

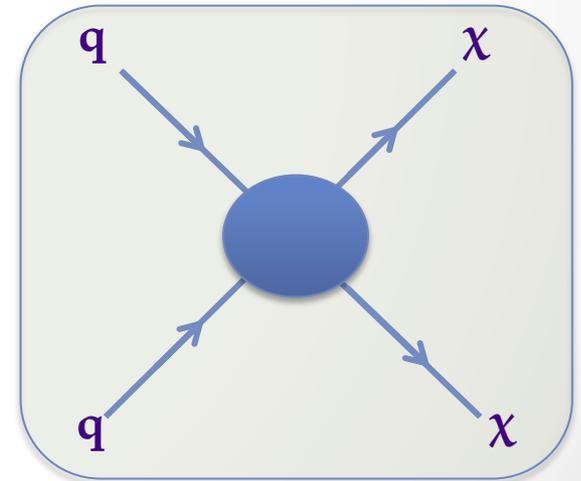
# Search for Dark Matter in Jets plus MET final state of Non-thermal DM, Fermion Portal and ADD Models using Data from Proton Proton Collision at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV.

Sonaina Undleeb (Texas Tech University)  
CMS Collaboration

# Dark Matter Production at LHC

- Dark matter (DM) outweighs visible matter roughly six to one, making up about 27% of the universe.
- Several theories to predict its nature – i.e. DM could contain “supersymmetric particles” ... etc
- Experiments at the Large Hadron Collider may provide more direct clues.
  - DM would be light enough to be produced at the LHC.
  - Escape through the detector unnoticed.
  - Carries away energy and momentum so that its existence can be inferred through “missing” information.

$$q + q \rightarrow \chi + \chi$$



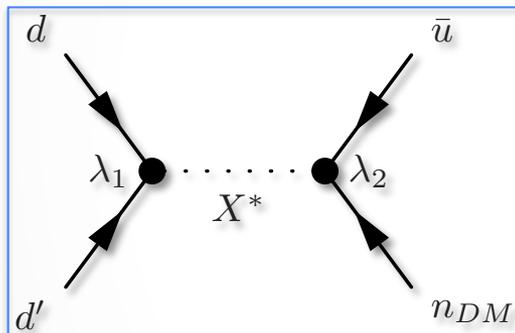
This talk includes monojet signal interpretation in terms of Non-thermal DM and Fermion Portal DM models.

# Light Non-Thermal DM Model

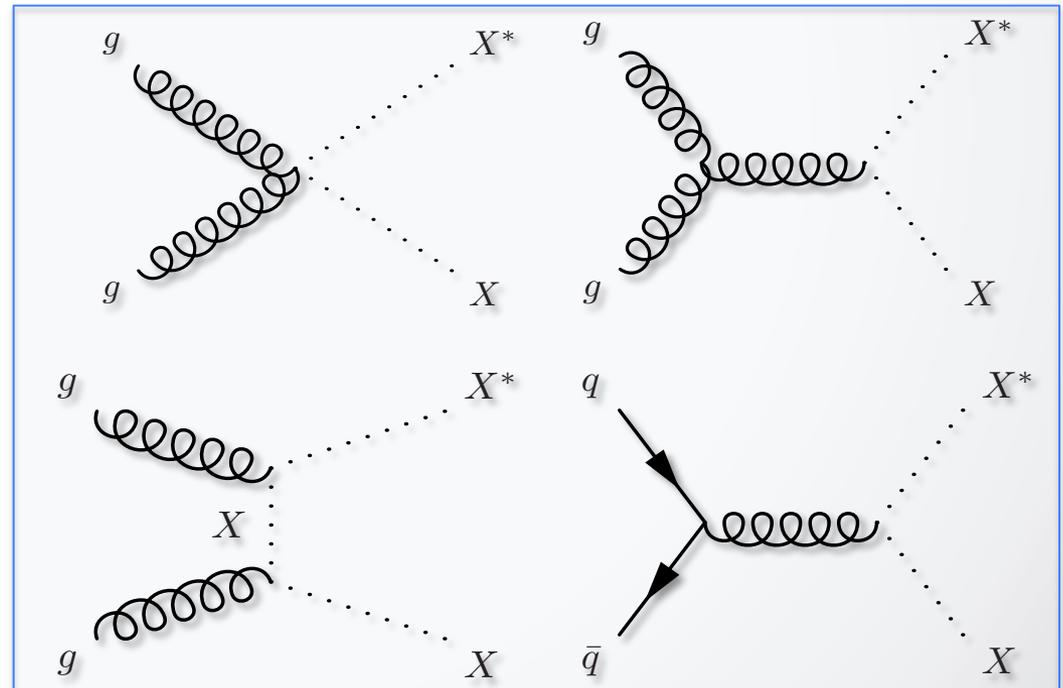
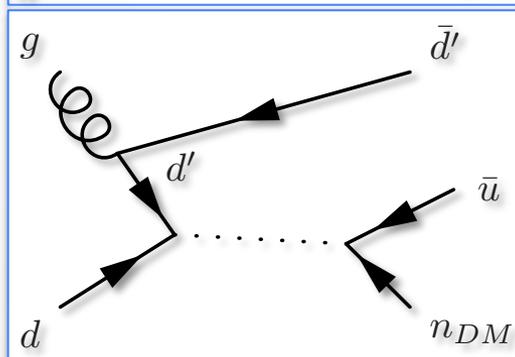
Simplified Model –

