

## Muon Monitor Analysis

- Analysis of new data + comparison with old (first NOvA run) data
  - Stability over time
  - Muon Monitors VS beam intensity
  - Centroids over time and with respect to the horn current
- Signals are normalized to the POT, corrected for the pedestals and for the pressure

### Data:

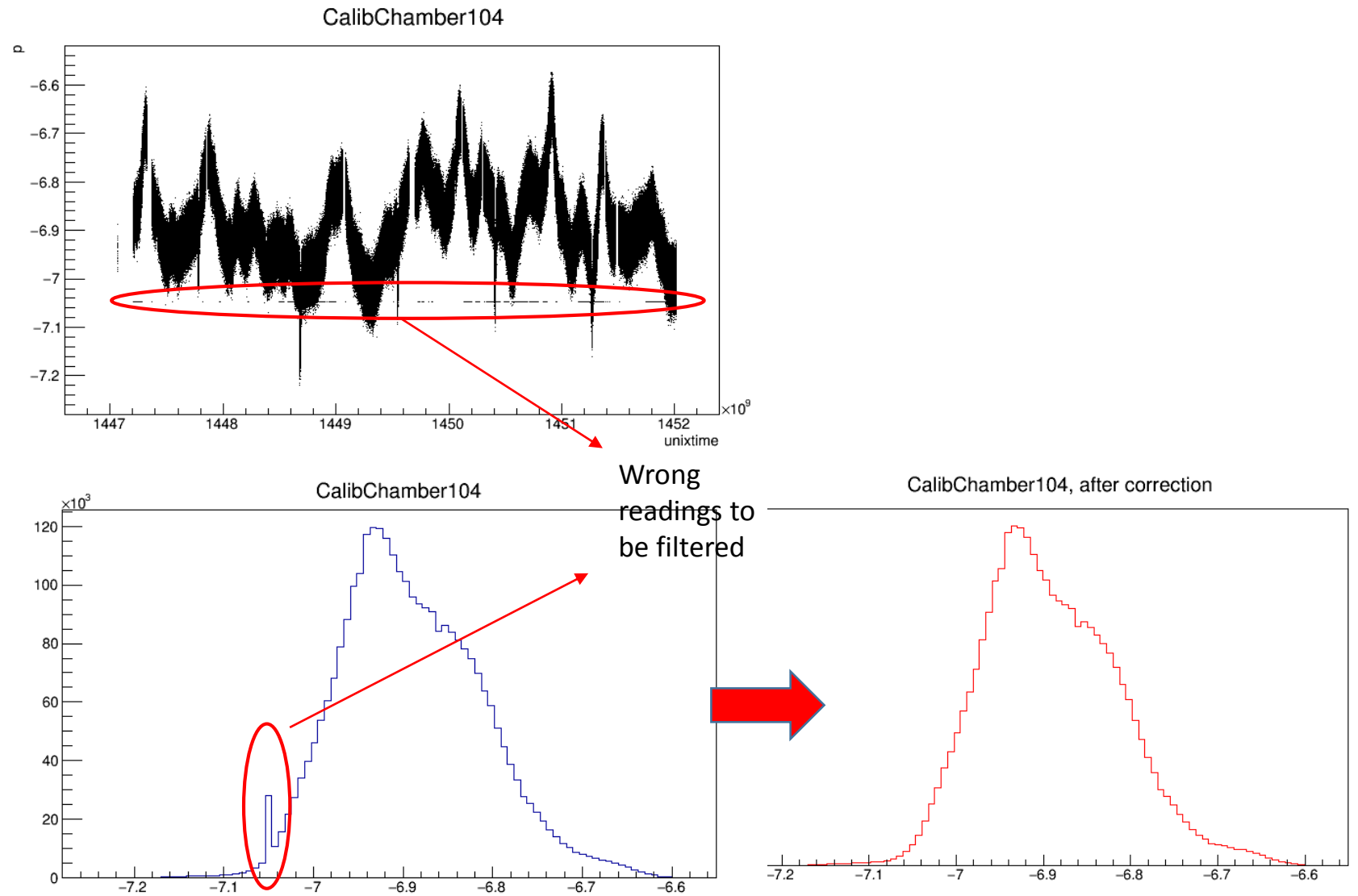
- For the first NOvA run (RUN1) we have Nov2014, Jan2015, Mar2015, May/June2015
- For the second NOvA run (RUN2) I processed the data from 23 Oct to 19 Jan
- New beam alignment to the center of the Hadron Monitor for second NOvA run

### About the calibration chambers:

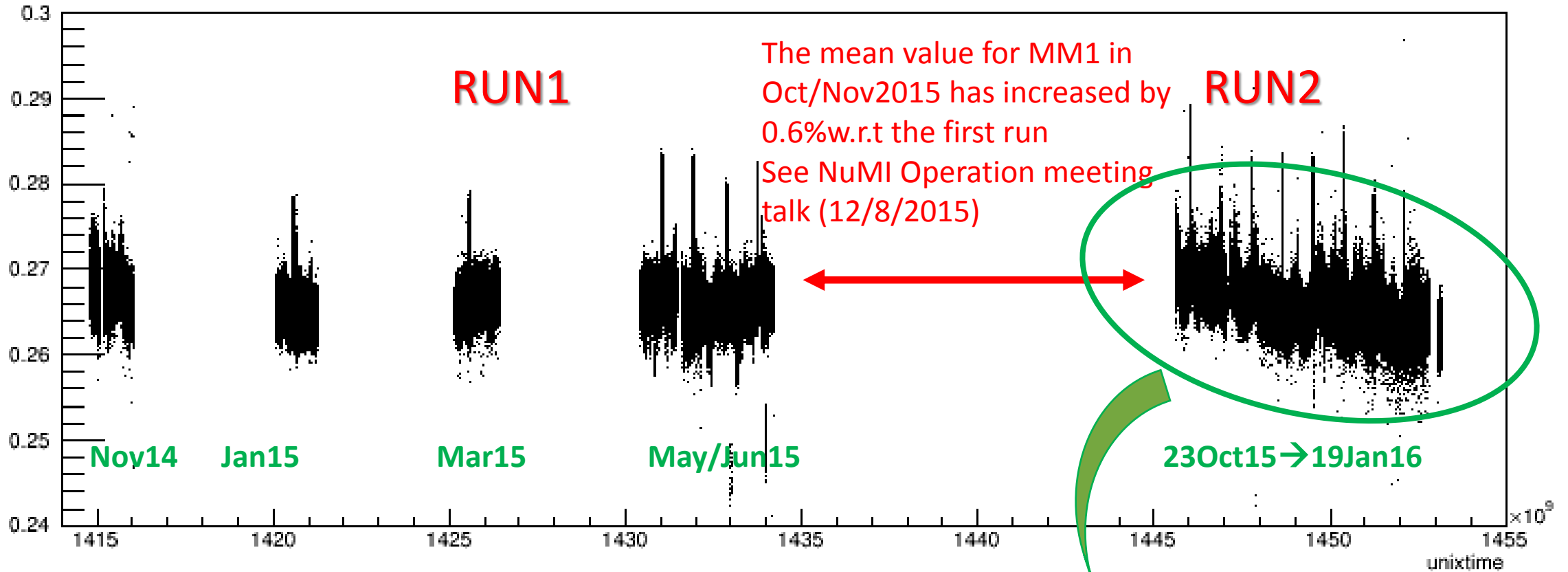
- There are wrong readings that I have to filter out before applying the correction (see next slide)
- Couldn't do it for few days in January 2016 since the calibration chamber swic was not running

# Muon Monitors – Calibration Chambers

- For all the 3 calibration chambers we need to filter out wrong readings, can't really just cut them since they're in the distribution of the good values  
Here's an example for Calibration Chamber104 of MM1
- Plus, there are wrong data clearly out of the distribution, just cut them out and don't compute the corresponding MM signal in those cases



MM1 - POT norm, ped&pres corr



The mean value for MM1 in Oct/Nov2015 has increased by 0.6% w.r.t the first run  
See NuMI Operation meeting talk (12/8/2015)

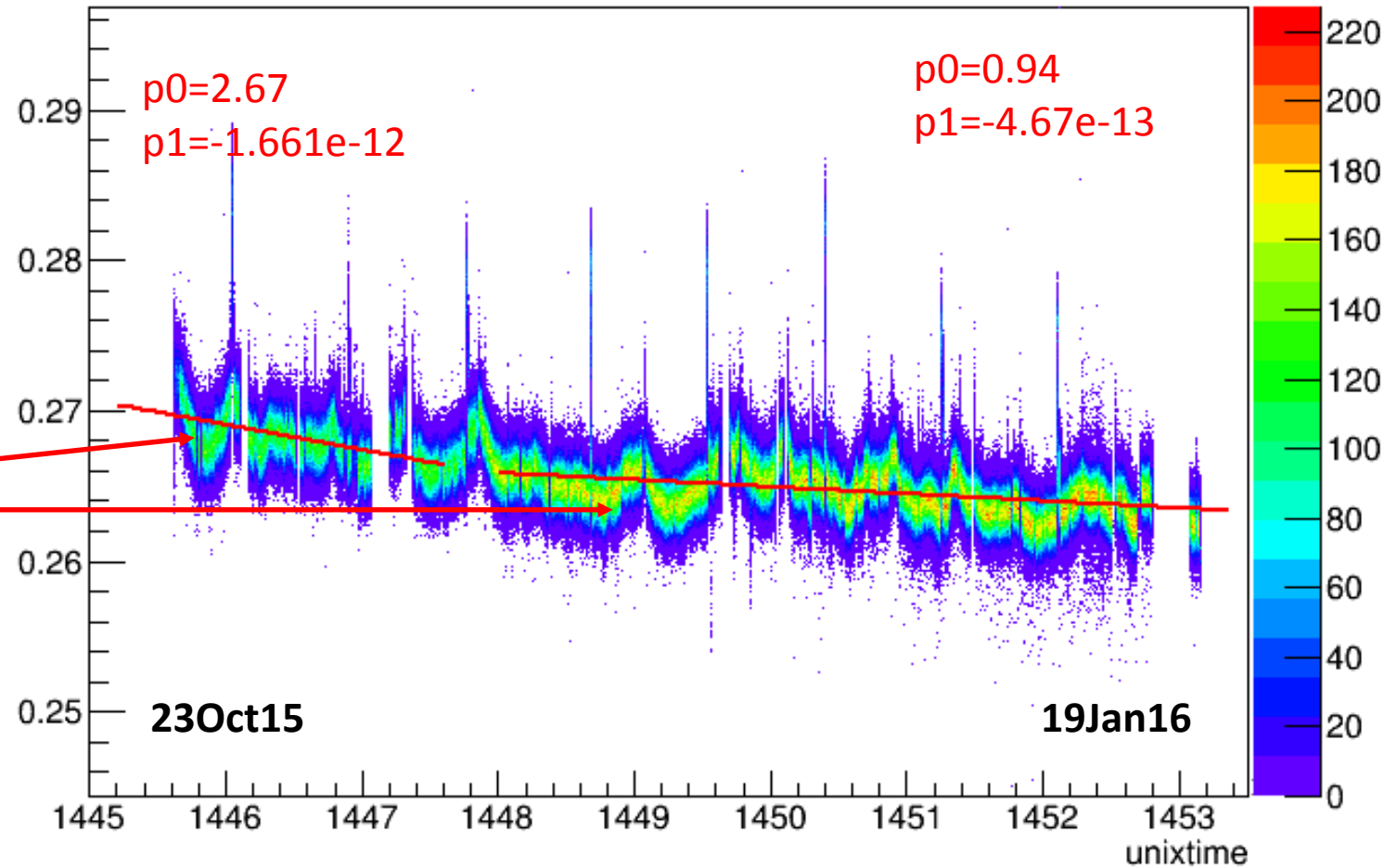
**RUN2**

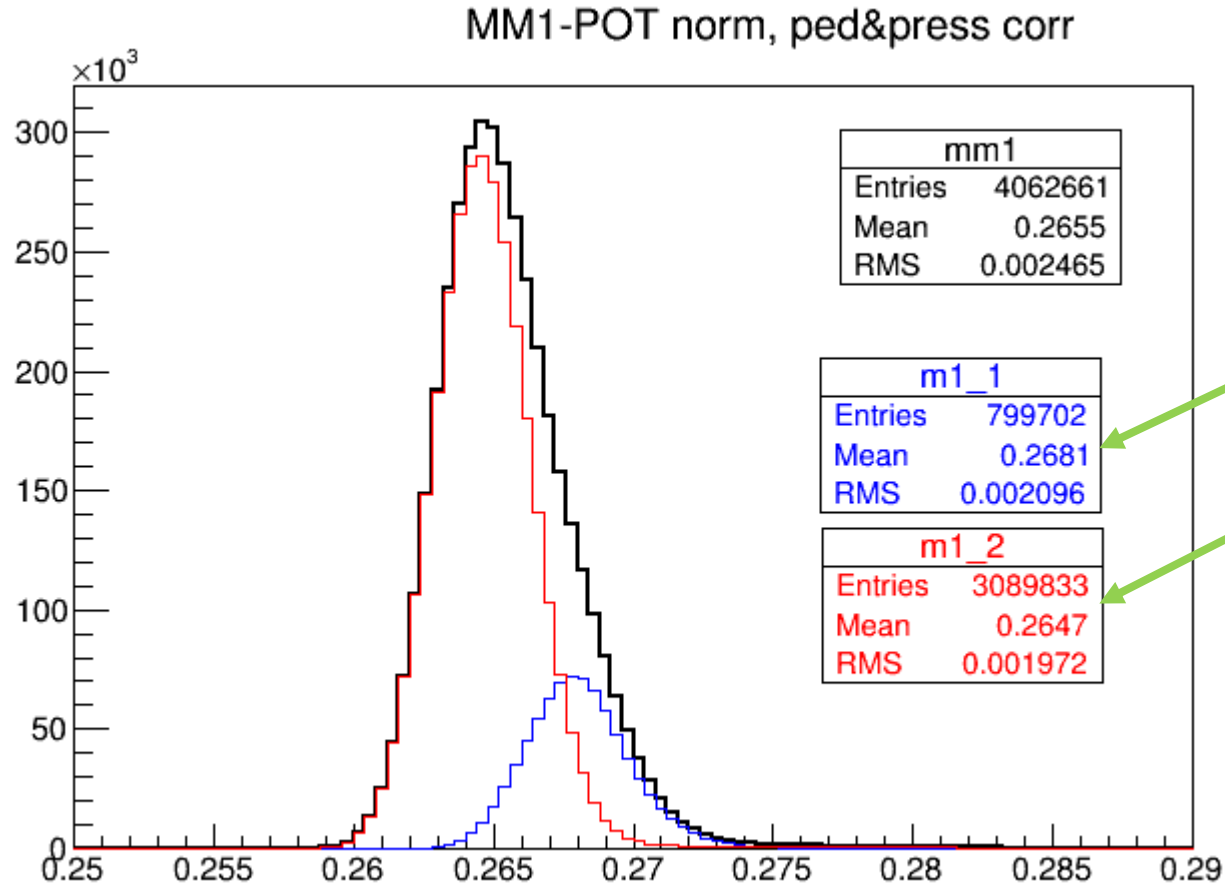
23 Oct15 → 19 Jan16

Let's have a look at Run2

MM1-POT norm, ped&press corr

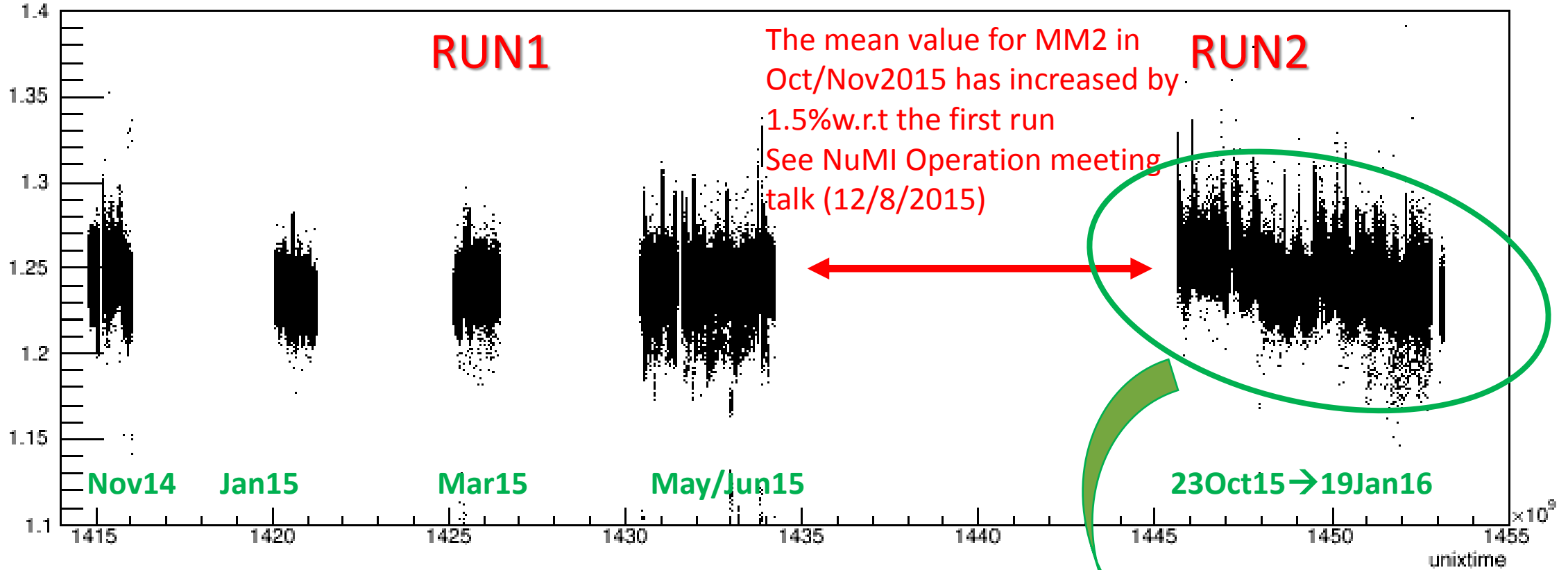
- PERIOD1: At the beginning of the Run only main injector was used with a 1.67s cycle
- From 16 November we had a mixed mode with some cycles in the recycler
- PERIOD2: From 20 November the whole beam is through the recycler with a 1.3s cycle
- Fitting separately **period1** and **period2**  
 → The signal decrease in period 2 is **0.8%**
- Overall since the beginning of the run there's a 2% decrease





- The mean value goes from 0.2681 to 0.2647 from **period1** to **period2**
- **Run1** mean value was 0.2662  
→ **there's an half % difference w.r.t. period2 of Run2**
- Is there a trend in the signal decrease?  
Maybe not, we need to look at more data, it would be more clear after about a month or 2 of more data

