



JOHANNES GUTENBERG
UNIVERSITÄT MAINZ



THE LOW-ENERGY FRONTIER
OF THE STANDARD MODEL

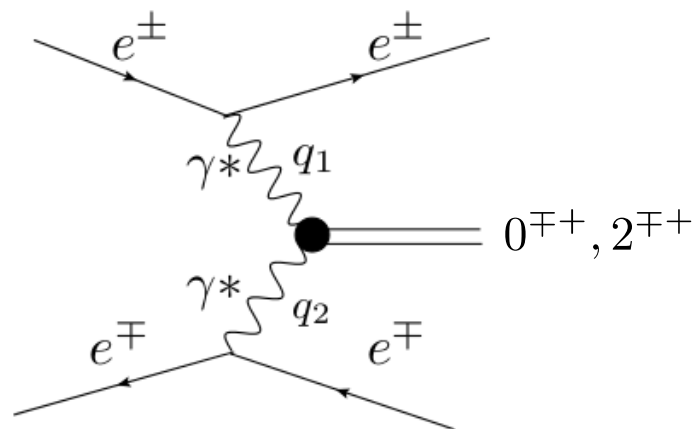


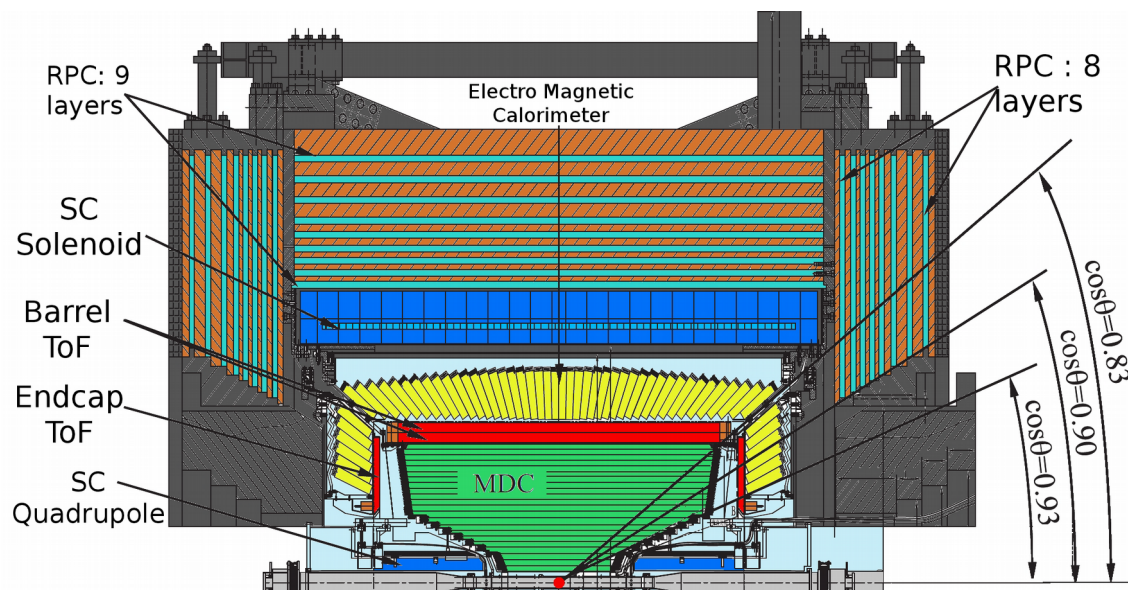
$\gamma\gamma$ Physics Program at BESIII

June 5, 2017 | Christoph Florian Redmer

First Workshop of the Muon g-2 Theory Initiative

- Exchange of two photons in e^+e^- collisions
- Pseudoscalar, axial, and tensor states accessible
- $M_X \ll \sqrt{s}$
- $\sigma \propto \alpha^2 \ln^2 E$
- $\sigma \propto F^2(Q_1^2, Q_2^2)$, with $Q_i^2 = -q_i^2$
- Forward peaked kinematic
 - Experimentally challenging
 - Untagged measurements
 - Single-tagged measurements
 - Double-tagged measurements





■ Main Drift Chamber (MDC)

- $\sigma(p)/p = 0.5\%$
- $\sigma_{dE/dx} = 6.0\%$

■ Time-of-flight system (TOF)

- $\sigma(t) = 90\text{ps}$ (barrel)
- $\sigma(t) = 110\text{ps}$ (endcap)

■ EMC

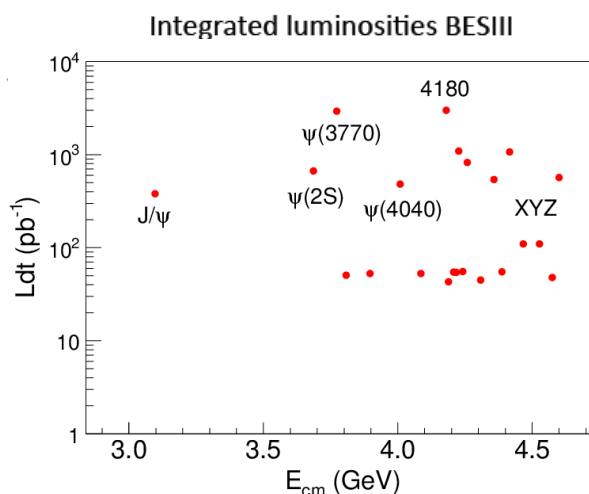
- 6240 CsI(Tl) crystals
- $\sigma(E)/E = 2.5\%$
- $\sigma_{Z,\phi}(E) = 0.5 - 0.7 \text{ cm}$

■ Operated at BEPCII collider

- $2.0 \leq \sqrt{s} [\text{GeV}] \leq 4.6$
- Design luminosity achieved
 - $\mathcal{L} = 1.0 \times 10^{33} \text{cm}^{-2} \text{s}^{-1}$ at $\psi(3770)$

