

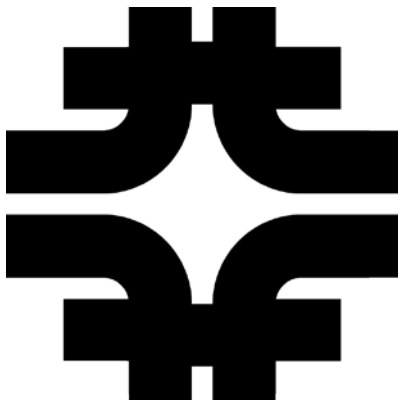
# CMS and LHC Report

All Experimenters' Meeting

Kevin Pedro

(FNAL)

September 11, 2017



# LHC Schedule

- Approaching: third machine development, then second technical stop
- LHC delivering  $\sim 2 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  per week
- This week: high-PU runs (individual  $\mu=240$ , 8b4e  $\mu=125$ , 25ns trains  $\mu=73$ )
- Post-MD3/TS2:  $\beta^* = 30\text{cm}$ ? (currently 40cm)  $\rightarrow$  push peak lumi to 19 Hz/nb

	July			Aug				Sep					
Wk	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39
Mo	3	10	17	24	31	7	14	21	28	4	11	18	25
Tu				MD 2								TS2	
We	TS1			VdM run						Jeune G			
Th													
Fr											MD 3		
Sa													
Su													

We are here

## CERN Accelerators and Schedules

	Oct			Nov				Dec					
Wk	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52
Mo	2	9	16	23	30	6	13	20	27	4	11	18	Xmas 25
Tu													
We				MD 4									
Th													
Fr													
Sa													
Su													

End of run  
[06.00]

# LHC Performance

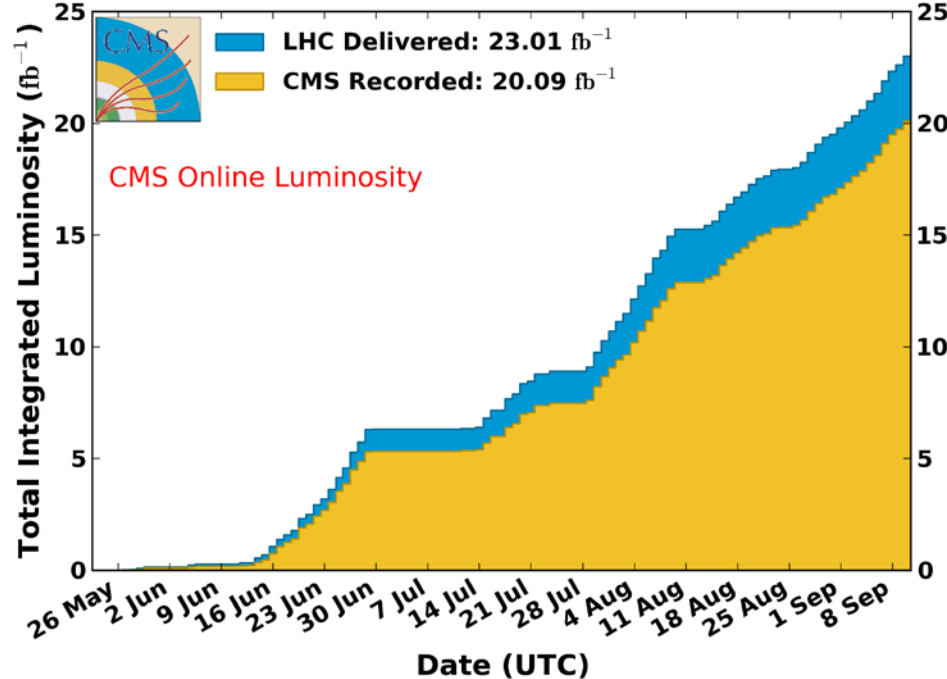
[CMS LumiPublicResults](#)



“The Gruffalo” – beam losses in 16L2 section of LHC (between ALICE and ATLAS)

