

Supernova nucleosynthesis and extremely metal-poor stars

Nozomu Tominaga

(Konan University/Kavli IPMU)



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A Celebration of CEMP and a Gala of GALAH

Contents

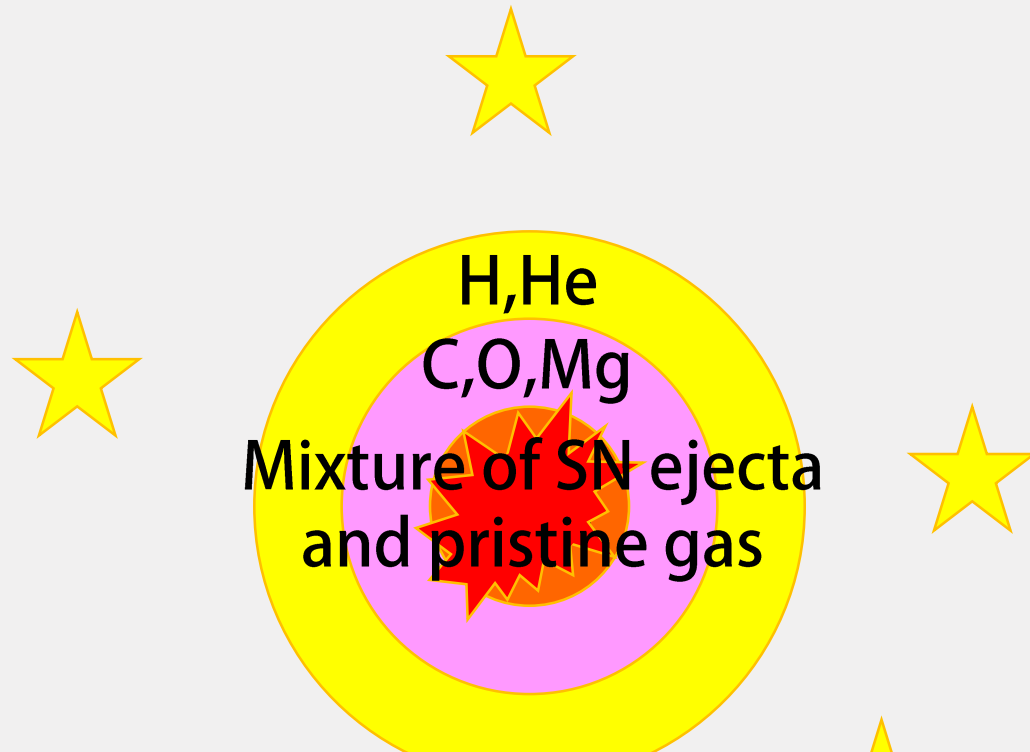
- Metal enrichment by mass accretion from ISM
- Aspherical explosions as origins of EMP stars
- Origin of Carbon enhancement in CEMP-no stars

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First chemical enrichment

H,He

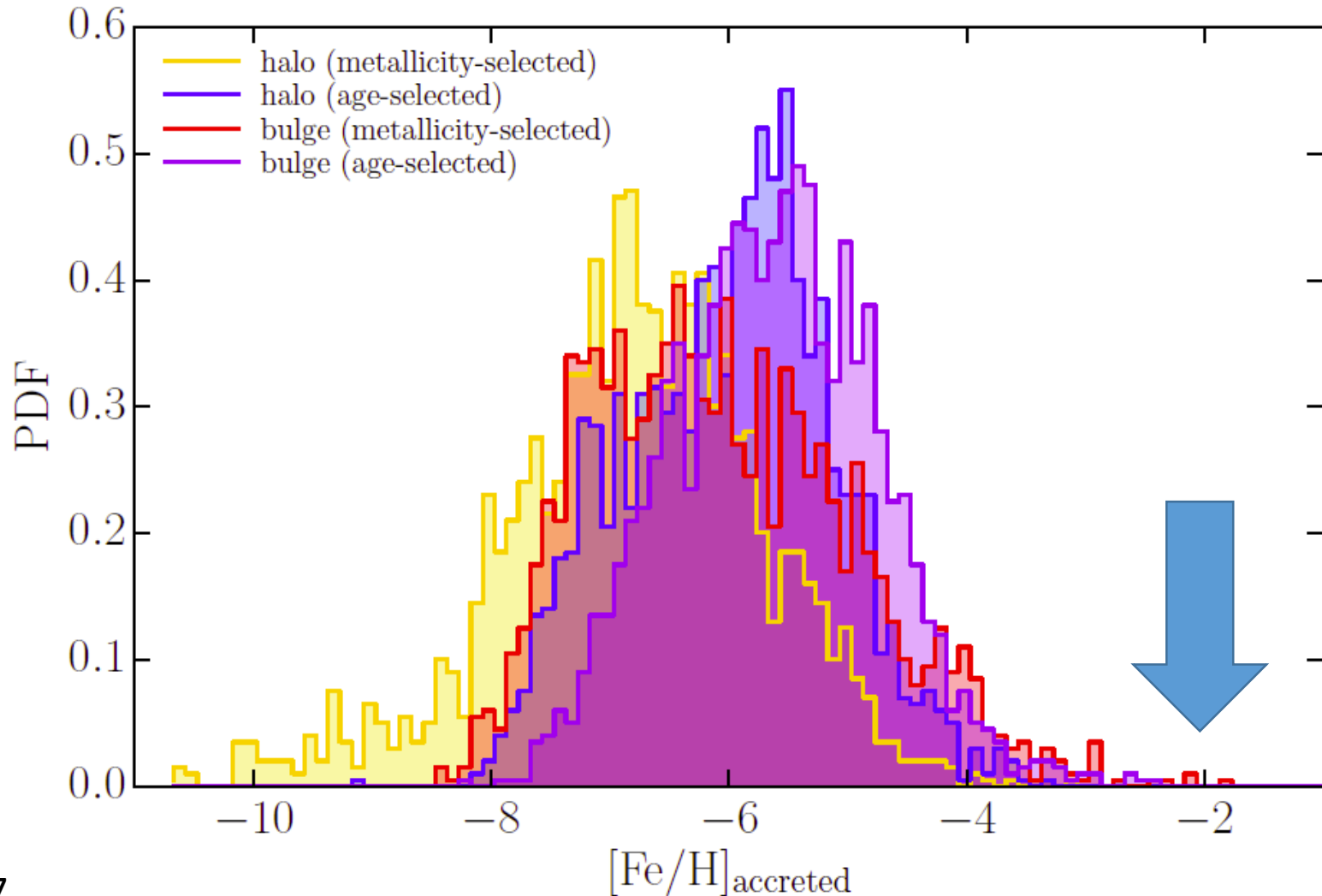


The abundance patterns of the EMP stars
possess information on **properties of
Population III supernovae.**

Metal-poor stars preserve their initial abundance patterns?

