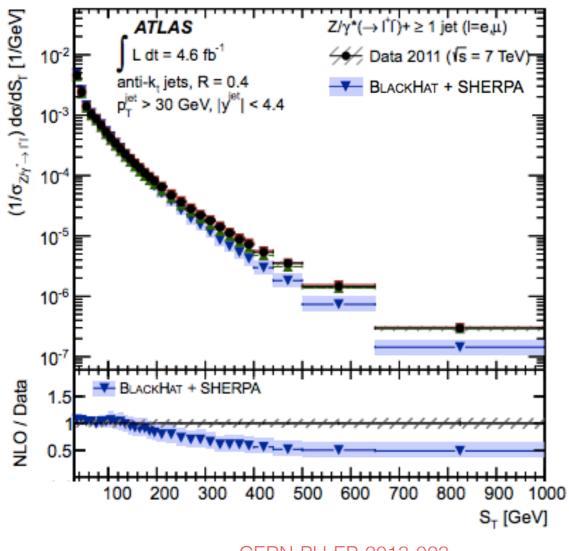


NNLO phenomenology using jettiness subtraction

Xiaohui Liu

LoopFest XV @ Buffalo, 2016

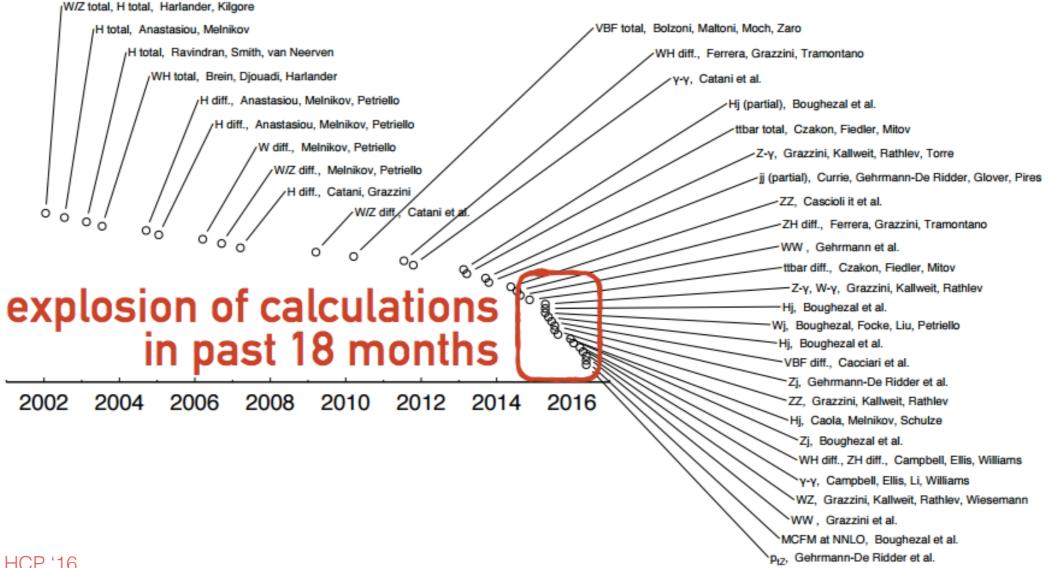
Why NNLO



CERN-PH-EP-2013-023

- many reasons
 -
 - discrepancy between NLO and data
 -

Real corrections



Real corrections

Local Subtraction

$$\int \mathrm{d}z \frac{f(z)}{z^{1+a\epsilon}}$$

$$\int \mathrm{d}z \frac{f(z) - f(0)}{z} + \int \mathrm{d}z z^{-1 - a\epsilon} f(0)$$

• sector decomposition, sector improved residue

Binoth, Heinrich; Anastasiou, Melnikov, Petriello Czakon; Boughezal, Melinkov, Petriello

- antenna subtraction Kosower Gehrmann-De Ridder, Gehrmann, Glover
- projection to Born Cacciari, Dreyer, Karlberg, Salam, Zanderighi
- Colorful NNLO
 Del Duca, Somogyi and Trócsányi
 Del Duca, Duhr, Kardos, Somogyi and Trócsányi

$$\int \frac{f(z)}{z} \theta(z > z_0) - f(0) \frac{z_0^{-a\epsilon}}{a\epsilon} + \dots$$

Non-local Subtraction

• qT subtraction, N-jettiness subtraction

Catani, Grazzini Gao, Li and Zhu Boughezal, Focke, XL, Petriello; Gaunt, Stahlhofen, Tackmann, Walsh

