



Synthesis and optimization of electromagnetic fields for the elements of particle accelerators using MERMAID-3D code

Stepan Mikhailov
(FEL Laboratory, Duke University, Durham, USA)

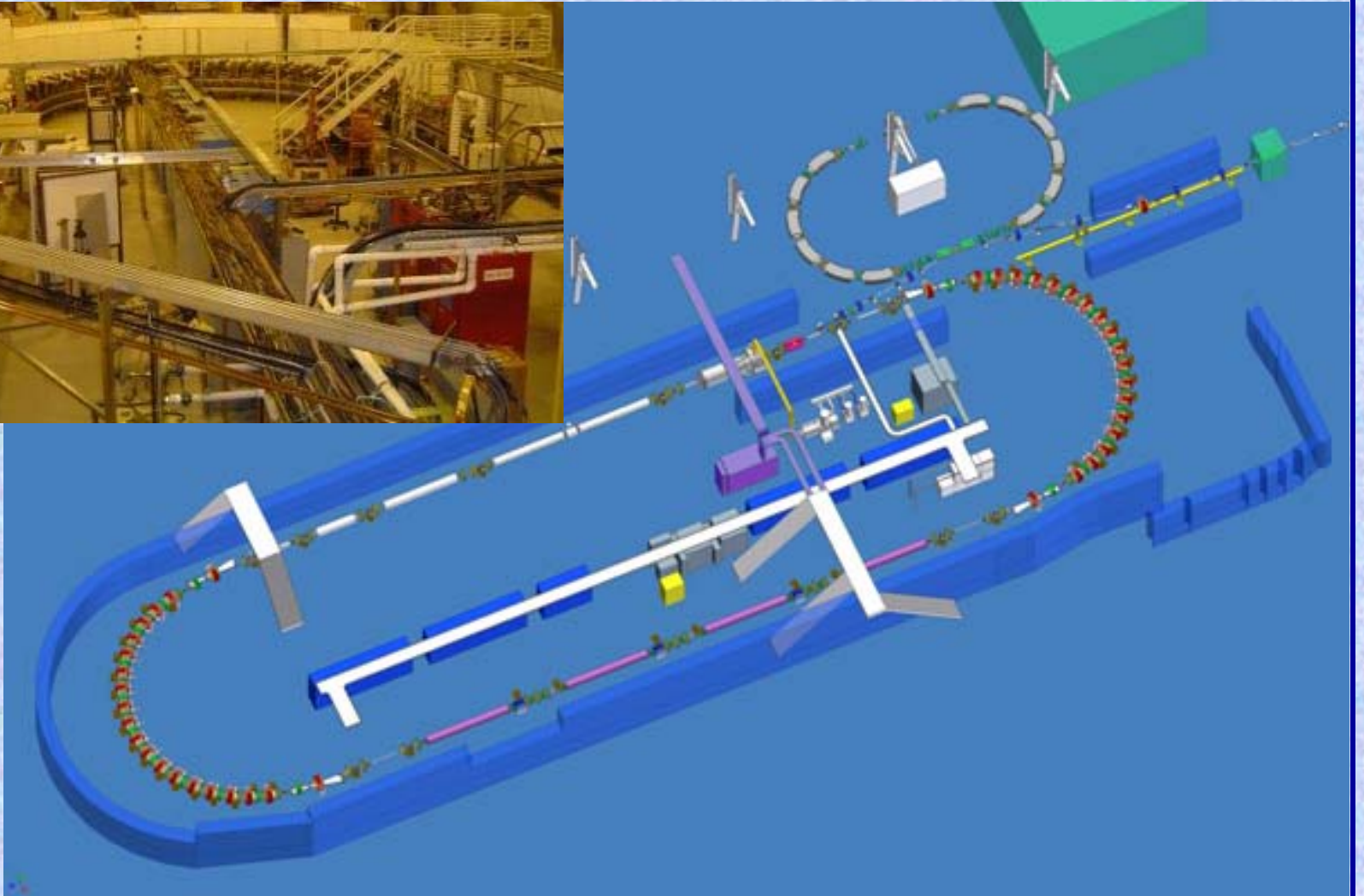
Stepan Mikhailov
June 27, 2007

Magnet design workshop at PAC 2007





Duke 1.2 GeV storage ring and booster



Stepan Mikhailov
June 27, 2007

Magnet design workshop at PAC 2007





Parameters of the Duke FEL ring

Maximum beam energy E_{max} [GeV]	1.2
Injection energy E_{inj} [GeV]	0.24 - 1.2 GeV
Stored beam current [mA]	
- in single bunch/in multibunch	> 50/400
Circumference [m]	107.46
Bending radius [m]	2.1
RF frequency [MHz]	178.55
Harmonic number	64
@ $E_{max} = 1.0$ GeV:	
Beam emittance ε_x	18
Betatron tunes Q_x / Q_y	9.11 / 4.18
Momentum compaction factor	0.0086
Natural chromaticities C_x / C_y	-10.0 / -9.8
Damping times $\tau_{x,y} / \tau_s$ [ms]	18.3 / 17.0
Energy spread	$5.8 \cdot 10^{-4}$
Energy of Compton γ-rays by HIγS	1.5 – 60 MeV
Energy spread of γ-rays (collimated)	0.5 - 3.5%
γ-ray flux on target (collimated)	$10^4 - 10^9 \gamma / \text{sec}$



