Photon Detector Calibration Monitoring System

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Outline of Talk

- Goals of the photon-detector monitoring system
- 35-ton Detector Prototype of the system
- Going from 35-ton to ProtoDUNE
- Next Steps
- Summary



Introduction

- The Following Review Questions will be addressed (from the Charge):
 - 1. Does the Photon Detector System design enable validation and refinement of the DUNE photon detector requirements?
 - 2. Are Photon Detector System risks captured and is there a plan for managing and mitigating these risks?
 - 3. Does the design lead to a reasonable production schedule, including QA, transport, installation and commissioning?
 - 4. Does the documentation of the Photon Detector System technical design provide sufficiently comprehensive analysis and justification for the Photon Detector System design adopted?
 - 5. Is the Photon Detector system scope well defined and complete? Are all Photon Detector System interfaces to other detector components: APA, cryostat and DAQ systems documented, clearly identified and complete? Do the electronics feedthrough port and TPC integrated 3D models adequately represent the mechanical, electrical and electronic interfaces to the Photon Detector System? Is the cabling, power and calibration well defined and understood? Is the grounding and shielding understood and adequate?
 - 6. Are the Photon Detector System 3D model(s), top level assembly drawings, detail/part drawings and material and process specifications sufficiently complete to demonstrate that the design can be constructed and installed?
 - 7. Are operation conditions listed, understood and comprehensive? Is there an adequate calibration plan?
 - 8. Are the Photon Detector System engineering analyses sufficiently comprehensive for safe handling, installation and operation at the CERN Neutrino Platform? Is the installation plan sufficiently well developed? Is the design for installation tooling adequate for installing the photon system?
 - 9. Have applicable lessons-learned from previous LArTPC devices been documented and implemented into the QA plan? Are the Photon Detector System quality control test plans and inspection regimes sufficiently comprehensive to assure efficient commissioning and adequate operational performance of the NP04 experiment?



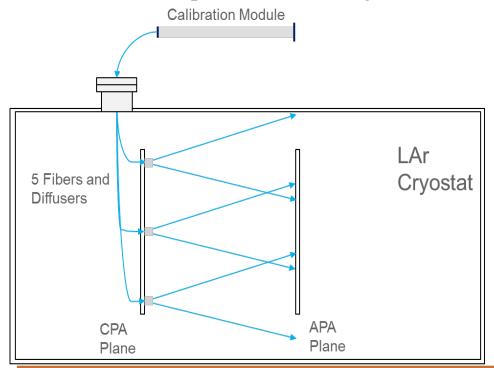
Photon Detector Calibration Monitoring System

- The goals of the photon-detector monitoring system:
 - a) Verify that the channels are functioning properly
 -after photon-detector installation, before LAr filled
 -after LAr filled
 - b) Calibrate SiPM gains
 - c) Monitor the relative detector efficiency over time.
 - d) Monitor relative timing performance of the system.



UV Light Calibration System

- Photon Detector Calibration Monitoring System has been realized in a form UV-light flasher calibration system
- UV light calibration system design:
 - -transports light from 275 nm UV LED sources through quartz fibers to the TPC volume
 - -diffuse light to the photon detection system light collection elements
 - -use UV light (will be wavelength shifted) to mimic physics of LAr scintillation light
 - -observe SiPM response to shifted light.



- Outer Components:
 - -Optical quartz fiber
 - -Calibration Module with 275nm LEDs
- Inner Components:
 - -Light diffusers at CPA plane
 - -Optical quartz fiber
 - -Flange with fiber feed-through



Recent Status: 35ton DUNE Prototype

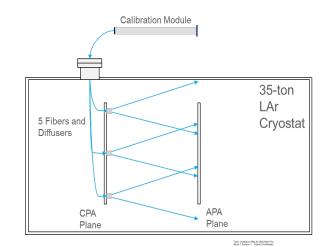
• The system has been designed, tested, installed, integrated, and operated with the 35-ton DUNE prototype detector

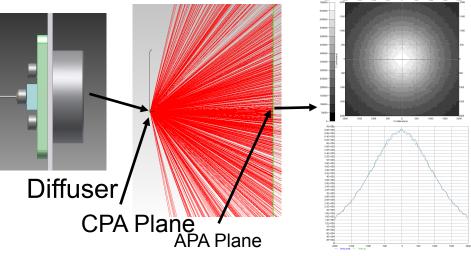
Photon Detector Calibration System Components

- Calibration module sources 5 UV LEDs (275nm)
- 275 nm light excites only wavelength shifter
- Quartz fibers deliver light to 5 diffusers mounted on CPA plane
- Diffusers distribute light onto photon detectors at APA plane
- One central Diffuser for Timing
- Four corner Diffusers for Uniformity/Gain
- Pulse widths from 5ns to 820ns
- Up to 25mW instantaneous optical power

Optical Simulation

 TracePro used for optical system design, simulation, and optimization





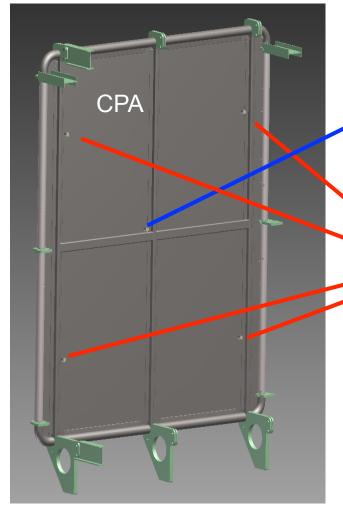
Optical Simulation of Single Diffuser at APA distance

