# Robust Collider Limits on Heavy-Mediator DM

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Enormous variety of radically different scenarios, extremely challenging to setup a comprehensive exploration strategy

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**Model-independence**, i.e. broad exploration of the parameter space is mandatory here!

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what instead about ...

1) thermal relic calculation EFT definitely applies to low-momentum reaction: 5, the second second

4) collider limits ??

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## "The cutoff is physical !!"

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Cutoff is part of the EFT definition, one of its free parameters. In any specific microscopic model, we might read its true value

 $M_{\rm cut} \sim M_{\rm Med}$ 

mass of the specific "mediators", or scale of strong UV theory

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LHC might carry us above the cutoff:  $\mathcal{A}/E_{\rm cm}^2$  UV1 EFT UV2  $E_{\rm cm}$ 

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LHC might carry us above the cutoff:  $\mathcal{A}/E_{\mathrm{cm}}^2$   $\mathcal{I}$   $\mathcal{I}$ 

however restricting the signal to the predictable region sets lower bound on the "true" signal, which holds for any mediator model

$$\sigma_{EFT}^{S}\Big|_{E_{\rm cm} < M_{\rm cut}} \le \sigma_{\rm true}^{S} < \sigma_{\rm exc}$$

compared with exclusion upper bound, model indep. limit is set

chosen operator: 
$$\mathcal{L}_{int} = -\frac{1}{M_*^2} \left( \overline{X} \gamma^{\mu} \gamma^5 X \right) \left( \sum_q \overline{q} \gamma_{\mu} \gamma^5 q \right)$$

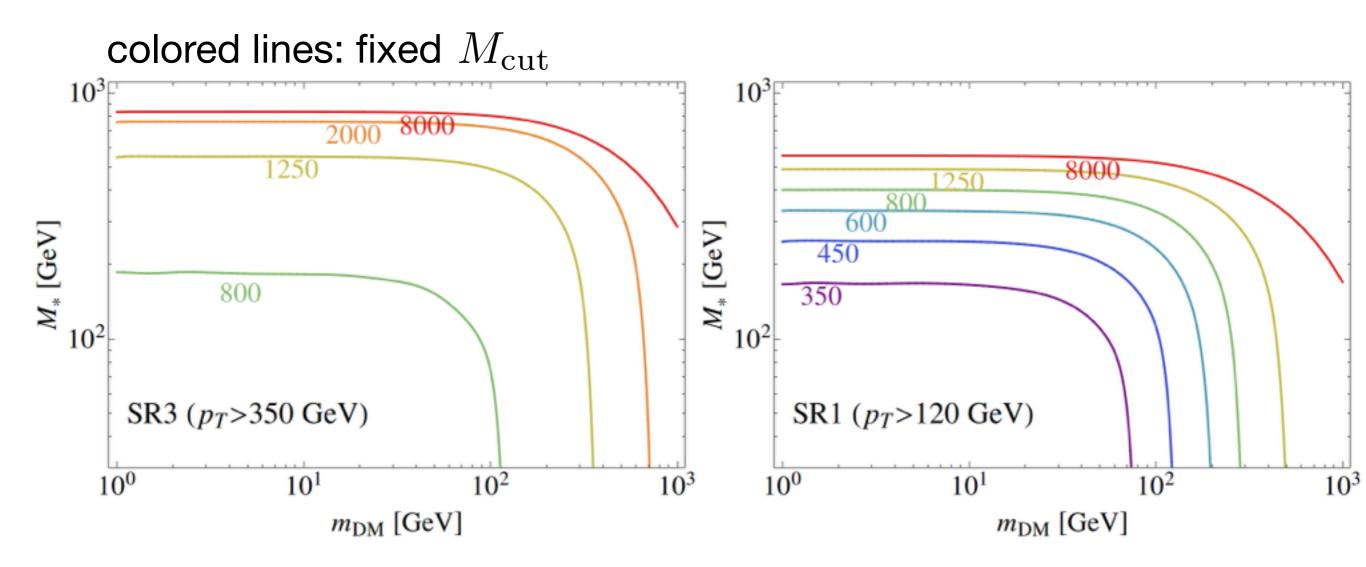
$$\underbrace{\begin{array}{c} \text{counting in four SR} \\ \hline \text{signal region} & \text{SR1} & \text{SR2} & \text{SR3} & \text{SR4} \\ p_T^{jet} \text{ and MET} & >120 & >220 & >350 & >500 \\ \sigma_{exc}[\text{pb}] & 2.7 & 0.15 & 4.8 \, 10^{-2} & 1.5 \, 10^{-2} \end{array}}$$

restricted signal definition:

 $\sigma_{\mathrm{SR}i}(M_*, m_{DM}, M_{\mathrm{cut}}) = \sigma(M_*, m_{DM}, M_{\mathrm{cut}}) \times A_i(m_{DM}, M_{\mathrm{cut}}) \times \epsilon$ 

NOTE: the EFT has three parameters

1)  $m_{\rm DM}$ 2)  $M_*$ 3)  $M_{\rm cut}$  (as physical as the other two)



Hard signal regions are favored at high cutoff (naive EFT)

But rapidly lose sensitivity: the cut makes distributions softer

Theoretical connection among  $M_*$  and  $M_{cut}$ :

$$M_{\rm cut} = g_* \, M_*$$

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estimated mediator coupling

Two justifications:

1) from examples: 
$$\frac{1}{M_*^2} = \frac{g_*^2}{M_{\rm med}^2}$$

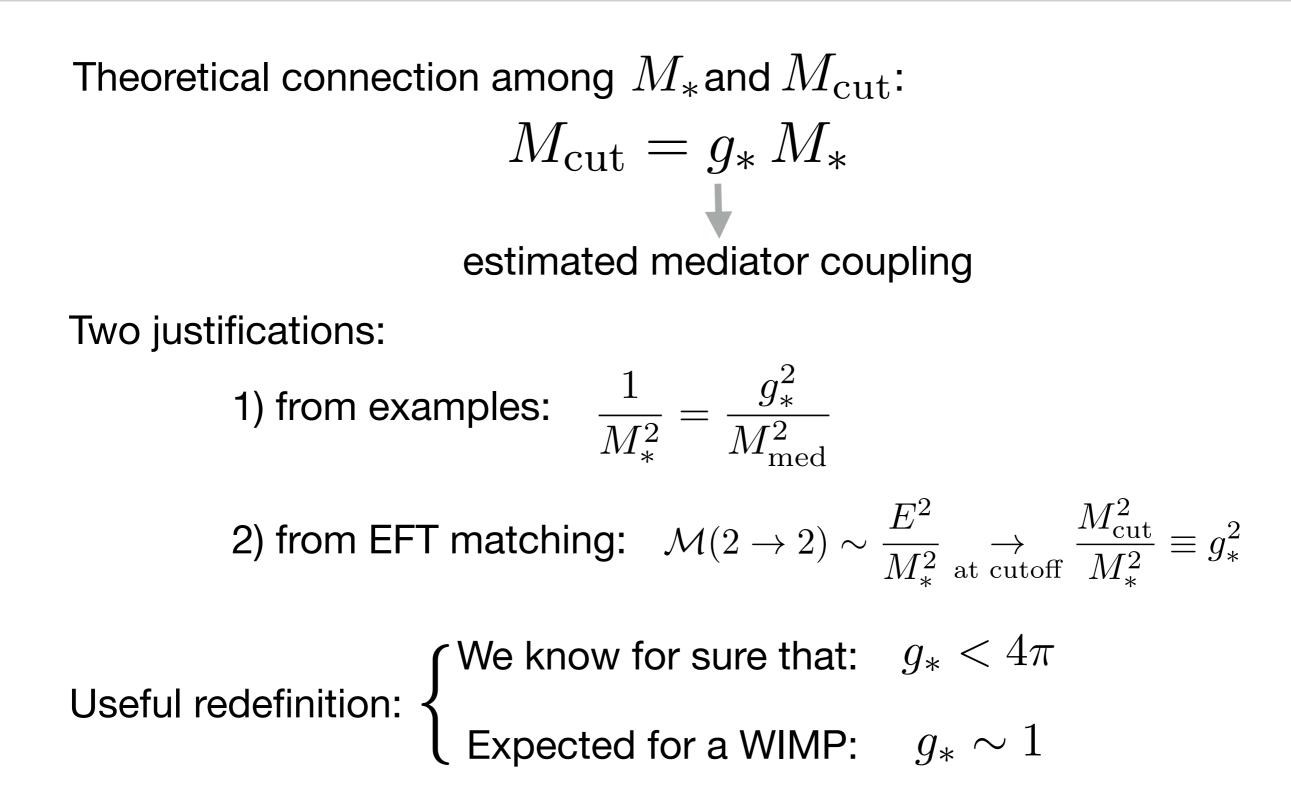
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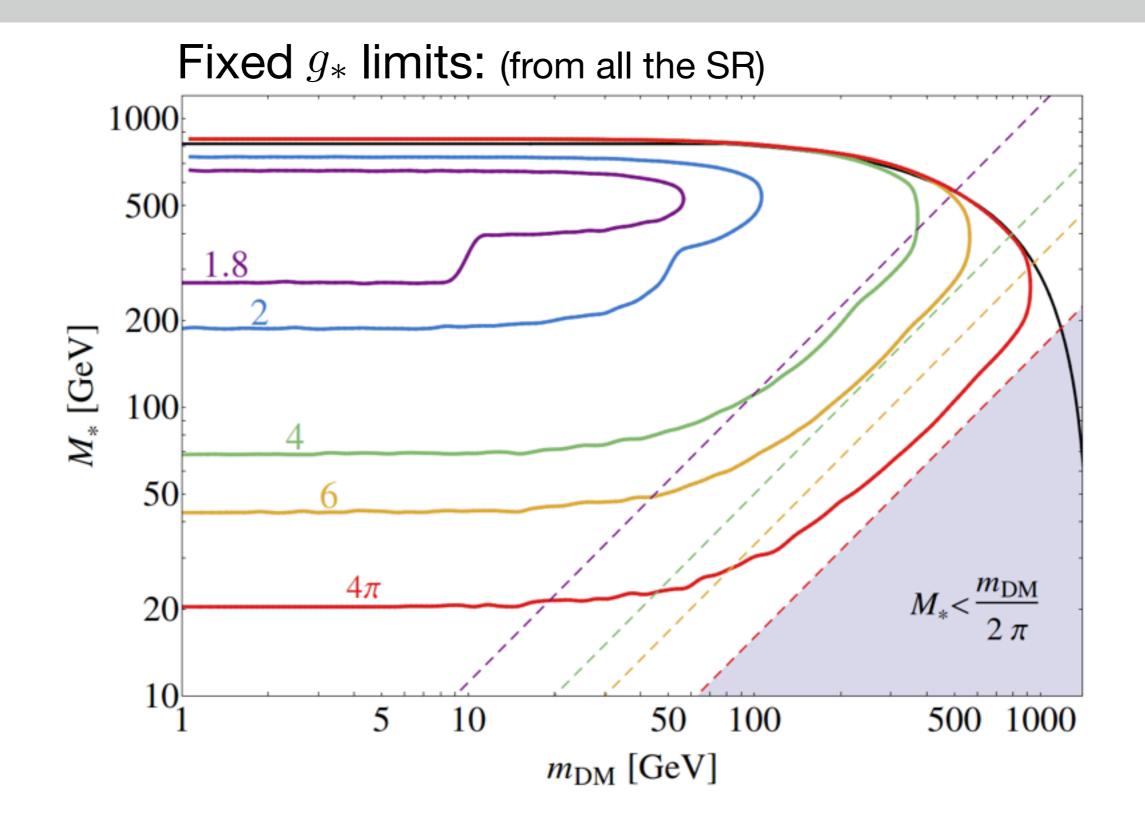
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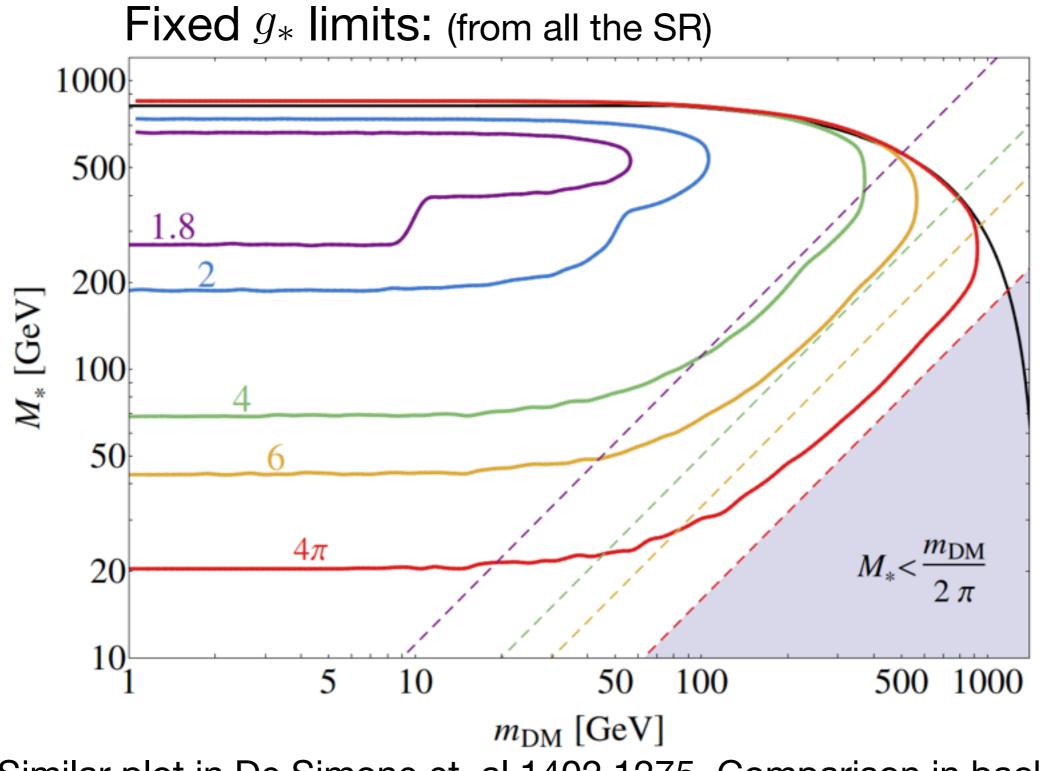
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1) from examples: 
$$\frac{1}{M_*^2} = \frac{g_*^2}{M_{\text{med}}^2}$$
  
