

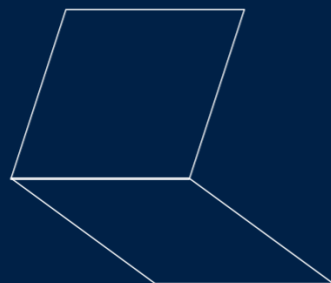
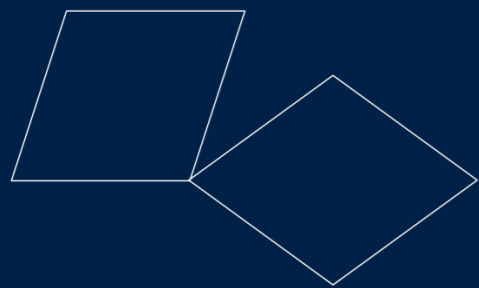
Science Board Meeting 08/02/17



# Calorimetric Reconstruction in FD-DP

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# Outline

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- Introduction
  - What is LarSoft
  - DP implementation in LArSoft
  - A first comparison between QSCAN and LArSoft
- Muon energy calibration crosscheck and energy reconstruction efficiency
- Shower energy reconstruction efficiency
- First study on electron/gamma separation

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A first look at reconstruction for ProtoDUNE-DP in LArSoft

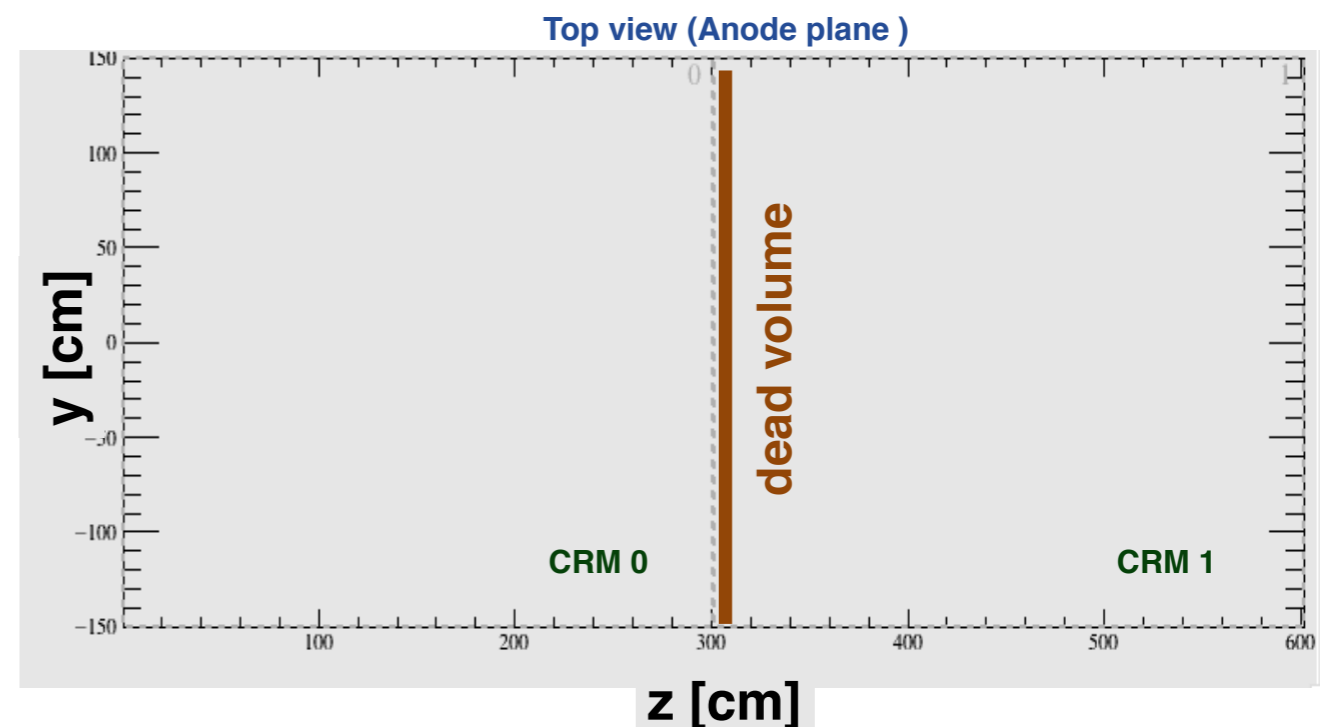
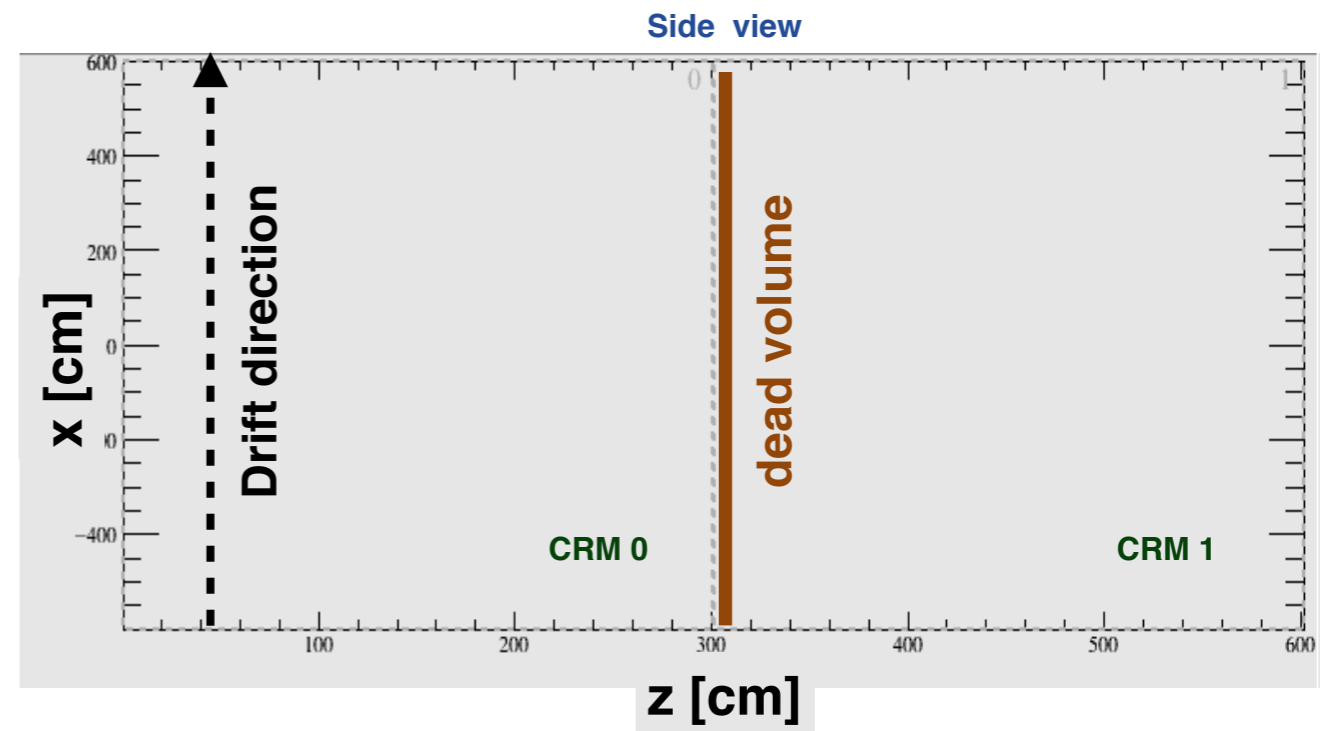


- ▶ LArSoft is installed on the CENF computers (Version used for this talk):  
<https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/CENF/NeutrinoClusterCERN>
- ▶ On October 31st CERN hold a one-day LArSoft tutorial:  
<https://indico.cern.ch/event/575069/>
- ▶ It is the framework chosen for ProtoDUNE-SP

It is a solid framework in Single Phase configuration. Has just moved its first steps for Dual Phase.

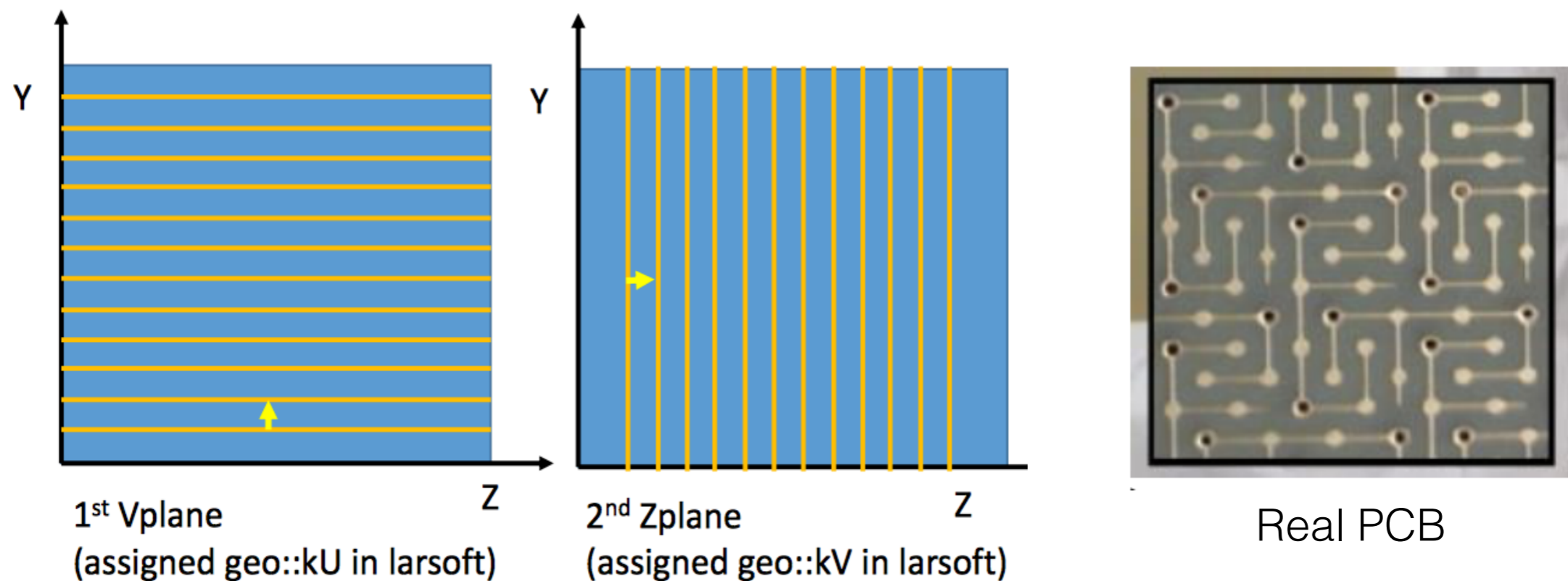
# DP Geometry in LArSoft

- DP geometry for DUNE 10kt DP is already present in LArSoft (by **Slavic Galymov**)
- DP geometry for ProtoDUNE recently implemented (by **Christoph Alt**, not used for this talk)
- Use of a “**Working space**” geometry to reduce computational time
  - ▶ **Two CRMs** 3x3 m<sup>2</sup> each
  - ▶ **Drift length** along **X** :12 m
  - ▶ 1 cm thick **dead volume** between the CRMs