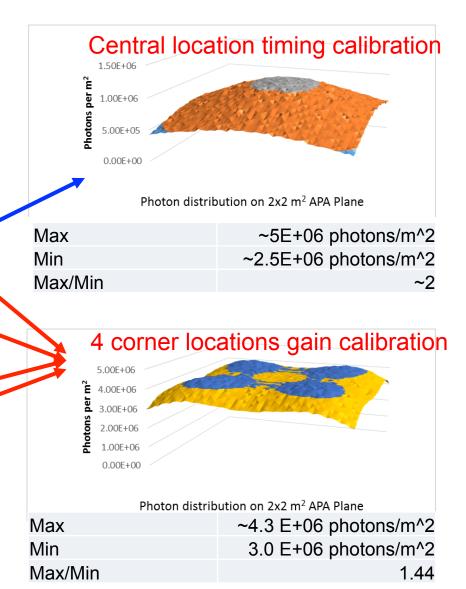


Diffuser Implementation for 35-ton detector







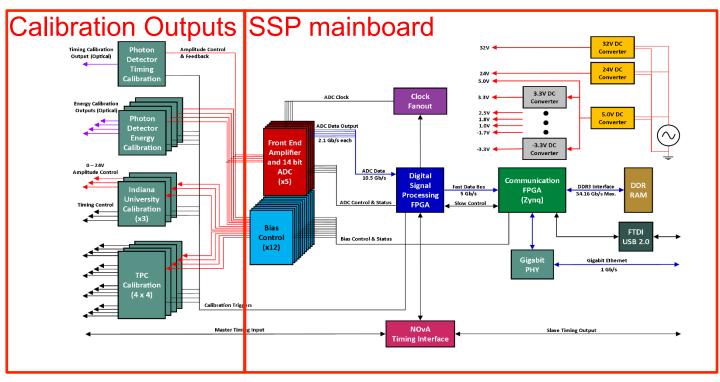




DUNE Calibration Module

Utilizes the SSP mainboard as a controller

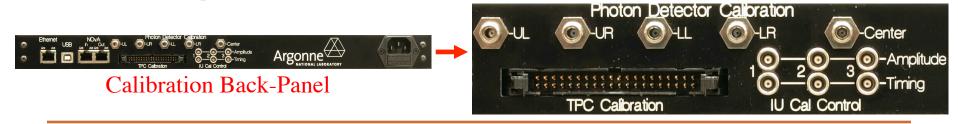
Ethernet communication, timing control, internal/external triggering, etc.





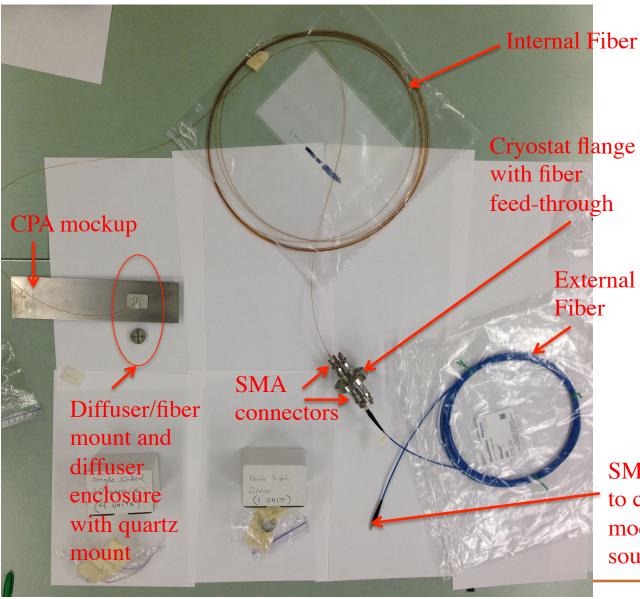


(also see the Backups)





• Components installed with 35t DUNE prototype





SMA connector to calibration module light source

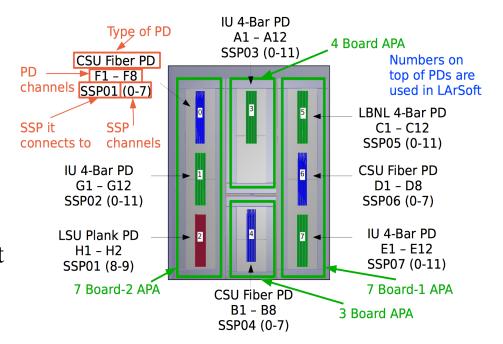
(more figures in Backups)



35-ton Experience

- PD UV calibration system has been operational before the end of 35-ton run
- Collected calibration data demonstrated functionality of the calibration system and examined the functionality of the photon-detector channels
 - -observe normal channels (i.e. standard response)
 - -discover noise channels
 - -discover malfunctioning PD channels
- We have collected data with all five UV-light diffusers with different pulse lengths and pulse heights