• N-Jettiness subtraction

Boughezal, Focke, XL, Petriello, '15 Gaunt, Stahlhofen, Tackmann, Walsh, '15

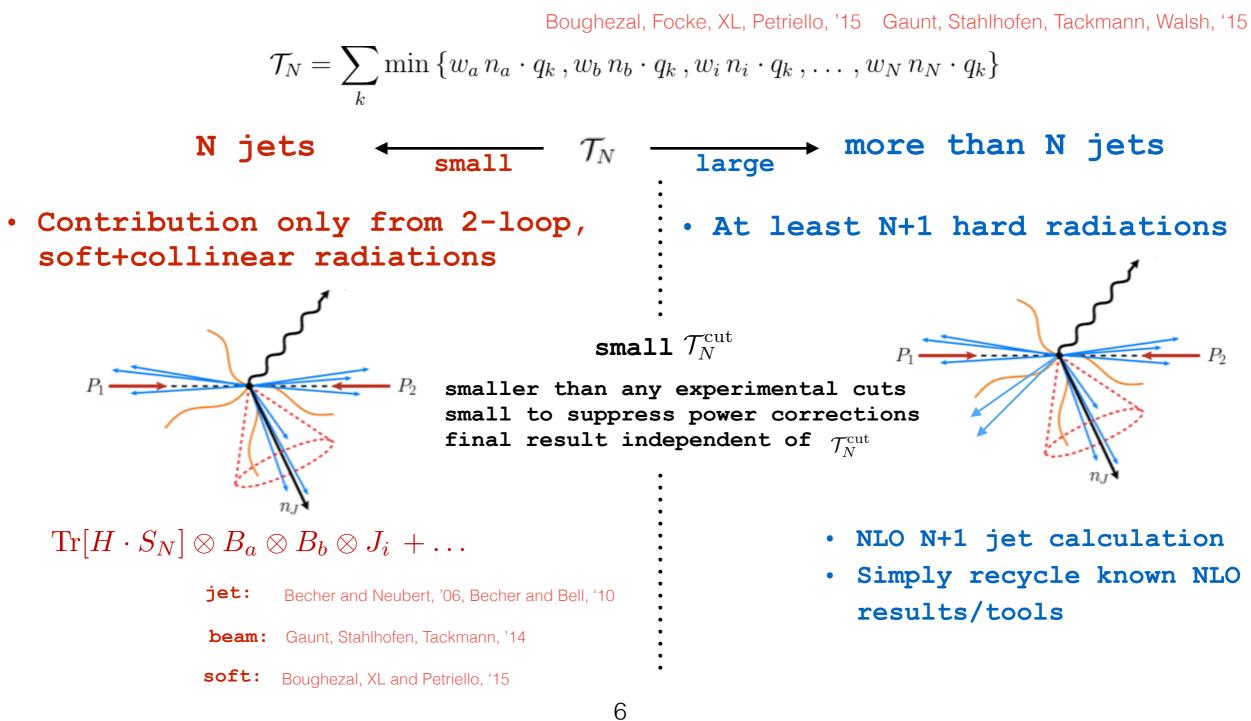
• N-jettiness observable

Stewart, Tackmann, Waalewijn, '10

$$\mathcal{T}_N = \sum_k \min \left\{ w_a \, n_a \cdot q_k \, , w_b \, n_b \cdot q_k \, , w_i \, n_i \cdot q_k \, , \dots \, , w_N \, n_N \cdot q_k \right\}$$

- N the minimum number of jets required
- n_i light-like vectors along beam or jet axes
- q_k final state partons' 4-momenta
- w_k arbitrary positive weight

N-Jettiness subtraction



N-Jettiness subtraction

Boughezal, Focke, XL, Petriello, '15 Gaunt, Stahlhofen, Tackmann, Walsh, '15

- New results for processes with a jet
 - H/W/Z/DIS+1j

- Boughezal, Focke, XL, Petriello,'15, Boughezal, Focke, Giele, XL, Petriello, '15 Boughezal, Campbell, Ellis, Focke, Giele, XL, Petriello,'15, Ablof, Boughezal, XL, Petriello,'16,
- Confirm existing results
 - H/W/Z production Gaunt, Stahlhofen, Tackmann, Walsh, '15
 - VH/Di-photon production

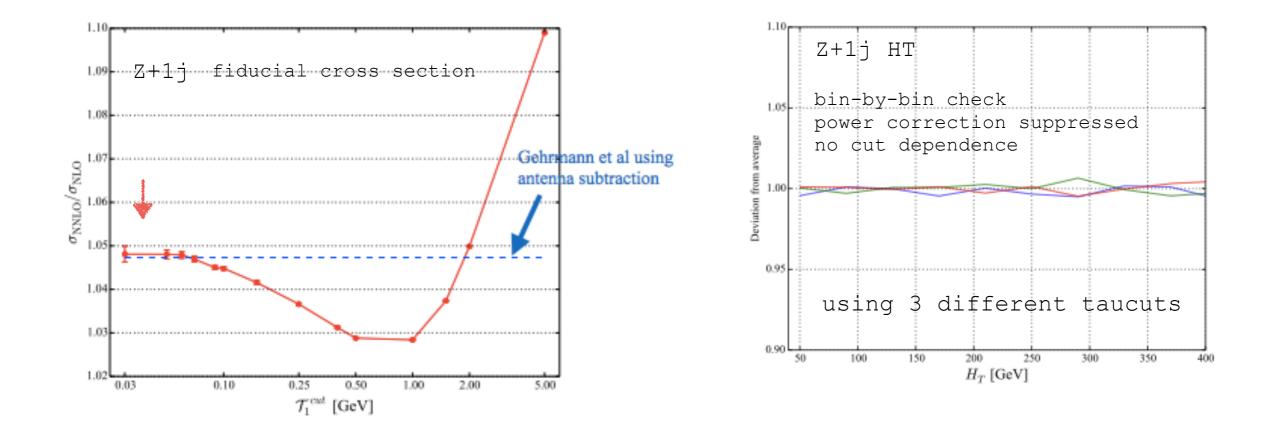
Campbell, Ellis, Williams, '16 Campbell, Ellis, Li, Williams, '16