# DP Geometry in LArSoft

- Collection planes: implemented in LArSoft as “wire”-planes in analogy with the SP geometry
- The actual readout is done with multilayered PCB with 2D pattern of strips



Details about the Dune 10kt Dual-Phase geometry can be found here:  
<https://indico.fnal.gov/getFile.py/access?contribId=2&resId=0&materialId=slides&confId=11402>

# QSCAN Comparison

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- A first comparison between LArSoft and QSCAN in single hits distribution for tracks.
- Used an analogue data sample as from Elisabetta Pennacchio [slides](#) on benchmarking (@ WA105 SB meeting, July 6<sup>th</sup> 2016)\*
- Generated the events sample in LArSoft in the most similar condition possible. However:
  - Different Geometry (“Workspace” geometry in LArSoft, full 6x6x6 detector geometry in QSCAN)
  - Different track reconstruction algorithms (“Pmtrack” in LArSoft, Hough transform in QSCAN)

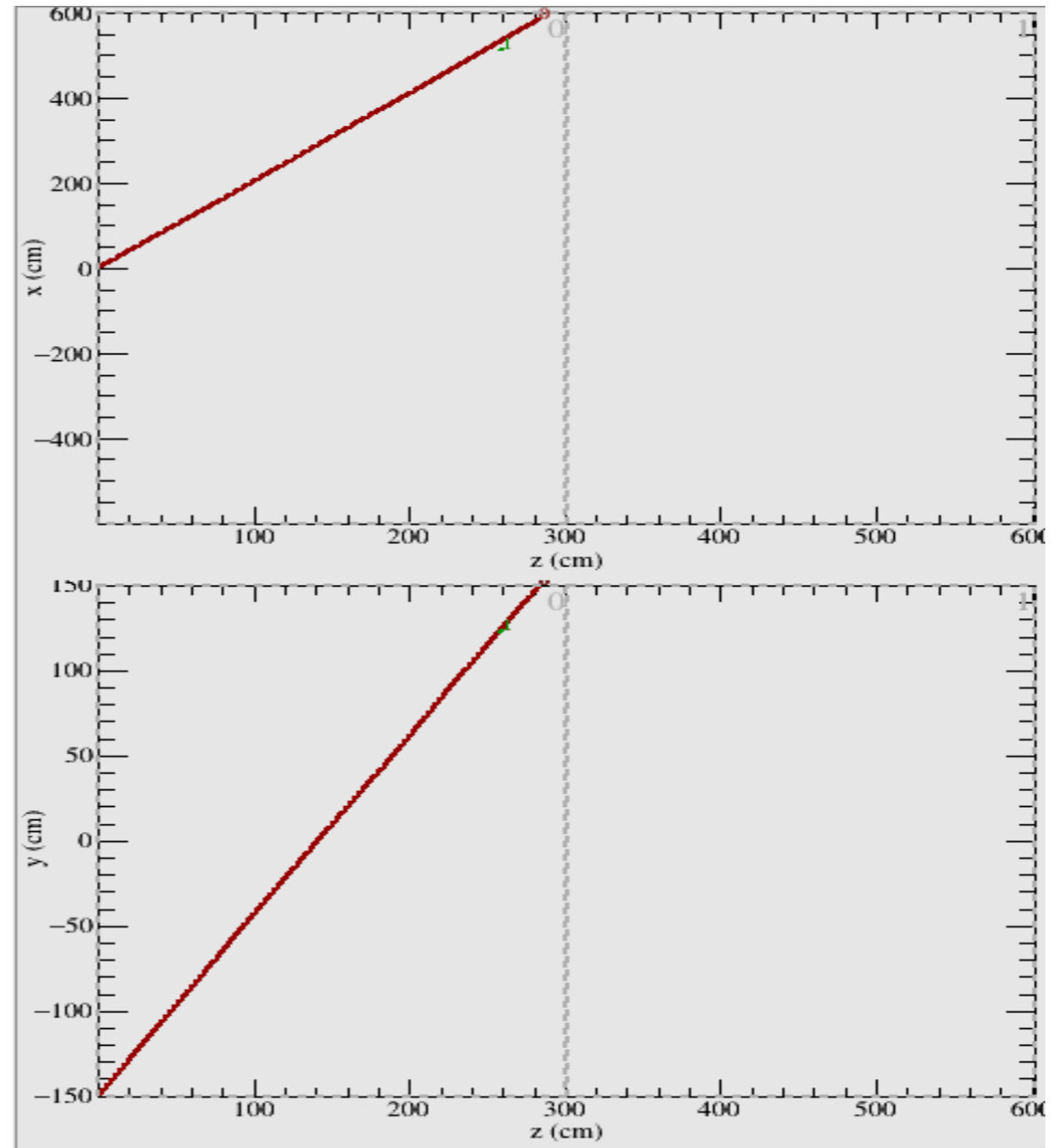
\*Link to slides: <https://indico.fnal.gov/getFile.py/access?contribId=2&resId=0&materialId=slides&confId=12481>



# QSCAN Comparison

Used the same geometry and energy as the samples in Elisabetta's slides:

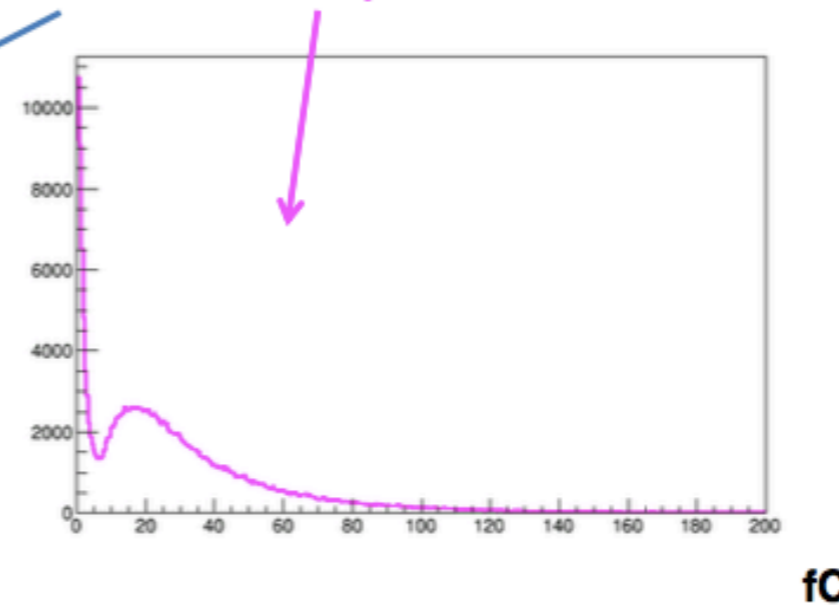
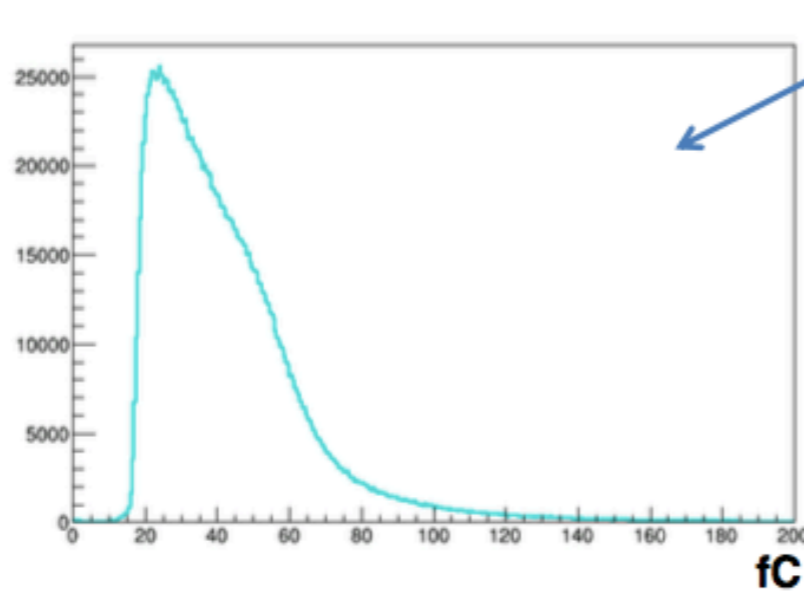
- Only one CRM
- Drift length: 6 meters
- Angle  $\theta_{yz}$ :  $45^\circ$
- 2K muons @ 4GeV
- Left: event display of how this geometry appear in LArSoft