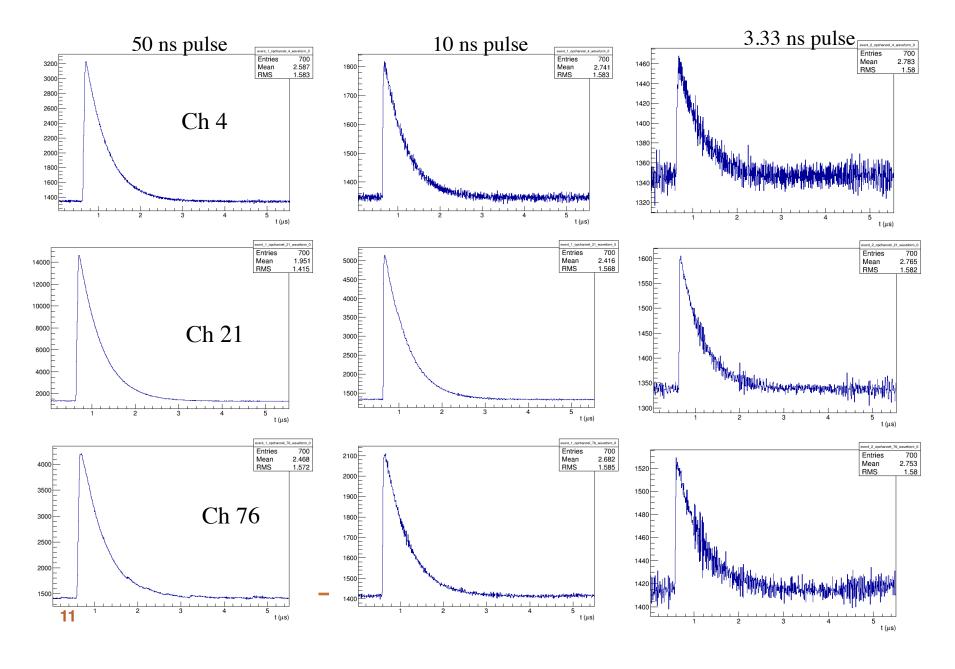
 analysis underway
- Example of PD Calibration Runs in next two slides
 - -central diffuser only
 - -pulse width = 50, 10, 3.33 ns
 - -pulse amplitude 30 V
 - -pulse frequency 143 Hz