N-Jettiness subtraction

Boughezal, Focke, XL, Petriello, '15 Gaunt, Stahlhofen, Tackmann, Walsh, '15

Validations

 taucut-independence check in all calculations

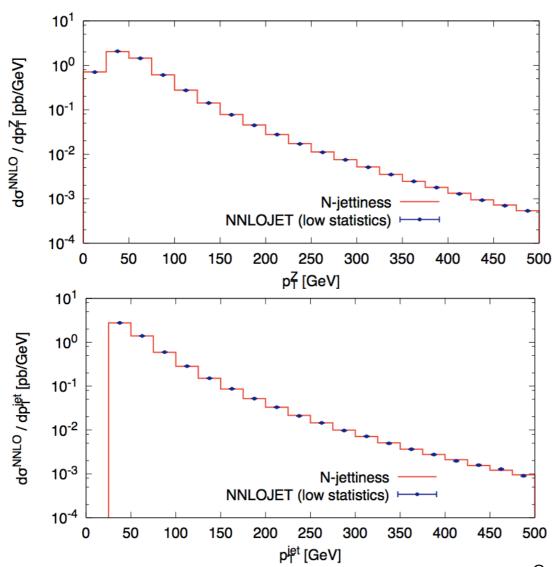


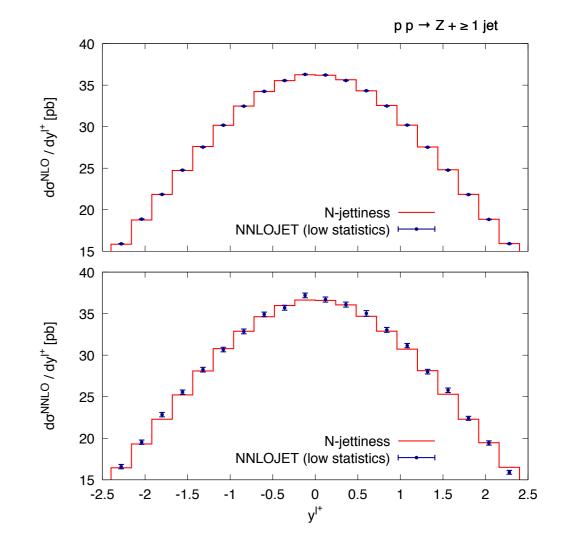
N-Jettiness subtraction

• more comparisons

Boughezal, Focke, XL, Petriello, '15 Gaunt, Stahlhofen, Tackmann, Walsh, '15

Validations



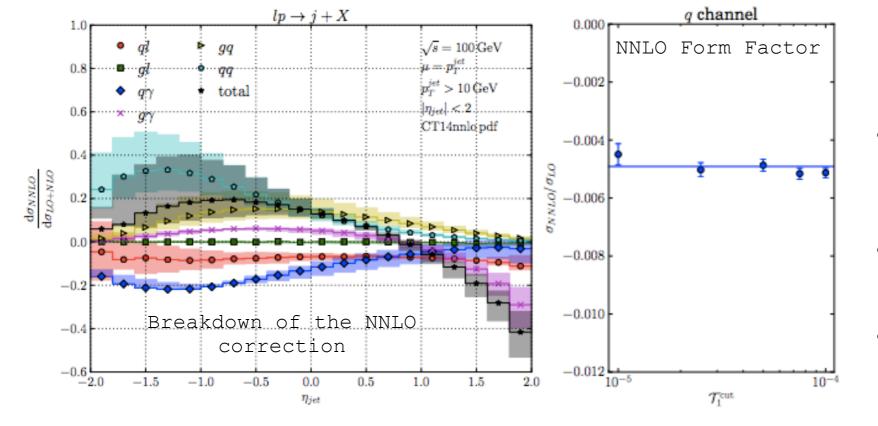


⁹

N-Jettiness subtraction

Boughezal, Focke, XL, Petriello, '15 Gaunt, Stahlhofen, Tackmann, Walsh, '15

Validations



• DIS form factor

- NNLO Single jet production
 new channels with large correction
- integrate over the phase space to reproduce the NNLO form factor
- interesting for EIC phenomenology