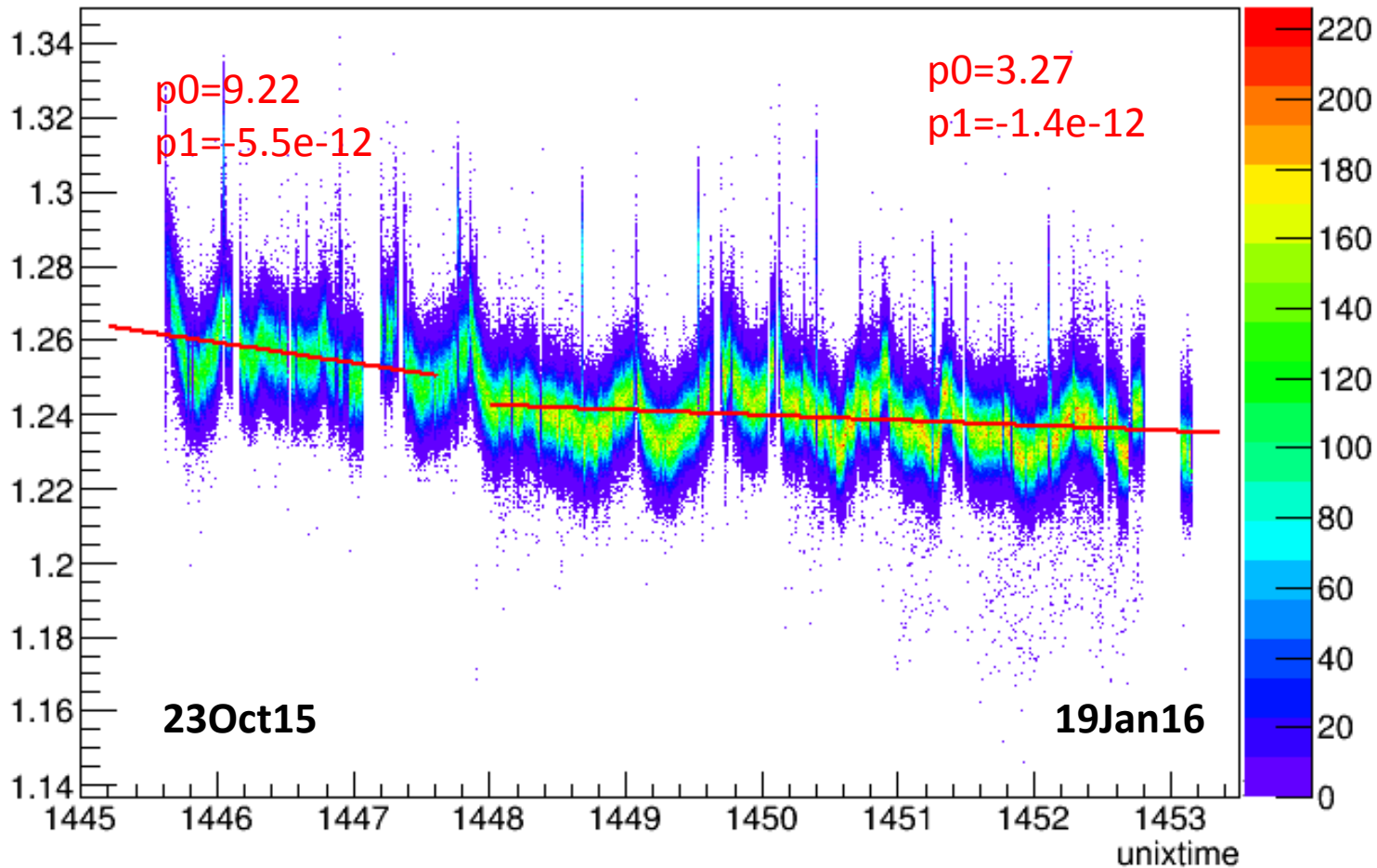
MM2 - POT norm, ped&pres corr



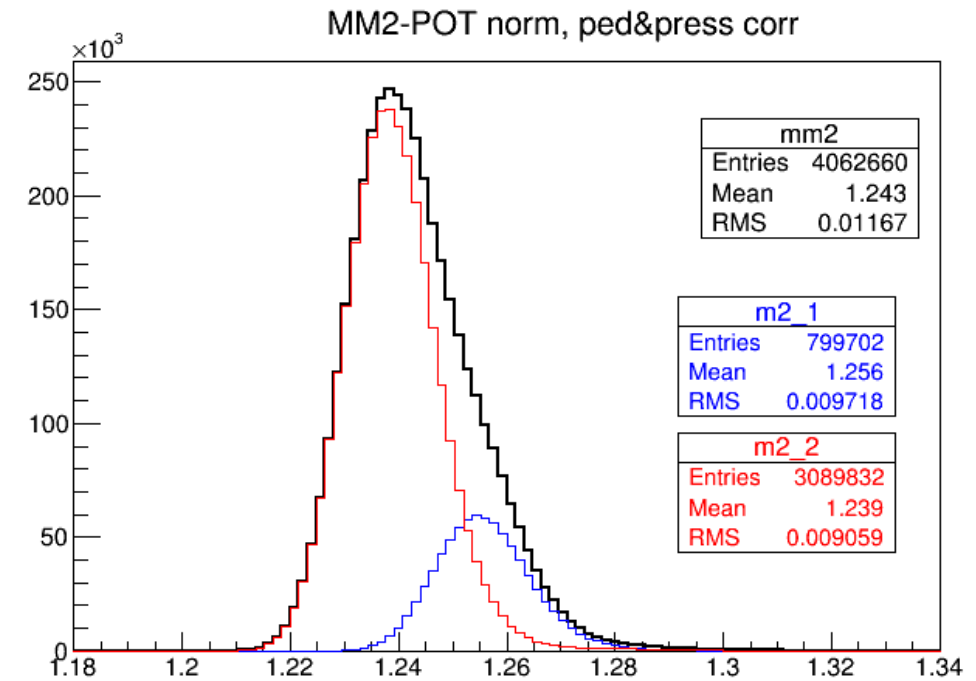
## Muon Monitor 2 – Run2

- Same here, two different fits
- ➔ The signal decrease in period 2 is **0.6%**, 2% since the beginning

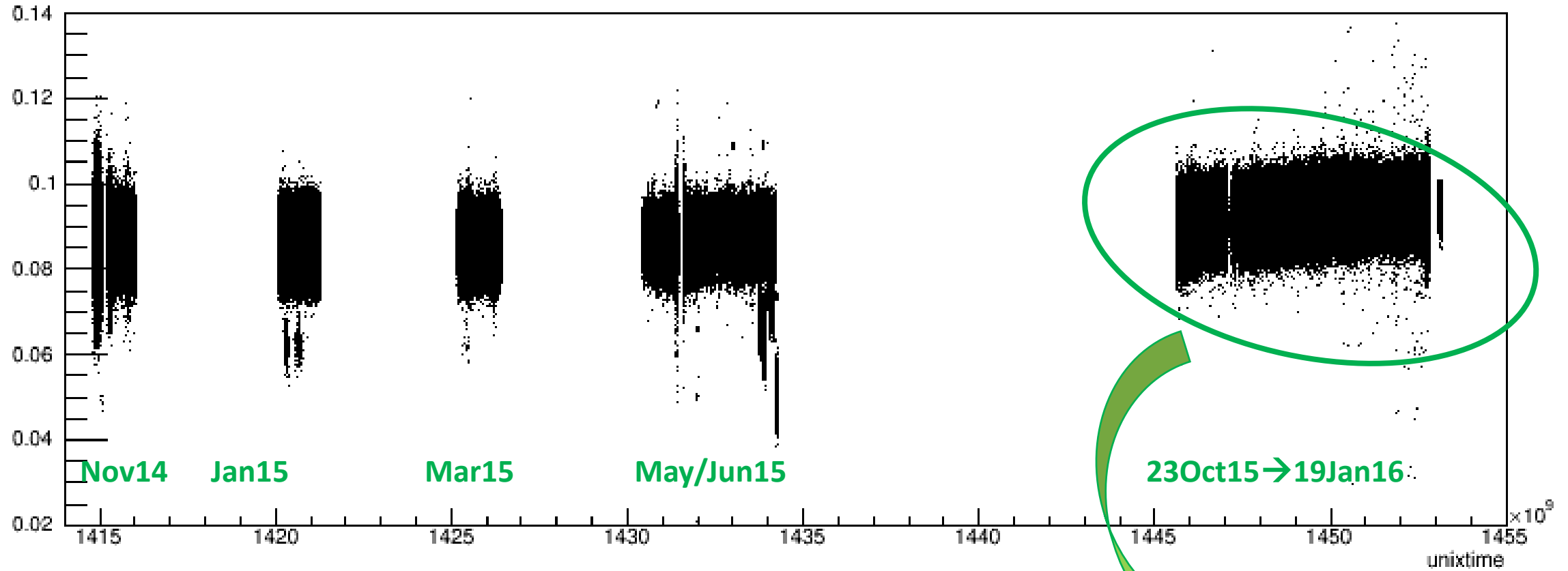
MM2-POT norm, ped&press corr



- The mean value goes from 1.26 to 1.24 from **period1** to **period2**
- **Run1** mean value was 1.239 ➔ **In Run2 period2 MM2 has the same mean value**
- Is there a trend in the signal decrease?  
Again, we need to look at more data



MM3 - POT norm, ped&pres corr



23Oct15 → 19Jan16

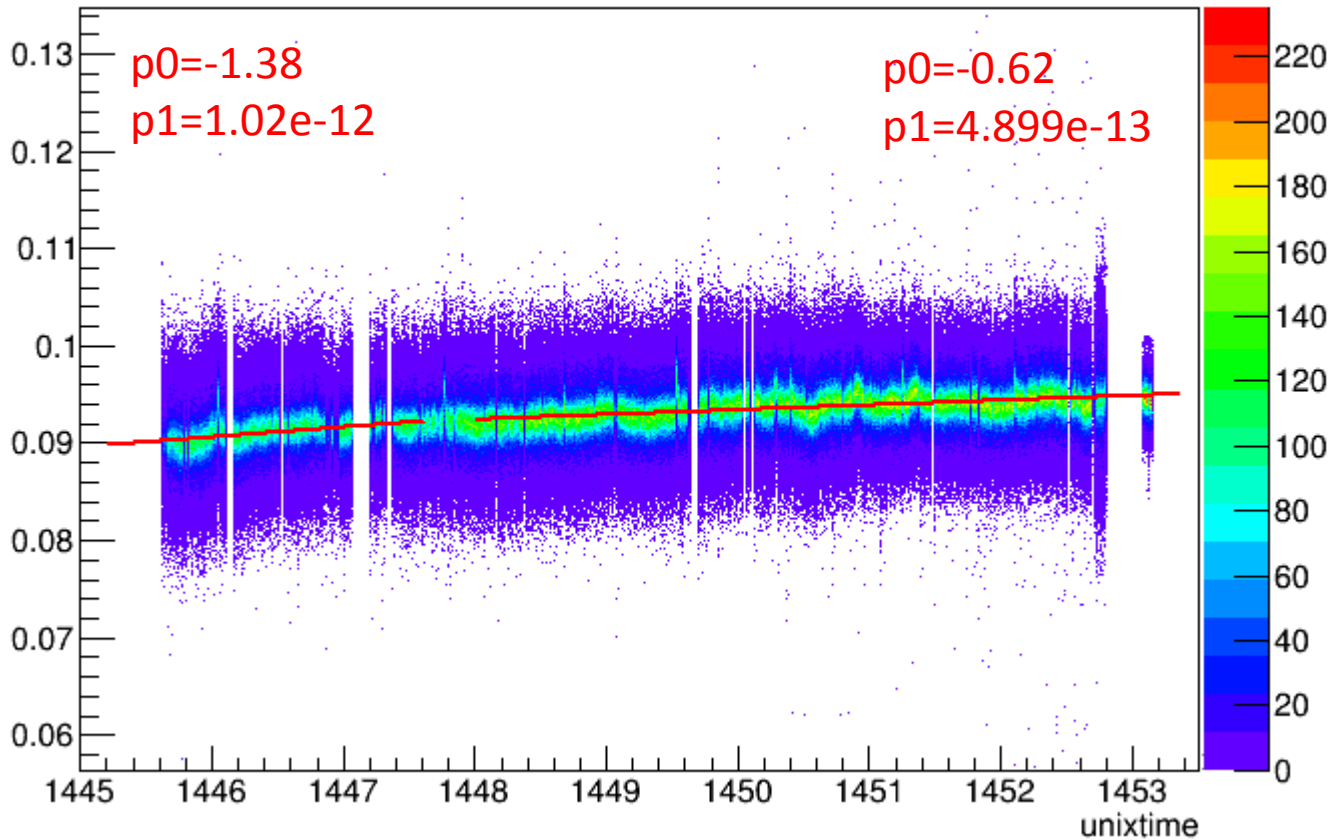
Let's have a look at Run2



# Muon Monitor 3 – Run2

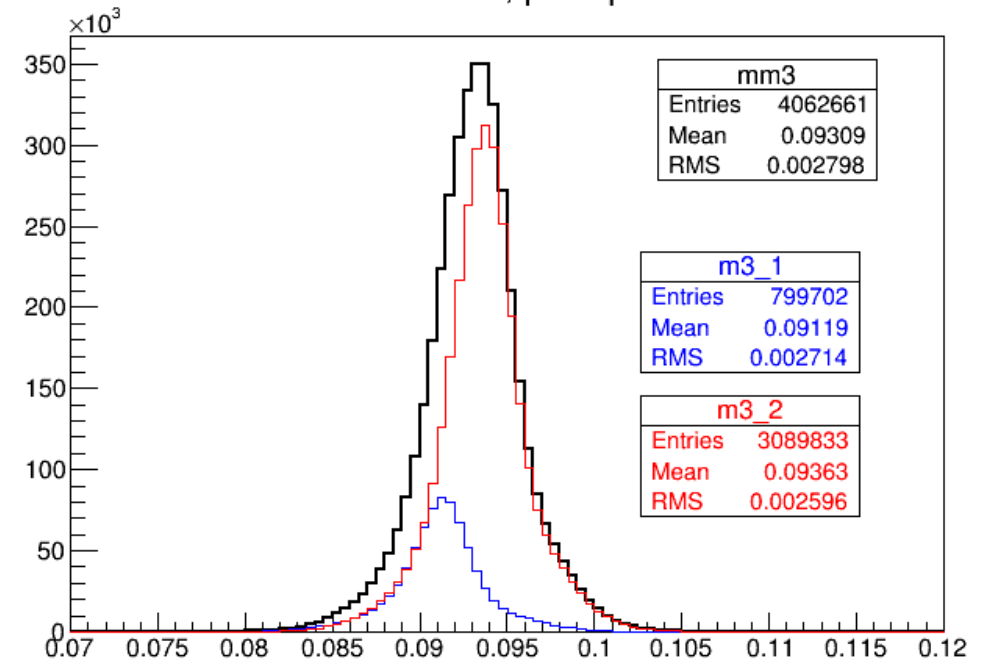
- Same here, two different fits
- ➔ The signal increase in period 2 is **3%**

MM3-POT norm, ped&press corr



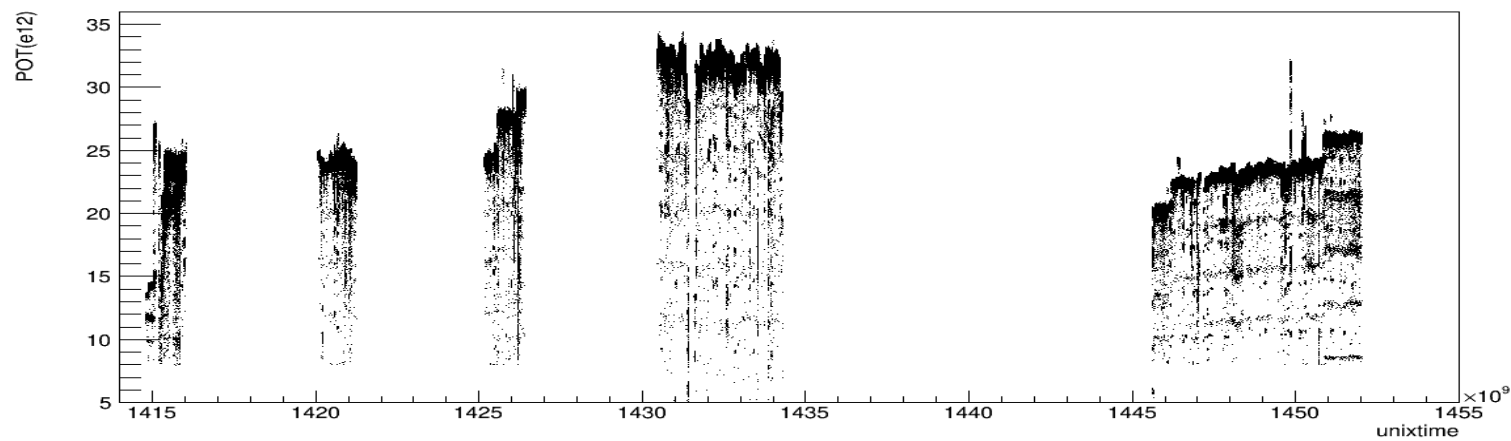
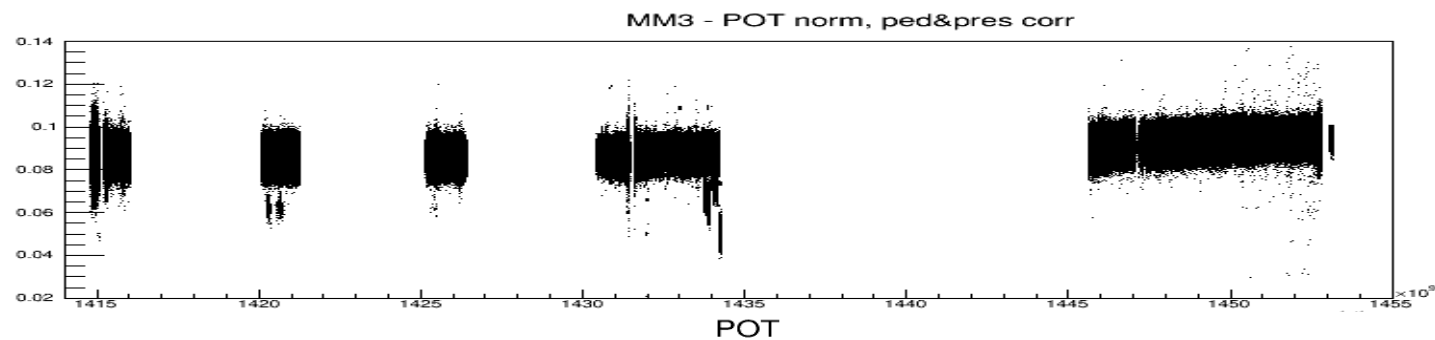
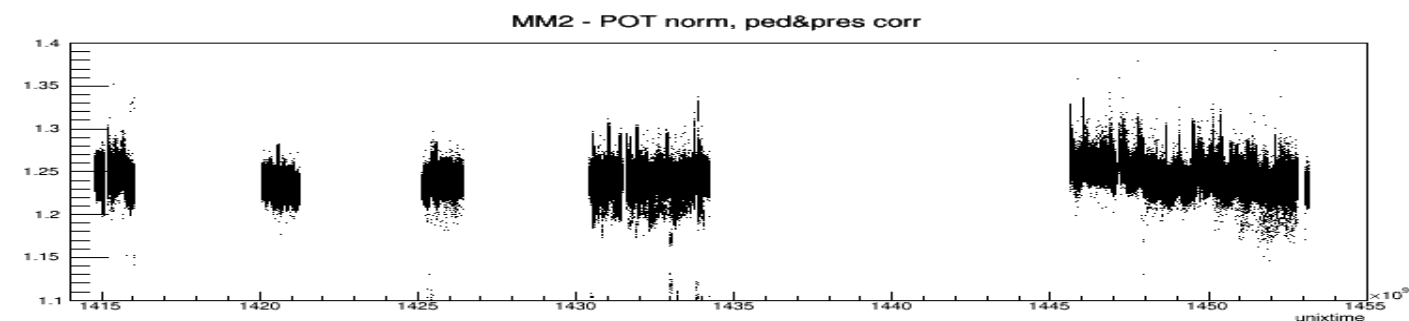
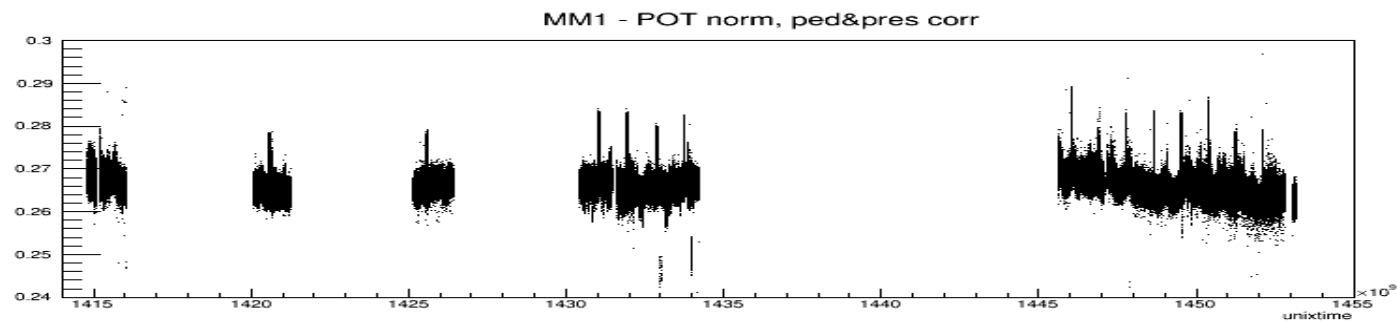
- The mean value goes from goes from 0.091 to 0.093 from period1 to period2
- Is there a trend in the signal increase? Again, we need to look at more data