- predicts “light” dark matter ( $M_{DM} \approx M_{Proton}$ ).
- Mediator -- Heavy scalar color triplet(s) ( $\sim TeV$ )
- **Large missing energy** associated with an **energetic jet** – transverse momentum distribution shows jacobian-like shape.
- Parameters of the model are:  $\lambda_1, \lambda_2$  (couplings),  $M_X, M_{DM}$  (Masses) and Width of mediator.

**Monojet**

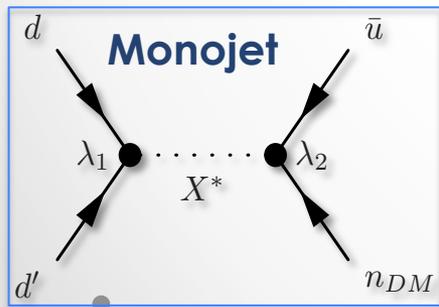
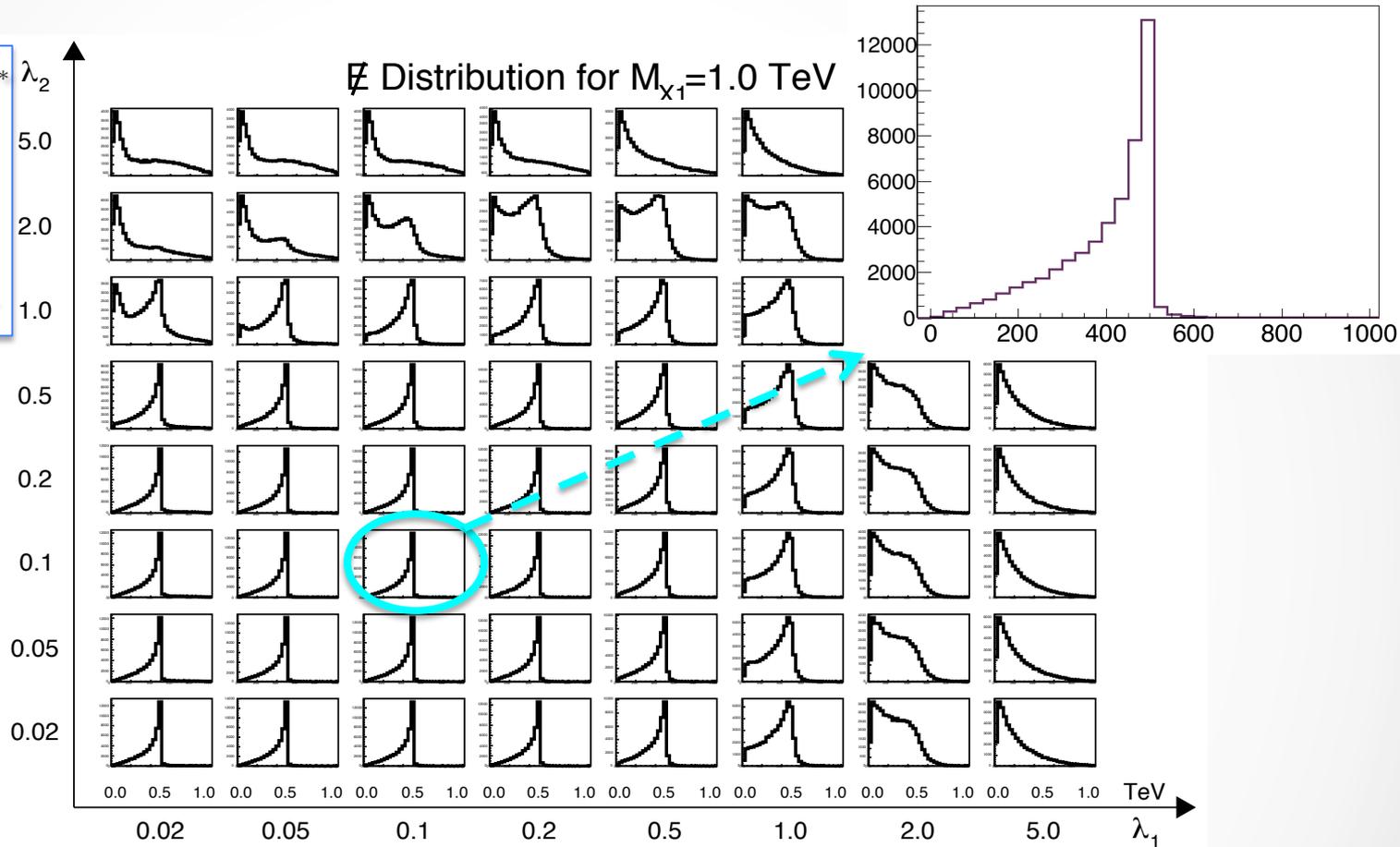
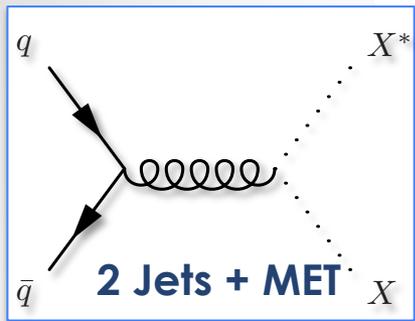