Duke 1.2 GeV booster



Commissioned in 2006

Stepan Mikhailov
June 27, 2007

Magnet design workshop at PAC 2007



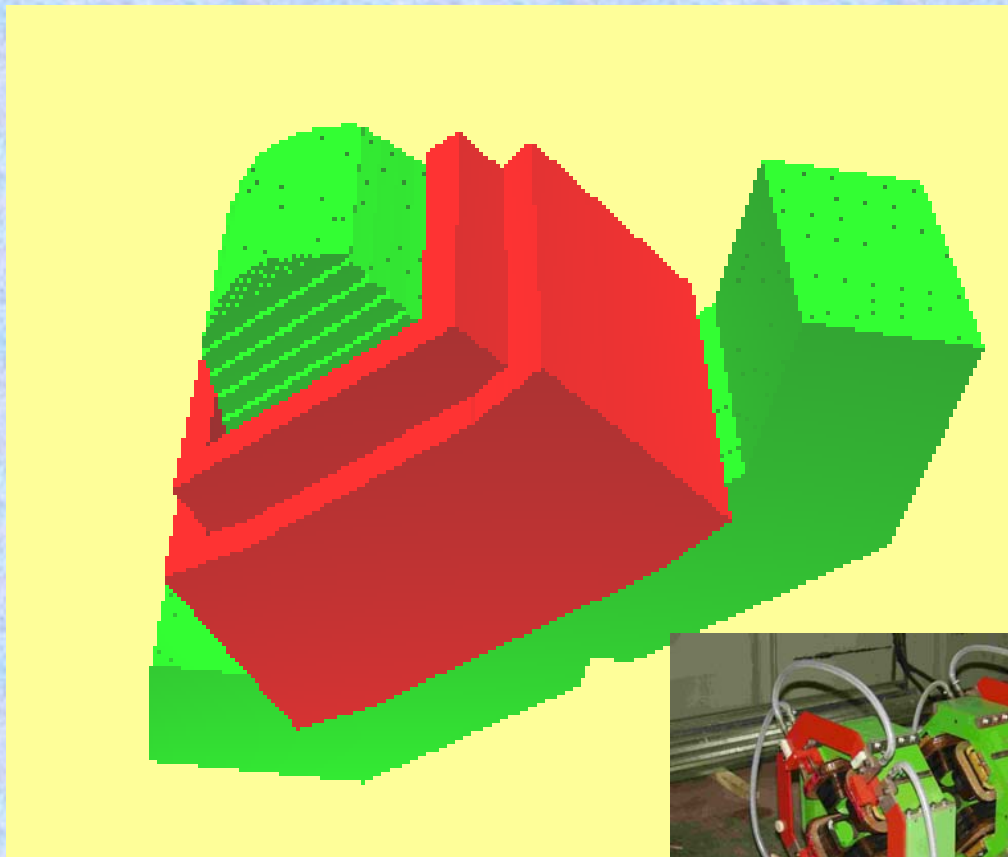


Parameters of the booster

	Single bunch	Two bunch
Maximum beam energy E_{max} [GeV]		1.2
Injection energy E_{inj} [GeV]		0.24-0.24
Stored beam current [mA]	1.5 - 2	2-4
Circumference [m]		31.902
Bending radius [m]		2.273
RF frequency [MHz]		178.55
Harmonic number		19
Operation cycle [sec]	1.4-1.6	2.3-2.5
Energy rise rate [sec]		0.60
@ $E_{max} = 1.2$ GeV:		
Beam emittance $\varepsilon_x, \varepsilon_y$		440 / 6
Betatron tunes Q_x / Q_y		2.375 / 0.425
Momentum compaction factor		0.158
Maximum $\beta_x / \beta_y / \eta_x$ [m]		9.9 / 27.2 / 1.65
Natural chromaticities C_x / C_y		-1.7 / -3.7
Damping times $\tau_{x,y} / \tau_s$ [ms]		3.16 / 1.60
Energy loss per turn [KeV]		80.7
Energy spread		$6.8 \cdot 10^{-4}$

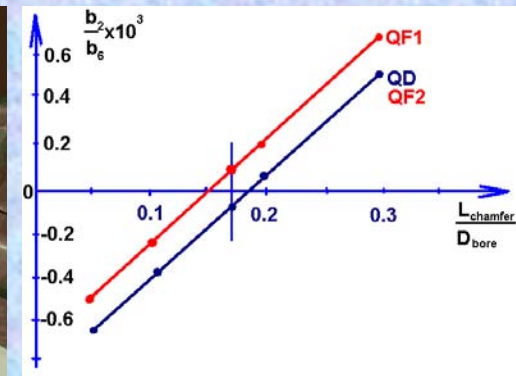


3D magnetic simulations of the booster quadrupole magnets



- One quadrant
- 3 types of quadrupole: QF1, QF2 and QD
- 151×201×201 mesh size
- Stacking factor = 0.98
- E=0.27-1.2GeV, 12 points

