# The HVP contribution to $a_{\mu}$ from Lattice QCD

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## Outline

1) Introduction + HPQCD method for analysing the hadronic vacuum polarisation contribution to  $a_{\mu}$ 

 2) HPQCD results for different flavours of the connected HVP, total result + error budget.
 R. van de Water, tomorrow.
 More details on u/d method and tests of robustness

3) Future work with FNAL/MILC with some preliminary results on isospin-breaking and QED effects.

4) Conclusions

Standard Model theory expectations for muon anomalous magnetic moment  $a_{\mu} = (g - 2)/2$ 

Contributions from QED, EW and QCD interactions. QED dominates. QCD contribs start at  $\alpha_{QED}^2$ 



Blum et al, 1301.2607



/LO Hadronic vacuum polarisation (HVP) dominates uncertainty in SM result

$$a_{\mu}^{QED} = 11658471.885(4) \times 10^{-10}$$

$$a_{\mu}^{EW} = 15.4(2) \times 10^{-10}$$
  
 $a_{\mu}^{E821} = 11659208.9(6.3) \times 10^{-10}$ 

Hadronic (and other) contributions = EXPT - QED - EW

$$a_{\mu}^{expt} - a_{\mu}^{QED} - a_{\mu}^{EW} = 721.7(6.3) \times 10^{-10}$$
$$= a_{\mu}^{HVP} + a_{\mu}^{HOHVP} + a_{\mu}^{HLBL} + a_{\mu}^{new \, physics}$$

Focus on lowest order hadronic vacuum polarisation, so assume:

$$a_{\mu}^{HLbL} = 10.5(2.6) \times 10^{-10}$$

$$a_{\mu}^{HOHVP} = -8.85(9) \times 10^{-10} \qquad \underset{\text{Kurz et al,}}{\text{NLO+NNLO}}$$

 $a_{\mu}^{HVP,no\,new\,physics} = 719.8(6.8) \times 10^{-10}$ 

#### Lattice calculation of HVP,LO Analytically continue to Euclidean q<sup>2</sup>.

$$a_{\mu}^{HVP,i} = \frac{\alpha}{\pi} \int_0^{\infty} dq^2 f(q^2) (4\pi \alpha e_i^2) \hat{\Pi}_i(q^2)$$

connected contribution for flavour i  ${}^{\text{Blum, hep-lat/}}_{0212018}$ f(q<sup>2</sup>) divergent function with scale set by  $m_{\mu}$  $\hat{\Pi}(q^2) = \Pi(q^2) - \Pi(0)$  vanishes at q<sup>2</sup>=0 HPQCD method: time-moments of spatial vector J JJ correlators give expansion around q<sup>2</sup>=0

q

k=1

replace with

[2,2] Padé

$$G_{n} \equiv \sum_{t,\vec{x}} t^{n} Z_{V}^{2} \langle J^{j}(\vec{x},t) J^{j}(0) \rangle \qquad \hat{\Pi}(q^{2})$$

$$\bigwedge_{n=4,6,8,10} I_{k} = (-1)^{k+1} \frac{G_{2k+2}}{(2k+2)!}$$
HPQCD, 1403.1778

Parameters for MILC gluon field configs on which quark propagators and hadron "2nd generation" lattices inc. c correlators are calculated quarks in sea MILC HISQ, 2+1+1  $m_u = m_d$ 0.14 HISQ = Highly $= m_l$ improved 0.12 staggered quarks mass of u,d very accurate quarks **↓** 0.1 discretisation and / GeV numerically fast 0.08 E.Follana, et al, HPQCD, hep-lat/ ั<sup>ธ</sup> 0.06 3 volumes 0610092.  $m_{u,d} \approx m_s/10$ real 0.04 world  $m_{\pi^0} =$ 0.02  $m_{u,d} \approx m_s/27$ 135 MeV Volume: 0 0.005 0.01 0.015 0.02 0.025 0.03 0  $m_{\pi}L > 3$  $a^2/fm^2$ 

