

THE 750 GEV EXCESS

K. ZUREK

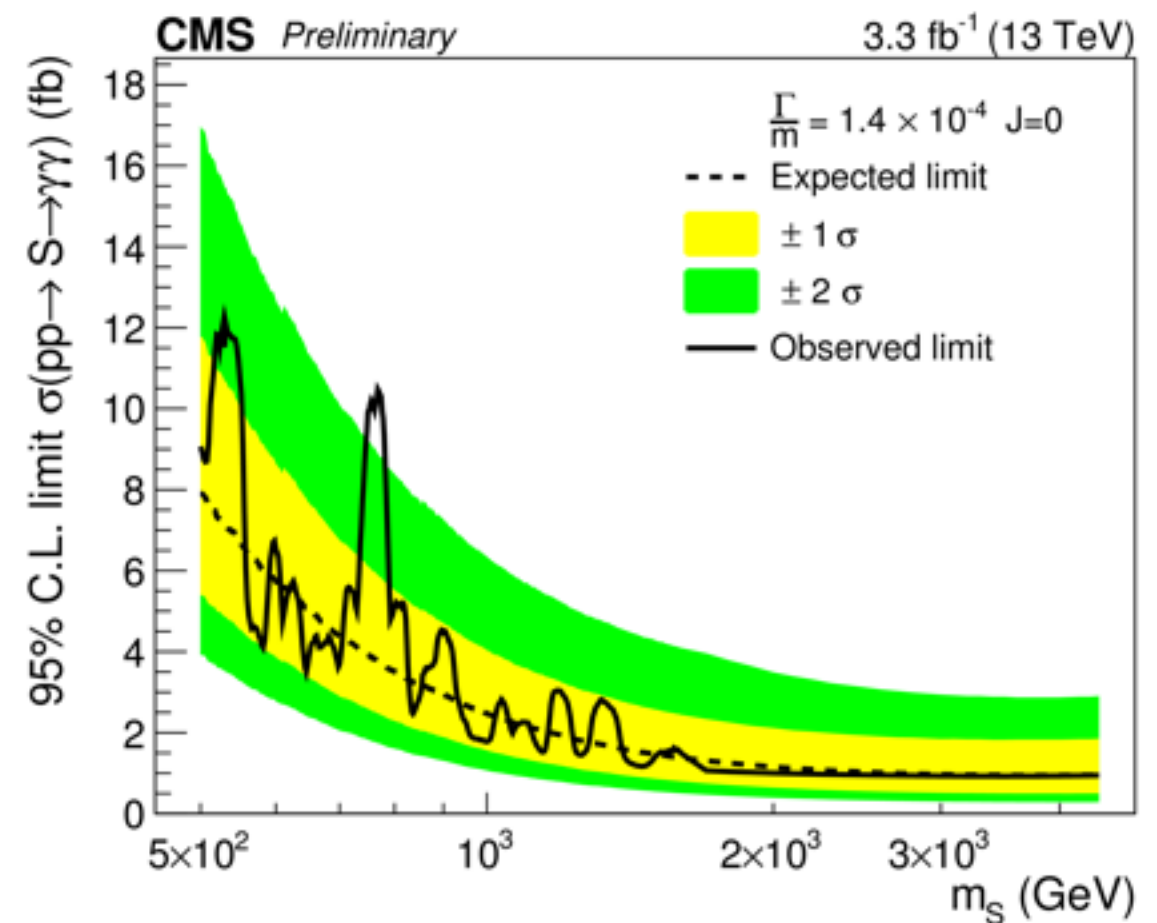
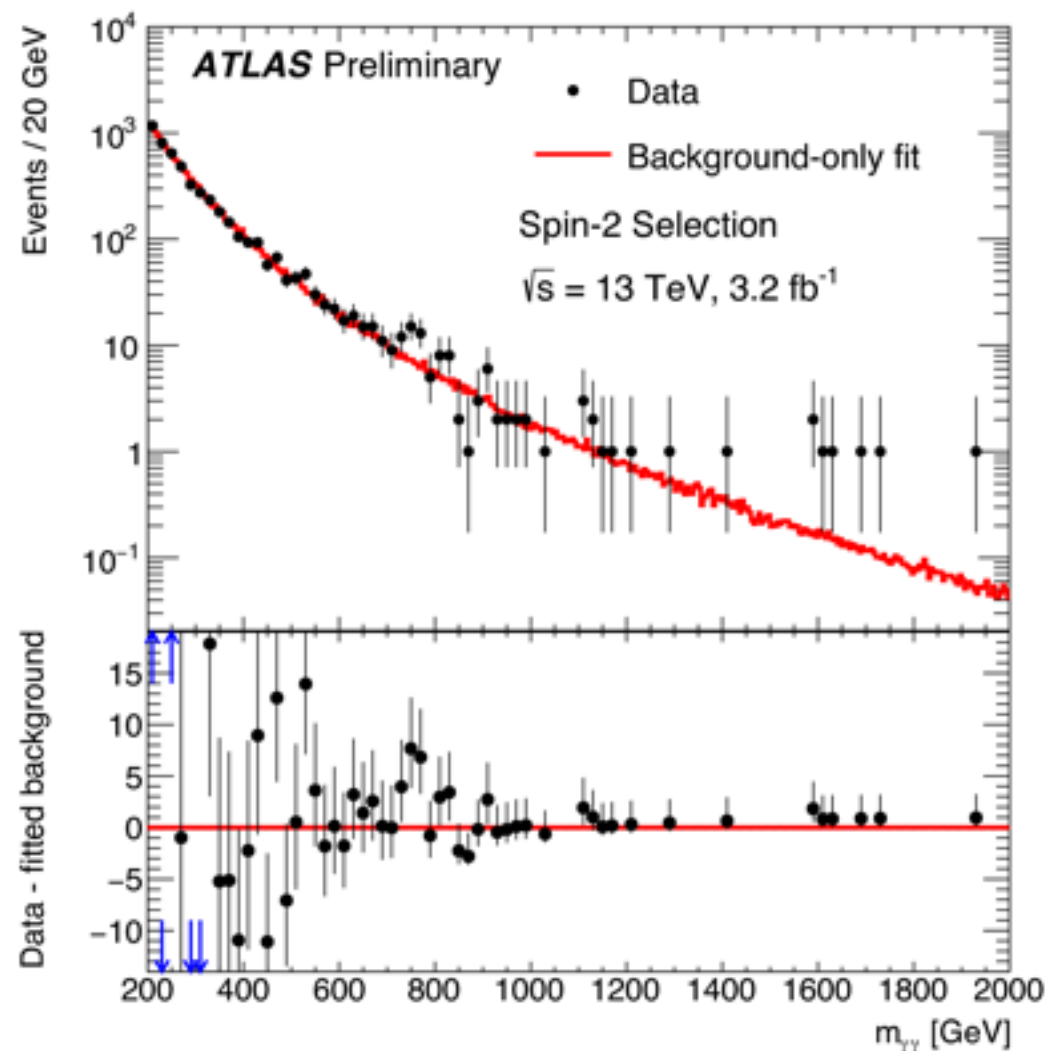
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# NEW PHYSICS OR FLUCTUATION?

Based in significant part on Knapen, Melia, Papucci, KZ

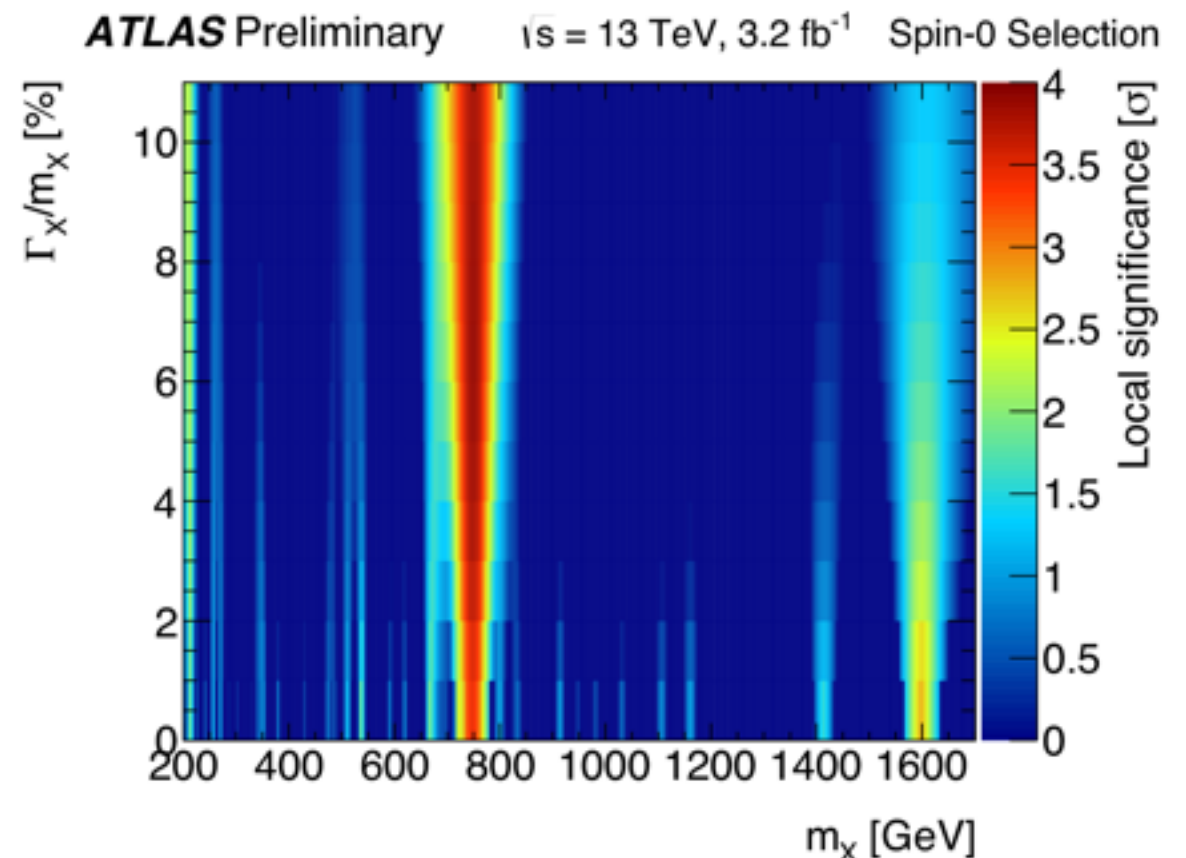
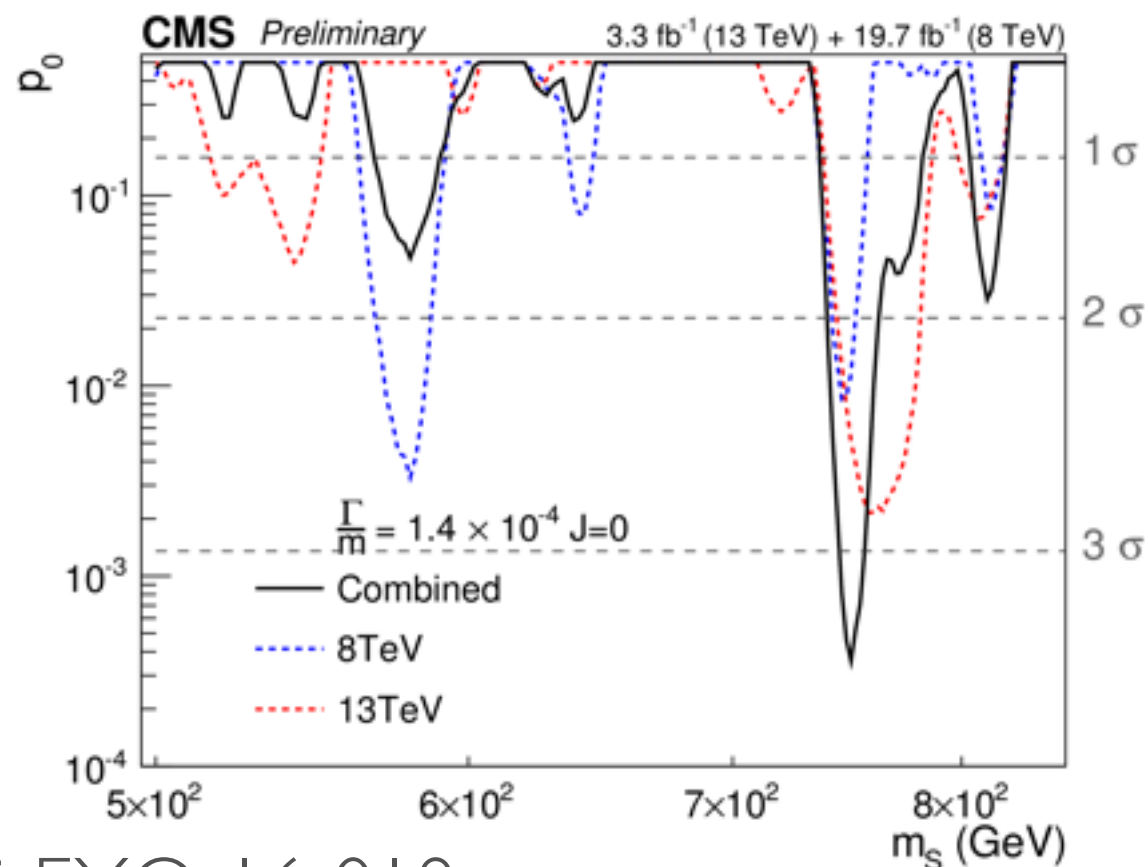
## THE MOST CONVINCING EXCESS YET