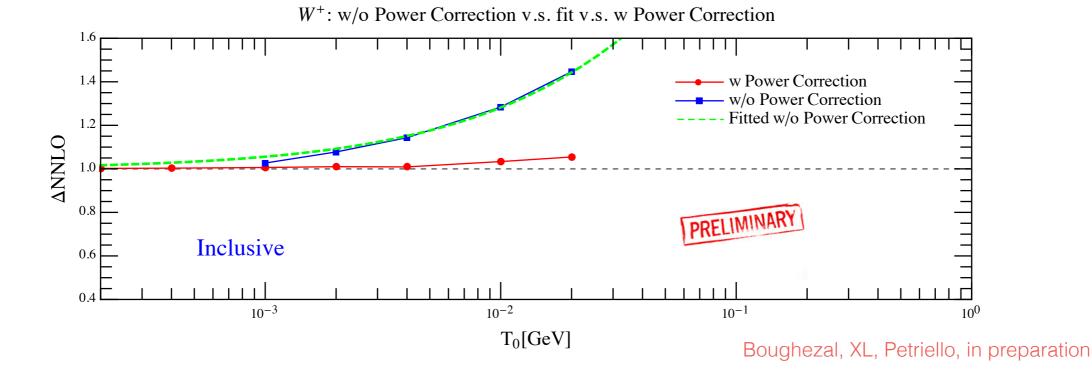
Abelof, Boughezal, XL, Petriello, '16

N-Jettiness subtraction

Boughezal, Focke, XL, Petriello, '15 Gaunt, Stahlhofen, Tackmann, Walsh, '15

power corrections

- logarithmic nature of dominant power corrections $lpha_s^n \, C_n \, \mathcal{T}_N^{ ext{cut}} \, L^{2n-1}$
- can be calculated in an easy way and higher order power corrections can be predicted from lower order calculations
- including power corrections can improve the convergence

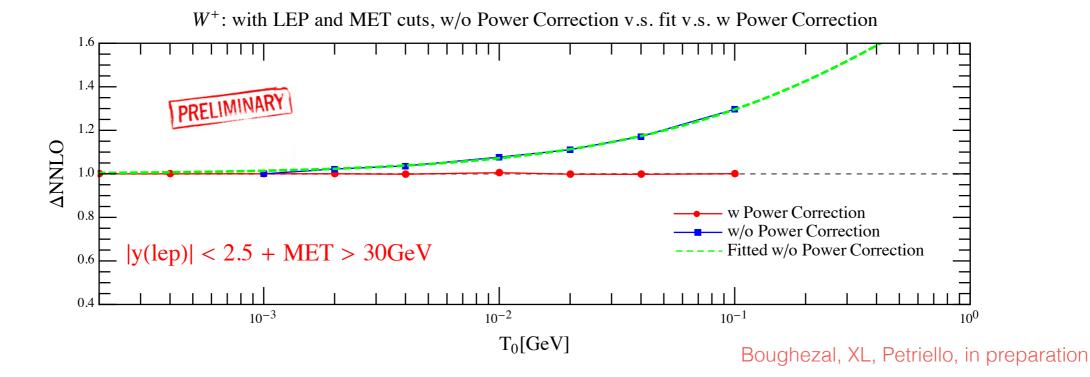


N-Jettiness subtraction

Boughezal, Focke, XL, Petriello, '15 Gaunt, Stahlhofen, Tackmann, Walsh, '15

power corrections

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- including power corrections can improve the convergence



• Comparison with 7TeV data Boughezal, XL, Petriello, '16

• W+1j

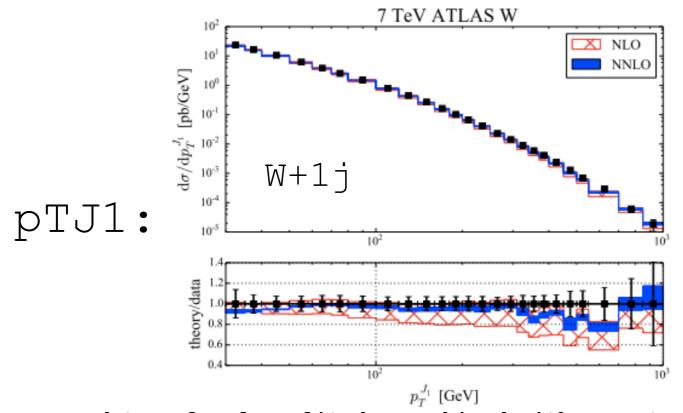
W-boson cuts	ATLAS [10]	CMS [11]
lepton p_T	$p_T^l > 25~{\rm GeV}$	$p_T^l > 25~{\rm GeV}$
lepton η	$ \eta^l < 2.5$	$ \eta^l < 2.1$
missing E_T	$E_T^{miss}>25~{\rm GeV}$	-
transverse mass	$m_T > 40~{\rm GeV}$	$m_T > 50 { m ~GeV}$
jet p_T	$p_T^J > 30~{\rm GeV}$	$p_T^J > 30~{\rm GeV}$
jet η	$ \eta^J < 4.4$	$ \eta^J < 2.4$
anti- k_T radius	R = 0.4	R = 0.5

CERN-PH-EP-2014-199 CERN-PH-EP-2014-134

$$\mu_0=\sqrt{M_V^2+\sum_i(p_T^{J_i})^2}$$

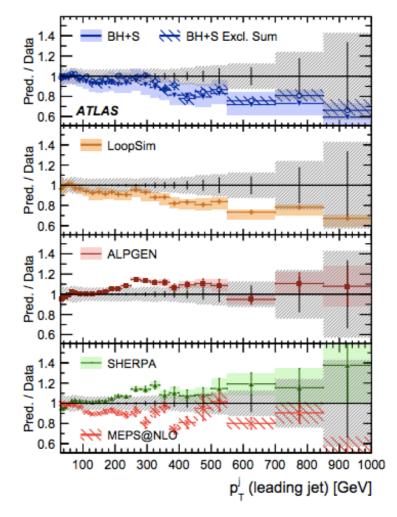
- CT14NNLO PDFs for NNLO results, CT14NLO for NLO results
- Vary muF and muR independently
- non-perturbative corrections included for ATLAS pTJ and yJ
- QED FSR factors included for ATLAS pTJ and yJ

