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Mu2e Project Overview

Steve Werkema – Mu2e Accelerator Systems L2 Manager

Mu2e Resonant Extraction Design Review

25 August 2015

Outline

- The Mu2e Experiment
- The Muon Campus
- The Mu2e Project Accelerator Systems
- Construction Progress
- Schedule Overview

Mu2e Project Office People You May See at this Review



Ron Ray
Mu2e Project Manager



Kurt Krempetz
Mu2e Project Mech.
Engineer



Gary Drake
Project Elec. Engineer



Mike Andrews
Mu2e ES&H Manager



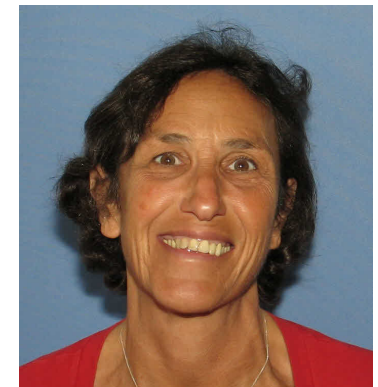
Julie Whitmore
Mu2e Deputy Project
Manager



George Ginther
Mu2e Mechanical Integration
Team Coordinator



Karen Byrum
Electrical Integration
Team Leader



Dee Hahn
Mu2e ES&H Coordinator

Various Accelerator/Resonant Extraction People



Steve Werkema
Mu2e Accelerator
Level 2 Manager



Jerry Annala
AD / Muon
Department Head



Dave Tinsley
Mechanical Engineer
(ESS)



Peter Prieto
Electronics Engineer
(Spill Regulation)



Vladimir Nagaslaev
Mu2e Accelerator Deputy
Level 2 Manager
Resonant Extraction L3



Denton Morris
AD / MI Department
NWA Test Facility



Matt Alvarez
Mechanical Engineer
(ESS)

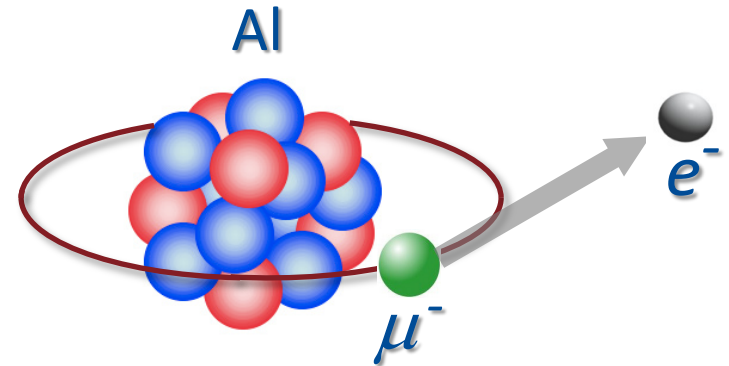


Leo Michelotti
Resonant Extraction
Theory

The Mu2e Experiment

Charged Lepton Flavor Violation

- The Mu2e experiment will attempt to detect Charged Lepton Flavor Violation (CLFV)
- CLFV is a process involving charged leptons (e, μ, τ) that violates the conservation of the number of leptons of each flavor



$$L_\mu: \quad 1 \qquad 0$$

$$L_e: \quad 0 \qquad 1$$

Both L_μ and L_e are not conserved in this process

Ordinary muon decay is not CLFV

	μ^-	\rightarrow	e^-	$\bar{\nu}_e$	ν_μ
$L_\mu:$	1		0	0	1
$L_e:$	0		1	-1	0

If this is observed, it is evidence physics beyond the Standard Model

What Mu2e Measures

The Mu2e experiment will measure the ratio of the number muon captures in aluminum that produce a conversion electron to the number of those that are captured in the ordinary way.

This ratio is designated “ $R_{\mu e}$ ”

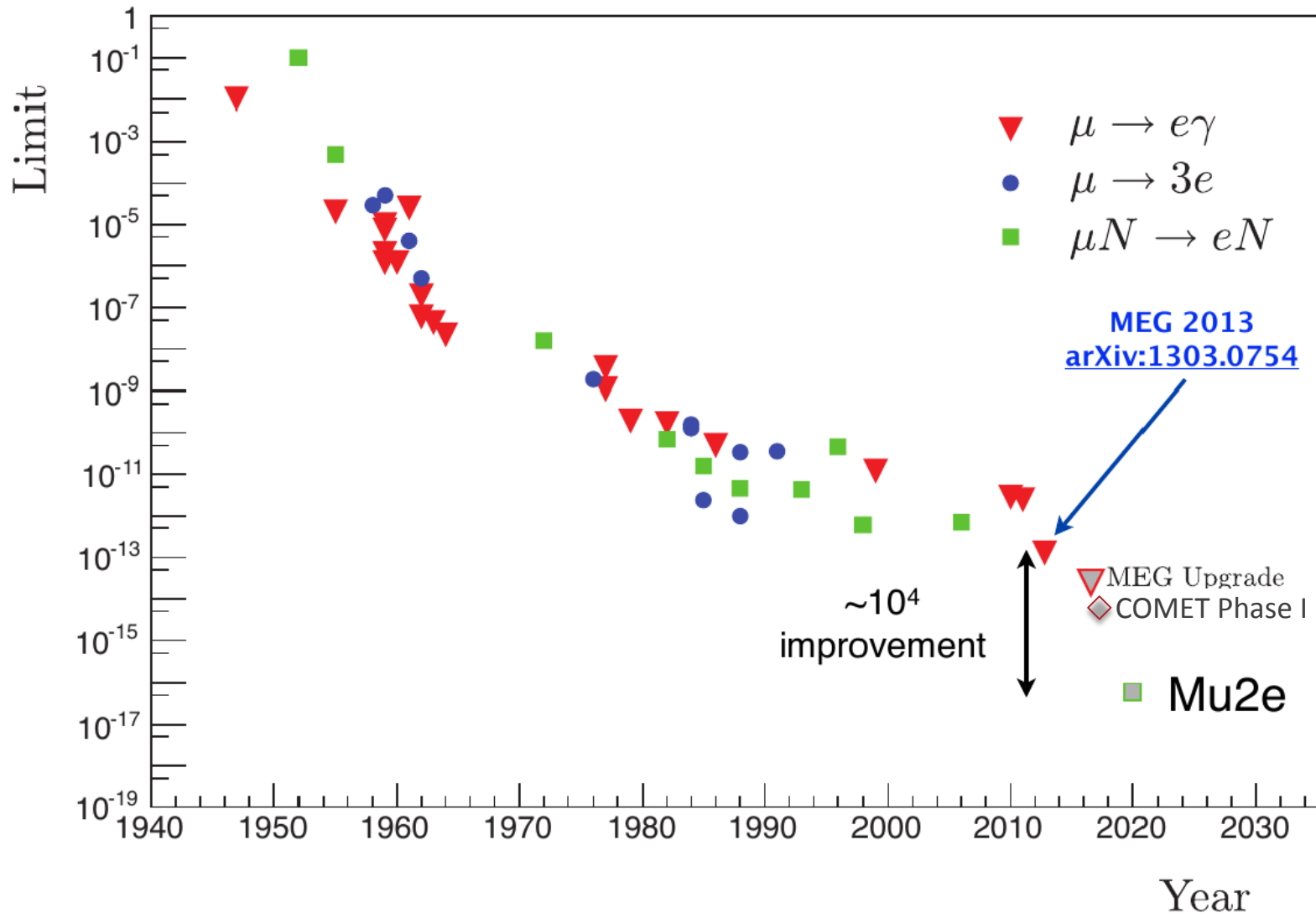
$$R_{\mu e} = \frac{\Gamma\left[\mu^- + \left(A, Z\right) \rightarrow e^- + \left(A, Z\right)\right]}{\Gamma\left[\mu^- + \left(A, Z\right) \rightarrow \nu_{\mu} + \left(A, Z - 1\right)\right]}$$