MM3-POT norm, ped&press corr



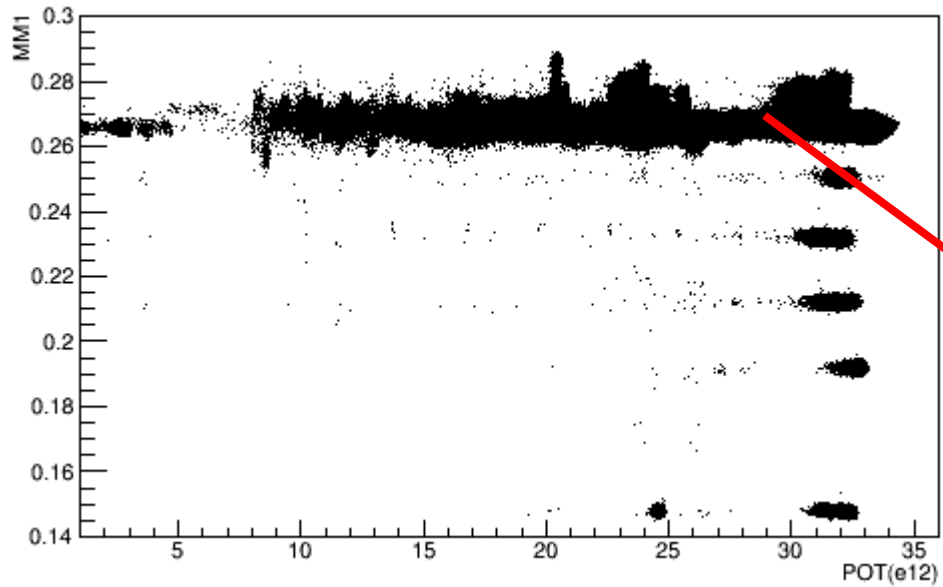
# Muon Monitors & POT

...check the MM signal VS the POT to investigate possible saturation problems...

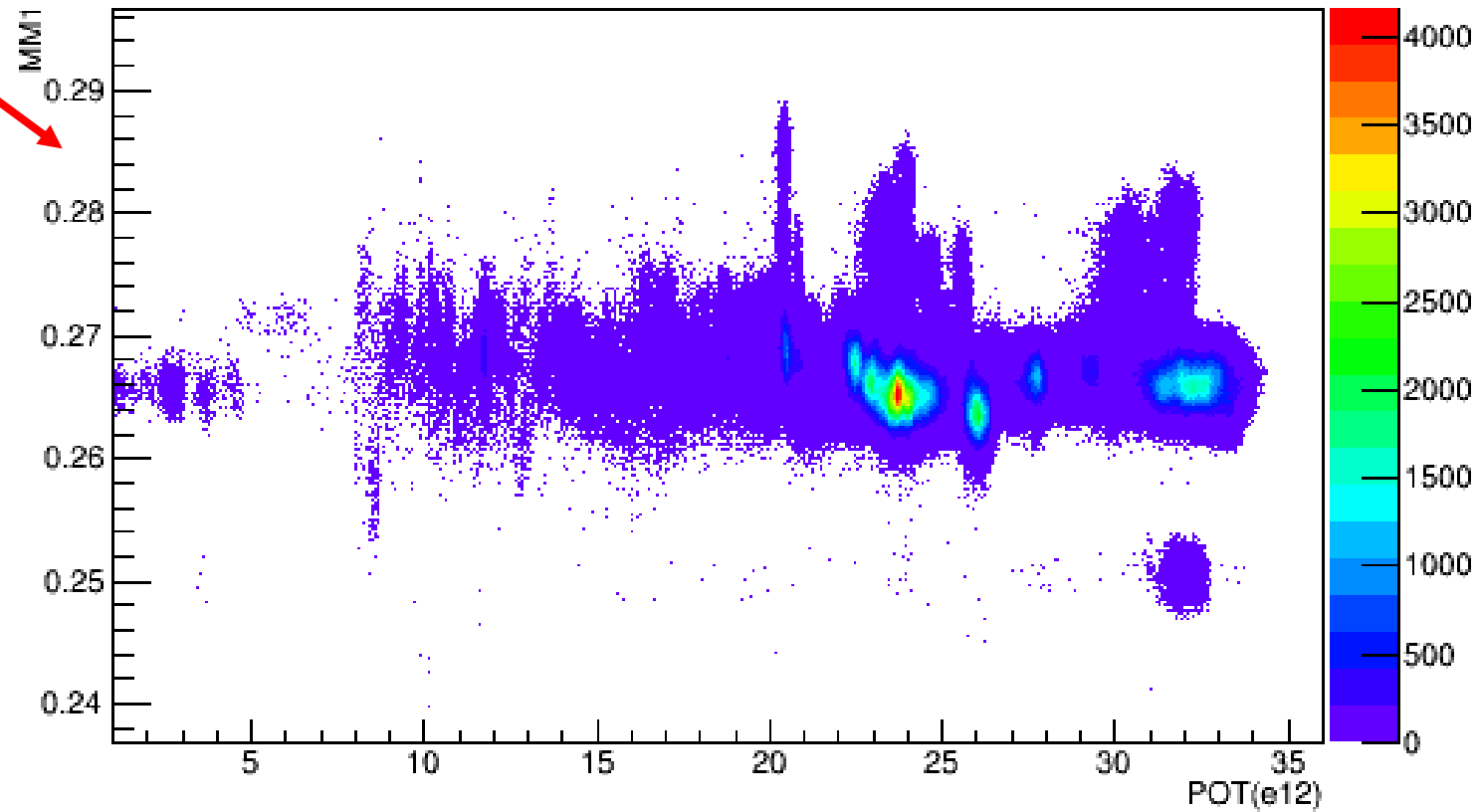


# Muon Monitor1 & POT

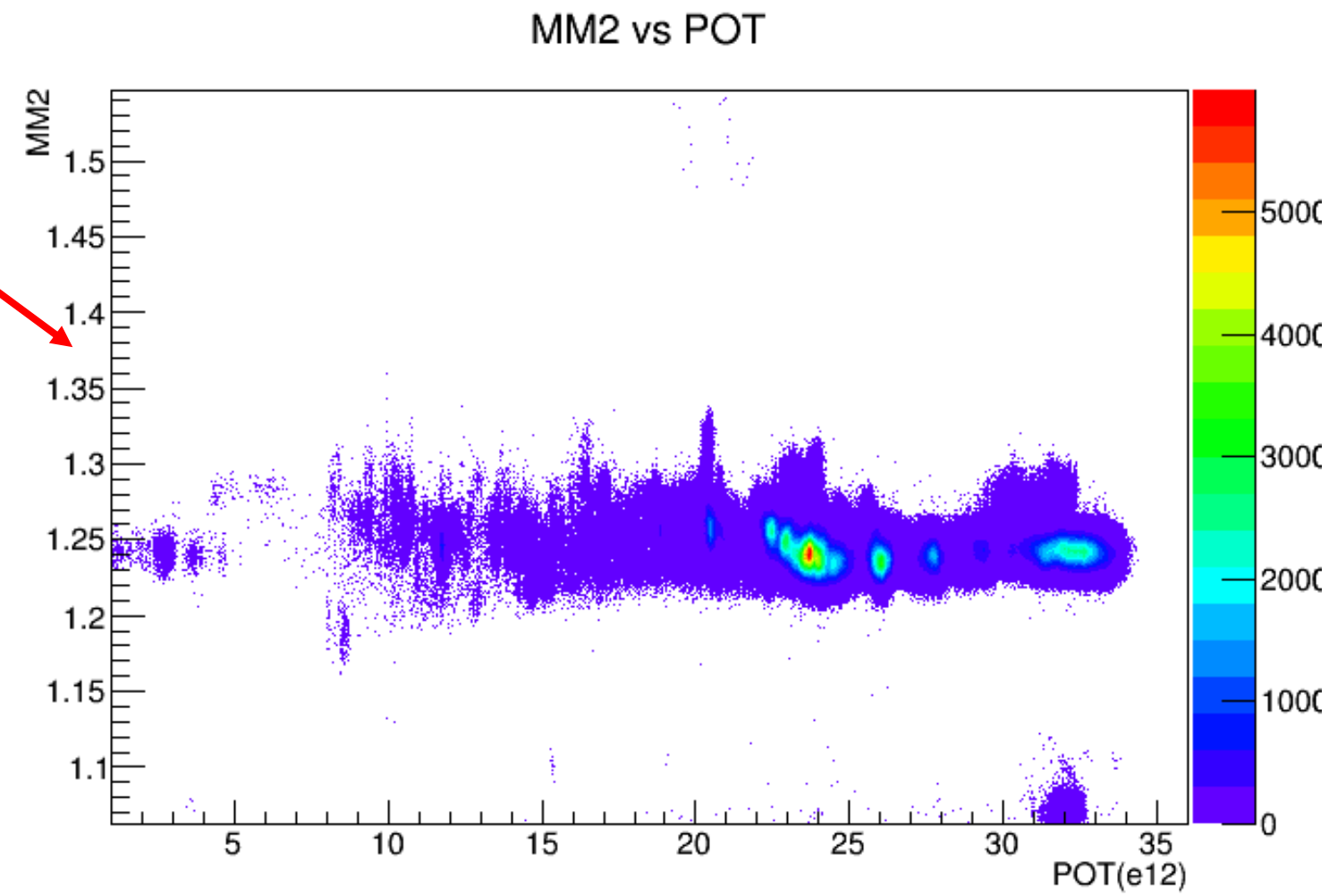
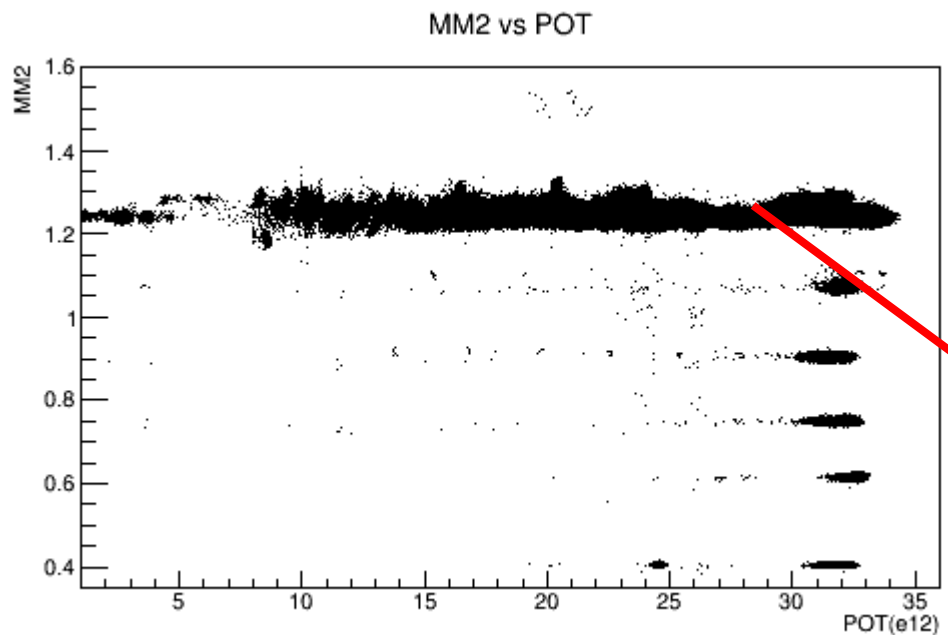
MM1 vs POT



MM1 vs POT

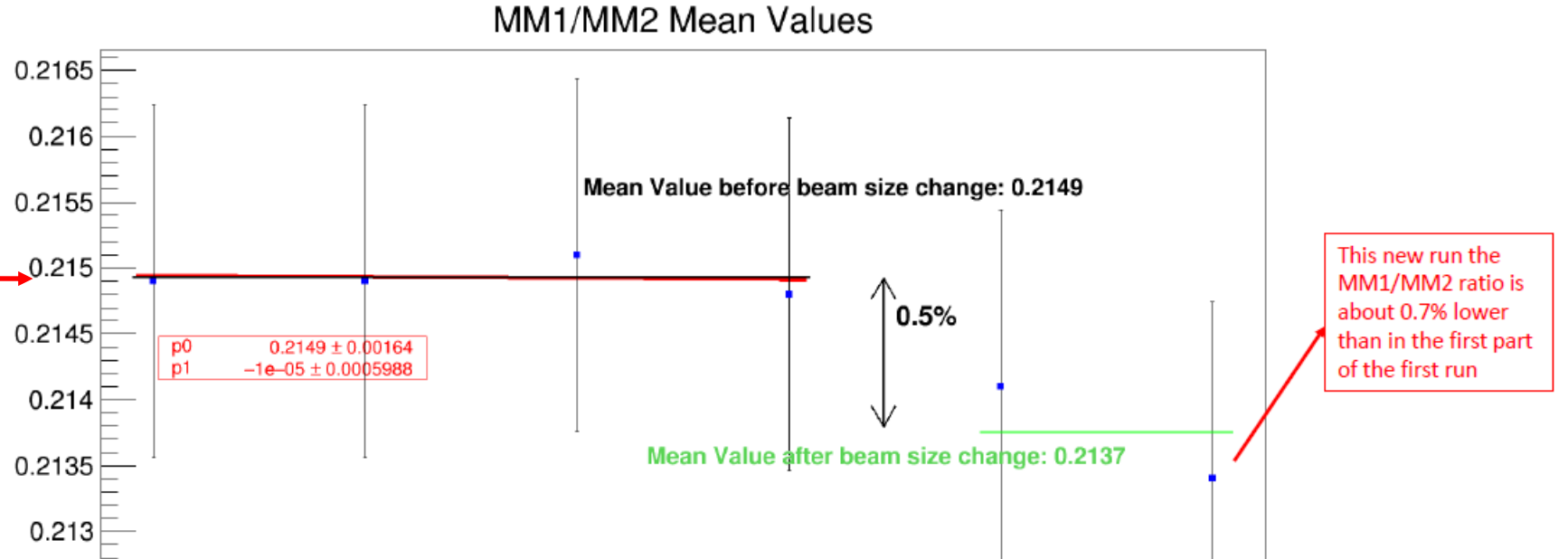


# Muon Monitor2 & POT

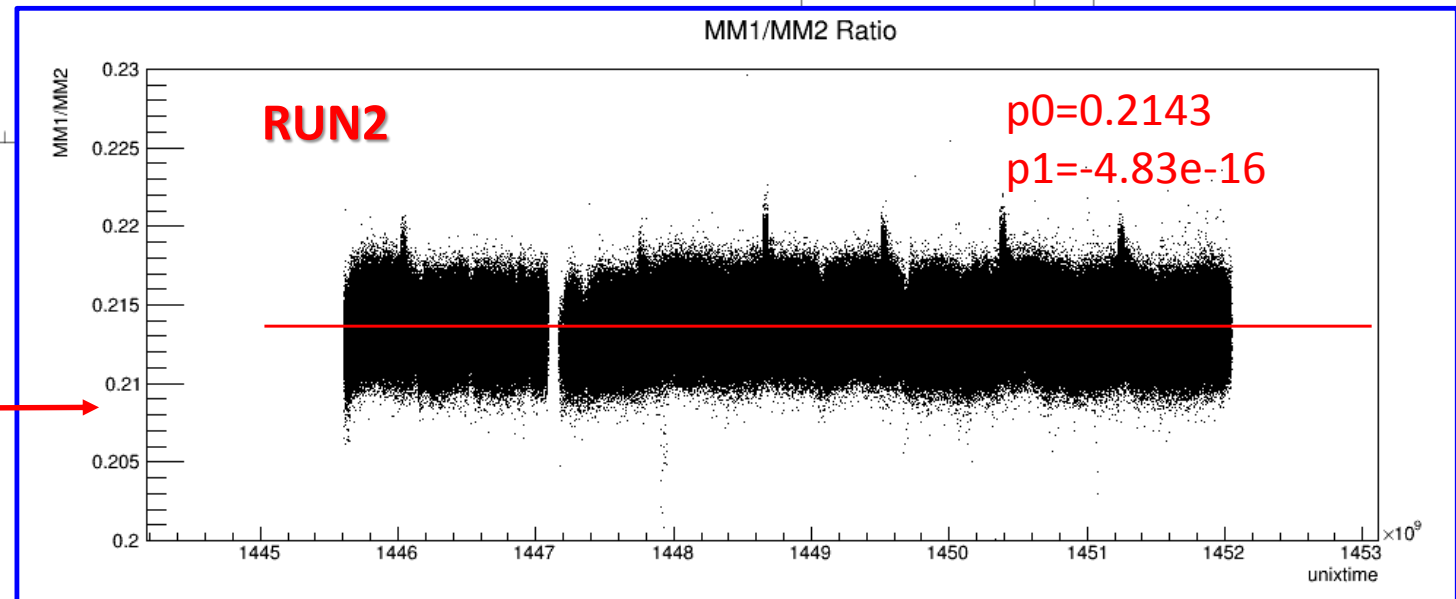


# MM1/MM2 Ratio

- The talk for Numi Operations in December shows the comparison w.r.t. RUN1 and the effect of the beam size