2) from EFT matching:  $\mathcal{M}(2 \to 2) \sim \frac{E^2}{M_*^2} \xrightarrow{\text{at cutoff}} \frac{M_{\text{cut}}^2}{M_*^2} \equiv g_*^2$ 







Similar plot in De Simone et. al 1402.1275. Comparison in backup.

#### **Conclusions and Outlook**

- Model-independent test of H-M DM is possible
- Parameter space currently far from fully tested
   progress needed in the soft region

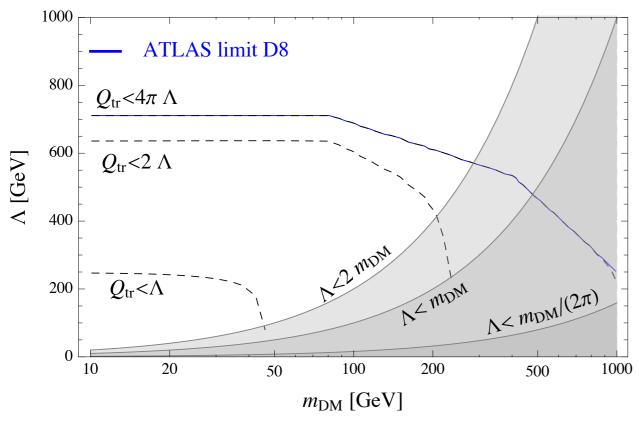
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  1) define ``hard scale" to be cut on. Using MLM matching
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#### **Conclusions and Outlook**

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  1) define ``hard scale" to be cut on. Using MLM matching
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- Beyond EFT's, the improvement is from mediator prod.:
  1) turn to mediator search, appropriate interpretation is *σ* × *BR*2) other search channels for the mediator (e.g., model B is squark)
  3) final goal is cover all models by patches (EFT + mediator search)

#### Backup



#### From De Simone et. al 1402.1275:

Conceptual difference: (to me...)