- ▶ Local Significance 3.6-3.9 $\sigma$  in ATLAS, 2.9 $\sigma$  in CMS



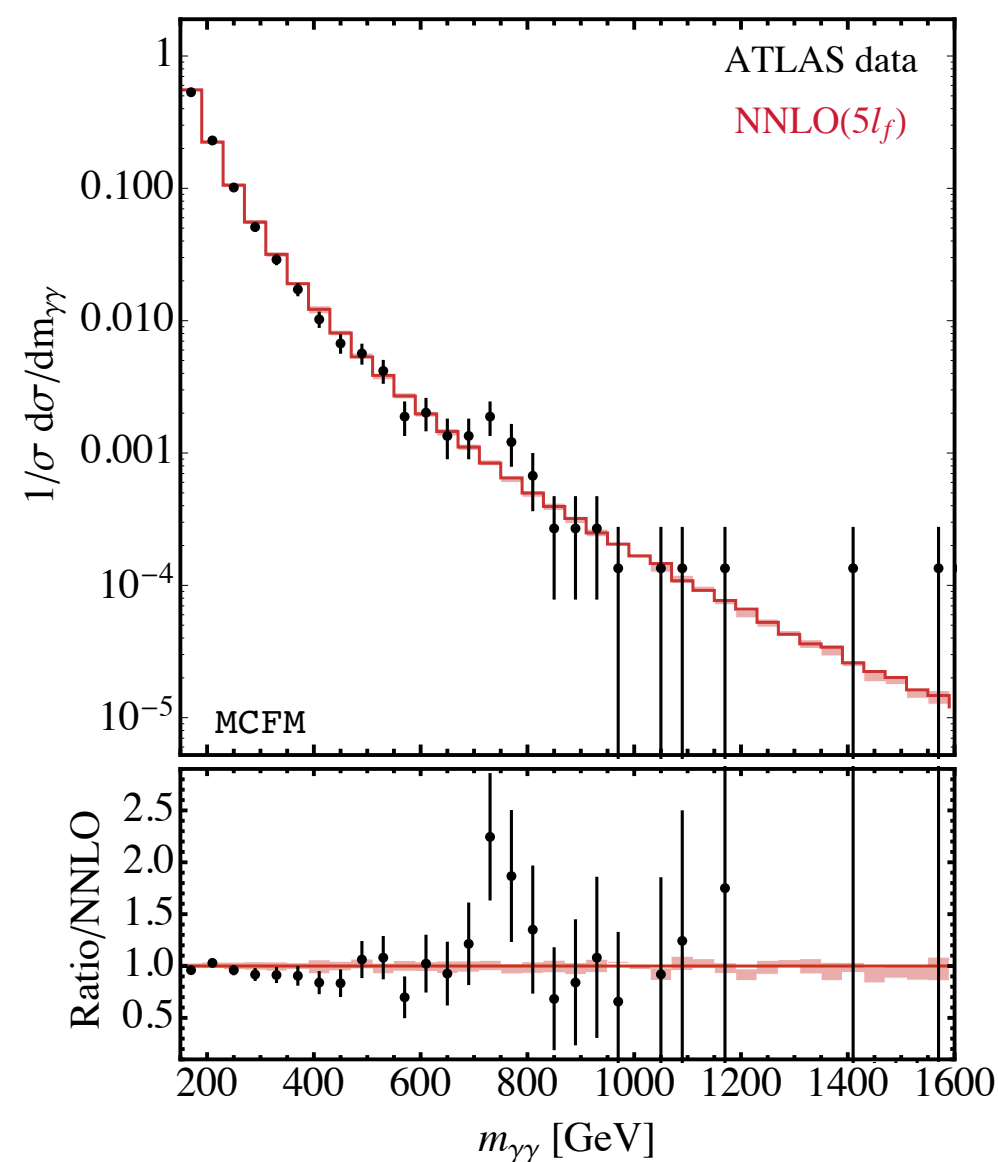
## THE MOST CONVINCING EXCESS YET

- ▶ Compatible with 8 TeV data if gg, bb fusion assumed
- ▶ Rate:  $\sigma(pp \rightarrow \Phi) \cdot \text{BR}(\Phi \rightarrow \gamma\gamma) \sim 5\text{-}10 \text{ fb}$
- ▶ Not enough data to constrain width



# THE MOST CONVINCING EXCESS YET

- ▶ It's not the Standard Model
- ▶ Recent calculations of inclusive  $pp \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$  cannot explain the excess



Campbell et al. | 603.02663



NEW PHYSICS!

- ▶ Basic feature of all models:
  - ▶ Need 750 GeV resonance + other state(s)
  - ▶ Reason: large tree level decay to SM particle in loop mediating decay to gaga

Knapen et al 1512.04298

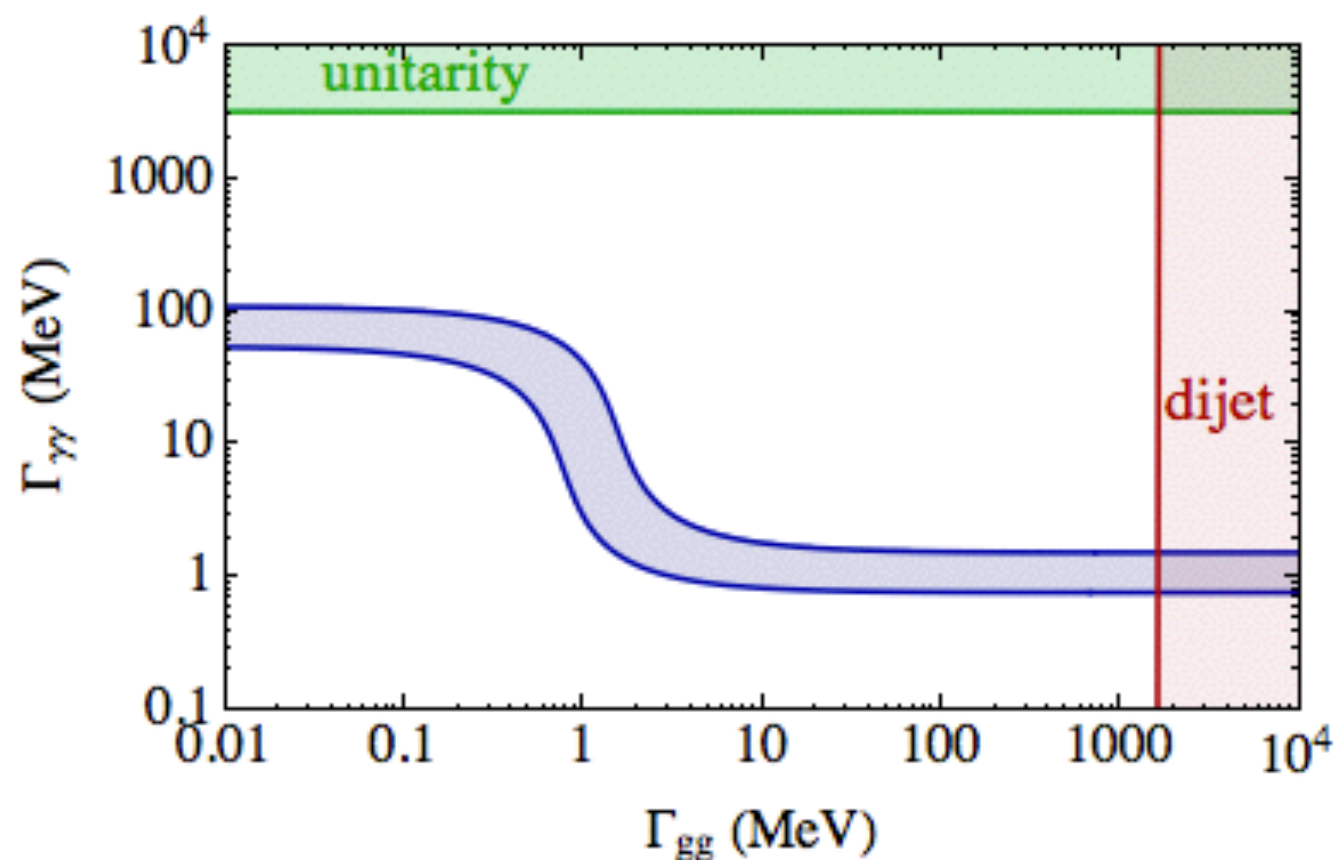
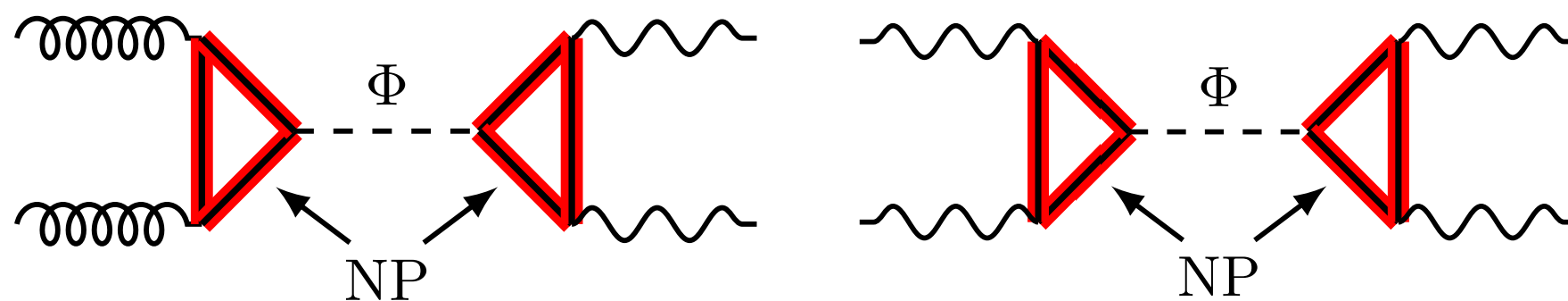
Final state	95% C.L. U.L. on $\sigma \times \text{BR}$ [fb]	Upper lim. on $\text{Br}(\Phi \rightarrow XX)/\text{Br}(\Phi \rightarrow \gamma\gamma)$
WW (gluon fusion)	174	17.4–34.8
WW (VBF)	70	7–14
ZZ (gg prod.)	89	9–18
ZZ (VBF prod.)	40	4–8
$Z\gamma$	42	4.2–8.4
Zh	572	57–114
hh	209	21–42
bb	$10^4$	$1\text{--}2 \times 10^3$
tt	$4.04 \times 10^3$	404–807
$\tau\tau$ (gg prod.)	56	6–11
$\tau\tau$ (assoc. b production)	54	5.4–10.8
qq	$10^4$	$1\text{--}2 \times 10^3$
$\ell\ell$	3.5	0.35–0.7

$$\text{BR}\left(\Phi \text{---} \begin{array}{c} \diagup \\ \diagdown \end{array} \right) \approx 10^5 \times \text{BR}\left(\Phi \text{---} \begin{array}{c} \diagup \\ \diagdown \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \text{---} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \diagdown \\ \diagup \end{array} \right)$$