**CMS Integrated Luminosity, pp, 2017,  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV**

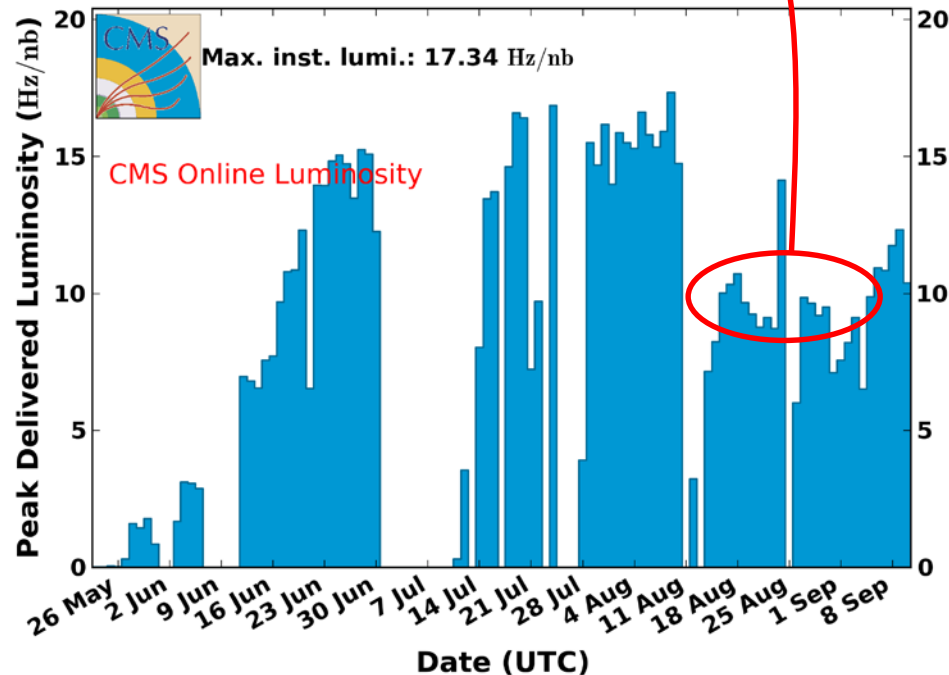
Data included from 2017-05-23 14:32 to 2017-09-10 19:05 UTC



- Beam losses seem intensity-related
- Now using “8b4e” scheme
- Seems to enable 1900 bunches (previously limited to 1500)
- Can still get  $\sim 35$  fb<sup>-1</sup> this year

