



The  
University  
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# New Showering Module: EMShower

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Thanks to Tingjun Yang

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# Background

- Have been working on reconstructing  $\pi^0$ s for the DUNE 35t experiment;
  - Developed new clustering algorithm (BlurredCluster)
  - Now using these 2D clusters to make 3D shower objects.
- Original idea for this showering method was to perform all necessary reconstruction in 2D (form complete, but 2D showers), and then simply match between the views to make 3D objects.

# Shower Module

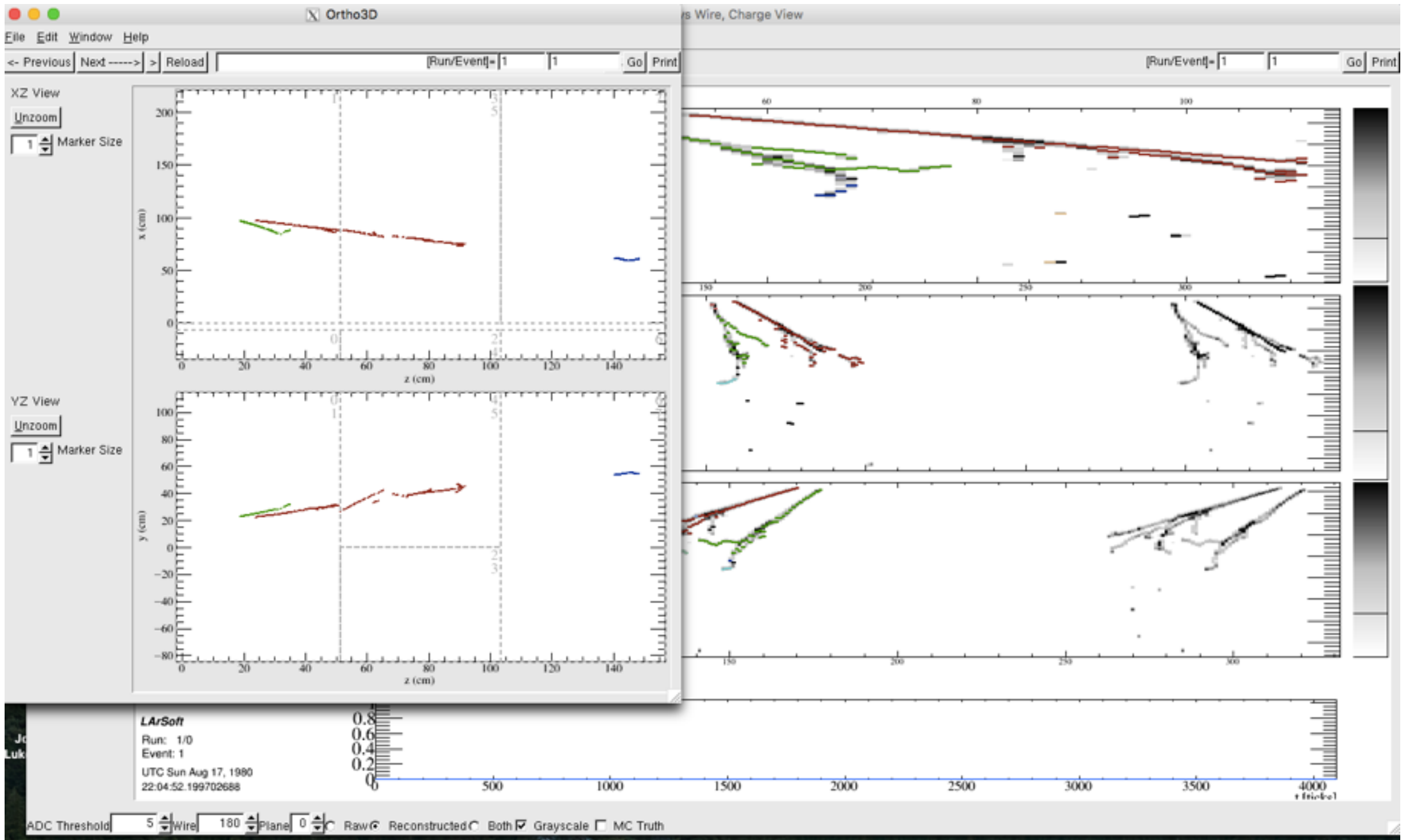
- Consists of an art producer:  
`larreco/ShowerFinder/EMShower_module.cc`
- with an associated algorithm class:  
`larreco/RecoAlg/EMShowerAlg(.h/.cxx)`
- Currently on feature branch  
`feature/wallbank_EMShowerToMerge`  
(N.B. **NOT** `feature/wallbank_EMShower`! This is old.)
- See also  
[https://cdcvcs.fnal.gov/redmine/projects/larreco/repository?  
utf8=✓&rev=feature%2Fwallbank\\_EMShowerToMerge](https://cdcvcs.fnal.gov/redmine/projects/larreco/repository?utf8=✓&rev=feature%2Fwallbank_EMShowerToMerge)