SM

## SIMPLIFIED MODELS

- ▶ Most common simplified model to appear in the literature



Knapen et al 1512.04298

## BIG CHARGES NEEDED

Natural Width:

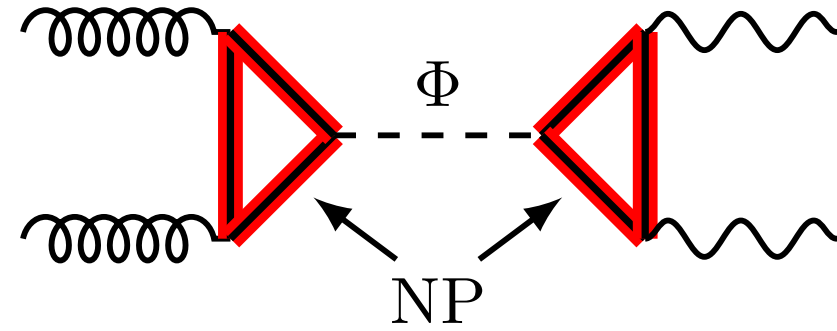
$$\Gamma_{\gamma\gamma} \sim \frac{\alpha_{\text{e.m.}}^2}{128\pi^3} m_\Phi (gNQ^2)^2 \sim \mathcal{O}(10 \text{ keV}) \times (gNQ^2)^2$$

"in" = any production mode;

"other" = any contribution to decay not in "in" or gaga

$$\sigma(pp \rightarrow \Phi) \cdot BR(\Phi \rightarrow \gamma\gamma) \sim \frac{\Gamma_{\text{in}}}{m_\Phi} \frac{\Gamma_{\gamma\gamma}}{\Gamma_{\gamma\gamma} + \Gamma_{\text{in}} + \Gamma_{\text{other}}} \frac{d\mathcal{L}}{dm_\Phi^2}$$

# LOOKING INSIDE LOOPS

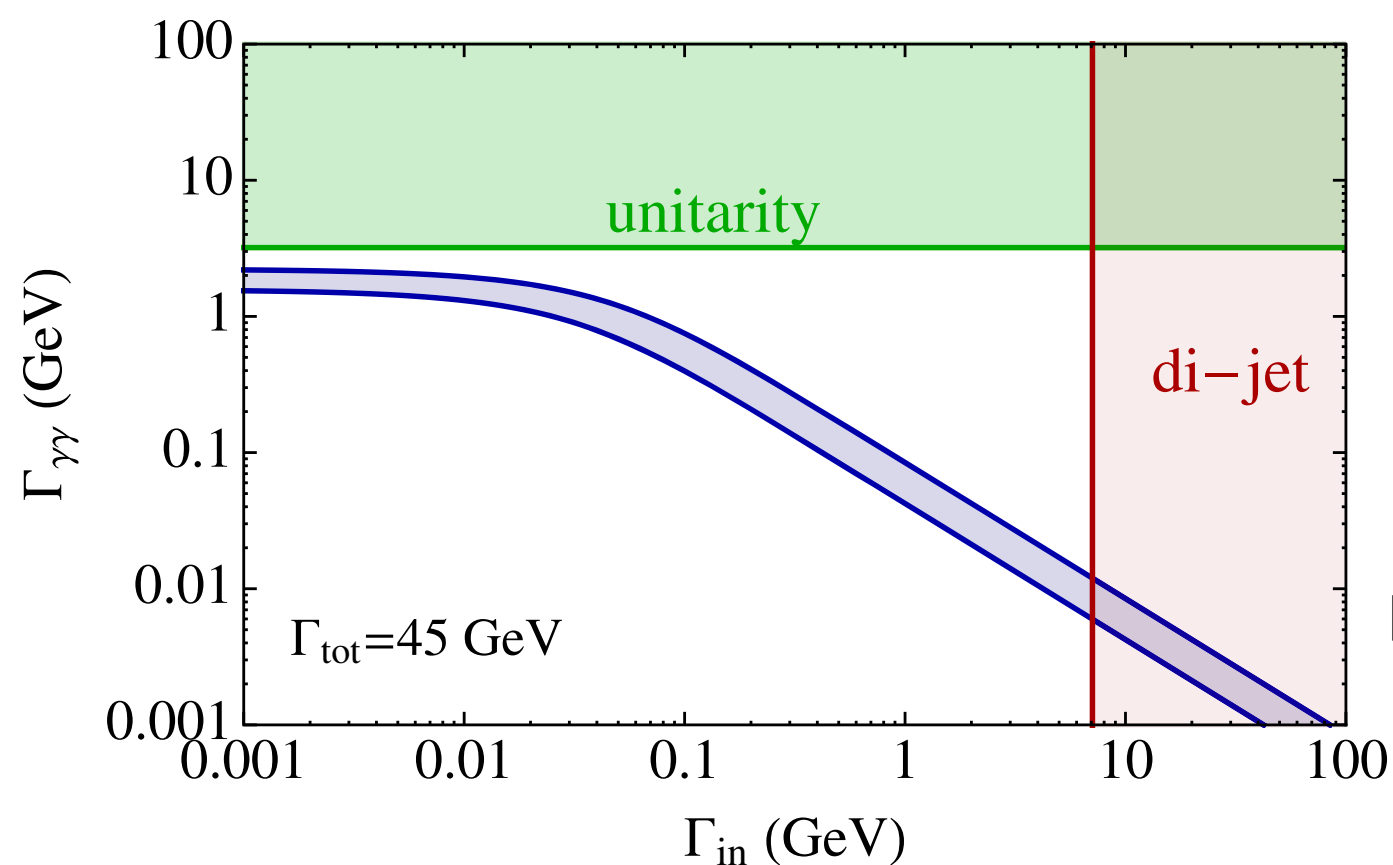
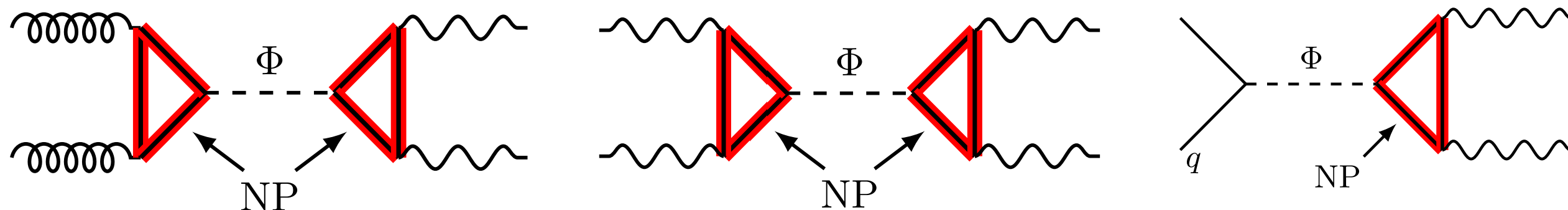


$$m=g_s=1 \text{ TeV}, g_f=1$$

Model	Representation	$\gamma Z/\gamma\gamma$	$WW/\gamma\gamma$	$ZZ/\gamma\gamma$	$gg/\gamma\gamma$	$R_{\Phi \rightarrow \gamma\gamma}^0$ [fb]	$\Gamma_{\text{tot}}$ [MeV]	$\Gamma_{\Phi \rightarrow \gamma\gamma}$ [MeV]	Decay mode
Scalars									
S1	$(3, 1, -\frac{4}{3})$	0.6	0	0.09	9.54	0.02	0.03	$3. \times 10^{-3}$	$d^c + e^c$
S2	$(\bar{3}, 1, \frac{4}{3})$	0.6	0	0.09	9.54	0.02	0.03	$3. \times 10^{-3}$	$2u^c$
S3	$(3, 2, \frac{7}{6})$	0.06	0.91	0.6	11.62	0.06	0.14	$9.9 \times 10^{-3}$	$u^c + 1$
S4	$(\bar{3}, 2, -\frac{7}{6})$	0.06	0.91	0.6	11.62	0.06	0.14	$9.9 \times 10^{-3}$	$e^c + q$
S5	$(\bar{3}, 3, \frac{1}{3})$	4.44	27.78	8.48	49.84	0.02	0.47	$5.2 \times 10^{-3}$	$q + 1$
S6	$(3, 3, -\frac{1}{3})$	4.44	27.78	8.48	49.84	0.02	0.47	$5.2 \times 10^{-3}$	$2 q$
S7	$(\bar{3}, 1, -\frac{2}{3})$	0.6	0	0.09	$1.5 \times 10^2$	$1.4 \times 10^{-3}$	0.03	$1.9 \times 10^{-4}$	$2d^c$
S8	$(3, 2, \frac{1}{6})$	5.07	30.62	9.26	$3.9 \times 10^2$	$2. \times 10^{-3}$	0.13	$2.9 \times 10^{-4}$	$d^c + 1$
S9	$(3, 1, -\frac{1}{3})$	0.6	0	0.09	$2.4 \times 10^3$	$8.7 \times 10^{-5}$	0.03	$1.2 \times 10^{-5}$	$e^c + u^c$
S10	$(\bar{3}, 1, \frac{1}{3})$	0.6	0	0.09	$2.4 \times 10^3$	$8.7 \times 10^{-5}$	0.03	$1.2 \times 10^{-5}$	$d^c + u^c$
Fermions									
F1	$(3, 2, \frac{7}{6})$	0.06	0.91	0.6	11.62	3.52	8.19	0.58	$u^c + V/h$
F2	$(\bar{3}, 3, -\frac{2}{3})$	1.55	13.61	4.53	24.42	2.49	27.86	0.62	$q + V/h$
F3	$(3, 2, -\frac{5}{6})$	0.01	2.65	1.22	33.8	1.29	7.67	0.2	$d^c + V/h$
F4	$(\bar{3}, 3, \frac{1}{3})$	4.44	27.78	8.48	49.84	1.23	27.7	0.3	$q + V/h$
F5	$(\bar{3}, 1, -\frac{2}{3})$	0.6	0	0.09	$1.5 \times 10^2$	0.08	1.69	0.01	$q + V/h$
F6	$(3, 2, \frac{1}{6})$	5.07	30.62	9.26	$3.9 \times 10^2$	0.11	7.49	0.02	$u^c + V/h$
F7	$(\bar{3}, 1, \frac{1}{3})$	0.6	0	0.09	$2.4 \times 10^3$	$5.1 \times 10^{-3}$	1.68	$6.9 \times 10^{-4}$	$q + V/h$

