



The LHCb Experiment

Status
Physics Highlights &
Future plans

November 2 , 2017

*Hassan Jawahery
University of Maryland*

The LHCb Detector

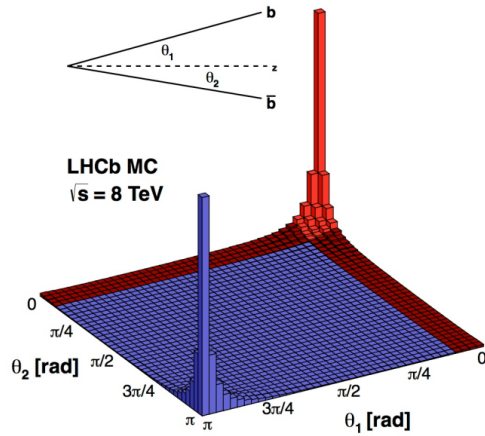
A Single Arm Spectrometer at LHC

Acceptance: $2 < \eta < 5$

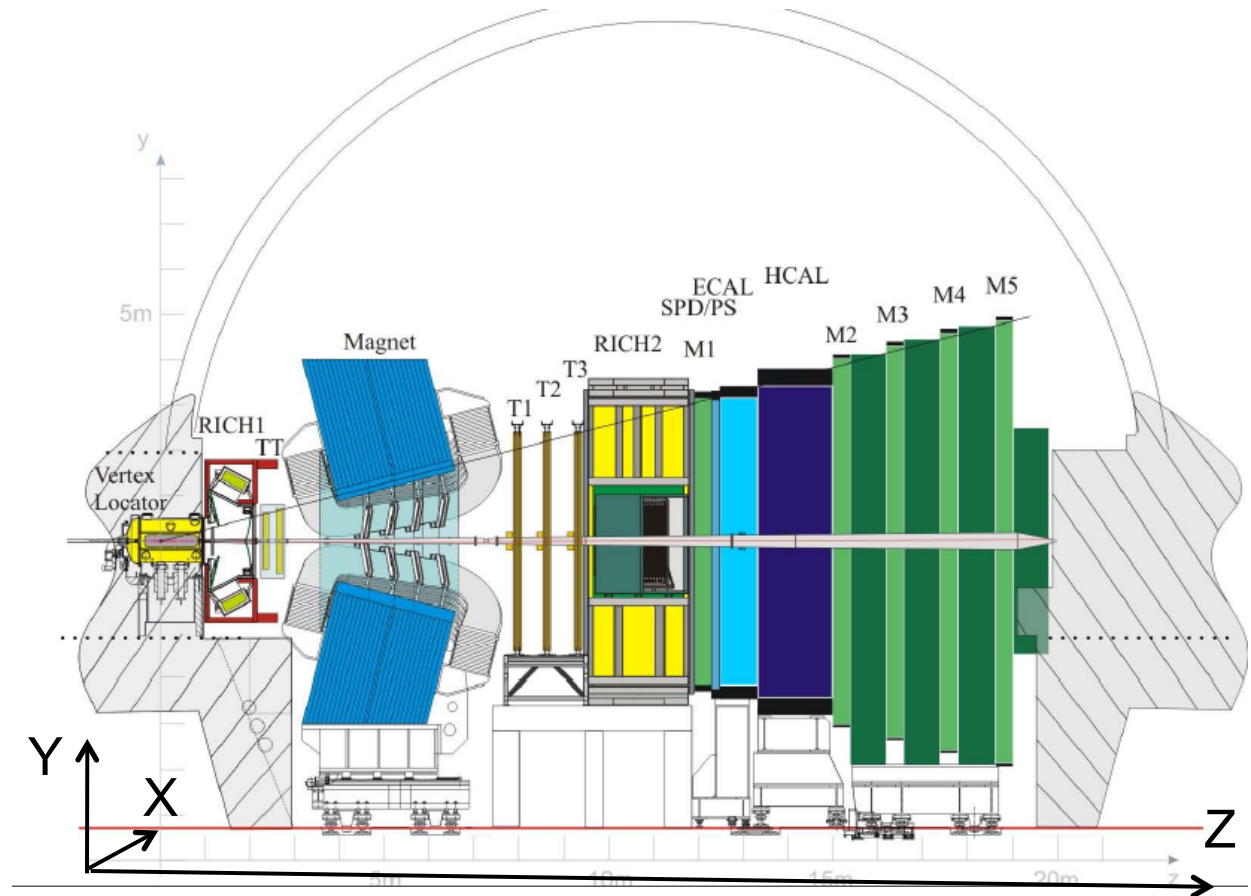


$\sigma_{\text{inel}} \sim 70\text{-}80 \text{ mb}$
 $\sigma_{\text{cc}} \sim 6 \text{ mb (7 TeV)}$
 $\sigma_{\tau} \sim 80 \mu\text{b (7 TeV)}$
 $\sigma_{b\bar{b}} \sim 280 \mu\text{b (7 TeV)}$
 $\sigma_{b\bar{b}} \sim 500 \mu\text{b (14 TeV)}$

$b\bar{b}$ peaked forward or backward with $\sim 25\%$ in detector acceptance



Access to all species of B hadrons



The LHCb Detector

A Single Arm Spectrometer at LHC

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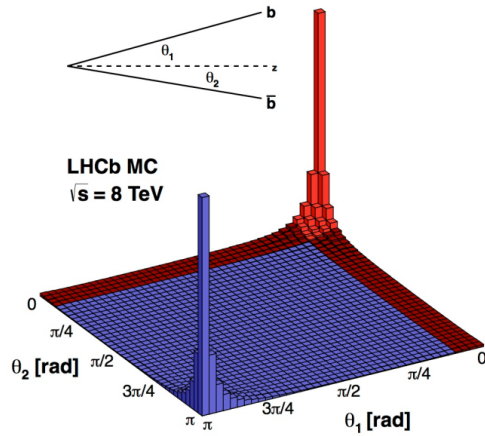


$\sigma_{\text{inel}} \sim 70\text{-}80 \text{ mb}$
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 $\sigma_{bb} \sim 280 \mu\text{b (7 TeV)}$
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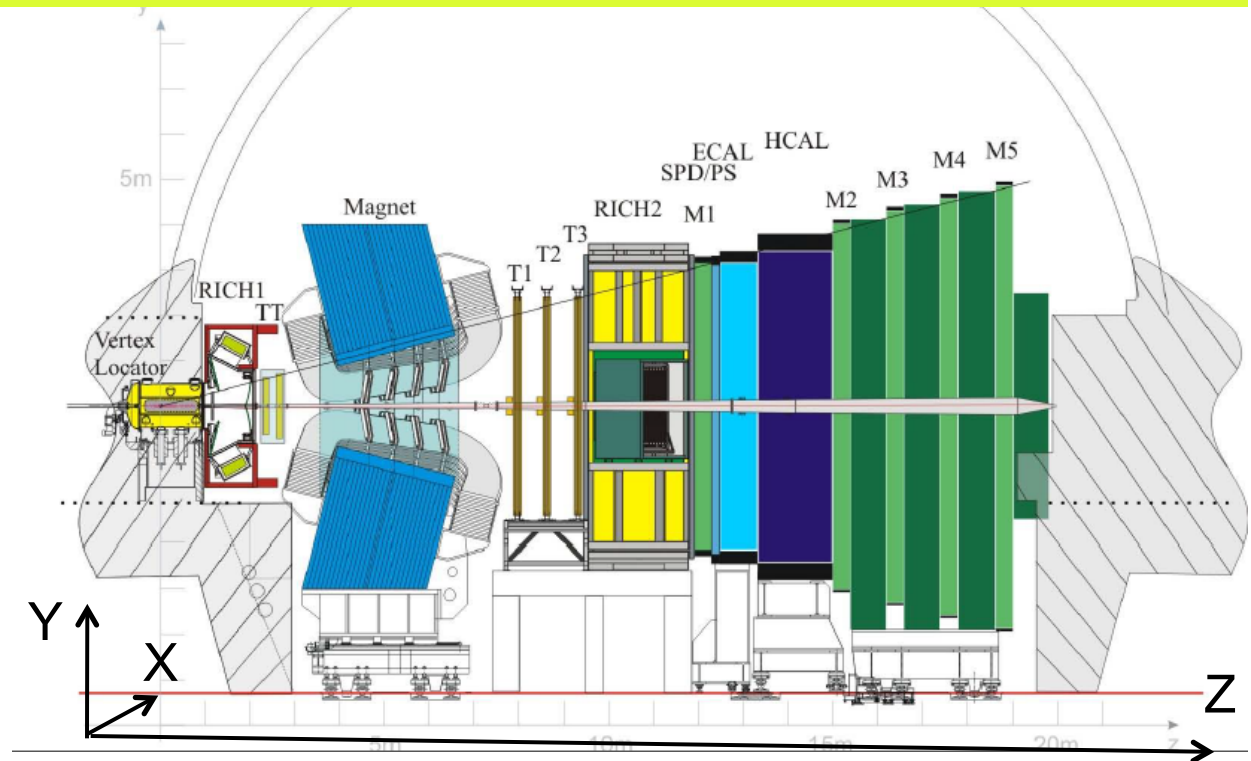
US Participation:

Cincinnati, Maryland, MIT & Syracuse (EPP NSF)
 LANL, U. Michigan (Nucl.)

$b\bar{b}$ peaked forward or backward with $\sim 25\%$ in detector acceptance



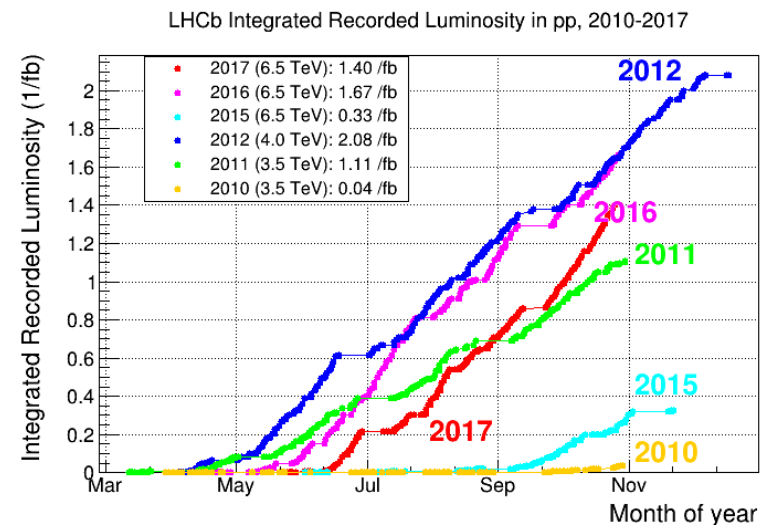
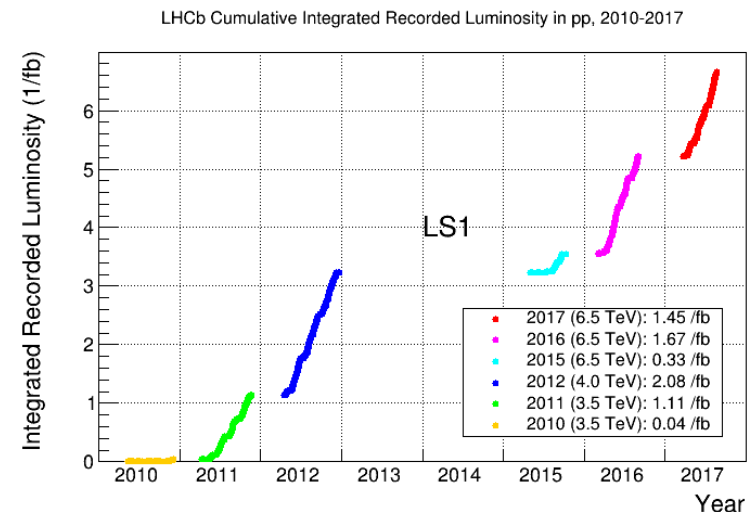
Access to all species of B hadrons



LHCb performance



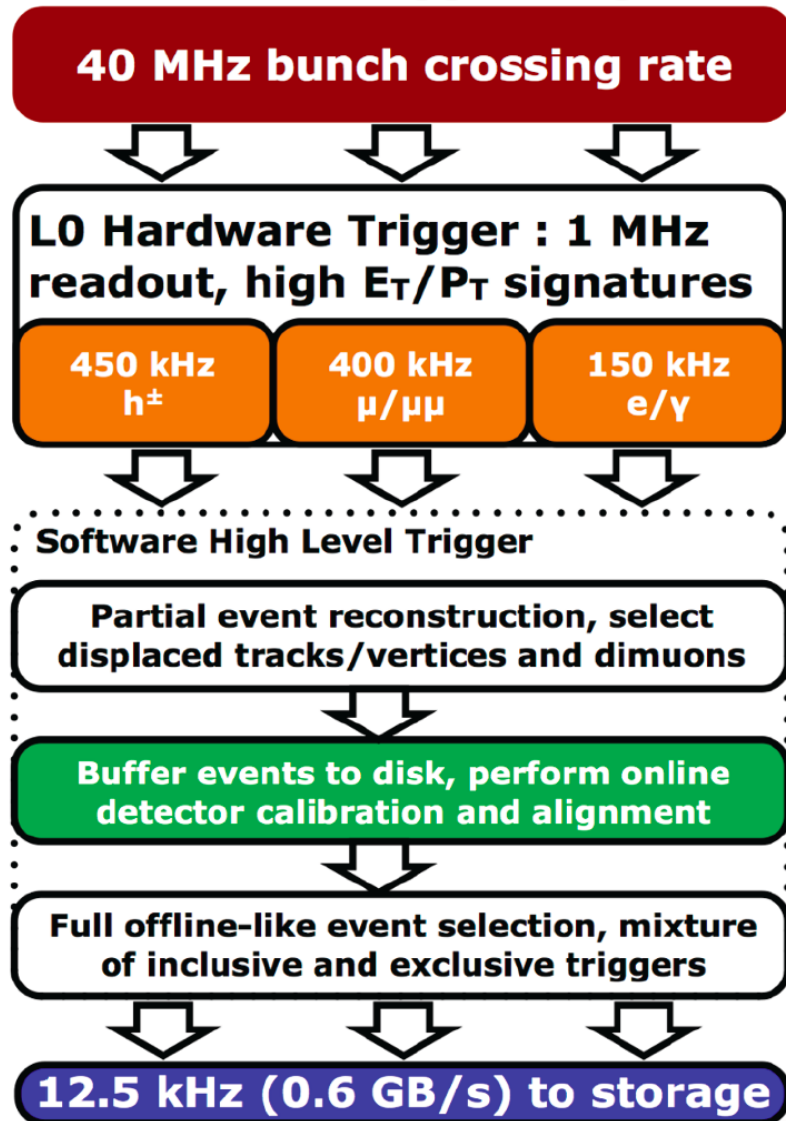
- LHCb detector working smoothly
- Inst. Luminosity $\sim 4 \times 10^{32} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$
- Luminosity levelling: Beam separation is adjusted to keep the luminosity constant.
- Average number of visible collisions per crossing is ~ 1.1 (Run 2)
- Recorded Luminosity $> 6.5 \text{ fb}^{-1}$
- High data-taking efficiency ($> 90\%$) (vs maximum 93%- deadtime limit)



