Purity Monitors for ProtoDune

Jianming Bian (UC Irvine) Andrew Renshaw (U of Houston) Marvin Marshak (U of Minnesota)

Outline

- UCI, UH and UMN are involved
- 3 PrM in the cryostat
- Refurbished mechanical components from ICARUS (received)
- Build electric/optical feedtrhoughs (unless found at CERN)
- Build electronics and DAQ
- Buy Xenon light sources, developing LED light sources

Responsibilities

Jianming Bian (UCI)

- Interface with cryostat WG to define flanges and mounting string
- Interface with the DAQ and slow controls WGs to define monitoring and readout
- Interface with CERN to define the conventional facilities that are required
- Refurbishment and testing of components
- Deployment and operations

Andrew Renshaw (UH)

- Interface with cryostat WG to define placement of PrM on the floor
- Interface with Cryogenics WG to define inline PrM vessel
- LED light source development
- Refurbishment and testing of components
- Deployment and operations

Marvin Marshak (UMN)

• Interface with the installation WG to define installation process and timeline

PrM Mounting



PrM Mounting







PrM in WA105

PrM Mounting

On the bottom plate

 One PrM placed on plate on floor of cryostat, plate held to floor with Stycast epoxy (Weight of PrM<2kg)





DAQ

Digitizers

PrM electronics Signal: 2 channels – cathode, anode < 5V

Need to Develop slow control



DAQ PC 110V

PrM HV Cathod -150V Anode 2500V

> NIM Bin 110 V

Light source

- Hamamatsu Xenon source (1J/flash), one at UCI
- LED being developed at UM
- Newport Xenon source (5J/flash), manufacturer resumed production

Light source power supply, shielded by an aluminum case, 24 V



Light source at Fermilab

Light source



First test

- Test stand setup at UCI
- Have fabricated a new Faraday cage for the test
- Have bought necessary parts for the test
- New wiring is needed