## SIMPLIFIED MODELS

- ▶ Most common simplified model to appear in the literature

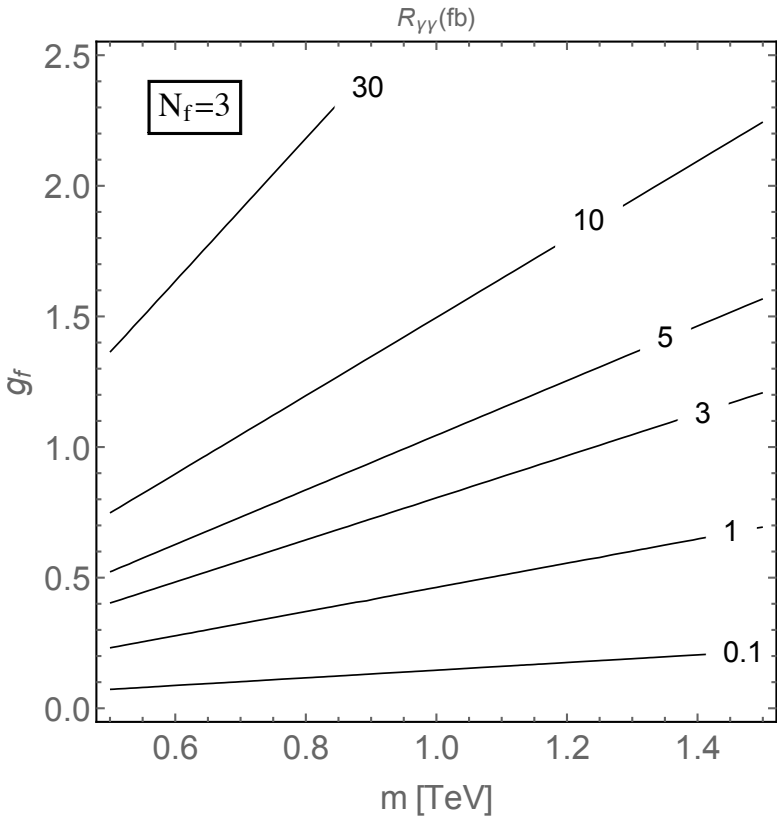


Knapen et al 1512.04298

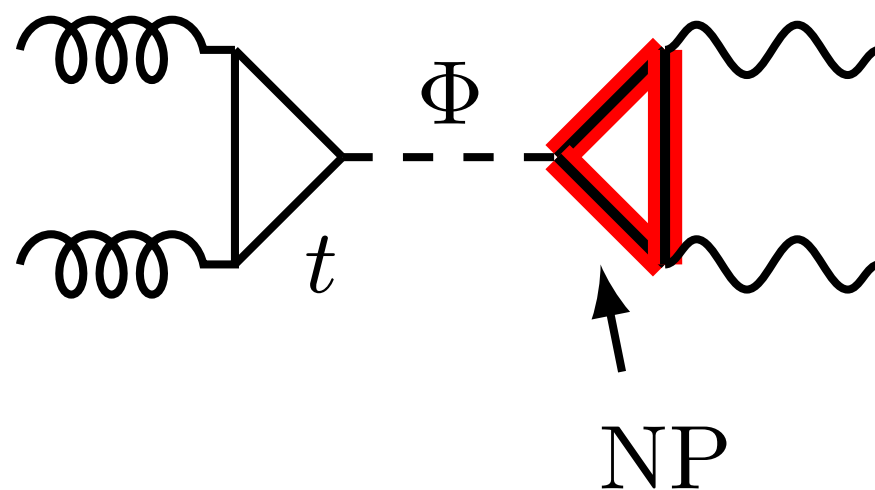
LOOKING INSIDE LOOPS

Model	Representation	$\gamma Z/\gamma\gamma$	$WW/\gamma\gamma$	$R_{\gamma\gamma}^0$ [fb]	$\Gamma_{\gamma\gamma}$ [MeV]	Decay mode
Scalars						
$S11$	$(1, 1, -2)$	0.6	0	$7.7 \times 10^{-3}$	$1.4 \times 10^{-3}$	$2e^c$
$S12$	$(1, 3, 1)$	0.33	6.05	$1.1 \times 10^{-2}$	$2.3 \times 10^{-3}$	$2\ell$
$S13$	$(1, 2, -\frac{1}{2})$	0.82	9.45	$4.7 \times 10^{-4}$	$9.0 \times 10^{-5}$	$d^c + q$
$S14$	$(1, 2, \frac{1}{2})$	0.82	9.45	$4.7 \times 10^{-4}$	$9.0 \times 10^{-5}$	$u^c + q$
Fermions						
$F8$	$(1, 1, 1)$	0.6	0	0.031	$5.8 \times 10^{-3}$	$\ell + V/h$
$F9$	$(1, 2, -\frac{3}{2})$	0.19	0.38	0.76	$1.4 \times 10^{-1}$	$e^c + V/h$
$F10$	$(1, 3, 1)$	0.33	6.05	0.76	$1.4 \times 10^{-1}$	$\ell + V/h$
$F11$	$(1, 2, -\frac{1}{2})$	0.82	9.45	0.031	$5.6 \times 10^{-3}$	$e^c + V/h$
$F12$	$(1, 3, 0)$	6.7	37.81	0.12	$2.3 \times 10^{-2}$	$\ell + V/h$

Model F9,  $y = 0.02$

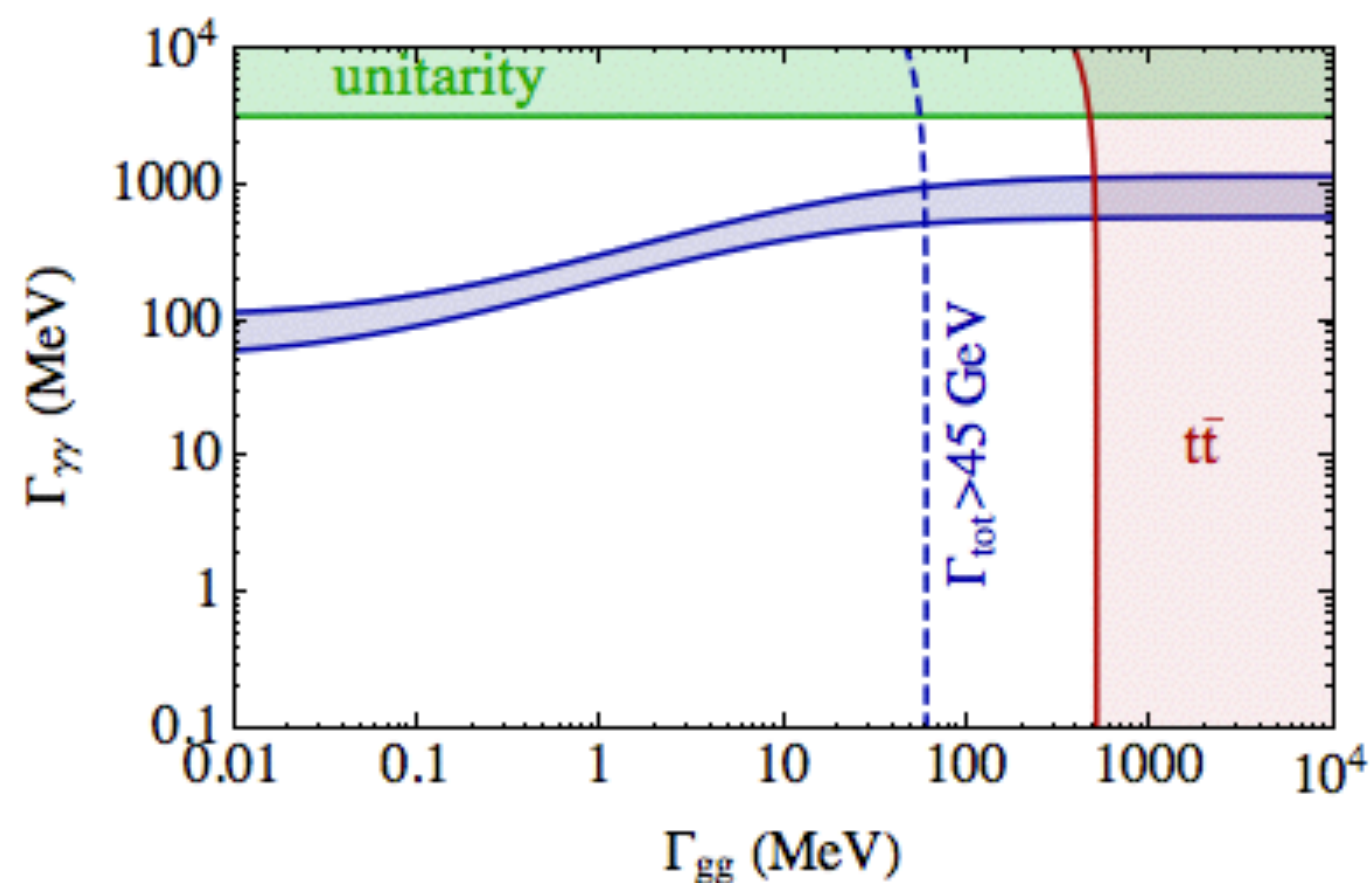


## ELECTROWEAK STATES ONLY



No new colored  
particles needed

Knapen et al 1512.04298



## MIXING WITH HIGGS

- ▶ Resonance part of EW Doublet only complicates constraints

$$\mathcal{L} \supset y \Phi \psi \chi + m \psi \bar{\psi} + m \chi \bar{\chi}$$

$$\longrightarrow \frac{y^2}{m^2} \Phi \Phi^\dagger B^{\mu\nu} B_{\mu\nu} \quad \text{etc}$$