■ Large data sets for

- Charmonium Spectroscopy
- Charm Physics
- Light hadrons
- τ and R-Scan



■ Muon Chambers

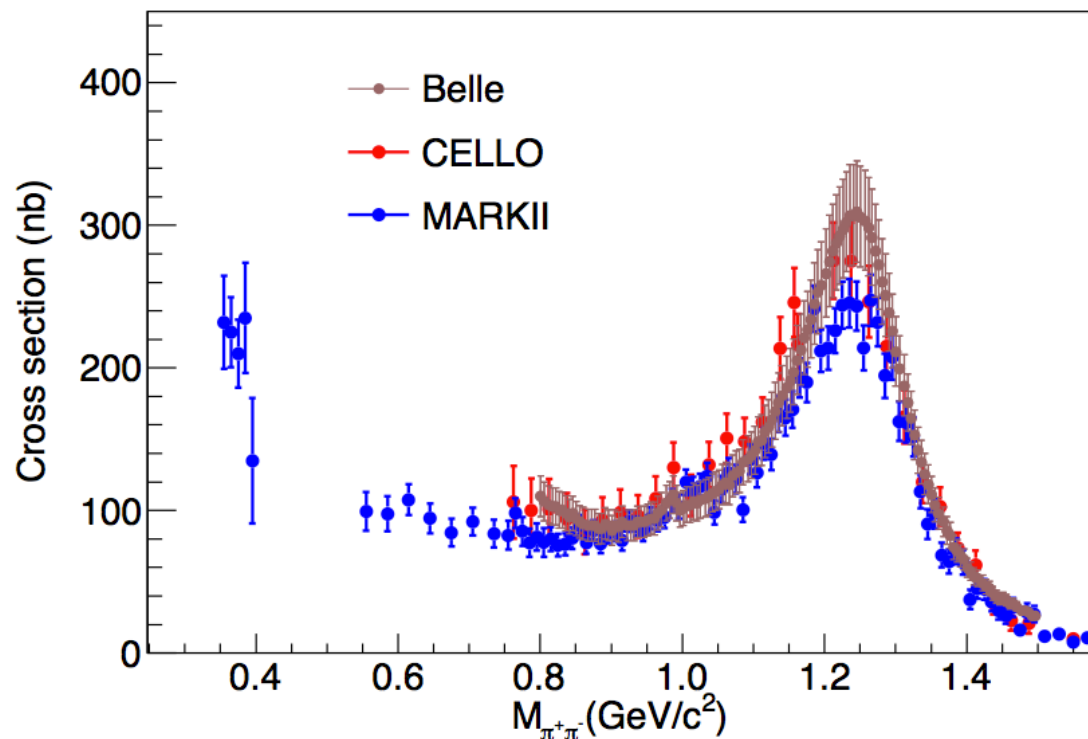
- 8 – 9 layers of RPC
- $p > 400 \text{ MeV}/c$
- $\delta R\Phi = 1.4 \sim 1.7 \text{ cm}$

■ Superconducting Magnet

- 1 T magnetic field

$$\gamma\gamma^* \rightarrow \pi\pi$$

■ Previous measurements:



$$\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-$$

■ Only untagged measurements

■ Data scarce at small $m_{\pi^+\pi^-}$

■ MARKII: 209 pb^{-1} , $0.35 \leq m_{\pi\pi} [\text{GeV}/c^2] \leq 1.6$

Phys. Rev. D42 (1990) 1350

■ CELLO: 86 pb^{-1} , $0.75 \leq m_{\pi\pi} [\text{GeV}/c^2] \leq 1.9$

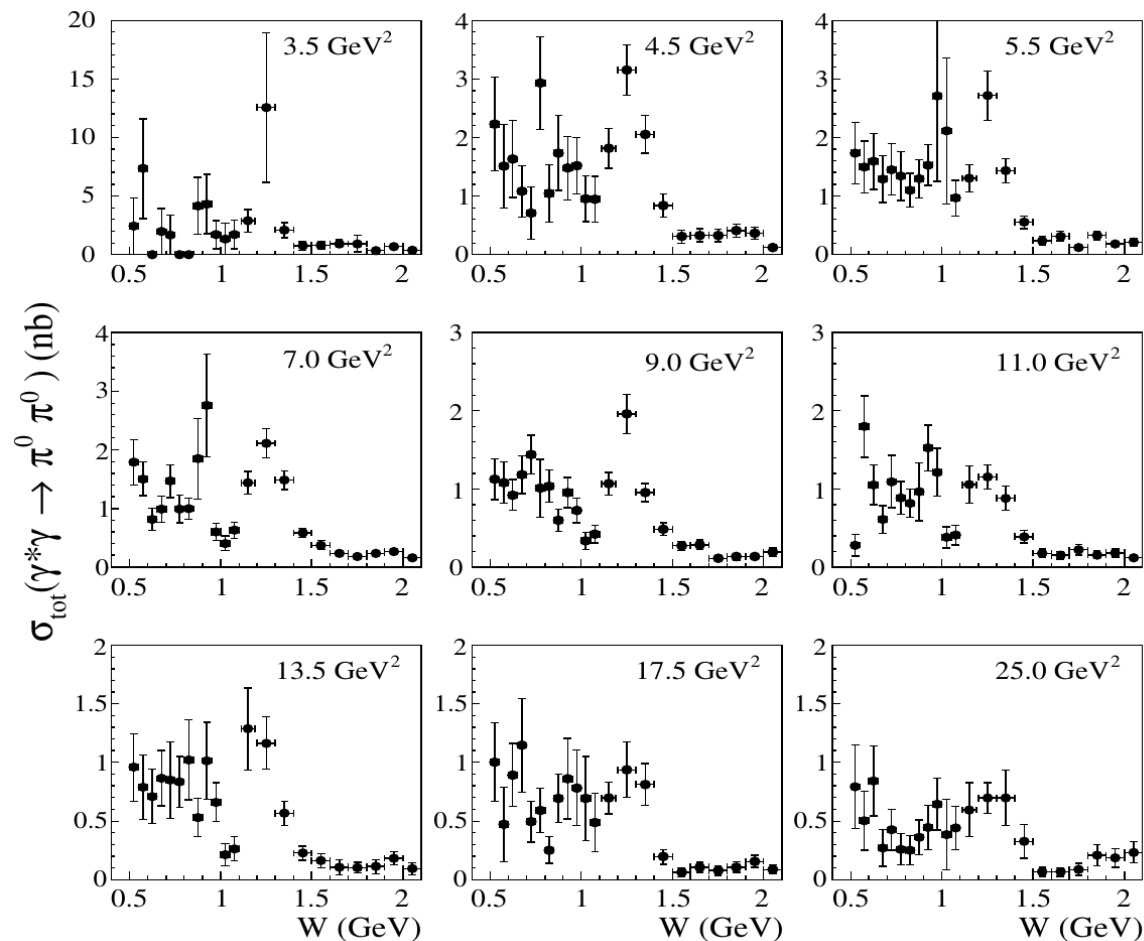
Z. Phys. C56 (1992) 381

■ Belle: 85.9 fb^{-1} , $0.8 \leq m_{\pi\pi} [\text{GeV}/c^2] \leq 1.5$

Phys. Rev D75 (2007) 051101

$$\gamma\gamma^* \rightarrow \pi\pi$$

■ Previous measurements:



$$\gamma\gamma^* \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0$$

■ First single-tagged measurement

■ Belle [Phys. Rev. D93 (2016) 032003]

■ 759 fb⁻¹ data

■ $3 < Q^2 [\text{GeV}^2] < 30$

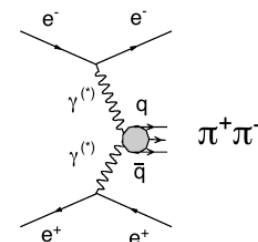
■ $0.5 < W [\text{GeV}/c^2] < 2.1$

■ $|\cos \theta^*| < 1.0$

■ Determination of partial-wave amplitudes

■ Measurement of TFF for $f_2(1270)$ and $f_0(980)$

- Signal: $\gamma^{(*)}\gamma^{(*)} \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-$

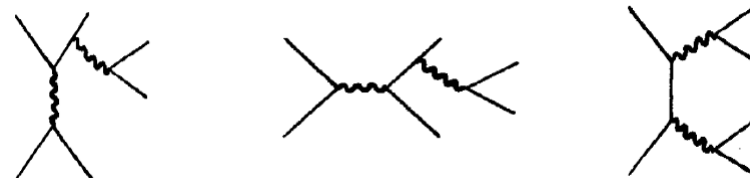


- Modified Galuga2.0 (ChPT prediction only)

- Background

- Same final state: $e^+e^- \rightarrow e^+e^-\pi^+\pi^-$

- Generator under development
- Measured form factor as input



- Similar final state: $e^+e^- \rightarrow e^+e^-\mu^+\mu^-$

- BesBdkRc (developed from RADCOR)
 - Partly considers radiative effects
- DIAG36
- Helac-Phegas

CPC 40 (1986) 271

CPC 40 (1986) 285

CPC 180 (2009) 1942

- Other:

- $\gamma^{(*)}\gamma^{(*)} \rightarrow \eta, \eta'$ (Ekhard) PRD 85 (2012) 094010
- QED processes, Radiative Return, DD decays, hadronic continuum

JG|U Single-tag measurement of $\pi^+\pi^-$ at BESIII



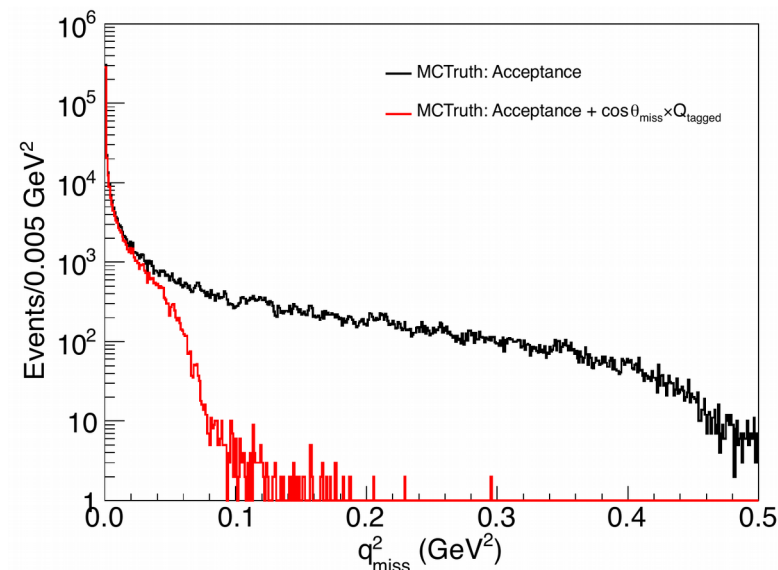
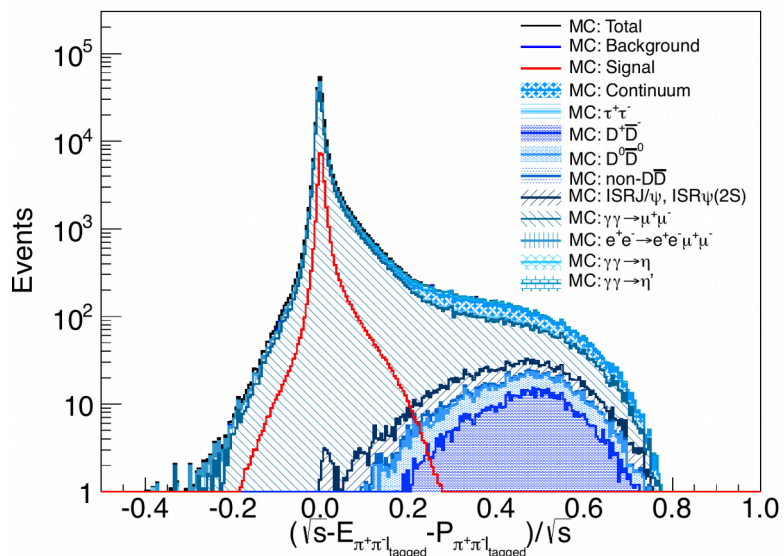
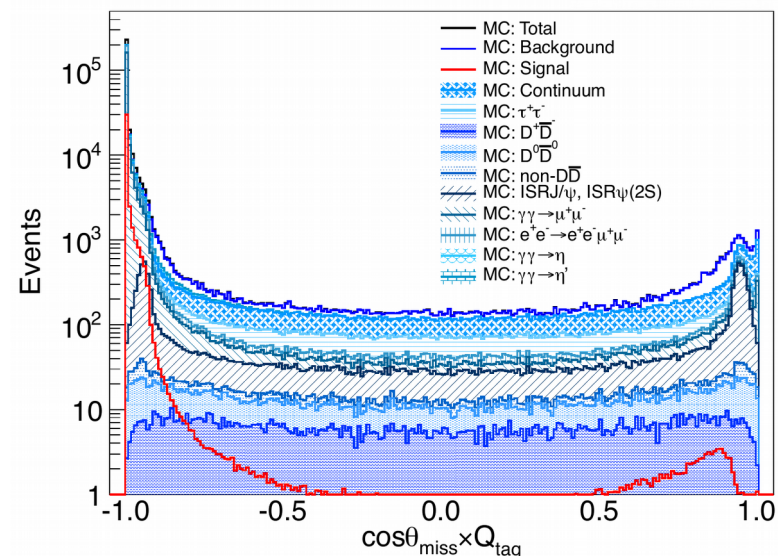
■ Event selection:

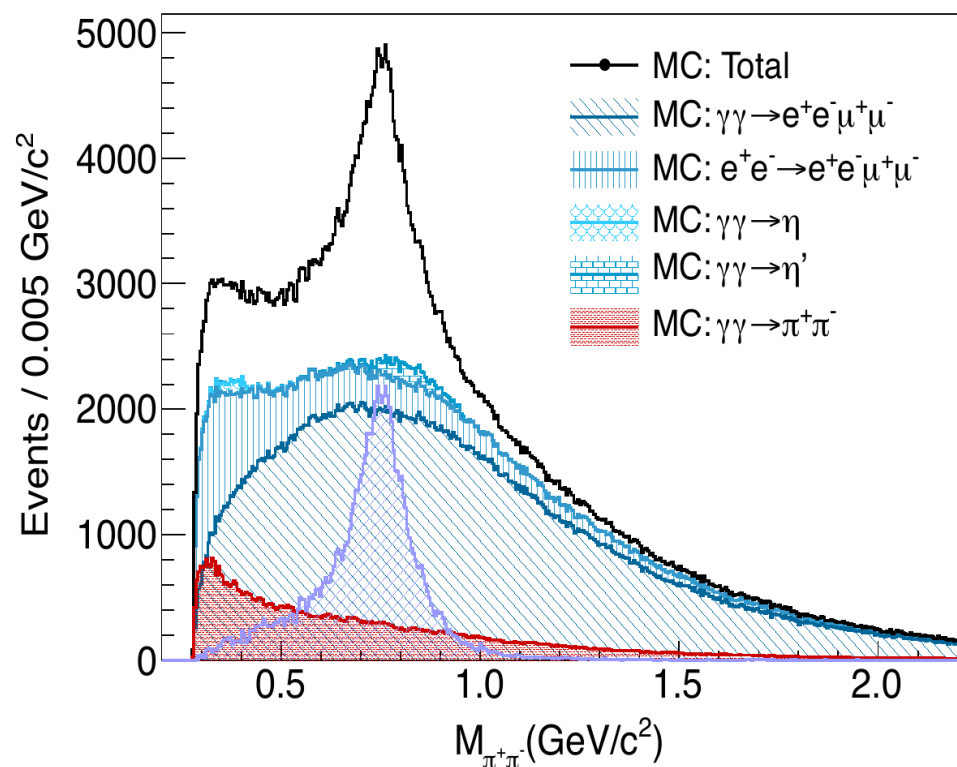
- Two oppositely charged tracks, identified as π^\pm

- One charged track identified as e^\pm by $\frac{E_{Cal}}{p_{MDC}}$

- Missing momentum: $q_{tag} \cdot \cos\theta_{miss} < -0.99$

- $R_\gamma = \frac{\sqrt{s} - E_{e^\pm\pi^0}^{CMS} - p_{e^\pm\pi^0}^{CMS}}{\sqrt{s}} < 0.15$





■ Dominating background

■ $e^+e^- \rightarrow e^+e^-\mu^+\mu^-$

■ Cross section six times larger than signal process

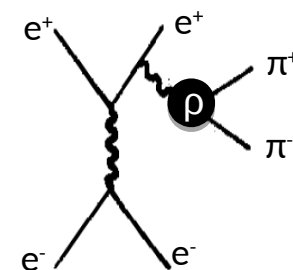
■ Good μ/π separation needed

■ $e^+e^- \rightarrow e^+e^-\pi^+\pi^-$

■ Irreducible background

■ Peak in $m_{\pi\pi}$

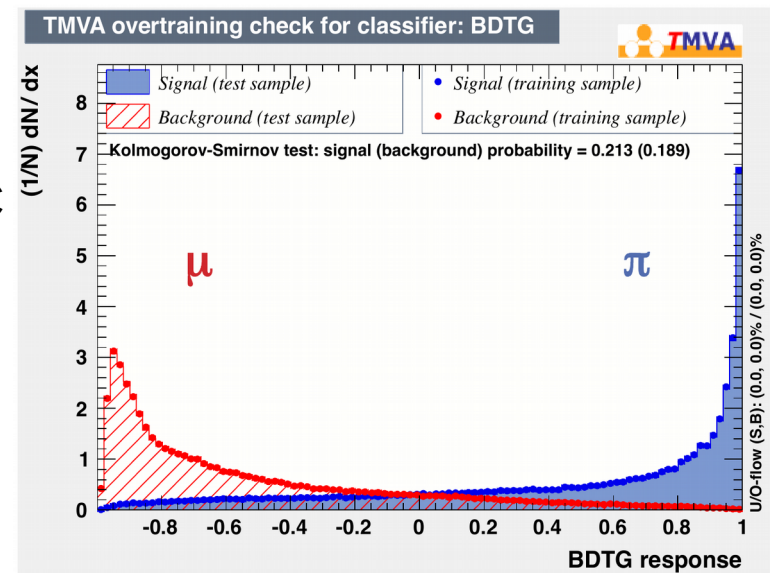
■ Can be subtracted



■ Other background < 0.5%

■ Boosted-Decision-Tree

- Apply to individual tracks
- Use variables independent of kinematics
- Trained with $\gamma^{(*)}\gamma^{(*)} \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$ and $e^+e^- \rightarrow e^+e^-\mu^+\mu^-$ MC
- Correction of data/MC efficiency differences
- Selection validated with muons