**CMS Peak Luminosity Per Day, pp, 2017,  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV**

Data included from 2017-05-23 14:32 to 2017-09-10 19:05 UTC

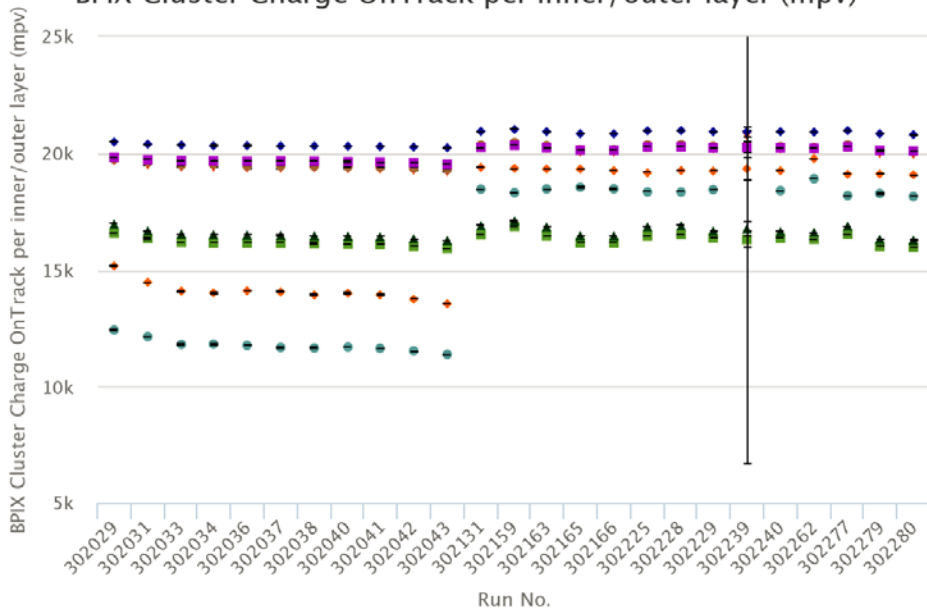


# CMS Status

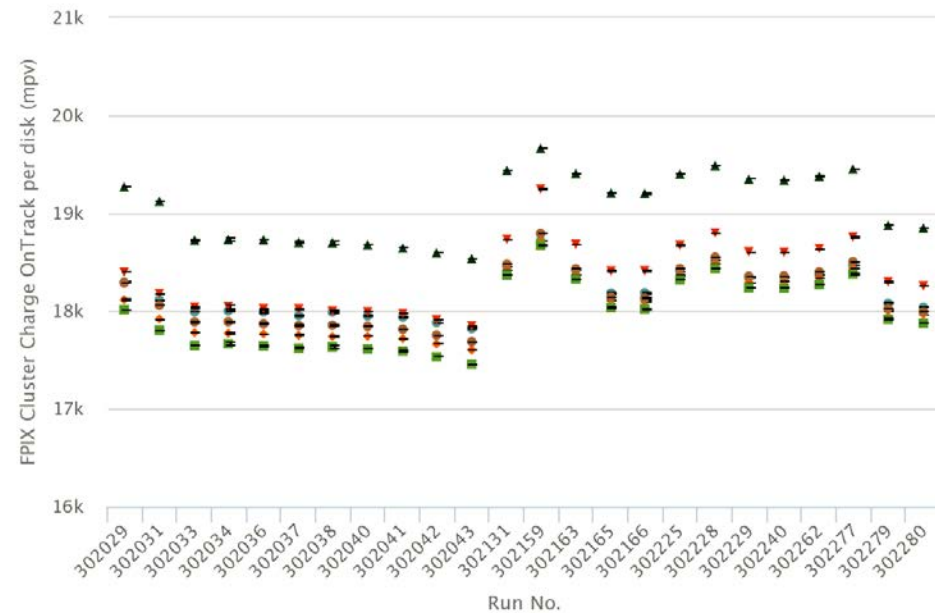
- 95% data-taking efficiency in past couple weeks
- Certified for physics: 13.88 fb<sup>-1</sup> / 16.73 fb<sup>-1</sup> recorded (through Aug 29)  
(more will certainly be recovered)
- Updated BPIX and FPIX voltage settings to recover cluster charge



BPIX Cluster Charge OnTrack per inner/outer layer (mpv)



FPIX Cluster Charge OnTrack per disk (mpv)



● Inner Layer 1    ● Outer Layer 1    ■ Inner Layer 2    ▲ Outer Layer 2  
▼ Inner Layer 3    ● Outer Layer 3    ● Inner Layer 4    ■ Outer Layer 4