**ISGS**

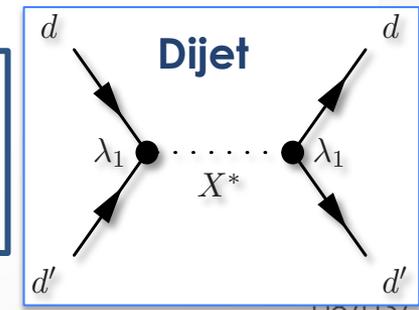


**Pair Production of X**

# Light Non-Thermal DM Model -- MET



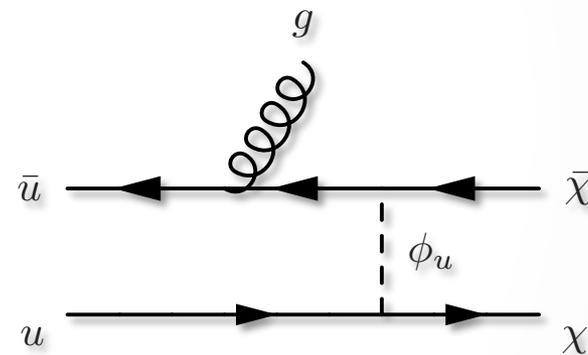
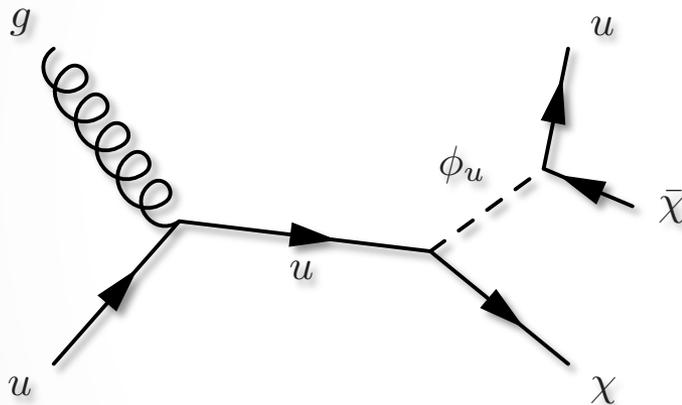
- Jacobian peak appears in most of coupling parameter space.
- Peaks at half of the mediator mass.



# Fermion Portal DM Model

Simplified Model –

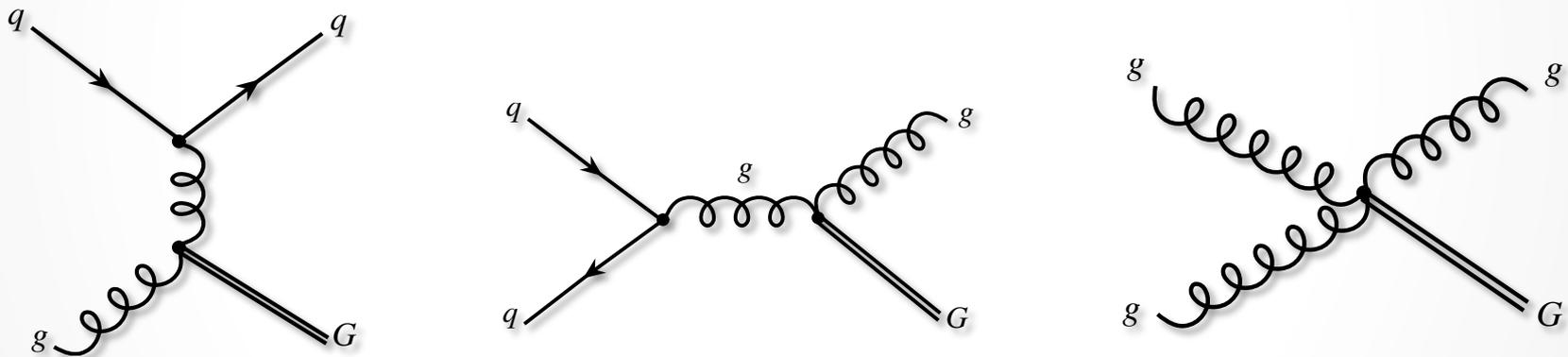
- DM particle couples with a scalar mediator ( $\phi$ ) and a SM fermion (up quark).
- Parameters are **mass of mediator ( $M_\phi$ )** and **dark matter particle mass ( $M_\chi$ )**.
- Coupling to up quark is set to 1.