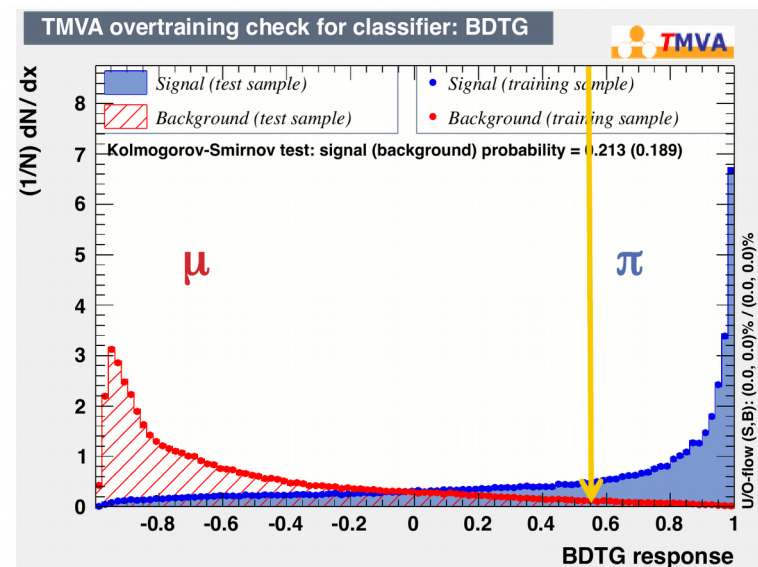
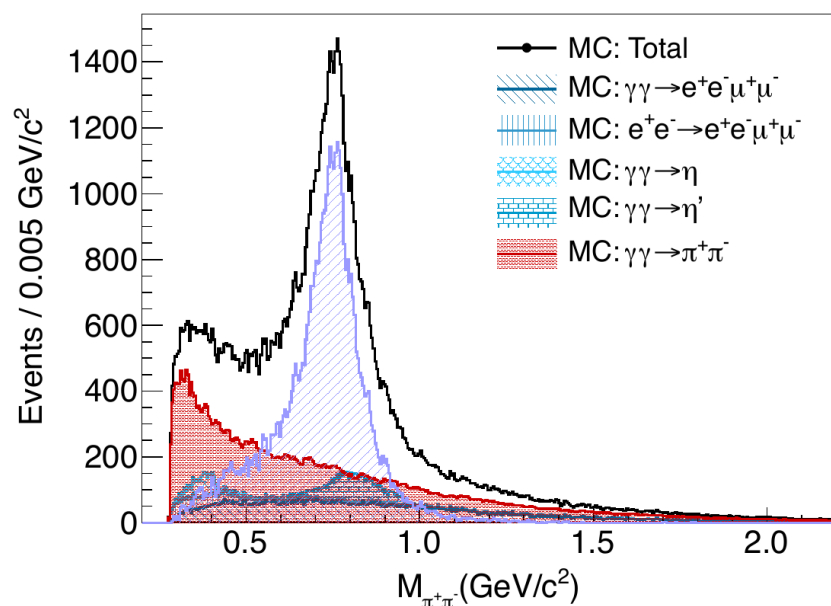


- Select π : $y_{BDT} > 0.58$
 - Efficiency π : 56.2%
 - Efficiency μ : 2.9%
- Select μ : $y_{BDT} < -0.6$
 - Efficiency π : 5%
 - Efficiency μ : 60%

■ Boosted-Decision-Tree

- Apply to individual tracks
- Use variables independent of kinematics
- Trained with $\gamma^{(*)}\gamma^{(*)} \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$ and $e^+e^- \rightarrow e^+e^-\mu^+\mu^-$ MC
- Correction of data/MC efficiency differences
- Selection validated with muons

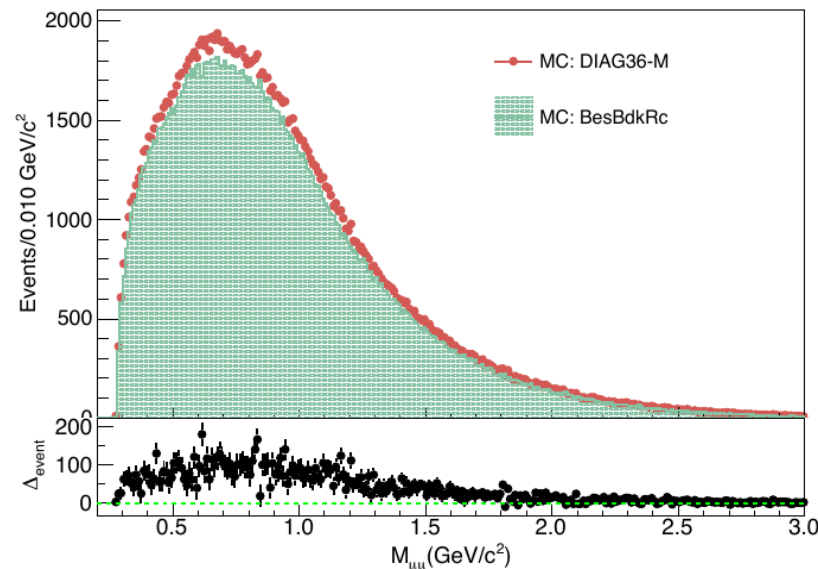
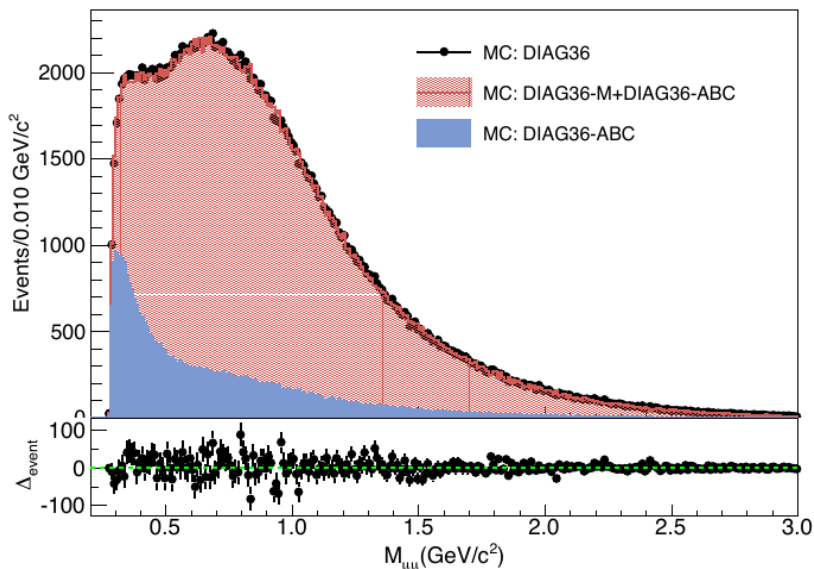
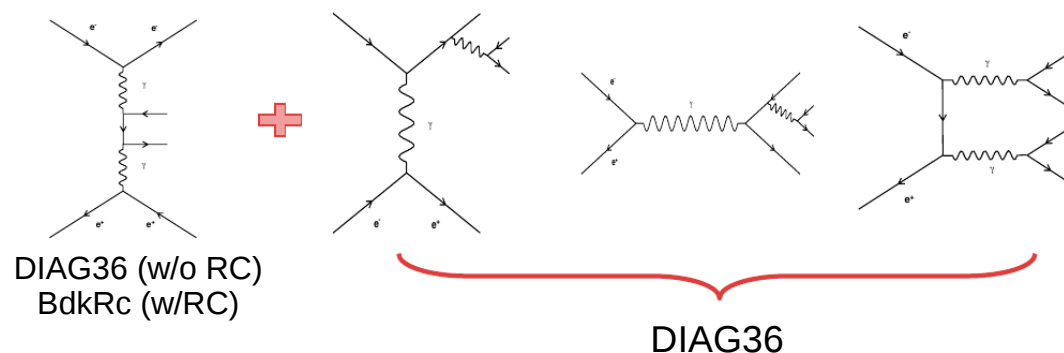
Events after π - μ separation