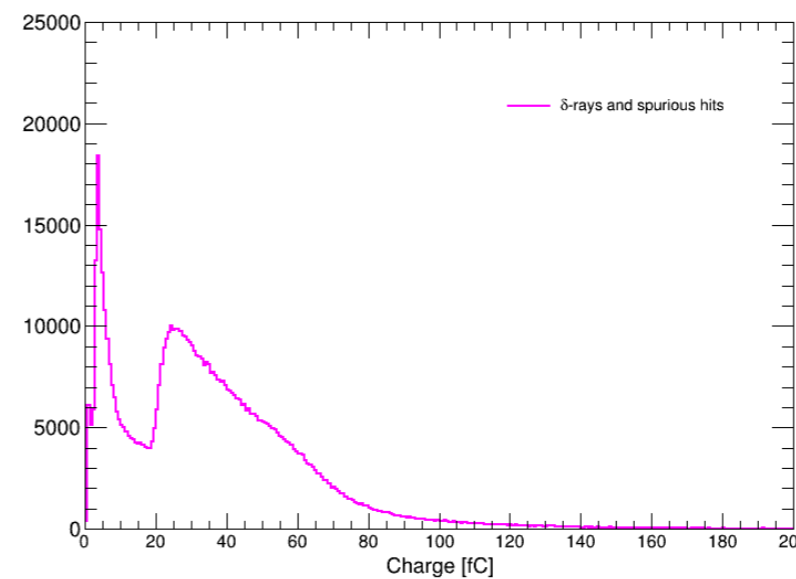
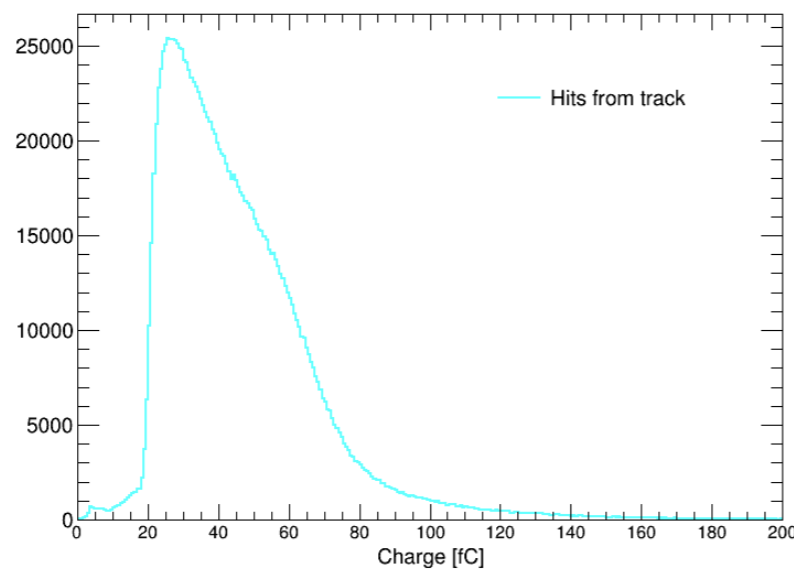
# QSCAN Comparison

Before moving to the purity measurement, it is useful to remind that the charge collected using track reconstruction information is obtained from **hits** and **delta rays** associated to the track



## QSCAN

(From:  
Elisabetta  
Pennacchio)



## LArSoft

$\delta$  ray tagging  
is different in  
LArSoft.  
Distribution  
includes  
spurious hits

→ **This comparison is not exhaustive.**



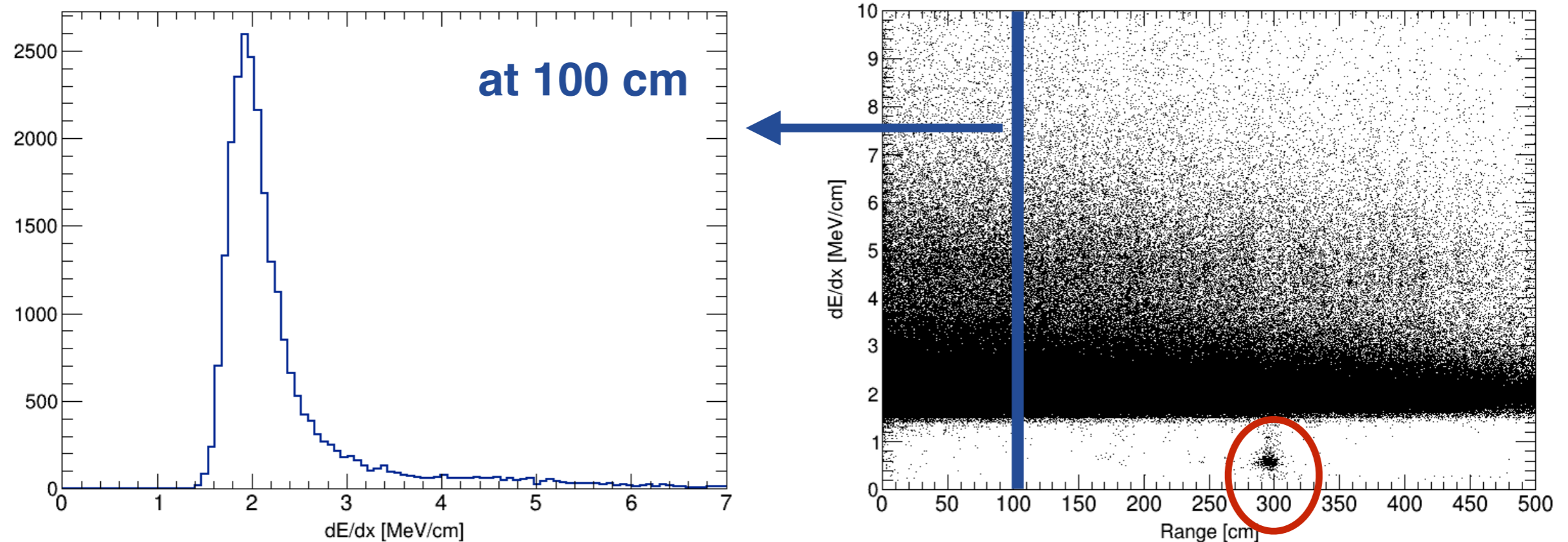
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# Muons: Stopping Power

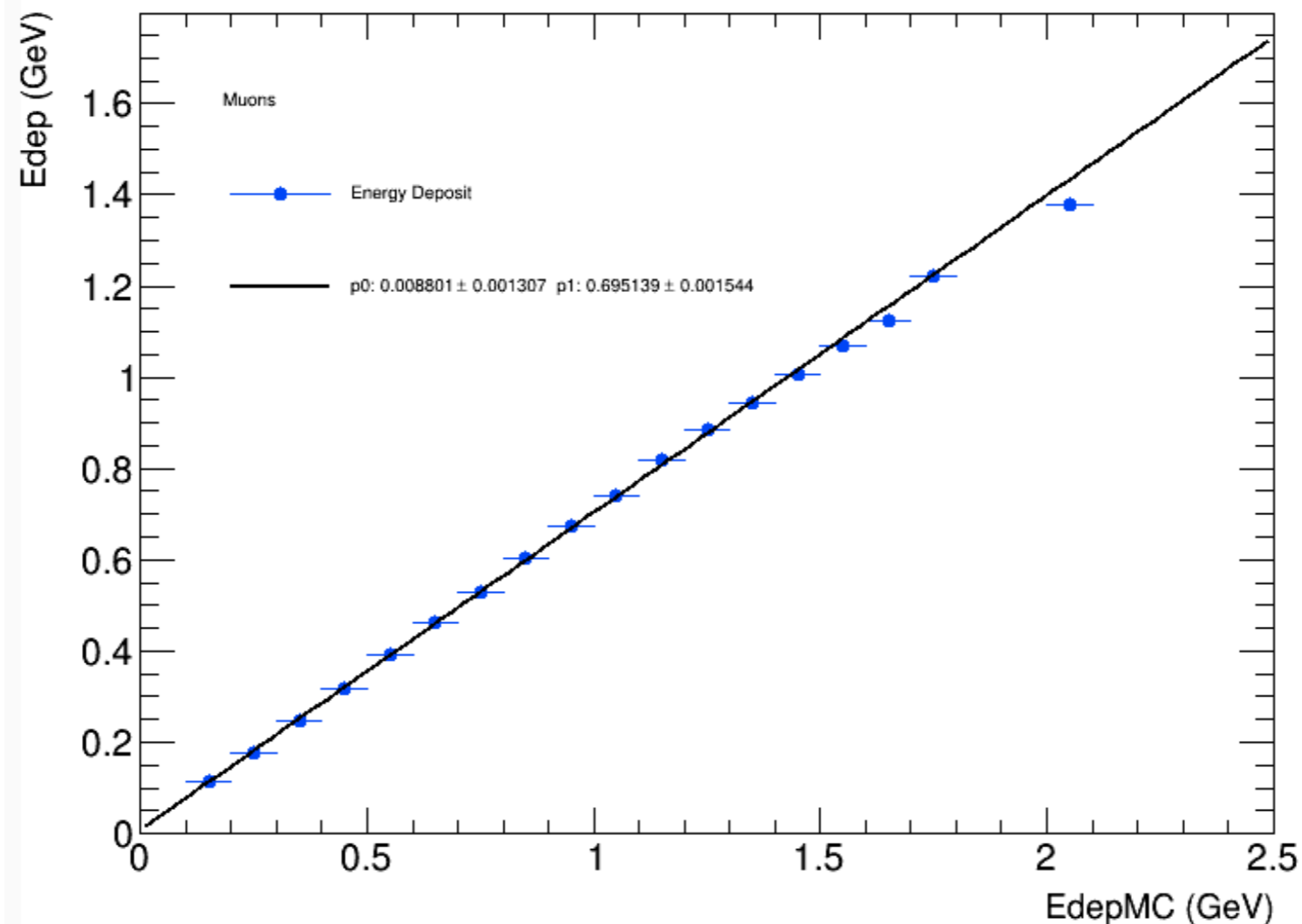
- New Samples of muons from **0.5 - 5 GeV**, same initial position and direction of the central muons sample
- Stopping Power vs Range and Stopping Power at 100 cm



➔ Artifact due to the Dead Volume of the DP implementation in LArSoft

# Muons: Calibration factor

- Muons above 2 GeV are not contained.
- **Energy deposit vs Truth energy deposit -> Calibration factor from the slope  $\sim 0.7$**  (EdepMC is before recombination)



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# Samples: Electrons and photons