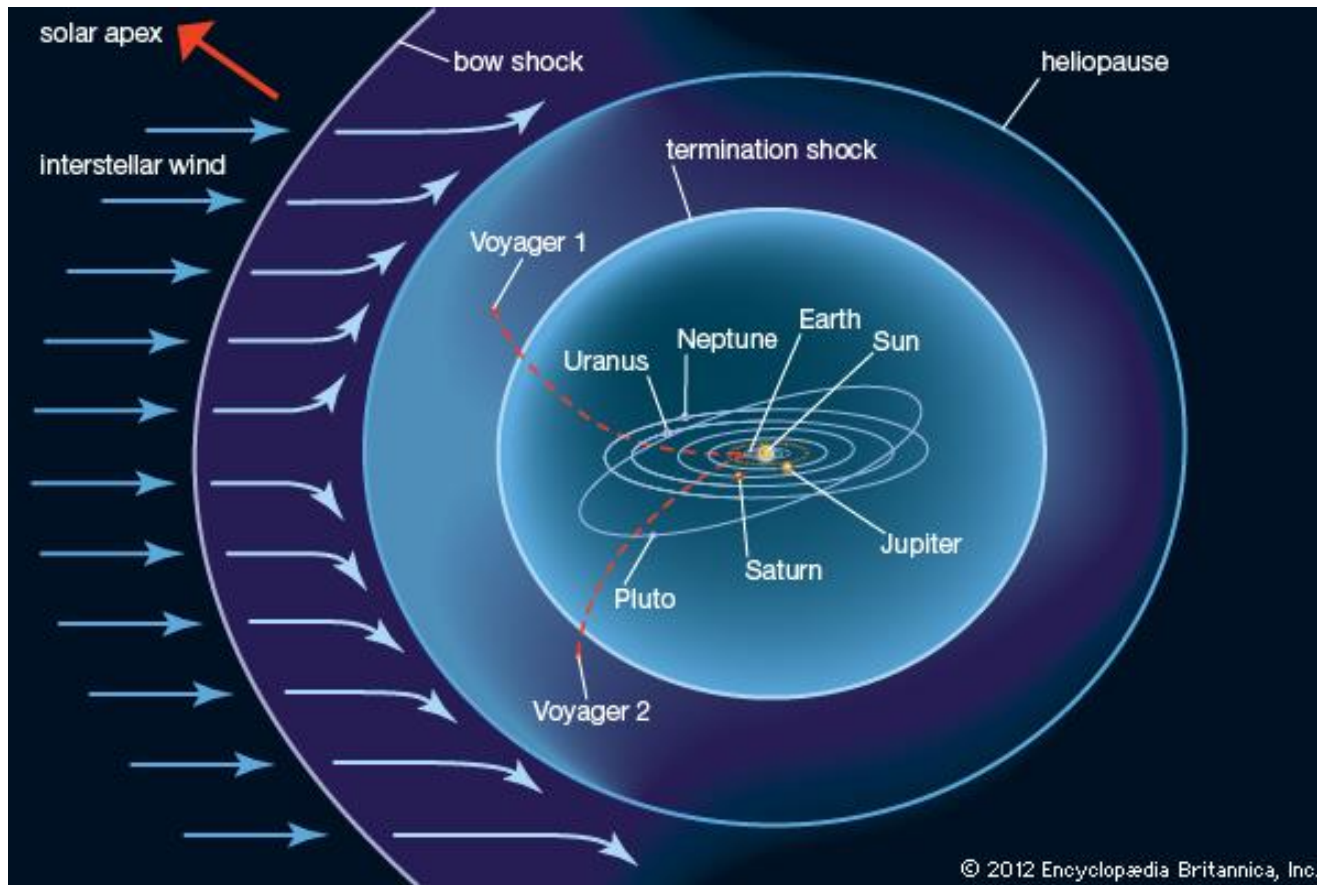


Bondi-Hoyle-Lyttleton accretion could enhance $[\text{Fe}/\text{H}]$ up to -2

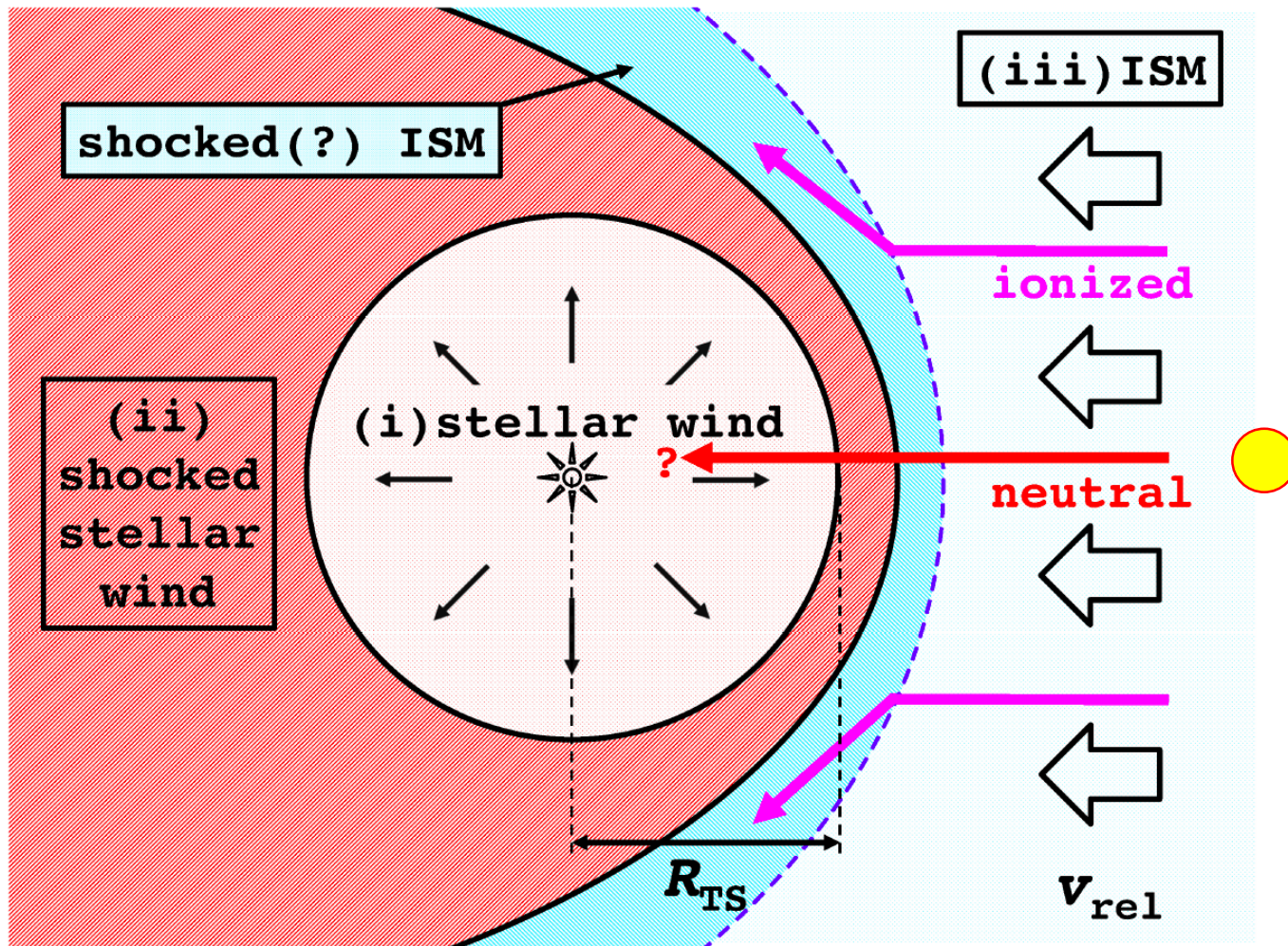


However, the estimate does not include stellar wind from EMP stars.