- Select π : $y_{BDT} > 0.58$
- Efficiency π : 56.2%
- Efficiency μ : 2.9%
- Select μ : $y_{BDT} < -0.6$
- Efficiency π : 5%
- Efficiency μ : 60%

Background from $e^+e^- \rightarrow e^+e^-\mu^+\mu^-$

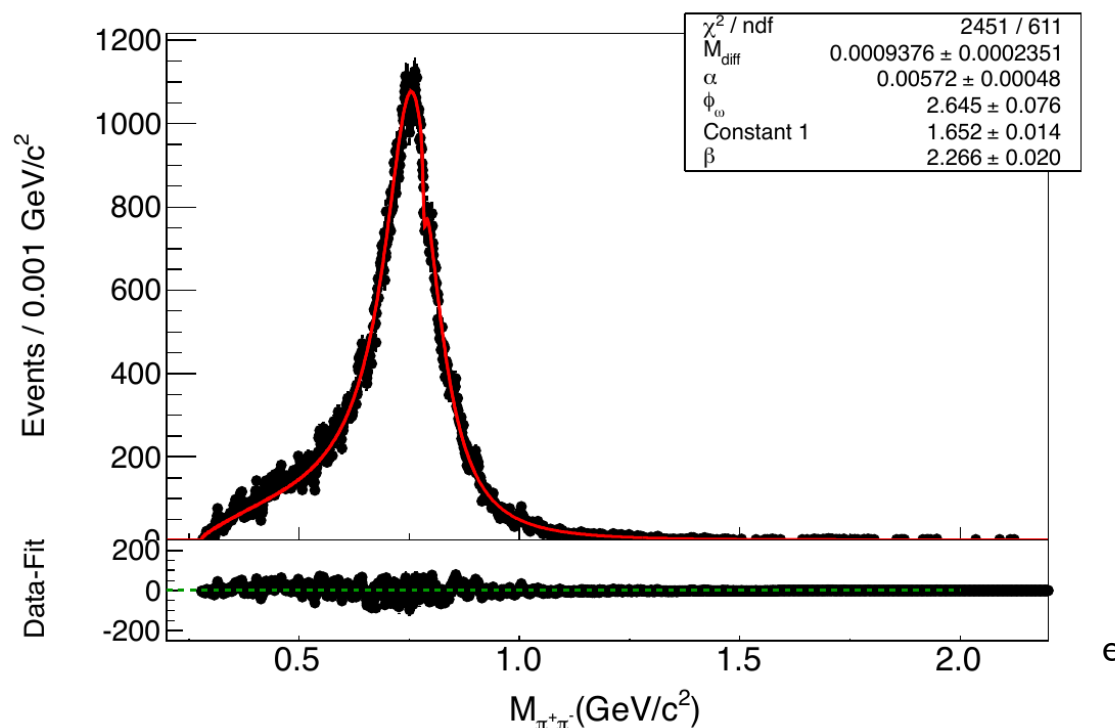
- Interference Effects (0.3%)
 - Between two-photon process and others
- Radiative Corrections (4.6% - 6.2%)
 - Only in two-photon process



- Fit peak in $m_{\pi\pi}$ and subtract from spectrum

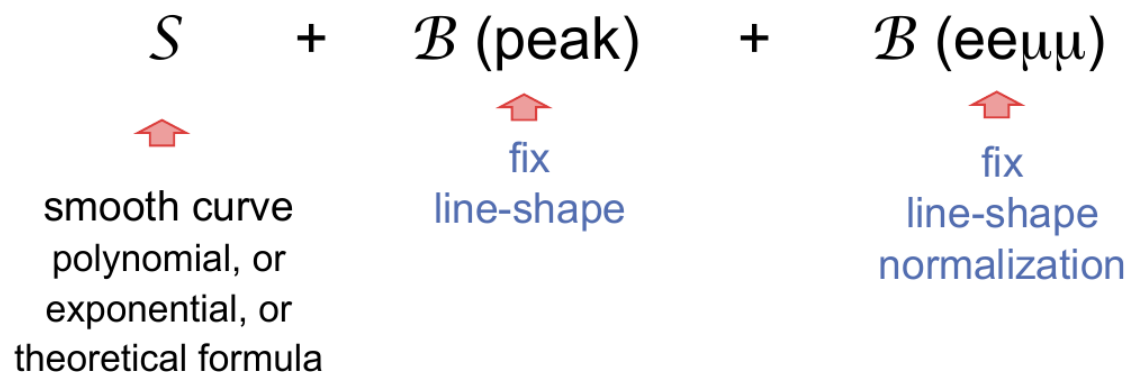
- Gounaris-Sakurai parameterization of
- Obtain fit parameters from simulation
- Line-shape fixed when fitting data