Hadron correlation functions ('2point functions') contain multiple states with decaying exponentials. Large times controlled by lightest masses.  $\langle 0|H^{\dagger}(T)H(0)|0\rangle = \sum A_n e^{-m_n T} \stackrel{\text{large}}{\to} A_0$  $\boldsymbol{n}$ OCD masses of all hadrons with  $\vec{p}=0$  $A_n = \frac{|\langle 0|H|n\rangle|^2}{2m_n} = \frac{f_n^2 m_n}{\sqrt{2}}$ quantum numbers of H decay constant param. amplitude to annihilate. Relate to experimental 0000 decay rate ( $\Gamma_{\ell+\ell}$ -for vector mesons). Provides 'large time' test of correlators used

Need to fix QCD parameters: lattice spacing and quark masses







Use time-moments for first calc. of

#### Later results from other formalisms provide good check



UP/DOWN contribution  $m_u = m_d$  HPQCD 1601.03071 Much noisier and sensitive to u/d mass. Use ~16,000 2x2 matrix of correlators per ensemble (10 ensembles).



Must correct results for finite vol. + staggered pion effects using chiral perturbation theory (7% at physical point)





Rescale  $\prod_j$  by  $(m_{\rho}^{latt}/m_{\rho}^{expt})^{2j}$ 

much reduced dependence on m<sub>1</sub>, a<sup>2</sup>, volume - simple to fit. Numerous tests of

robustness ...

 $a_{\mu}^{\rm HVP,LO}(u/d)$ Error budget  $1.0\,\%$ QED corrections: Isospin breaking corrections:  $1.0\,\%$ dominated by QED,  $0.7\,\%$ Staggered pions, finite volume:  $0.5\,\%$ Correlator fits  $(t^*)$ : isospin-breaking  $0.4\,\%$  $m_{\ell}$  extrapolation:  $0.4\,\%$ Monte Carlo statistics: systematics, 1%  $0.4\,\%$ Padé approximants:  $0.2\,\%$  $a^2 \rightarrow 0$  extrapolation:  $0.2\,\%$  $Z_V$  uncertainty: each Correlator fits:  $0.2\,\%$ Chakraborty et al,  $0.2\,\%$ Tuning sea-quark masses: < 0.05 %Lattice spacing uncertainty: HPQCD 1703.05522  $1.8\,\%$ Total: improves these



#### Combining numbers for a total



Ongoing work planned with FNAL/MILC :

• Finer and higher stats physical point connected u/d correlators

• isospin-breaking and QED effects, both in valence sector (see below for preliminary results) + in sea.

• disconnected correlators using eigenvector deflation

Isospin-breaking - connected u/d D. Hatton et al

- a=0.15fm, physical m<sub>1</sub> (tuned to  $m_{\pi^0}$ ) new higher stats (2000x16 sources so far) ensemble.
- RBC's truncated solver method reduces cost by factor 2.

 $m_u$ 

= 0.458

3 quark masses: m<sub>1</sub>, m<sub>u</sub>, m<sub>d</sub> with Fit and process simultaneously



D. Hatton, A. Lytle et al

# s quark case on a=0.12 fm lattices. Quenched QED using BMW's QED<sub>TL</sub> scheme. Use unphysical e = 1 and 2/3 to amplify effect.

**QED** effects



Preliminary result : effect on  $a_{\mu}^{HVP,s}$  is -0.3% Need to check s-mass tuning, systs in Z<sub>V</sub>, compare other lattice spacing, volume ...



### Conclusion

- HPQCD has pinned down 'connected' s, c and b connected contribution to the HVP, up to small QED corrections (in progress).
- HPQCD u/d 'connected' result yields a total LO HVP of  $667(6)(12) \ge 10^{-10}$ ,  $3\sigma$  from 'no new physics' scenario.
- Dominated by systematics from u/d case: finite vol/ staggered pion corrections plus QED and isospinbreaking (in progress). Planned future work with FNAL/ MILC to improve.
- sub-1% uncertainties on lattice QCD calculations for HVP contribution to  $a_{\mu}$  are within sight.