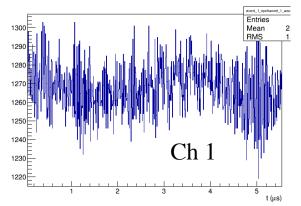
PD Channels with Standard Response

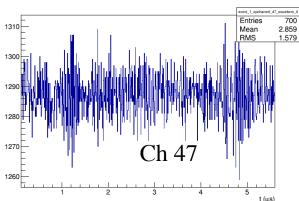
Standard Channels

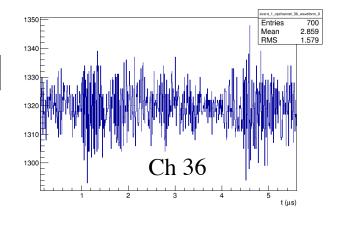


Malfunctioning and non-standard PD Channels

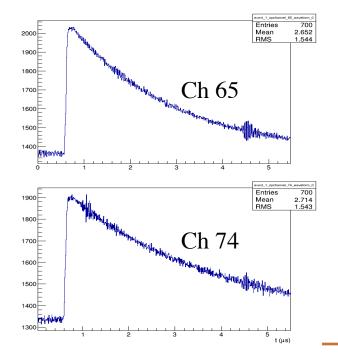
• Malfunctioning Channels



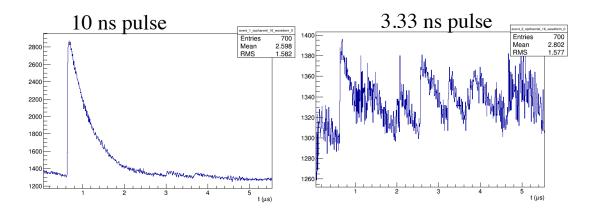




• "Slow" PD Channels



• Channels with p.e.-like noise





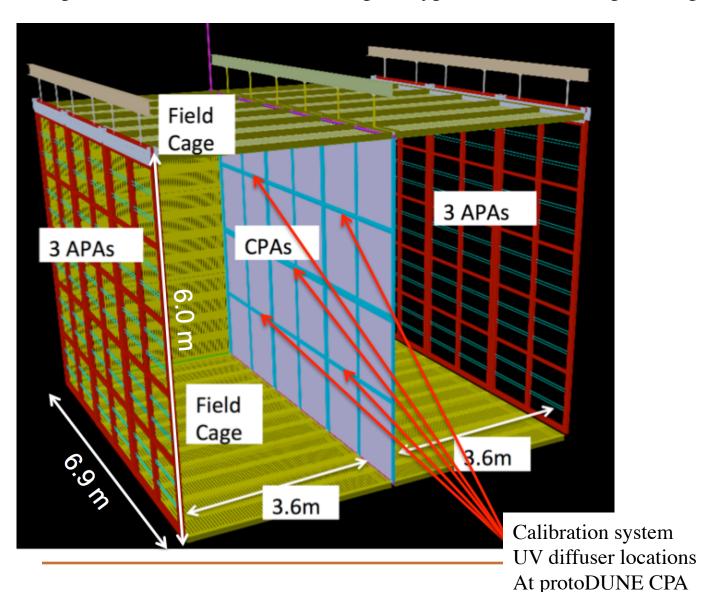
Going from 35-ton to protoDUNE

- The prototype photon-detector UV-light calibration system has been implemented and tested with 35-ton detector
- Based on 35-ton experience we will re-design the system to used with the protoDUNE
- The system has been designed under following assumptions:
 - -simple to implement (no active components within APA).
 - -uniformly illuminates APA surface with the light diffused from CPA locations
 - -has a potential to be adapted for deployment in a large Far Detector in the future
- In terms of technical requirements the system needs to:
 - -uniformly illuminate the APA area of the detector
 - -provide light levels down to a single P.E. at individual photon-detector channels
 - -provide variable pulse width to test the time resolution of the photon- detector response



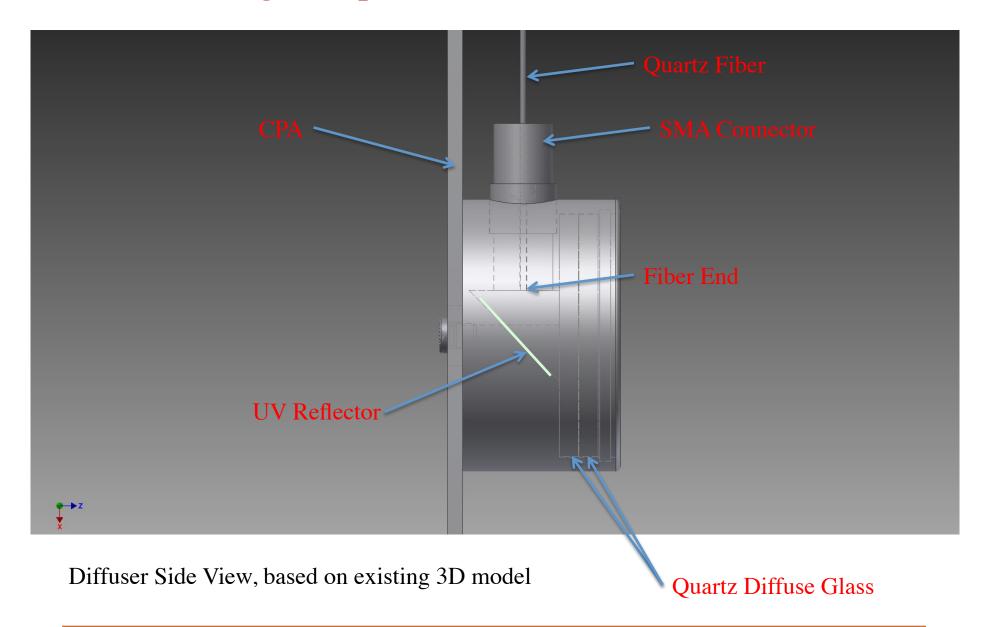
Going from 35-ton to protoDUNE

• Based on the calibration system has been designed, tested, installed, integrated, and operated with the 35-ton DUNE prototype detector => adapt it for protoDUNE.