Trigger

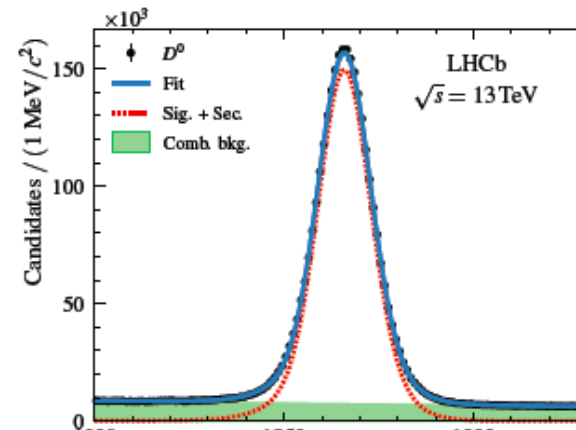
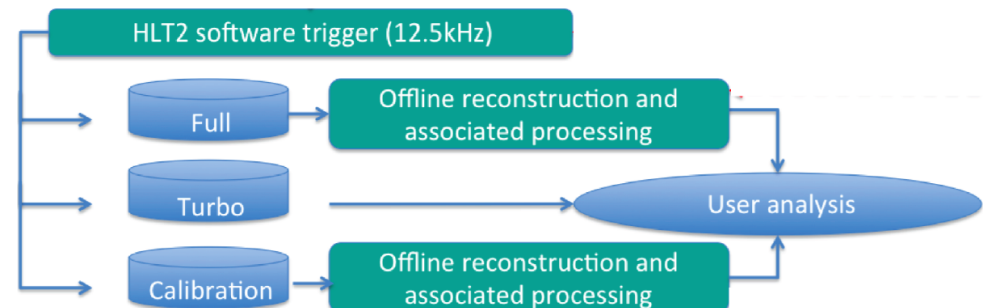


LHCb 2015 Trigger Diagram

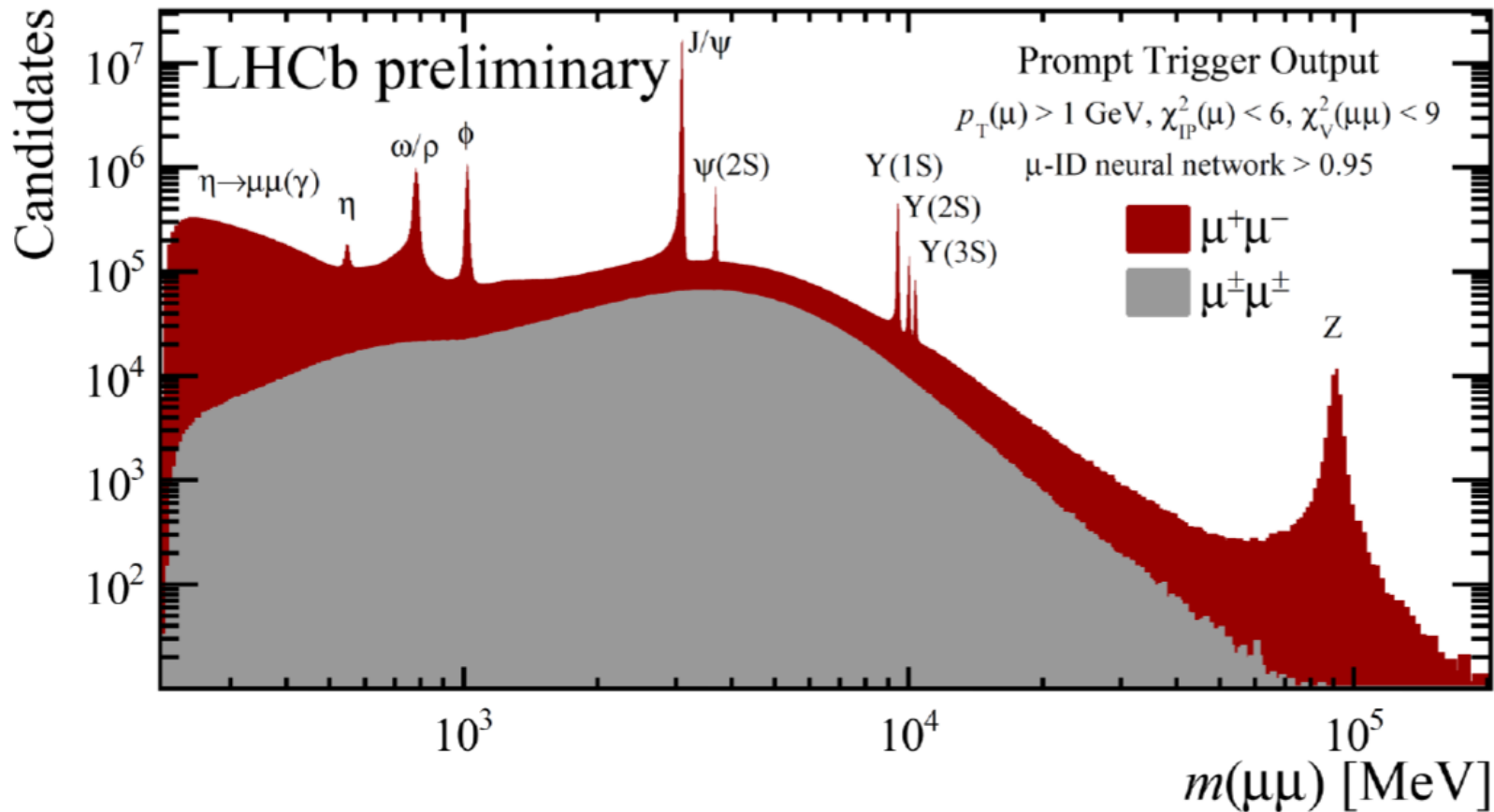


➤ Detector alignment, calibration and Particle ID at the trigger level

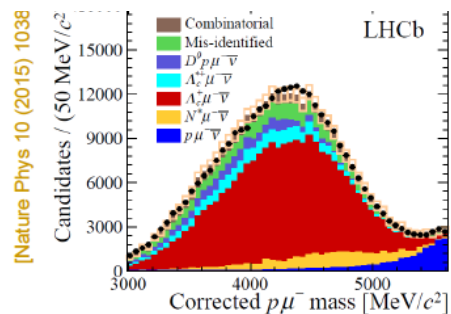
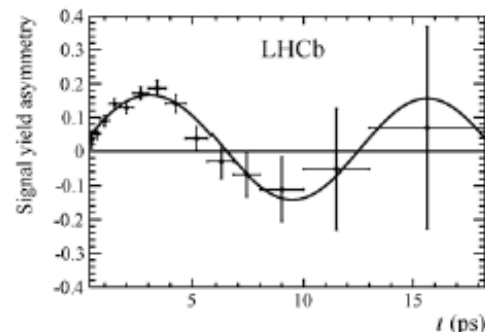
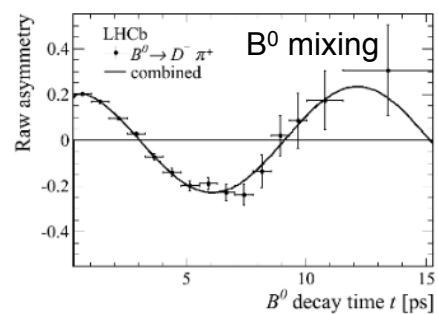
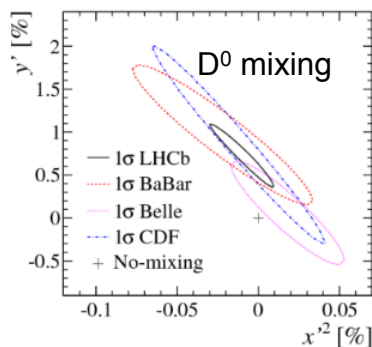
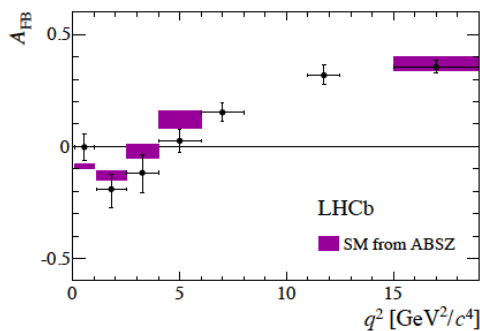
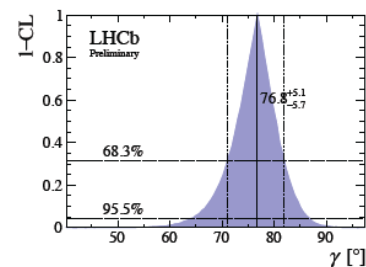
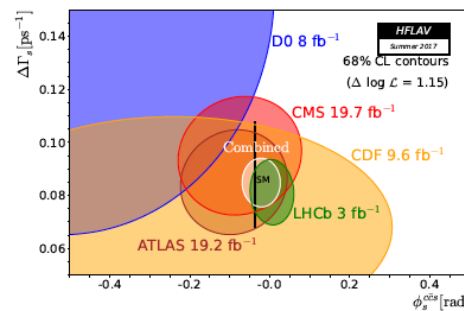
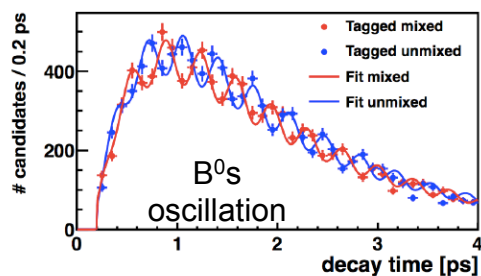
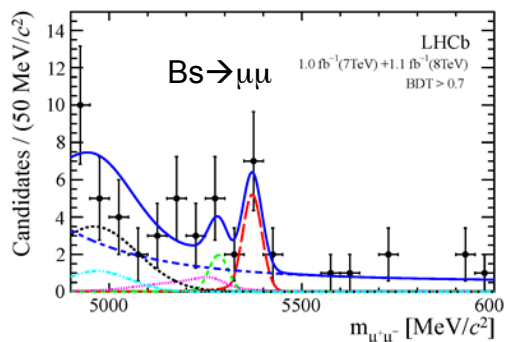
➤ Same reconstruction in online and offline



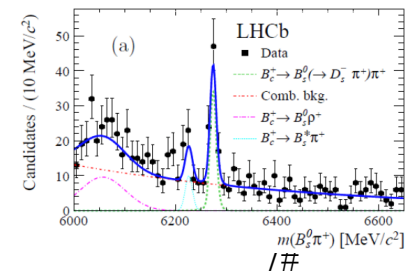
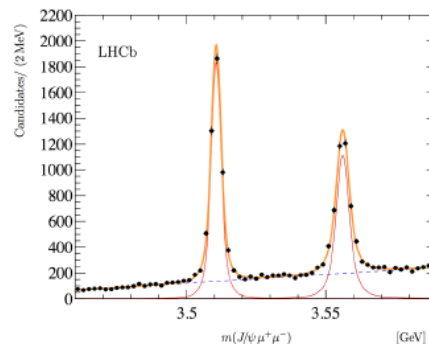
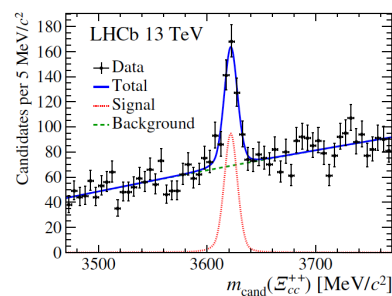
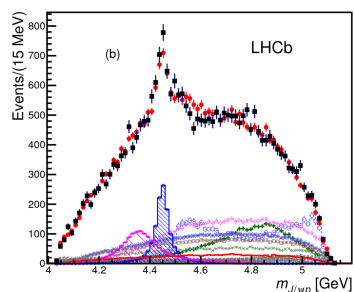
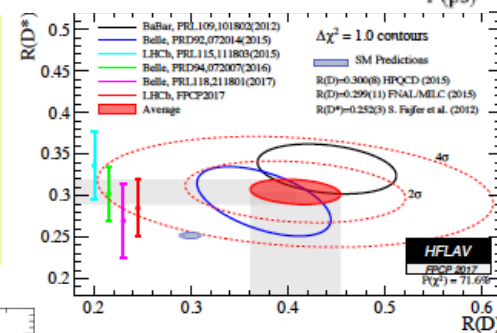
Trigger Level/ Turbo Output