Magnetic simulations by MERMAID 3D



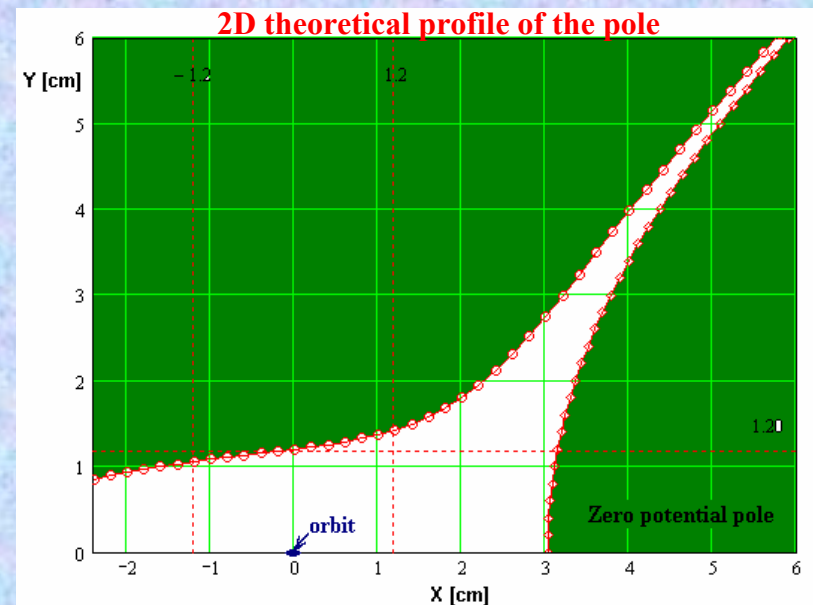
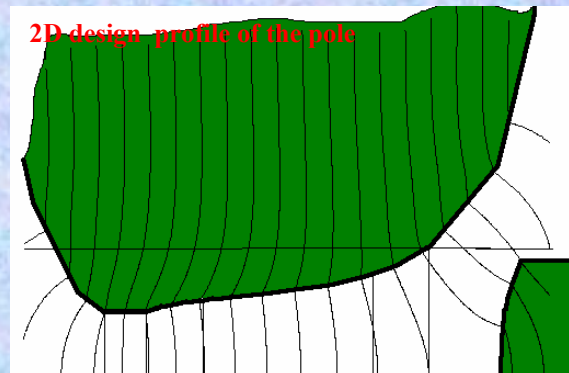
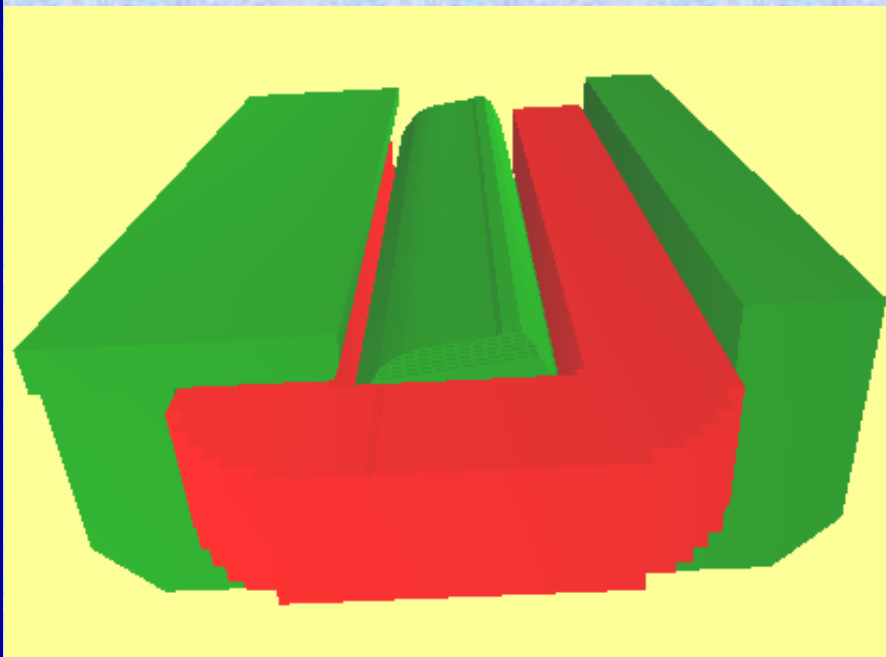
Stepan Mikhailov
June 27, 2007