← Rate of CLFV $\mu \rightarrow e$ conversion

← μ capture rate

The goal of Mu2e is to measure $R_{\mu e}$ with a single event sensitivity of 2.87×10^{-17}

Results of Previous CLFV Searches



Mu2e Apparatus

The Mu2e apparatus consists of three superconducting solenoids joined together to make a continuous whole

Production Solenoid

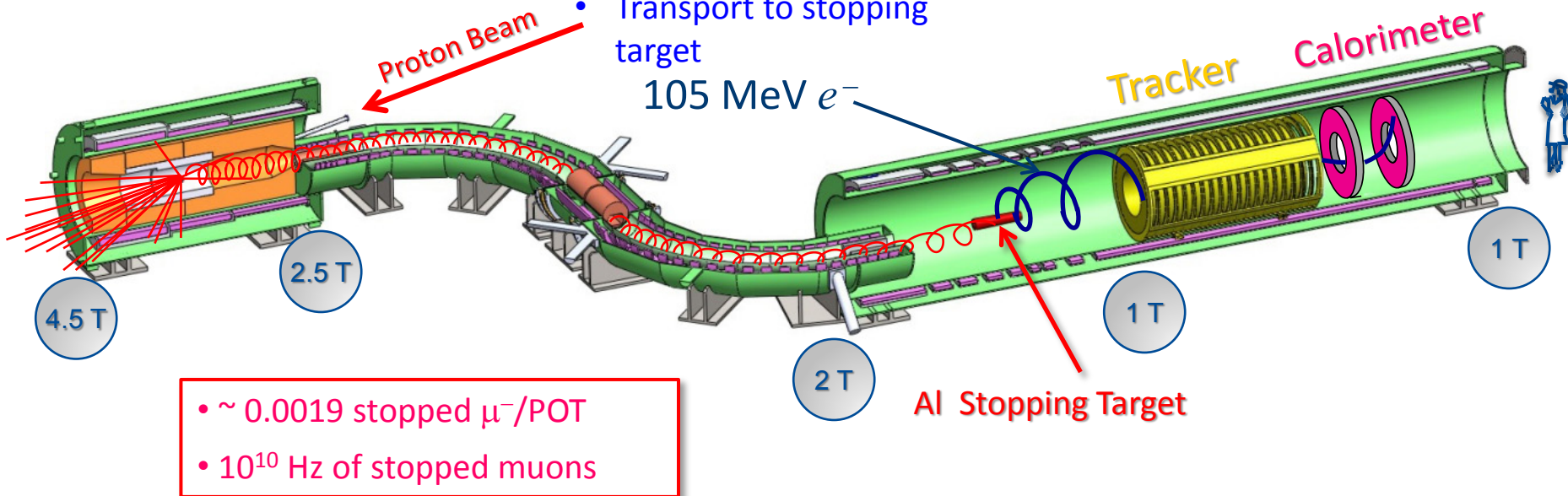
- Contains proton target
- Magnetic mirror – reflects secondaries back toward transport solenoid

