Definition of Keywords and Its Organization in HDF5

By Jixia Li

1. Introduction

Here is the definition of keywords and how they are organized in hdf5 file.

To ensure compatibility for other programing languages, Python-specific objects, like list, dict and tuple, are excluded.

Version 0.0.

Last modified 2016-11-17.

2. File Name

startdatetime enddatetime.hdf5

startdatetime is a date time string when the file is created;

enddatetime is a date time string when the file is closed;

The date time string contains year, month, day, hour, minute and second.

Example:

20160229093022_20160229124807.hdf5

Notice:

The start and end date time is not accurate, use 'obstime' attribute in the hdf5 file.

3. Data type

String is ASCII character.

Integer is 32bits, signed.

Float is 32 bits.

Complex is 64 bits – A two-element compound with field firstly 32 bits real part and then 32 bits imaginary part.

4. Attribute for Data File

Keywords are stored as data file's attributes.

The keywords are all lower case.

Keywords:

Type A: Common

Keyword	Data Type	Annotation	Example
nickname	String	Any nick name for the data file.	"Keyword Example Data"
comment	String	Comment.	"Here is comment."
observer	String	observer's name.	"Someone"
history	String	history of the data file.	"No history."
keywordver	String	keyword's version.	"0.0", "0.1", "1.2"

Type B: Site

Keyword	Data Type	Annotation	Example
sitename	String	Name of the observation site	"Hongliuxia Observatory"
sitelat	Float	Unit: degree; Site's latitude.	44.17639
sitelon	Float	Unit: degree; Site's longitude.	91.7413861
siteelev	Float	Unit: meter; Site's elevation above sea level.	1500.0
timezone	String	Beijing Time, 8 hours ahead of GMT	"UTC+08h"
epoch	String	Epoch	2000.0

Type C: Antenna

Keyword Data Type Annotation	Example
------------------------------	---------

telescope	String	Tianlai telescope type and generation; Use Roman number for generation.	"Tianlai-Dish-I", "Tianlai-Dish-II", "Tianlai-Cylinder-I"
dishdiam	Float	Diameter of dish; For cylinder: -1.0	6.0
nants	Int	Number of antennas.	16, 3
npols	Int	Polarization of each feed.	2
nfeeds	Int	Number of feeds	32, 192
cylen	Float	Length of cylinder; For dish: -1.0	50.0
cywid	Float	Width of cylinder; For dish: -1.0	50.0

Type D: Receiver

Keyword	Data Type	Annotation	Example
recvver	String	Version of receivers (the analog devices).	"0.0"
lofreq	Float	Unit: MHz; Local Oscillator frequency.	935.0

Type E: Correlator

Keyword	Data Type	Annotation	Example	
corrver	String	Version of correlator.	"0.0"	
samplingbits	Int	ADC sampling bits.	8	
corrmode	Int	Correlation mode.	1	
inttime	Float	Integration time.	1.0	
obstime	String	The middle date and time when the first visibility data block is observed; Format: "yyyy/mm/dd HH:MM:SS.FFFFFF"; Note: the time corresponds to when the visibility data is firstly received from the correlator, instead of when the source's signal is received by feeds or digitalized by ADC.	"2016/02/29 09:30:22.639220"	
sec1970	Float	Seconds since epoch 1970 Jan. 1 st ; Equals "obstime".	Jan. 1 st ; 1456709422. 639220	
nfreq	Int	Number of frequency points.	512	
freqstart	Float	Unit: MHz; The lowest frequency in the bandpass.	685.0	
freqstep	Float	Unit: MHz; Frequency step of the bandpass. 0.244140625		

5. Array and Its Attribute

Use Array to store mass data and regular data.

Arrays:

7 ii u yoi				
Keyword	Data Type	Dimname	Attribute	Annotation
vis	Complex	Time, Frequency, Baseline	dimname	Visibility data
feedno	Int	Feed No.		Starting from 1.
channo	Int	Feed No., (Channel No. of XPol, Channel No. of YPol)	dimname badchn	Starting from 1. For Dish: X=> Horizontal, Y=> Orthogonal.

	1	T	1	T = 0 !! ·
				For Cylinder:
				X => East-West
				Y => North-South
				badchn: bad channels,
				Array of data type
				integer.
		Dagalinas		Example:
blorder	Int	Baselines,		[[2, 8], [1, 17], [42, 43],
		Baseline Name		[42, 55],]
				Feeds' positions in right
				hand Cartesian
				Coordinate with X-Y plane
		Feed No.,	dimname	being the horizontal
feedpos	Float	(X, Y, Z) coordinate	unit	plane, and X axis pointing
		(X, 1, 2) coordinate	unic	to the east.
				Unit: meter
				Origin:
		Source No.,	alia-	Antenna pointing and its
antpointing	Float	Feed No.,	dimname	error;
		(Az, Alt, AzErr, AltErr)	unit	For cylinder: (0, 90, x, x.)
	1	(, ·, ·) / ()		Unit: degree
				Start pointing time and
		Source No.,	dimname	end pointing time
pointingtime	Float	(starttime, endtime)	unit	expressed in seconds
		(Starttime, enutime)	unit	since epoch 1970;
				Unit: second
	EL .	Feed No.,	dimname	Unit: degree
polerr	Float	(XPolErr, YPolErr)	unit	
				Noise Source Position;
		NoiseSource No.,	dimname	XYZ origin is the same as
nspos	Float	(X, Y, Z) coordinate	unit	feedpos;
		(,,, ,, =, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		Unit: meters
	1			Start: Start time;
		NoiseSource No.,	dimname	Stop: Stop time;
noisesource	Float	(Start, Stop, Cycle)	unit	Cycle: Source On Cycle;
		(Start, Stop, Cycle)	uiiit	Unit: second
		Sources		Omit: Second
		Sources,	dimname	Unit: (second, degree,
transitsource	Float	(time, SourceRA,	unit	degree, degree, degree)
		SourceDec, SourceAz,	srcname	srcname: Source's name
	ļ	SourceAlt)		
	1	Weather Data,		
		(Sec1970,		
		RoomTemperature,		Unit: (second, Celcius, %,
		RoomHumidity,		Celcius, Celcius, %,
woother	Floot	Temperature,	dimname	
weather	Float	Dewpoint, Humidity,	unit	millimeter, degree (0 to
		Precipitation,		360; 0 for North, 90 for
		WindDirection,		East), m/s, Pa)
	1	WindSpeed,		
		Pressure)		
	1	1 1033416 <i>j</i>	l	