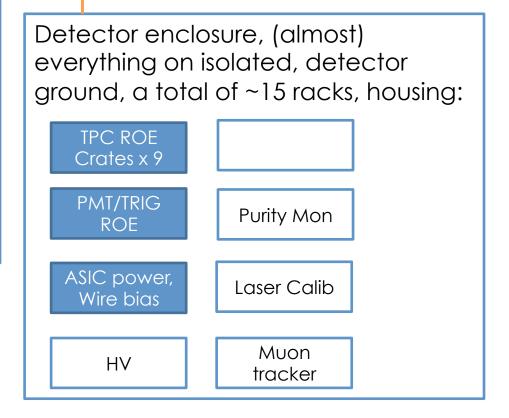
DUNE-FD-DAQ power estimates: A scaling exercise using MicroBooNE as an example

Georgia K. (with input from L. Bagby, W. Ketchum, and E. Church) Sep. 21, 2015

MicroBooNE ROE + DAQ hardware layout

DAQ room, everything on building ground, total of 5+1 racks, housing: 9 TPC SEB Near, SMC PMT/TRIG Network SEB Accel. 1 EVB timing WS01, WS02, **ROE+DAQ** teststand **IPMI**

8256 wires 32 PMT + 4 paddles (x4 split) Only **optical connections** between two sites: TPC: 9x(2+0.5) x 6 Gbit/sec
PMT: 1x(2+0.5+0.5) x 6 Gbit/sec)
Raw binaries shipped from platform to DAQ room sub-event buffer servers (w/ PCle).
Accelerator timing signals sent to platform from DAQ room.





DAQ room data rates & power consumption (I)

DAQ room, everything on building ground, total of 5+1 racks, housing: 9 TPC SEB Near, SMC PMT/TRIG Network SEB Accel. 1 EVB timing WS01, WS02, **ROE+DAQ** teststand **IPMI**

The DAQ racks are side-by-side.
They house 10 SEB + EVB + Near + SMC + WS01,02 + IPMI machines.
Each powered by 208V/3\phi/30A.

Separate HVAC system in the DAQ room (humidity and temp. control). Each rack equipped with fans.

TRIGGERed TPC data rates w/huffman compression from on-platform ROE are ~ 300 MB/s, distributed across 9 SEBs, and are subsequently to EVB (no additional processing in SEBs!).

SN stream at ~ 400 MB/s stored into SEBs (no additional processing), then deleted if no SNEWS SN alert.

8256 wires 32 PMT + 4 paddles (x4 split)

DAQ room data rates & power consumption (I)

DAQ room, everything on building ground, total of 5+1 racks, housing: 9 TPC SEB Near, SMC PMT/TRIG Network SEB Accel. 1 EVB timing WS01, WS02, **ROE+DAQ** teststand **IPMI**

Earlier this year, during running with TRIGGERed TPC data readout only, at 16 – 160 MB/s, 4 PDUs registered current at ~12-14 Amp per PDU. The 8 TPC SEBs (2U) in a single rack registered ~3.4A/SEB. Full spin tests can draw 7A/SEB. That rack is particularly warm...

→ Reasonable to assume a minimum of 6.7 kW just for servers, and for no further data processing (e.g. compression or triggering).

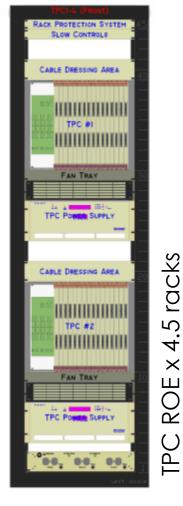
Scaling to DUNE-FD:

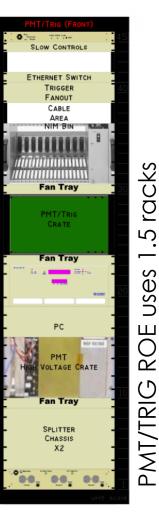
Each APA (2560 wires): 0.31x 6.7kW ~ 2 kW
Each 10-kton (150 APAs, or 384k wires): ~300 kW
(w/ no data processing; only receiving,
assembling and shipping of data)

8256 wires 32 PMT + 4 paddles (x4 split)

Platform electronics power consumption

Each ROE rack is powered up by 208/3 ϕ /30A. TPC and PMT ROE Crates powered by Wiener PL508; ~2/rack. Each crate (TPC) uses ~360W during normal running \rightarrow 1 kW/rack minimum.

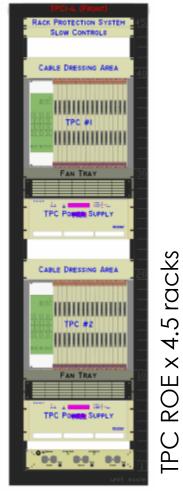


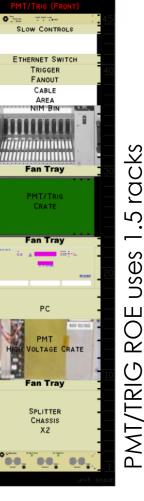


Detector enclosure, (almost) everything on isolated, detector around, a total of ~15 racks, housing: TPC ROE Crates x 9 PMT/TRIG Purity Mon ROE ASIC power, Laser Calib Wire bias Muon HV tracker

Platform electronics power consumption

Each ROE rack is powered up by 208/3 ϕ /30A. TPC and PMT ROE Crates powered by Wiener PL508; ~2/rack. Each crate (TPC) uses ~360W during normal running \rightarrow ~0.7 kW/rack minimum.





Minimum for powering:

TPC ADC, FEM processing modules, Data transmitters; ASIC Low Voltage, Wire bias; PMT HV, shaper, ADC, FEM, Data transmitters; Clock, trigger logic (NIM):

= (5 + 1 + 2 racks) @ 0.7-1.5 kW/rack = (6-12) kW

x 50 (for MicroBooNE→10kton FD)

= 300 - 600 kW per 10kton FD

(does not include LASER calib, TPC HV, purity monitoring; does not include AC)