- Production is similar to SUSY scenario of squark production in the limit of  $\lambda_q \ll 1$ .
- Monojet contribution is enhanced with  $\lambda_q \rightarrow 1$ .
- The couplings are adjusted to be consistent with perturbation theory and to include all interesting production modes.

# ADD Extra Dimension Model

- Attempts to solve the hierarchy problems by explaining the weakness of gravity relative to the other forces.
- Produces gravitons that interact weakly with the detector.
- Two free parameter: the **reduced plank scale ( $M_D$ )** and **number of extra dimensions ( $n_{ED}$ )**.



- Graviton escapes detection and gives large missing transverse energy.
- Gluon balances momentum in transverse plane.

# Backgrounds

Dominant Backgrounds:

- $Z(\nu\nu)+\text{Jets}$
- $W(l\nu)+\text{Jets}$

Together make up about 95% of total.

Subdominant Backgrounds:

- $Z(l\ell)+\text{Jets}$
- Top
- Diboson
- QCD

→  $\gamma+\text{Jets}$  (Serves as Control Region for background estimation)

# Event Selection

- The data is  $35.9 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  with  $\sqrt{s}=13 \text{ TeV}$

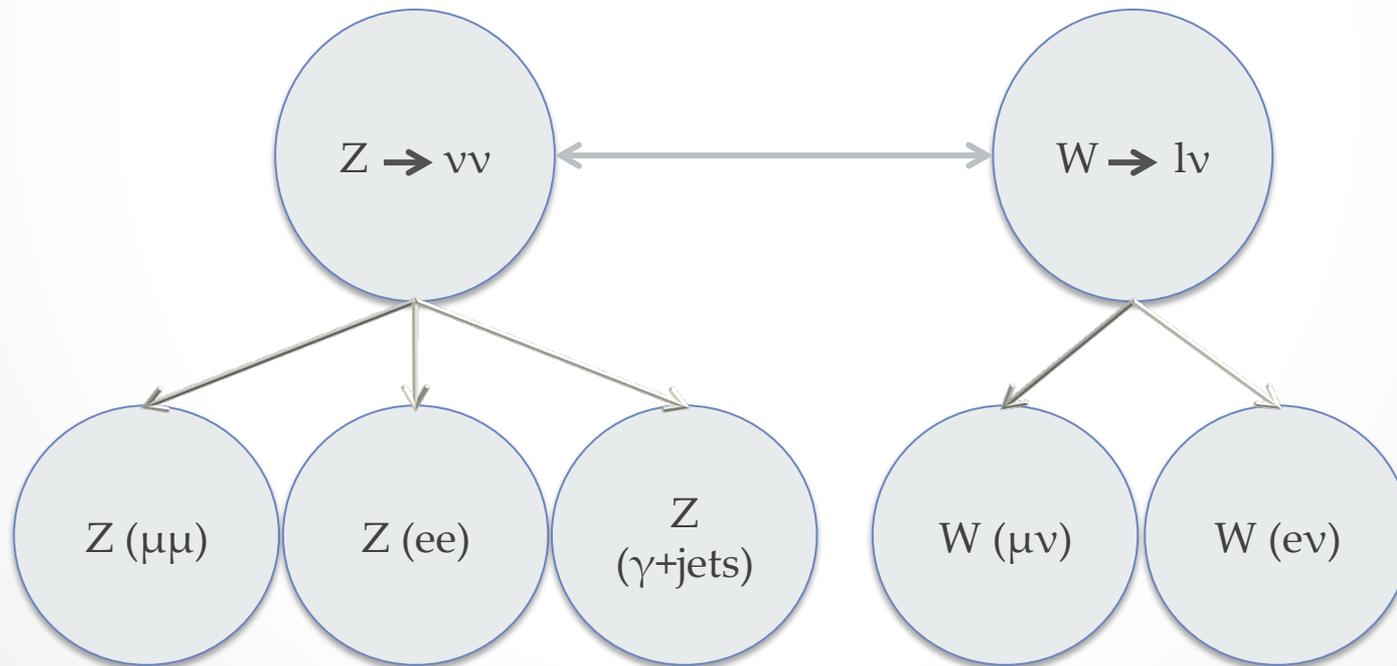
## Baseline Selection:

- $E_t^{\text{miss}} > 250 \text{ GeV}$  (consistent with trigger turn-on).
- Leading Jet (AK4)  $p_T > 100 \text{ GeV}$  with  $|\eta| < 2.5$
- $\min \Delta\phi(E_t^{\text{miss}}, \text{jets}) > 0.5$
- $|E_t^{\text{miss}}_{\text{calo}} - E_t^{\text{miss}}_{\text{PF}}| / E_t^{\text{miss}}_{\text{calo}} < 0.5$