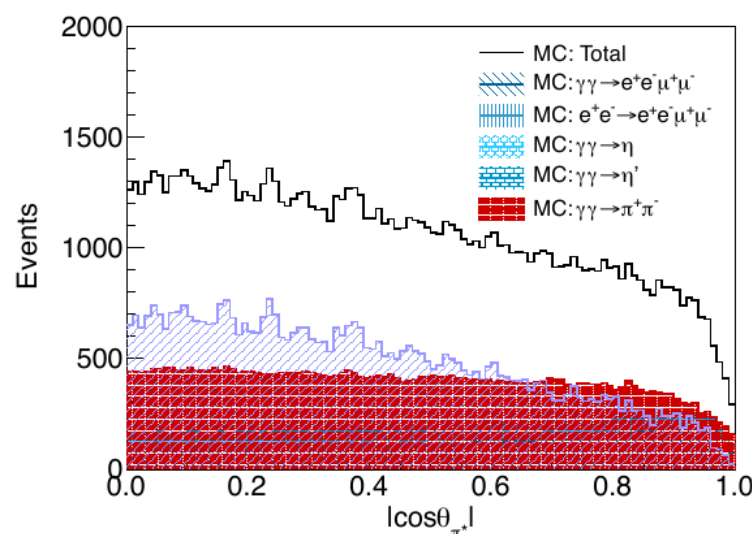
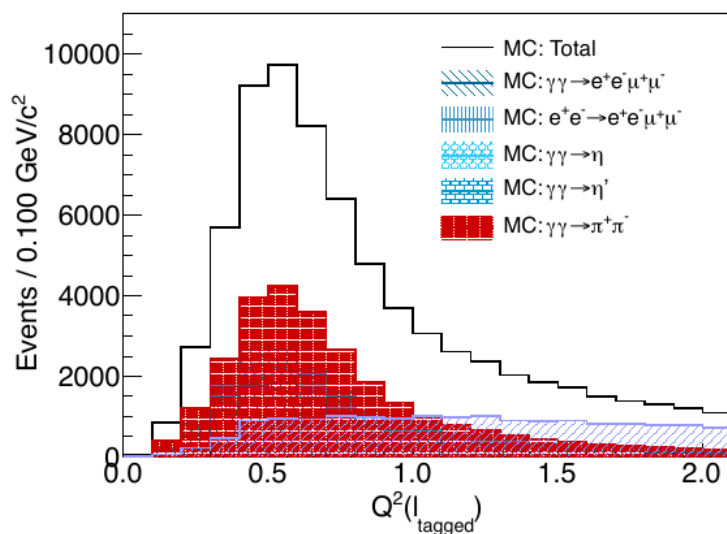
$$|BW^{GS} + \alpha \cdot e^{i\phi} BW| \sqrt{1 - \frac{4m_\pi^2}{M_{\pi^+\pi^-}^2}} e^{\beta(1 - \frac{4m_\pi^2}{M_{\pi^+\pi^-}^2})} \frac{1}{M_{\pi^+\pi^-}^2}$$



$$\frac{d^3\sigma_{ee\rightarrow ee\pi^+\pi^-}}{d|\cos\theta^*|dWdQ^2} = \frac{N^{\text{sig}}(|\cos\theta^*|, W, Q^2)}{\varepsilon(|\cos\theta^*|, W, Q^2)\Delta W\Delta|\cos\theta^*|\Delta Q^2\mathcal{L}}$$

- Integrated Luminosity \mathcal{L}
- Efficiency $\varepsilon(|\cos\theta^*|, W, Q^2)$
- Bin width
 - $\Delta|\cos\theta^*| = 0.1$
 - $\Delta W = 0.005 \text{ GeV}/c^2$
 - $\Delta Q^2 = 0.2 - 0.3 \text{ GeV}^2$
- Number of signal events $N^{\text{sig}}(|\cos\theta^*|, W, Q^2)$: Interference needs to be considered!





■ First single-tag measurement of $\pi^+\pi^-$!

■ Access to:

- low momentum transfers $0.2 < Q^2 \text{ [GeV}^2\text{]} < 2.0$
- low invariant masses $m_{\pi^+\pi^-} < M \text{ [GeV]} < 2.0$
- full coverage of $|\cos\theta^*|$

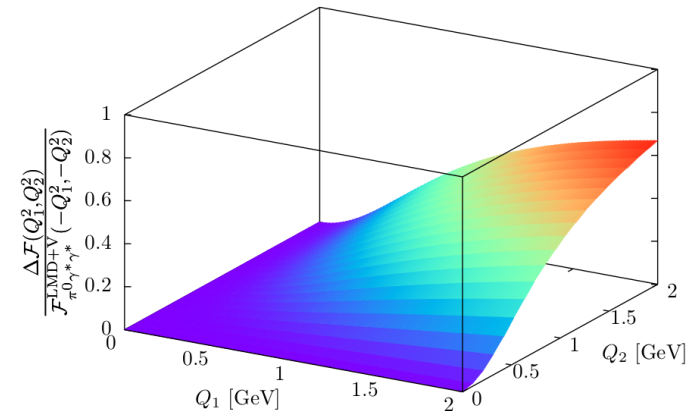
JGU Outlook: Double-Tagged Measurements

- Measurement of $F_{\gamma^* \gamma^* \pi^0}(Q_1^2, Q_2^2)$ never done before!