Transport Solenoid

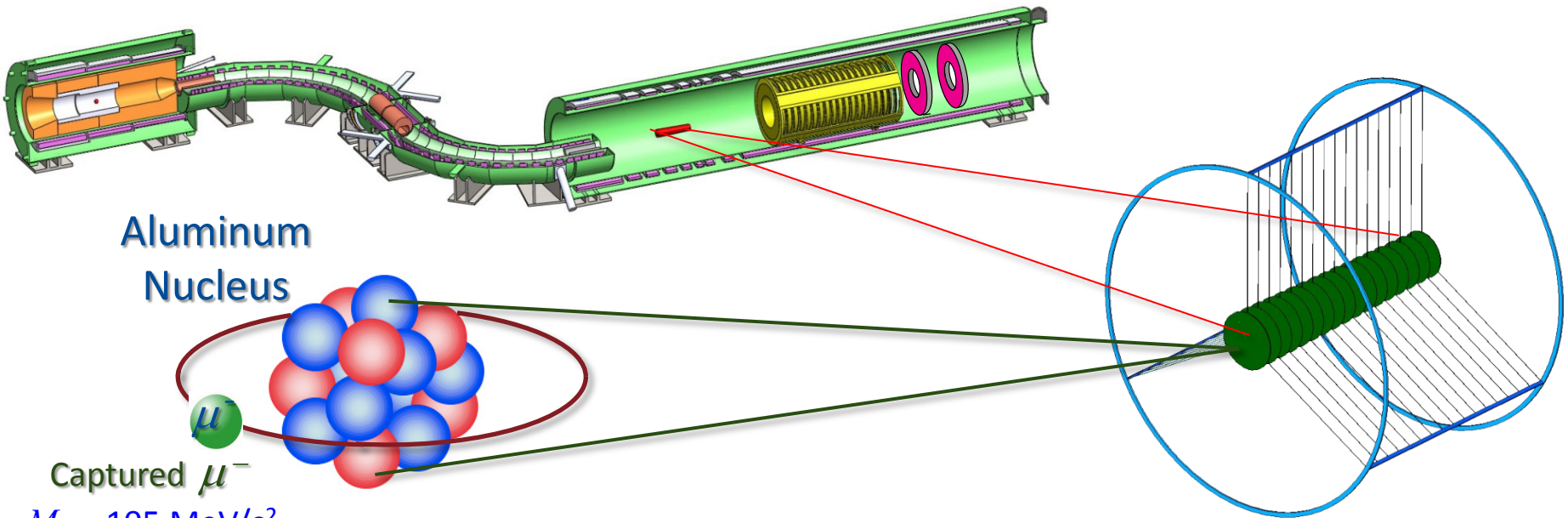
- Collimation
- Momentum and charge selection
- Transport to stopping target

Detector Solenoid

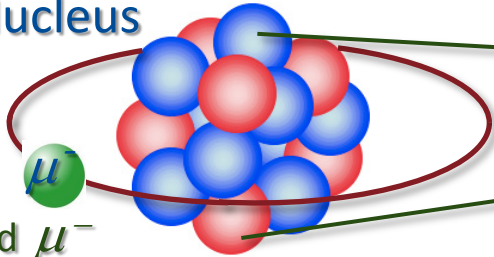
- Contains stopping target
- Tracker (straws)
- Calorimeter (BaF₂ crystals)



Stopping Muons



Aluminum
Nucleus



$$M_\mu = 105 \text{ MeV}/c^2$$