Their aim was show up to when naive EFT limits coincide with UV theory ones. Our aim is set limits that hold for any UV.

Practical differences:

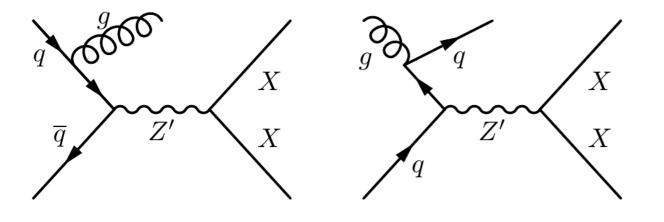
Model-dependent cut variable  $Q_{\rm tr}$  .

The contours are open! Issue due to Naive EFT limit rescaling.

#### Other variables

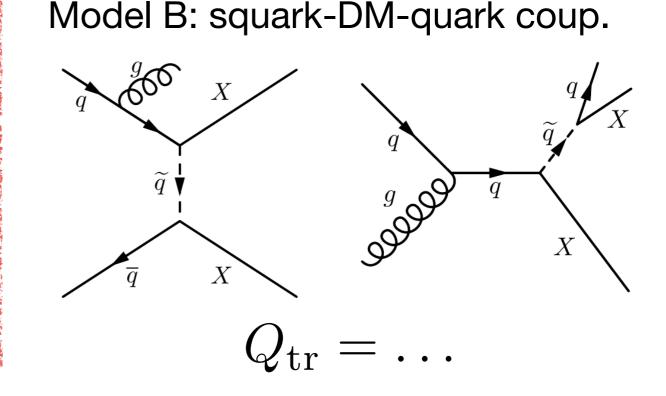
By further specifying mediator dynamics (s- or t-channel)  $Q_{\rm tr}$  = max virtuality of mediator propagator

Model A: Z' coup. to q and DM



 $Q_{\rm tr} = M(DM, DM)$ 

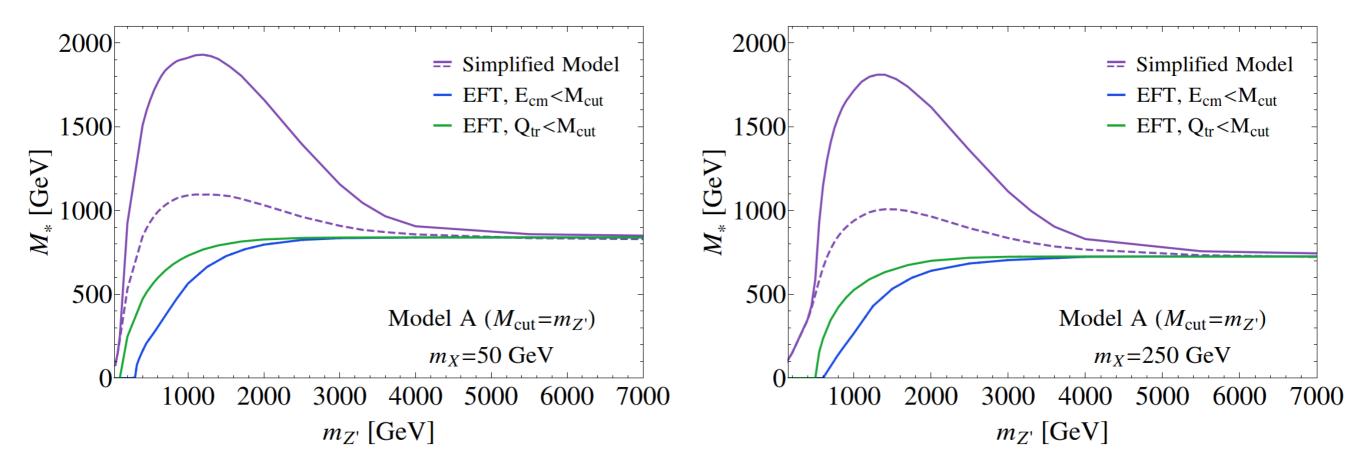
In all cases (kinematical bound):