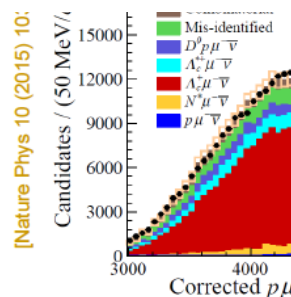
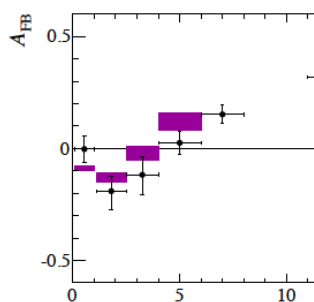
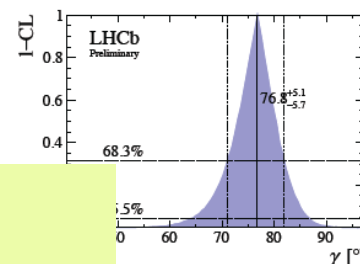
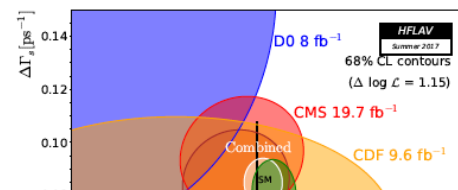
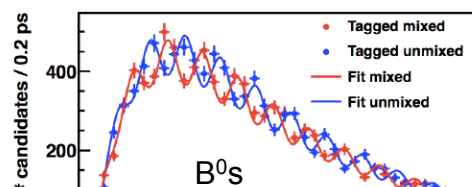
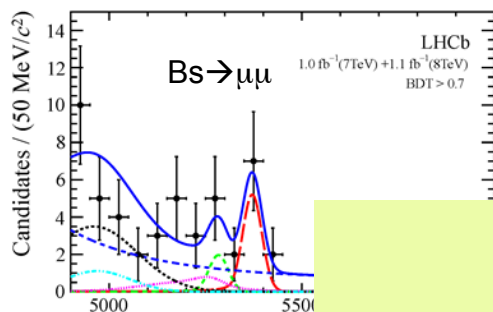


Forms the basis of a search for light dark matter candidates: $A' \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$
discussed in the talk on "Run 2 results" (S. Stone) talk this afternoon



LHCb Physics Covers a very broad spectrum from Flavor to EW, QCD, pA...



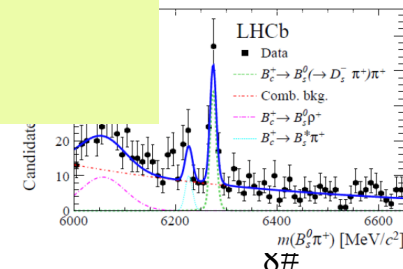
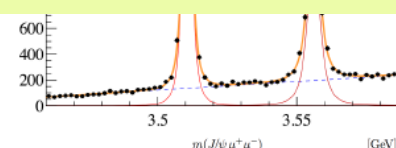
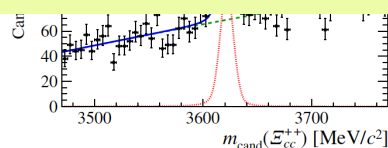
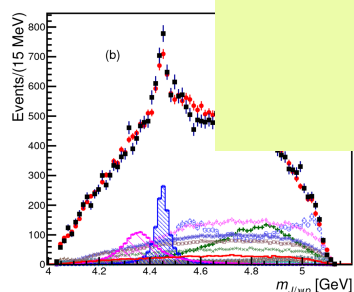
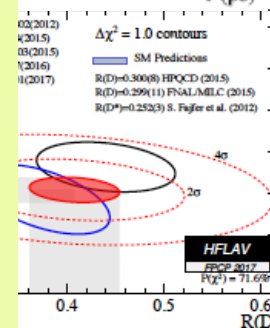
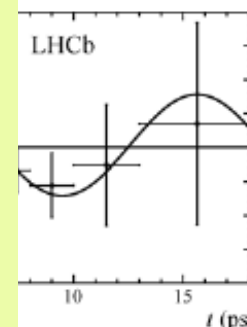


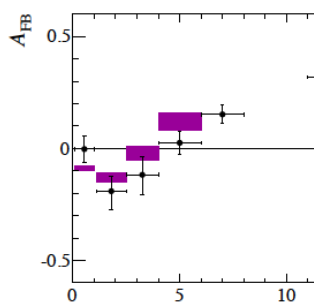
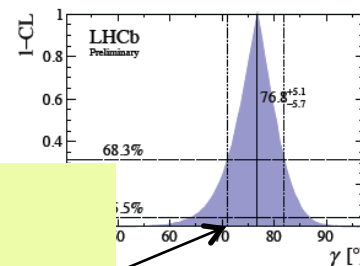
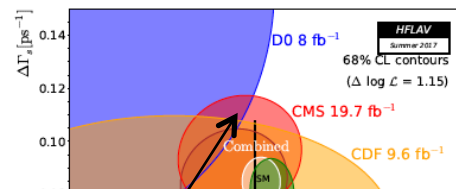
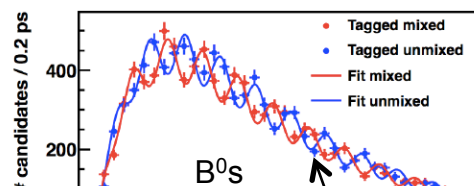
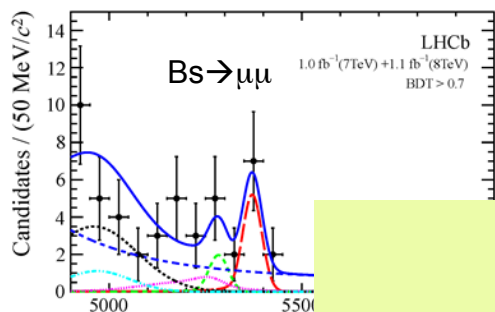
➤ New Physics search via CKM meterology

➤ New Physics search in FCNC processes:
Observation of $B \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$
Precise measurements of $B \rightarrow K^{(*)} l^+ l^-$

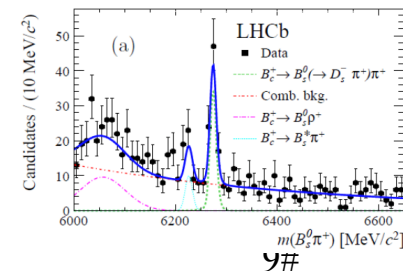
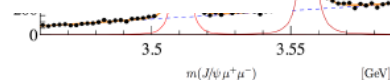
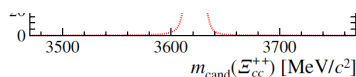
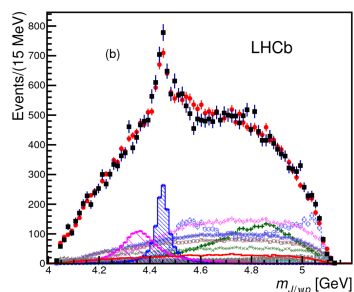
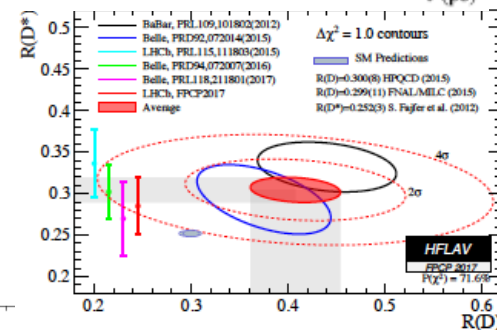
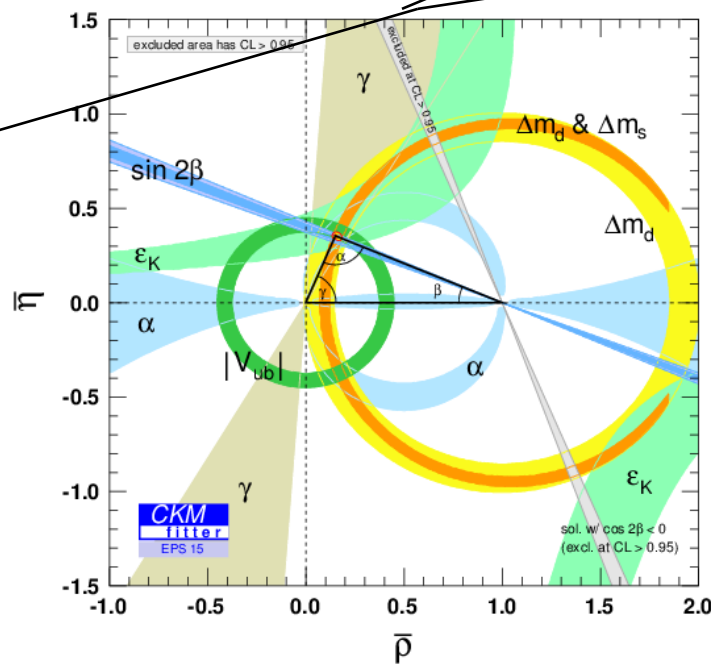
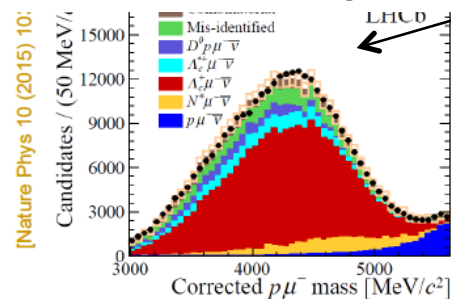
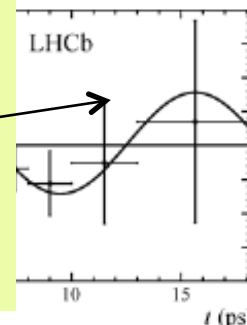
➤ Tests of Lepton Flavor Universality

(More physics in Sheldon Stone's talk in the afternoon)

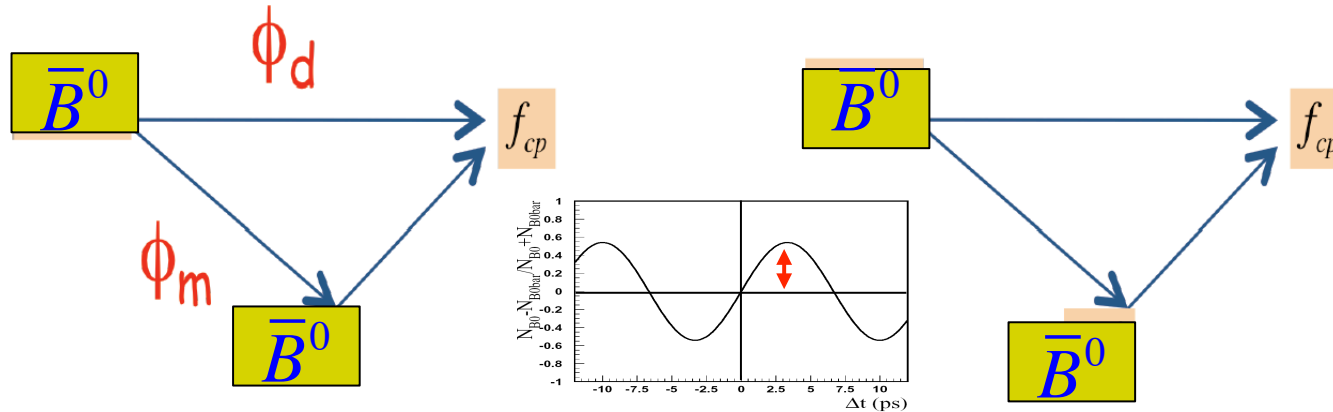




➤ New Physics search via CKM meterology



Reminder “CP” interferometer to access the phase of CKM



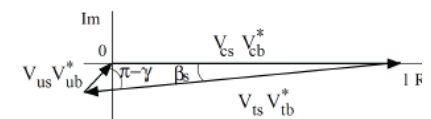
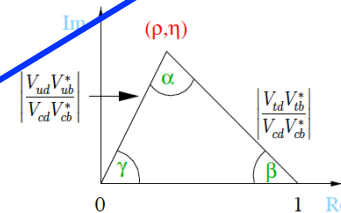
$$A_{cp}(t) = \frac{\Gamma(B^0(t) \rightarrow f_{cp}) - \Gamma(\bar{B}^0(t) \rightarrow f_{cp})}{\Gamma(B^0(t) \rightarrow f_{cp}) + \Gamma(\bar{B}^0(t) \rightarrow f_{cp})} = \sin 2(\varphi_m - \varphi_D) \sin \Delta m t$$