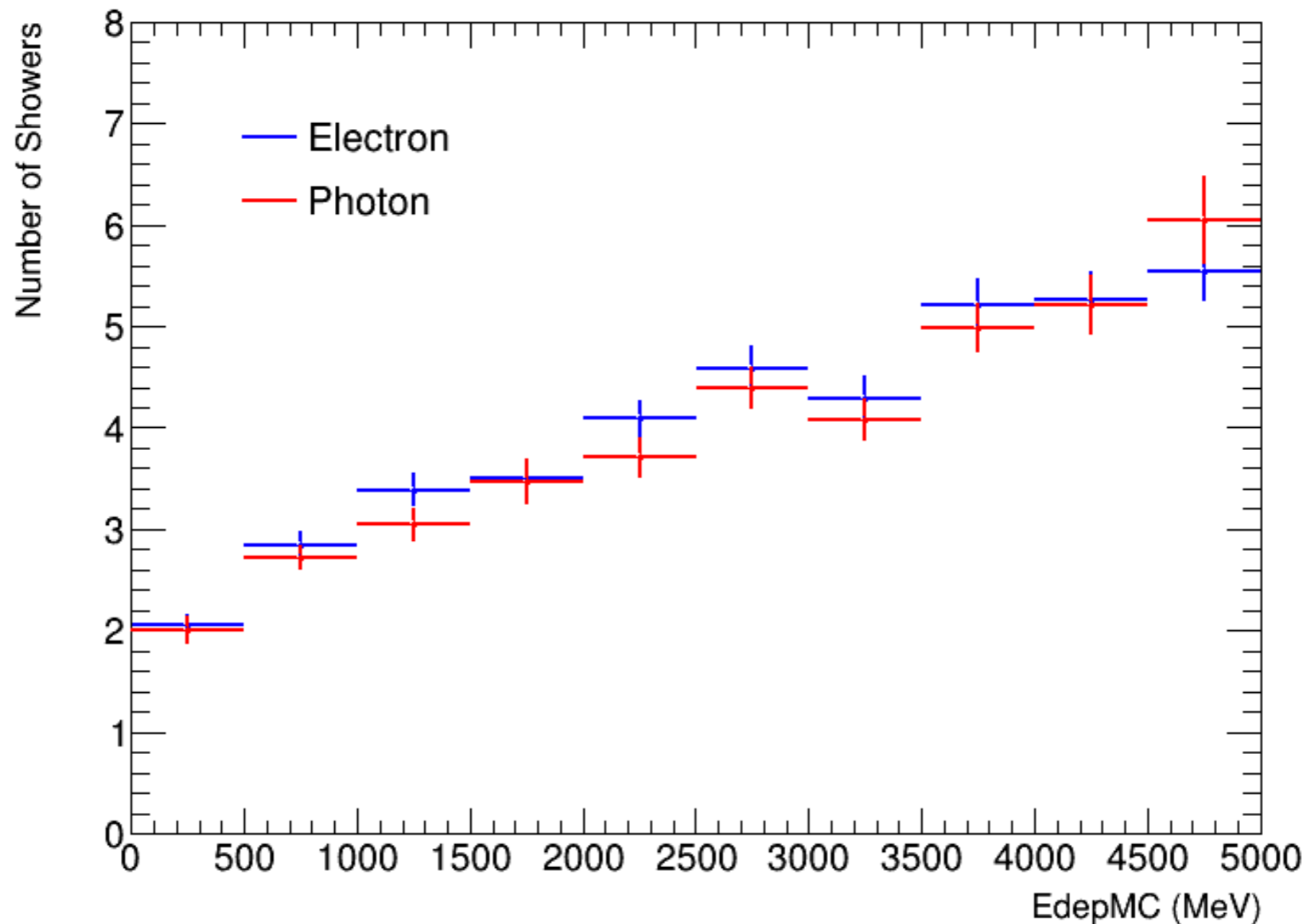
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- **Electrons**: isotropic (position + direction), initial momentum 0.1 - 5 GeV
- **Photons**: isotropic (position + direction), initial momentum 0.1 - 5 GeV
- **1k events** each samples
- Reconstruction using “**emshower**”

# Showers: Reconstruction

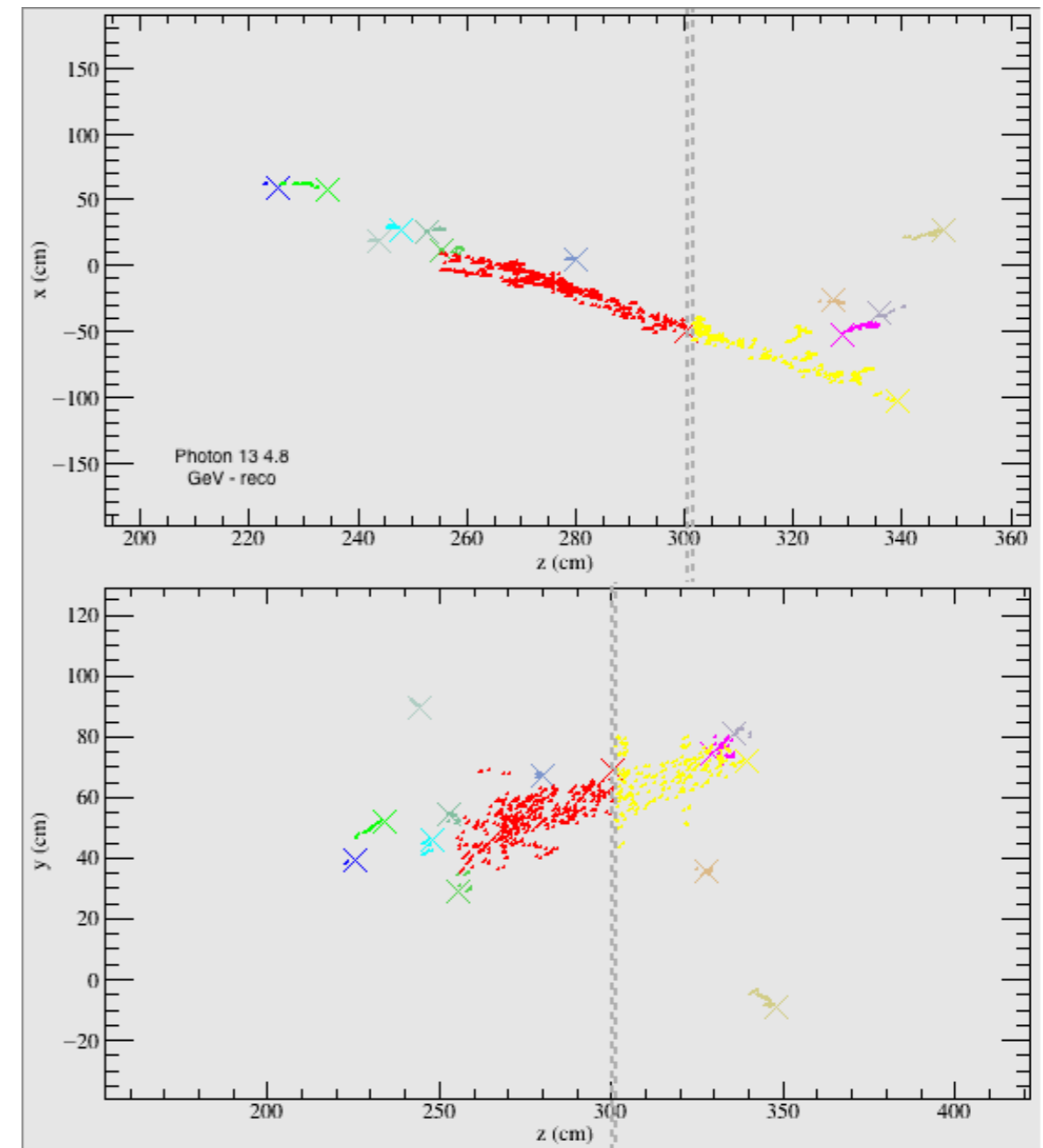
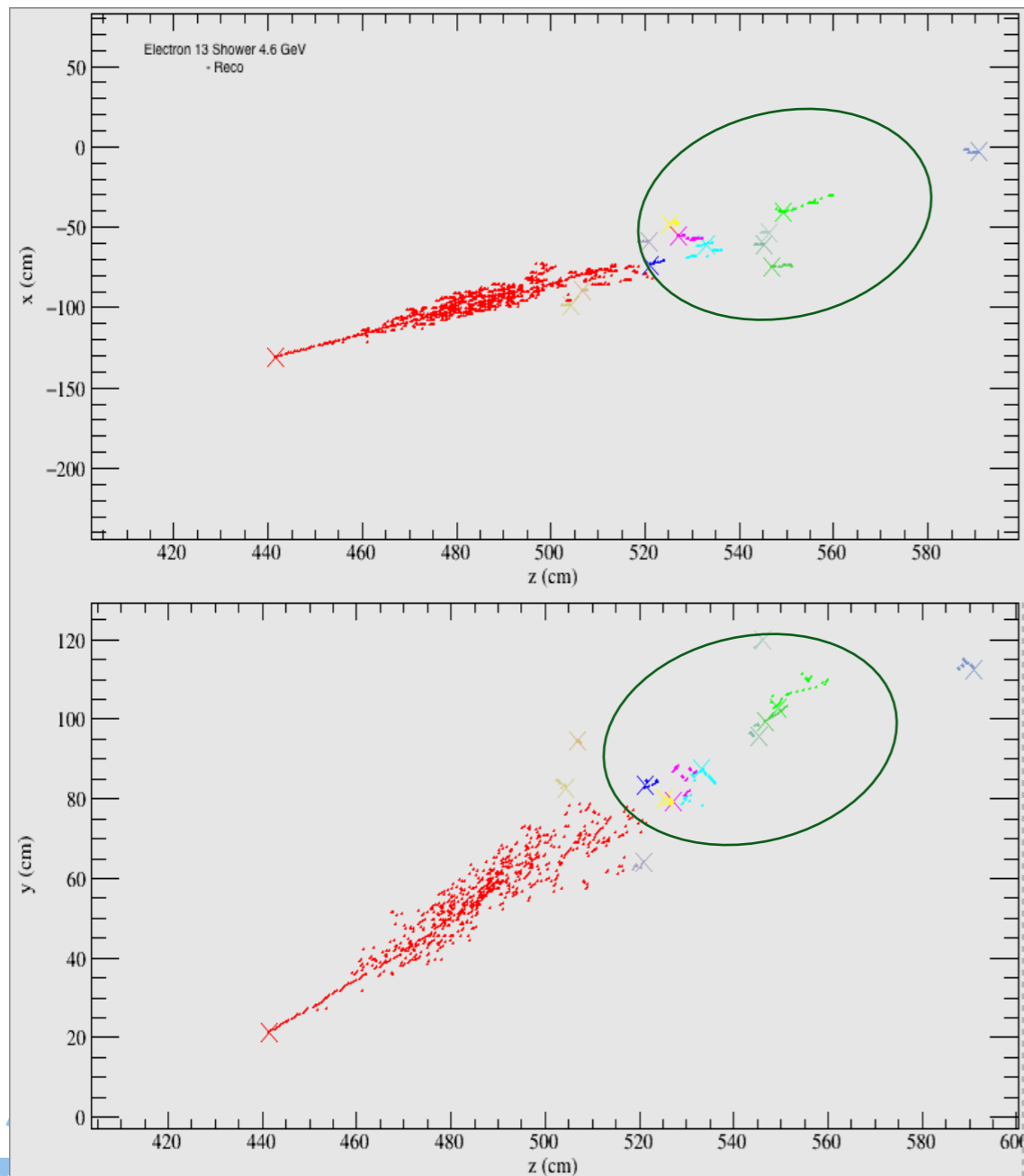
- ➔ More than one shower-like object is reconstructed. Dependency on the Energy