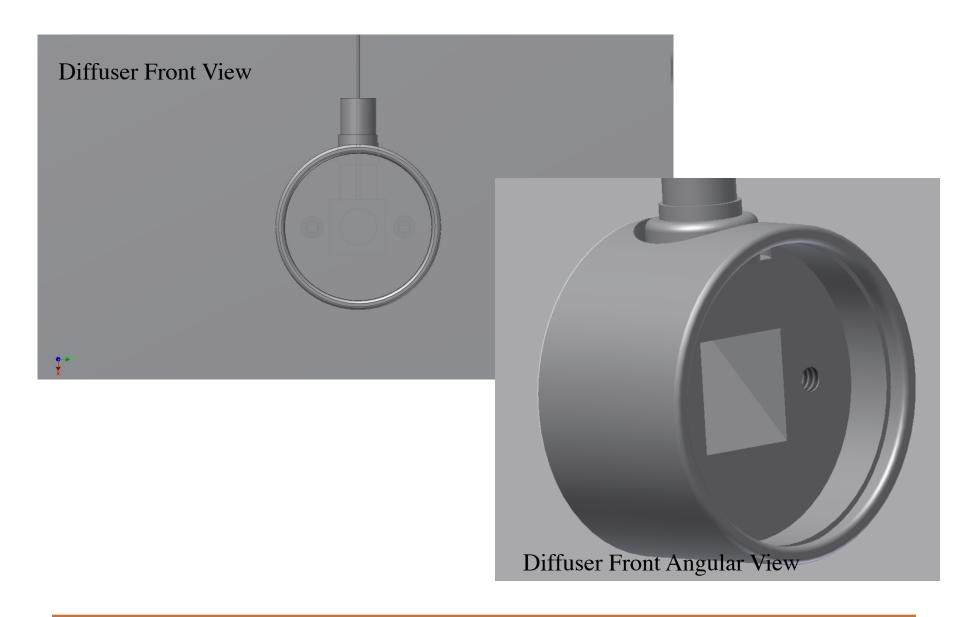


Diffuser Design for protoDUNE's CPA





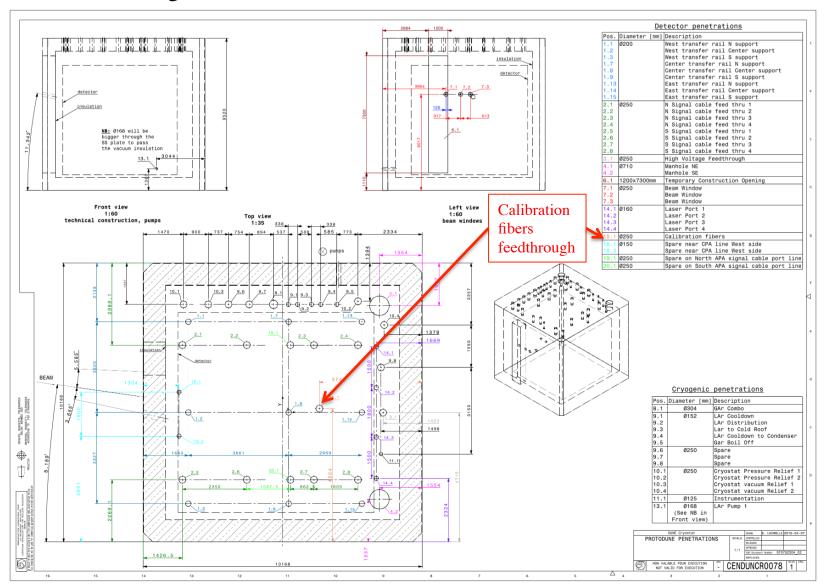
Diffuser Design for protoDUNE's CPA





ProtoDUNE penetrations drawing

• Fiber feed-through location shown

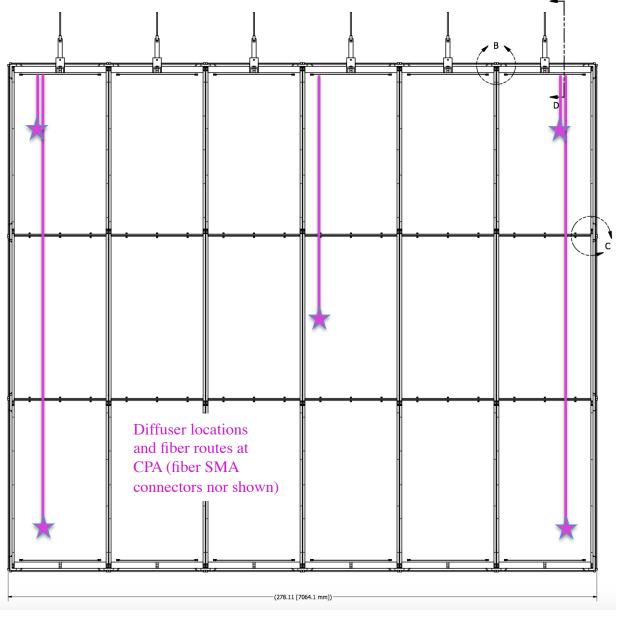




Interface to CPA and Cryostat

- Calibration components to be incorporated to CPA design
 - -diffusers
 - -fibers
- Provided 3D model to CPA group

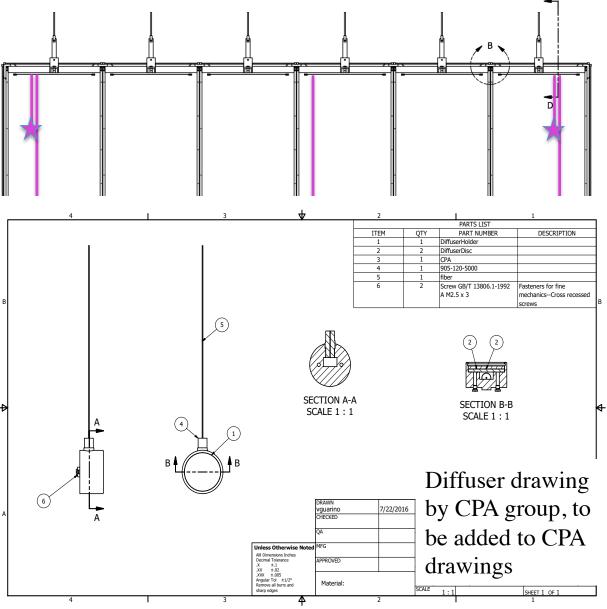
 calibration components
 being added in current
 iteration of drawings
- Will use identical fiber feed-through developed with 35-ton
- Identical quartz fiber will be used
 - -length between 13 and 18m
- Discussion underway with Grounding/Shielding
 - -decide calibration module location (SSP-like)