With careful set up of both initial and final states

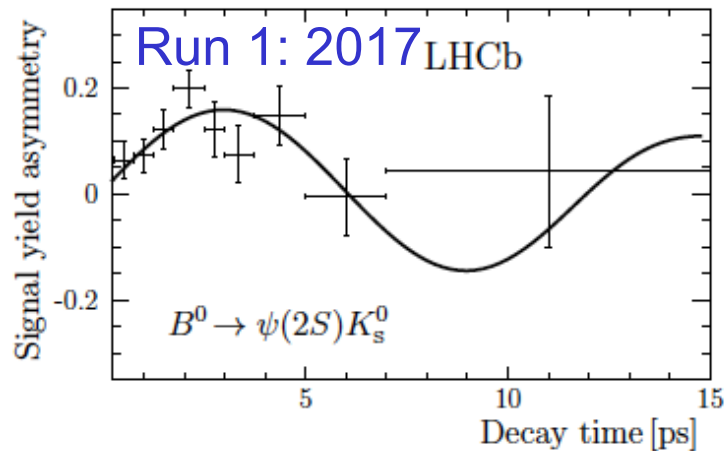
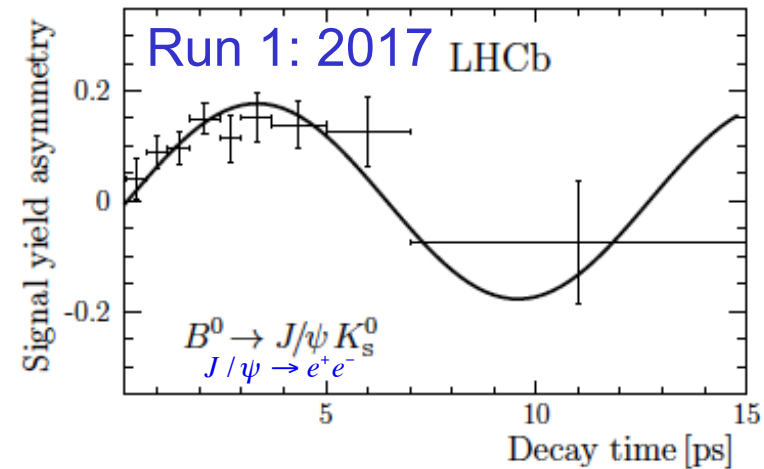
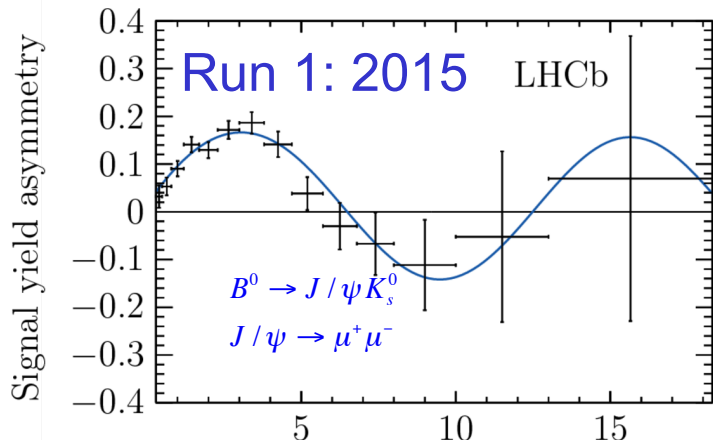
$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 - \frac{1}{2}\lambda^2 & \lambda & A\lambda^3(\rho - i\eta) \\ A\lambda^3(1 - \rho - i\eta) & 1 - \frac{1}{2}\lambda^2 & A\lambda^2 \\ -A\lambda^2 & A\lambda^2 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$B_d \rightarrow J/\psi K_s^0 :: \sin 2\beta \sim \arg(V_{td}^*) \sim 25^\circ$$

$$B_s \rightarrow J/\psi K^+ K^- \quad \varphi_s \sim \arg(V_{ts}^*) \sim 1^\circ$$



Reminder “CP” interferometer to access the phase of CKM



$$\sin 2\beta = 0.76 \pm 0.034 \quad LHCb$$

$$\sin 2\beta = 0.69 \pm 0.02 \quad \text{World - Average (HFAG)}$$

Run-1 precision at LHCb already comparable to BaBar and Belle individually

$$B_d \rightarrow J/\psi K_s^0 :: \sin 2\beta \sim \arg(V_{td}^*) \sim 25^\circ$$

$$B_s \rightarrow J/\psi K^+ K^- \quad \varphi_s \sim \arg(V_{ts}^*) \sim 1^\circ$$

Measurement of $\varphi_s = -2 \arg\left(\frac{V_{ts} V_{tb}^*}{V_{cs} V_{cb}^*}\right)$

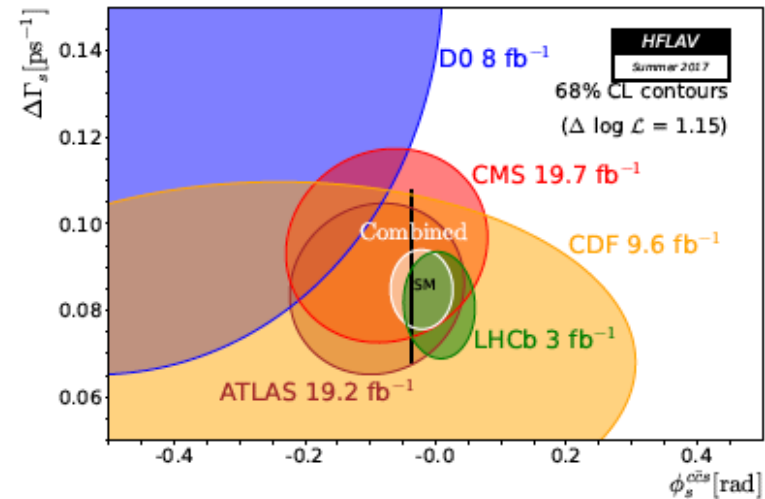
LHCb measurement using:

$$B_s^0 \rightarrow J / \psi K^+ K^- \quad \varphi - \text{region}$$

$$B_s^0 \rightarrow J / \psi K^+ K^- \quad \text{High-mass-region}$$

$$B_s^0 \rightarrow J / \psi \pi^+ \pi^-$$

$$B_s^0 \rightarrow \psi(2S) K^+ K^-$$



Combining LHCb results:

[JHEP 08 \(2017\) 037](#)

$$\varphi_s^{c\bar{c}s} = 0.001 \pm 0.037$$

$$\Delta\Gamma_s = 0.0813 \pm 0.0081$$

$$\Gamma_s = 0.6588 \pm 0.0026$$

SM

$$\varphi_s^{c\bar{c}s} = -0.0370 \pm 0.0006 \text{ rad}$$

$$\Delta\Gamma_s = 0.088 \pm 0.020 \text{ ps}^{-1}$$

Summer 2017

HFLAV combination

$$\phi_s^{c\bar{c}s} = -0.021 \pm 0.031 \text{ rad}$$

$$\Delta\Gamma_s = 0.085 \pm 0.006 \text{ ps}^{-1}$$

$$\Gamma_s = 0.6640 \pm 0.0020 \text{ ps}^{-1}$$

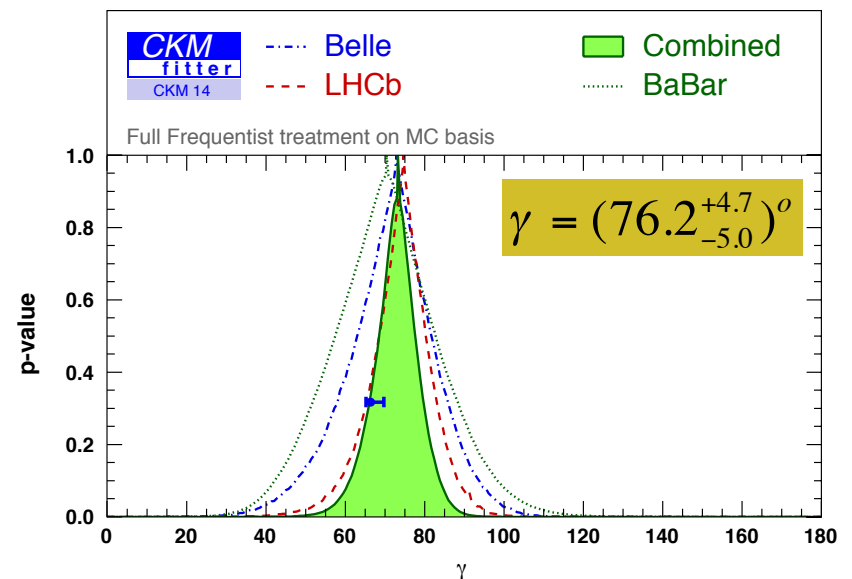
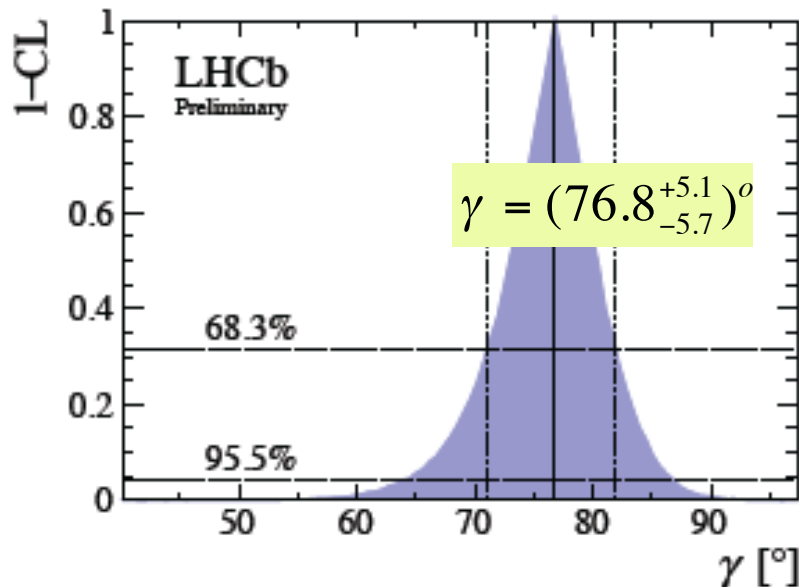
$$\text{Measurement of } \gamma = \arg\left(\frac{V_{ud}V_{ub}^*}{V_{cd}V_{cb}^*}\right)$$

Yet another interferometer: tree level processes $b \rightarrow c$ & $b \rightarrow u$

$$A[B^- \rightarrow (D^{(*)} \rightarrow f)h^-] = A_c A_f e^{i(\delta_c + \delta_f)} + A_u A_{\bar{f}} e^{i(\delta_u + \delta_{\bar{f}} - \gamma)}$$

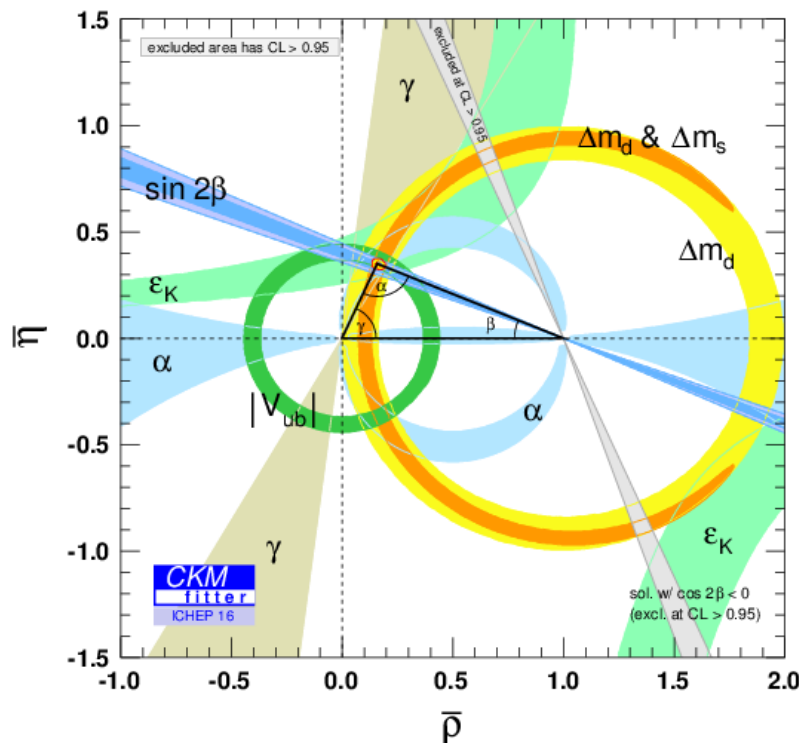
Final state “f” is common to D & \bar{D}

Analysis updates involve several new channels & some includes Run 2 data



Status of CKM (2017)

All is well with the CKM picture at $O(10\%)$ level:



Direct

$$\alpha = \left(87.6^{+3.5}_{-3.3}\right)^{\circ}$$

$$\beta = \left(21.85^{+0.68}_{-0.67}\right)^{\circ}$$

$$\gamma = \left(76.2^{+4.7}_{-5.0}\right)^{\circ}$$

$$-2\beta_s = -0.021 \pm 0.031$$

CKM fit

$$\left(92.1^{+1.5}_{-1.1}\right)^{\circ}$$

$$\left(23.74^{+1.13}_{-0.98}\right)^{\circ}$$

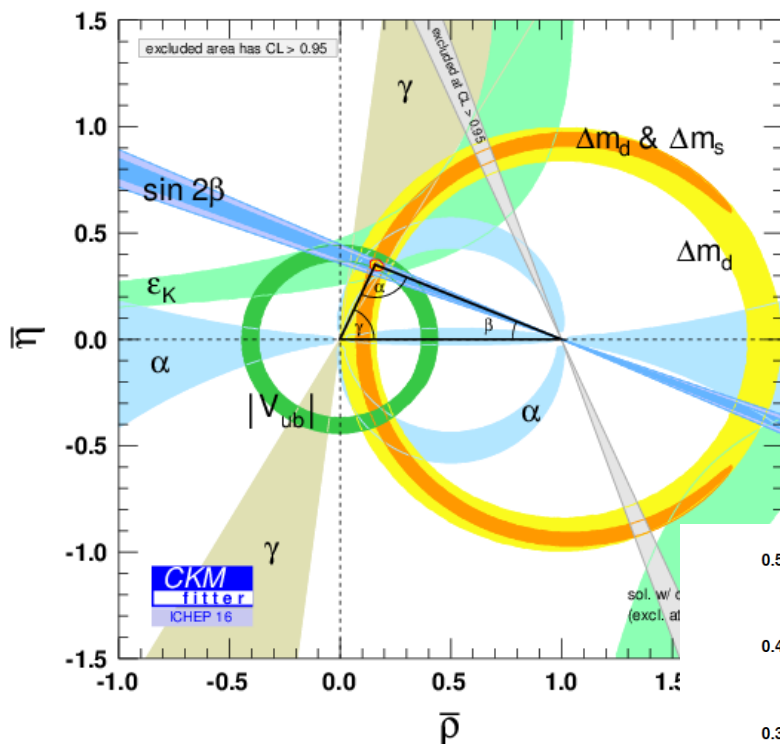
$$\left(65.9^{+0.96}_{-2.54}\right)^{\circ}$$

$$-0.0370 \pm 0.0006$$

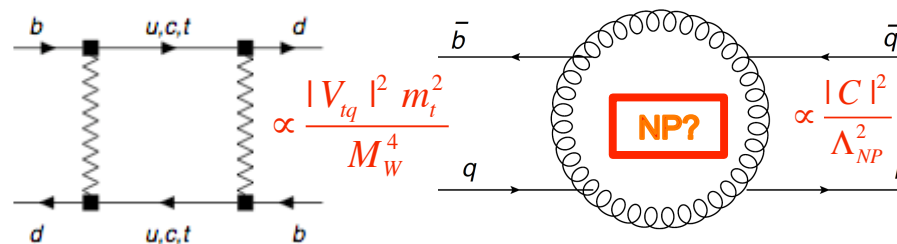
Is there room for New Physics?