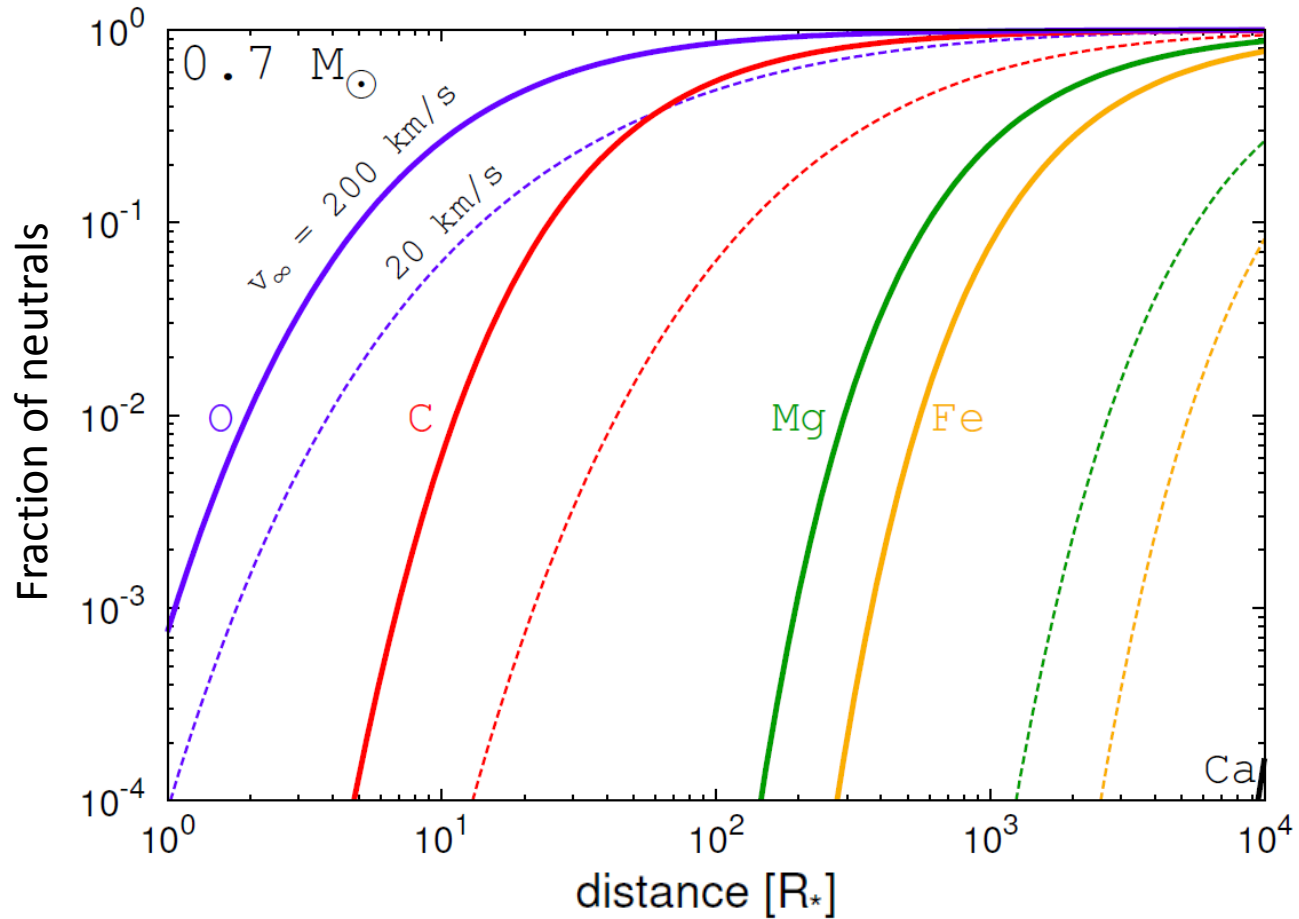
- Sun has a heliosphere blocking the ISM wind.



However, the estimate does not include stellar wind from EMP stars.



Photoionization considerably reduces the number of neutrals.

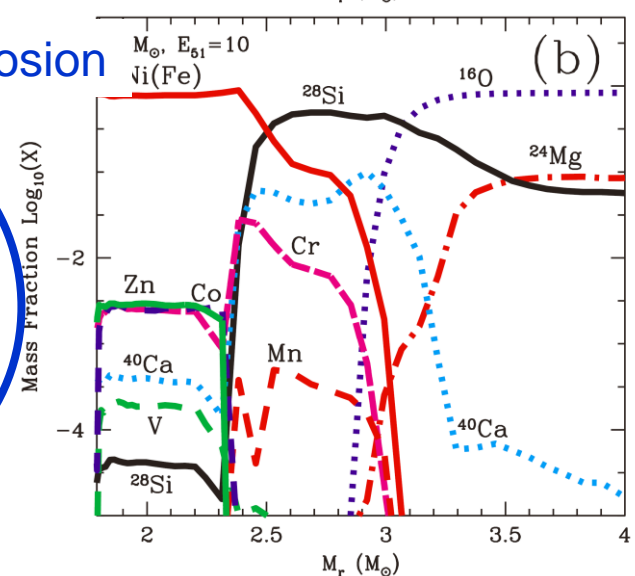
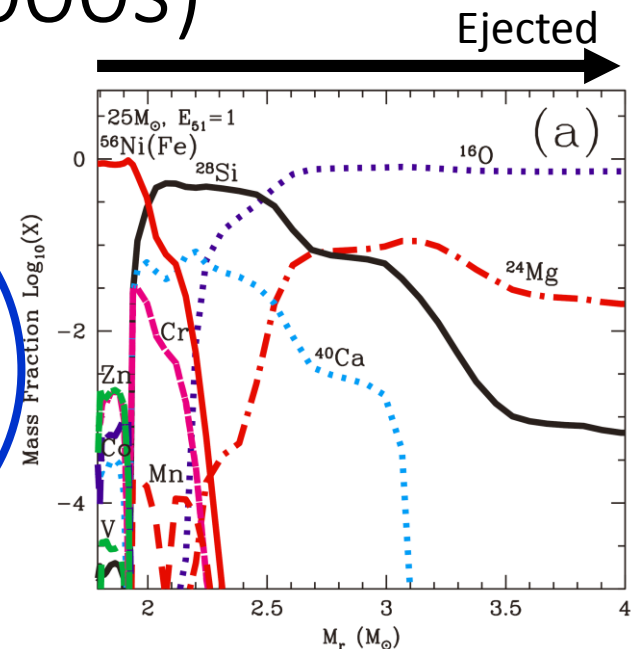
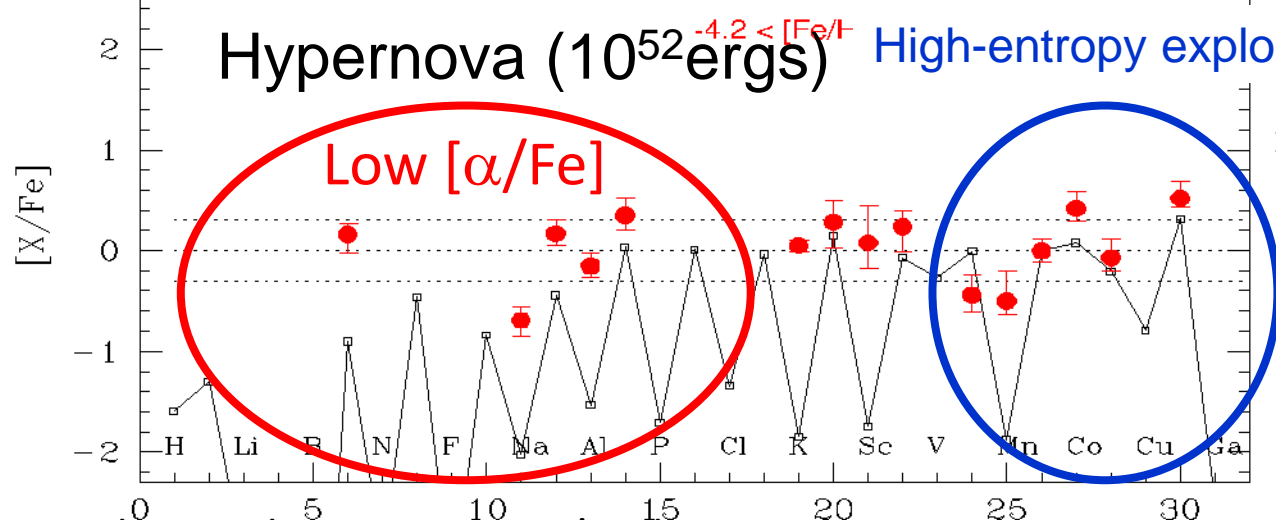
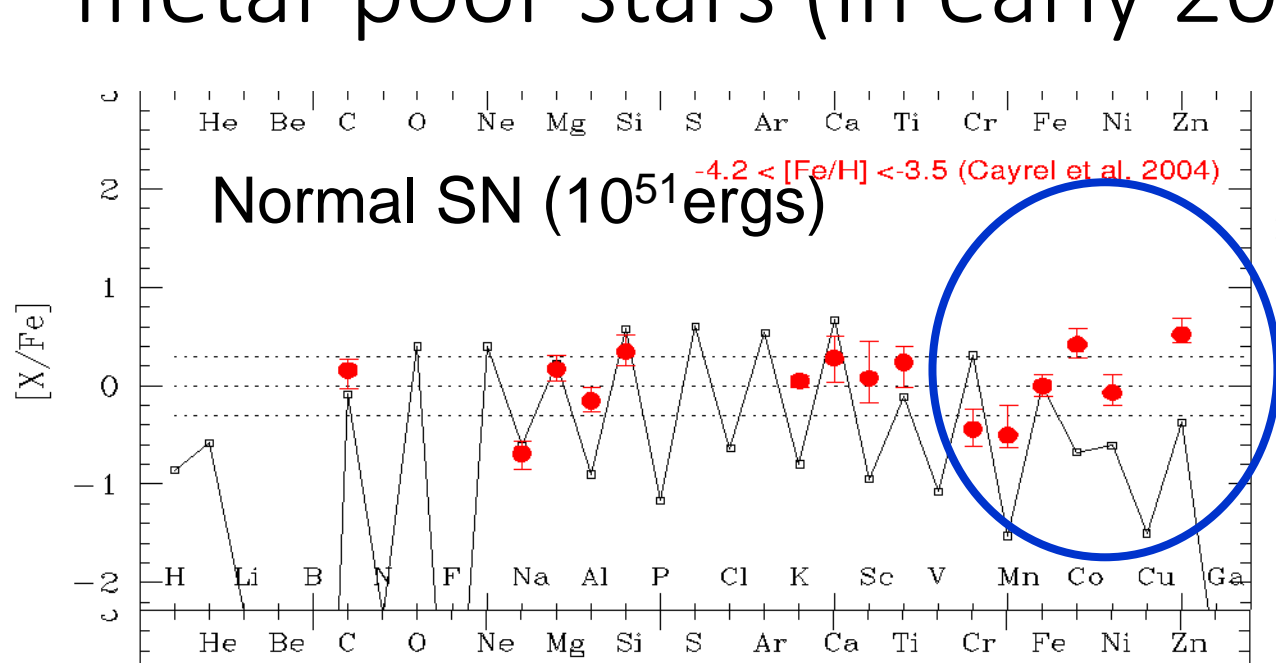