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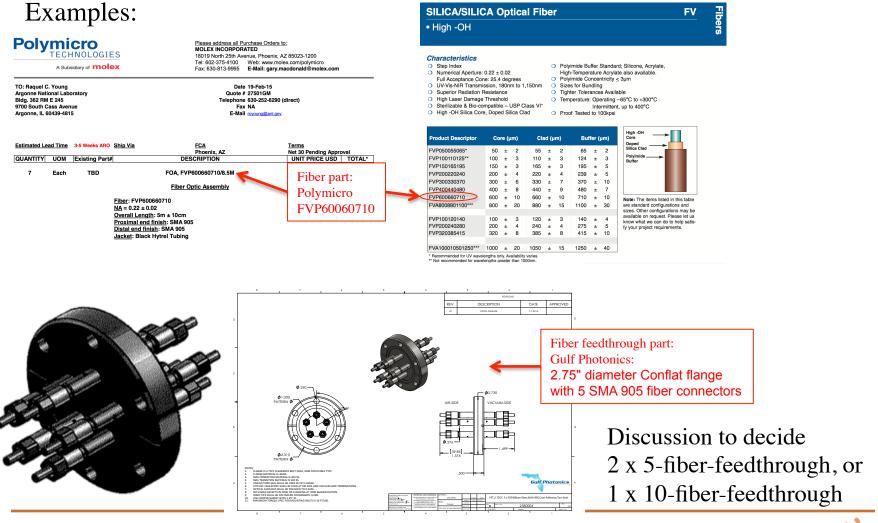




System Components: Parts

• Components Identified

-based on 35-ton prototyping: adopt same fiber, SMA-connectors, flange design, SS and quartz diffuser materials for CPA flasher units



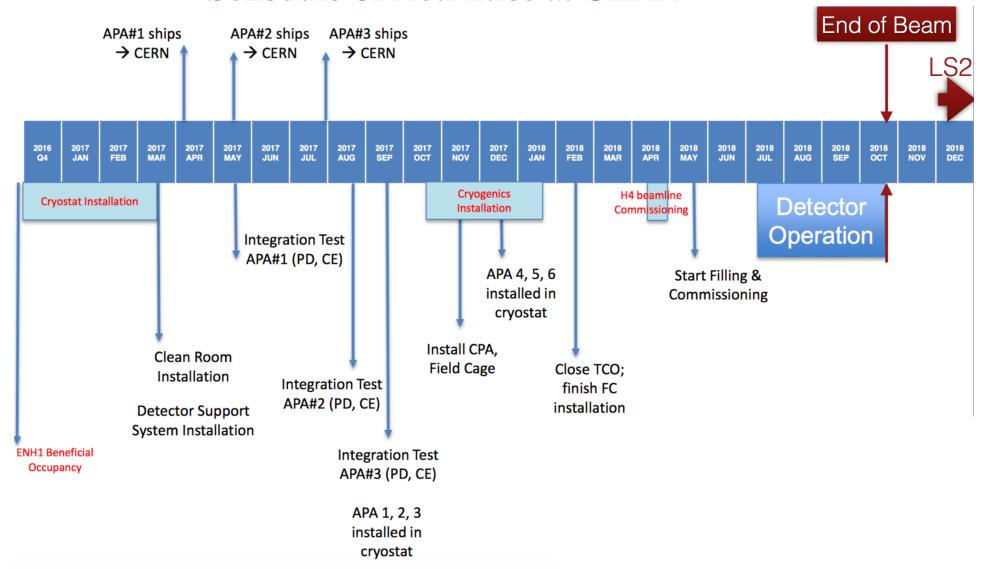


Next Steps

- Procure and fabricate components of the UV-light calibration system
 - -Ten calibration channels (5 diffusers at each CPA side)
 - -External and Internal fibers
 - -Fiber feed-through
 - -Diffusers at CPA
- Develop protoDUNE Calibration Plan with PD, Calibration, Monitoring groups
- Components of the calibration plan
 - -Initial "Dry" Run
 - -Initial LAr Run to verify functionality of PD channels
 - -set SiPM gains
 - -Periodic runs to monitor stability of the system
 - -relative performance of PD channels
 - -time resolution



Schedule of Activities at CERN



- Schedule of activities at CERN has been developed
- PD calibration installation activities start with CPA installation at CERN in October 2017.



Summary

- UV Light Calibration system designed for protoDUNE detector.
- Diffuse light from CPA to photodetectors at APA.
- Prototype calibration module and fiber distribution systems built, tested, and operated in 35-ton detector
- The system is being re-designed for protoDUNE
 - -Large time and amplitude dynamic range with good uniformity
- Development will be continued toward
 10 kt DUNE.
 - -Next Step: protoDUNE Calibration
- The calibration plan under developed with calibration and monitoring groups