# Event display

**Left:** many secondary showers far from the principal one

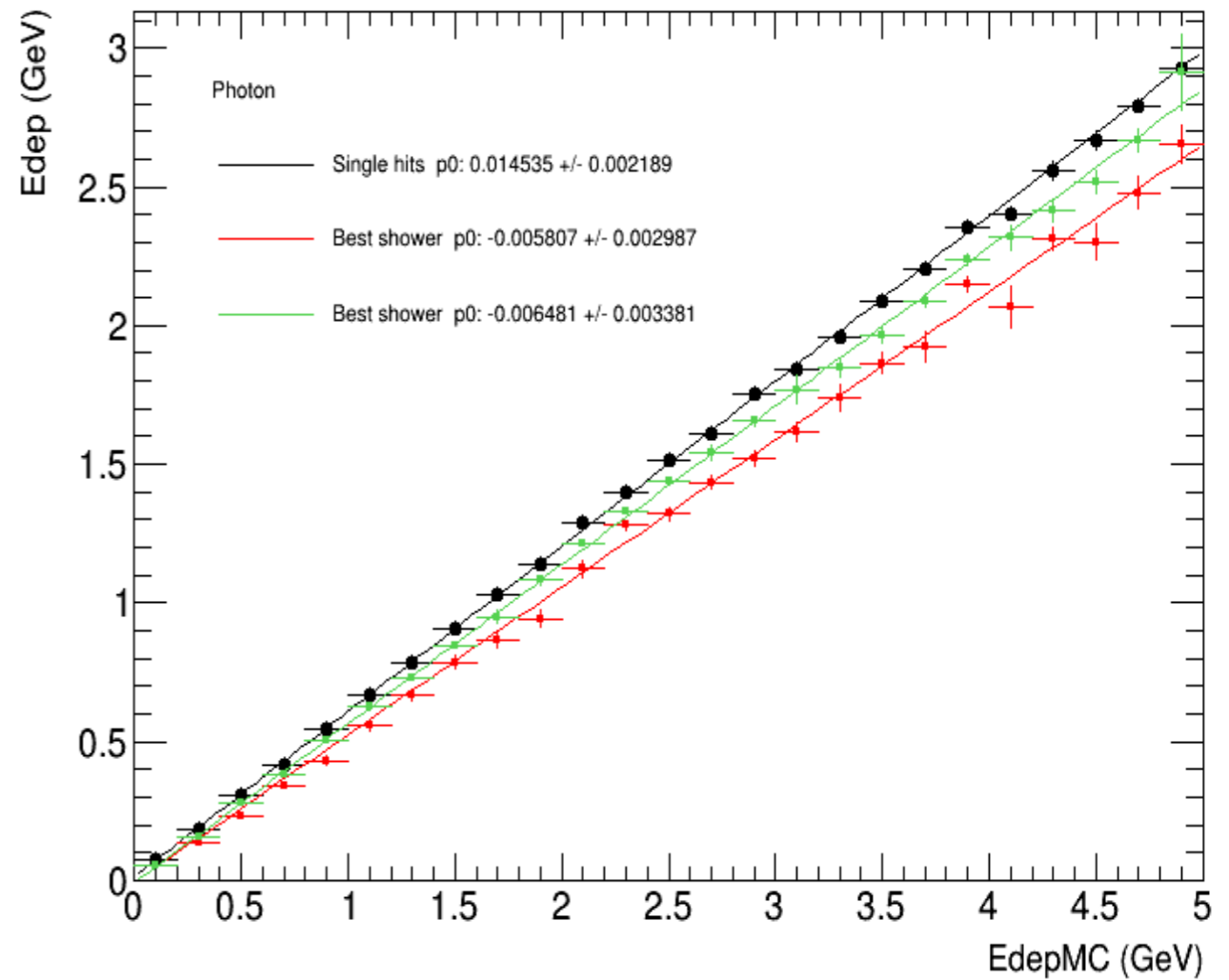
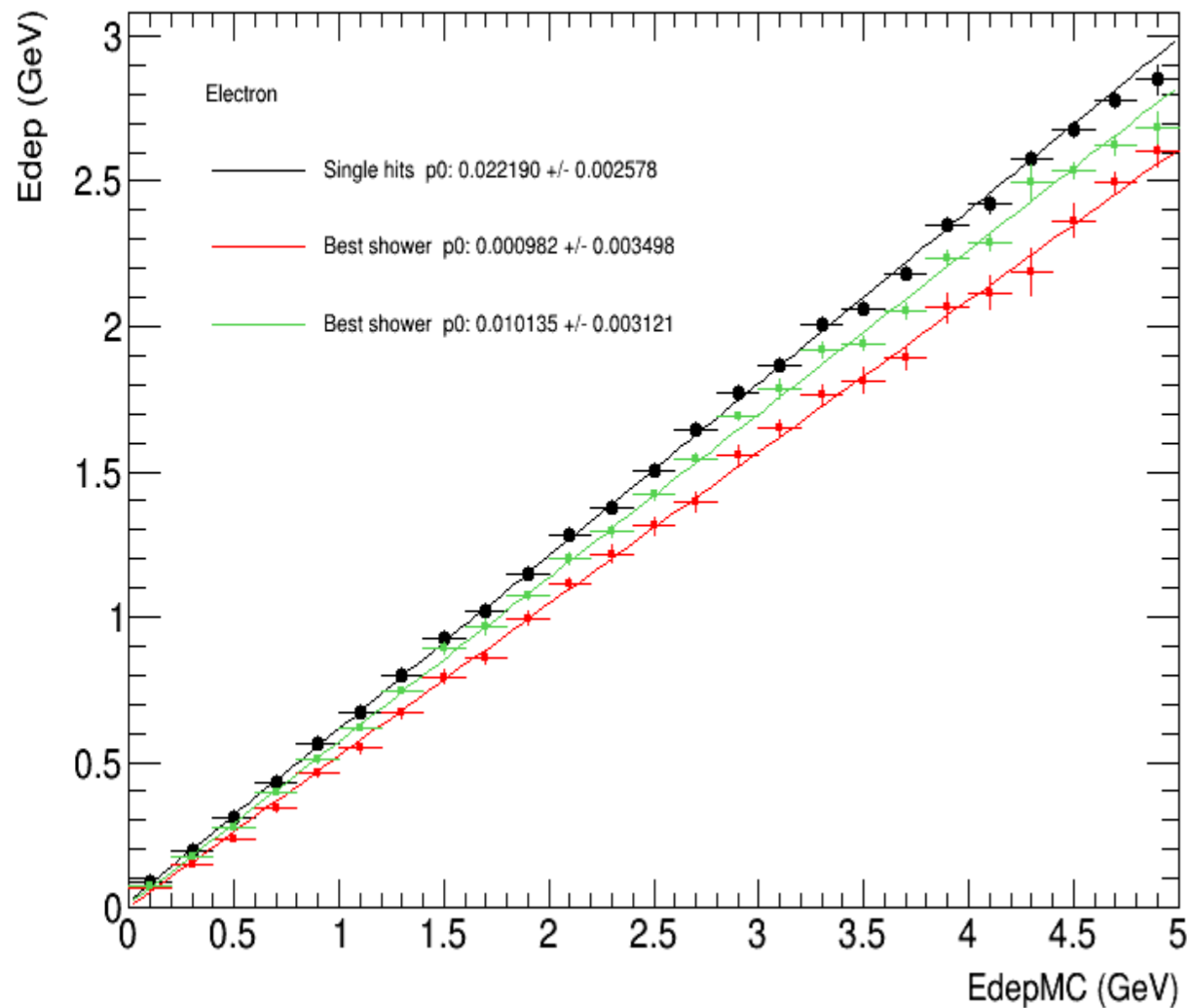
**Right:** shower crossing the dead volume (two main showers are reconstructed: **Red** and **Yellow**)