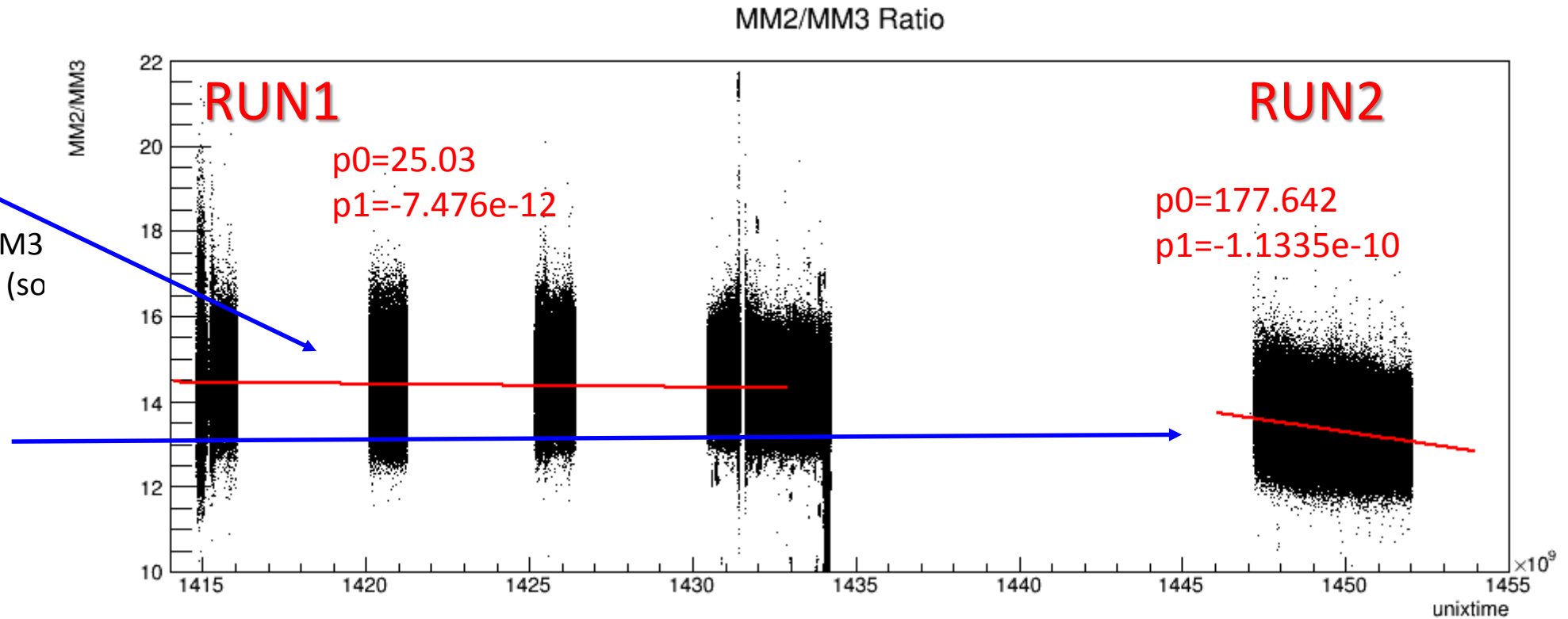
- For RUN2 the MM1/MM2 ratio looks stable (it makes sense, MM1 and the MM2 have the same variation in time...)



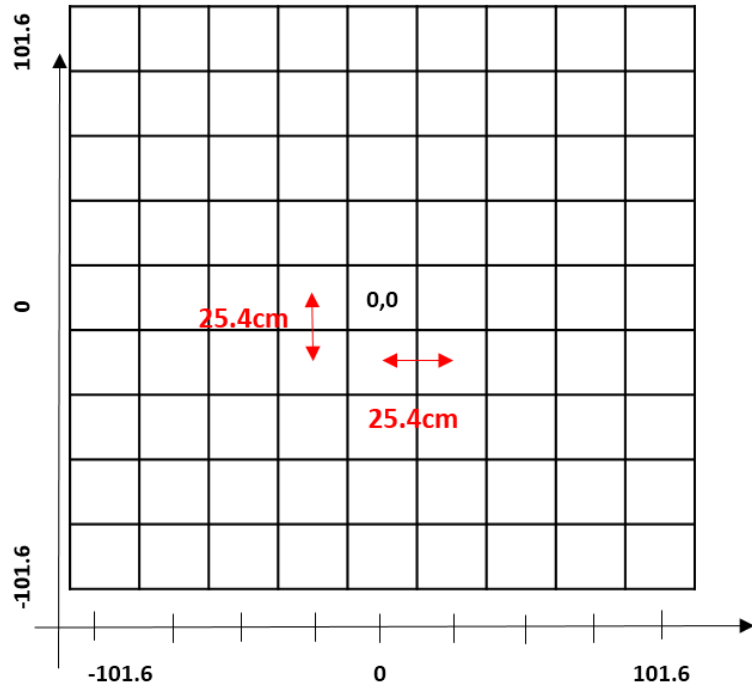
## MM2/MM3 Ratio

- During Run1 the MM2/MM3 ratio was stable at the % level
- For RUN2 the MM2/MM3 ratio goes down by 6% (so far...)  
(the MM2 decrease is 0.6%, and the MM3 increase is 3%)

→ Keep monitoring



## Muon Monitors – Centroids

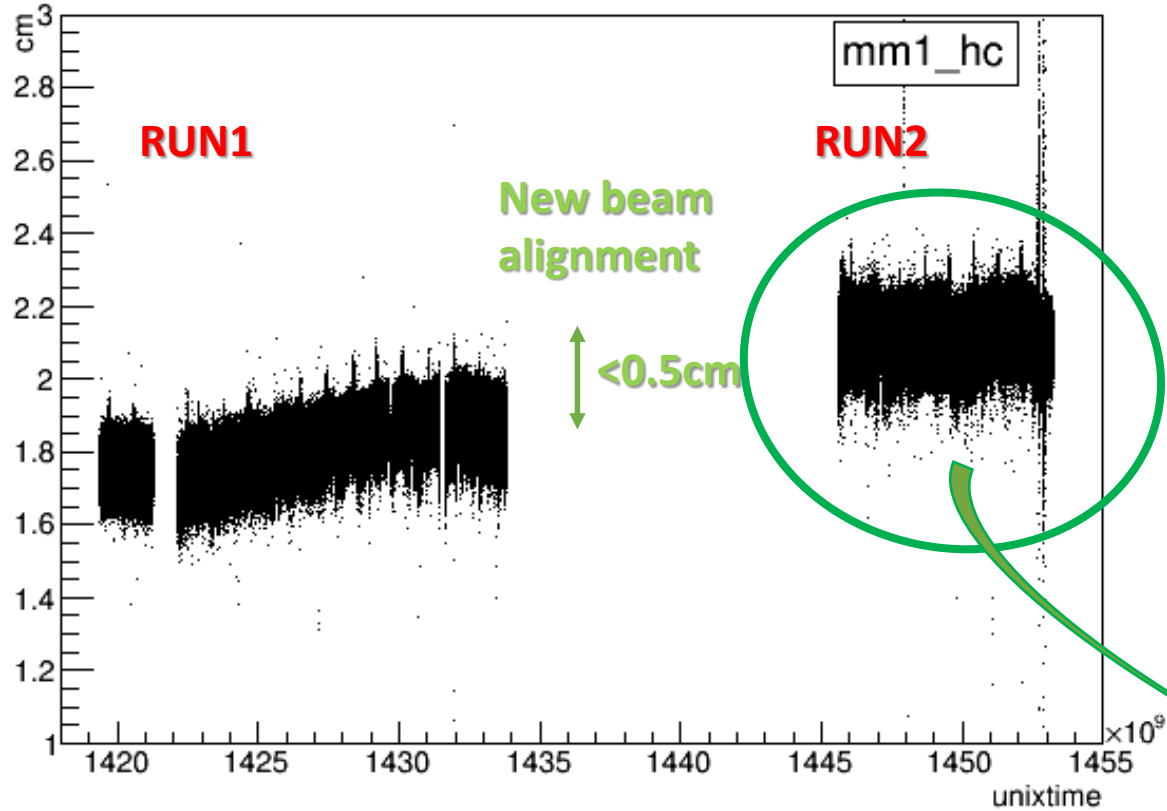


My definition:

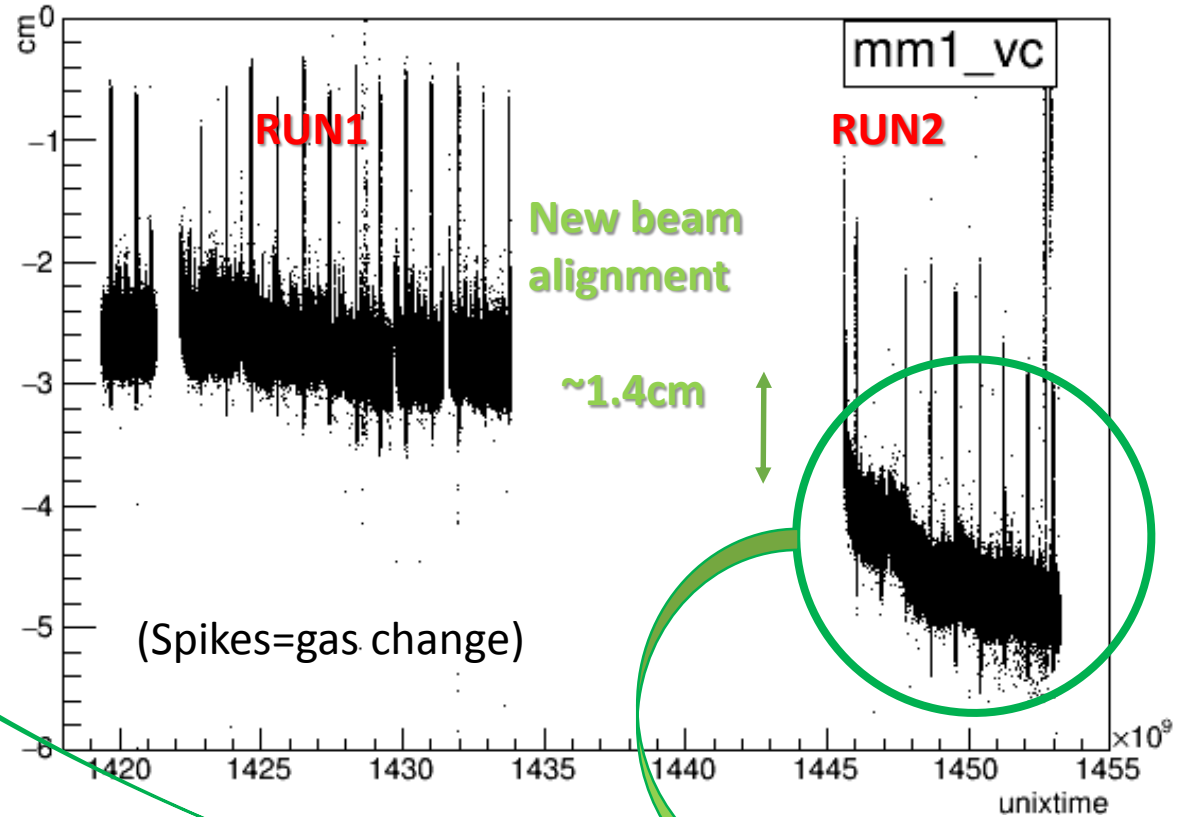
- I defined the horizontal and vertical positions taking the distances from one chamber center to the next chamber center
- The horizontal distance between two chambers is 25,4 cm, same for vertical
- The central chamber corresponds to (0,0) position, negative positions are on the left and on the bottom, positive positions on the right and on the top

# Muon Monitor1 – Centroids

## MM1-Horizontal Centroid



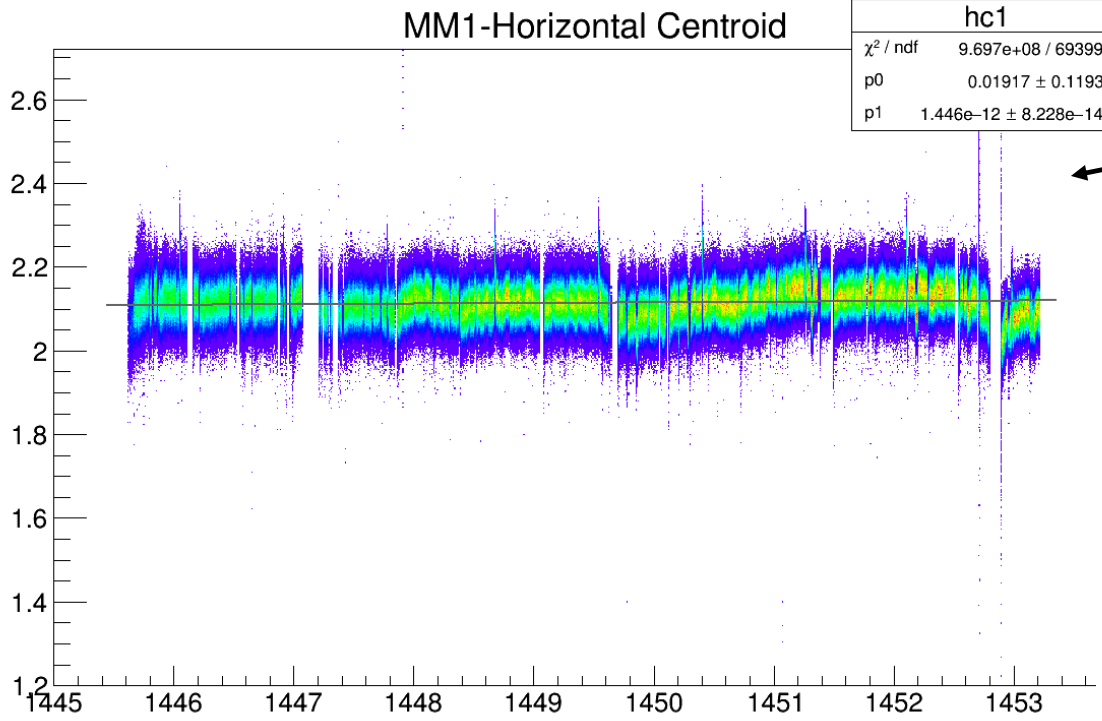
## MM1 - Vertical Centroid



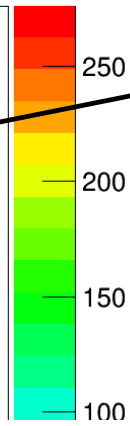
Let's have a look at Run2



# Muon Monitor1 – Centroids

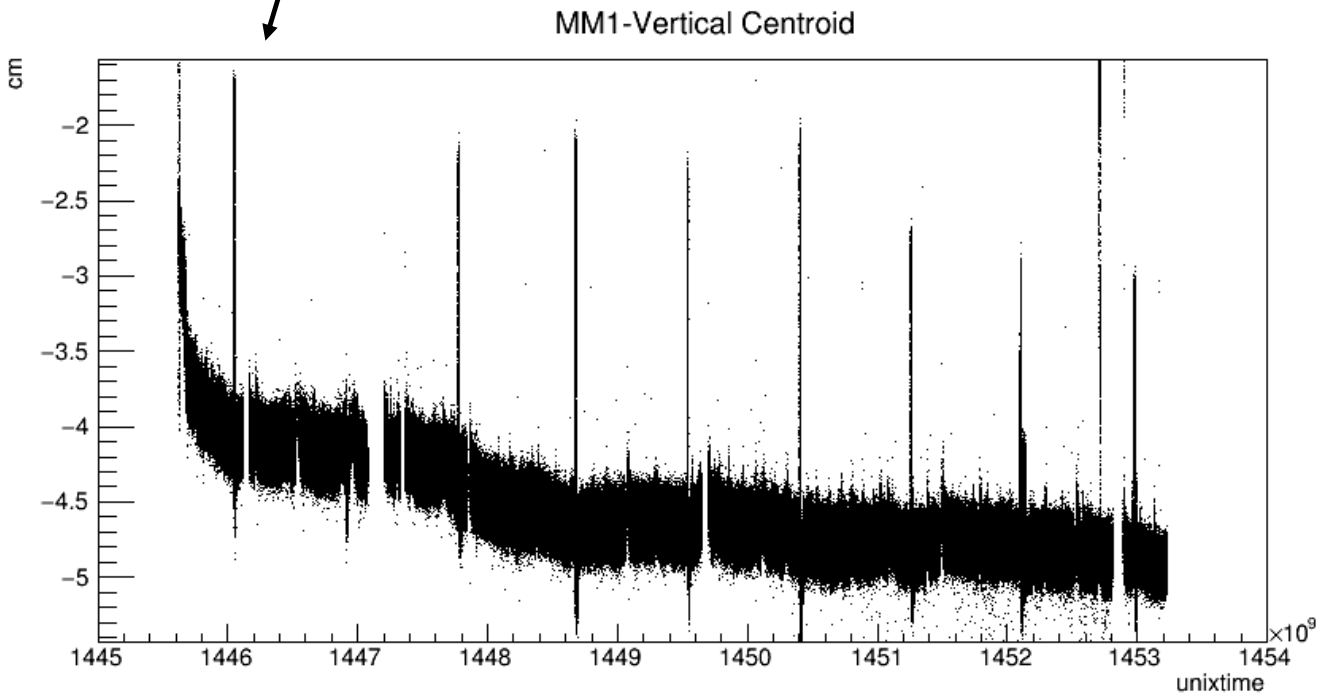


hc1	
$\chi^2 / \text{ndf}$	9.697e+08 / 69399
p0	0.01917 ± 0.1193
p1	1.446e-12 ± 8.228e-14