Comparison with 7TeV data Boughezal, XL, Petriello, '16

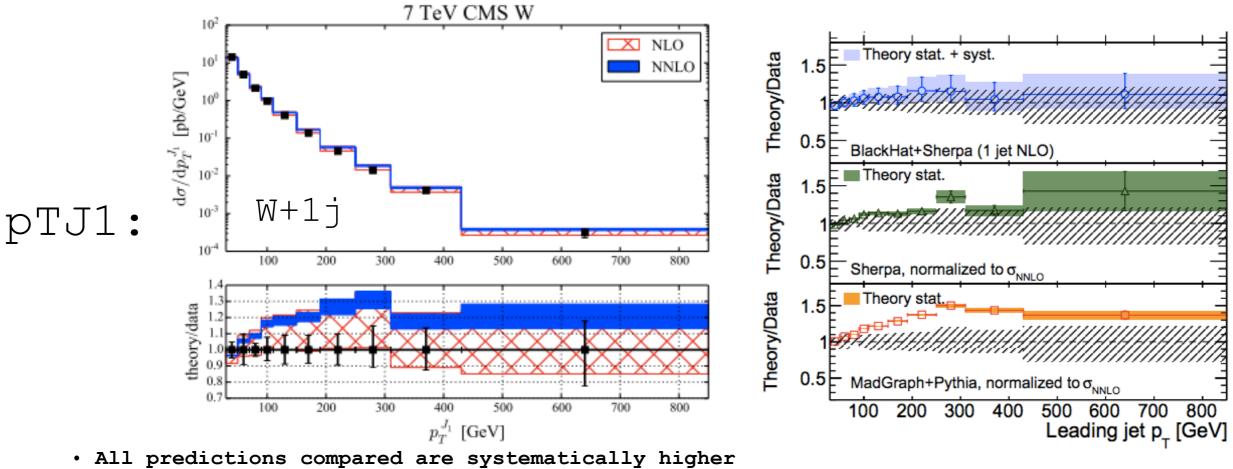


- Merged tree-level amplitudes combined with a parton shower describe the measurements: higher than but within experimental errors
- NLO QCD, LoopSim and MEPS@NLO predictions are all lower than the data.
- NNLO QCD corrections increase the NLO prediction, leading to a better agreement with ATLAS data. Scale uncertainty is reduced