All is well with the CKM picture at $O(10\%)$ level:

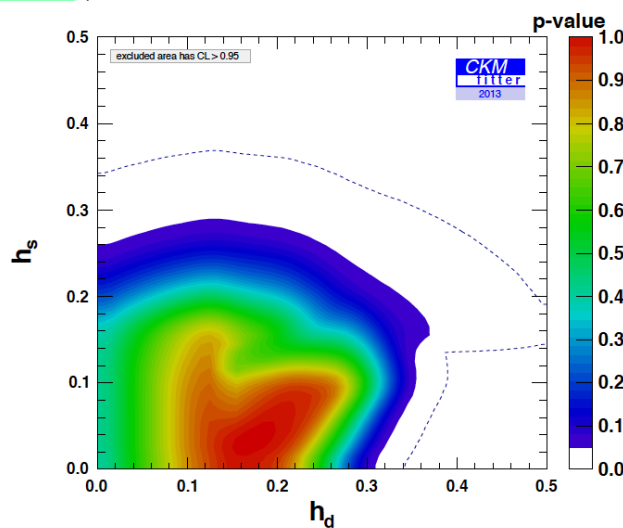
For New Physics through Mixing



Constraint on
NP/SM
amplitude
See (*arXiv:*
1309.2293)



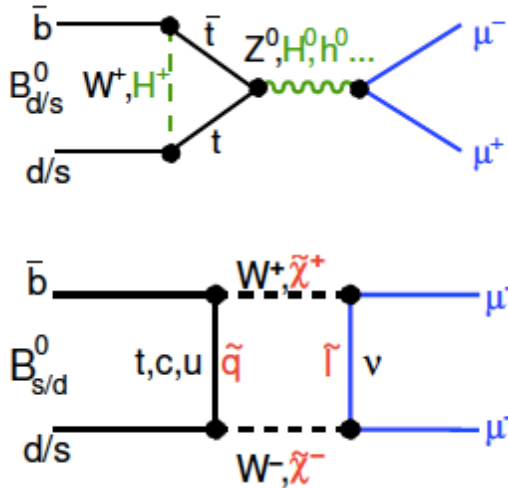
$$M_{12} = M_{12}^{\text{SM}} \times (1 + h e^{2i\sigma})$$



for $C = 1$

$\Lambda_{NP} \gg 10^3 \text{ TeV}$

Search for New Physics with *very rare processes*

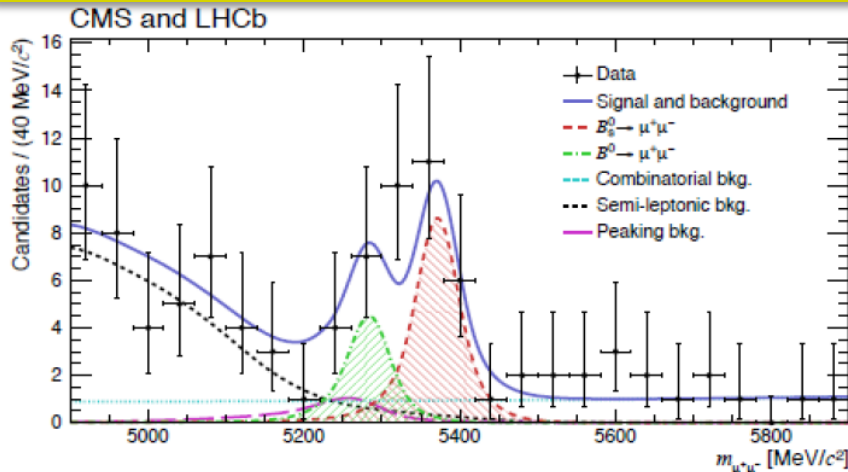


$$SM : Br(B_s^0 \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) = (3.66 \pm 0.23) \times 10^{-9}$$

Observation by LHCb & CMS Run -1
consistent with SM

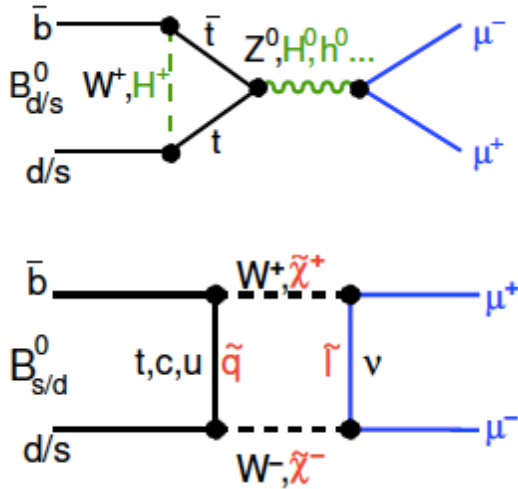
$$Br(B_s^0 \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) = (2.8_{-0.6}^{+0.7}) \times 10^{-9} \quad 6.2\sigma$$

$$Br(B_s^0 \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) = (3.9_{-1.4}^{+1.6}) \times 10^{-10}$$

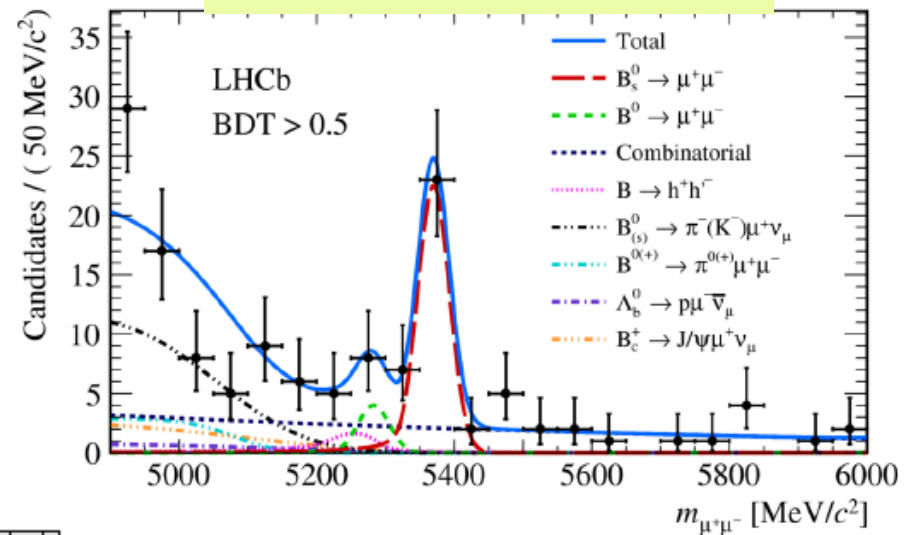


$$ATLAS : Br(B_s^0 \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) = (0.9_{-0.8}^{+1.1}) \times 10^{-9}$$

Search for New Physics with *very rare processes*

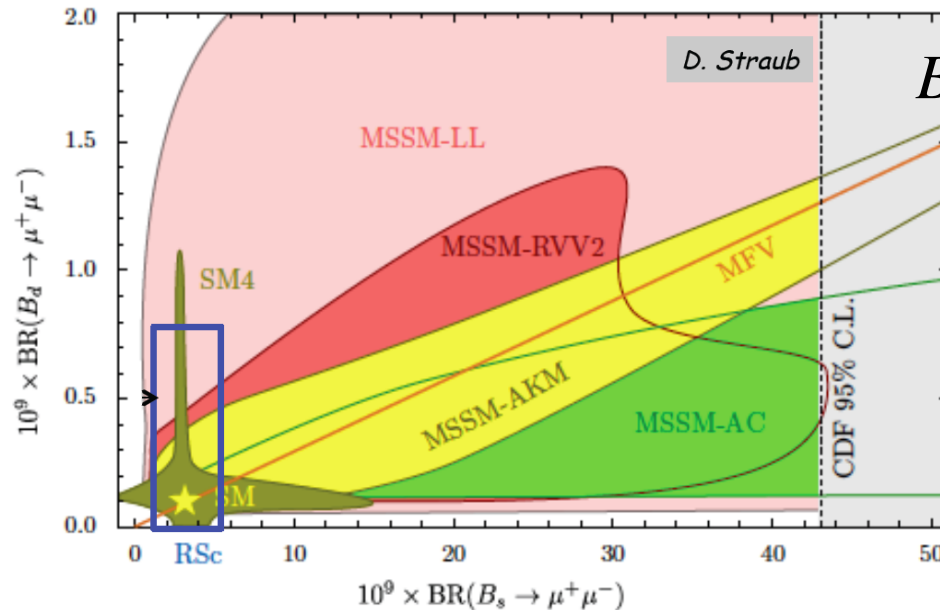


LHCb observation with
Run1+ 1.4 fb⁻¹ of Run 2



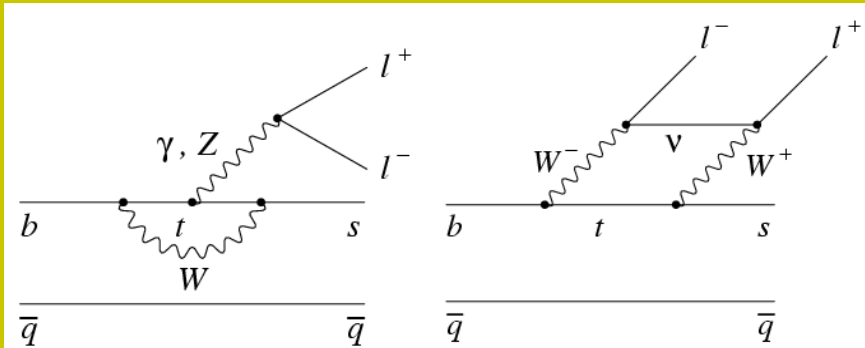
$$Br(B_s^0 \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) = (3.0 \pm 0.6^{+0.3}_{-0.2}) \times 10^{-9}$$

7.8 σ



$$SM : Br(B_s^0 \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) = (3.66 \pm 0.23) \times 10^{-9}$$

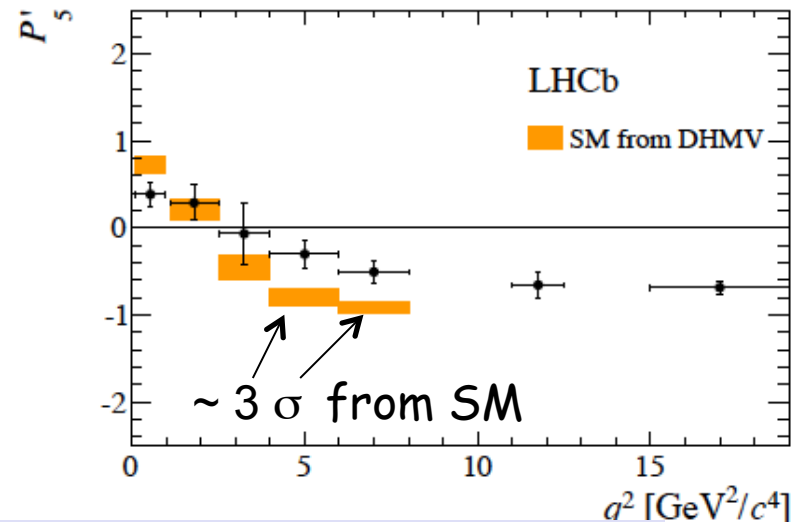
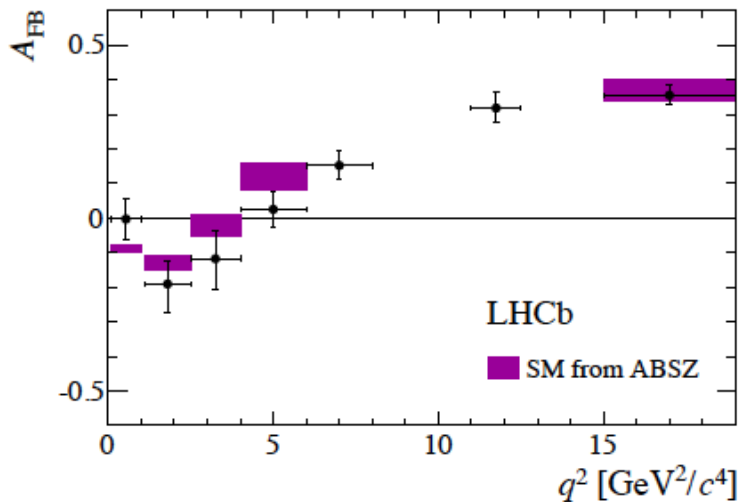
Search for New Physics with *very rare processes*



Several observables- sensitive to New Physics- extracted from differential rates.