# EMShower Algorithm

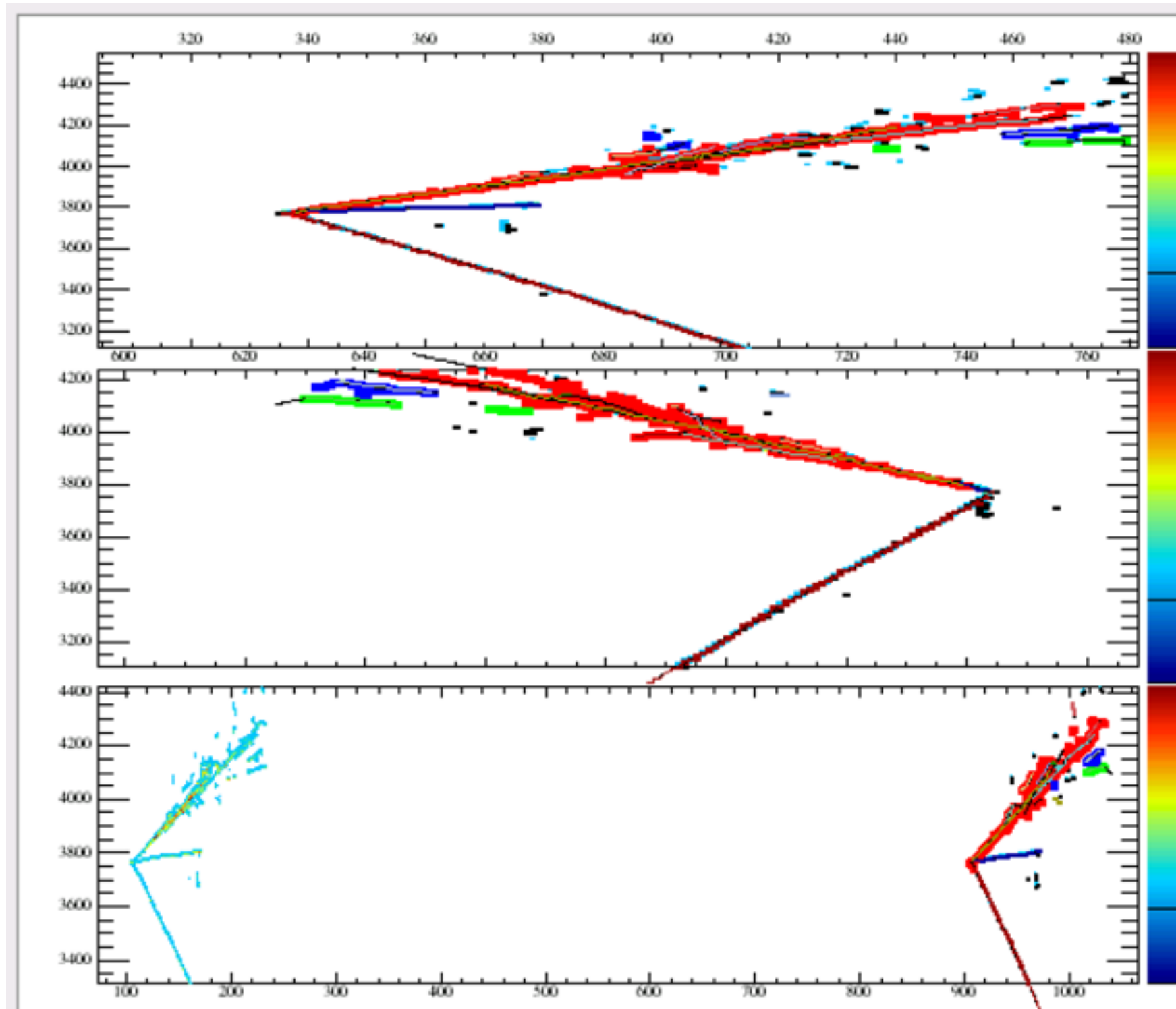
- The method takes as input from the event clusters and tracks which have already been found.
- It uses associations to match the 3D tracks and the 2D clusters in order to bring the clusters together to form shower objects:
  - Takes the tracks and finds the associated hits
  - Finds the clusters associated with these hits
  - Forms showers from these hits
    - Keeps associations with the tracks and space points



# Performance: Example Event



# Performance: Shower & Hadron track



Tingjun Yang

# Shower Properties

- Just finished identifying the vertex and the initial track-like segment of the shower (useful for  $dE/dx$  and direction calculations).
- Methods also in EMShowerAlg.
- Vertex is found by:
  - identifying two 'ends' of the shower and attempting to reconstruct a track from each end to the centre of the shower,
  - using this track and the charge deposits to decide which 'end' is the true vertex.
- The track found will be used to determine further properties.



# Conclusion

- The method seems to have promise (see previous slides) and has encouraged me to continue development.
  - Is not completed yet but hopefully will be in a few days.
- Since other reconstructions (e.g. Tingjun's far detector study, slide 6) are starting to use this, it would be much easier to put it in develop.
- No breaking changes etc.
- Can this be included in the next release?!