Most of metals cannot reach the stellar surface.
Surface pollution by ISM accretion is negligible.

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- Metal enrichment by mass accretion from ISM
- **Aspherical explosions as origins of EMP stars**
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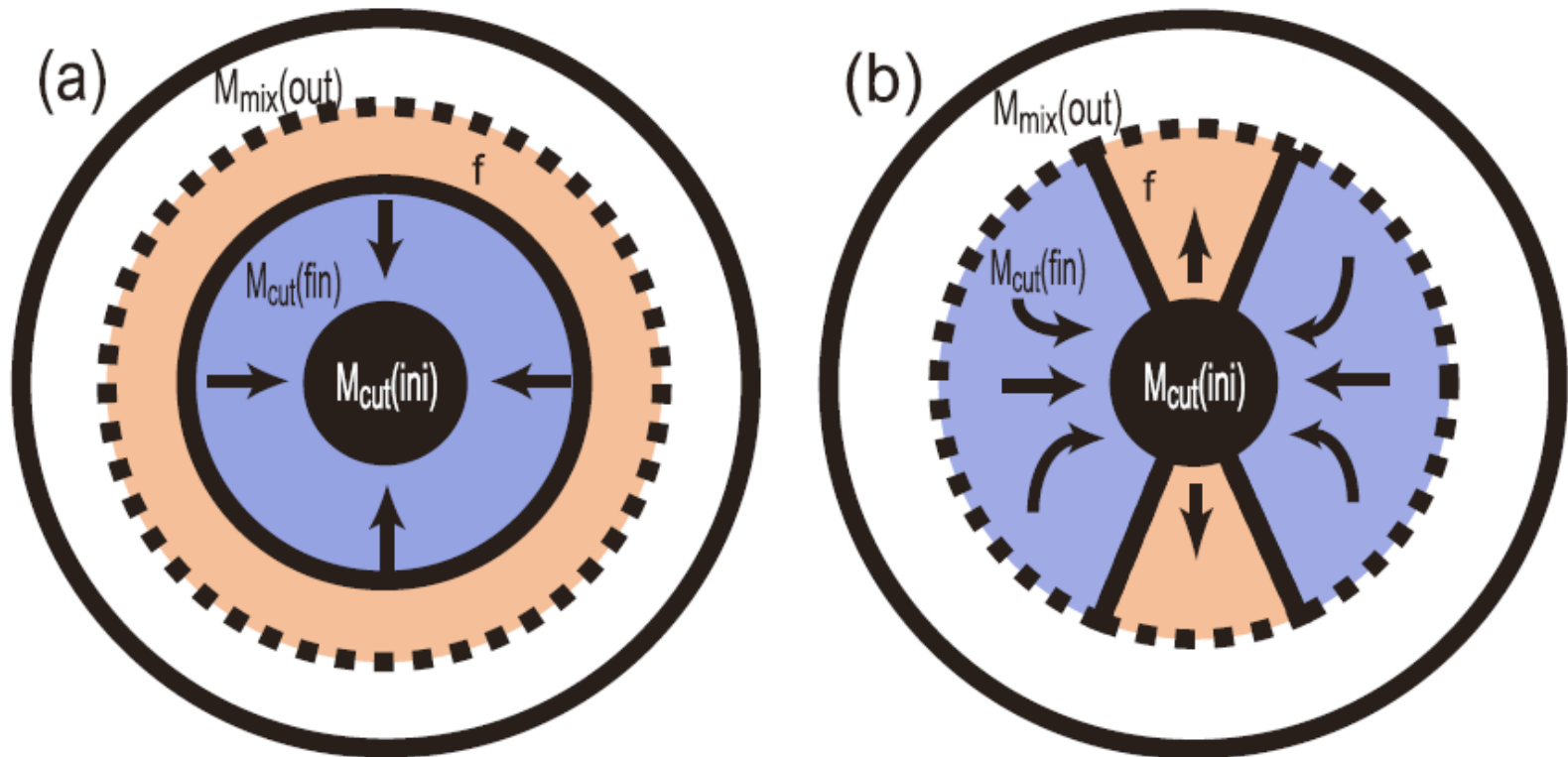
Spherical explosions cannot explain metal-poor stars (in early 2000s)