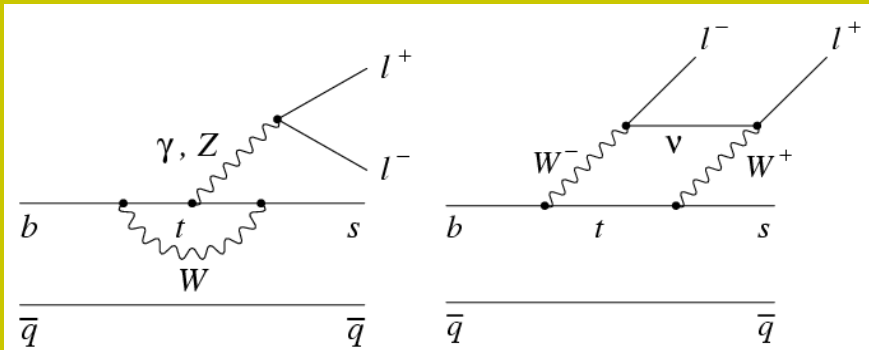
Precise measurements from LHCb dominate this channel. including tests of Lepton Flavor Universality:
Some intriguing results

First full angular analysis of $B \rightarrow K^{*0} \mu^+ \mu^-$ performed with LHCb Run 1 data:



Overall compatibility of LHCb results with SM $\sim 3.4 \sigma$

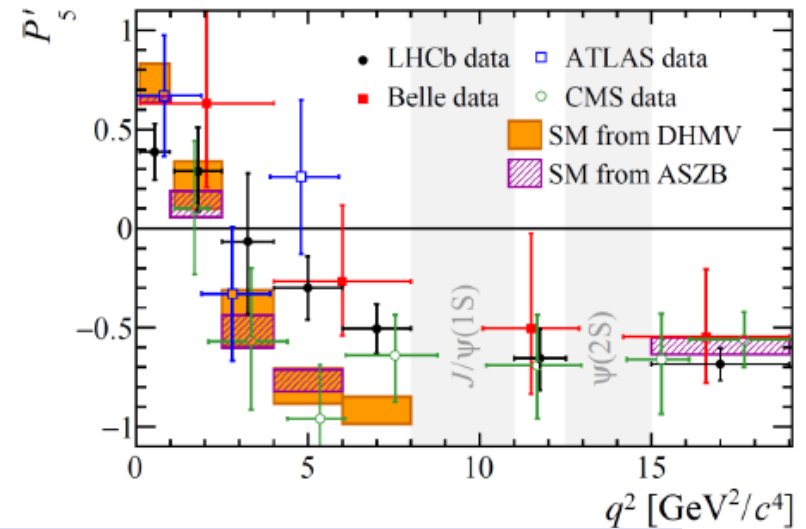
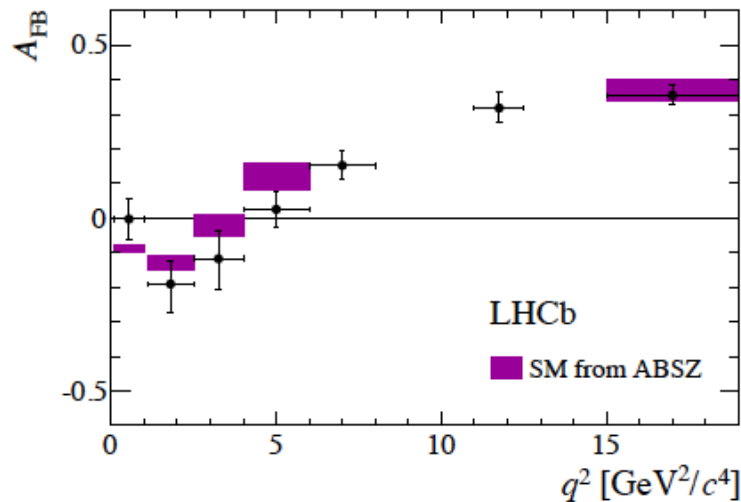
Search for New Physics with *very rare processes*



Several observables- sensitive to New Physics- extracted from differential rates.

Precise measurements from LHCb dominate this channel. including tests of Lepton Flavor Universality:
Some intriguing results

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Tests of Lepton Flavor Universality (1)

$$R_H = \frac{\int \frac{d\Gamma(B \rightarrow H \mu^+ \mu^-)}{dq^2} dq^2}{\int \frac{d\Gamma(B \rightarrow H e^+ e^-)}{dq^2} dq^2}$$

Within SM at high precision $R_{K^{(*)}} = 1.0$

LHCb

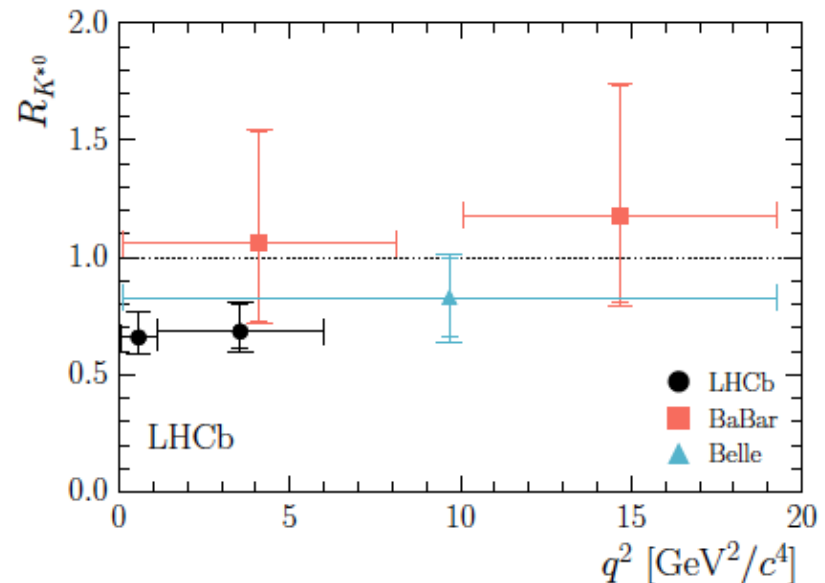
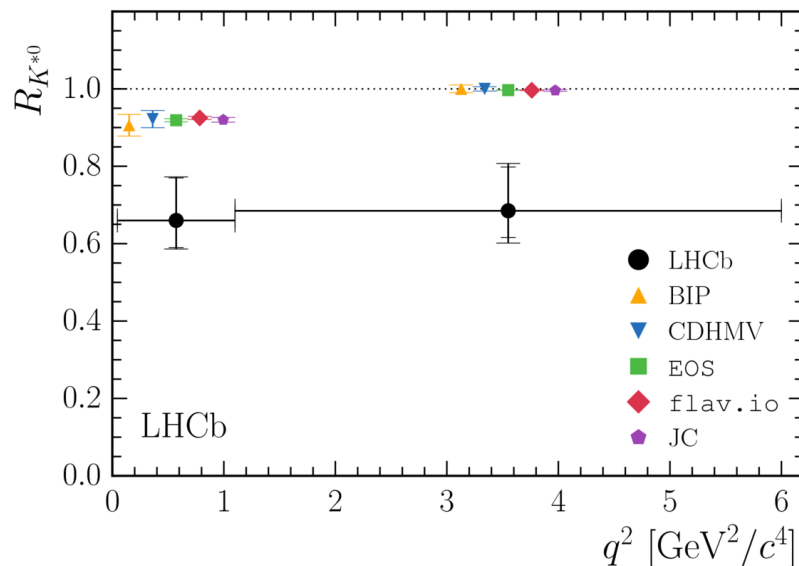
$$R_K = 0.745^{+0.090}_{-0.074} \pm 0.036$$

Within 2.6 σ of SM

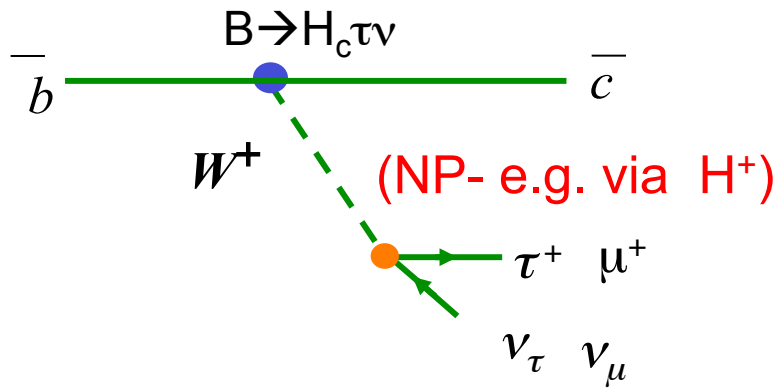
$$R_{K^*} = 0.660^{+0.110}_{-0.070} \pm 0.024 \text{ low-} q^2$$

$$R_{K^*} = 0.685^{+0.113}_{-0.069} \pm 0.047 \text{ high-} q^2$$

Within 2.1-2.3 σ & 2.4-2.5 σ of SM



Tests of Lepton Flavor Universality (2)



In SM, decays to μ & τ differ only due to their mass differences

The key observables:

$$R(D^{(*)}) = \frac{B(\bar{B} \rightarrow D^{(*)} \tau \bar{\nu})}{B(\bar{B} \rightarrow D^{(*)} \mu \bar{\nu})}$$

$$R(J / \psi) = \frac{B(B_c^+ \rightarrow J / \psi \tau^+ \bar{\nu})}{B(B_c^+ \rightarrow J / \psi \mu^+ \bar{\nu})}$$

- These are theoretically very “clean”; computed in HQFT or LQCD
- **Form-Factor Uncertainties largely cancel**

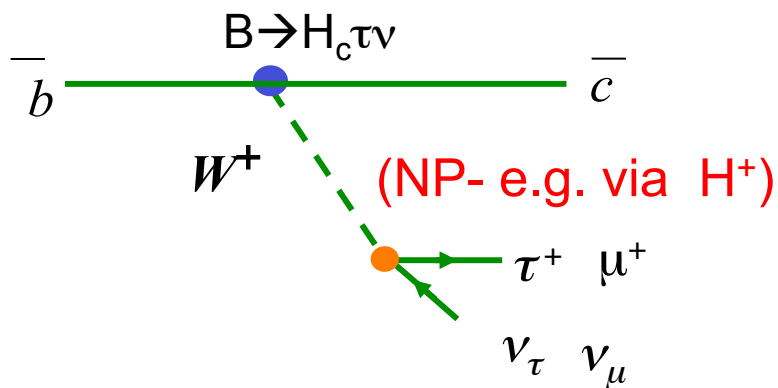
$$R(D) = 0.300 \pm 0.008 \quad \text{H. Na et al., (LQCD)}$$

$$R(D^*) = 0.252 \pm 0.003 \quad \text{S. Fajfer et al (HQET)}$$

$$R(J / \psi) = 0.25 - 0.28$$

Uncertainties partly due to contribution of scalar form factors-
helicity suppressed contributions that are negligible for e & μ channels

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Hints of deviation from these predictions first seen by BaBar

- These are theoretically very “clean”, computed
- **Form-Factor Uncertainties largely cancel**

$$R(D) = 0.300 \pm 0.008$$

H. Na et al., (LQCD),

$$R(D^*) = 0.252 \pm 0.003$$

S. Fajfer et al (HQET)

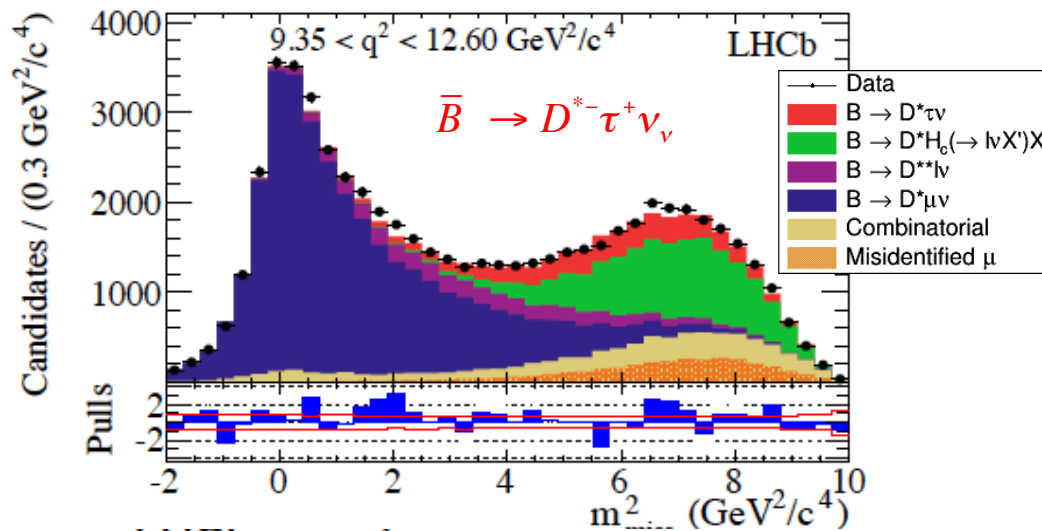
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Uncertainties partly due to contribution of scalar form factors- helicity suppressed contributions that are negligible for e & μ channels