- ▶ Small  $\Phi$  vev means Big Yukawas

- ▶ Or  $\mathcal{L} \supset y' H \psi \chi$  with  $y' < y$

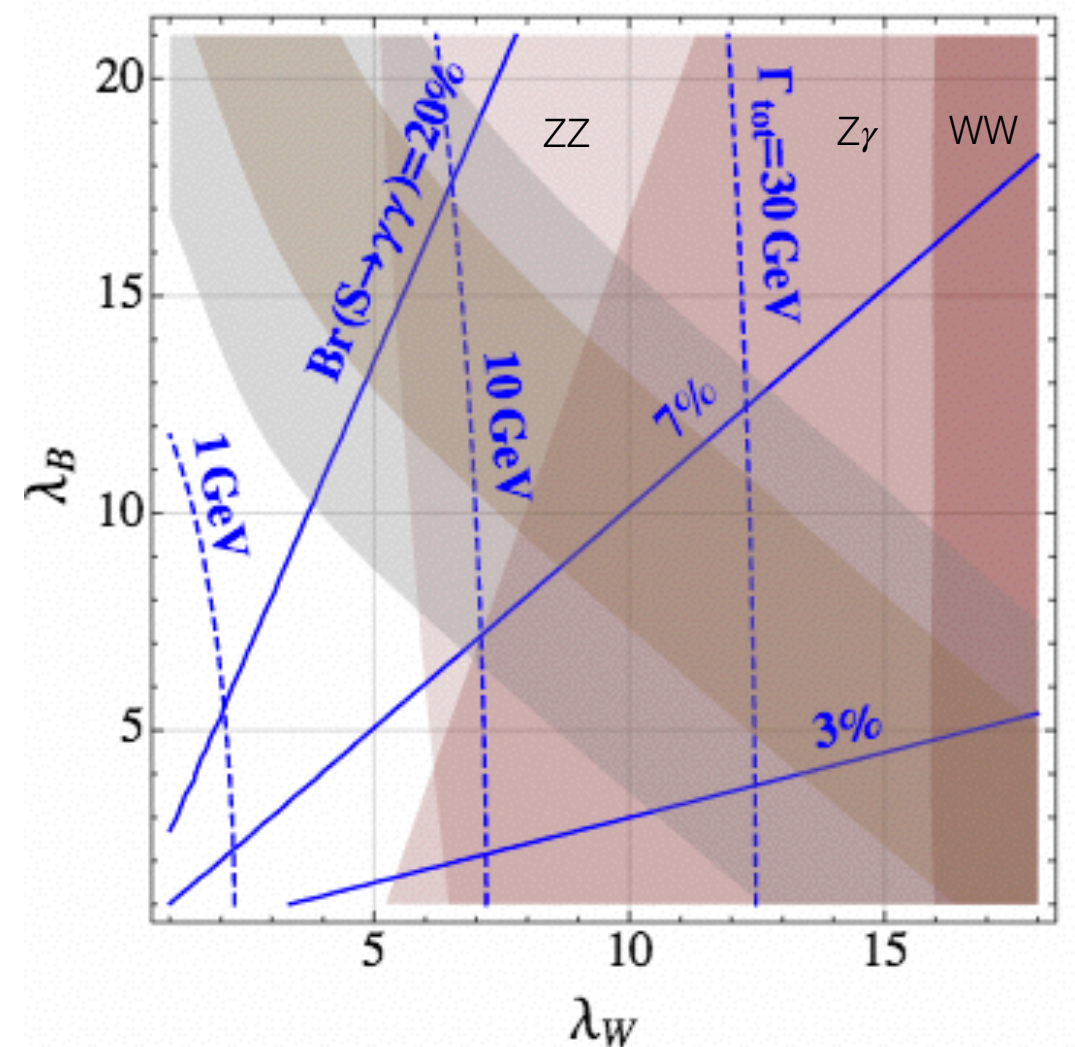
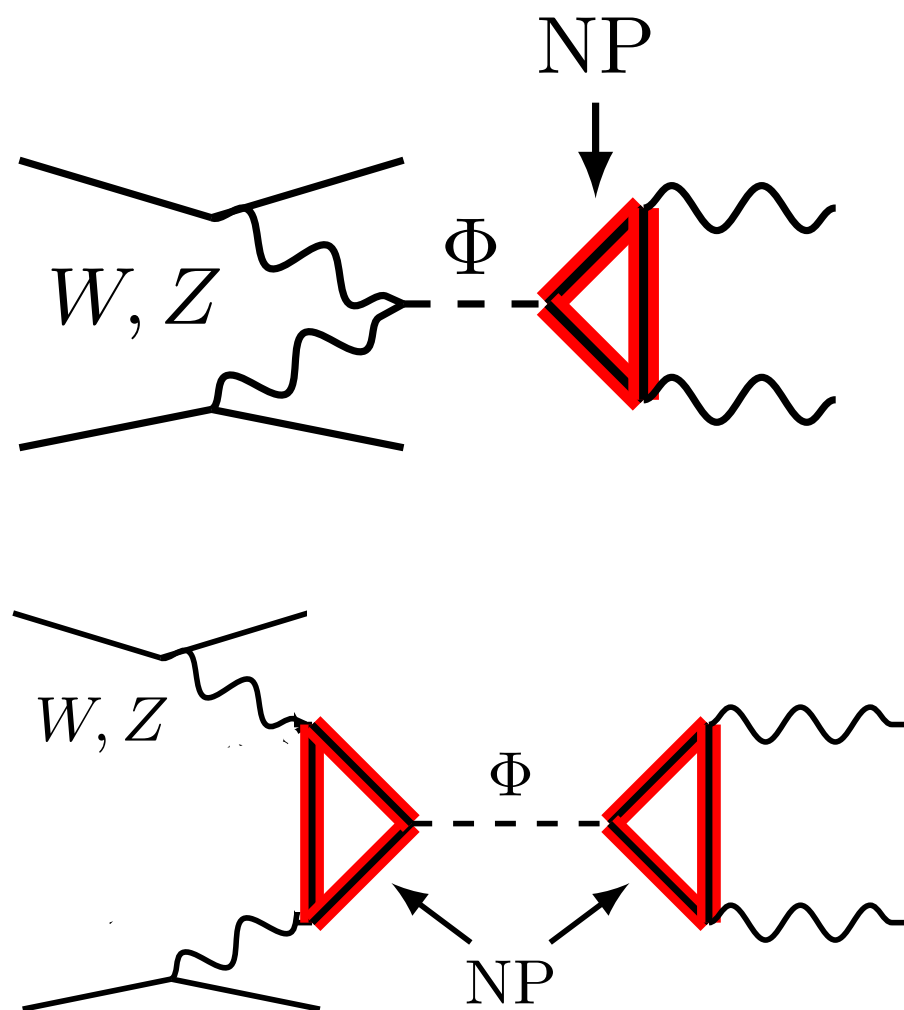
$$\longrightarrow \frac{y y'}{m^2} \Phi H^\dagger B^{\mu\nu} B_{\mu\nu} \quad \text{etc}$$



# GAUGE BOSON FUSION

(Very) stretched but not ruled out? .....

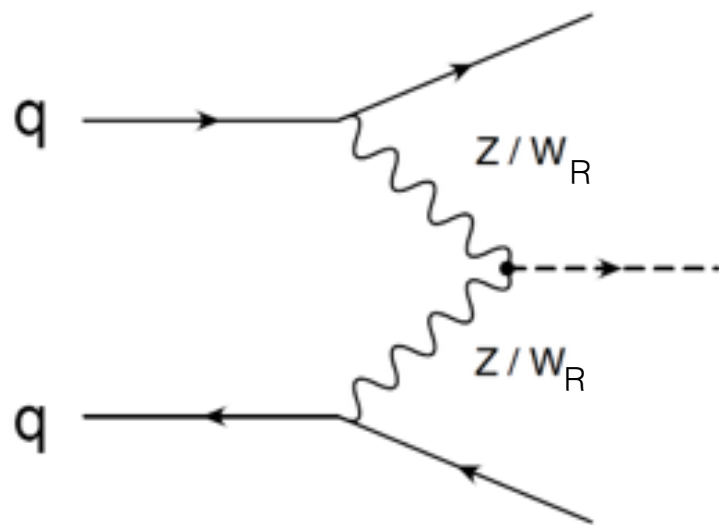
$$\mathcal{L} \supset \lambda_B \frac{\alpha}{\pi c_W^2 v} \Phi B_{\mu\nu} B^{\mu\nu} + \lambda_W \frac{\alpha}{\pi s_W^2 v} \Phi W_{\mu\nu} W^{\mu\nu}$$