Mixing-fallback model

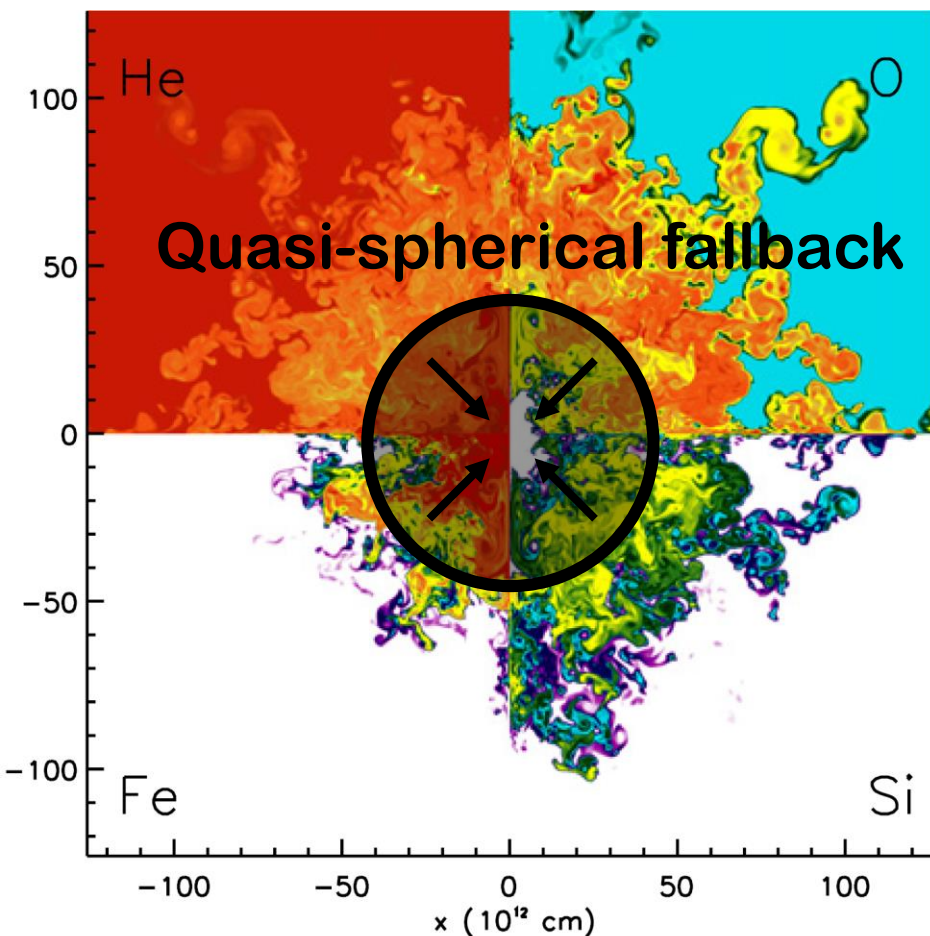
- A parametric model mimics an aspherical explosion due to (a) the Rayleigh-Taylor mixing or (b) jet explosion.

$$M_{\text{cut}}(\text{fin}) = M_{\text{cut}}(\text{ini}) + (1 - f)[M_{\text{mix}}(\text{out}) - M_{\text{cut}}(\text{ini})]$$



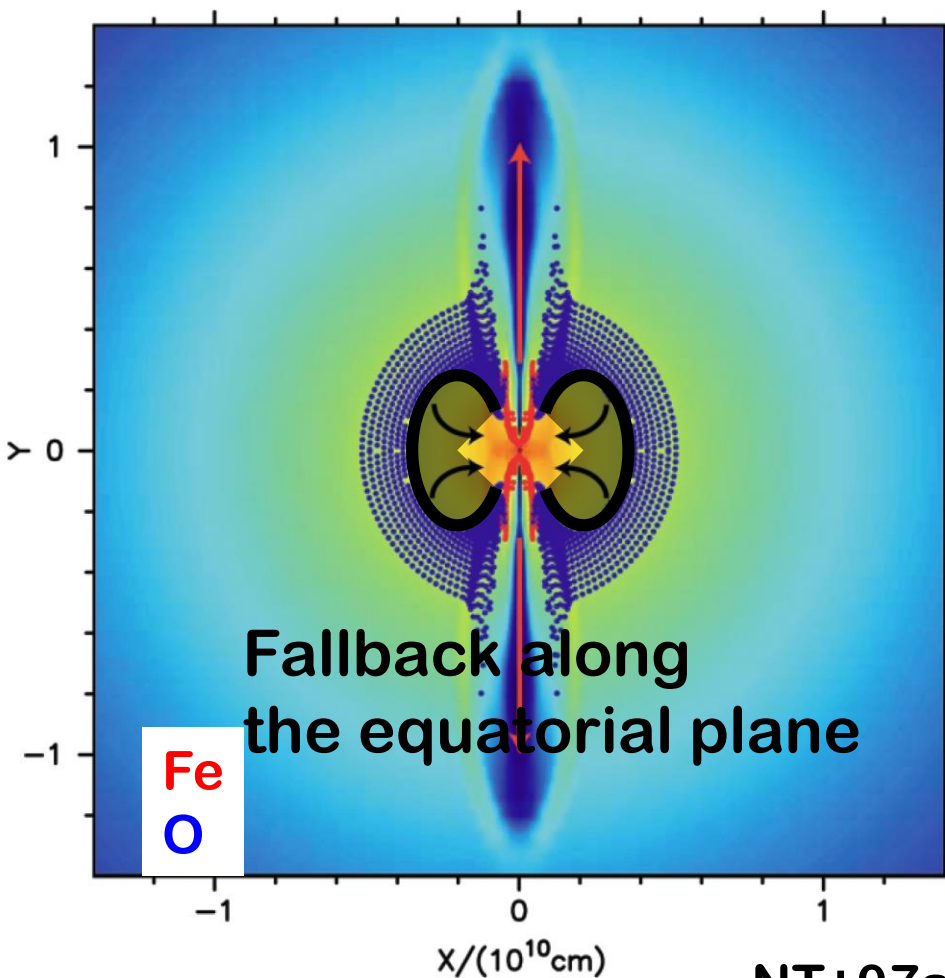
Simulation of mixing-fallback

Rayleigh-Taylor instability



Joggerst+10

Jet-explosion

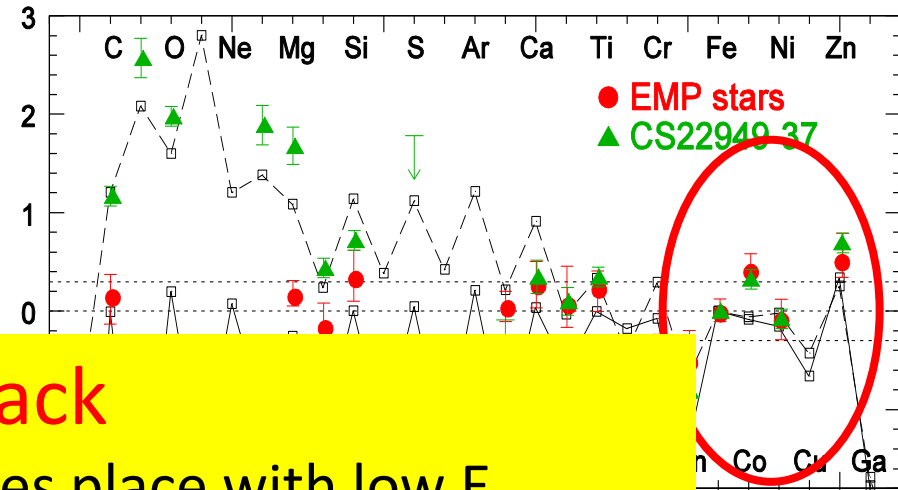
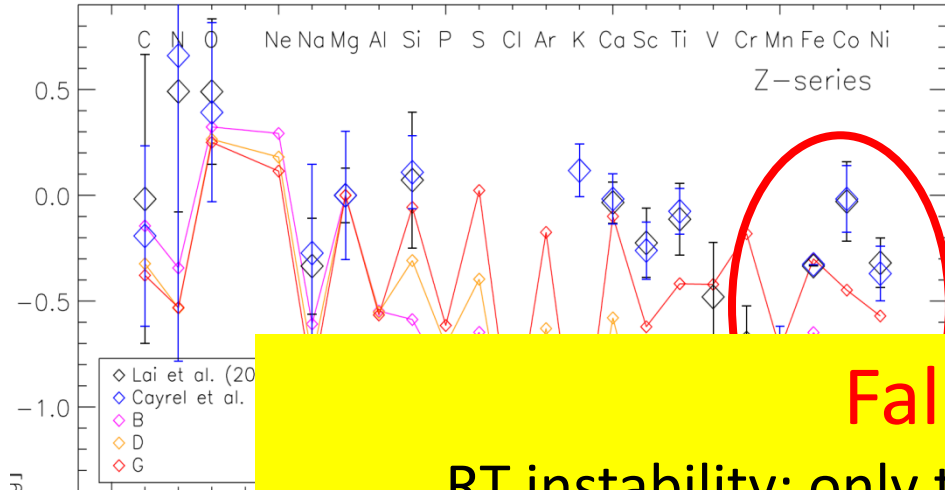