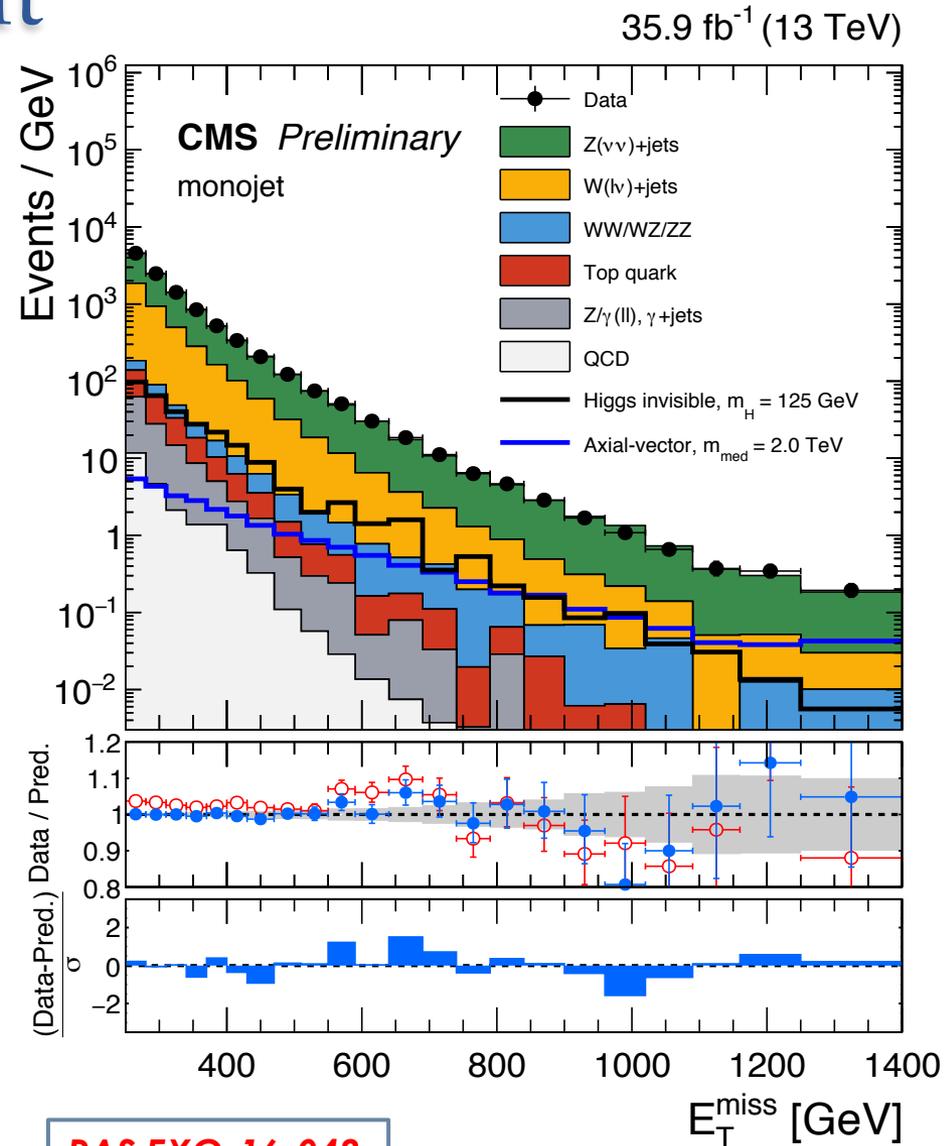
# Background Estimation

- Leading Electroweak backgrounds are estimated using combined maximum likelihood fit of 5 Control Regions (CR).
- Transfer factors (TF) are used to translate yields from control regions to signal region.
- TF are derived through binned MC.