LBNE Calibration Module User Manual

J. T. Anderson, P. De Lurgio, Z. Djurcic, G. Drake, A. Kreps, M. Oberling

Argonne National Laboratory

May 6, 2015 Version 1.01

LBNE docdb-10842



Backups



• Components installed with 35t DUNE prototype

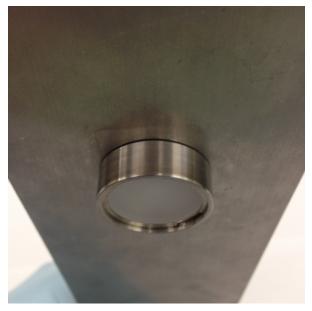


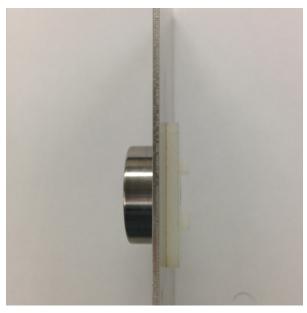


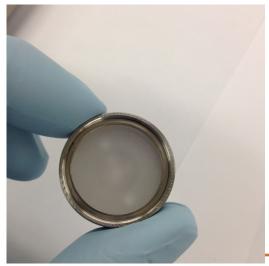




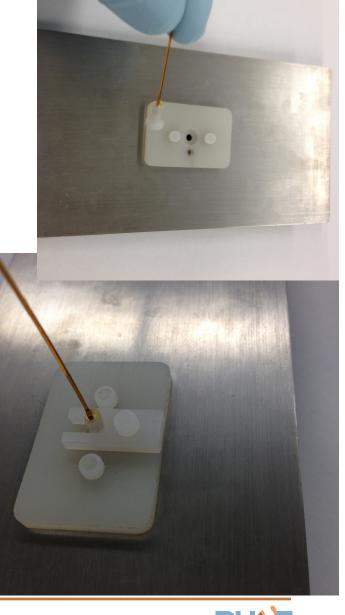
• Components installed with 35t DUNE prototype





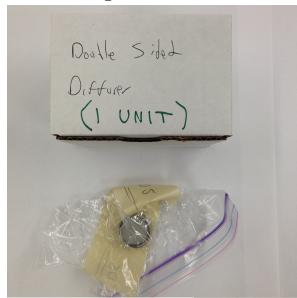


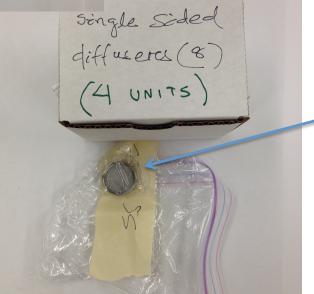






• Components installed with 35t DUNE prototype





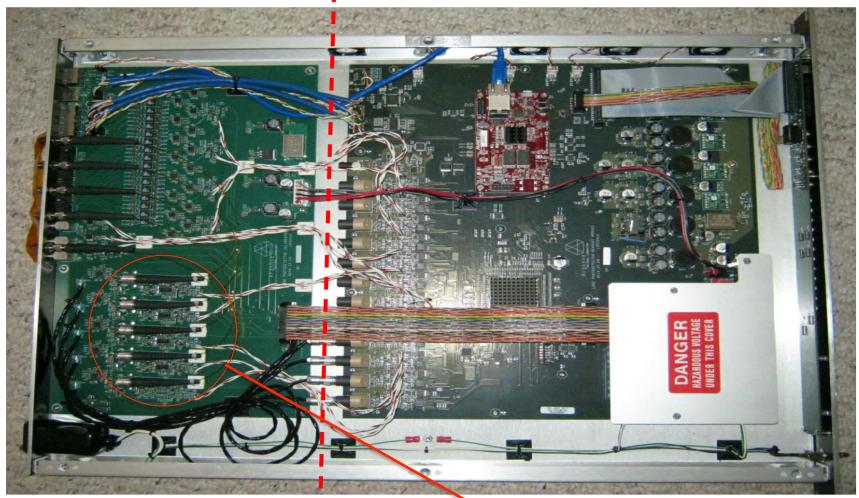




DUNE Calibration Module

Calibration Board

SSP mainboard

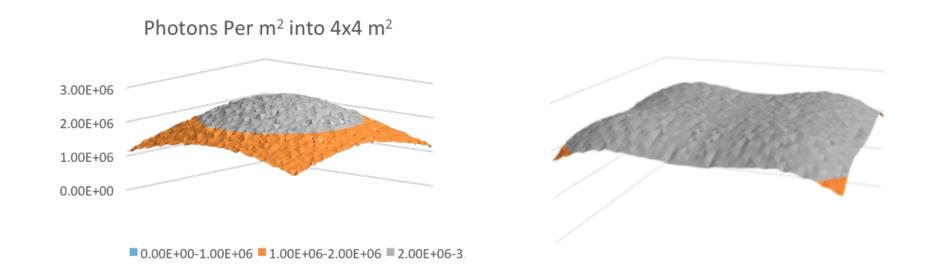






Expected Light Profile

- Simulated light distributions of at the APA location for the cases of the VUV light emitted by either
 - -central diffuser only (left figure), or
 - -outer four diffusers simultaneously (right figure).
- The simulation estimate has been obtained for 35-ton detector and scaled to 3.6 m CPA APA distance at protoDUNE.





Reflective mirror for CPA difusser



Stock No. #45-723

\$42.00

- 1 5 for \$42.00 each.
- 6 25 for \$34.00 each.