NT+07a

Nucleosynthesis yields

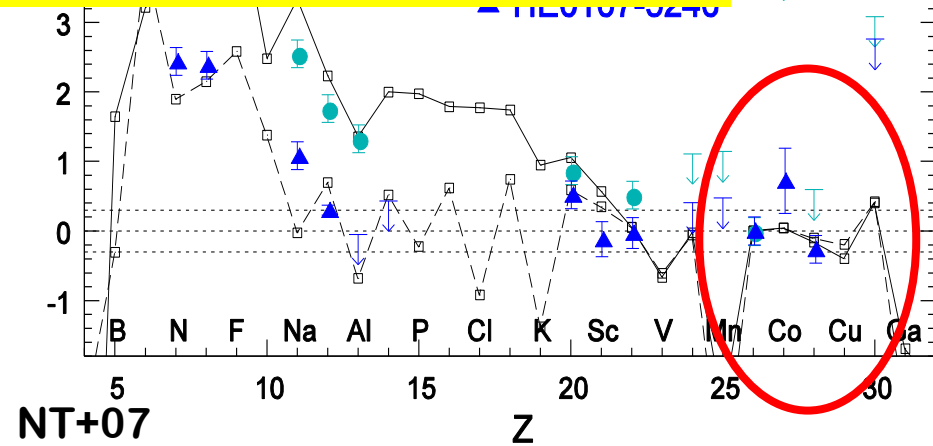
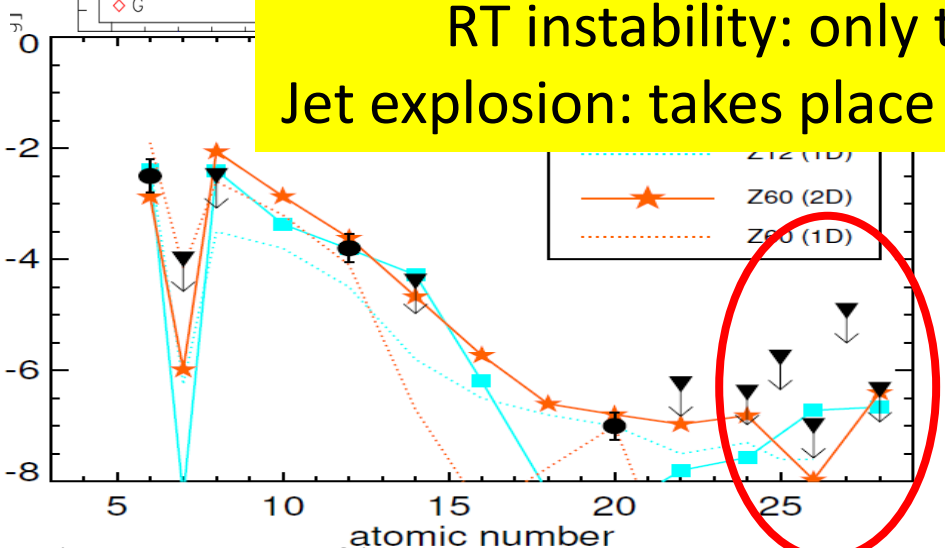
Rayleigh-Taylor instability

Jet explosion



Fallback

RT instability: only takes place with low E
 Jet explosion: takes place even with high E (and low E)



Joggerst+10; Chen+17

NT+07

Z

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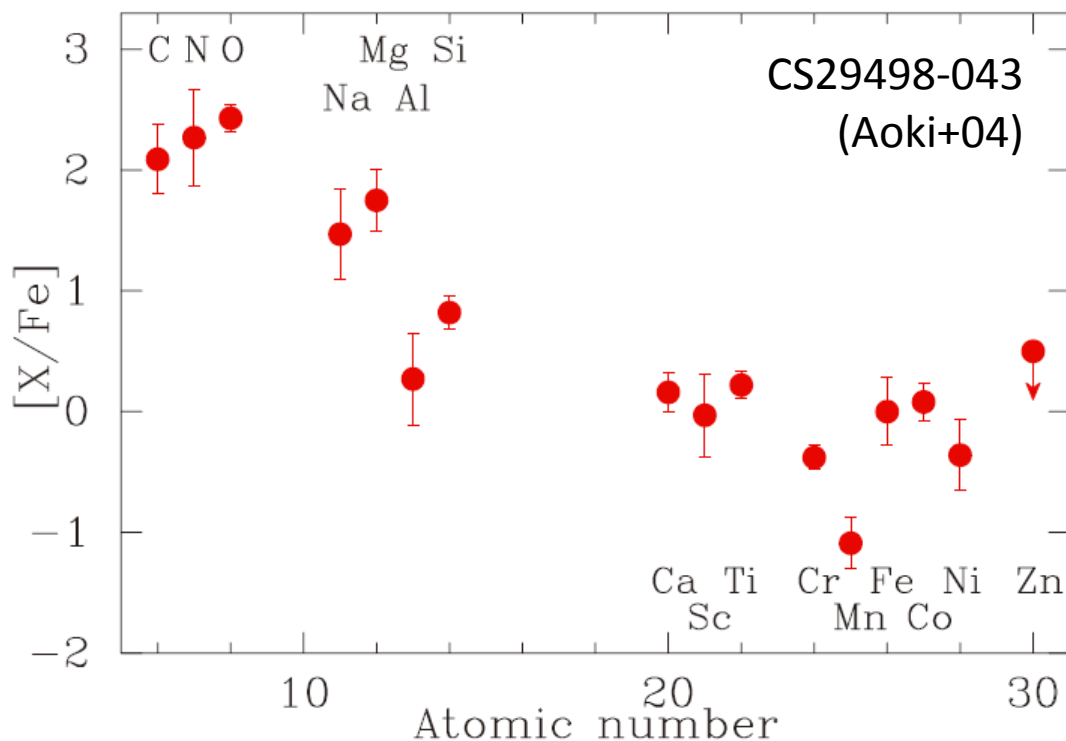
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- **Origin of Carbon enhancement in CEMP-no stars**

Origin of Carbon enhancement

- CEMP-s star
 - Binary: Mass transfer from AGB companion
 - Single star: Explosion of a massive rotator
- CEMP-no star
 - Faint SN (RT instability or jet explosion)
(e.g., Joggerst+10; Chen+17; NT+07; NT09;)
 - Mass loss from massive rotator (spinstar) (e.g., Meynet+06)