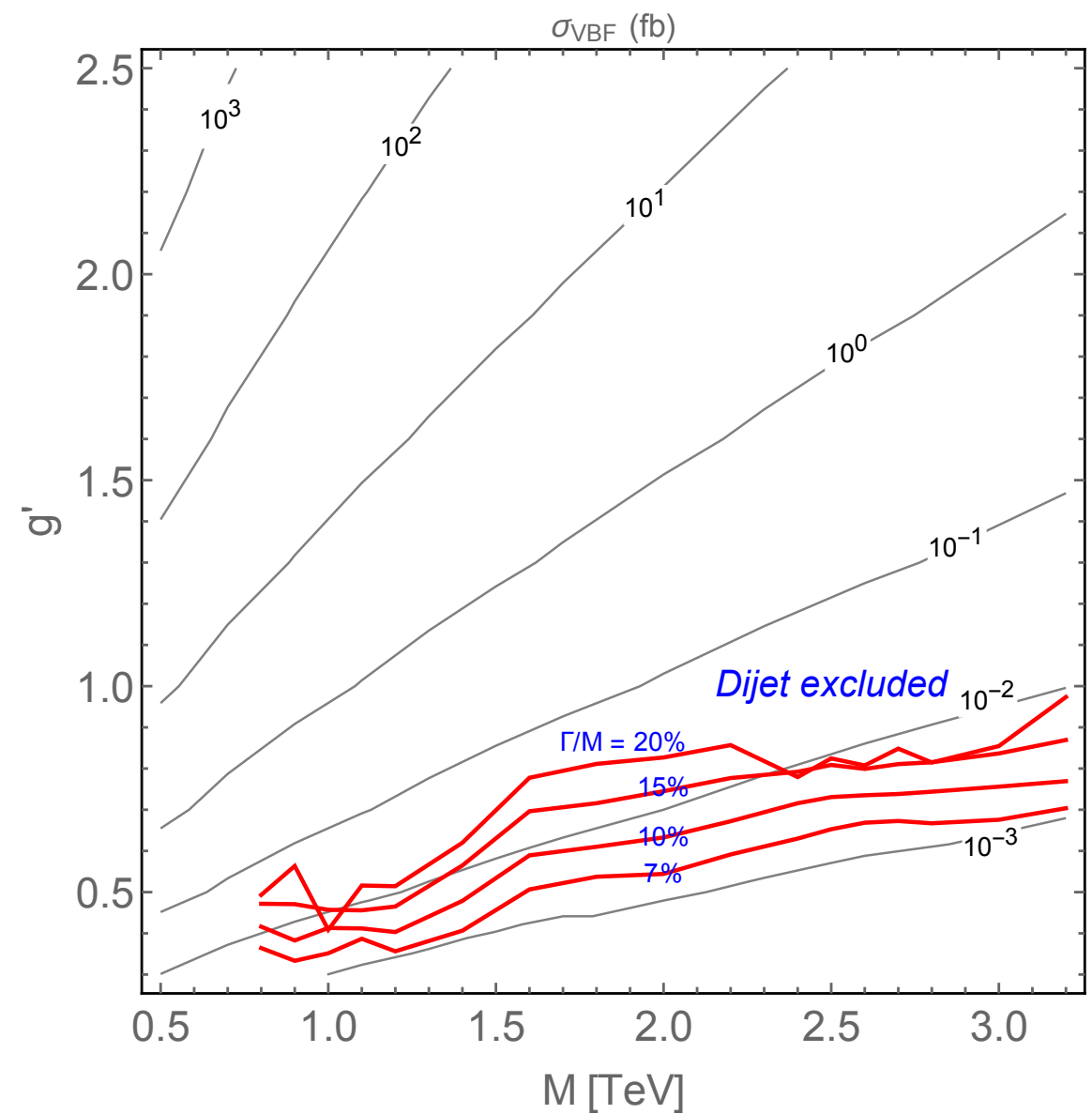
Altmannshofer et al.:1512.07616

## SU(2)<sub>R</sub>

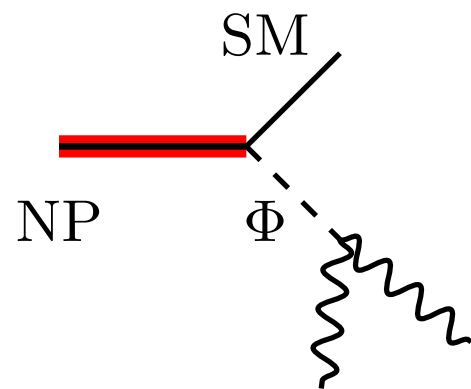
### ► Ruled out by dijets



Knapen et al 1512.04298

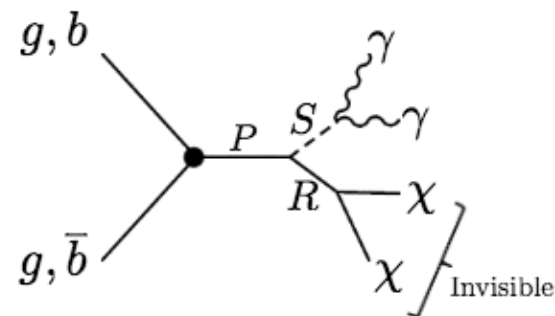


# 750 GEV RESONANCE + ADDITIONAL ACTIVITY

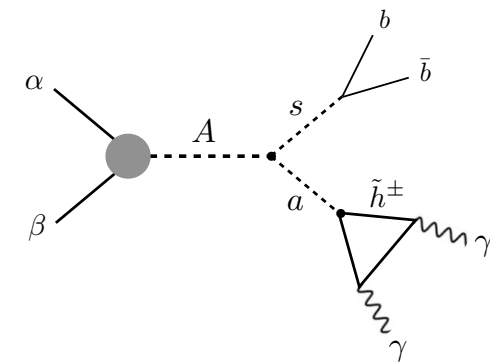


$$W' \rightarrow W\Phi$$

Knapen et al 1512.04298



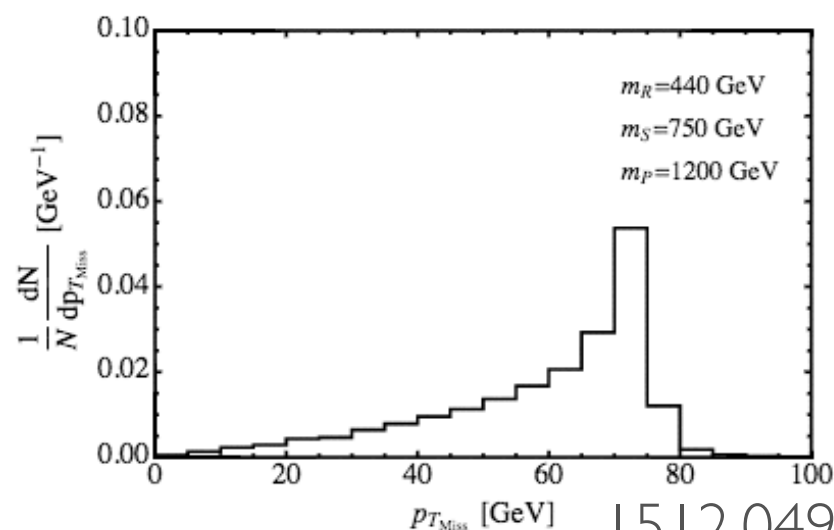
Franceschini et al, 1512.04933



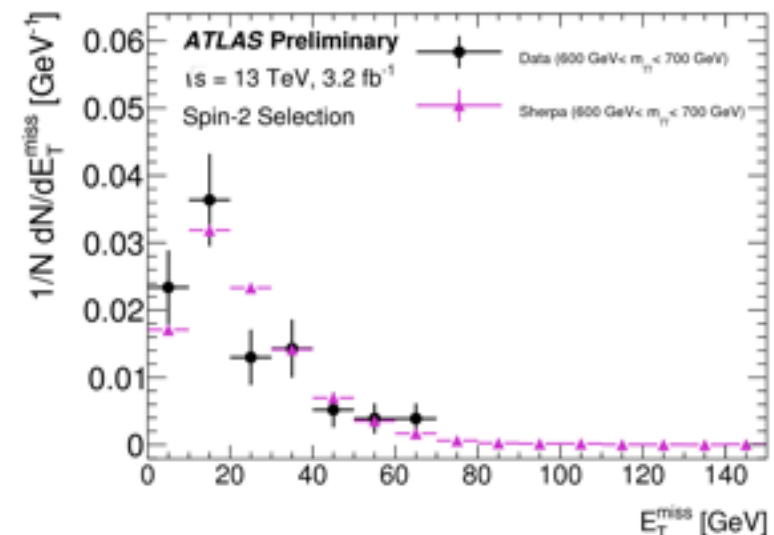
Badziak et al., 1603.02203

► Why has nothing else been reported in the events?

e.g.

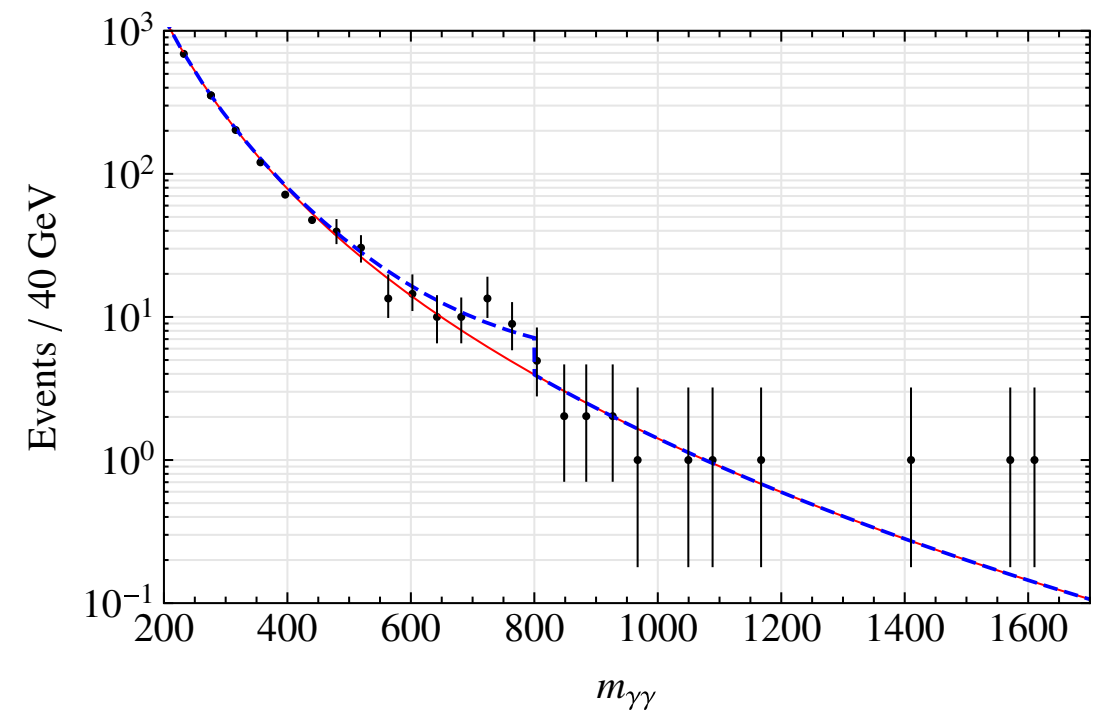
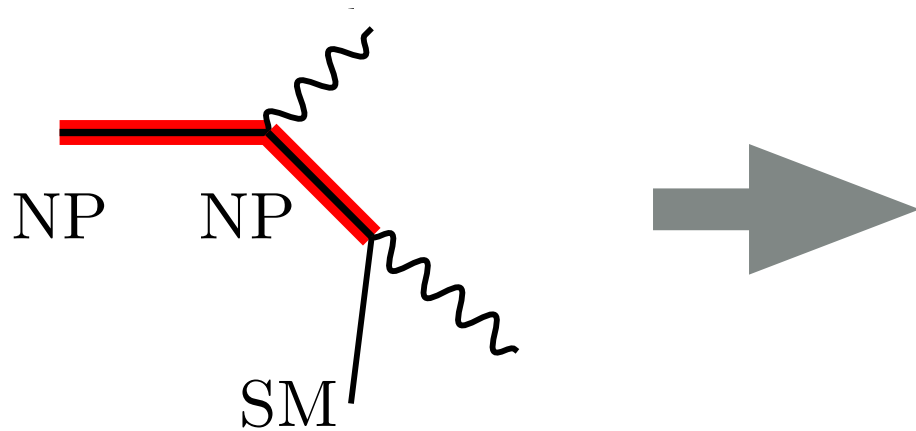


1512.04933

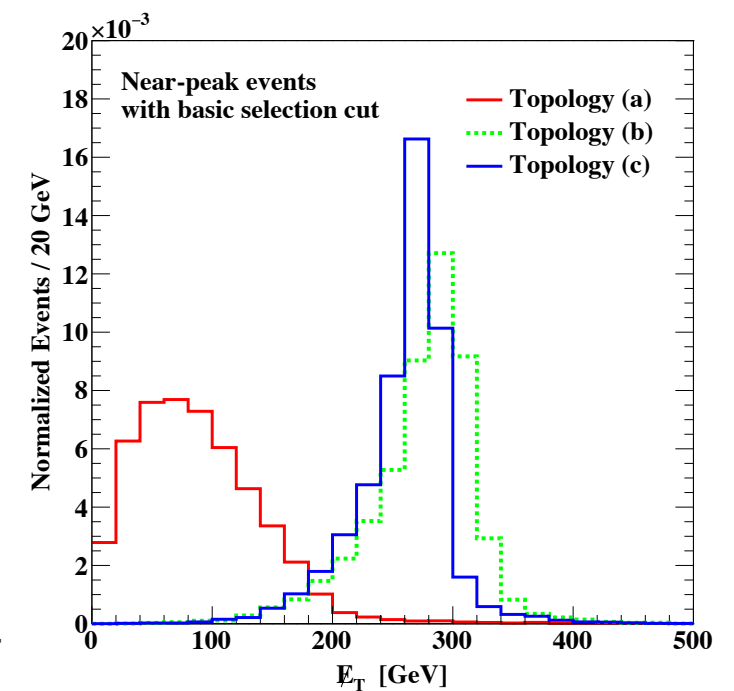
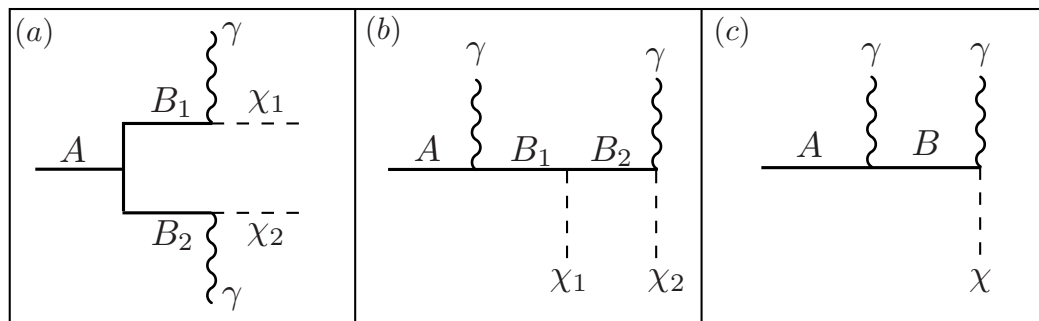


ATLAS-CONF-2016-018

# FAKE A RESONANCE WITH AN EDGE

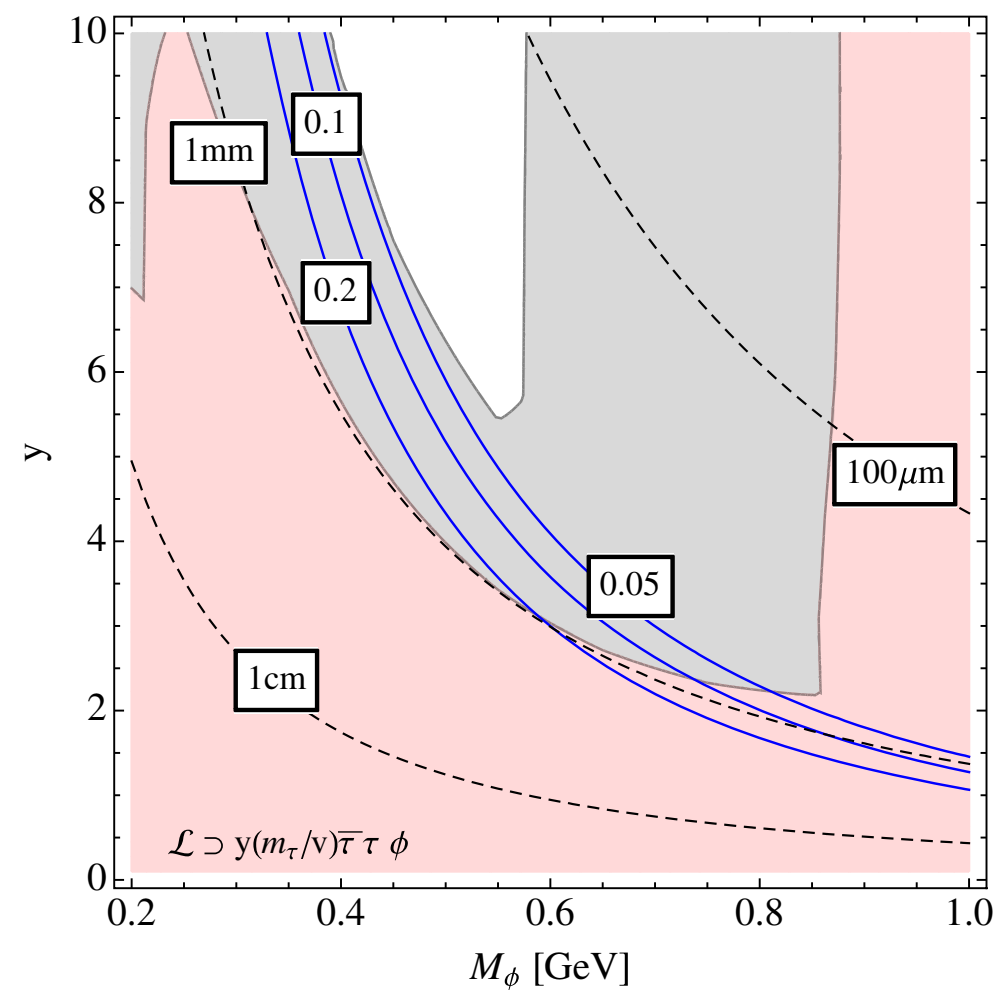
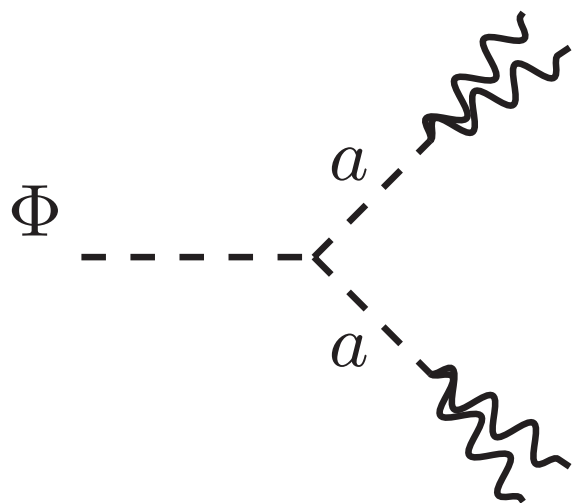


