The DUNE Far Detector and ProtoDUNEs

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What is DUNE?



- The Deep Underground Neutrino Experiment will be:
 - a 40 kTon liquid argon neutrino detector...
 - located 1.5 km underground...
 - 1300 km from Fermilab, which will host a 1.2 MW neutrino beam...
 - and a highly-capable near detector.



The DUNE Collaboration



More than 800 scientists from 150 institutions in 27 countries.



DUNE Physics Goals

- Make precise measurements of neutrino oscillations, including determining the mass hierarchy and the potential discovery of leptonic *CP* violation.
 - Using both neutrinos produced in the beam and in the atmosphere.
- Search for nucleon decay.
- Measure the spectrum and flavor composition of a supernova burst in our galaxy.

Lots more in Elizabeth's talk later this session.







Long Baseline Neutrino Facility



- Conventional horn-focused neutrino beam using protons from the Main Injector.
- Horn and target design being optimized with a genetic algorithm developed LBNO.
 - Shows better sensitivity with a longer target and larger horns.
- Initially 1.2 MW, upgradeable to 2.4 MW



The DUNE Near Detector



- Reference design: straw tube tracker inspired by NOMAD.
- Liquid or high-pressure gaseous argon TPCs being considered.

Lots more in Sanjib's talk later this session.



Sanford Underground Research Facility



- New infrastructure for DUNE: 4 detector chambers and a utility hall.
- DOE approval pending to begin excavation.
 - Test blasts have already been conducted to measure vibrations.



A Time Projection Chamber

- Charged particles ionize the argon atoms.
- High electric field causes some of the charge to drift.
- The 2-dimensional projection of the event can be read out.
- The arrival time of the charge gives the third dimension.
 - Requires beam timing or observing prompt scintillation light to set *t*₀.
- Produces high-resolution, 3dimensional images of events.



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The DUNE Far Detector: Single Phase



- Single-phase TPC design based on LBNE modular drift cells.
 - Suspended Anode and Cathode Plane Assemblies (APAs & CPAs).
 - Induction wires at 37.7° angle wrapped around APA.
 - Photon detectors using light guides and SiPMs inside the APAs.



The DUNE Far Detector: Dual Phase



- Dual-phase TPC inspired by LBNO design.
 - 12 m vertical drift, LEM readout after gas amplification.
 - Excellent signal/noise: ~100/1
 - PMTs below the cathode (floor) for photon detection.



The Path to DUNE

- 2018 Two ProtoDUNE Detectors (SP & DP) operational at CERN
- 2019 DUNE Technical Design Report for US DOE and international organizations
- 2020 Set up of Far Detector fabrication facilities
- 2021 Start of FD installation: 1st module.
- 2022
- Start FD installation: 2nd module. (Not necessarily the same design.)
- 2024 20 kt operational
- + 2025
- 2026 Beam operations at 1.2 MW



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The CERN Neutrino Platform





The CERN Neutrino Platform







The CERN Neutrino Platform



Under construction now, beneficial occupancy this Fall.



ProtoDUNE-Single Phase

- A full-scale engineering prototype.
 - Full-sized APAs and CPAs.
 - Full drift distance and field.
 - Comparing 2 photon detector designs.
 - Test of component construction, installation, commissioning, and performance.
- A test beam experiment.
 - Measure LAr response to charged particles.





ProtoDUNE-Dual Phase



- A full-scale engineering prototype.
 - Full-sized readout planes, cathodes, and light collection.
 - Half of final drift distance, but will operate some time at double field.
- A test beam experiment.
 - Measure LAr response to charged particles.

Conclusions

- We are on the path to building 40 kTons of liquid argon detector and a 1.2 MW neutrino beam.
 - Next step: 2 large-scale protoDUNEs at CERN.
- DUNE has been established as an international priority:
 - Fermilab support
 - Key role of the directorate
 - Synergy with the short baseline program
 - US Government support
 - Authorization for LBNF construction in 2017 budget (\$45M-\$55M)
 - International support
 - Key role of CERN, making rapid progress on the protoDUNEs
 - Discussions at advanced stages with governments & funding agencies