- BESIII collected $> 10 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ at $3.77 < \sqrt{s} [\text{GeV}] < 4.6$

- Double-tag measurement possible

- 1st Step: Test TFF models
 - e.g. VMD vs. LMD+V



Calculations: A. Nyffeler
Phys.Rev. D94, 2016, 053006

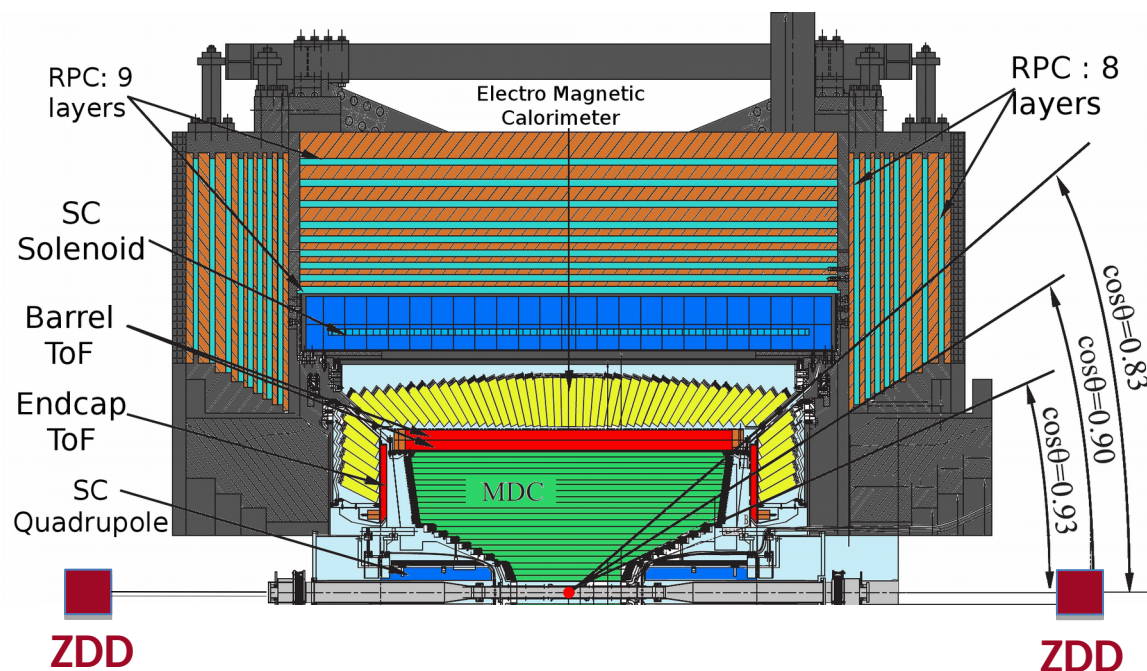
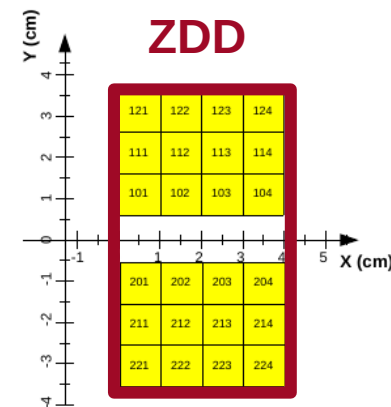
- Test polarization effects in $\gamma\gamma$ production

- General two-photon cross section:

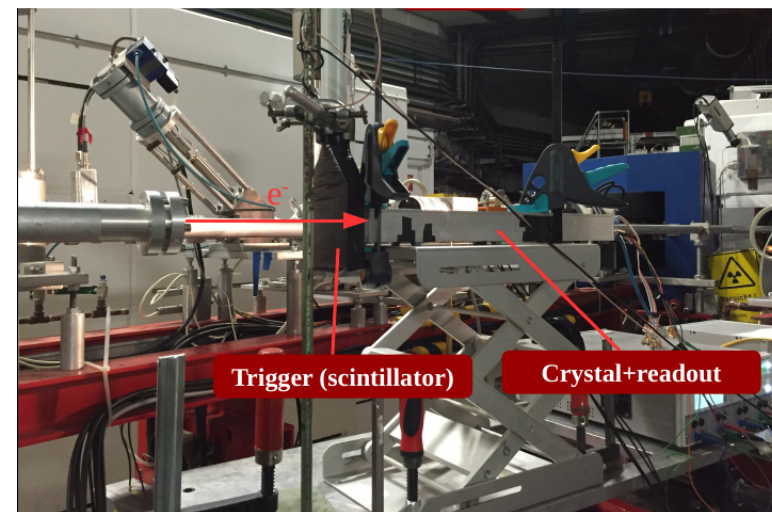
$$d\sigma = F \left\{ v_{TT} \sigma_{TT} + v'_{TT} \cos(2\tilde{\phi}) (\sigma_{\parallel} - \sigma_{\perp}) + h_1 h_2 v''_{TT} \frac{1}{2} (\sigma_0 - \sigma_2) \right. \\ \left. + v_{LL} \sigma_{LL} + v_{TL} \sigma_{TL} + v_{LT} \sigma_{LT} + v'_{TL} \cos(\tilde{\phi}) \tau_{TL} + h_1 h_2 v''_{TL} \cos(\tilde{\phi}) \tau_{TL}^a \right\}.$$

- $\tilde{\phi}$: azimuthal angle between lepton planes in $\gamma^* \gamma^*$ rest frame
 - Allows to disentangle form factor contributions of multi-meson and tensor states
 - Requires precise measurement of angles and high statistics

- Tagging of photons and electrons at small angles
 - Polar angle range: 1 – 10 mrad
- Current design: Pb-SciFi, one sided
- Upgrade: Arrays of 48 crystals (PbWO, LYSO) on both sides



In-beam tests at MAMI (Mainz)



- Two-photon physics at BESIII
 - Untagged measurements for light hadron spectroscopy
 - Single-tag measurements of pseudoscalars for transition form factors
 - Here: $\gamma\gamma^* \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-$
 - Requires good PID, treatment of interferences
 - First measurement at low Q^2 , low mass, and full $|\cos\theta^*|$
 - To be extended to neutral final states
 - First double-tagged measurement $\gamma^*\gamma^* \rightarrow \pi^0$ started
 - New prospects from tagging detectors