► Again, why has nothing else been observed?



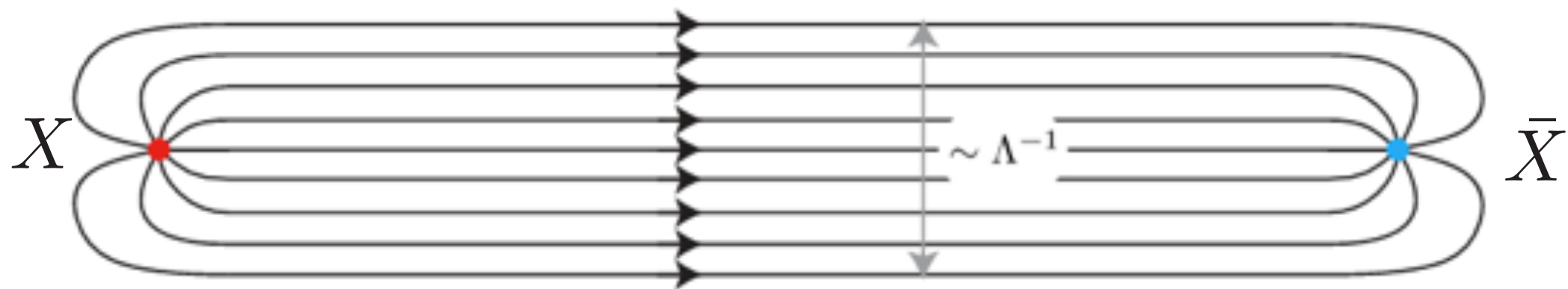
## FAKE PHOTONS

- Sufficiently light secondary particles that decay products merge – Hidden-valley-like model



## QUIRKS

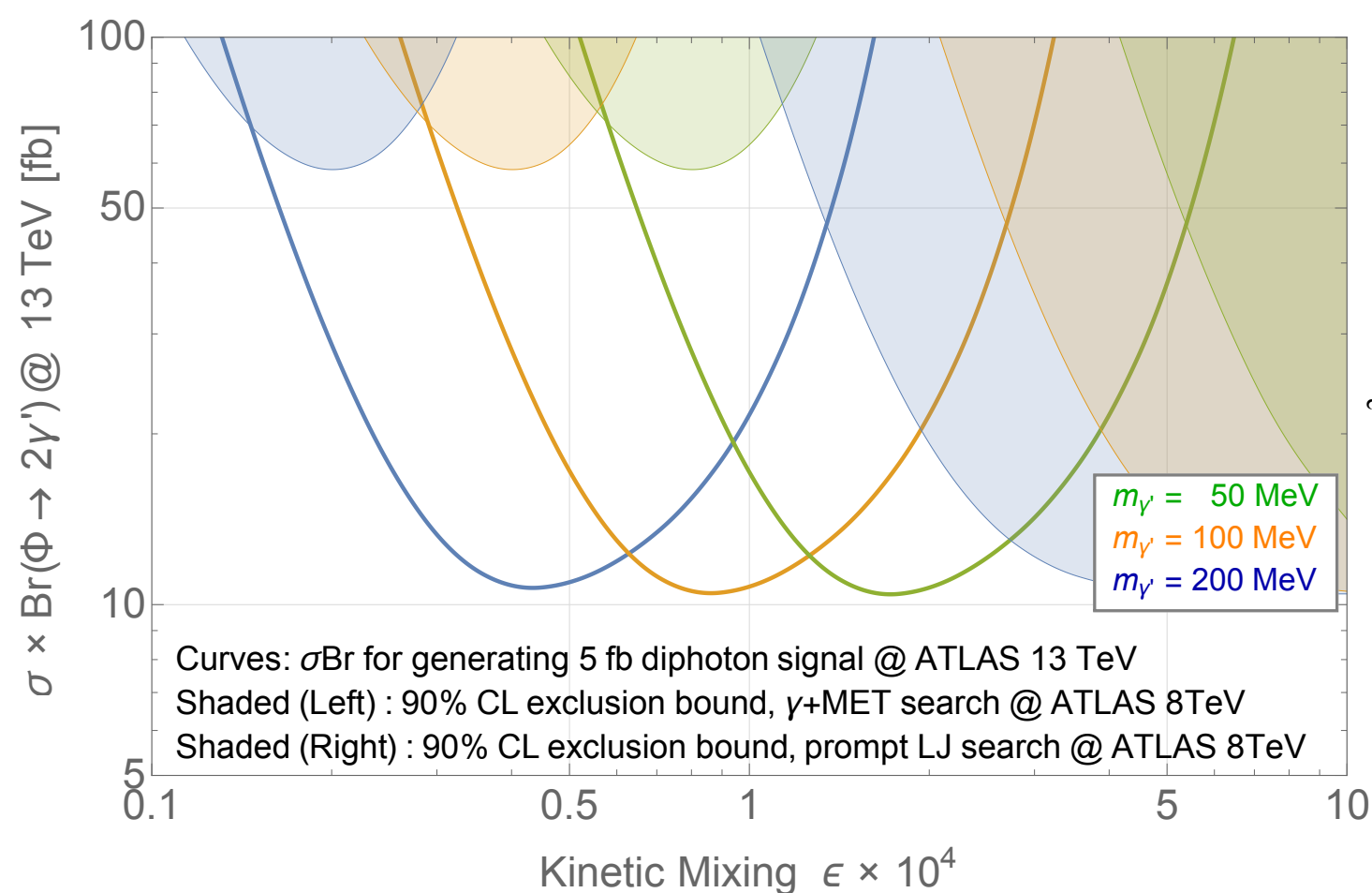
- ▶ If  $m_X > \Lambda$ , flux tube does not break
- ▶ Instead  $X\bar{X}$  annihilates to hidden gauge bosons



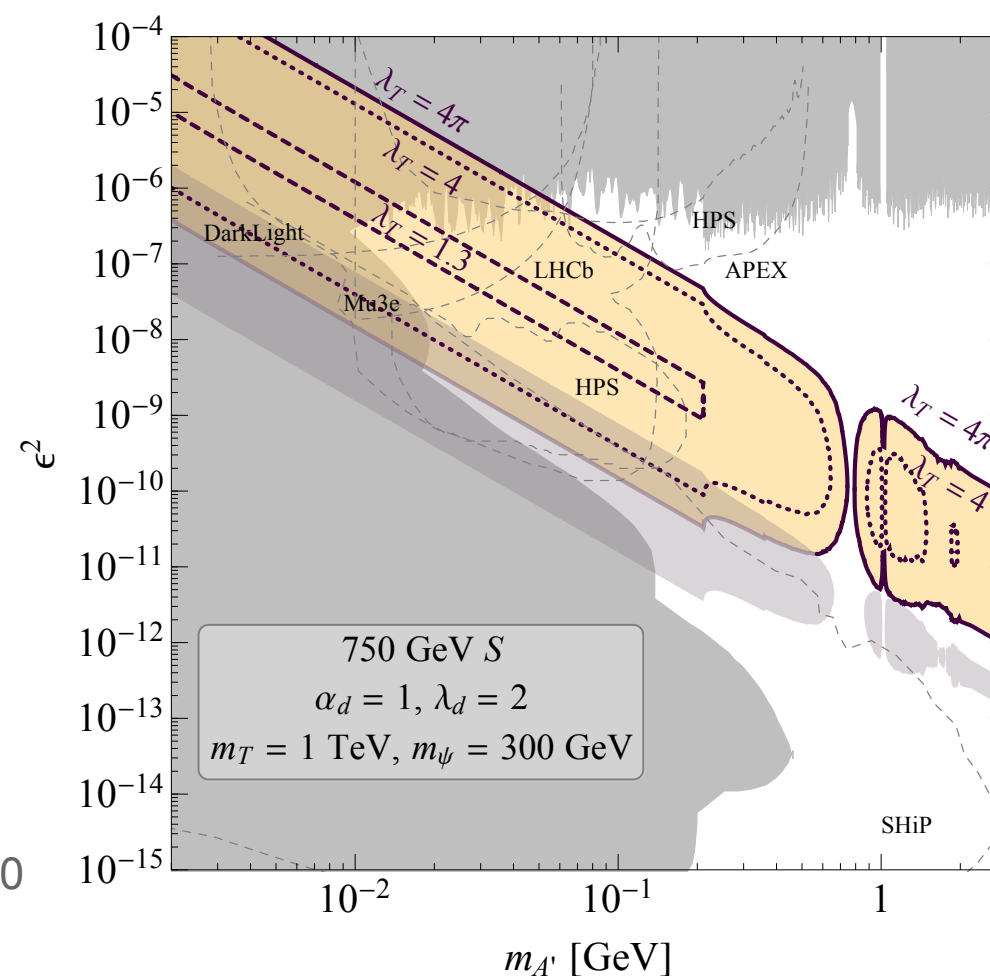
# FAKE PHOTONS

- ▶ Long lived decays to pairs of electrons; evade tracker

$$\Phi \rightarrow A' A' \rightarrow 2e^+ 2e^-$$



Tsai et al. 1603.00024



Chen et al. 1603.01256

HIDDEN PIONS

► Confine at high scale

	$G_H$	$SU(3)_C$	$U(1)_Y$	$U(1)_A$
$Q_1$	$\square$	$\bar{\square}$	$a$	$1/3$
$Q_2$	$\square$	$\mathbf{1}$	$b$	$-1$
$\bar{Q}_1$	$\bar{\square}$	$\square$	$-a$	$1/3$
$\bar{Q}_2$	$\bar{\square}$	$\mathbf{1}$	$-b$	$-1$

$$\langle Q_1 \bar{Q}_1 \rangle \approx \langle Q_2 \bar{Q}_2 \rangle \equiv \langle Q \bar{Q} \rangle \approx \frac{1}{16\pi^2} \Lambda^3$$