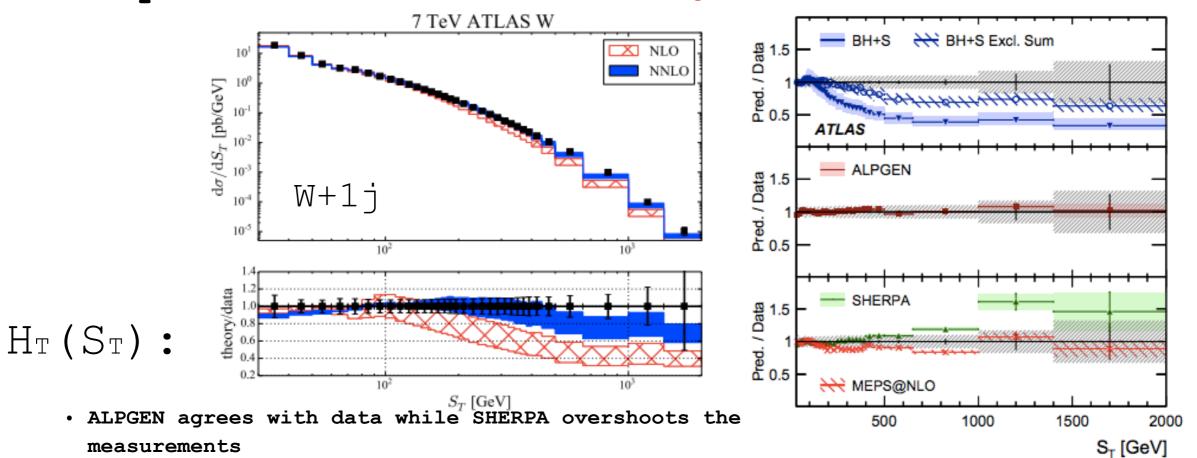


• Comparison with 7TeV data Boughezal, XL, Petriello, '16



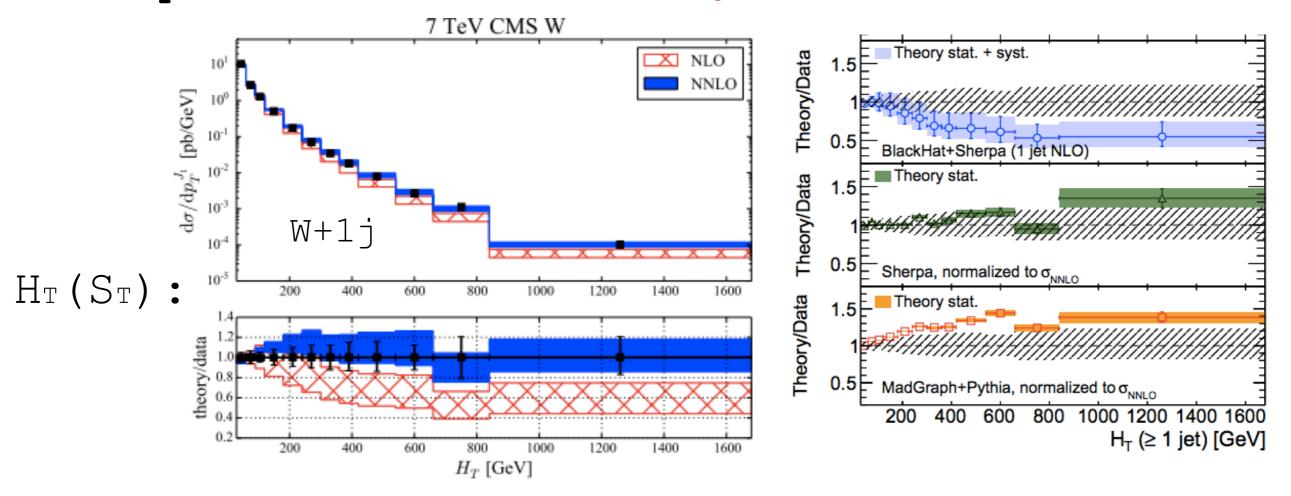
- All predictions compared are systematically highe than the CMS data
- NNLO QCD corrections reduce the NLO scale uncertainty to make it clear

• Comparison with 7TeV data Boughezal, XL, Petriello, '16



- The NLO predictions far undershoot the data while MEPS@NLO does a good job
- The NNLO corrections bring theory into good agreement with experiment, with a slight undershoot at very high ST

• Comparison with 7TeV data Boughezal, XL, Petriello, '16



- Merged tree-level amplitudes combined with a parton shower are higher than the measurements.
- NLO QCD corrections lower than the data.
- NNLO can predict this distribution well.

- Comparison with 7TeV data Boughezal, XL, Petriello, '16
 - Z+1j

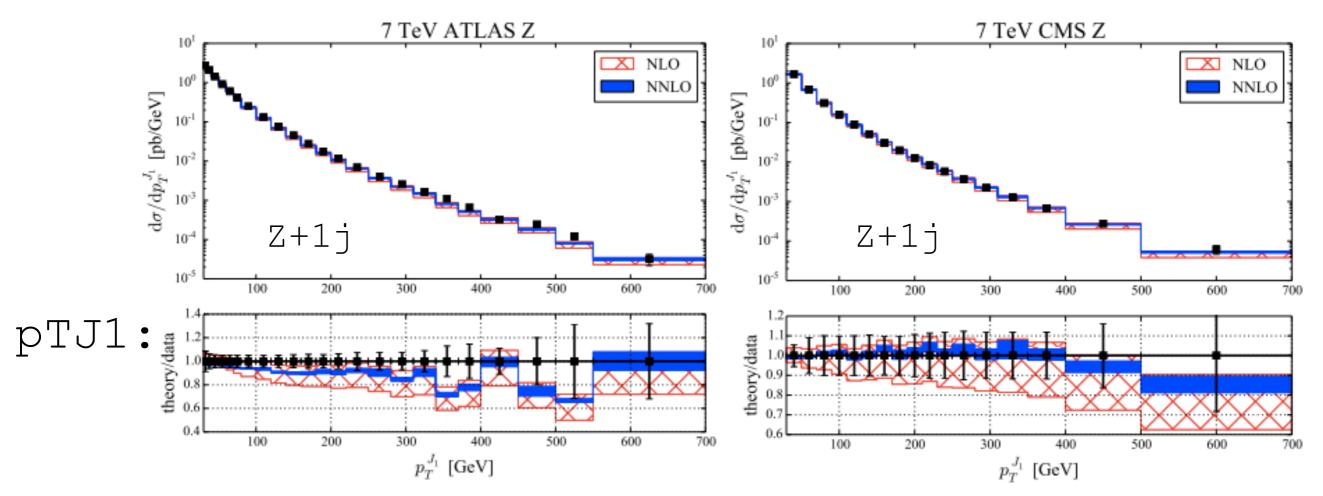
Z-boson cuts	ATLAS [12]	CMS [13]
lepton p_T	$p_T^l > 20~{\rm GeV}$	$p_T^l > 20~{\rm GeV}$
lepton η	$ \eta^l < 2.5$	$ \eta^l < 2.4$
lepton separation	$\Delta R_{ll} > 0.2$	_
lepton invariant mass	$66{\rm GeV} < m_{ll} < 116{\rm GeV}$	$71{\rm GeV} < m_{ll} < 111{\rm GeV}$
jet p_T	$p_T^J > 30~{\rm GeV}$	$p_T^J > 30~{\rm GeV}$
jet η	$ \eta^J < 4.4$	$ \eta^J < 2.4$
anti- k_T radius	R = 0.4	R = 0.5

CERN-PH-EP-2013-023 CERN-PH-EP-2014-205

$$\mu_0=\sqrt{M_V^2+\sum_i (p_T^{J_i})^2}$$

- CT14NNLO PDFs for NNLO results, CT14NLO for NLO results
- Vary muF and muR independently
- non-perturbative corrections included for ATLAS pTJ and yJ
- QED FSR factors included for ATLAS pTJ and yJ