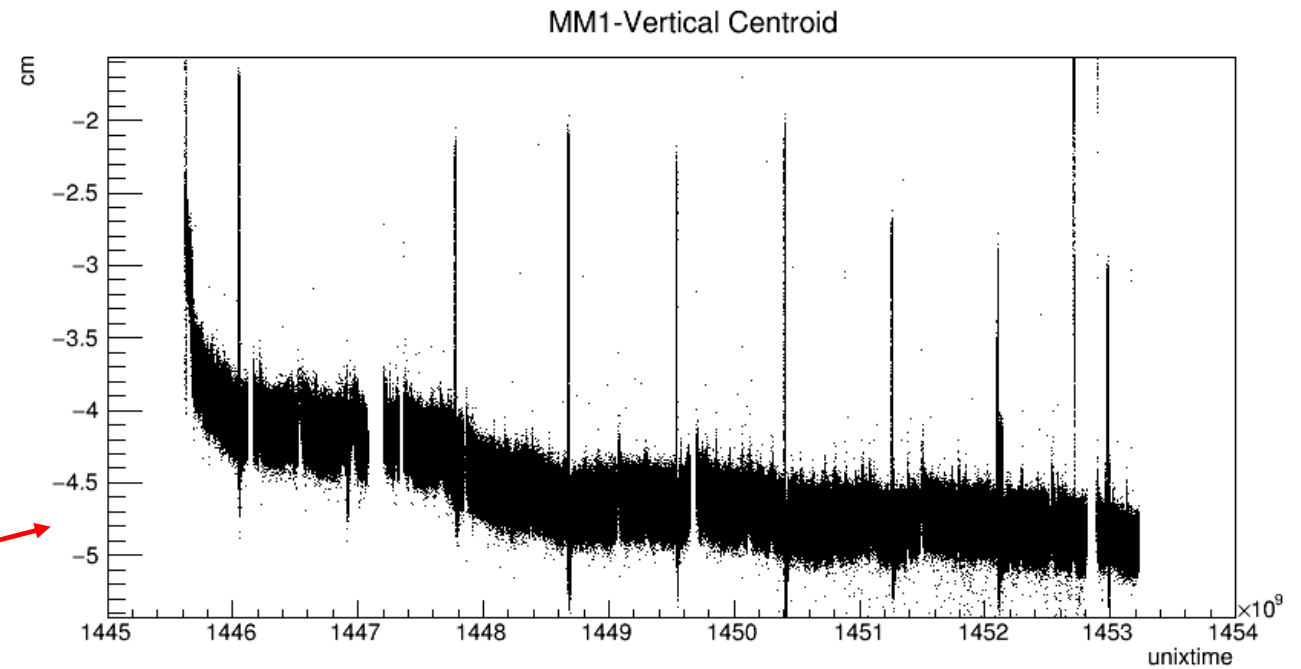
Horizontal centroid looks stable

Vertical centroid has about 1.5 cm decrease since the start of the run

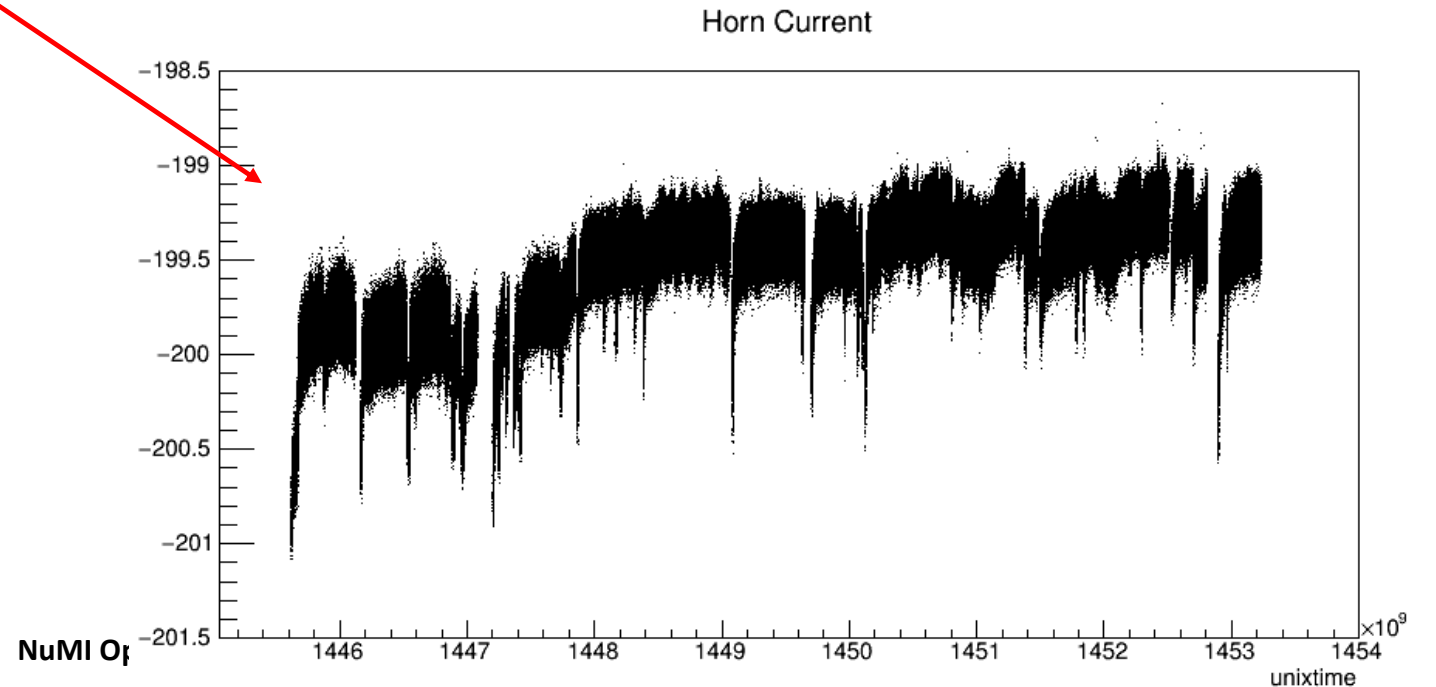


## Muon Monitor1 – Vertical Centroid

- ... 1.5cm it's not much but we should monitor the trend
- The vertical centroid behavior is related to the Horn (we saw it already in the past)

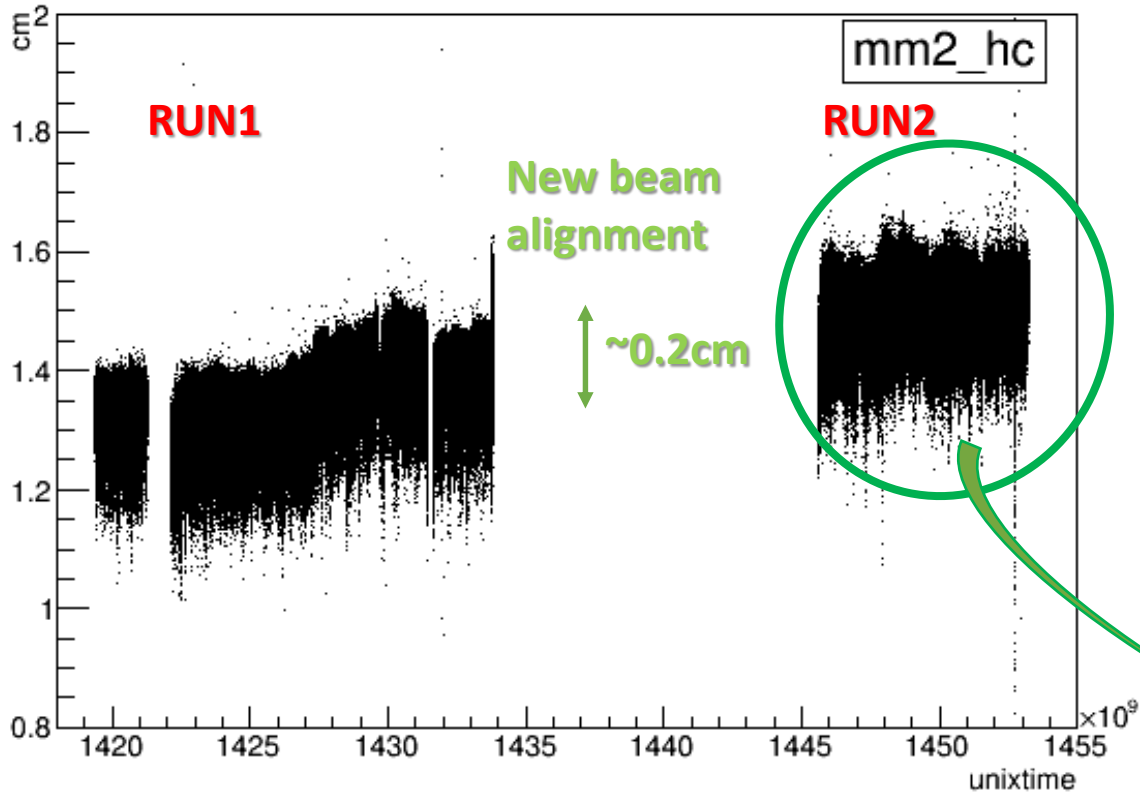


- The horn current decreases when the repetition rate increases and we had different cycle modes at the beginning of the run (See slide 5)

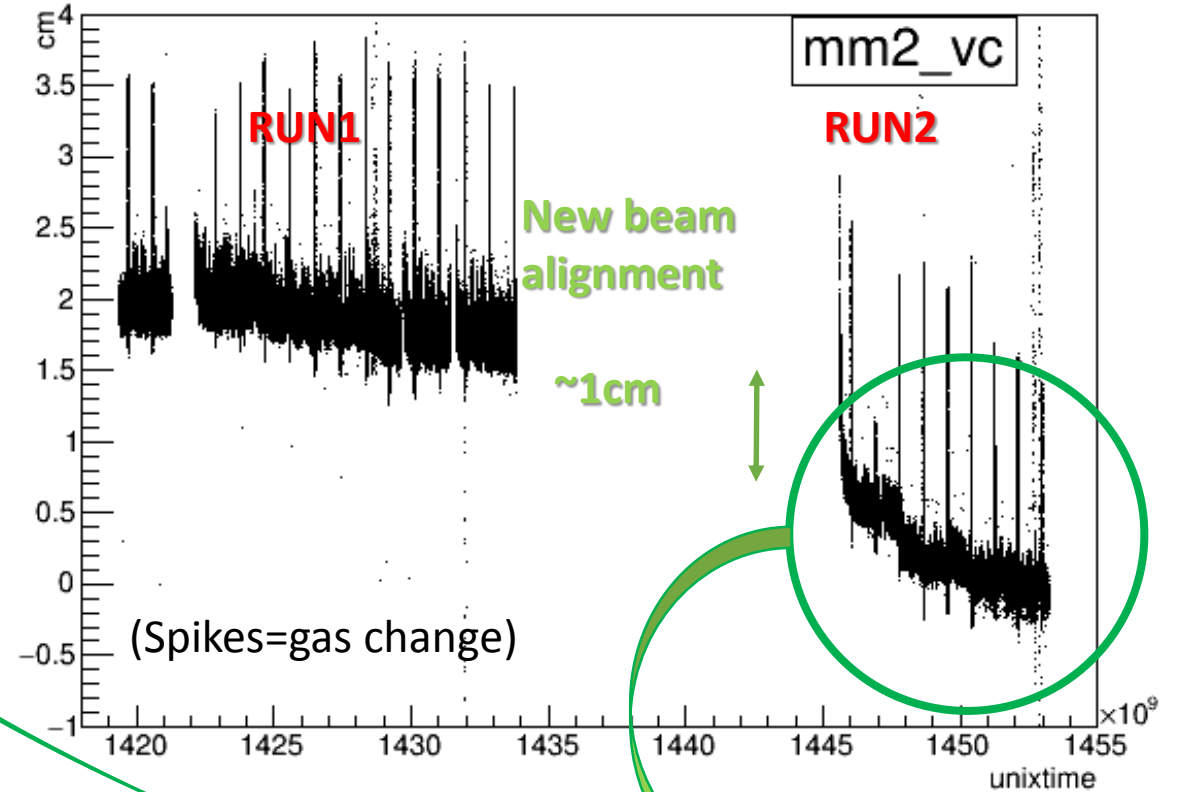


# Muon Monitor2 – Centroids

### MM2-Horizontal Centroid



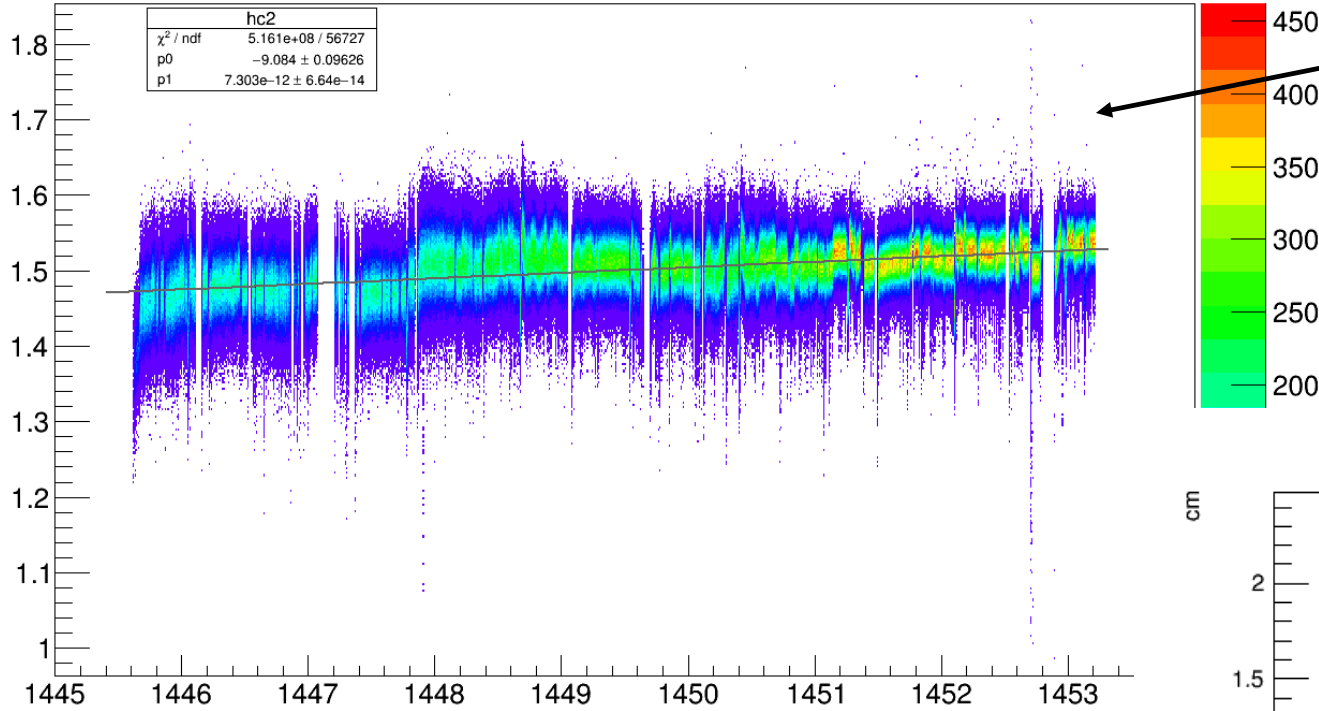
### MM2-Vertical Centroid



Let's have a look at Run2

# Muon Monitor2 – Centroids

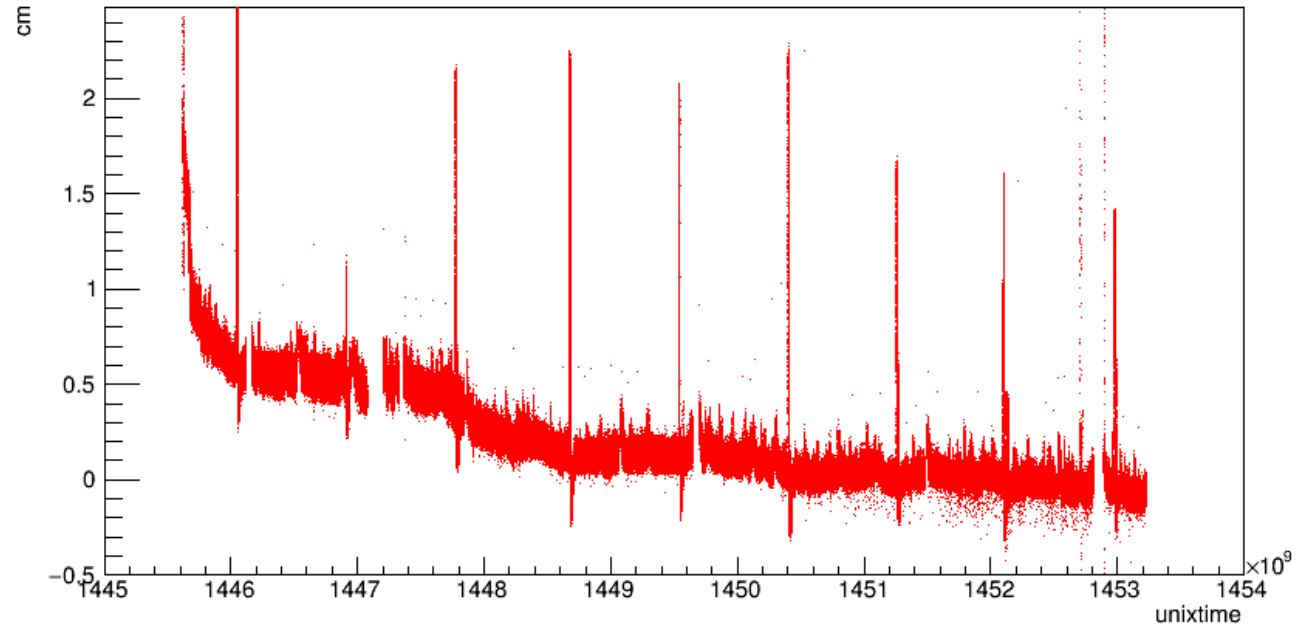
## MM2 - Horizontal Centroid



Horizontal centroid looks stable

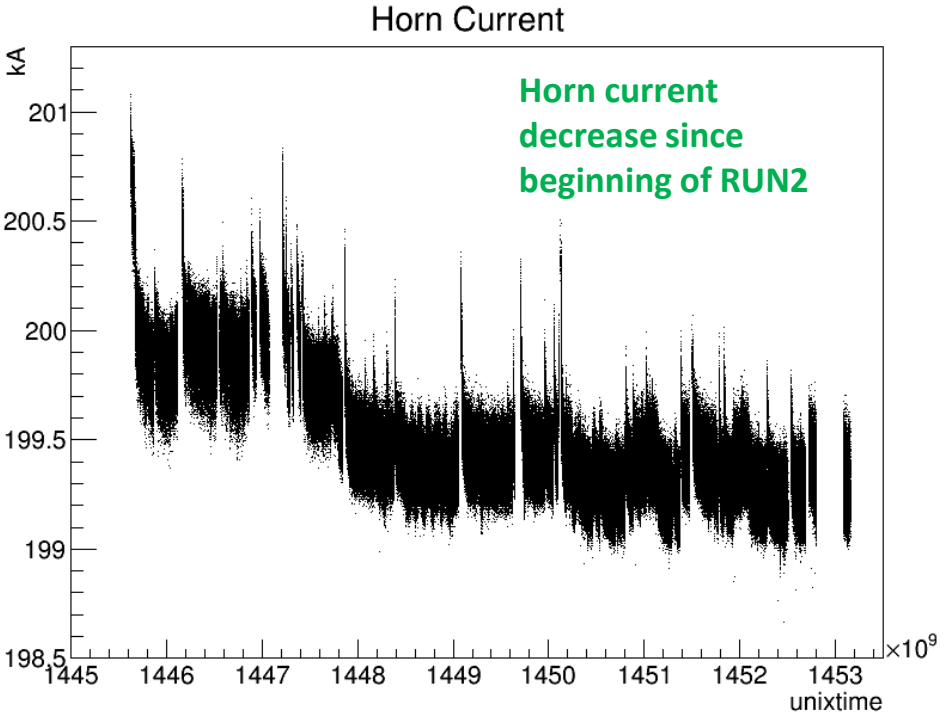
Vertical centroid has about 1 cm decrease since the start of the run, same considerations made for the MM1 for the correlation with the horn  
→keep monitoring it