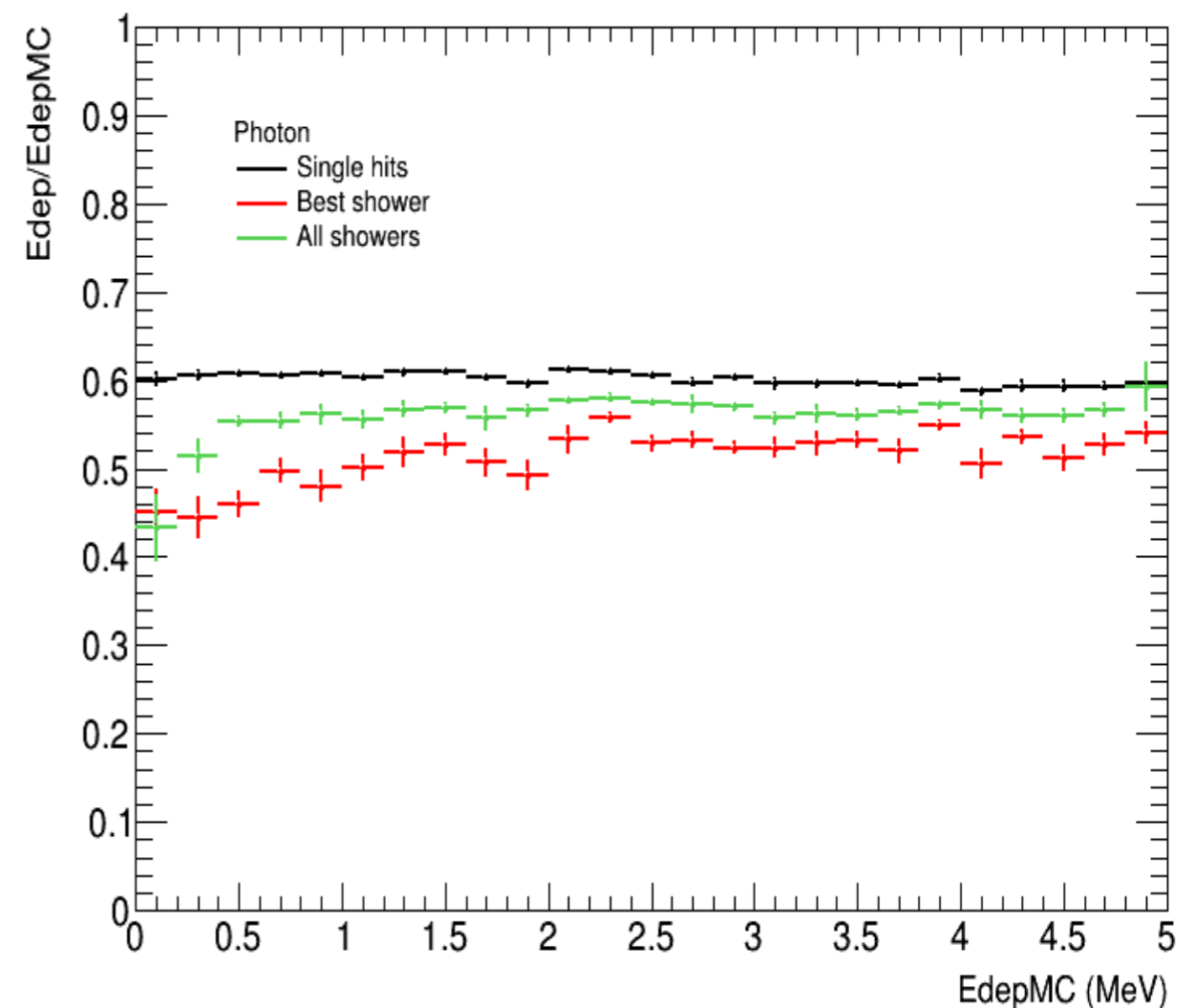
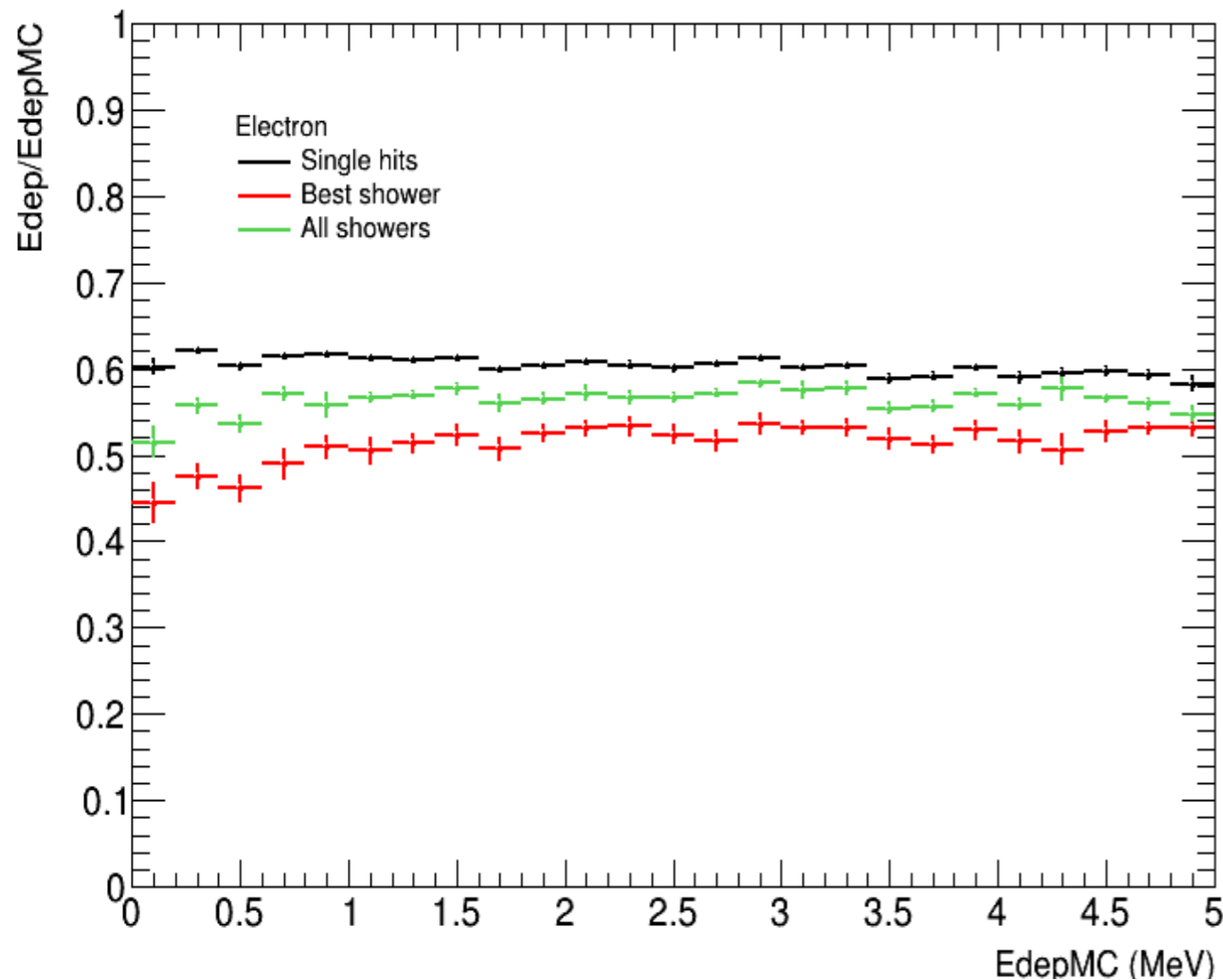
# Showers: Edep vs EdepMC

- Energy reco vs. Energy truth for the **single hits**, the **best shower** (shower with more hits) and the **sum of all the showers**
- 25 bins, 0.2 GeV/bin , ~40 events each bin -> **more statistic is need**



# Showers: Calibration factor

- **Calibration factor = ratio between Edep/EdepMC**
- **EdepMC > 1 GeV** → ratio between **0.5 and 0.6** (statistical fluctuations)
- **EdepMC < 1 GeV** → missing energy with respect to single hits.