Magnet design workshop at PAC 2007





Dipo-Quadro-Sextu-Octupole magnet (DQSO) for low emittance Duke lattice



- One half
- $161 \times 199 \times 199$ mesh size

Magnetic simulations by MERMAID 3D

Stepan Mikhailov
June 27, 2007

Magnet design workshop at PAC 2007





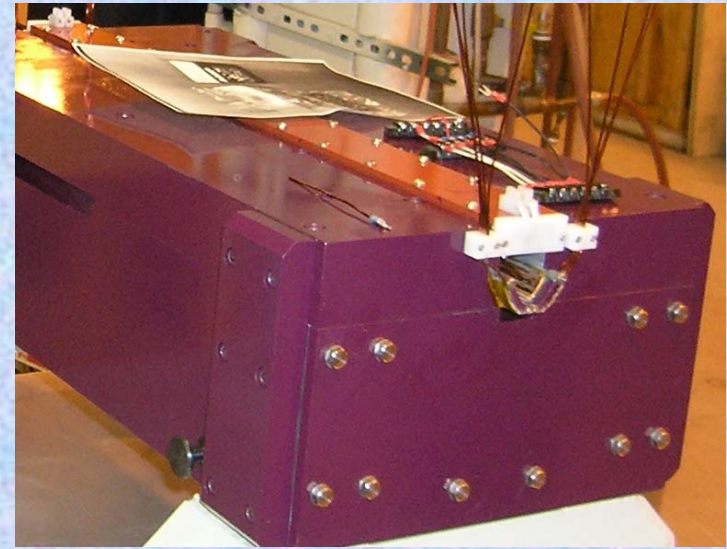
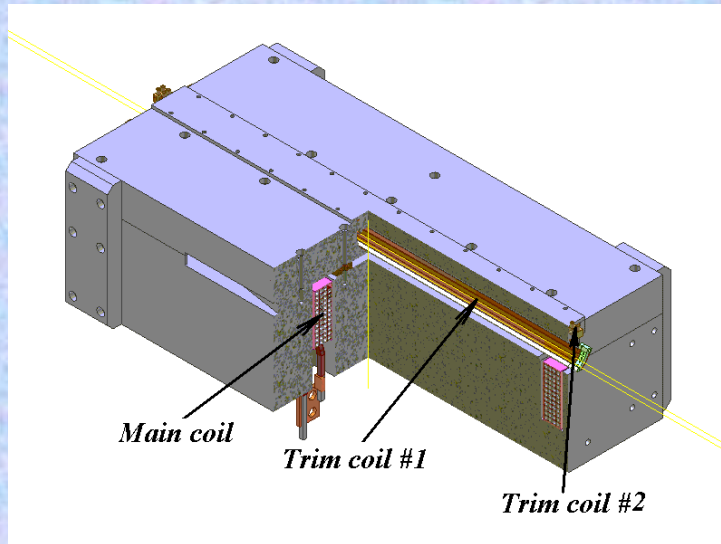
Dipo-Quadro-Sextu-Octupole magnet (DQSO) for low emittance Duke lattice

Required harmonics contents of DQSO magnet at nominal energy $E=1.0$ GeV:

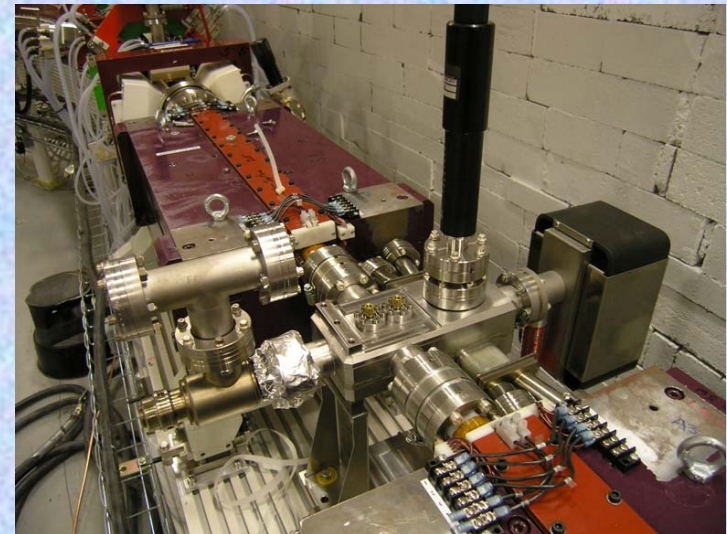
n	Field term	for $L_{eff}=68.0$ cm		$K_{n-1}L=\int K_{n-1}dz$	$\int \partial^{n-1}B/\partial x^{n-1} dz$
		K_{n-1}	$\partial^{n-1}B/\partial x^{n-1}(0,0)$		
		$1/m^n$	kG/cm $^{n-1}$	$1/m^{n-1}$	kG/cm $^{n-2}$
1	Dipole	$\pi/(14 \cdot L_{eff})$	11.008	$\pi/14$	748.52
2	Quadrupole	-4.2448	-1.416	-2.8865	-96.3
3	Sextupole	-105.88	-0.353	-72.0	-24.0
4	Octupole	-33250	-1.109	-22610	-75.4



Booster Lamberson septum



- Maximum bending field 1.00 T
- Maximum current 175 A
- Number of turns 48
- Gap 1.0 cm
- Bending angle 9.0°
- Effective magnetic length 0.642 m
- Width of “knife” 2 mm
- Corrected field integral in zero chamber <50 G*cm
- Corrected gradient integral in zero chamber <40 G