## MM2-Vertical Centroid

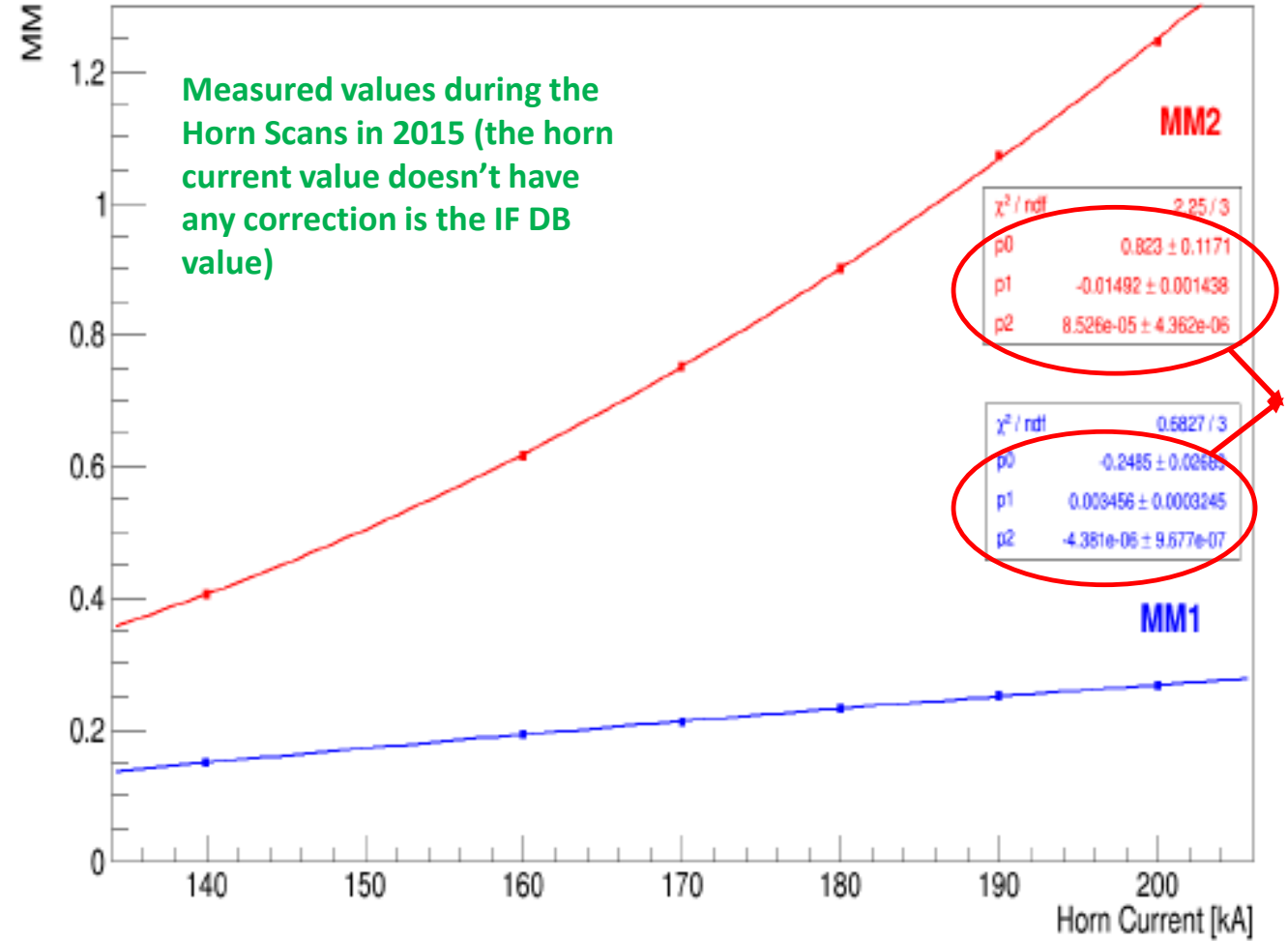


# Muon Monitors and Horn Current

The MM signal is correlated with the horn current and I analyzed the MM data during the horn current scan last year  
 → so we can check what happens applying a correction for the current variation and see whether that can explain what we see



MM1&MM2 Mean Value vs Horn Current



Use fit parameters to apply correction for horn current variations point by point

# Muon Monitors

Corrected for the horn current and normalized to the nominal value

The correction applied is

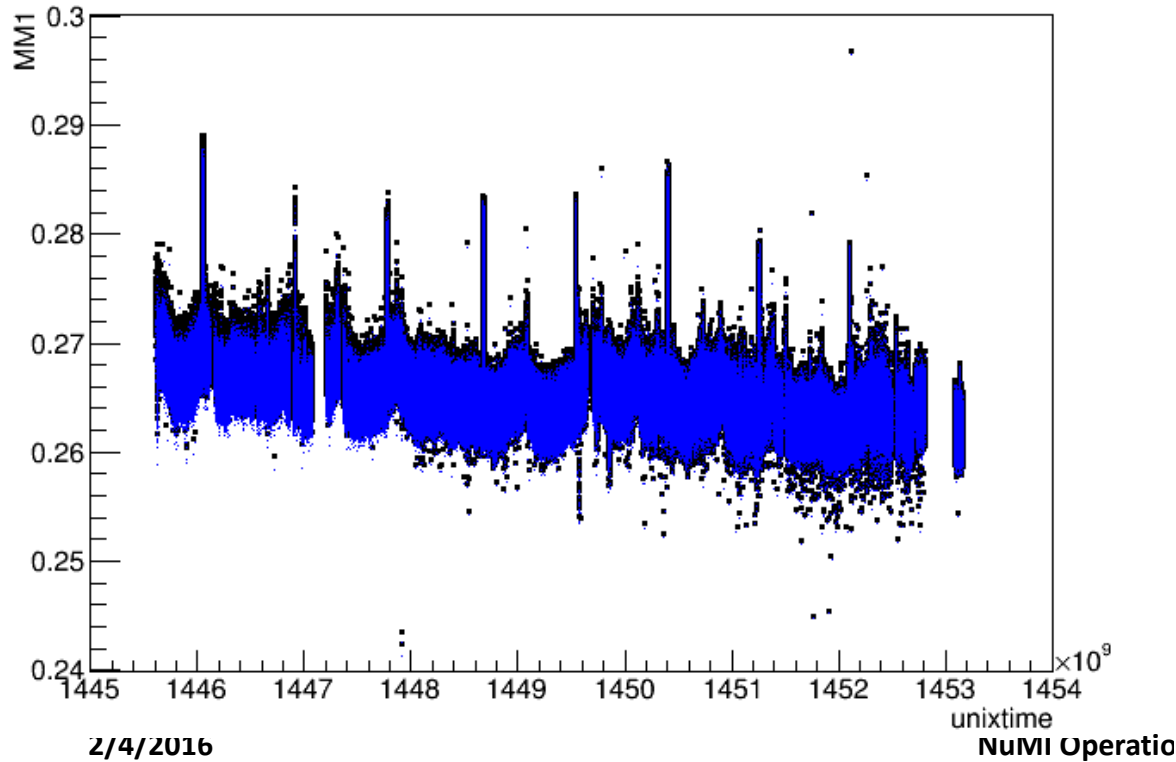
$$m' = m_{\text{measured}} - m_{\text{expected}} + m_{\text{nominal}}$$

from fit

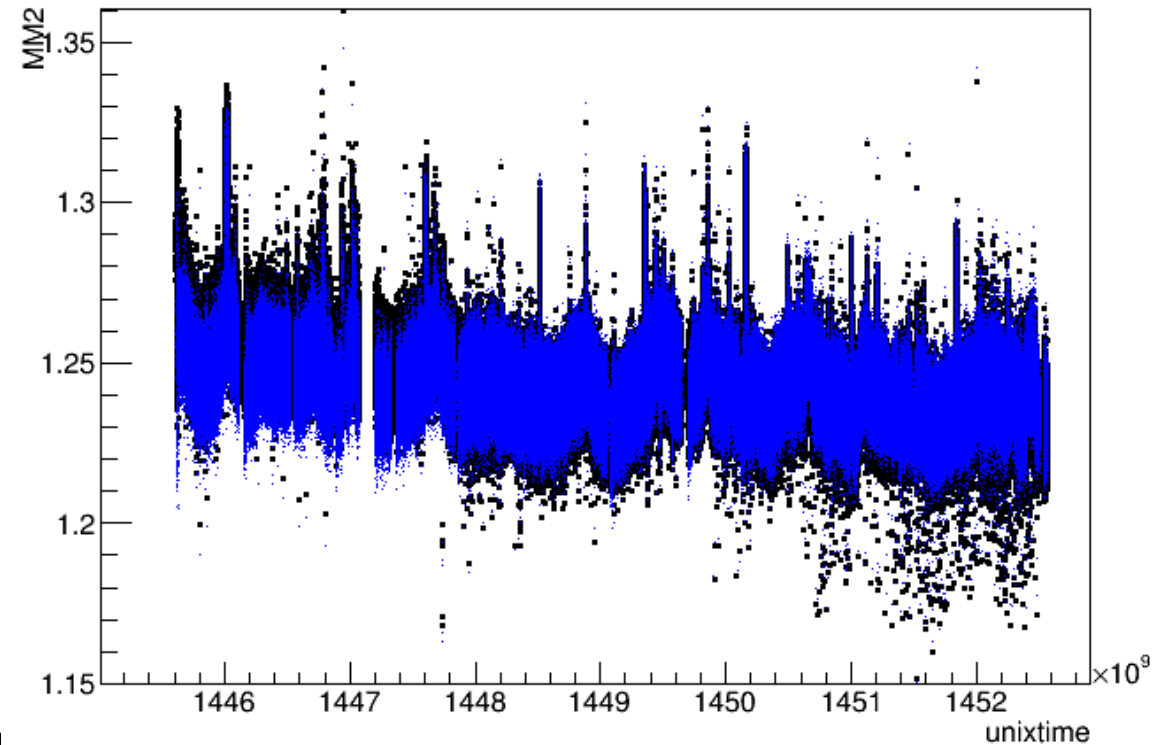
MM1 nominal value from Run1: 0.2699  
MM2 nominal value from Run1: 1.244

Comparison measured **normalized**

MM1 - POT norm, ped&press corr



MM2 - POT norm, ped&press corr



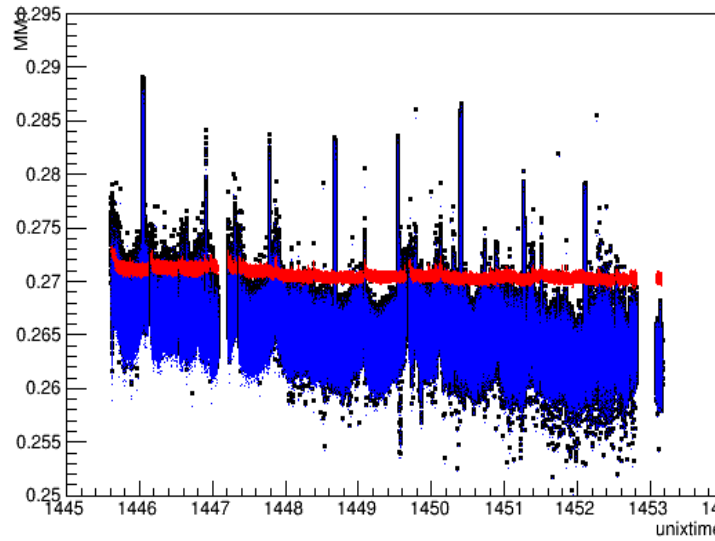
# Muon Monitors

Corrected for the horn current and normalized to the nominal value

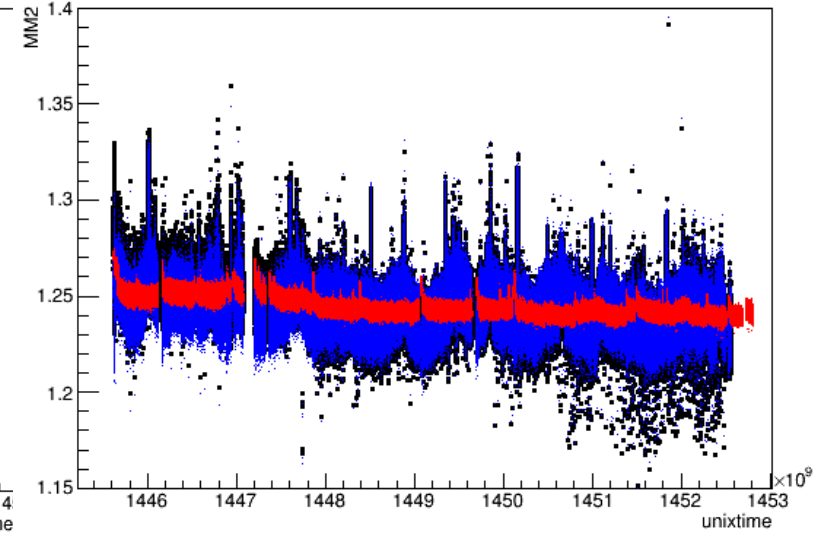
$$m' = m_{\text{measured}} - m_{\text{expected}} + m_{\text{nominal}}$$

- measured
- normalized
- expected

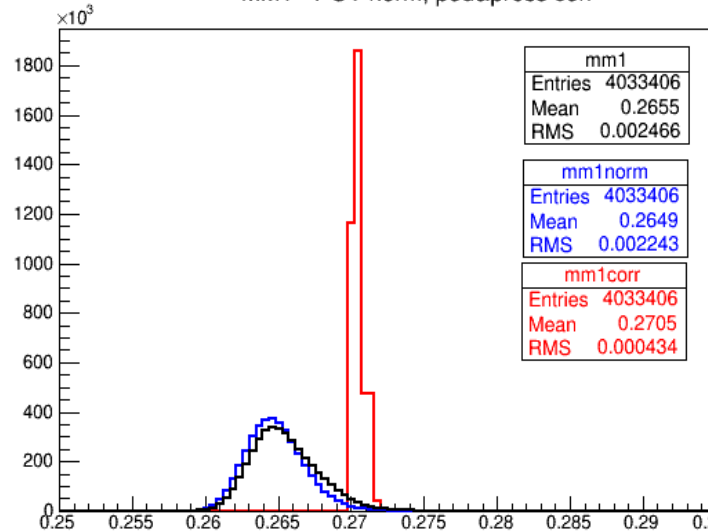
MM1 - POT norm, ped&press corr



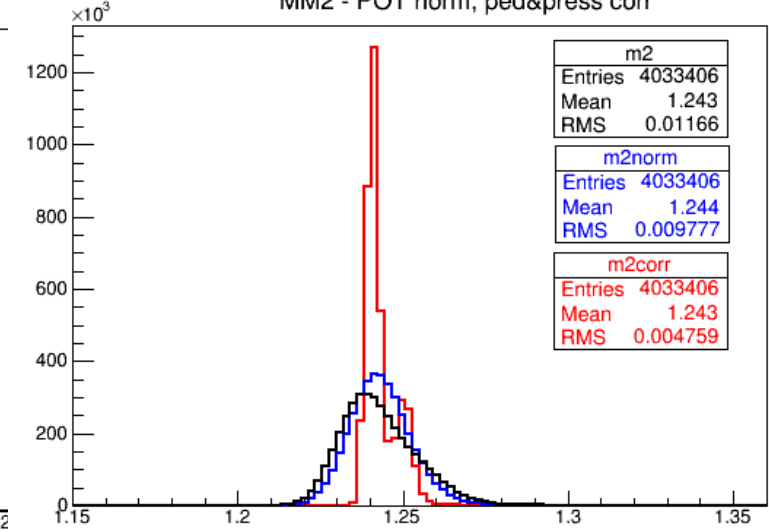
MM2 - POT norm, ped&press corr



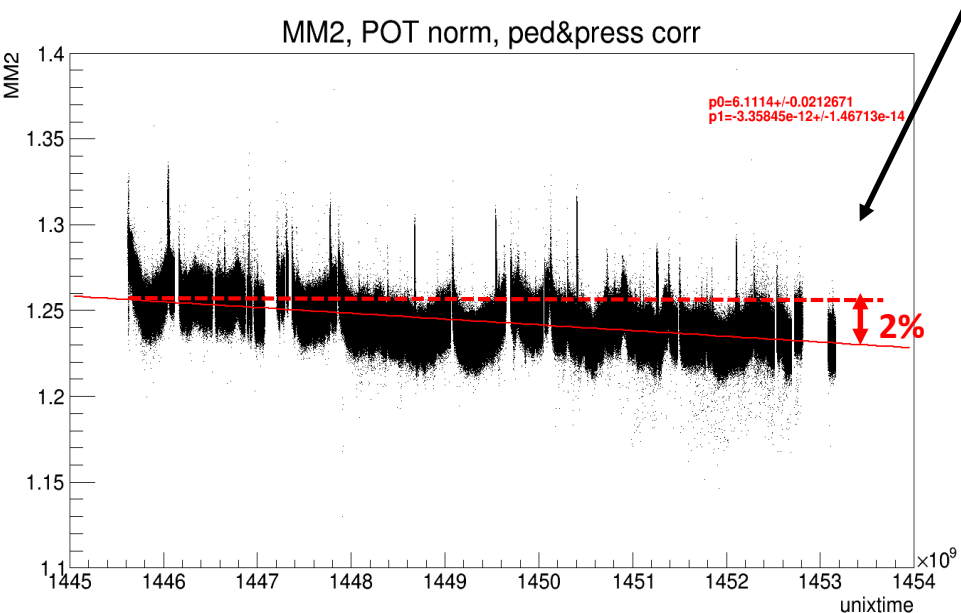
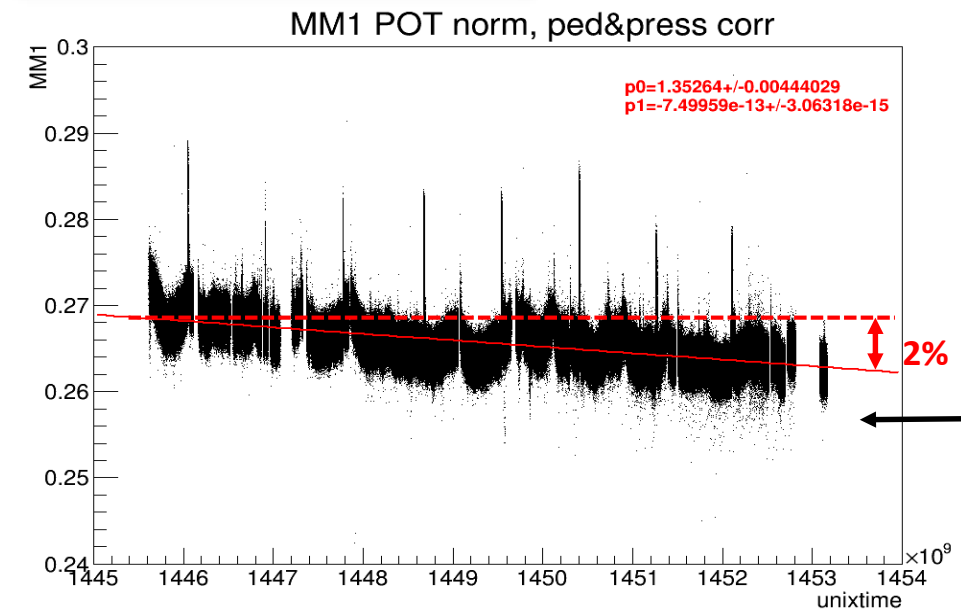
MM1 - POT norm, ped&press corr