Mu2e muon stopping
target

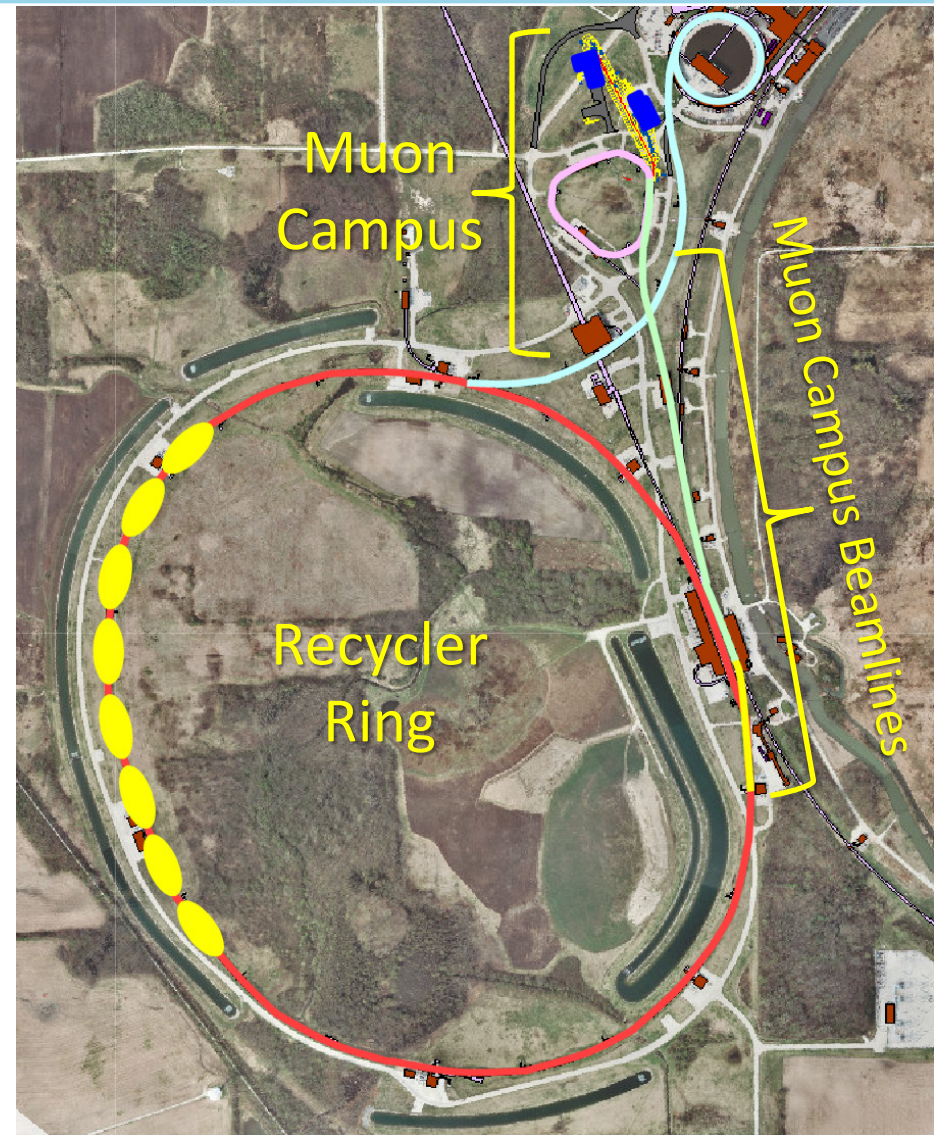
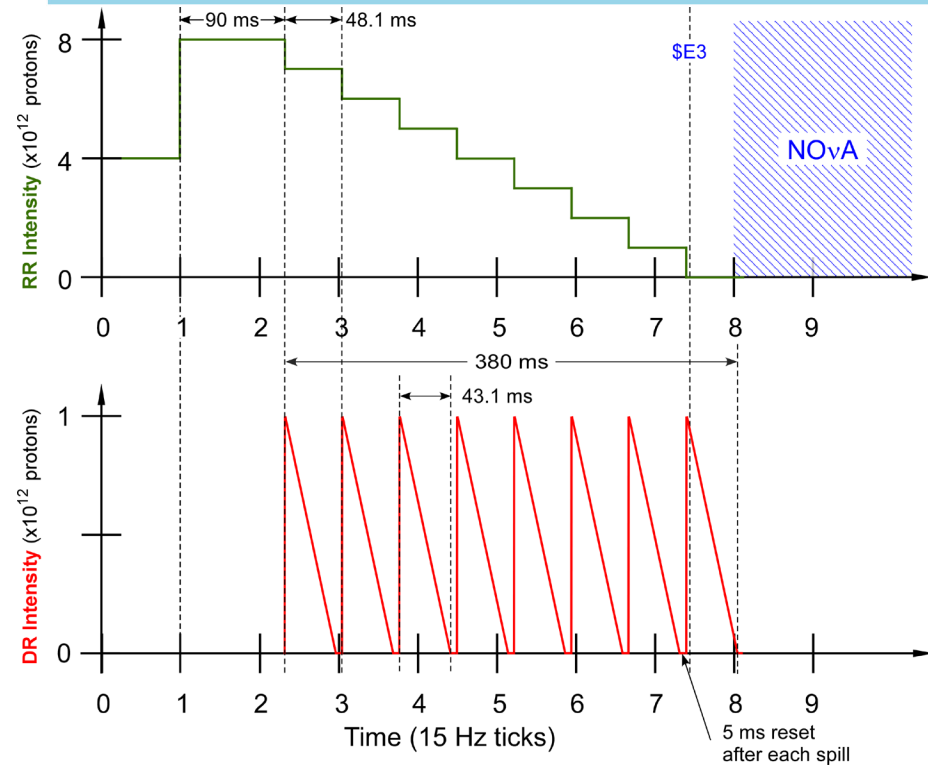
- A muon that is stopped in the Mu2e target is captured into an atomic orbital state of an aluminum nucleus
- The muon quickly (\lesssim psec) transitions* to the 1S state where its wave-function overlaps the nucleus

