

Code review ideas

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LArSoft Steering Group Meeting
April 8, 2016

Code reviews

- We are developing a process for implementing a regime of regular / periodic code reviews.
- Why?
 - Can think of this partly in terms of managing risk
 - “Bad” code can impose high costs
 - Excessive resource utilization from poor programming practices.
 - *Often discovered during operations, immediately promoting it to a “crisis” situation*
 - Lack of compliance with architecture / design guidelines can:
 - *Make it costly to maintain code*
 - *Make it difficult / impractical to adapt code to meet physics goals*
 - *Reduce its utility within the software suite by needlessly limiting its potential scope*
 - These costs can appear suddenly when a new requirement / opportunity arises
 - Code reviews can help mitigate this risk (but cannot eliminate it!)
 - The Collaboration needs to decide how much risk it is willing to take
 - Balance the cost of reviews vs. risk of missing some (maybe future) physics goal

What would a review look for?

- Can imagine that several types of things can be examined, each with a different level of scrutiny / effort / expertise needed
 - Easiest
 - Compliance with documentation, code formatting, stylistic conventions
 - Harder, closer look at the content of the code
 - Compliance with large-scale architecture and design guidelines and principles
 - Are services and modules structured properly?
 - Are tools and utilities properly encapsulated in classes / functions?
 - Is code structured to allow detector interoperability?
 - Etc.
 - Hardest, most time consuming, detailed examination of the code
 - Compliance with C++ best practices
 - Algorithmic / numerical issues
 - Efficient use of data structures

This type of review can identify many small inefficiencies that are otherwise difficult to isolate using conventional profiling tools

What about the review procedure?

- Can also imagine several processes, ways to organize reviews
 - Examination at intake
 - Would necessarily need to be a cursory review.
 - Might be able to assess compliance with major design guidelines
 - Could be done by one individual
 - Difficult to do in the current environment in which there are many commits coming from many people
 - Examination of existing code
 - Anywhere from one person to a small group, depending on the code element in question and the depth of the review
 - Need a process to determine target code, define goals
 - Examination of an entire sub-system or systems
 - Multiple people needed over a longer time period
 - Need a process to determine target systems, define goals

Toward a proposal

- Lots of possibilities, so:
 - The process should provide a lot of discretion as to code targets and depth
 - Also should specify a strong, on-going process by which to gather input and feedback from experiments and partner projects
- Some ideas
 - Identifying targets and review depth / goals
 - Core team can propose targets, goals, format in consultation with experiments
 - Coordination Meeting
 - Coordinator's Meeting
 - Steering Groupdepending upon scope of review
 - Experiment representatives can request reviews (via offline representatives)
 - Must also offer effort to assist with review process in general
 - Computing infrastructure or partner projects
 - Initiate review targeting usage of relevant resources, services, products, etc
 - Code owners can request a review

Toward a proposal

- Some ideas (cont'd)
 - Assembling review “committees”
 - Provide the core team discretion in assembling teams appropriate to the review
 - Core team members
 - SCD domain experts
 - Experiment domain experts
 - *Critical to get involvement from those close to code, or those impacted by code*
 - External reviewers in the case of broad scope, if impact warrants
 - This must be done in close consultation with experiments
 - Results of review
 - Written review report
 - Length, detail commensurate with type and depth of review
 - Vital that effort be committed prior to the actual review - from the experiments, projects, SCD - to implement the recommendations
 - Reviewers should be available for consultation during this phase
 - The process should include tracking the progress of the implementation

Toward a proposal

- Some ideas (cont'd)
 - Other considerations
 - Should extract “lessons learned” and make those available in concise form
 - Use as material in any future courses, tutorials, guidance documentation
 - More generally, provide developers with tools and knowledge to write better code
 - *The workshop this summer, for instance*
 - Continuity
 - Need to ensure that some people brought into the effort are “groomed” to become review leaders
- Next steps
 - Perform a “dry run” to develop a process on PMA algorithm this spring
 - Present and discuss the process at the workshop this summer
 - Aim at having a real process in place later in the summer
 - Include in the implementation plan