

protoDUNE Raw Data Management and SP Disk Buffer Farm

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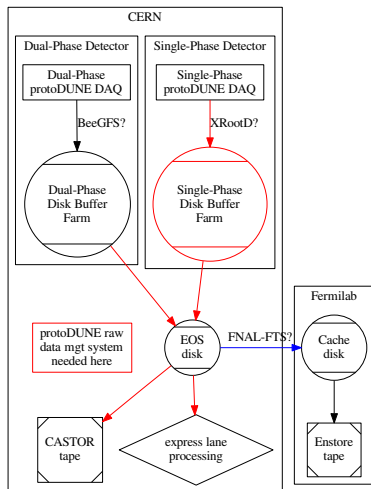
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High Level Data Flow

SP+DP functional symmetry starting at buffer farms.

- **Disk Buffer Farm (BF)**
 - isolate DAQs/EOS \lesssim 3 days
 - exp. provides hardware and DAQ \rightarrow buffer transfer method
- **Raw Data Mgt Sys (RDMS)**
 - Surveyed existing systems.
 - **Likely use FNAL-FTS**
 - Setup and support effort needs understanding.
- **Copy to Fermilab**
 - Use FNAL-tech at `fnal.gov`
 - Little integration effort needed if use FNAL-FTS as RDMS.



High-level protoDUNE raw data flow

Online Disk Buffer Farms (DP+SP)

CERN wants BFs to isolate DAQs/EOS for $\lesssim 3$ days of data.

- Dual Phase (DP) detector:
 - Nominally **2.5 PB** total data.
 - Keep all DP data on DP BF.
- Single Phase (SP) detector:
 - Uncertainty range **0.1-1.0 PB** total data.
 - SP BF is just for buffering SP data.
- Common:
 - 2 month data run, maybe ping/pong 1 week each.
 - Shared **Raw Data Management System**.
 - All raw data to CERN EOS/CASTOR, FNAL (and elsewhere).

Single-Phase Online Disk Buffer Farm R&D

- The need for a buffer farm only recently understood.
- Size, performance, features not yet well understood
 - Driven by data size (see next).
 - In all likely scenarios, sustained **parallel writes** to buffer farm.
- BBL intends to do some R&D:
 - Will present letter of intent to pDCIG¹.
 - Look at using **XRootD** for DAQ→BF transfer.
 - Understand **scaling** and **requirements on DAQ**.
 - Culminate in **design, cost, plan** to be given to pDCIG

¹“protoDUNE Computing Interface Group”: representation from CERN, FNAL, DUNE Software & Computing, both protoDUNE detectors

Single-Phase Data Rate/Volume Scenarios

	low	high	Goldilocks
trigger (Hz)	10	100	10
readout (ms)	2	5	2
#APA read	1	6	3
inst. rate (GB/s)	0.08	11.5	0.23
avg. rate (GB/s)	0.02	3.3	0.07
inst. HDD writes	1.5	230	4.6
avg. HDD writes	0.4	66	1.3
3 days disk (TB)	5.7	850	17
total volume (TB)	76.8	1150	230

- Common assumptions: spill time = 4.8s, cycle=16.8s, 2560 ch/APA, digitize at 2MHz×12bit, 2x compression, 50MB/s HDD.
- Uncertainties: (+)trigger efficiency, (+)calibration data, (-)faster disks
 - Already added Goldilocks×2 for dedicated cosmic muon triggers
 - Probably 10Hz is too slow.

High Level Requirements for RDMS

- Transfer raw data files between different storage elements at same and between different sites.
- Record metadata about file status and outcome of file operations.
- Operate at CERN and FNAL with support for initial set up and ongoing operations.
- Provide monitoring of overall system health, alerts on error and support debugging of problems.
- Provide triggers to perform file operations (copy, delete) based on configurable rules.
- Support “express lane” processing at CERN, FNAL and other institutions.

Discussion points for F-FTS

Already lots of great, positive answers in email on questions about F-FTS in the areas of:

- Complexity
- Environment
- Network
- Compatibility
- Monitoring
- Spooling

A few more open ended points of discussion—→

Discussion: Support

Agreements probably need to be worked out by others, so let's try to think about what makes sense from a technical point of view.

- Who provisions FTS servers (HW & SW) to run at CERN?
- Who does OS selection, install and maintenance?
- How about issue tracking/resolution?
Eg: find, understand and fix:
 - Mismatches between file catalog and reality.
 - Transfer failures.

Discussion: Flexibility

How does F-FTS react to changes in participants?

- What is involved in adding a new source/sink.
- What if we want to change “trigger logic”:
 - Eg: never delete files from DP BF but delete a file from SP BF as soon as copy to EOS succeeds)
 - How can FTS help support “express lane” processing.

Discussion: Wider Use

How can we make use of F-FTS to solve other problems?

- Examples:
 - Run “express lane” processing at other institutions with fat pipes (eg, FNAL, BNL, EU/UK labs)
 - Institution XXX wants copy of all Kaon data from SP
 - Transfer files of data set ZZZ to my Ubuntu workstation at BNL.
- What requirements must a site satisfy to participate, integrate or use F-FTS?
 - Eg, say Brazil wants to host a partial mirror of data through F-FTS.

Possible Next Steps After Today

Not necessarily in order and we should discuss if/how order matters.

- Set up some F-FTS components at BNL.
 - Gain deeper understanding of F-FTS and confirm no show stoppers.
 - Set up mock transfers (“BNL as CERN”) to FNAL.
 - Experience later useful when FNAL→BNL transfers are done.
 - Maybe need to balance usefulness/coverage vs. setup effort?
- Get sandboxes at CERN and repeat the above.
- Communication (here I think order matters)
 - 1 Invite involvement from DP (probably Jacques Marteau?)
 - 2 Submit letter of intent to pDCIG group will pursue F-FTS for protoDUNE.
 - 3 Submit proposal for F-FTS based RDMS with design, costs, support model, plans, timeline, etc.