* A target monitor counts nuclear transition photons

- 17 Al 200 μm foil disks
- Disk radii decrease from 83 mm to 65 mm in downstream direction

The Muon Campus

Acquisition of Beam for Mu2e



Accelerator timeline for Mu2e proton beam delivery

- Spill duration: 43.1 msec
- Interval between spills 48.1 msec
- Duty Factor: 27.1%
(Total Spill Time/Length of Cycle)
- Peak Delivery Ring proton intensity: 1.0×10^{12}

The Muon Campus



The Muon Campus Program consists of a total of 9 projects



DOE Projects, AIPs, GPPs

Building the Muon Campus requires the following projects:

1. DOE Projects
 - Muon g-2
 - Mu2e
2. AIPs (Accelerator Improvement Projects)
 - Recycler RF
 - Beam Transport
 - MC Cryo Plant
 - Delivery Ring
3. GPPs (General Plant Projects)
 - MC-1 Building
 - Beamline Enclosure
 - MC Infrastructure Upgrade

Muon Campus Upgrades Required for the Mu2e Experiment but not on the Mu2e Project

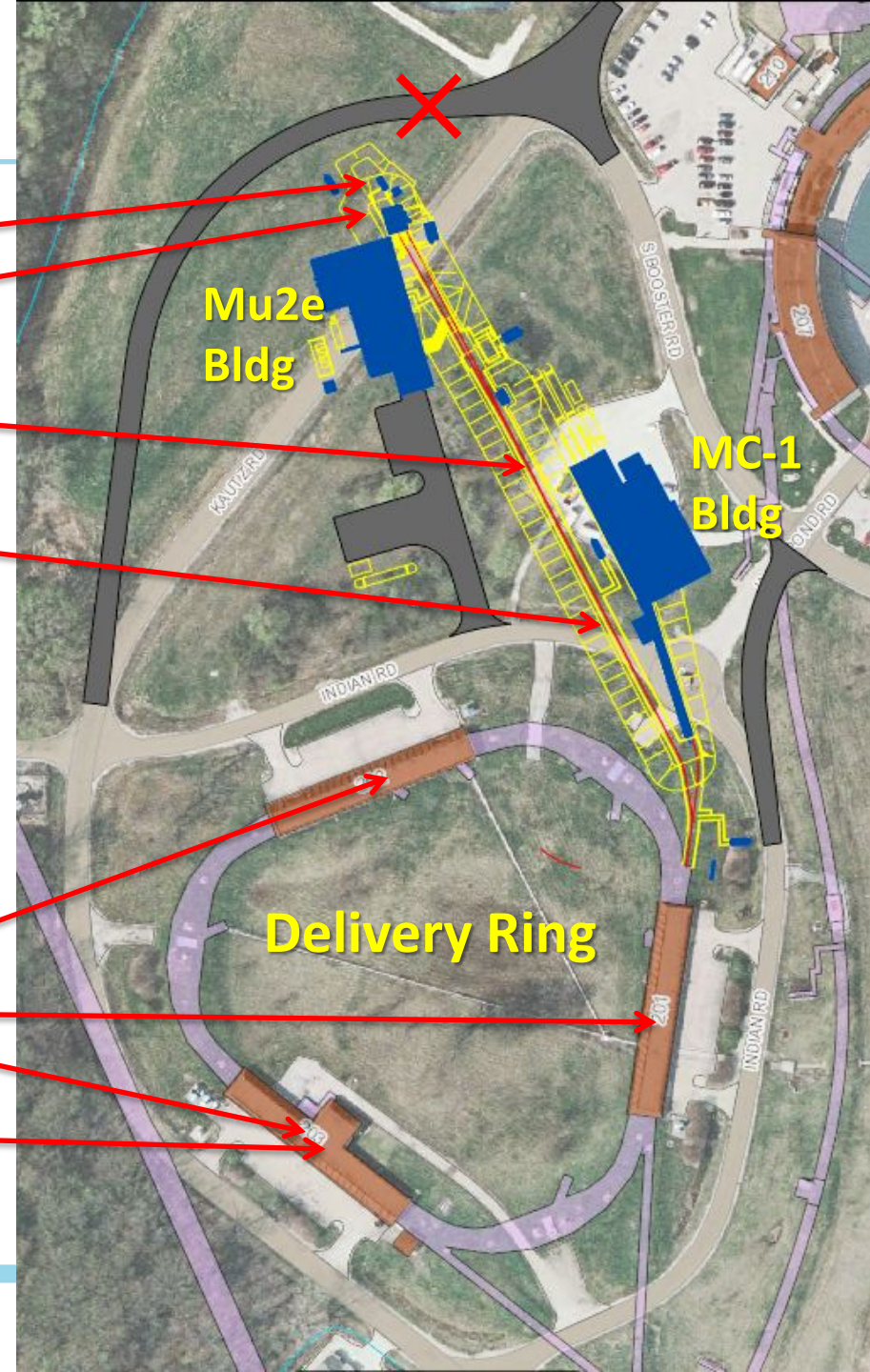
Accelerator Upgrade	Project
MI-8 beamline to Recycler Ring Injection	NOvA Project
Recycler Ring 2.5 MHz RF system	Recycler RF AIP
Delivery Ring 2.4 MHz RF Cavities and HL Amps & Cooling	Recycler RF AIP
Single bunch extraction from Recycler Ring	Beam Transport AIP
Beamline aperture upgrades	Beam Transport AIP
AP1, AP2, AP3 to M1, M2, M3 conversion & upgrade	Beam Transport AIP
Beam transport instrumentation & infrastructure	Beam Transport AIP
Beam transport controls	Delivery Ring AIP
Delivery Ring Injection	Delivery Ring AIP
Delivery Ring Abort	Delivery Ring AIP
Delivery Ring infrastructure	Delivery Ring AIP
Delivery Ring Controls and Instrumentation	Delivery Ring AIP
D30 straight section reconfiguration	g-2 Project
Delivery Ring Extraction (except ESS)	g-2 Project
Extraction line (M4) to M5 split	g-2 Project
M4 beamline enclosure	MC Beamline Enclosure GPP