 $Q_{\rm tr} < E_{\rm cm}$ 

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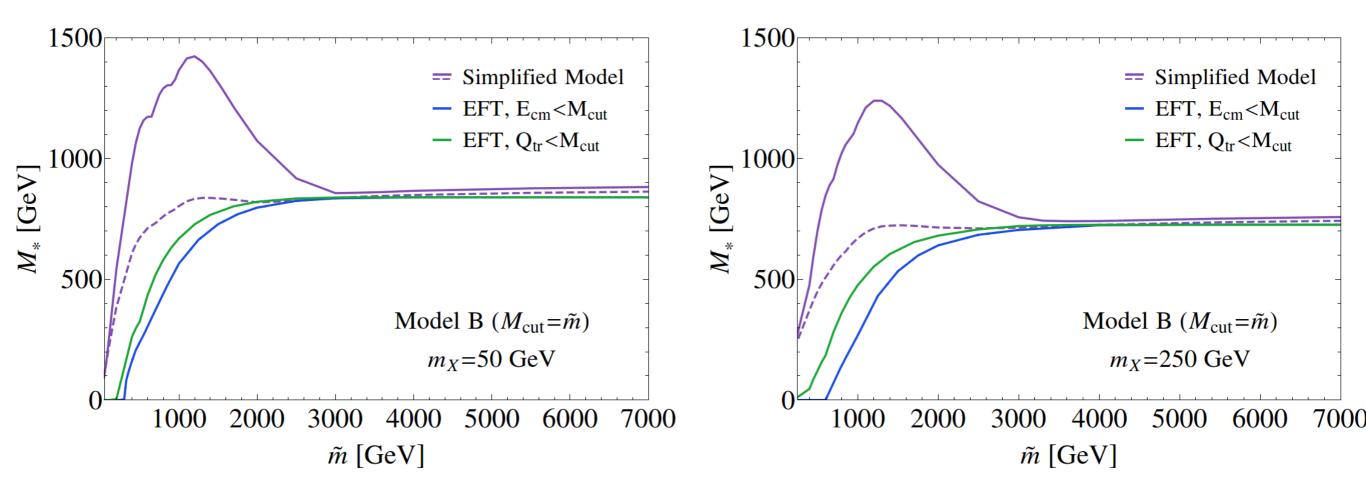
Worth dedicated s- and t-channel analyses for a better bound?