MM2 - POT norm, ped&press corr

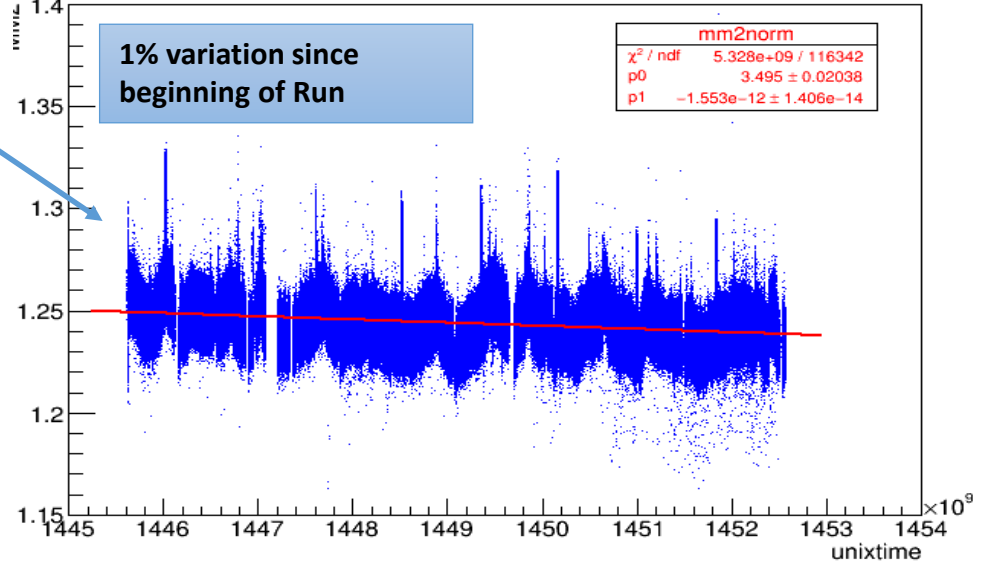
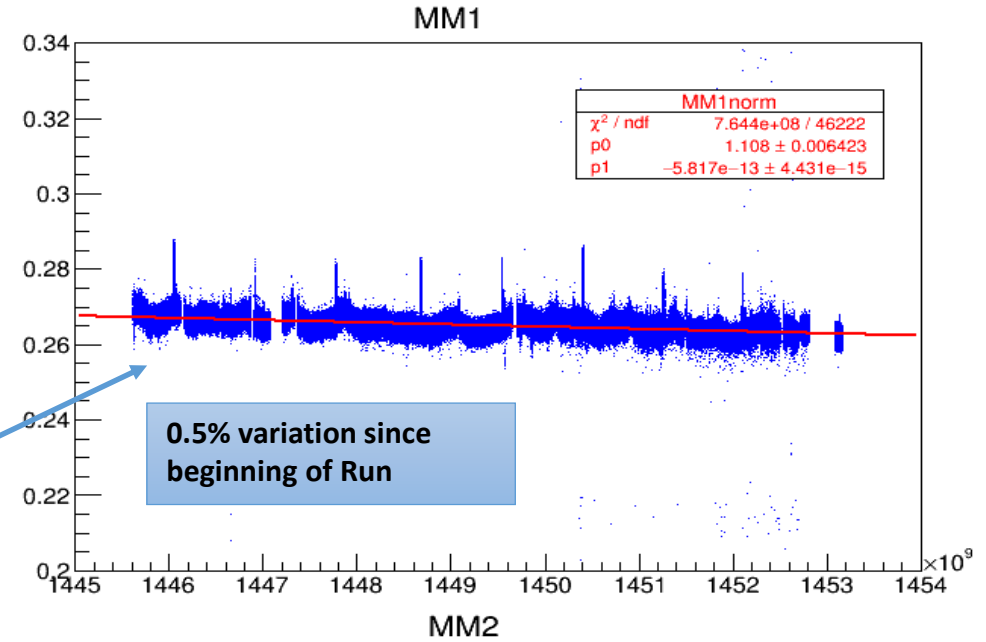


# Muon Monitors



measured

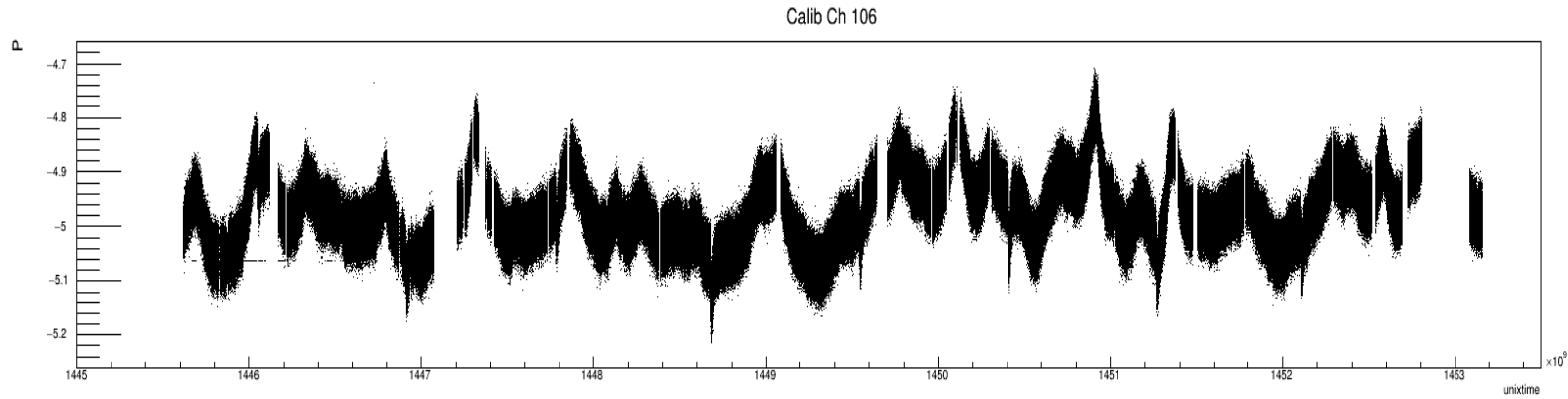
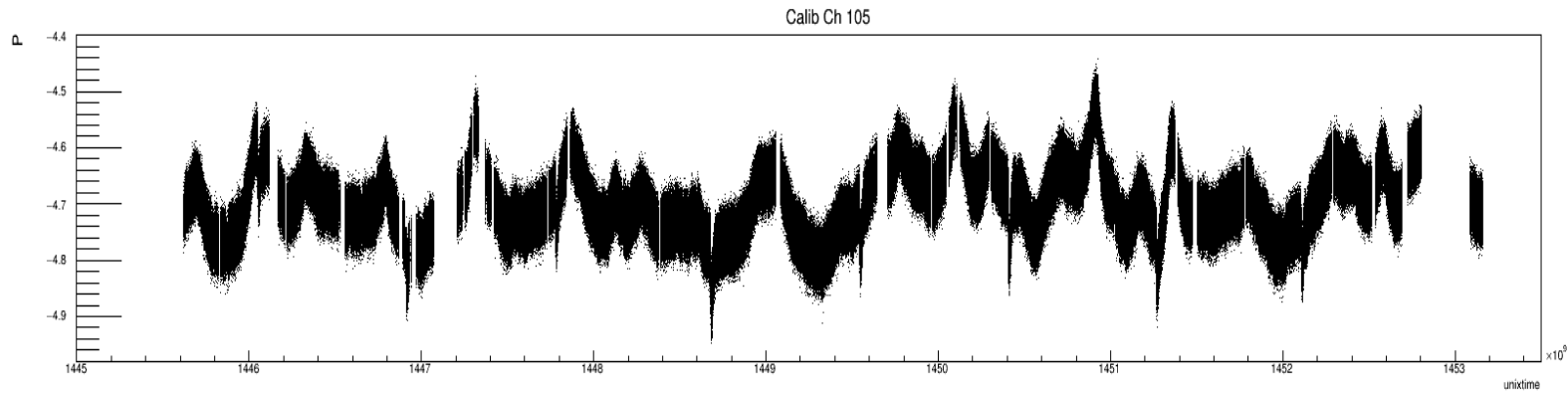
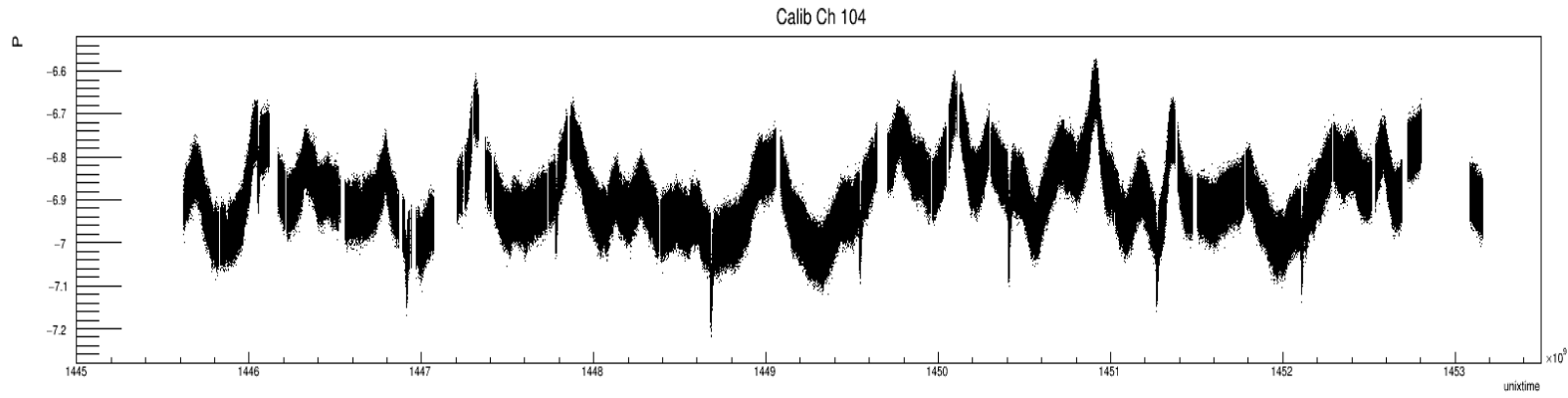
Corrected for the horn current and normalized to the nominal value



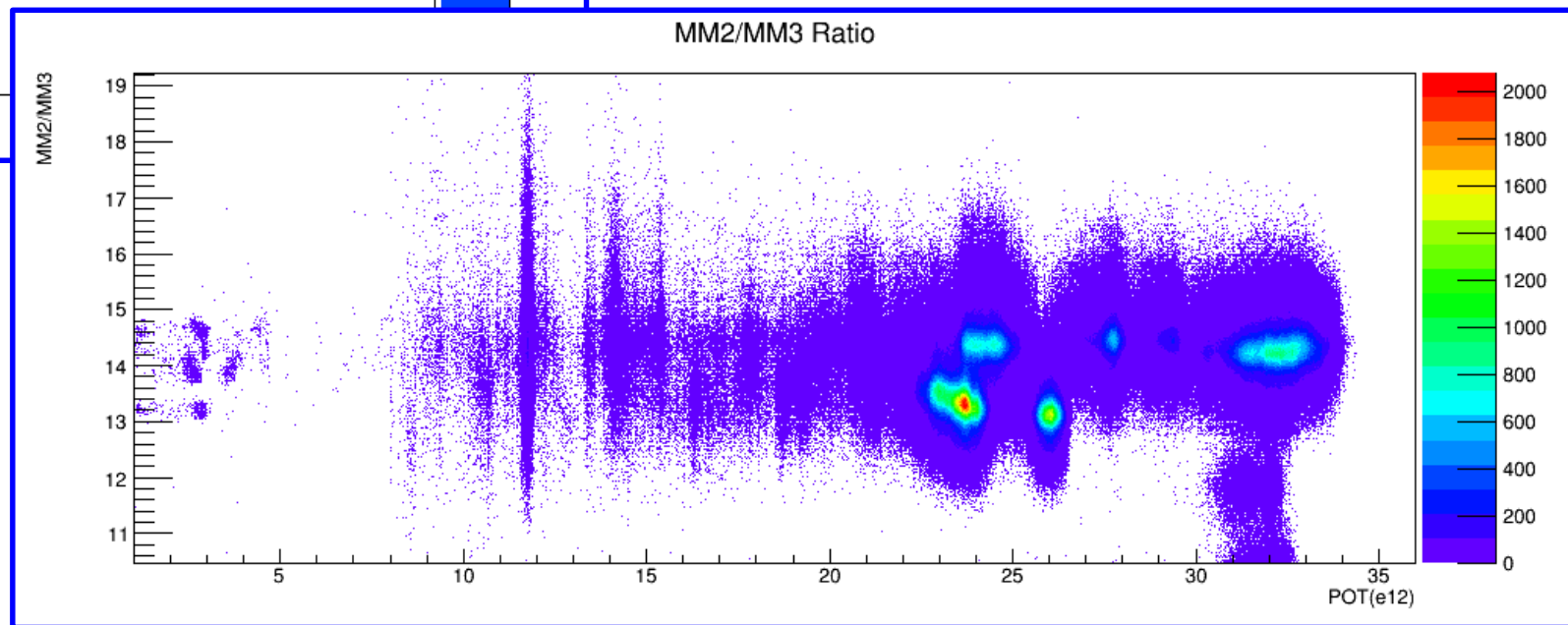
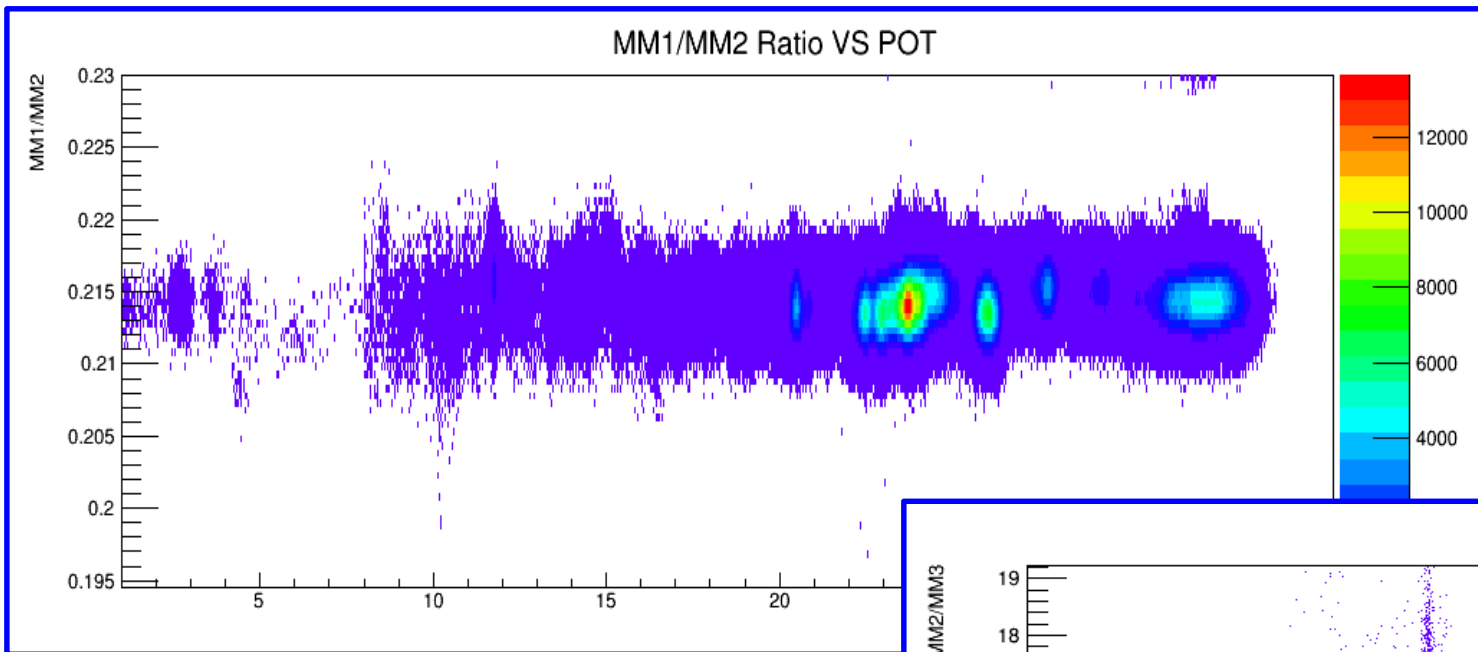


BackUps

# Calibration Chambers Run2

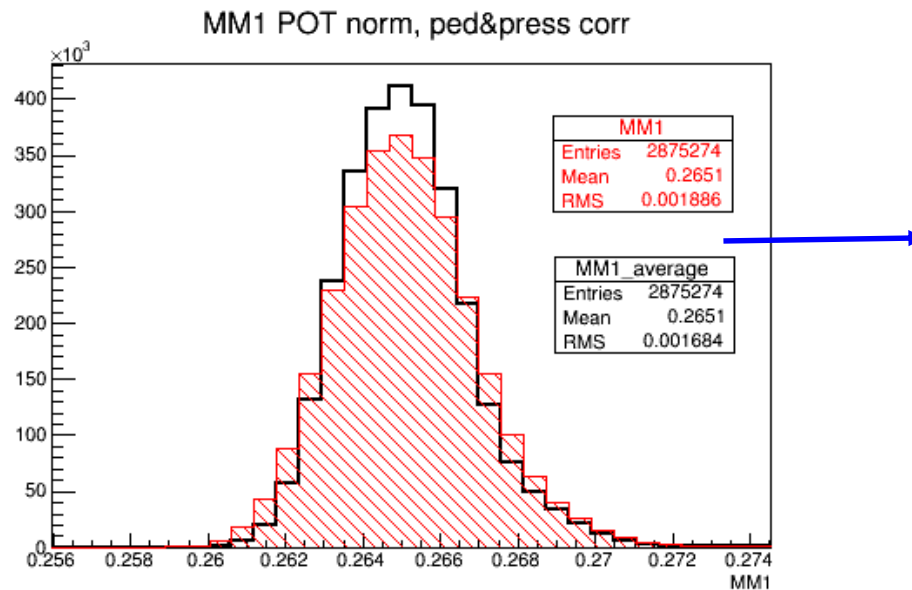
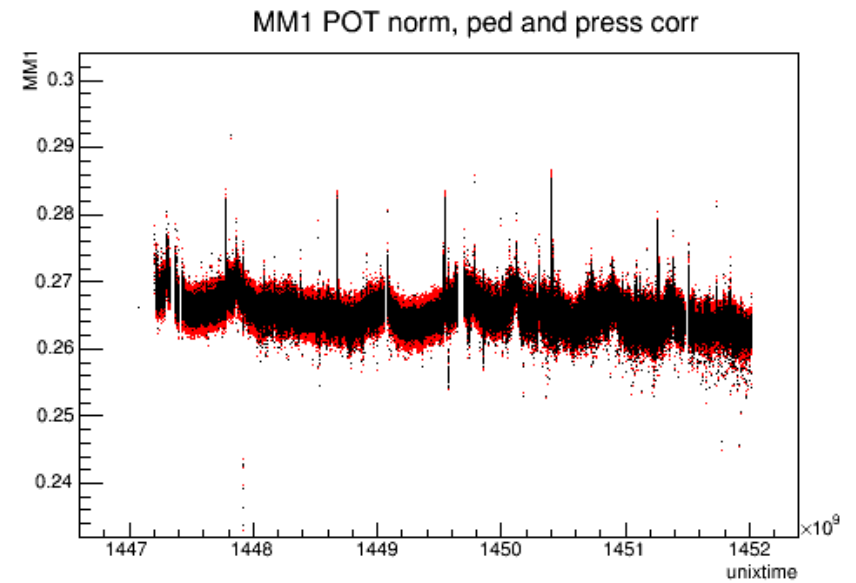
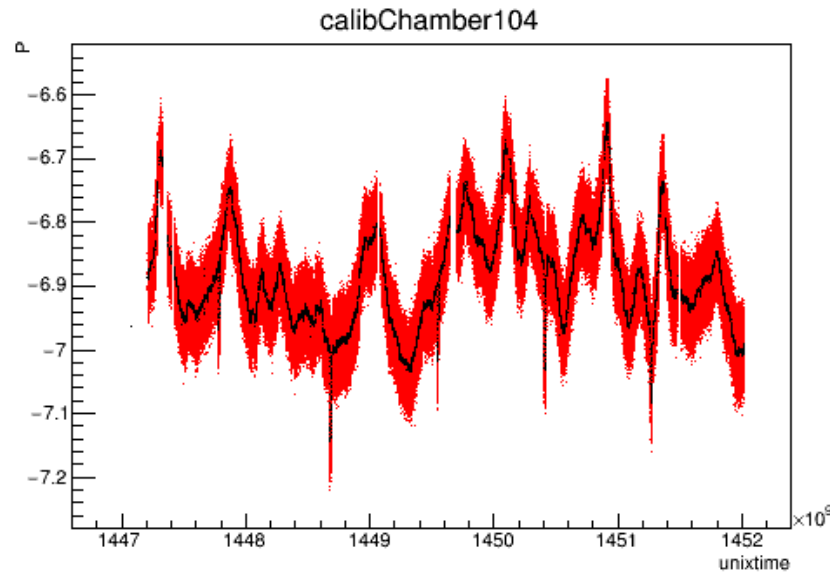