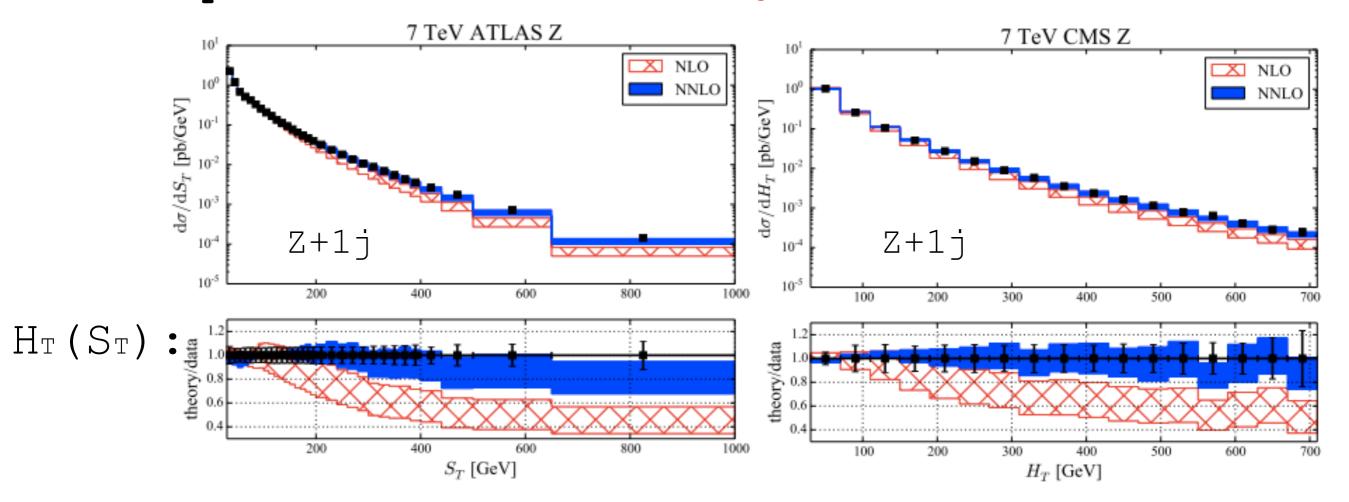
• Comparison with 7TeV data Boughezal, XL, Petriello, '16



- The NLO prediction agrees with the data within errors.
- The NNLO QCD prediction is in better agreement with the CMS data over the entire pTJ1 range.
- The NNLO QCD prediction increases NLO but still undershoots the ATLAS data.

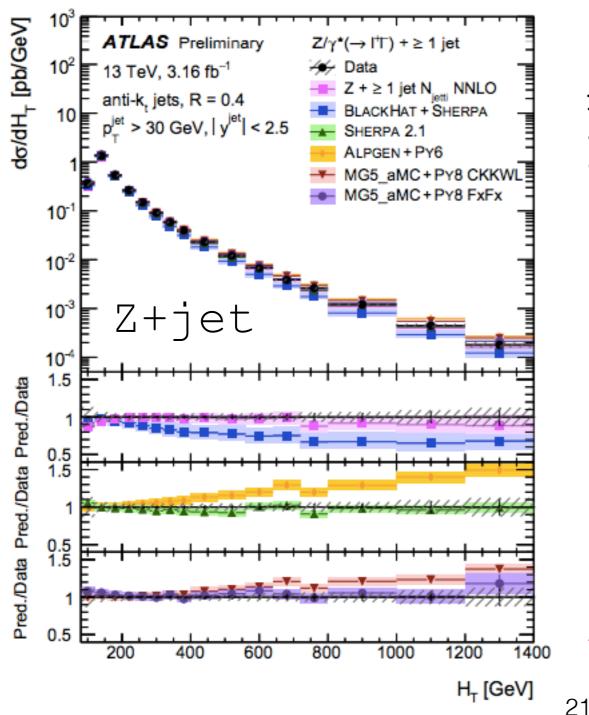
CERN-PH-EP-2013-023 CERN-PH-EP-2014-205

• Comparison with 7TeV data Boughezal, XL, Petriello, '16



- The NLO prediction below the data.
- The NNLO QCD prediction is in good agreement with both experiments over the entire range.