2015

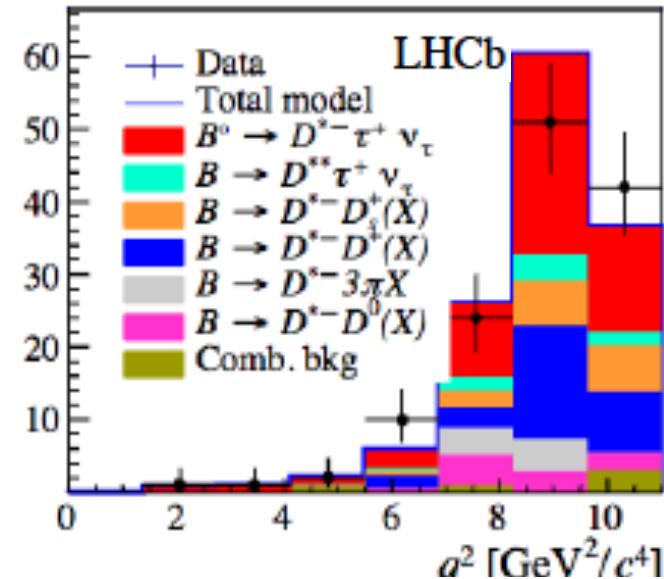
All with Run 1 Data- so far

2017



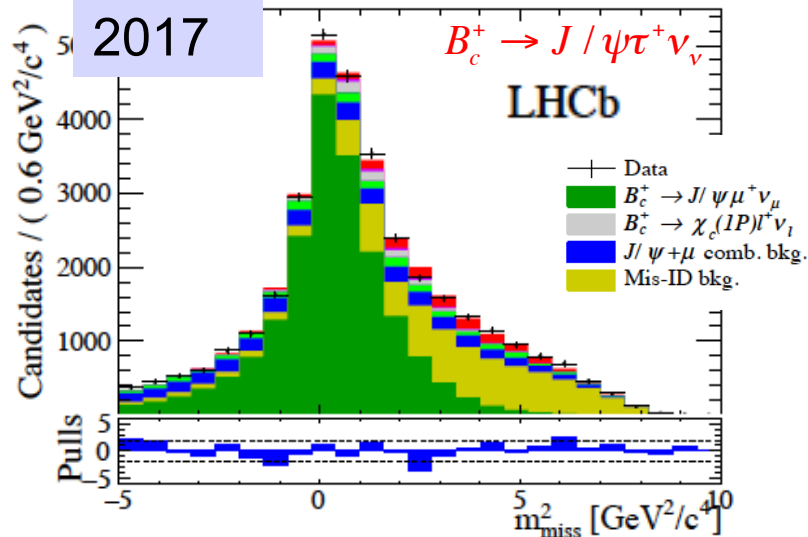
- LHCb muonic

$$R(D^{*}) = 0.336 \pm 0.027 \pm 0.030$$

Within 2.1 σ of SM

- LHCb hadronic

$$R(D^{*}) = 0.285 \pm 0.019 \pm 0.025 \pm 0.013$$

Within 1 σ of SM

$$B_c^+ \rightarrow J/\psi \tau^+ \nu_\tau$$

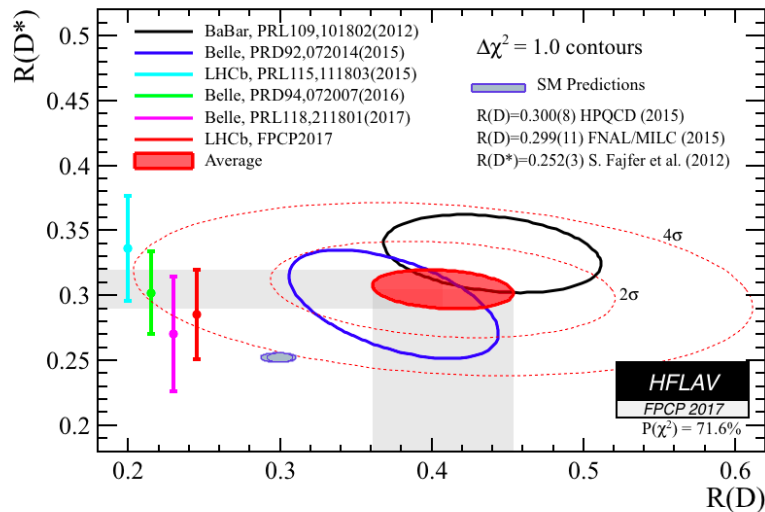
$$B_c^+ \rightarrow \psi(2S) l^+ \nu_l$$

$$B_c^+ \rightarrow J/\psi H_c^+$$

$$J/\psi \text{ comb. bkg.}$$

$$R(J/\psi) = 0.71 \pm 0.17 \pm 0.18$$

Within 2 σ of SM



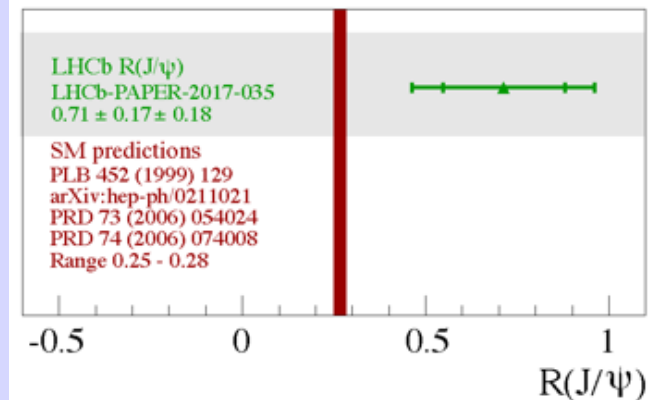
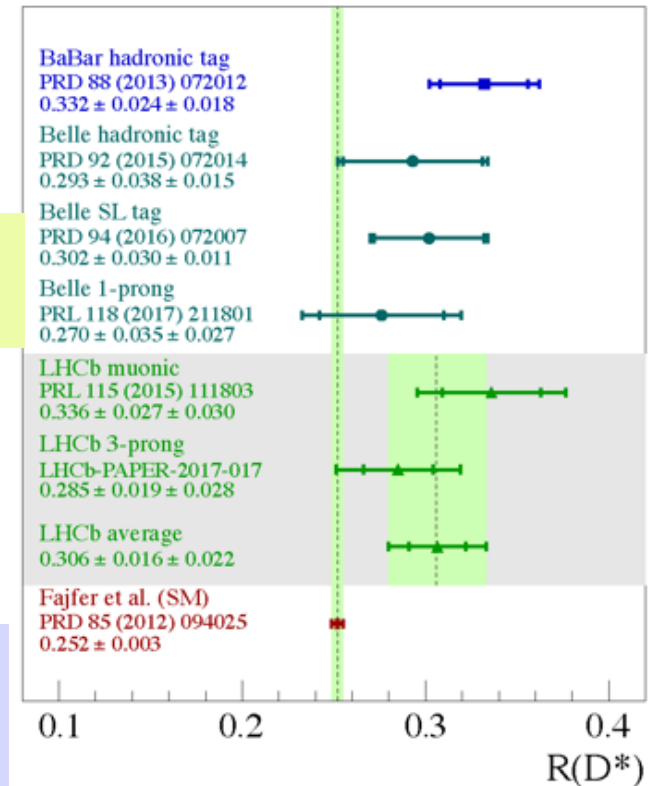
4.1 σ tension with LFU/SM

➤ Several Intriguing results: away from SM in the same direction.

➤ No single measurement is yet at or beyond 3 sigma away from SM

➤ Too early to consider LFU in serious trouble

➤ Several theoretical scenarios- e.g. models with leptoquarks- can accommodate the data.

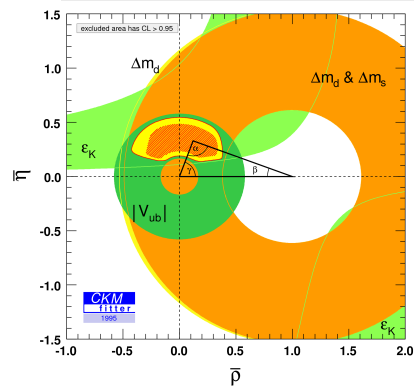


Future

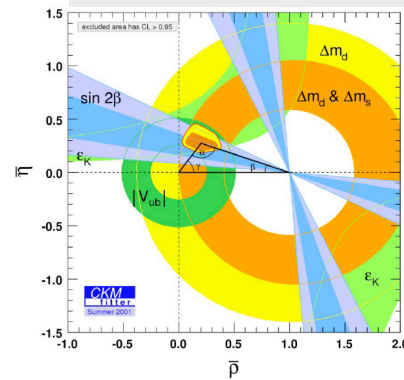
Toward precision Flavor Physics

CKM and Rare Decays & much more

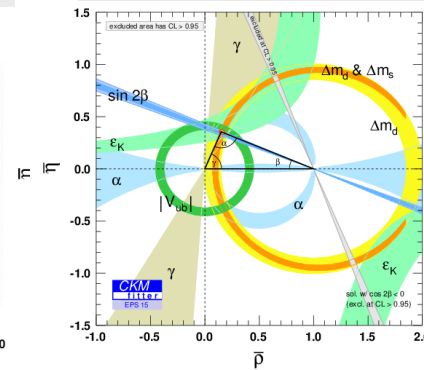
Last century



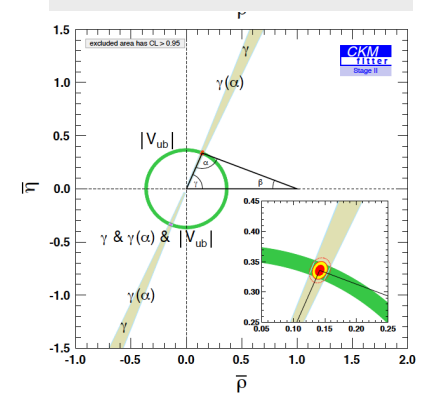
2001



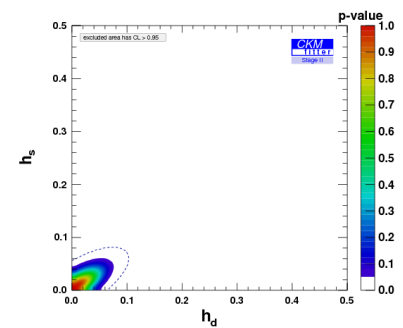
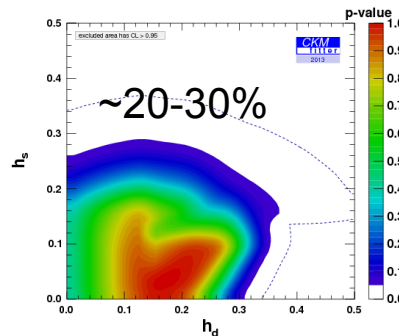
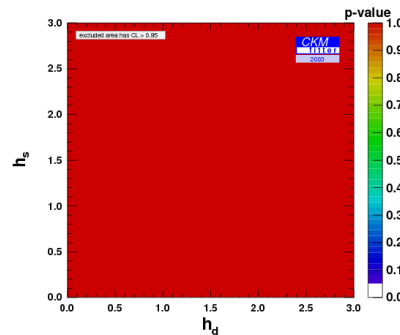
Today



2025+



Constraint on
NP/SM
amplitude
See (*arXiv:*
1309.2293)



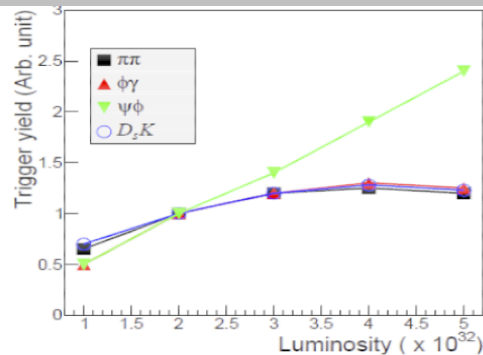
Upgrade-I: LHCb upgrade (Near Future)

- The upgrade is aimed at a data set of 50 fb^{-1} , with sensitivity to set strong constraints on NP & potential to reveal evidence for it.
 - The LHCb program has unique capability in the B^0_s sector, as well as the B_c & B-baryons, and extremely high statistical power in key exclusive & semi-inclusive B decays, and the charm system.
- The upgrade is designed to run at luminosity of $(1-2) \times 10^{33} \text{ cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$.
 - $\mathcal{L} \times t_{\text{LHC-running}} \sim 5 \text{ fb}^{-1}/\text{year}$
 - All sub-detectors must be compatible with $2 \times 10^{33} \text{ cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$.
Major upgrade of the detector is required.