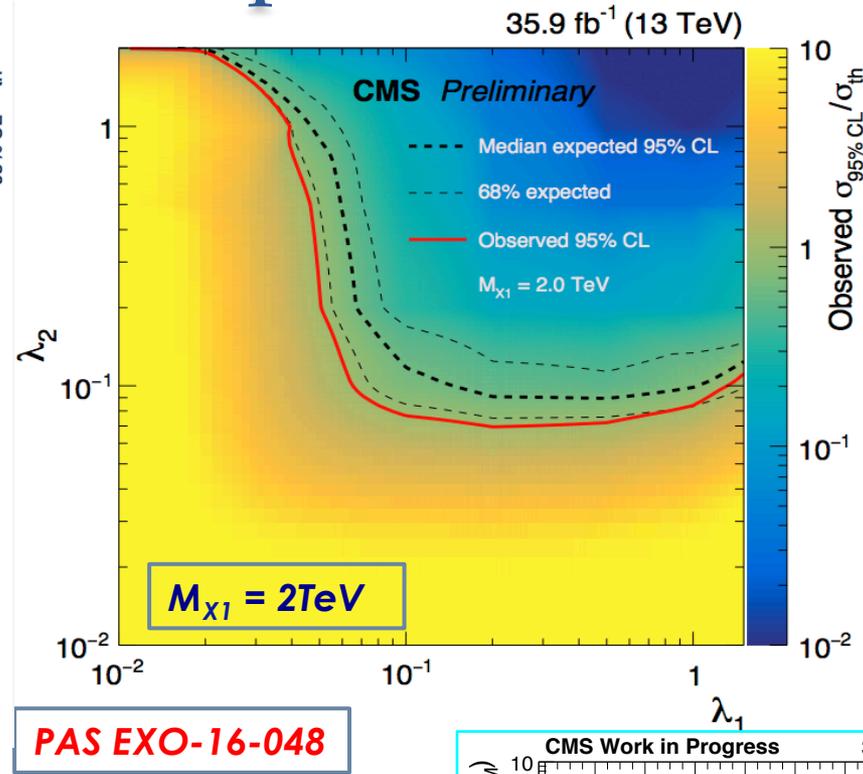
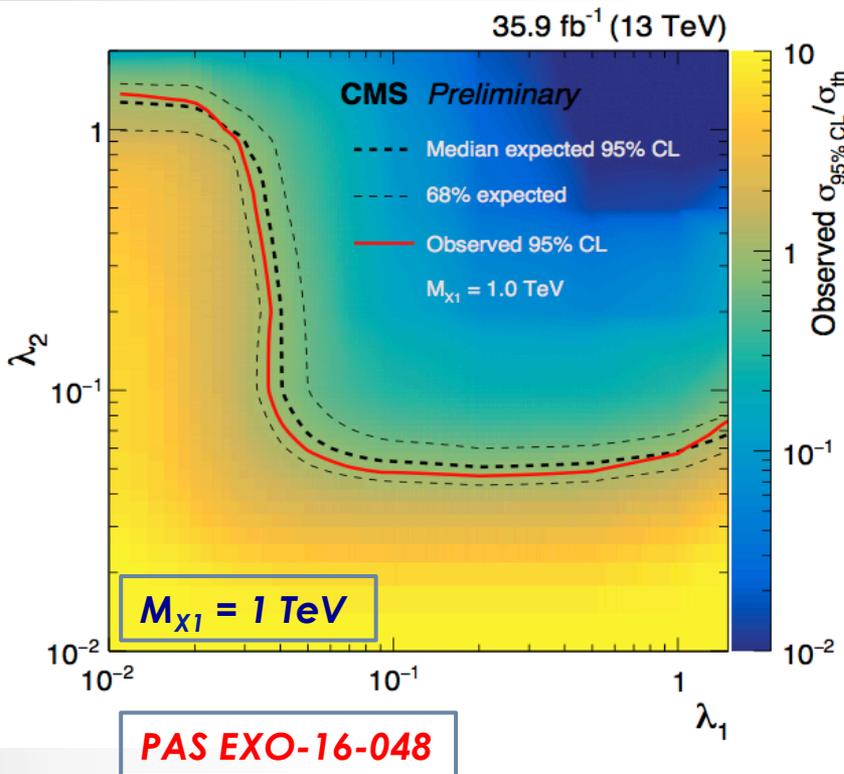
# Signal Region Result

- Observed MET distribution in the signal regions compared with the post-fit background expectations for various SM processes.
- The last bin includes all events with MET > 1250 GeV