The Mu2e Project Accelerator Systems

Mu2e Accelerator Systems Scope Overview

- 475.02.08.03 Extinction Monitor
- 475.02.09 Target Station
- 475.02.07 External (M4) Beamline
- 475.02.08.02 Extinction
- 475.02.03 Instrumentation & Controls
- 475.02.04 Radiation Safety
- 475.02.05 Resonant Extraction
- 475.02.06 Delivery Ring RF

Everywhere



Mu2e Proton Beam Requirements

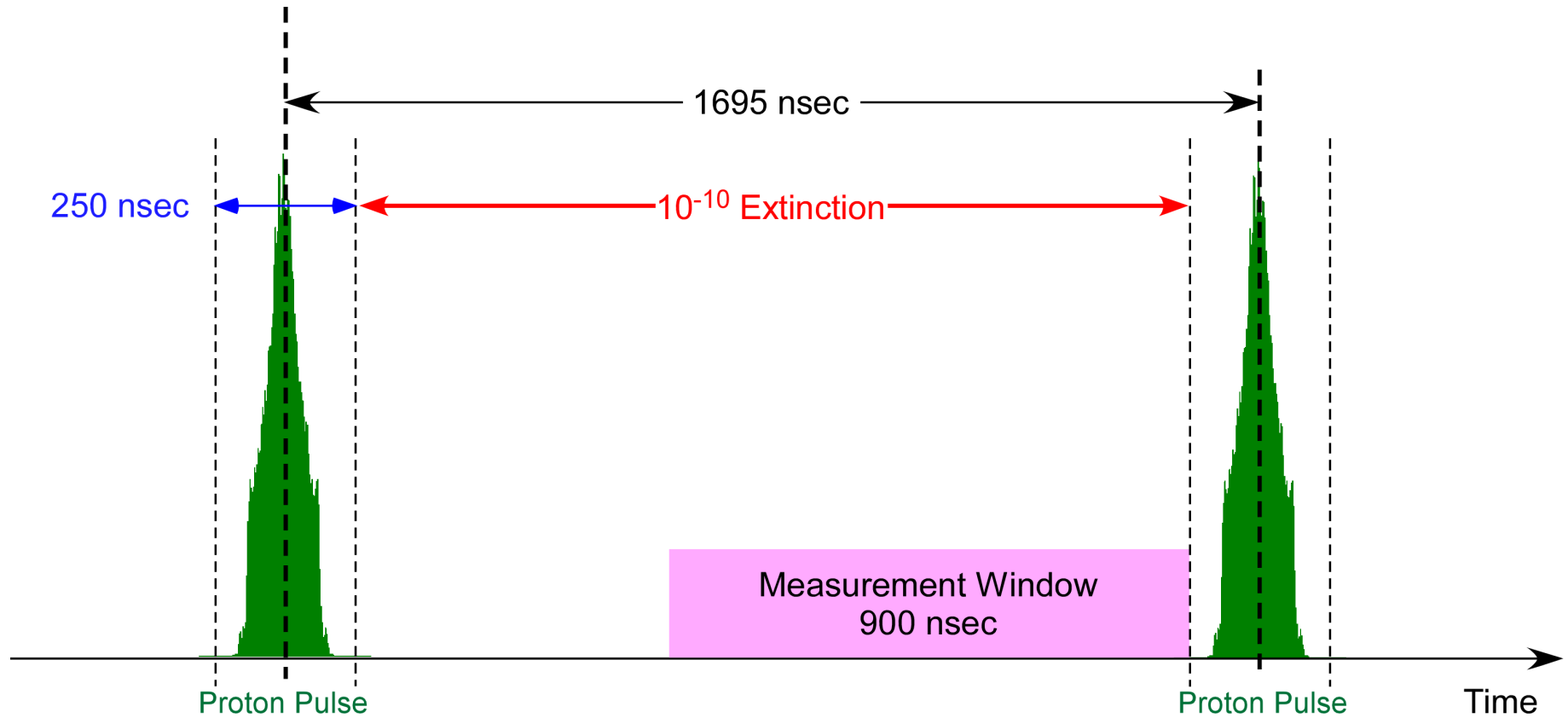
3-4 year run

	Parameter	Design Value	Requirement	Unit
	Total protons on target	3.6×10^{20}	3.6×10^{20}	protons
Time Structure	Time between beam pulses	1695	> 864	nsec
	Maximum variation in pulse separation	< 1	10	nsec
	Spill duration	54	> 20	msec
	Beamline Transmission Window	230	250	nsec
	Transmission Window Jitter (rms)	5	<10	nsec
	Out-of-time extinction factor	10^{-10}	$\leq 10^{-10}$	
Intensity	Average proton intensity per pulse	3.1×10^7	$< 5.0 \times 10^7$	protons/pulse
	Maximum Pulse to Pulse intensity variation	50	50	%
Beam Size	Target rms spot size	1	0.5 – 1.5	mm
	Target rms beam divergence	0.5	< 4.0	mrad



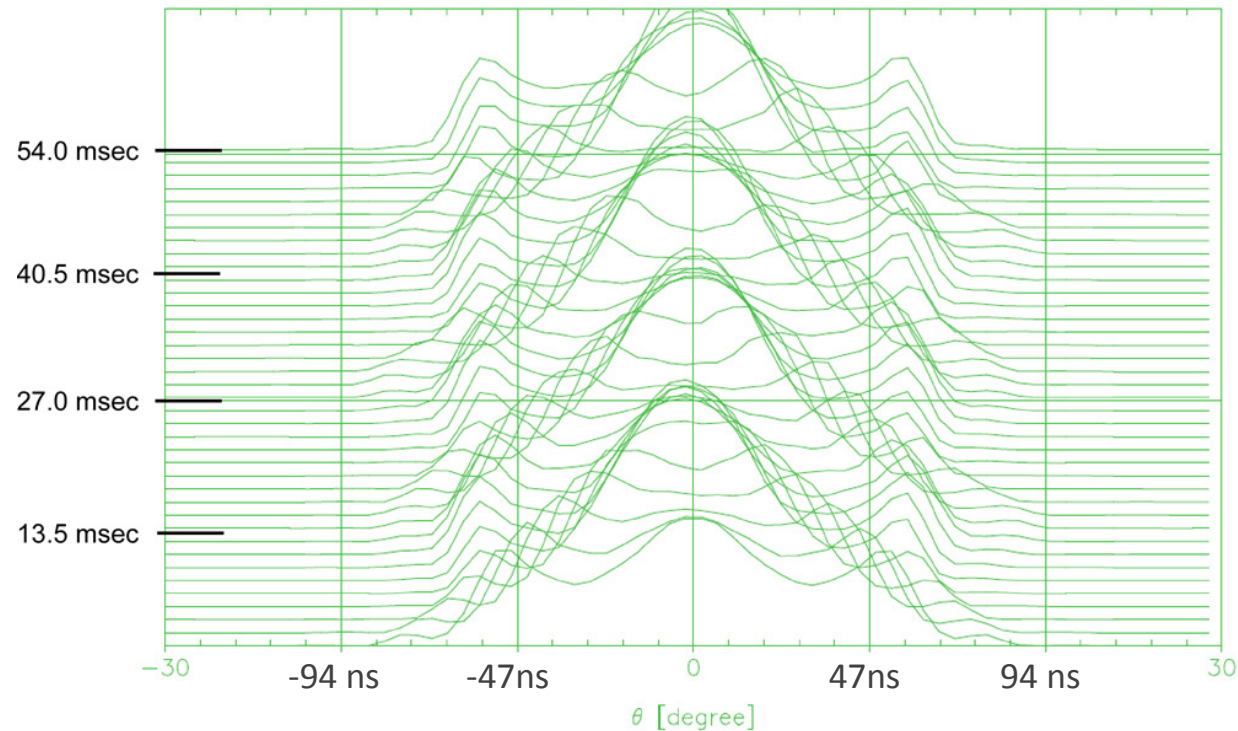
Proton Beam & Extinction Requirements

Two successive proton pulses on the Mu2e target (out of ~30,000 per spill)



Delivery Ring Bunch Shape Variation in Time

The re-bunched beam from the Recycler is poorly matched to the 2.4 MHz RF bucket in the Delivery Ring. Thus, the beam tumbles in the bucket. The bunch shape changes at twice the synchrotron frequency ($T_{synch} = 25.6$ msec).