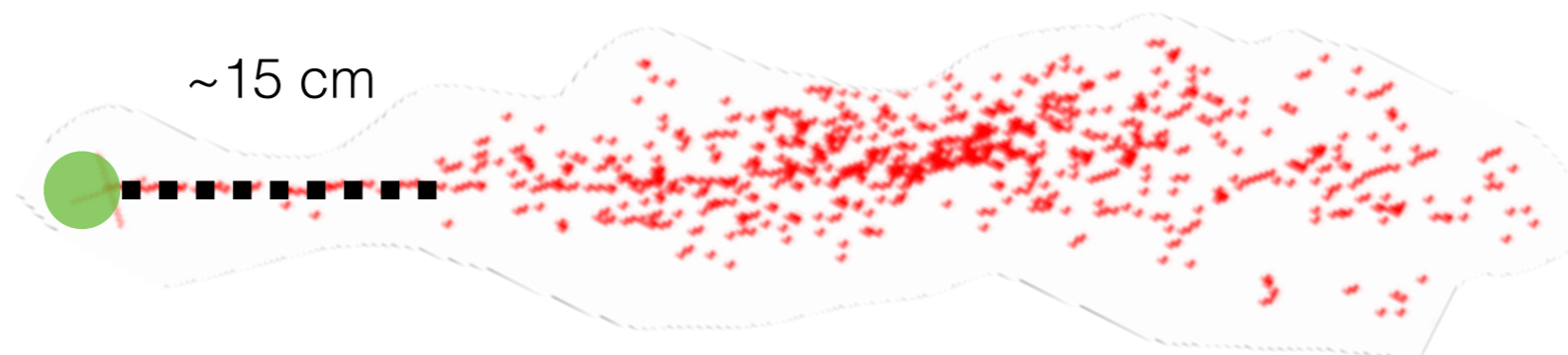
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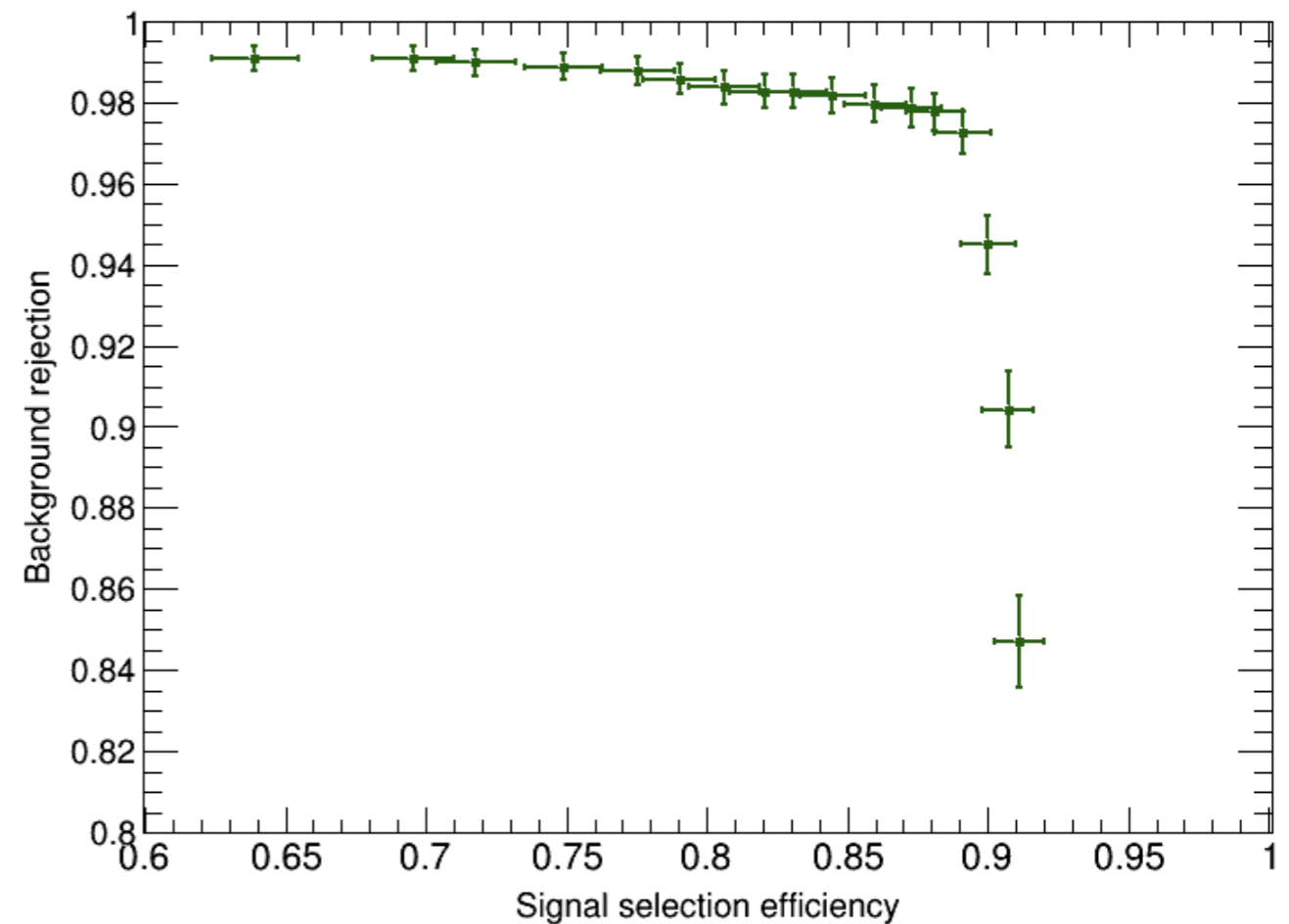
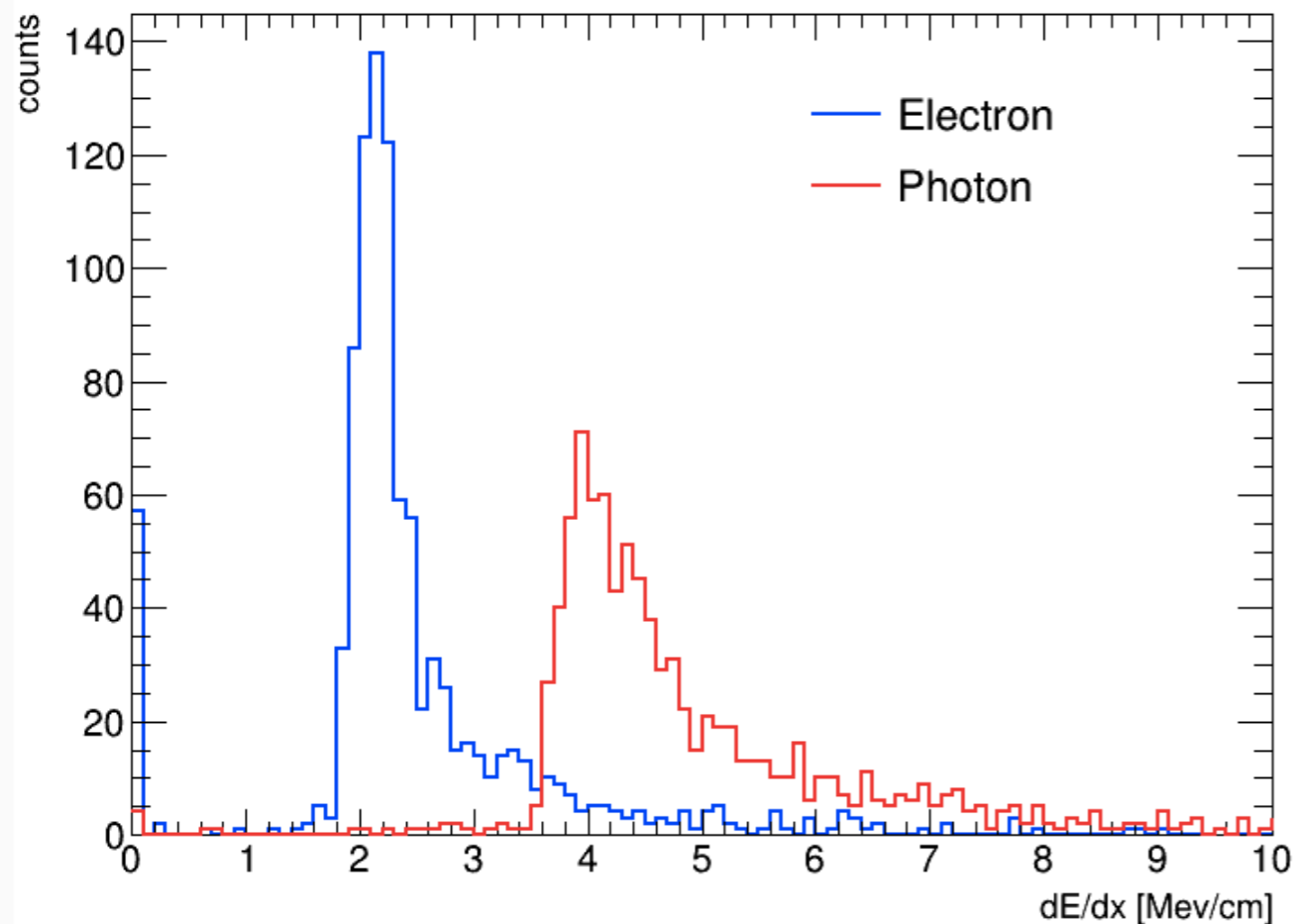
# e/ $\gamma$ separation

- **$\gamma$  conversion induced cascaded** are a source of background for  **$\nu_e$ CC (signal) event (electron induced cascades)**.
- **dE/dx at the beginning of the cascade is discriminating between signal and background events** (double m.i.p. from  $\gamma$  conversion)
- Study of the **average dE/dx** in the first part of the shower using ShSeg module:
  - ▶ Truth information on shower direction: initial true track
  - ▶ **Reconstructed hits** (projected on the initial truth-track)
  - ▶ **Smearing** on initial position to simulate difficult **vertex region**



# e/ $\gamma$ separation

- E/ $\gamma$  separation preliminary study
- Signal selection efficiency curve vs. background rejections (right): comparable with SP. Signal efficiency of 90% with a background rejection of 98%



# Conclusions and outlooks

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- **LArSoft is still not much used nor tuned for DP**
- DP geometry for DUNE FD and protoDUNE-DP exists in LArSoft. Needs more improvements
- **A basic comparison with Qscan has been performed**, more detailed studies are needed

Preliminary results on reconstruction for ProtoDUNE-DP in LarSoft:

- Muons energy reconstruction works nicely. **Edep/EdepMC ~0.7**
- Showers: **Edep/EdepMC** between **0.5 and 0.6 above 1 GeV**
- Electron/gamma separation: signal efficiency comparable with protoDUNE-SP. (more statistic is needed)

## Next steps:

- ➔ Continue my studies on electron/gamma separation using reconstructed information for the initial track
- ➔ More exhaustive comparison with QSCAN