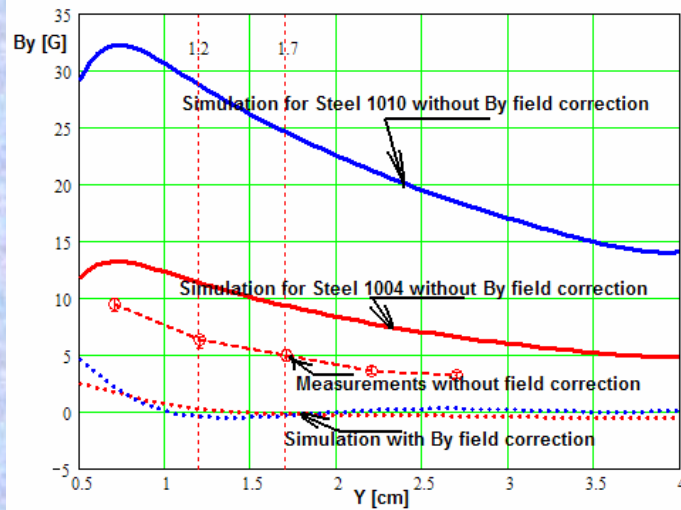
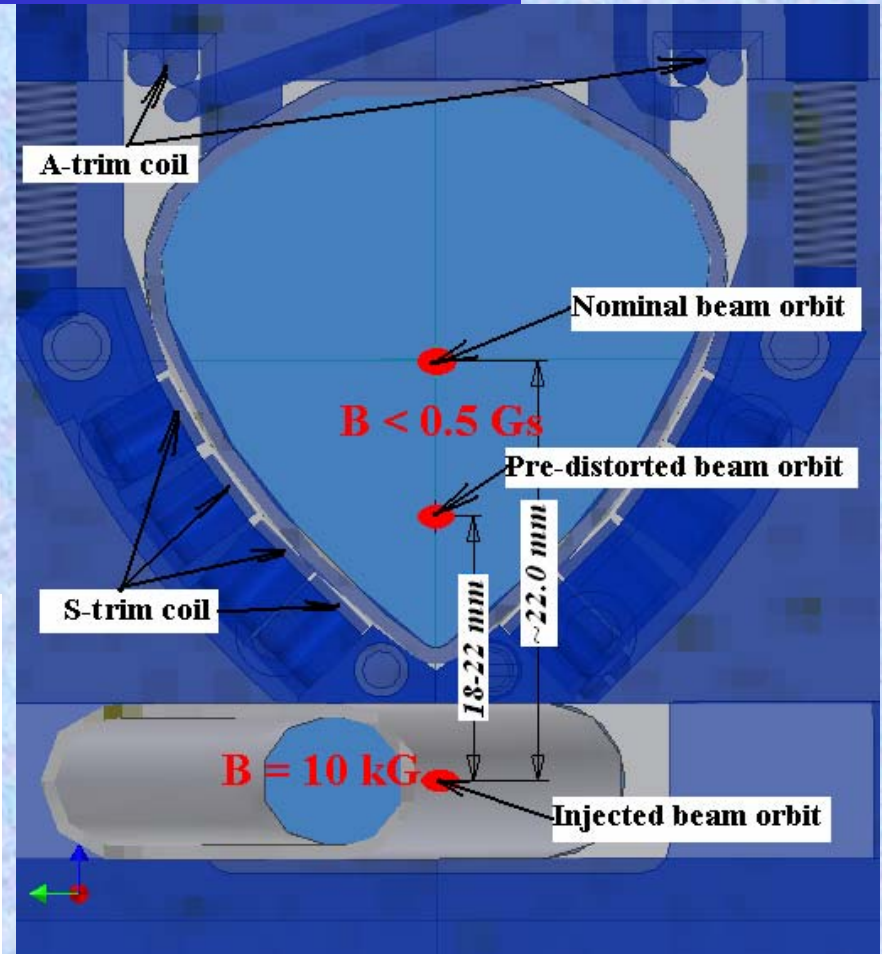
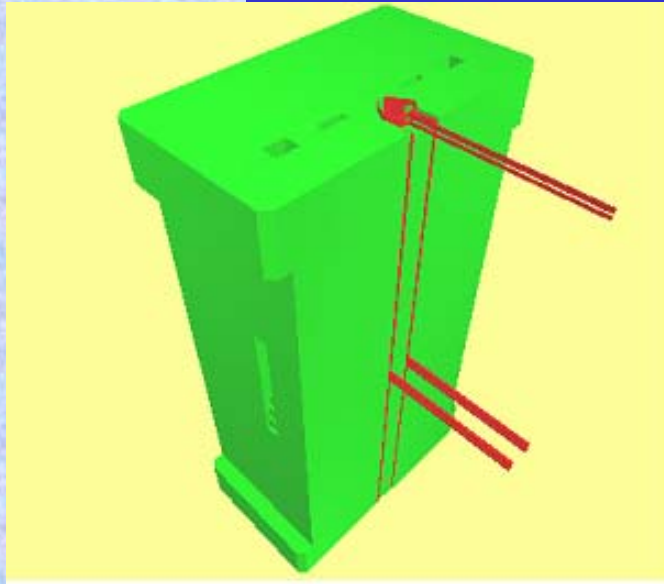
Stepan Mikhailov
June 27, 2007