Specifications

Dimensions (mm)	10.0 x 10.0
Dimensional Tolerance (mm)	±0.25
Clear Aperture (%)	85
Thickness (mm)	2.0
Thickness Tolerance (mm)	±0.25
Surface Flatness	λ/4
Surface Quality	60-40
Edges	Ground, 0.75 mm Maximum Full Width Bevel
Substrate	BOROFLOAT®
Coating Specification	$R_{a \text{ v g}} > 85\%$ @ 250 - 700nm
Typical Energy Density Limit	0.5 J/cm² @ 355nm, 10ns
Wavelength Range (nm)	250 - 700
Wavelength Range (µm)	0.25 - 0.7
Туре	Flat Mirror
Coating	UV Enhanced Aluminum
RoHS	С



10-fiber feed-through quote

• Being developed with Gulf Photonics (ANL specs)



Quality Fiber Optic Solutions

Gulf Photonics, Inc. 640 Brooker Creek Blvd. Suite 460 Oldsmar, FL 34677 United States

Invoice and shipping address:

Argonne National Laboratory 9700 S. Cass Avenue B109 Lemont, IL 60439 United States 630.252.2000 Argonne National Laboratory 9700 S. Cass Avenue B109 Lemont, IL 60439 United States

Quotation N° SO718

Your Reference:Quotation Date:Salesperson:Payment Term:RFQ 02 MAR 201603/02/2016 15:30:38Craig VogeleyNet 30

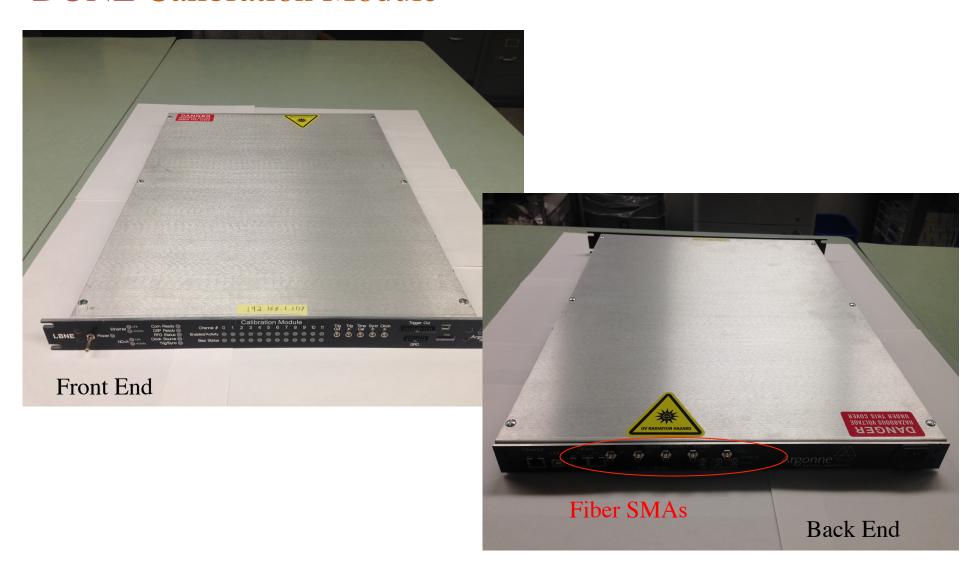
Description		Taxes		Unit Price	Price
[2580013] VFT,8"CF-Non Rotatable Unthreaded Flange, 10 x FDP600um fiber,SMA-905,Cryo Adhesive,Torr-Seal	Exempted Tax (Sale)		1.00 Unit(s)	1320.00	\$ 1320.00
		Total Wi	thout Taxe	s	\$ 1320.00
		Taxes			\$ 0.00
		Total			\$ 1320.00

Shipping Terms: Ex Works

Estimated Lead Time: 5 weeks ARO + approved drawing Thank you for the opportunity to provide this quotation!

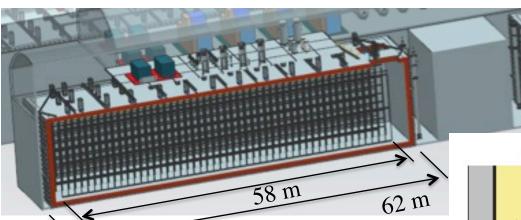


DUNE Calibration Module





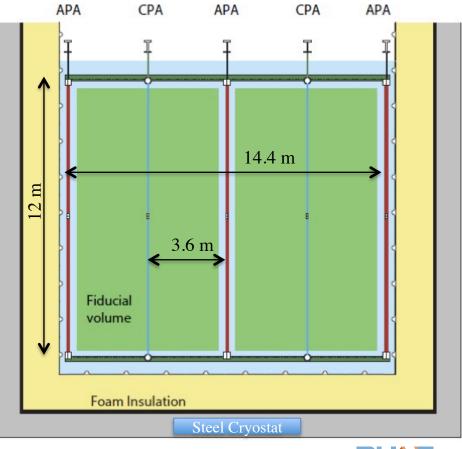
Nominal 10 kt Detector Design



(slide from Jim Stewart)

Detector Module Characteristics

- 17.1/13.8/11.6 Total/Active/Fiducial mass
- 3 Anode Plane Assemblies (APA) wide
 - 3.6 m max drift length
- Cathode planes (CPA) are internal
- 58m long 12m high 14.4m active width





UV Light Calibration System in 10 kt DUNE detector

Approach for DUNE 10 kton detector -install light diffusers at CPA -cover 4m x 4m APA area with a single diffuser Photons Per m² into 4x4 m² 60m 6m x 2.2m 3.00E+06 2.00E+06 12m 1.00E+06 0.00E+00 ■ 0.00E+00-1.00E+06 ■ 1.00E+06-2.00E+06 ■ 2.00E+06-3. % STDEV 19% Max 2.74E+06 Min 1.13E+06 2.425982 Max/Min 247 1.96E+06 Average Simulated light response 4m x 4m area at APA 4m x 4m area Diffuser location



