



Optimizing the access to one-to-many Association collection

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Problem Overview

- The expectation is to come up with the design and implementation of a utility that will provide an efficient and easy to use interface for accessing one-to-many associations, only for the use case where:
 - The order in which associations are added to the collection carries relevant information and needs to be preserved
 - The association collection is ordered so that all the associations of a given object are contiguous

Different approaches to access art::Assns

- 1. Using FindMany* [Current]
 - Temporary container for the art::Ptrs to the R
 - Ordering not preserved
- 2. Using association data product [Current]
 - art::Assns<L, R>. E.g. art::Assns<recob::Track, recob::Hit>
 - Get association collection as a data product and loop over using index or range for
 - User has to know how to access L and R
 - User has to implement logic of moving form one L to another
- 3. Maintain a data structure to keep track of the associated objects [New]
 - Same as 2 except the logic of moving form one L to another
 - Additional data structure to main the index

4. Use range-v3 library to provide efficient access [New]

A utility function using the range-v3 library

This function performs the following:

- takes an association collection as input argument 1
- transforms it to a range of range objects
- calls the provided callable, the input argument 2, on the objects.

For example, given an art::Assns<recob::Track, recob::Hit>, it will transform this collection to a range representing range of art::Ptr<recob::Hit> for each track. The provided callable is invoked over this range for each track.



Demonstrating use of for_each_associated_group

- Toy Problem: Calculate the sum of SummedADCs for all the associated hits per track, and return a container with all the sums. In this example, ordering is not important.
- Assumptions:
 - Every recob::Track is represented in the association collection and in the same order it was inserted in the track collection.
 - All the associated recob::Hit for each recob::Track are contiguous in the collection.
- Recipe for using for_each_associated_group
 - Get the required association data product
 - Provide a lambda that implements the functionality to be executed on each group of the associated objects;
 - Call the function: for_each_associated_group

Example of user code

- 1. typedef typename art::Assns<recob::Track, recob::Hit> th_assns;
 2. auto const & track_to_hit_assns = *e.getValidHandle<th_assns>
 (fTrackModuleLabel);
- 3. std::vector<double> charge_per_track; 4. auto fill_charge_per_track = [&charge_per_track](auto hits) { 5. double sum_of_charges = 0.; 6. for(auto h=begin(hits); h!=end(hits); ++h) { 7. sum_of_charges+=(*h)->SummedADC(); 8. } 9. charge_per_track.push_back(sum_of_charges);
- 10. };
 11.
 12. for_each_associated_group(track_to_hit_assns,

fill_charge_per_track);



Example of user code, making use of range-v3

1.	<pre>typedef typename art::Assns<recob::track, recob::hit=""> th_assns;</recob::track,></pre>
2.	<pre>auto const & track_to_hit_assns = *e.getValidHandle<th_assns></th_assns></pre>
	(fTrackModuleLabel);
3.	<pre>std::vector<double> charge_per_track;</double></pre>
4.	<pre>auto fill_charge_per_track = [&charge_per_track](auto hits) {</pre>
5.	<pre>charge_per_track.push_back(ranges::accumulate(hits </pre>
	<pre>ranges::view::transform([] (auto h) {return h->SummedADC();}),</pre>
6.	0.)
7.);
8.	};
9.	
10	<pre>for_each_associated_group(track_to_hit_assns,</pre>
	<pre>fill_charge_per_track);</pre>

Future work

- Next step is to use the for_each_associated_group utilitity in the example use cases:
 - Analysis tree codes
 - NeutrinoTrackingEff_module in larreco
 - Calorimtery_module in larana
- Performance measurements
- Work with art::Assns<L, R, D>



References

- Range-v3 Library
 - https://ericniebler.github.io/range-v3/
- Chris Green's presentation on art::Assns
 - <u>https://indico.fnal.gov/getFile.py/access?</u>
 <u>sessionId=6&resId=10&materiaIId=0&confId=9928</u>
 - <u>https://indico.fnal.gov/getFile.py/access?</u>
 <u>sessionId=6&resId=9&materiaIId=0&confId=9928</u>