The LHCb upgrade: Trigger

High Luminosity running requires major change to the LHCb trigger scheme

Saturation of yields with 1MHz L0 limit
Must raise P_T cut to stay below 1 MHz



➔ New Trigger Approach:

- Remove L0 (hardware) trigger
- Readout the detector at the 40 MHz LHC clock rate
- Move to a fully flexible software trigger

➔ major upgrade of LHCb detector required:

- ❖ Replace all FE electronics & DAQ system
- ❖ Replace all Tracking sub-detectors
- ❖ Upgrade of RICH photo-detectors and optics

Upgrade Trigger

LHCb Upgrade Trigger Diagram

**30 MHz inelastic event rate
(full rate event building)**

Software High Level Trigger

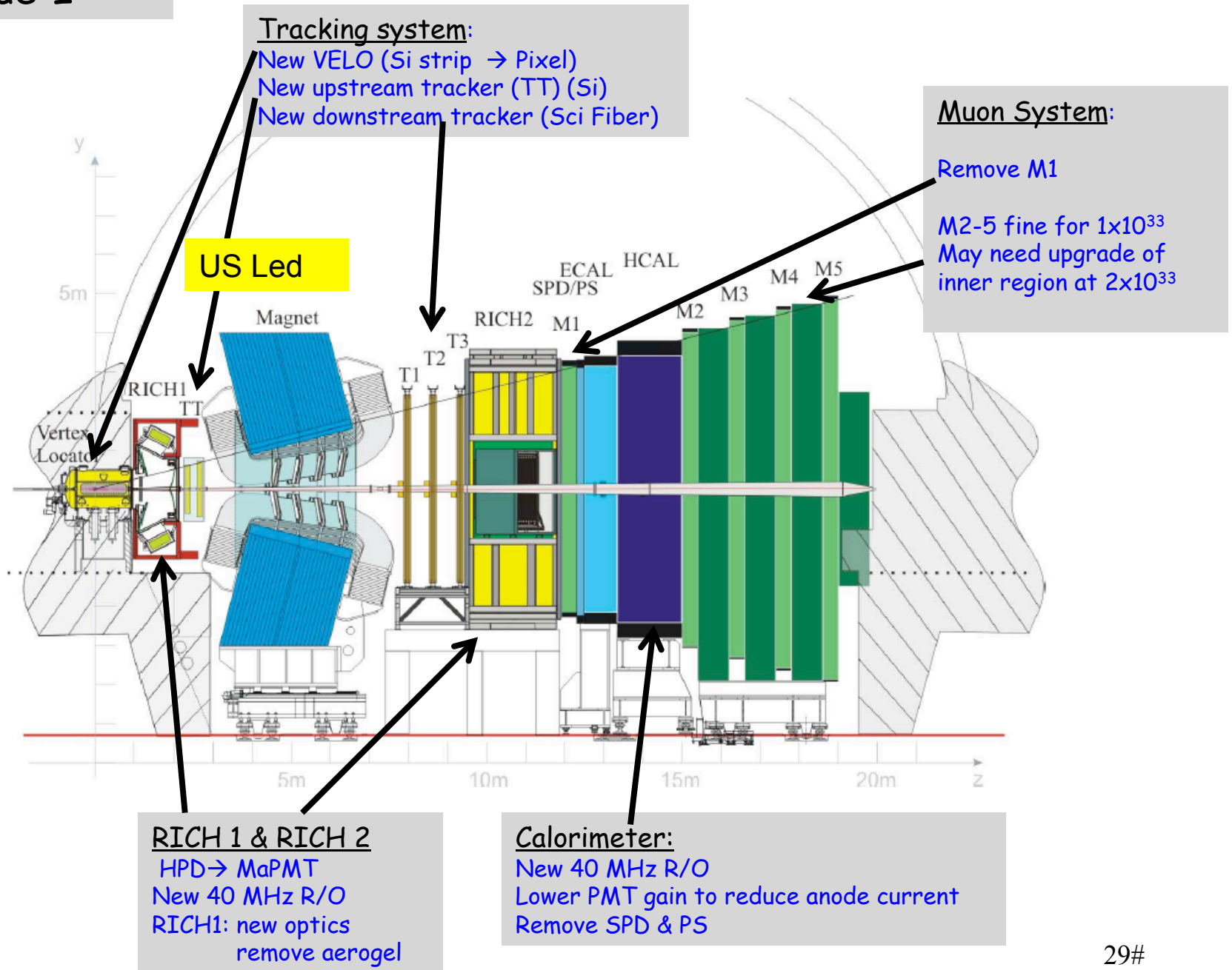
Full event reconstruction, inclusive and exclusive kinematic/geometric selections

Buffer events to disk, perform online detector calibration and alignment

Add offline precision particle identification and track quality information to selections
Output full event information for inclusive triggers, trigger candidates and related primary vertices for exclusive triggers

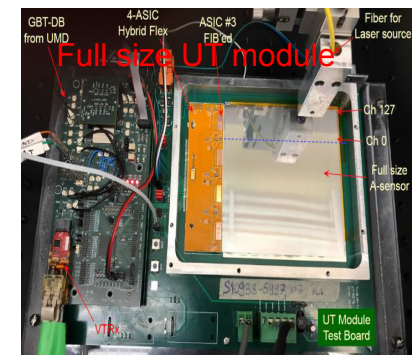
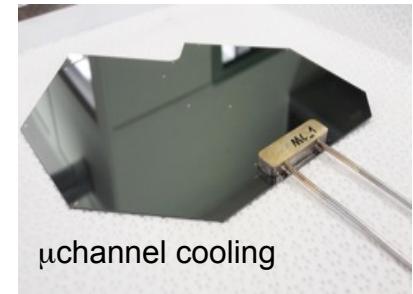
2-5 GB/s to storage

Upgrade-I

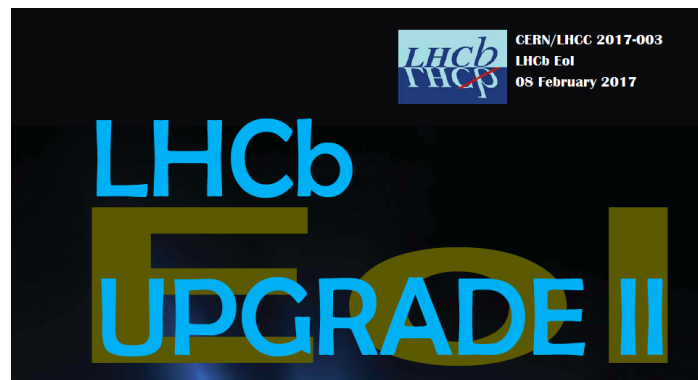
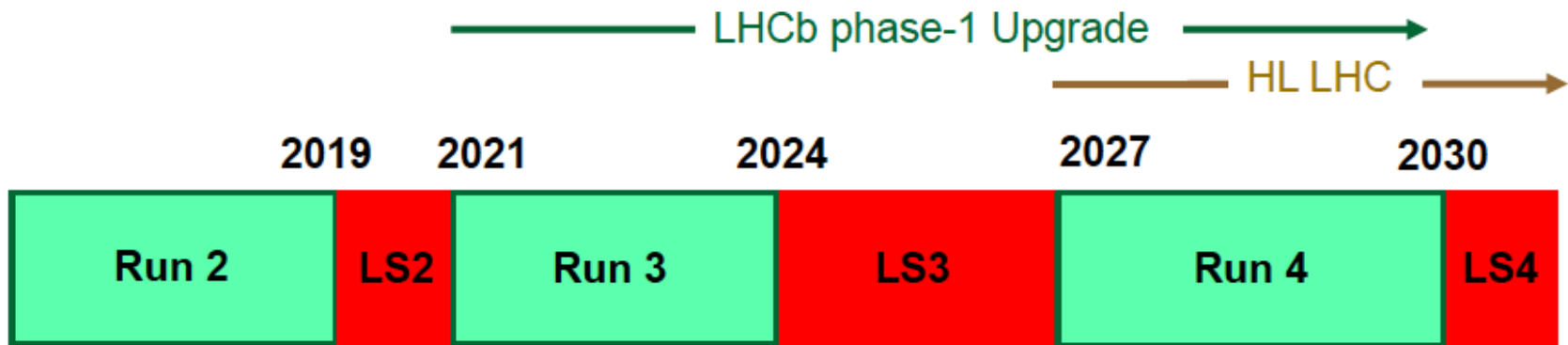


Upgrade Status

- The upgrade program is on track. All sub-detectors are in production phase. But the schedule is tight & some elements on critical path:
 - Downstream tracker: Scintillating Fibers (SciFi) modules in production : 20 modules already at CERN
 - Vertex Locator and Upstream tracks (UT): R&D on sensors, cooling and other elements finalized. Moving to production.
 - Electronics:
 - SciFi front-end, ASIC PACIFICv5, successfully produced and tested
 - FE ASICs for VELO and UT: VELOPIX and SALT are in final stages- latest submissions being evaluated
 - RICH Upgrade - HPD → MaPMT & new optics progressing well and on schedule.



Further in Future: Upgrade-II

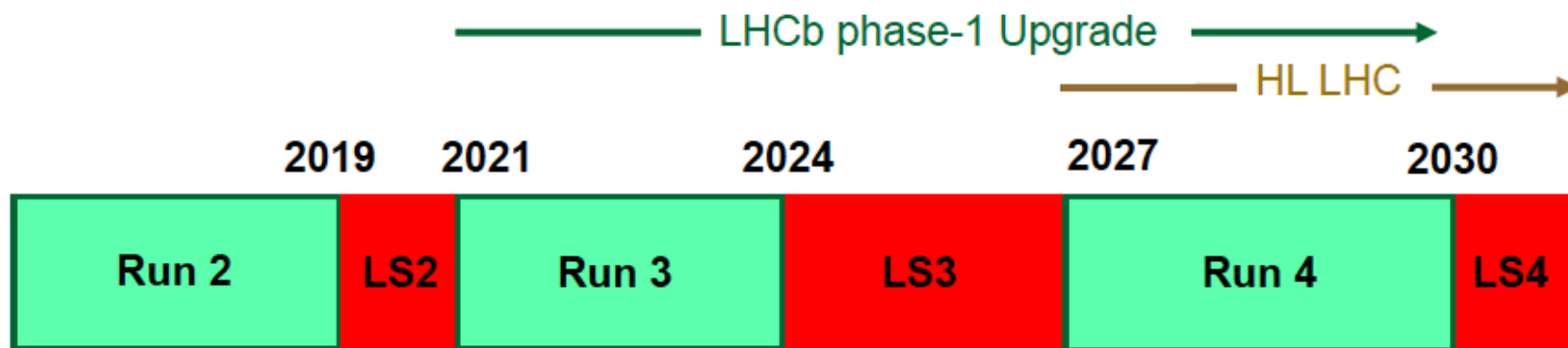


Opportunities in flavour physics,
and beyond, in the HL-LHC era

Expression of Interest

	LHC Run	Period of data taking	Maximum \mathcal{L} [$\text{cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$]	Cumulative $\int \mathcal{L} dt$ [fb^{-1}]
Current detector	1 & 2	2010–2012, 2015–2018	4×10^{32}	8
Phase-1 Upgrade	3 & 4	2021–2023, 2026–2029	2×10^{33}	50
Phase-2 Upgrade	5 \rightarrow	2031–2033, 2035 \rightarrow	2×10^{34}	300

Further in Future: Upgrade-II

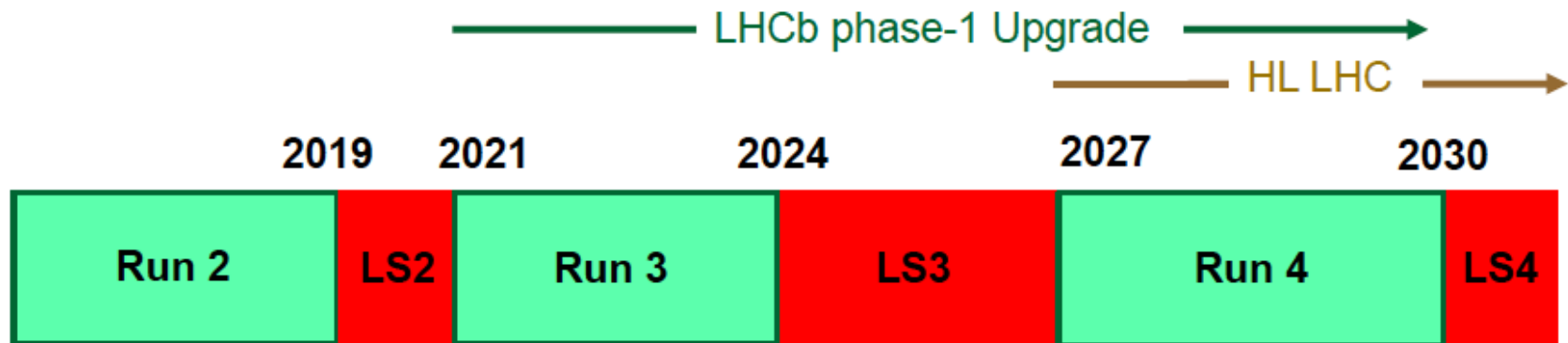


Expression-of-Interest submitted for LHCb Upgrade-II

Major challenges for LHC & LHCb at peak Luminosity of $2 \times 10^{34} \text{ /cm}^2\text{/s}$:

- Current studies indicate 2×10^{34} is possible with changes to IP optics (β^* reduction) & shielding. Triplet lifetime may limit integ. Lum. to $\sim 300 \text{ fb}^{-1}$
- At Int/crossing ~ 50 (vs 1.1 now) & Track Multiplicity as high as 3500:
 - Will need a new tracking system & thinner pixels with finer granularity & time measurements in VELO
 - Improved PID & Calorimetry (with fine granularity- e.g. SiW)

Further in Future: Upgrade-II



Expression-of-Interest submitted for LHCb Upgrade-II

- A comprehensive measurement programme of observables in a wide range of $b \rightarrow sl^+l^-$ and $b \rightarrow dl^+l^-$ transitions, many not accessible in the current experiment or Phase-I Upgrade, employing both muon and electron modes;
- Measurements of the CP -violating phases γ and ϕ_s with a precision of 0.4° and 3 mrad , respectively;
- Measurement of $R \equiv \mathcal{B}(B^0 \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-)/\mathcal{B}(B_s^0 \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-)$ with an uncertainty of 20%, and the first precise measurements of associated $B_s^0 \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$ observables;
- A wide-ranging set of lepton-universality tests in $b \rightarrow cl^-\bar{\nu}_l$ decays, exploiting the full range of b -hadrons;
- CP -violation studies in charm with 10^{-5} precision.

Summary

- Flavor physics remains one of the primary drivers of the search for New Physics beyond SM, complementing the direct searches.
 - The current data is consistent with the Standard Model, setting severe constraints on scenarios of New Physics Beyond SM, but many stones remain unturned.
 - There are some areas of tensions with SM, waiting for more precise measurements. Lepton Flavor Universality under examination.
- LHCb has been smoothly operating during Run 2- tripled the available statistics of the b-hadron sample & more to come.
 - The current physics output has already left a major mark on the search for New Physics through precise CKM measurements and rare flavor processes. And many new states (in SM) found.
 - Development of the LHCb upgrade-I is progressing well. All elements are in production phase now.
 - EOI submitted for Upgrade-II, aimed at a dataset of $\sim 300 \text{ fb}^{-1}$