We consider the improvement not sufficient

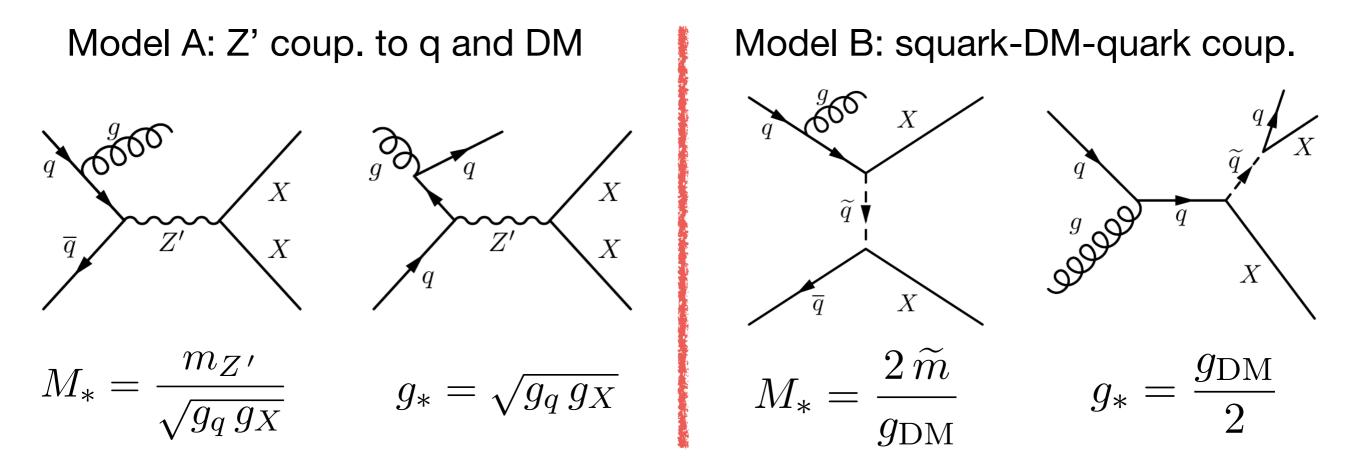
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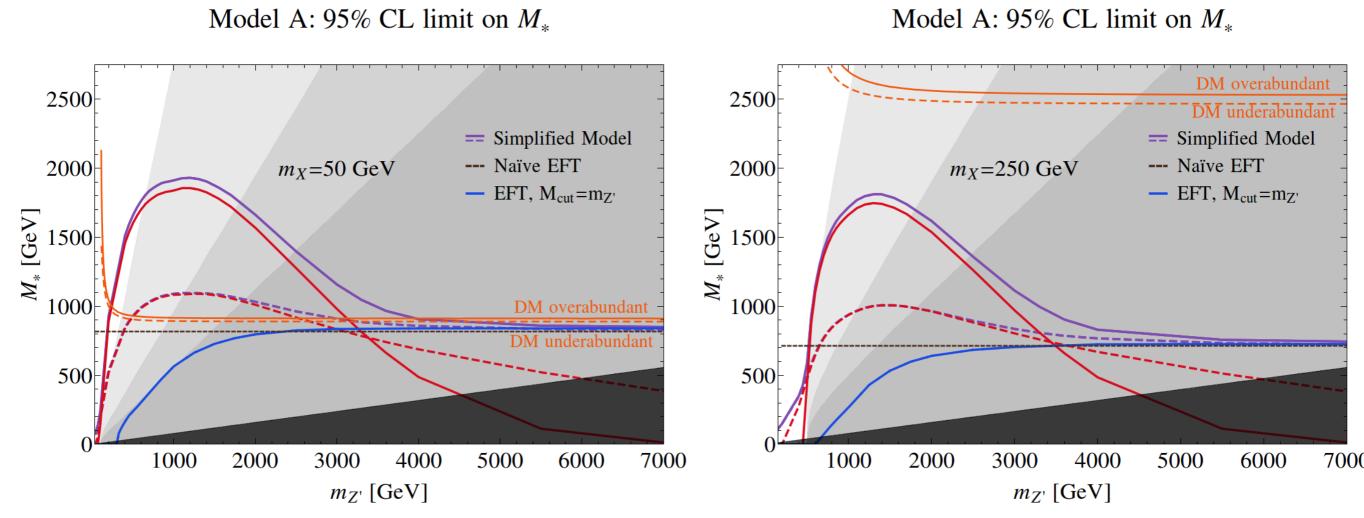


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Properly set EFT limits hold in any microscopic theory. They are correct, but conservative.



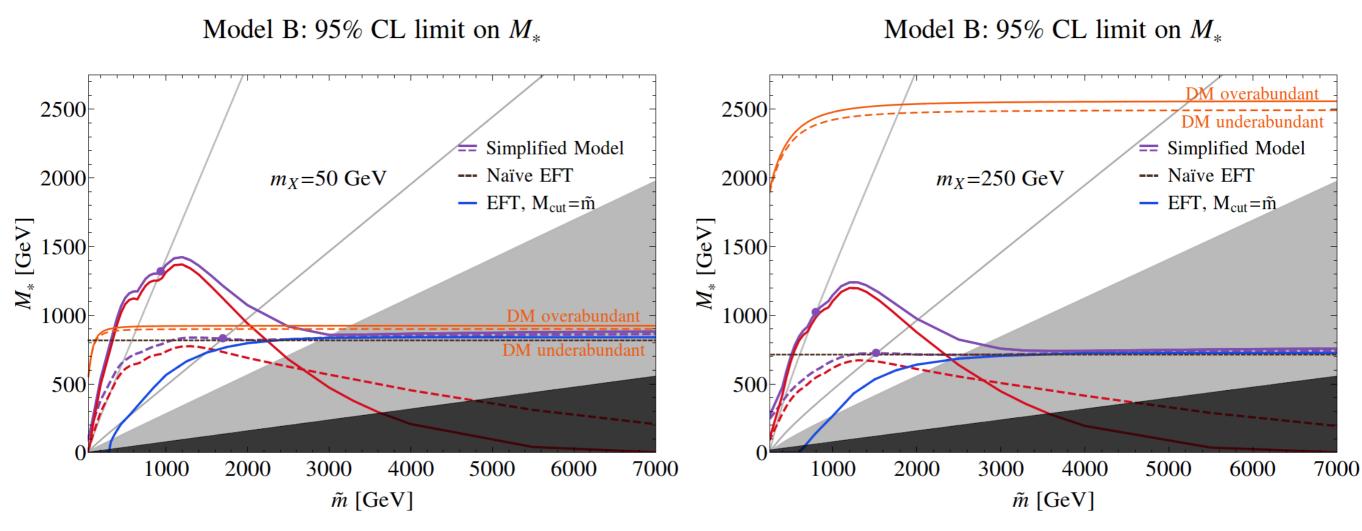
Compute parameters, use EFT limits, obtain bounds. Compare with direct recasting of mono-jet.