Magnet design workshop at PAC 2007





Booster Lamberson septum



Magnetic simulations by MERMAID 3D
vs. magnetic measurements

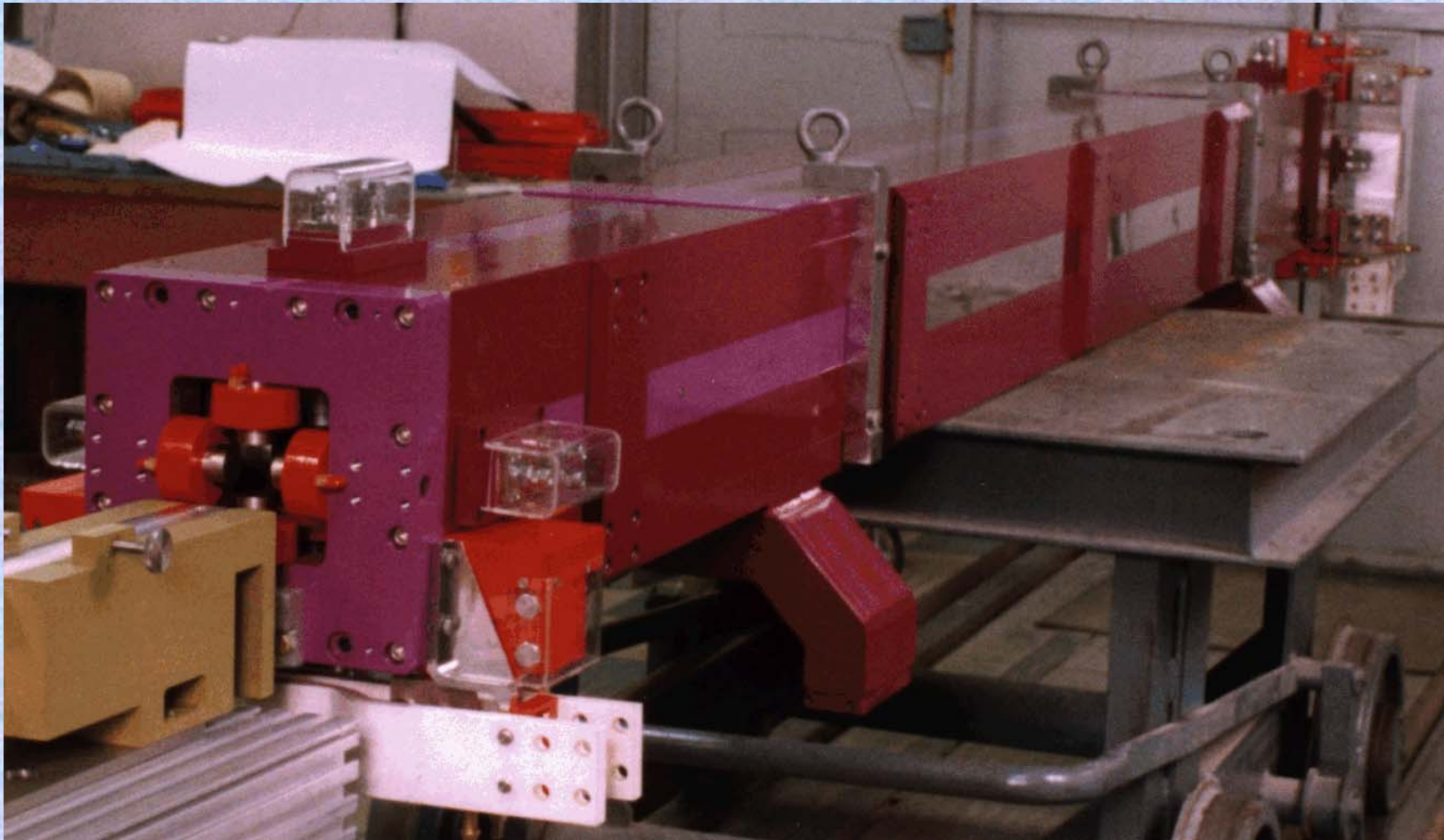
Stepan Mikhailov
June 27, 2007

Magnet design workshop at PAC 2007





OK-5 FEL wigglers



Stepan Mikhailov
June 27, 2007

Magnet design workshop at PAC 2007





OK-5 FEL wigglers

Wiggler period λ_w , cm	12.0
Wiggler gap (vertical and horizontal), cm	4×4
Number of periods (vertical and horizontal)	32
Maximum current [kA]	2×3
Maximum field, kG	2.86
Amplitude of fundamental harmonic @ I=2 kA, kG	2.07
Relative value of the 3 rd harmonic, %	0.6
Power consumption [kW]	2×57
Overall dimensions:	0.274
-Horizontal (width) [m]	0.324
-Vertical (height) [m]	4.04
-longitudinal (length) [m]	