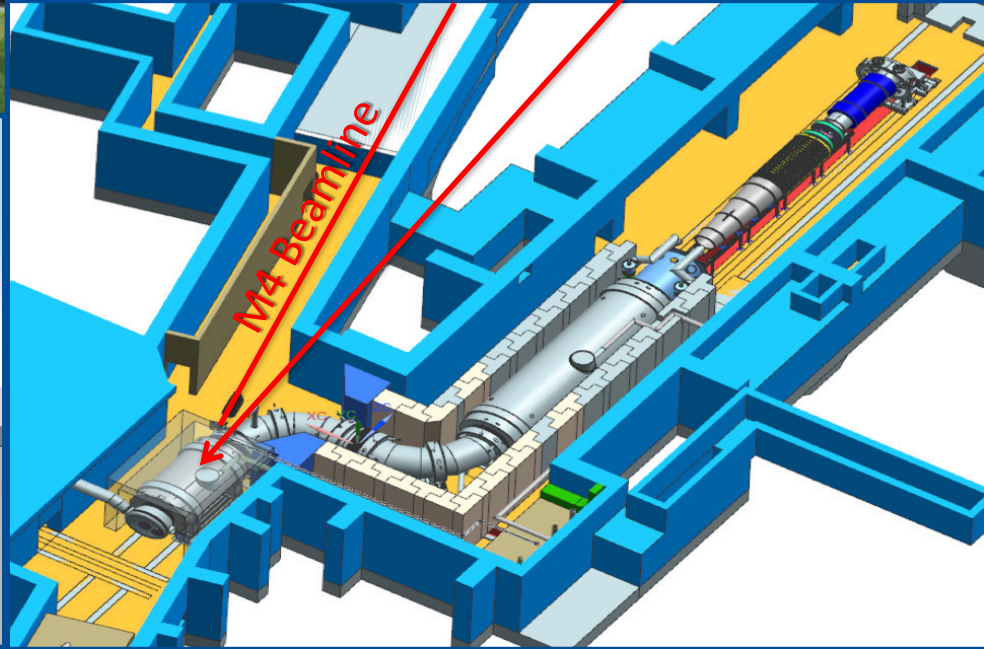
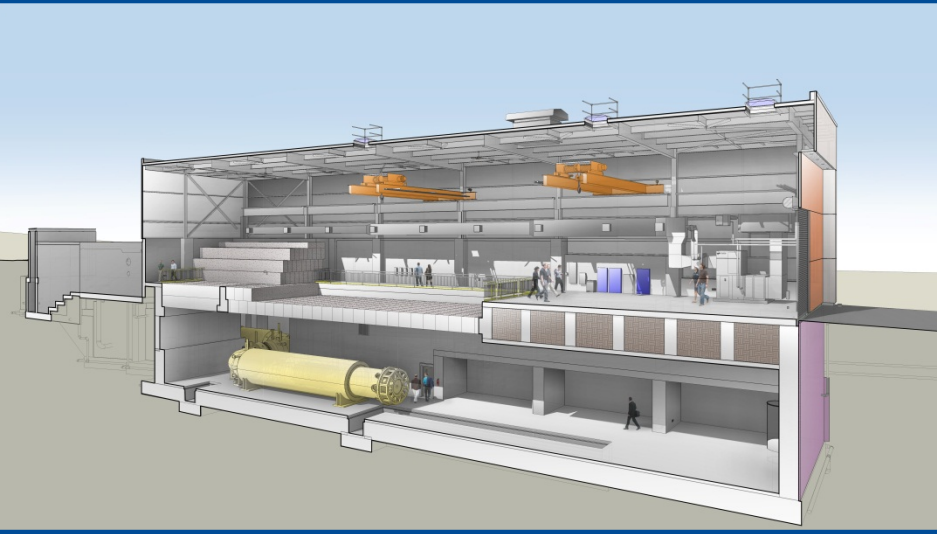


Waterfall display of the variation of the proton bunch time profile as the bunch rotates in the 2.4 MHz RF bucket. A trace is plotted every 1.35 msec over the course of the spill. The vertical axis is time relative to the start of the spill. The horizontal axis is Delivery Ring phase ($1^\circ = 4.708$ nsec).

The Mu2e Building

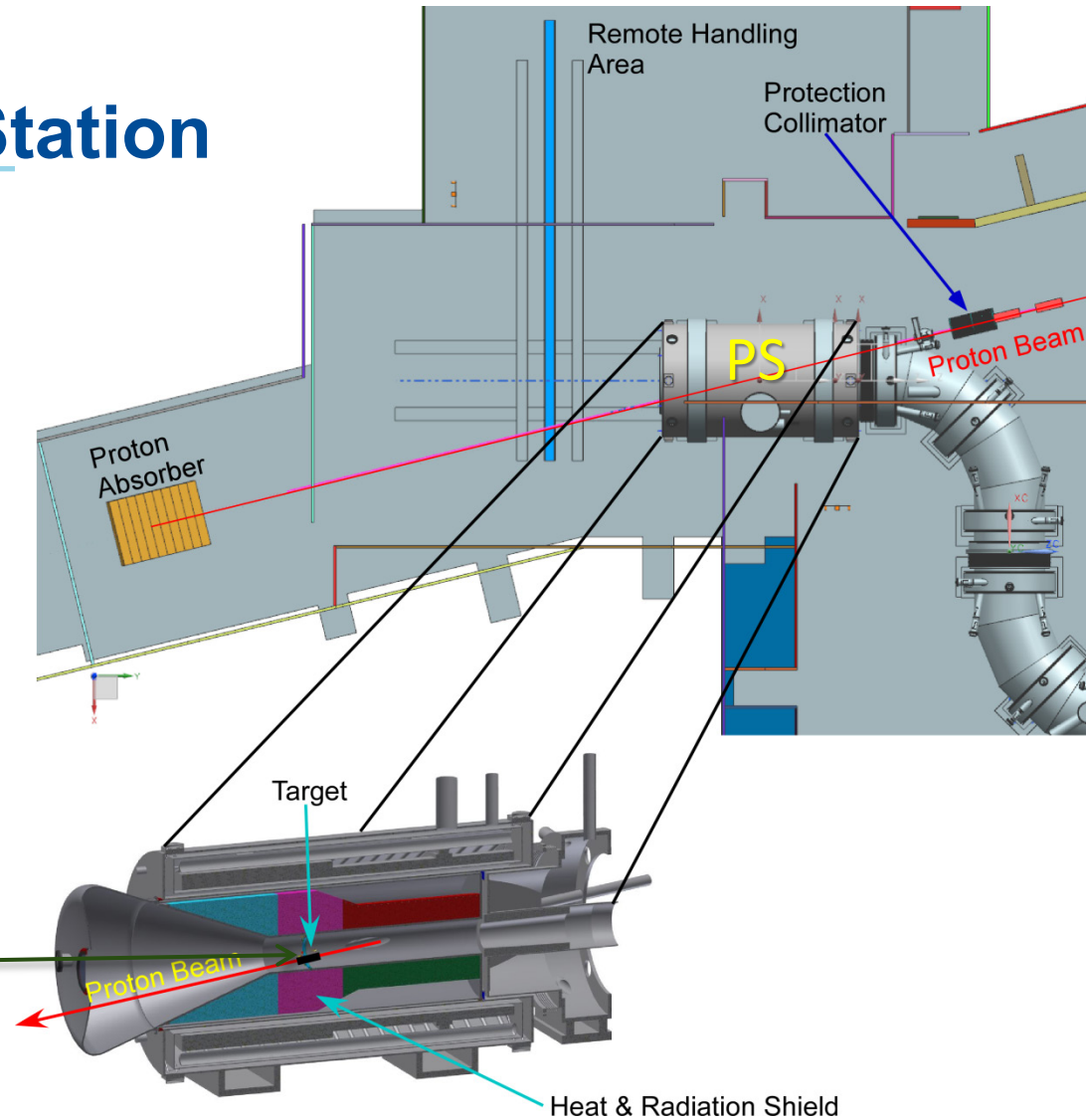
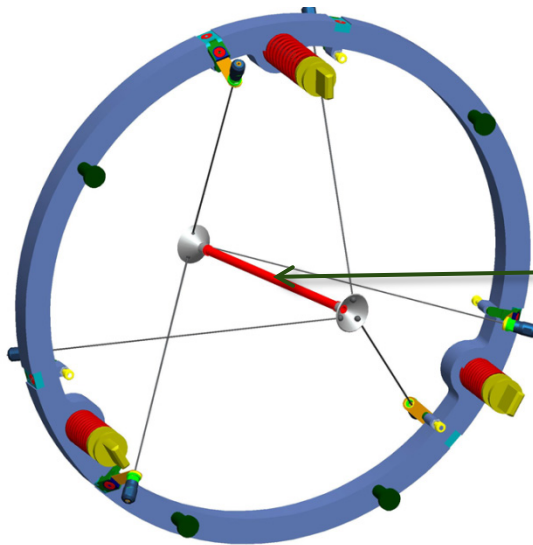


