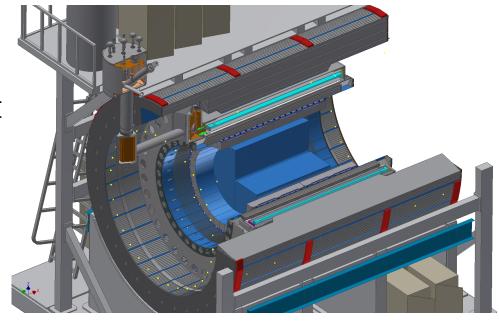
T-1044 sPHENIX Calorimeter Beam Test

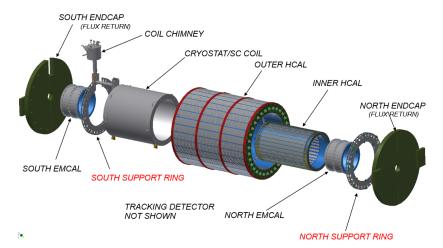
John Haggerty *Brookhaven National Laboratory*



sPHENIX

 A concept for a second generation detector at RHIC to measure jets, jet suppression in heavy ion collisions, and separate the Upsilon states in a large acceptance, high rate detector





sPHENIX history and future

- T-1044 February 2014 initial calorimeter test
- BaBar magnet arrives at BNL January 2015
- Positive April 2015 DOE science review
- February 2016 low field test of solenoid at BNL
- T-1044 April 2016 second calorimeter test
- CD-0 expected "soon"
- CD-1 expected mid-2017







Calorimeters in T-1044

- 8x8 tungsten-fiber EMCAL
- "Inner" 4x4 tile HCAL
- "Outer" 4x4 tile HCAL
- All detectors read out with SiPM's
- All digitization with 60 MHz waveform digitizers
- Amplifiers and control system



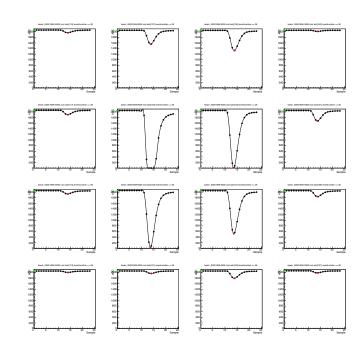




Data taking

- Started running with beam on Friday, April 8
- Timed-in, triggering, and seeing the beam on Saturday
- Since then, scanned EMCAL with 120 GeV p several times and did two energy scans



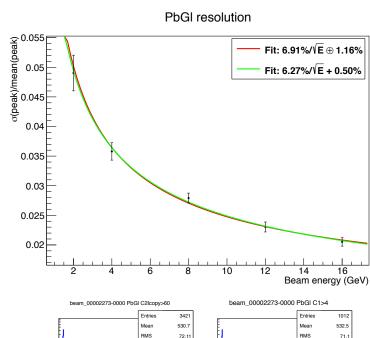


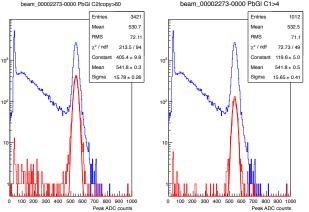
Data looks like this in the inner 4x4 HCAL 24 samples of 60 MHz 12 bit flash ADC



Analysis

- Analysis is being done back at BNL at the RACF
- Results are very preliminary and haven't been seen by the collaboration, but so far so good
- Reading out FTBF PbGI and Cerenkov counters with our data as well as our trigger hodoscope

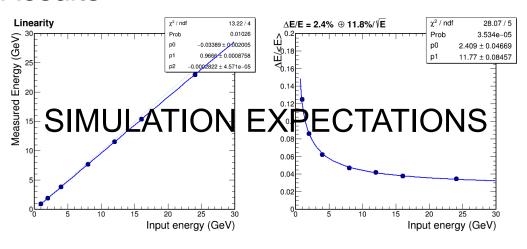




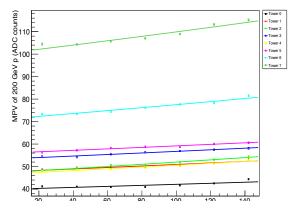


EMCal MIP Peak Energy (Nose Down Rotated 180°) Total American Service Service

Results



Calibration of EMCAL towers



Measured attenuation in depth



Game plan

- We have two more weeks in the beam with the detector working well
- We are today moving the EMCAL into its final datataking position in front of the HCAL
- DST production and analysis is taking place at BNL
- We'll switch this week from concentrating on EMCAL to concentrating on HCAL
- Thanks to Mandy, Todd, Ewa, JJ and all who make the FTBF experience so great