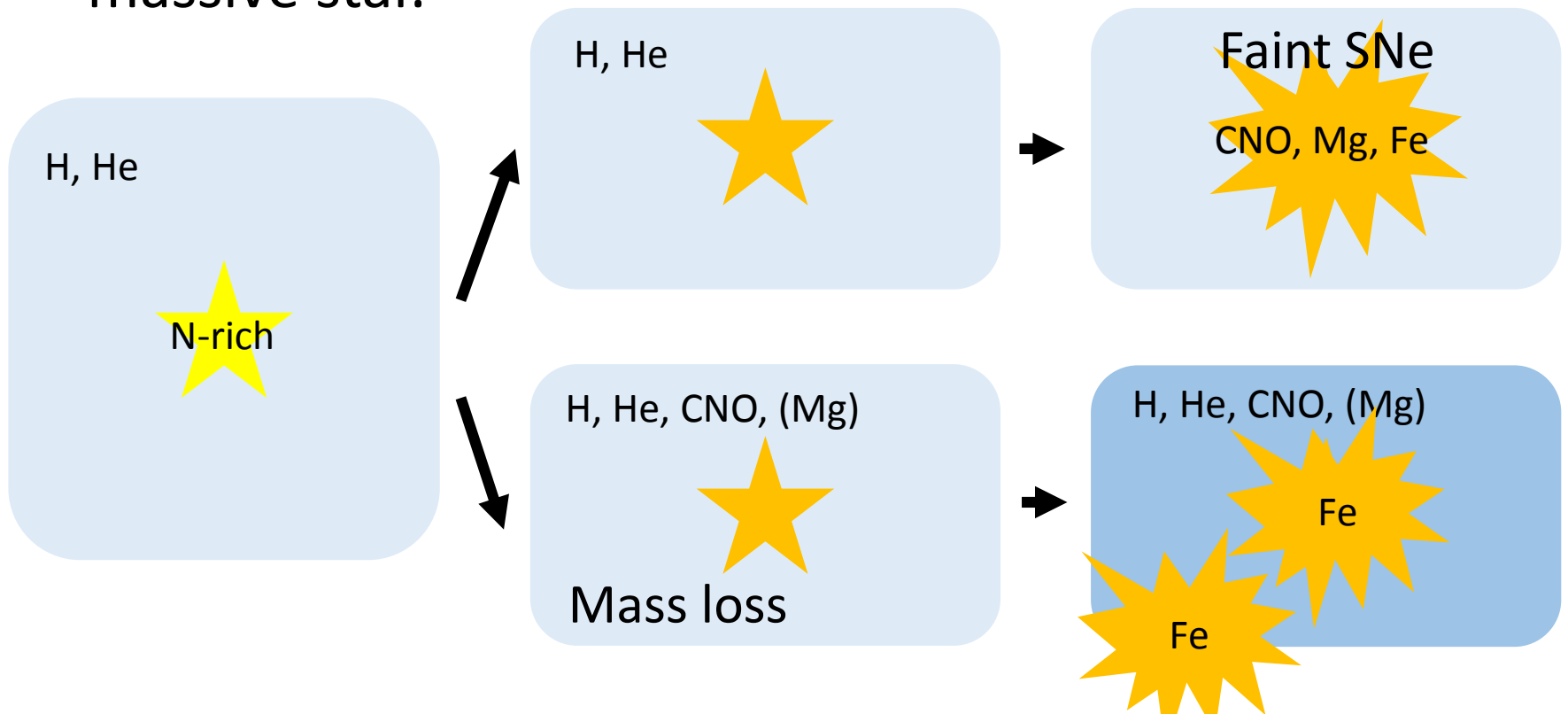
Faint SNe vs. Spinstars

- They are **not exclusive** and rather **complimentary**.
- **CEMP-no star with $[C/N] > 0$** can be explained by the rotation in a massive star.



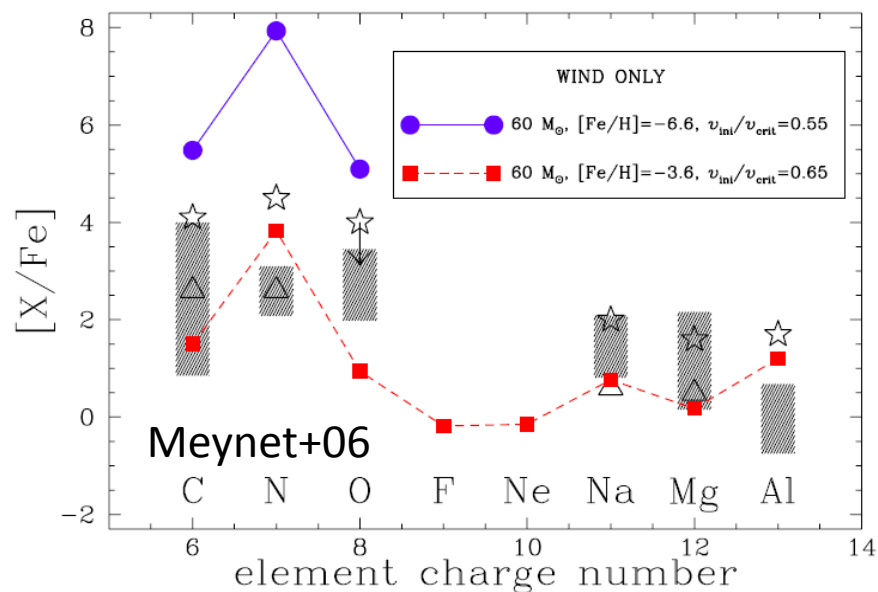
Faint SNe vs. Spinstars

- They are **not exclusive** and rather **complimentary**.
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Faint SNe vs. Spinstars

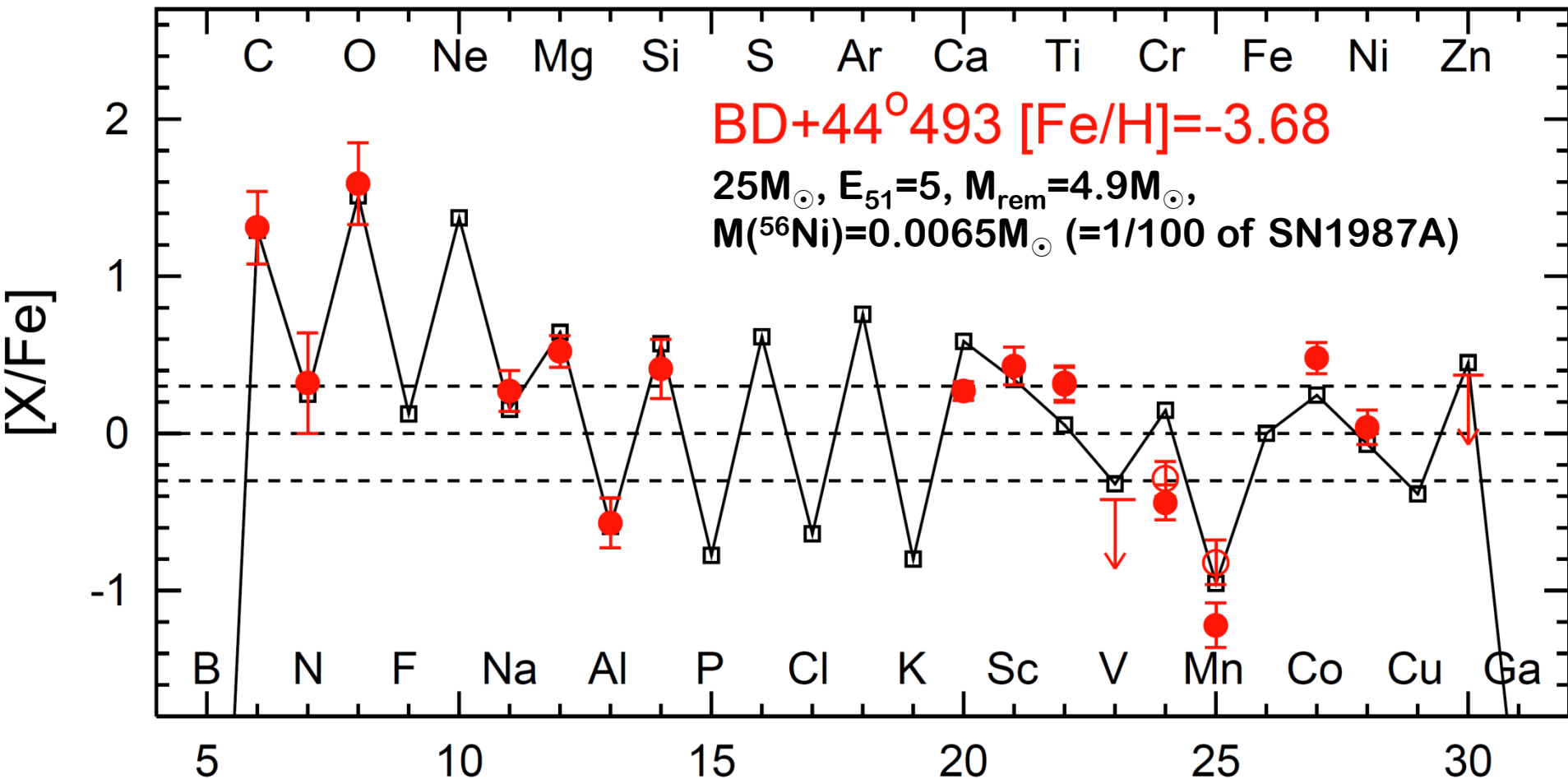
- They are **not exclusive** and rather **complimentary**.
- **CEMP-no star with $[C/N] > 0$** requires rotation in a massive star.
- Spinstar has inevitably **N-rich** wind ejecta.