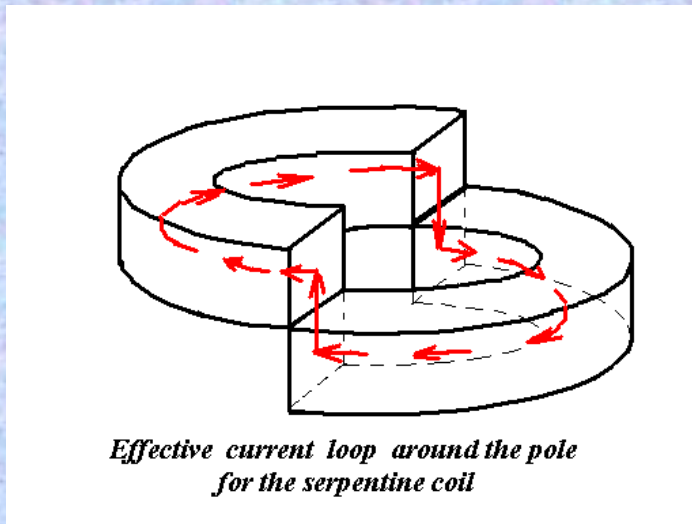
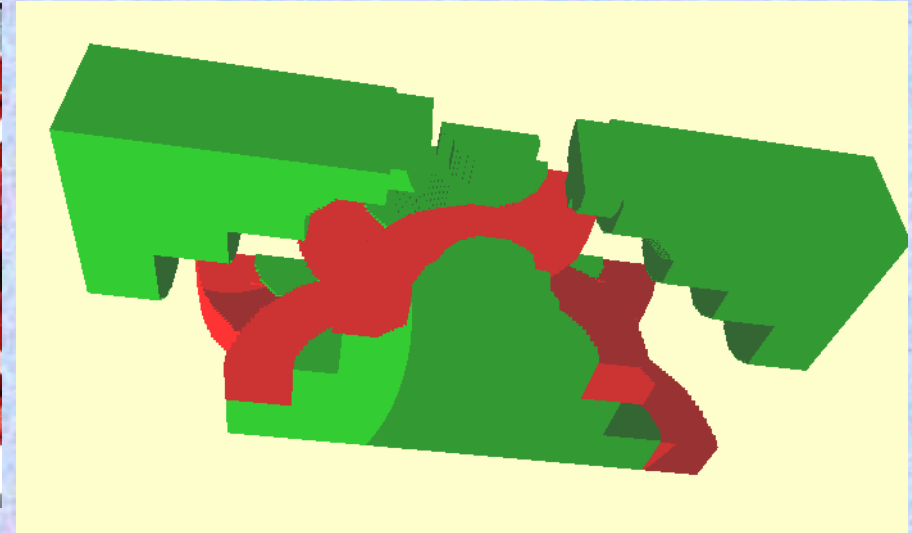
Stepan Mikhailov
June 27, 2007

Magnet design workshop at PAC 2007

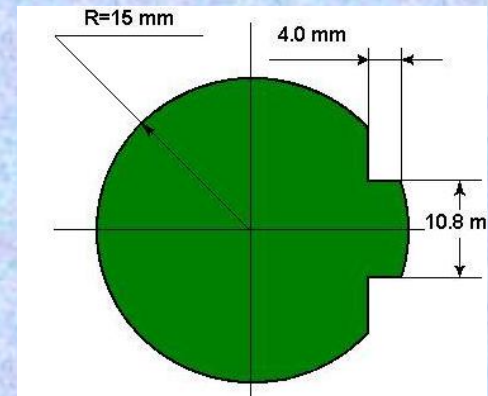




OK-5 FEL wigglers



Pole cut compensating intergal gradient and octupole



Magnetic simulations by MERMAID 3D

Stepan Mikhailov
June 27, 2007

Magnet design workshop at PAC 2007





OK-5 FEL wigglers

Compensation of asymmetry of the coils

	I=2kA				I=3kA	
	Not cut		With cut		No cut	With cut
	3D calc.	Mag. meas.	3D calc.	Mag. meas.	3D calculations.	
GradientGs/cm	5.64	6.60	-0.21	1.57	8.64	0.22
Octupole G/cm³	-2.76	-2.70	0.00	-0.32	-4.38	0.03