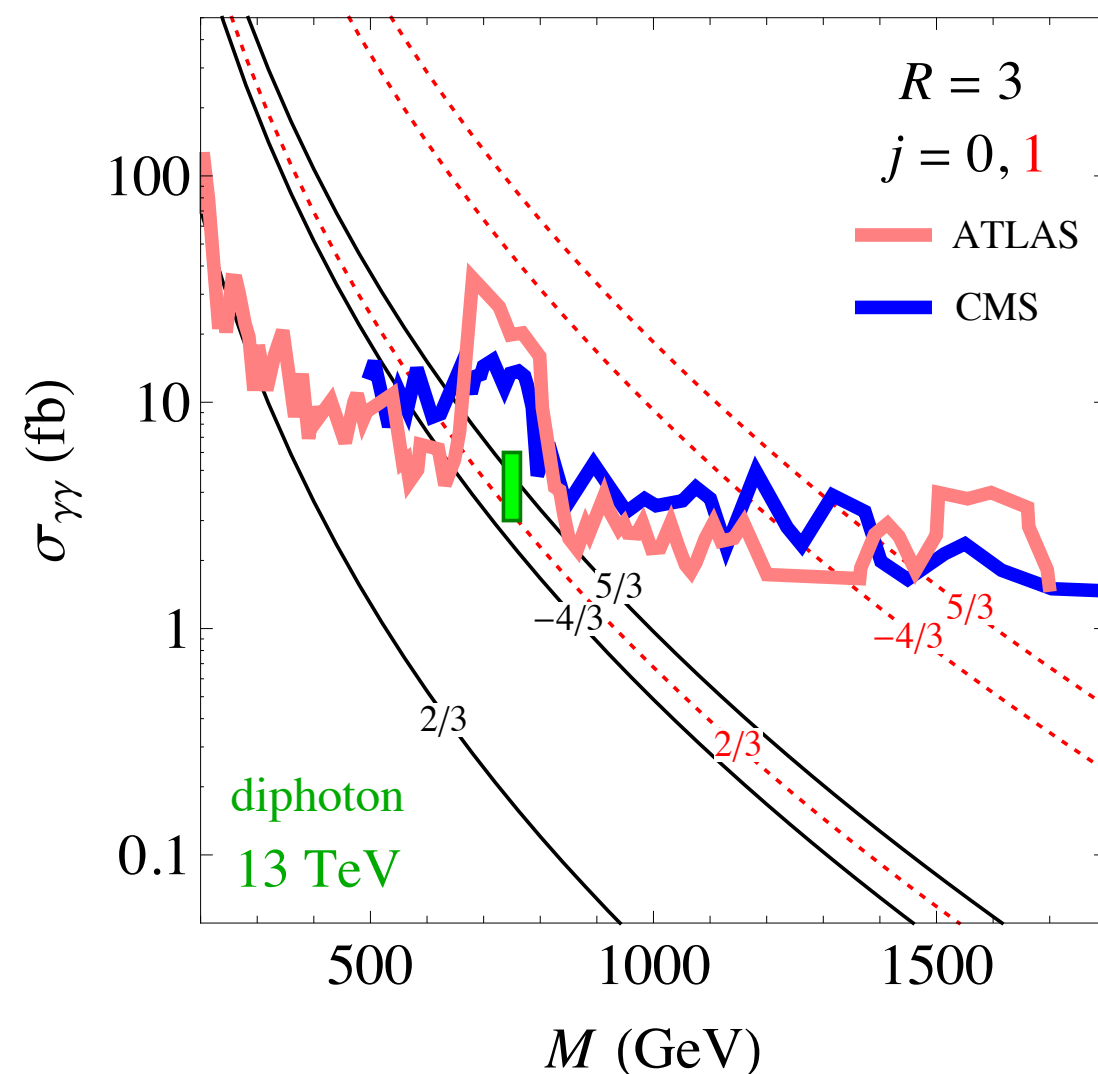
$$\psi \sim Q_1 \bar{Q}_1$$

$$(\mathbf{Adj}, 0),$$



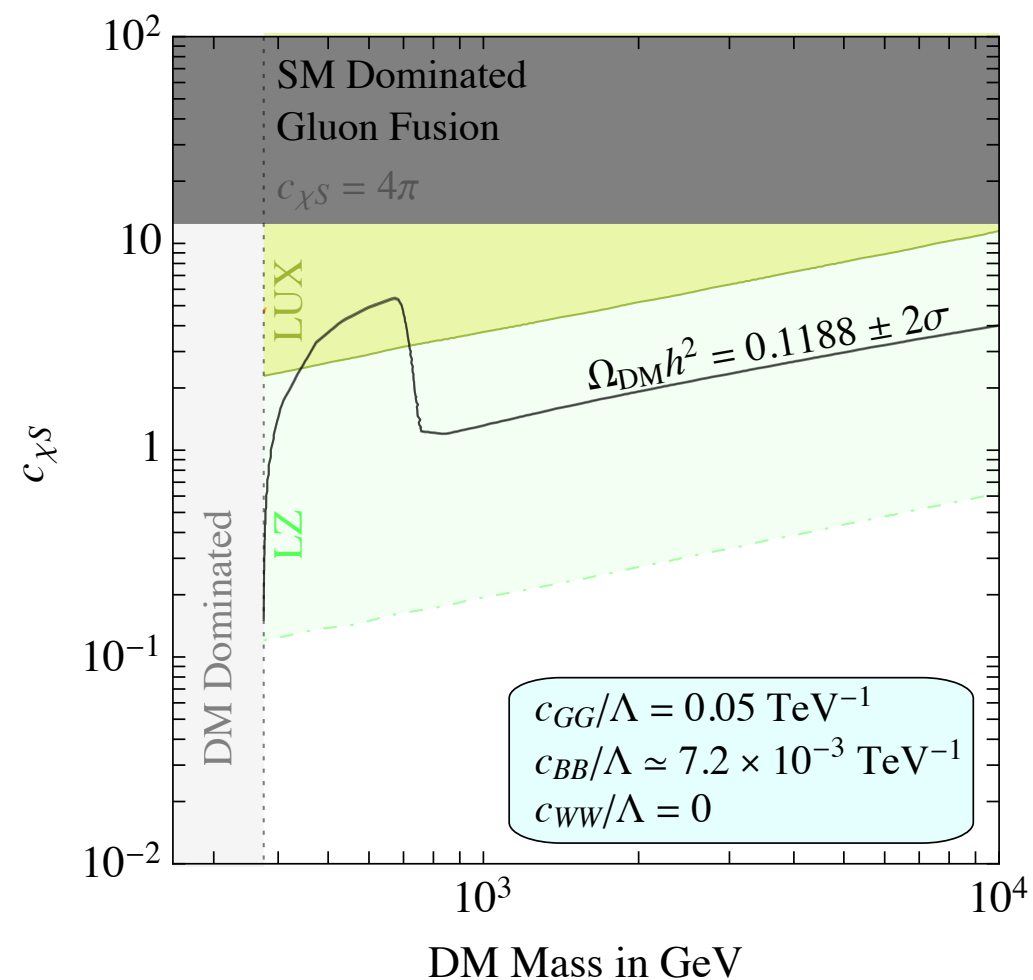
## QCD OR NEW GROUP COMPOSITE

- ▶ Resonance as QCD composite if constituents decay slowly enough.
- ▶ Large charge needed to get large enough rate ( $Q = -4/3$  charge preferred)



# SURE, WHY NOT?

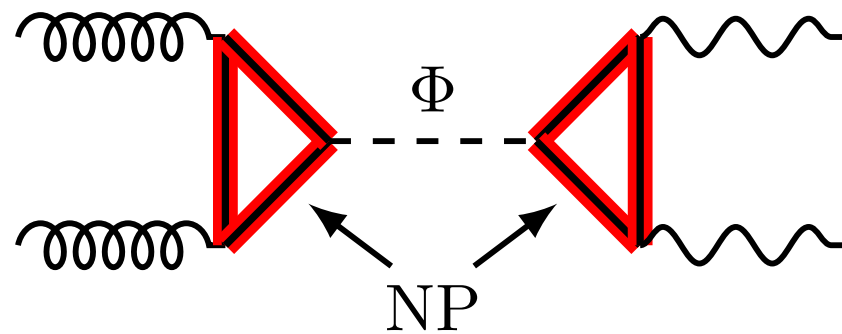
- Resonance can even provide an annihilation portal



d'Eramo et al: 1601.0157 (+ many others)

### WHAT DO WE LEARN?

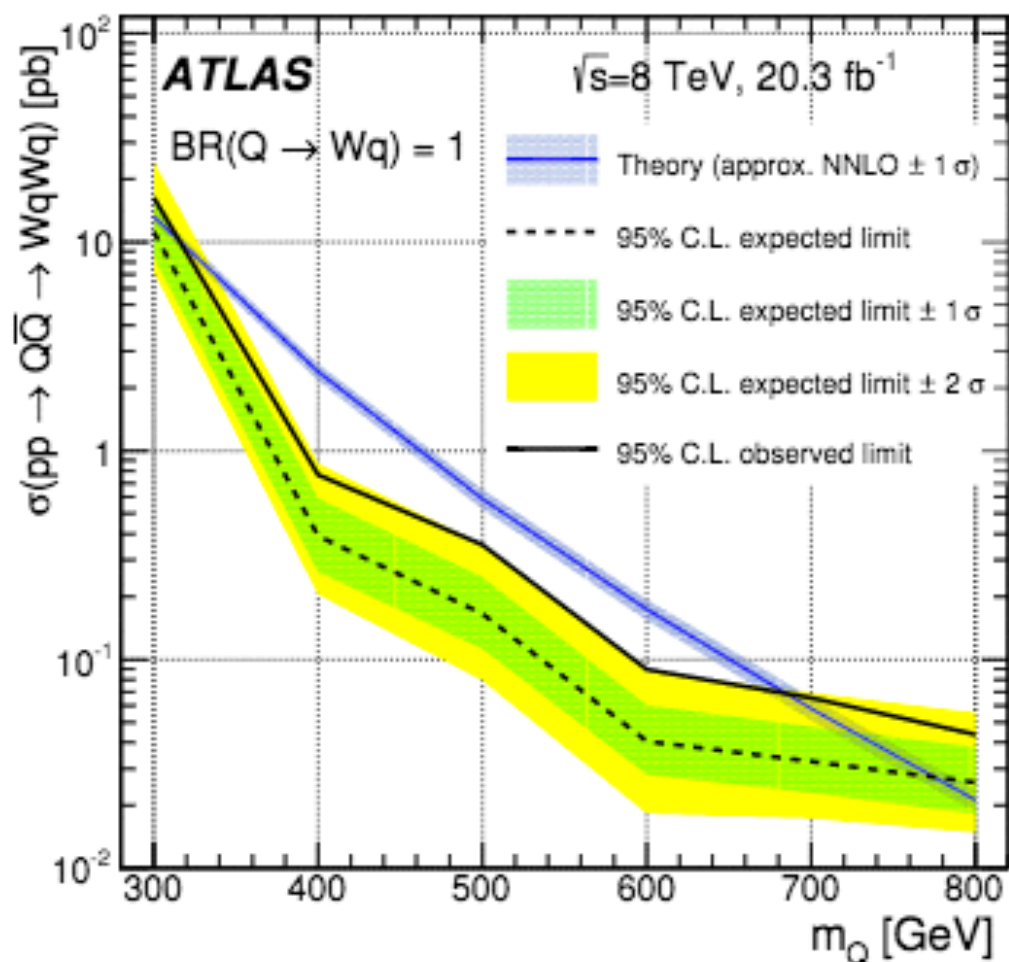
- ▶ Composite (pion) of new confining gauge group
- ▶ Or weakly coupled resonance + vector-like quarks



- ▶ Both Work Well
- ▶ Both predict extraordinary levels of activity in LHC Run II

## WHAT DO WE LEARN?

- ▶ Many resonances ; discovering 2nd QCD.
- ▶ Or, messenger states  $\psi \rightarrow q + W$



IT'S AN IMPORTANT YEAR FOR PHYSICS BSM AT LHC

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}|\text{cat}\rangle + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}|\text{dog}\rangle$$