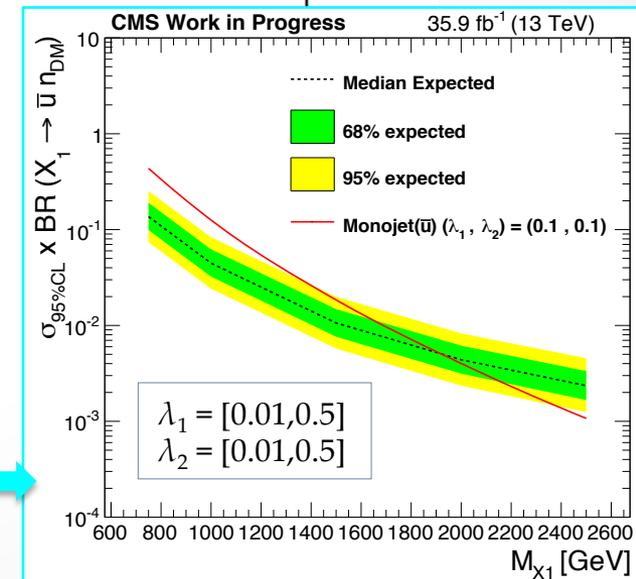
**PAS EXO-16-048**

# Non-thermal DM Interpretation

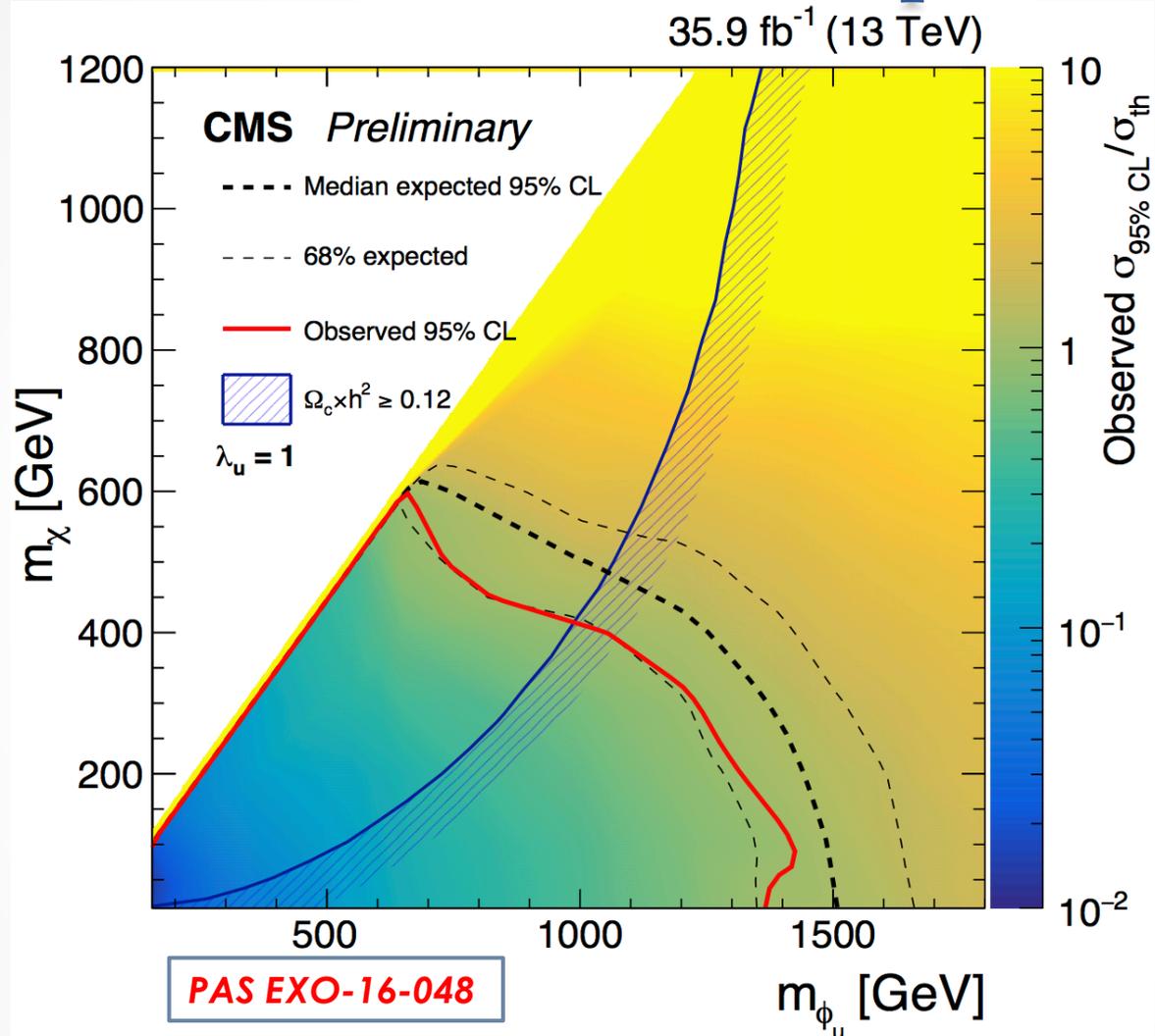


95% CL expected (black dashed line) and observed (red solid line) upper limits on  $\mu = \sigma/\sigma_{\text{th}}$  for a nonthermal DM particle for mediator masses  $M_{X1} = \{1,2\}$  TeV, in the  $\lambda_1 - \lambda_2$  plane.

Expected upper limits on production cross-section for resonance process where the decay products are a light quark jet and light weakly interacting particle.