# Ratios VS POT



# Calib Chambers Correction

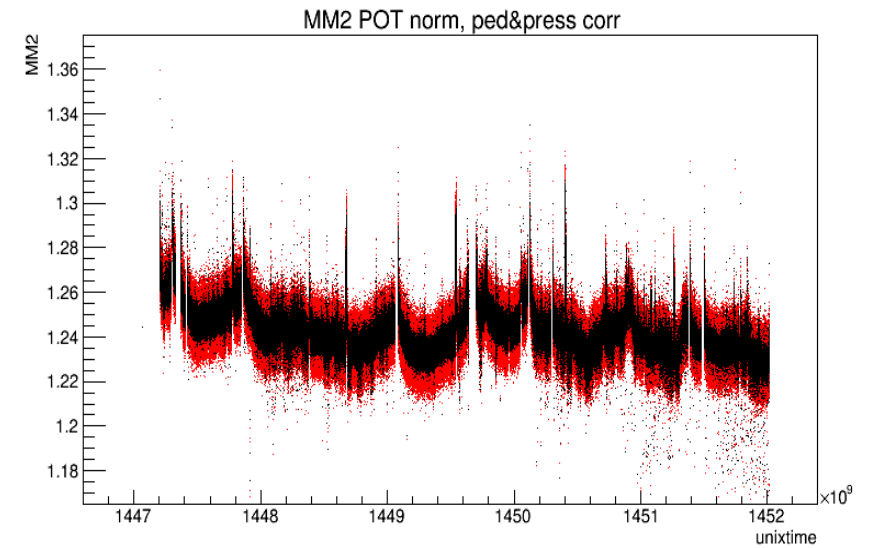
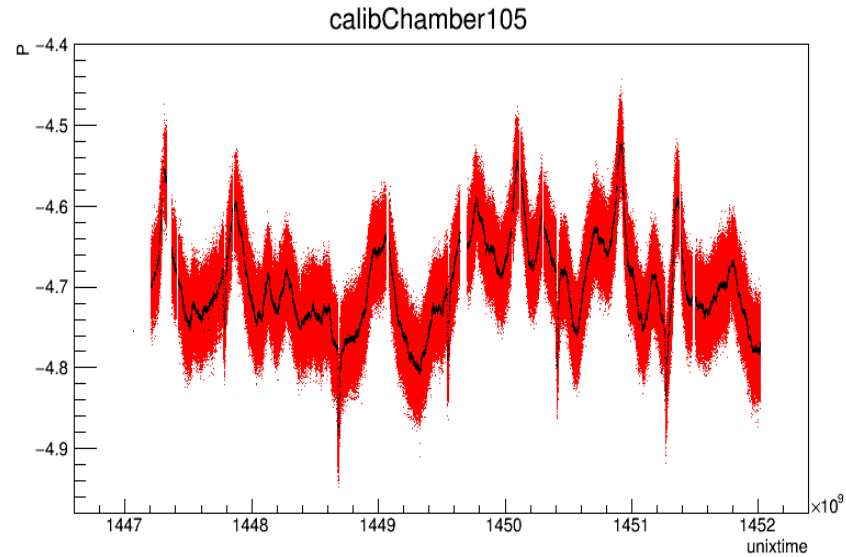
If we average the Calib Chambers over 5 minutes



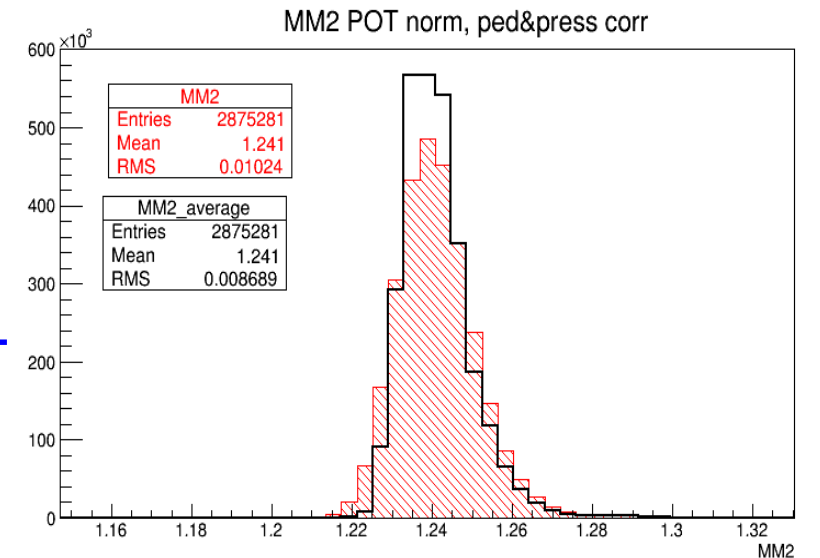
10% difference

# Calib Chambers Correction

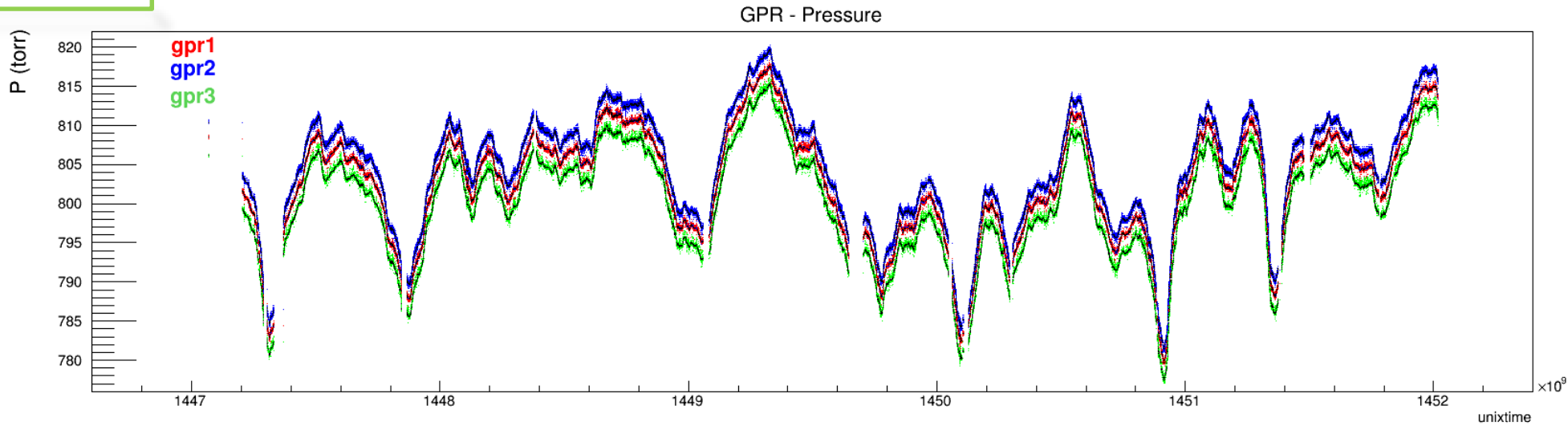
If we average the Calib Chambers over 5 minutes



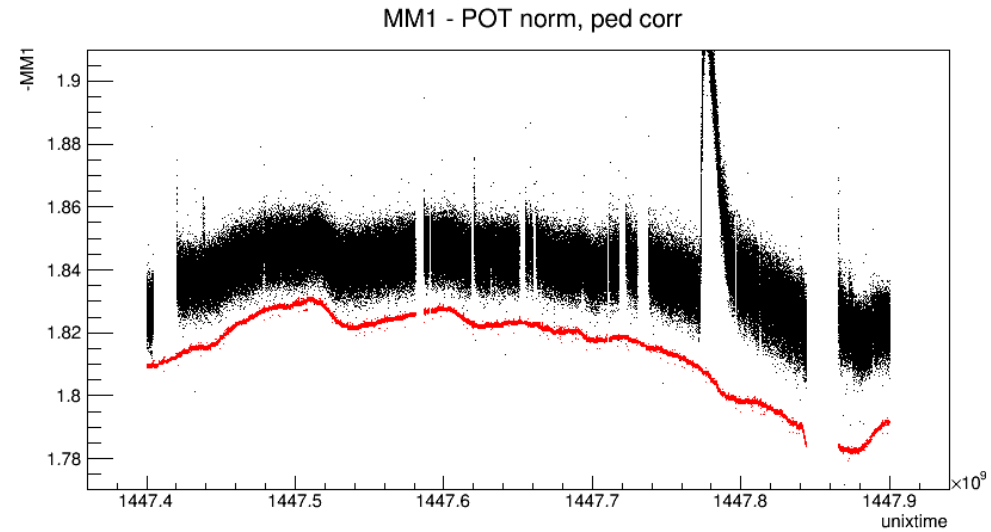
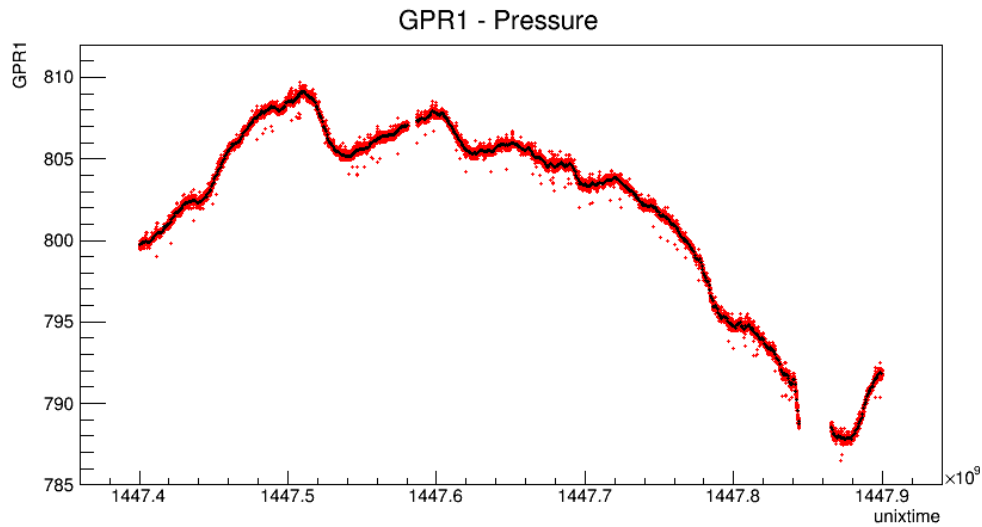
20% difference ←



# GPR Correction

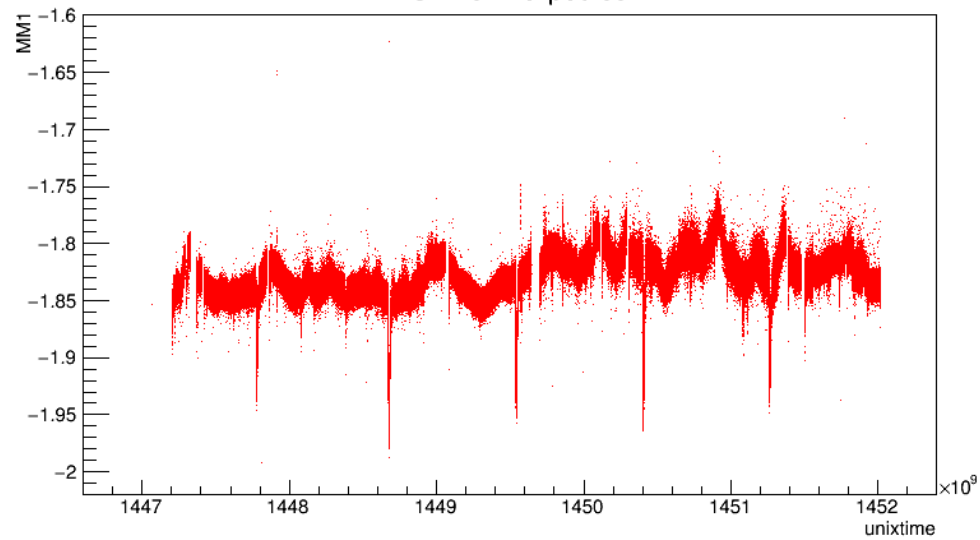


Filtering over 10 mins

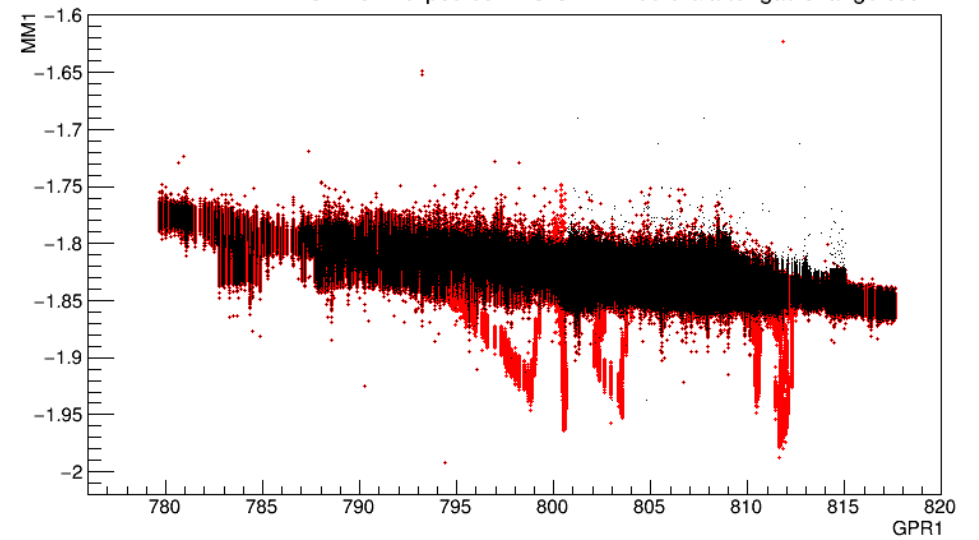


# GPR Correction

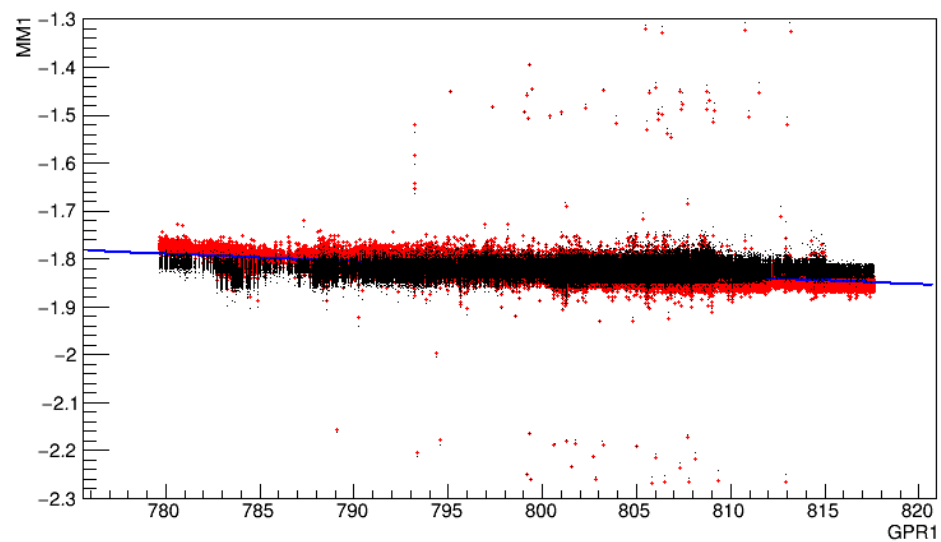
MM1 POT norm & ped corr



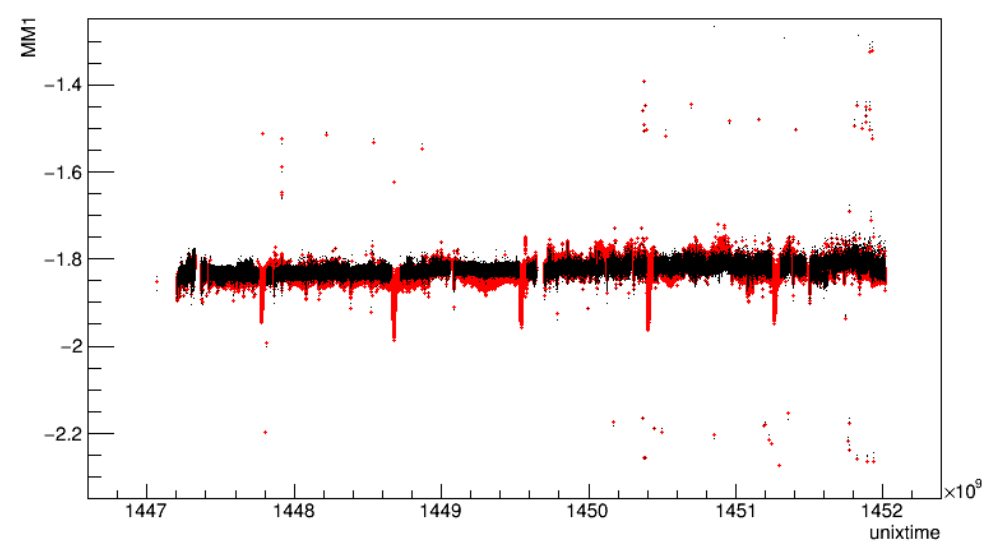
MM1 POT norm & ped corr VS GPR1 - before/after gas change cut



MM1 vs GPR1 - before/after fit correction



MM1 POT norm & ped corr - before/after Pressure corr



## GPR Correction

5% improved w.r.t.  
calib chambers