Proton Target lives here



Mu2e Proton Target Station

- Target – located inside the Production Solenoid (PS)
- Heat & Radiation Shield (HRS)
- Proton Absorber
- Protection Collimator



M4 Enclosure Construction



M4 Beamline Enclosure construction – Diagnostic Absorber





Pouring Mu2e building floor slab

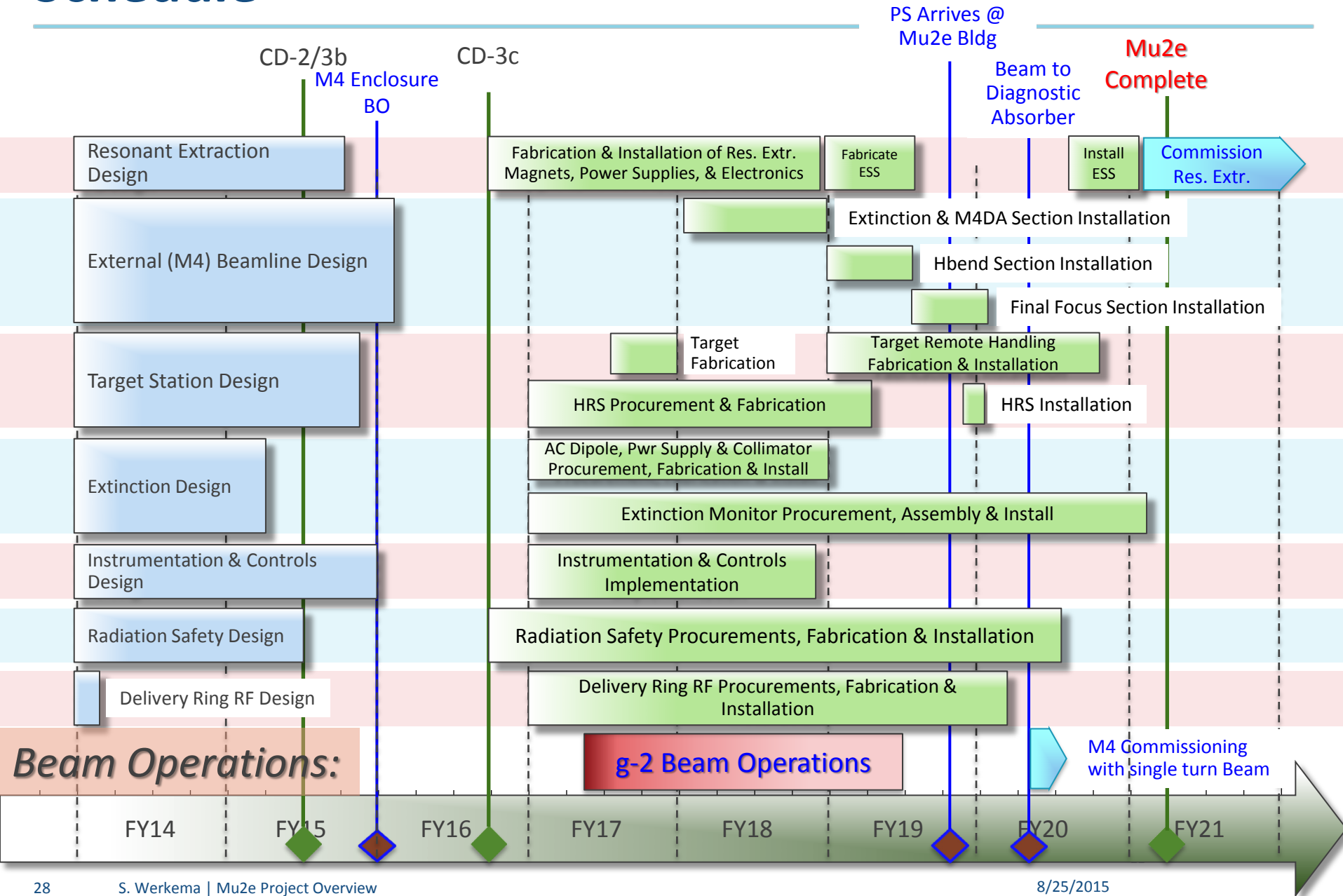
- Looking east toward g-2 Building



Framing the walls in the proton target station area of the Mu2e building

Schedule

Schedule



Muon Campus Program Cost

Project	Total Project Cost (\$M)	Accelerator Costs (\$M)
Muon g-2 Project	46.4	22.2
Mu2e Project	271.0	50.2
Recycler RF AIP	9.7	9.7
Beam Transport AIP	6.2	6.2
Delivery Ring AIP	9.3	9.3
Cryo AIP	9.7	9.7
MC-1 Building GPP	9.0	
Beam Enclosure GPP	9.7	
MC Infrastructure GPP	1.0	1.0
Total	372.0	108.3

All costs are base cost + estimate uncertainty (contingency)