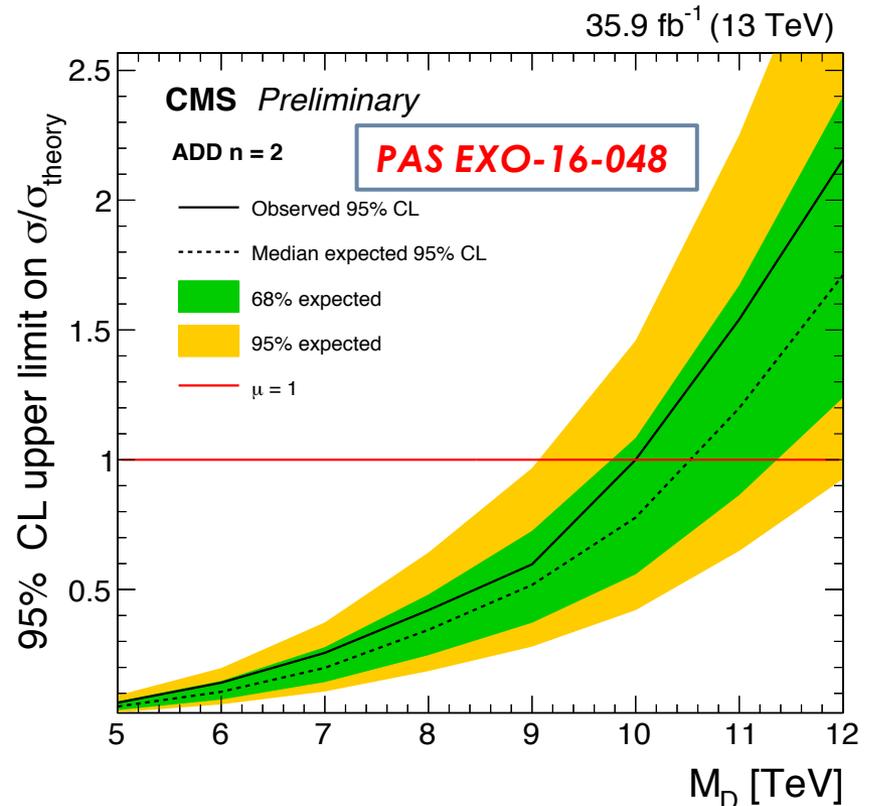
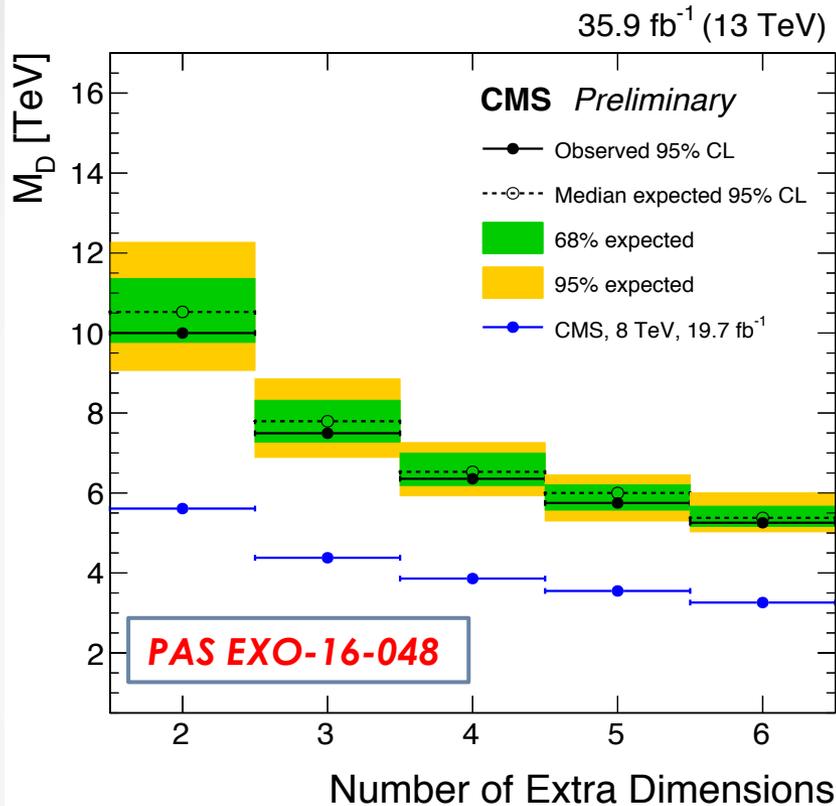


# Fermion Portal DM Interpretation



95% CL expected (black dashed line) and observed (red solid line) upper limits on  $\mu = \sigma / \sigma_{\text{th}}$  for Fermion Portal DM with the only coupling to the up quark with  $\lambda_u = 1$  in the  $M_\chi - M_\phi$  plane.

# ADD ED Interpretation



95% CL lower limits on the  $M_D$  in the ADD model as a function of extra spatial dimensions ' $n_{ED}$ ' was obtained.

The exclusion is found to be varying between 10 TeV for  $n = 2$  to 5 TeV for  $n = 6$ .

The observed and expected upper limit on the graviton production cross section. Shaded areas show the  $\pm 1\sigma$  (green) and  $\pm 2\sigma$  (yellow) bands on the expected limits.

# Summary

- We have presented the monojet analysis with Non-thermal DM, ADD and Fermion Portal DM interpretations, using full 2016 data.
- We do not see any significant deviation from the standard model expectation.
- We set upper limit for described models.
- We hope to see the signal with 2017 data.