**Thanks for your  
attention!**

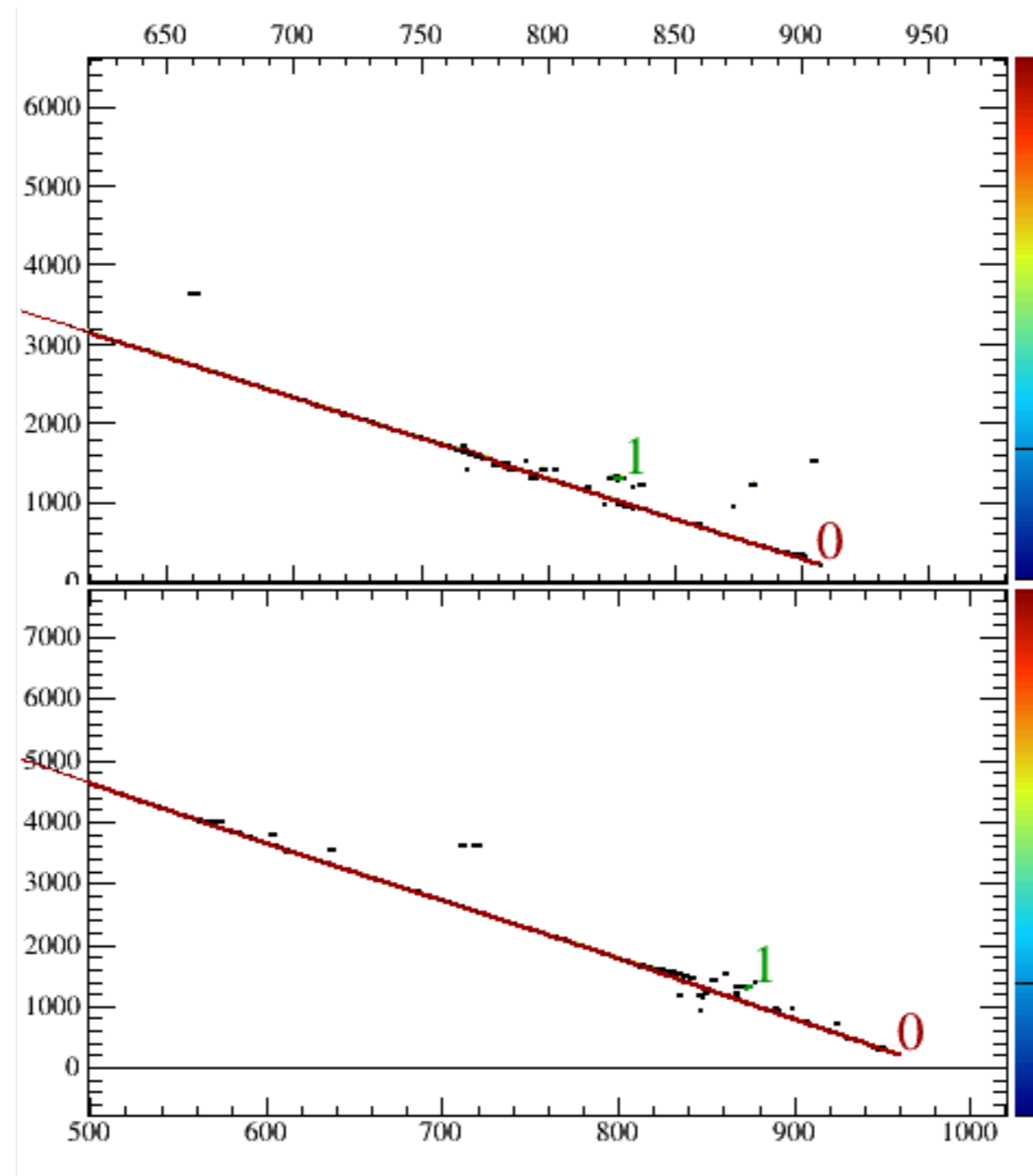


# Backup Slides



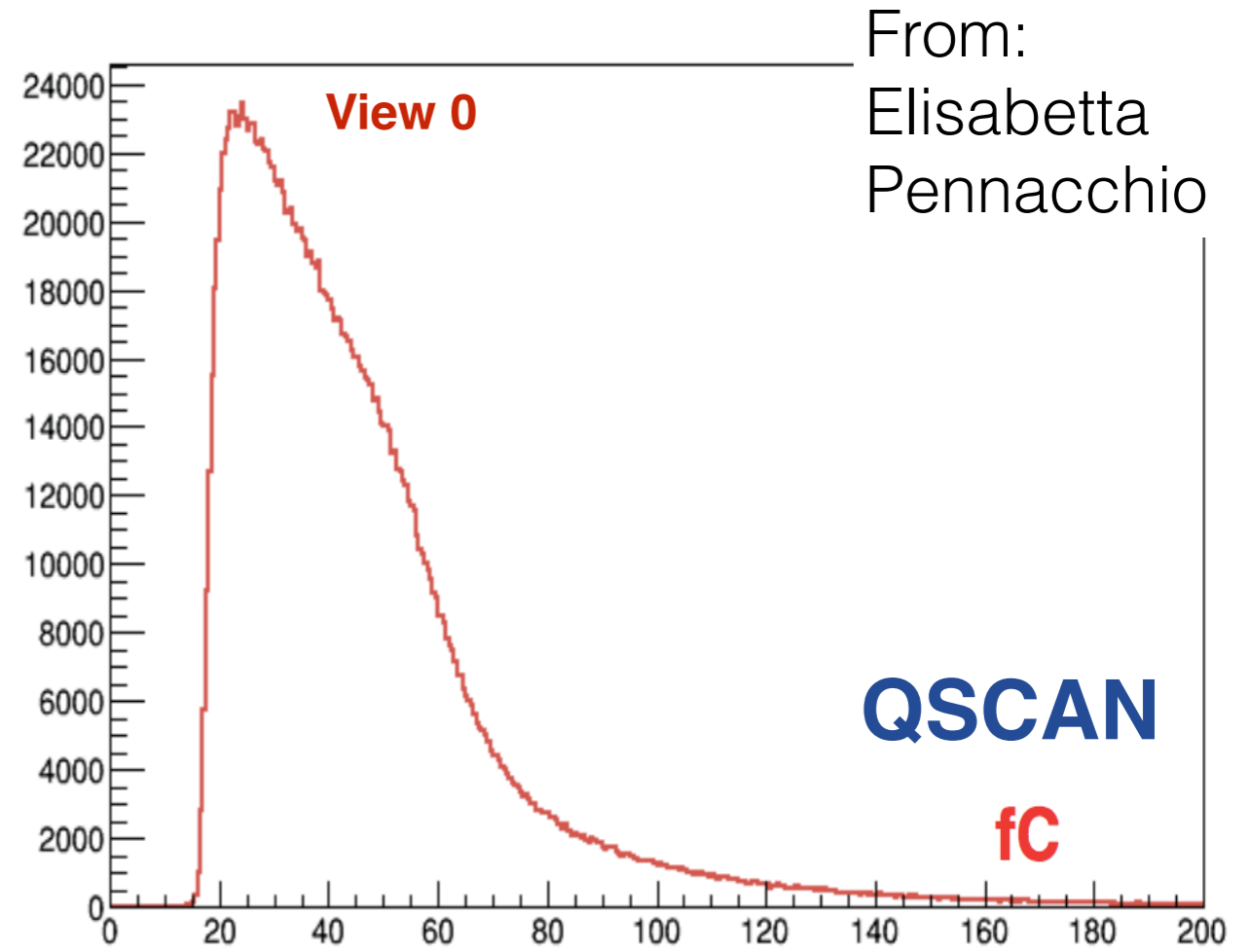
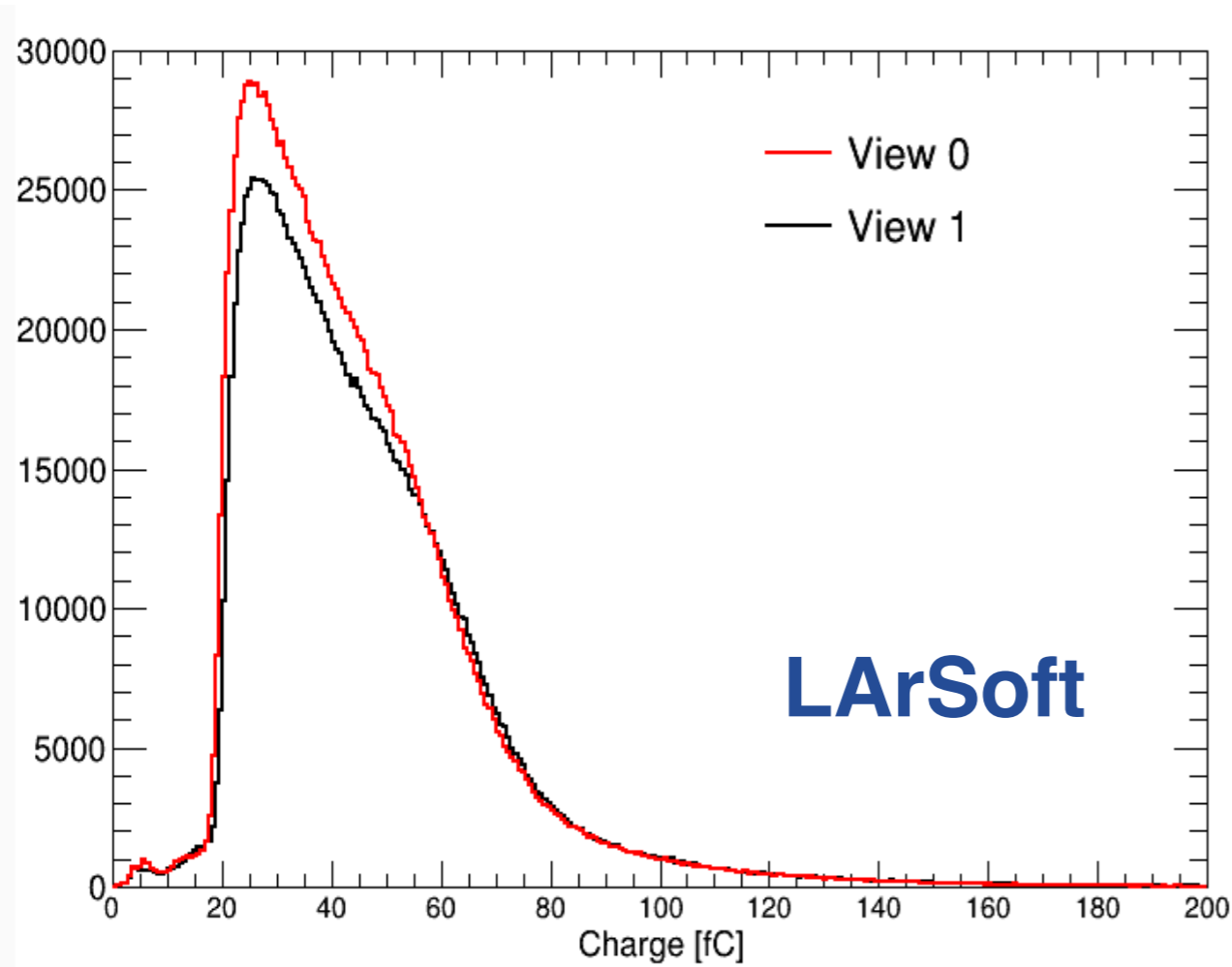


# QSCAN Comparison



# QSCAN Comparison

Distribution of single hits in tracks



From:  
Elisabetta  
Pennacchio



# QSCAN Comparison

## Low charge peak: **not only delta Rays**

- Drift time (left) predominant at **early time** (ionization close to the track origin)
- Low energy Peak disappear after energy correction (right)
- **Spurious hit** are at higher energies while  **$\delta$  rays** are responsible of the low energy part only