Magnetic simulations by MERMAID 3D

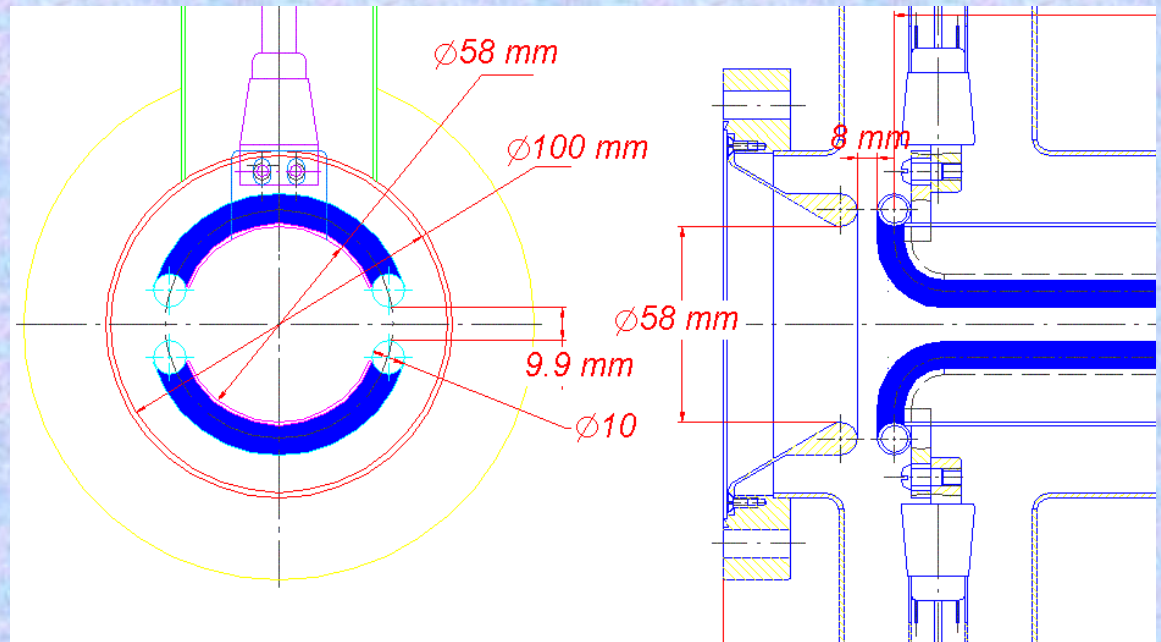
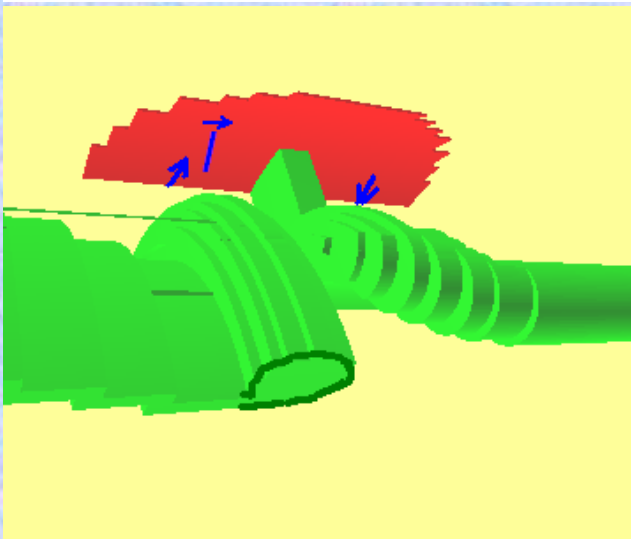
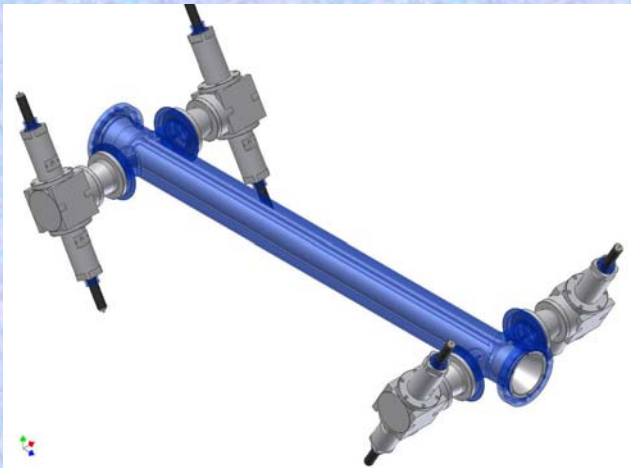
Stepan Mikhailov
June 27, 2007

Magnet design workshop at PAC 2007





Kickers for Duke FEL ring



- Maximum electrical field <math>< 70 \text{ kV/cm}</math>
- 3D edge field over-stress ~ 1.12
- Impedance 25Ω
- Inscribed diameter 58 mm
- Minimum gap $9.9 \pm 0.3 \text{ mm}$
- Maximum kick angle @ 1.2 GeV 2.8 mRad
- Effective electric length 117.5 cm

Magnetic simulations by MERMAID 3D

Stepan Mikhailov
June 27, 2007

Magnet design workshop at PAC 2007





MERMAID 3D features:

- **MERMAID 3D is a powerful tool for magnetic design ;**
- **Mesh up to 20×10^6 elements with RAM drive of 2 Gb;**
- **Fast calculation ($\sim 1-6$ hours with 20×10^6 elements);**
- **Well developed library of nonlinear materials (includes St.1004, 1006, 1010, permendur, permalloy, etc., etc. ,etc.)**
- **Has helical symmetry as an option (makes it 2D case);**
- **Perfect for FFAG magnets, undulators, helical undulators, etc.;**
- **Not great for superconducting magnets unless super ferric;**
- **Easy to learn, to master, and to use.**