Lines for  $\Gamma_{Z'}/m_{Z'} = 1/8\pi$  and 1/3

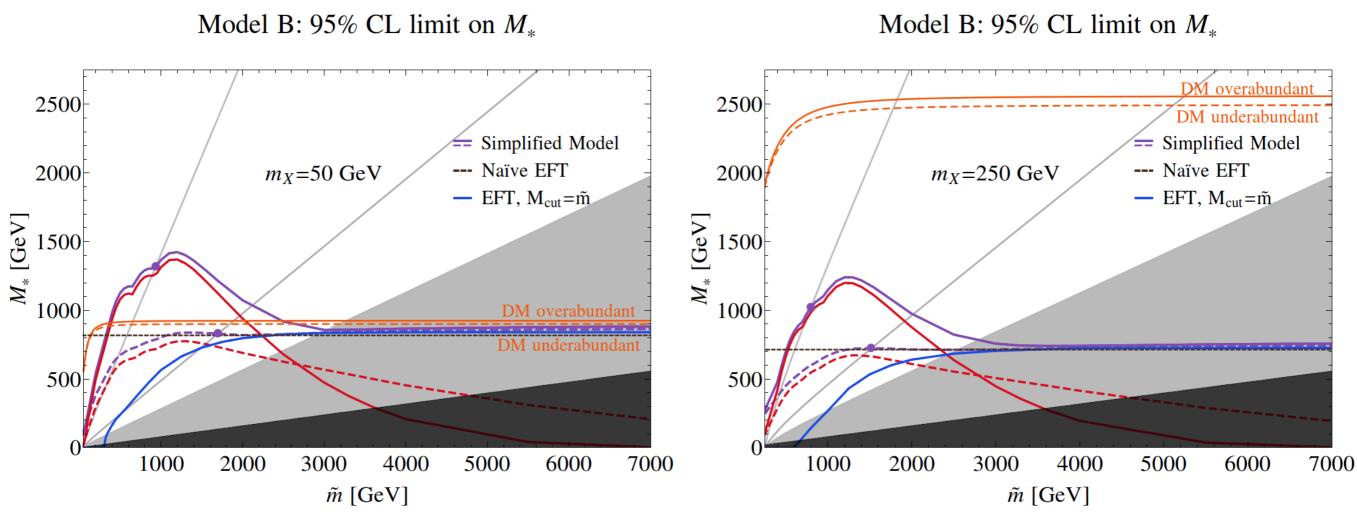
Caution remark: most of these lines are inconsistent!

$$\frac{\Gamma_{Z'}}{m_{Z'}} = \alpha \, g_q^2 + \beta \, g_X^2 \ge g_q g_X \sqrt{4\alpha\beta} = \frac{m_{Z'}^2}{M_*^2} \sqrt{4\alpha\beta} \, .$$



Lines for  $\Gamma_{Z'}/m_{Z'} = 1/8\pi$  and 1/3

Caution remark: almost all of these lines are inconsistent! aside one point ...



Lines for  $\Gamma_{Z'}/m_{Z'} = 1/8\pi$  and 1/3

Notice: improvement due to resonant mediator production