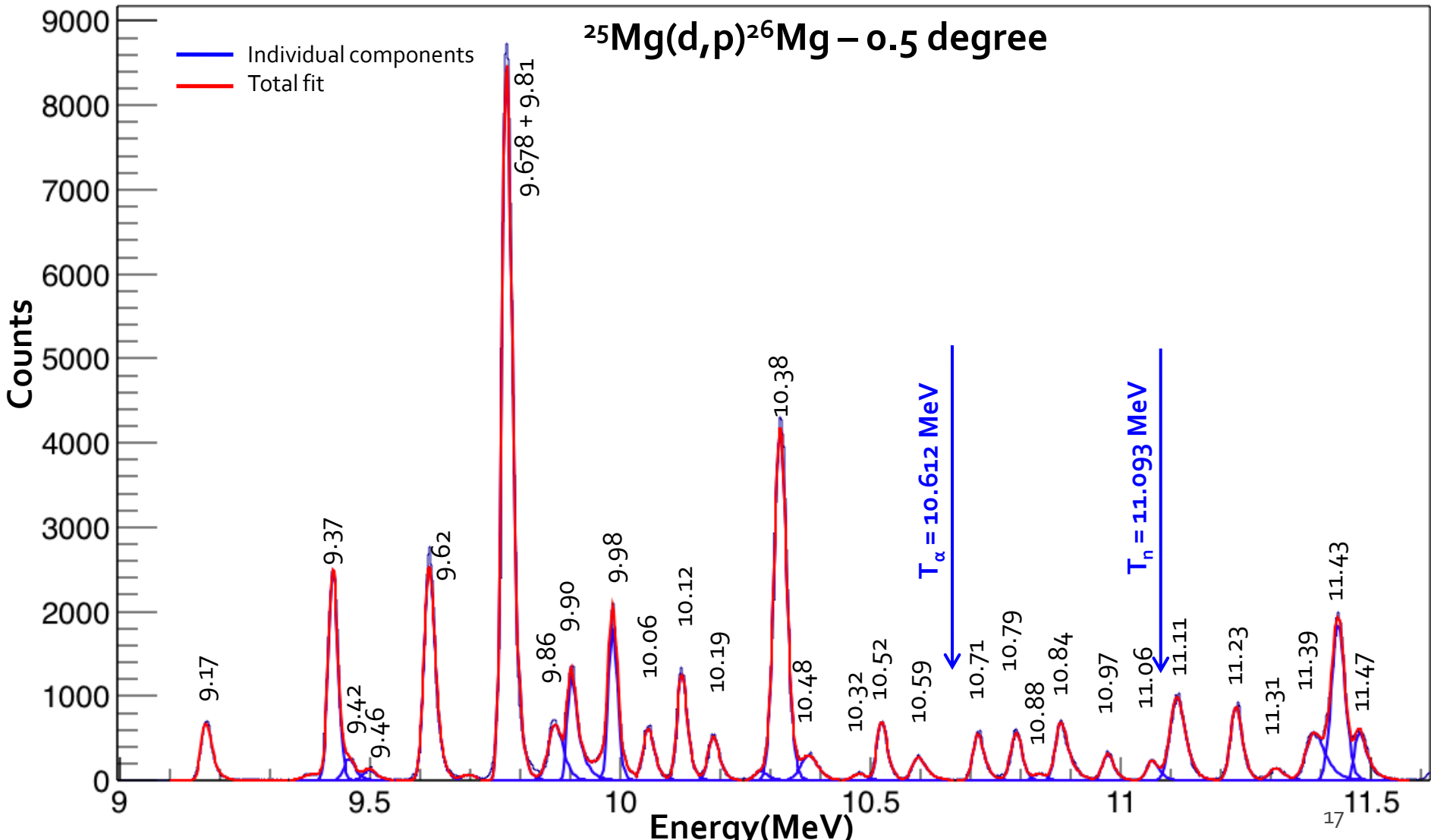


$^{26}\text{Mg}(\alpha, \alpha')^{26}\text{Mg}$





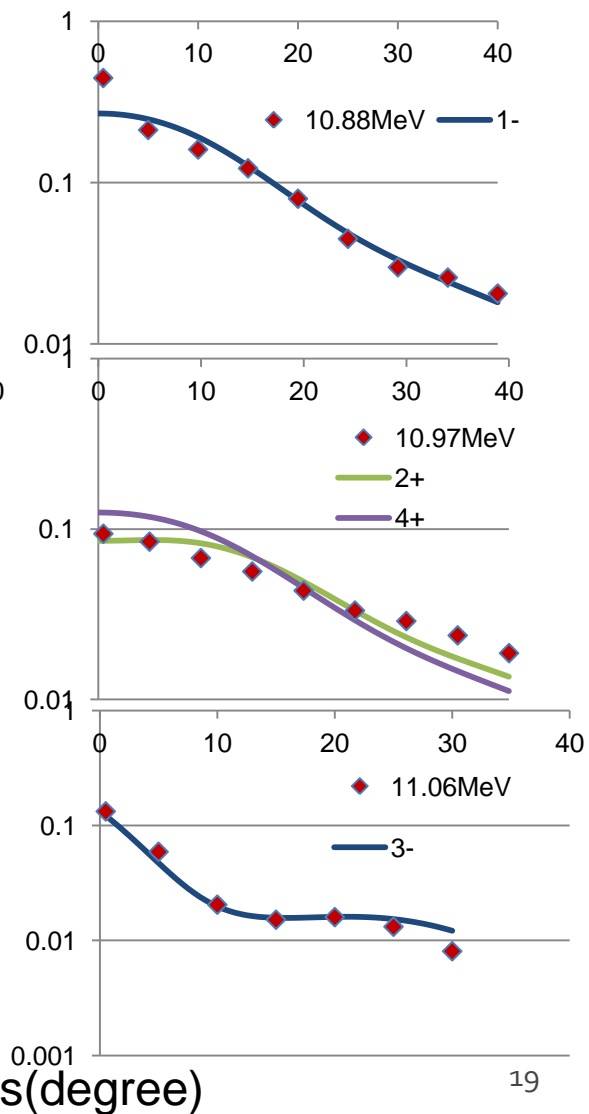
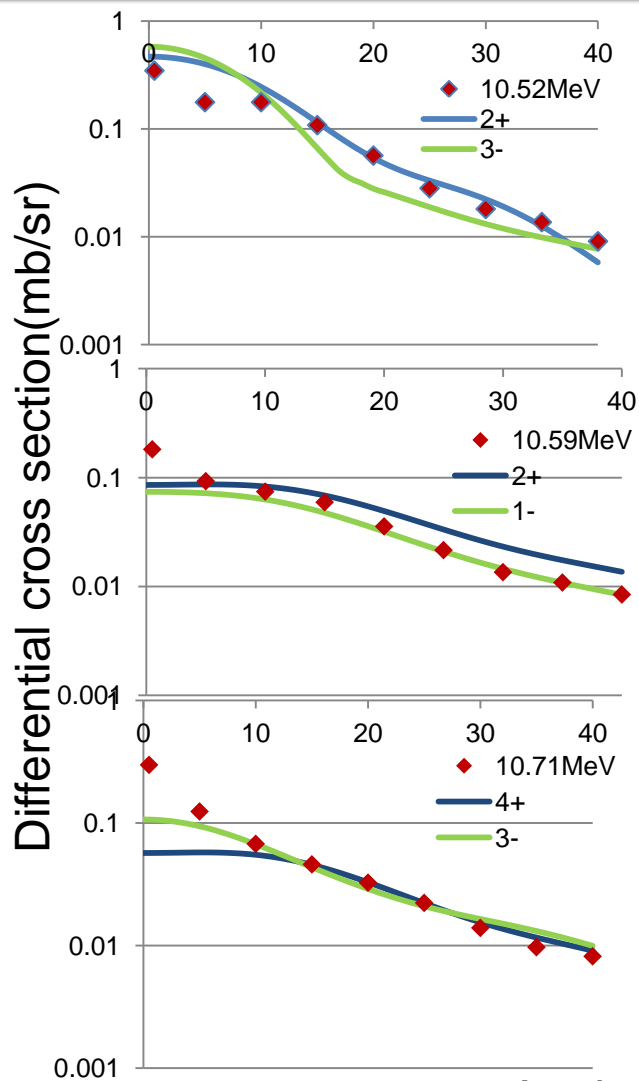
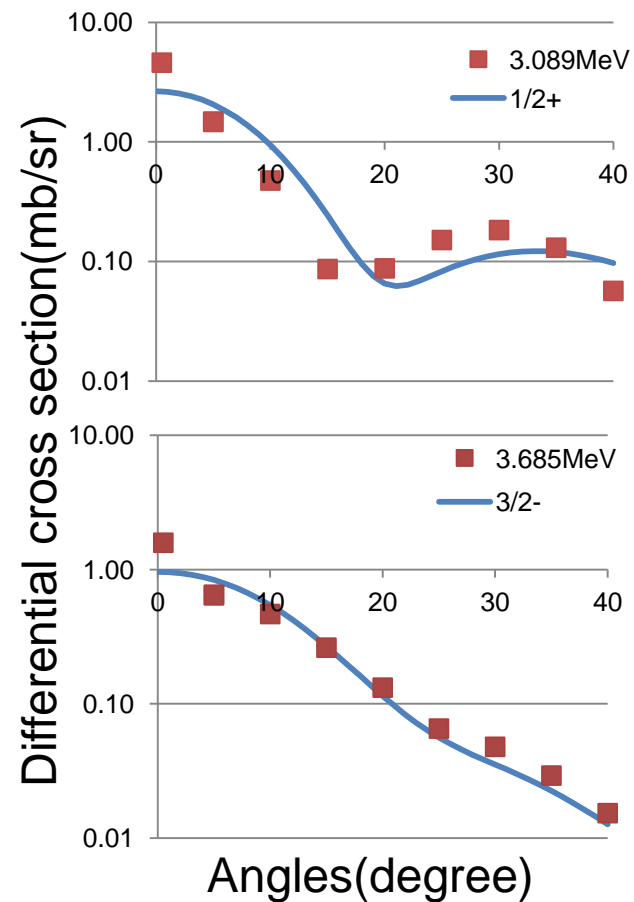
# $^{26}\text{Mg}$ Spectrum: High Energy Levels



# $^{26}\text{Mg}$ Spectrum: High Energy Levels

Ex(this work)/MeV	Ex(Cujec.et.al)/MeV	Diff/keV
10.377	10.36	10
10.523	10.52	10
10.479	10.48	-1
10.596	10.59	6
10.716	10.70	16
10.975	10.98	5
11.065	11.07	5
11.113	11.12	-7
11.170	11.17	0
11.232	11.22	10
11.388	11.38	8
11.435	11.45	-15
11.479	11.48	1
11.311	11.31	1

# Differential Cross Sections



# Acknowledgement

- Notre Dame Group:

- G.P.A. Berg, Y. Chen, J. Görres, H.S. Jung, A.Long, R.Talwar, M. Wiescher

- RCNP Group:

- S.Adachi, H.Fujita, Y.Fujita, G.Gey, K.Hatanaka, T.Ito, C.Iwamoto, O.H.Jin, B.Liu, S.Noji, A.Tamii