Faint SNe vs. Spinstars

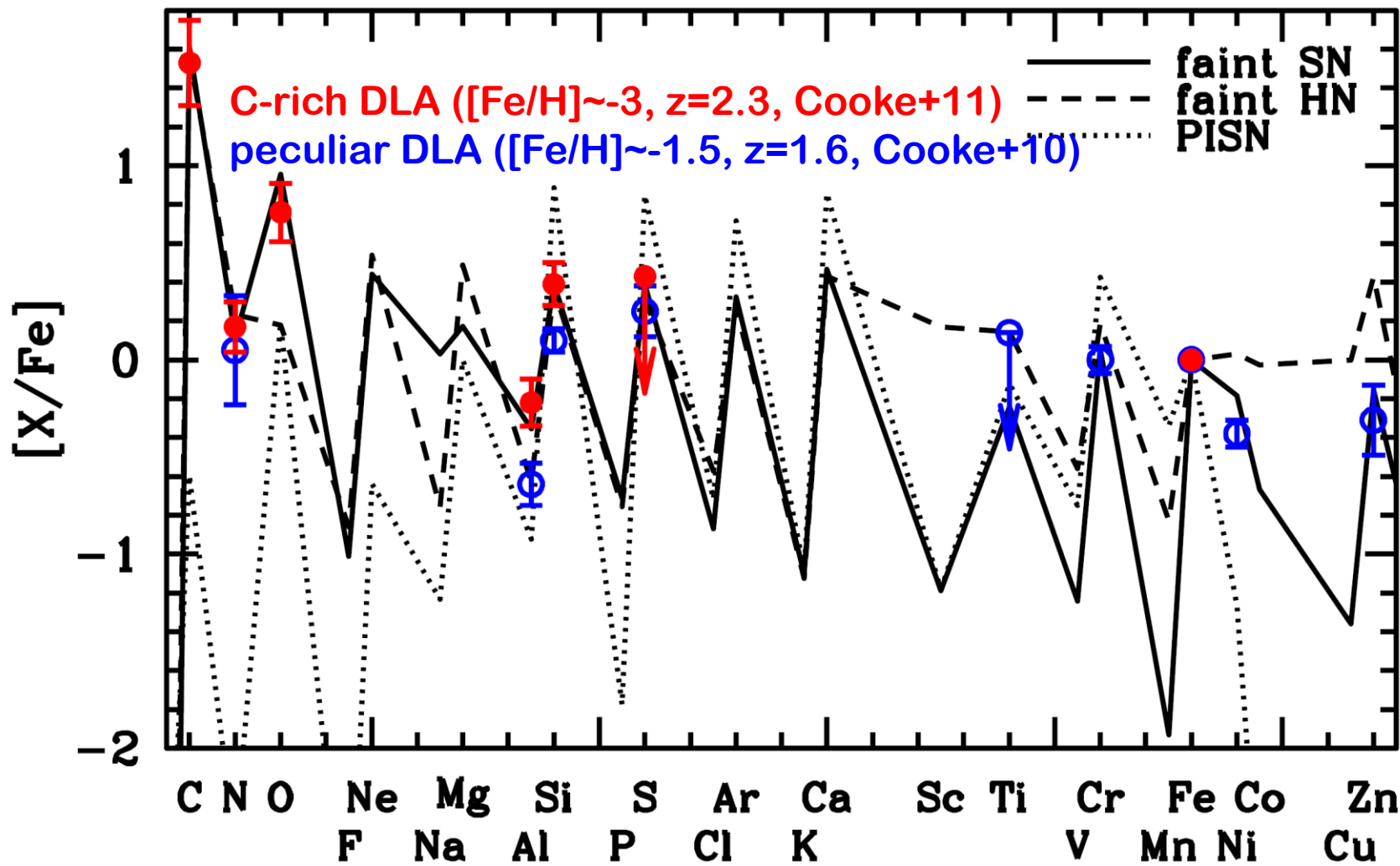
- They are **not exclusive** and rather **complimentary**.
- **CEMP-no star with $[C/N] \sim 0$** requires rotation in a massive star.
- Spinstar has inevitably **N-rich** wind ejecta.
- Faint SN model does not need to be N-rich, if the rotation of progenitor is slow.

Evidence of faint SN of slow rotator -metal-poor stars-



Evidence of faint SN of slow rotator

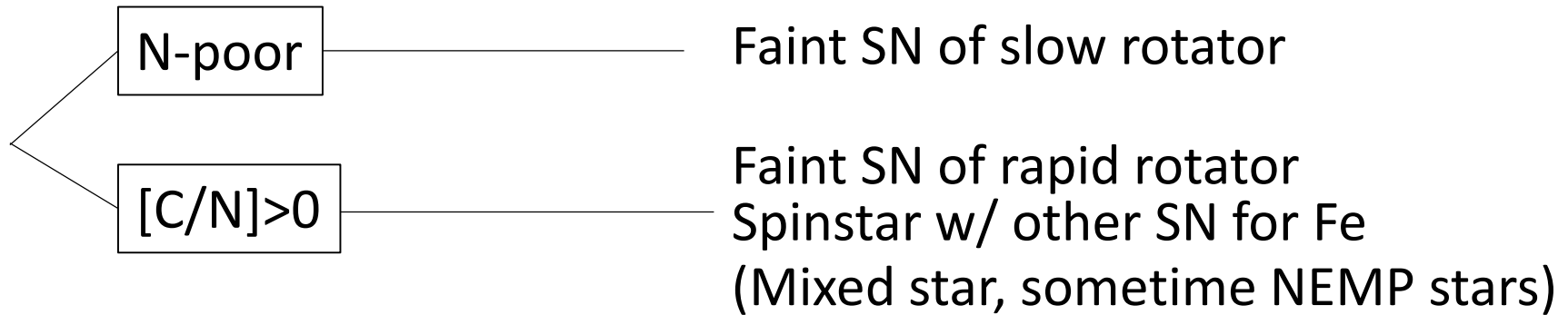
-Low-[Fe/H] Damped Lyman α system-



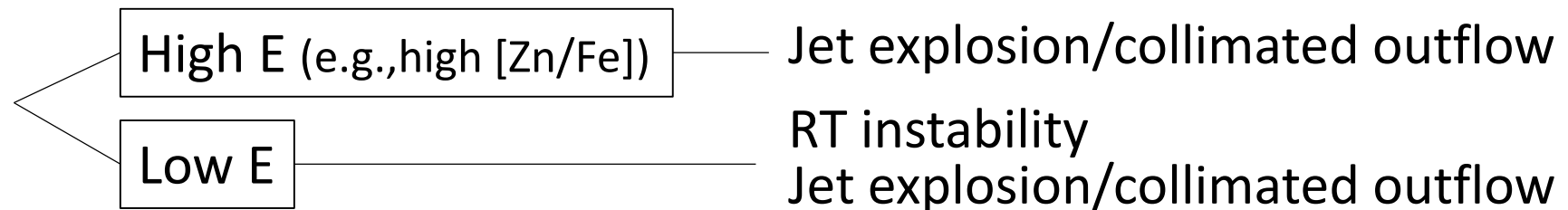
My personal view

Diagnostics of CEMP-no stars

- Progenitor model



- Mixing-fallback process in faint SNe



Summary

- Metal enrichment due to the mass accretion from the ISM is **negligible**.
- **Aspherical explosion** is required for all of the EMP stars (not only for the CEMP stars).
- Origins of CEMP-no stars