CERN-PH-EP-2013-023 CERN-PH-EP-2014-205



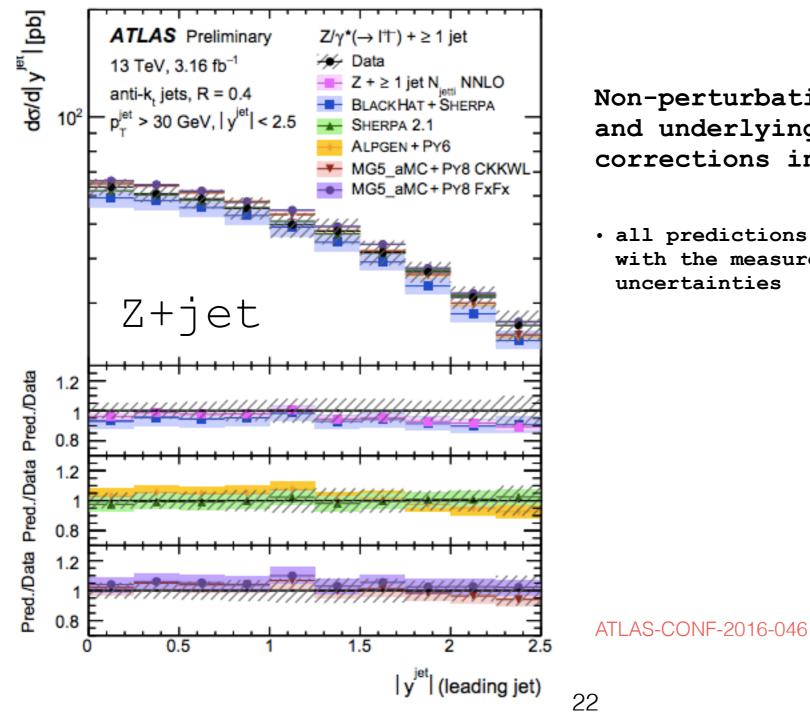
Comparison with 13TeV data Boughezal, XL, Petriello, '16

Non-perturbative (hadronisation and underlying event) and FSR corrections included

- SHERPA AND MG5_aMC+PY8 FxFx describes well the data
- ALPGEN+PY6 AND MG5_aMC+PY8 CKKWL overshoot at large HT
- BlackHat+SHERPA under-estimates the cross section for large values of HT > 300 GeV
- The agreement is recovered by adding NNLO corrections in perturbative QCD

ATLAS-CONF-2016-046

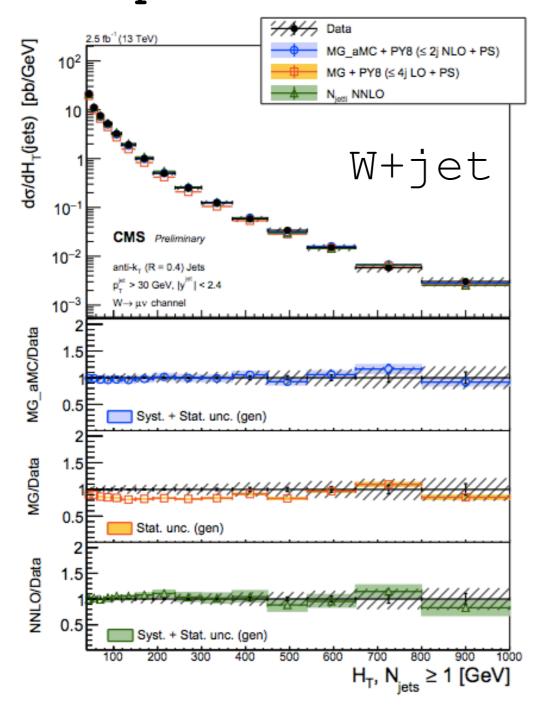
Comparison with 13TeV data Boughezal, XL, Petriello, '16



Non-perturbative (hadronisation and underlying event) and FSR corrections included

 all predictions show a good agreement with the measured data within the uncertainties

Comparison with 13TeV data Boughezal, XL, Petriello, '16

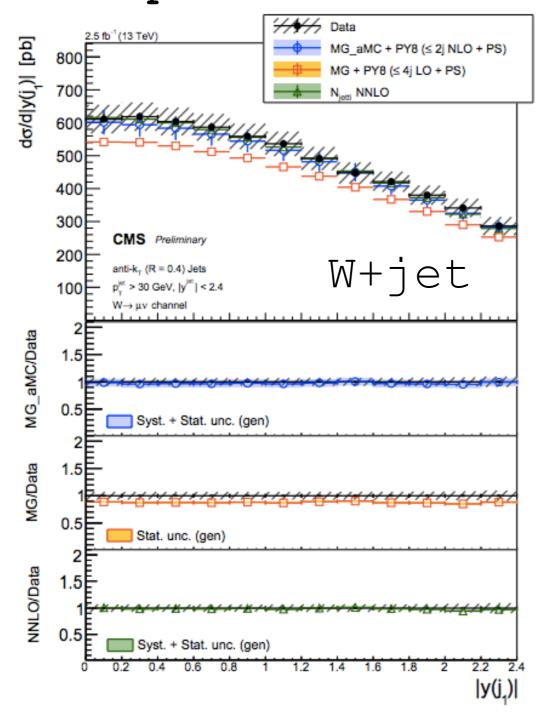


Non-perturbative (hadronisation and MPI) and FSR corrections included

- the merged NLO generator for all inclusive jet multiplicities describes the data well
- LO MG+PY8 is slightly lower than the data in the small HT region
- the NNLO calculation for one inclusive jet multiplicity describes the data well

CMS PAS SMP-16-005

Comparison with 13TeV data Boughezal, XL, Petriello, '16



Non-perturbative (hadronisation and MPI) and FSR corrections included

- the merged NLO generator for all inclusive jet multiplicities describes the data well
- LO MG+PY8 is slightly lower than the data
- the NNLO calculation for one inclusive jet multiplicity describes the data well

CMS PAS SMP-16-005

24

Conclusions

- N-jettiness subtraction
 - a subtraction scheme for jet production
 - confirm the known V/H inclusive, VH and di-photon productions
 - used for H/V/DIS+1J

Thanks