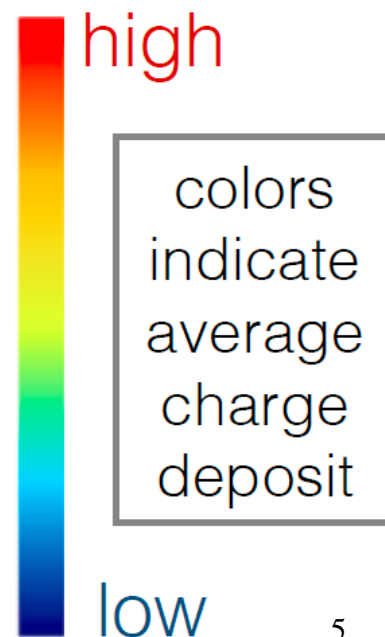
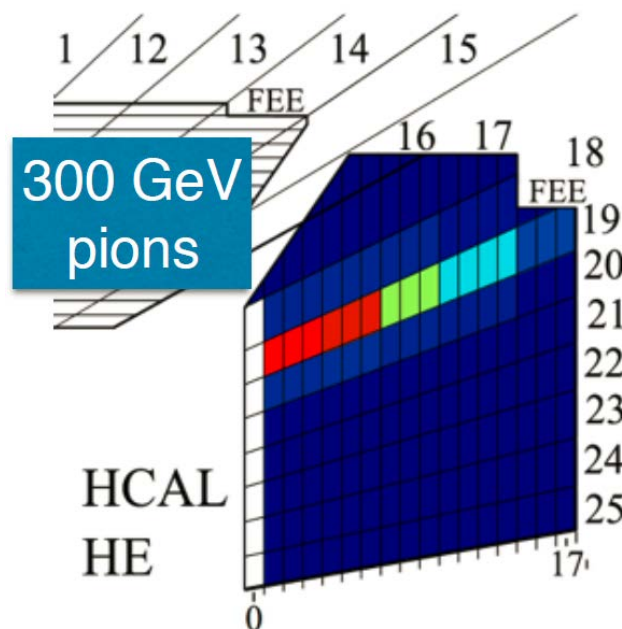
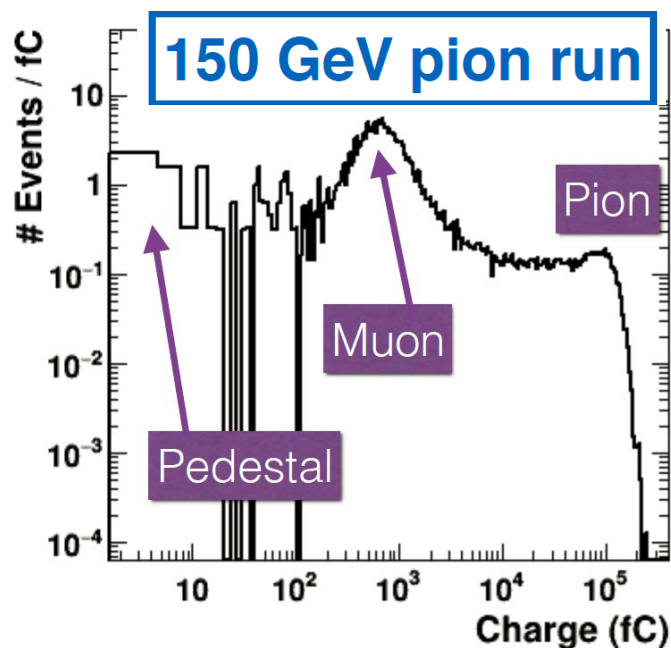
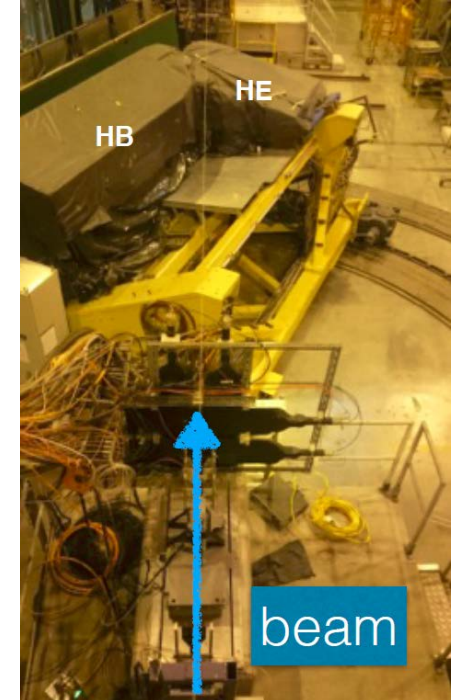
● Disk -3    ● Disk -2    ■ Disk -1    ▲ Disk +3    ▼ Disk +2    ● Disk +1

# CMS Test Beam

- Conducted at CERN, July 19 – Aug 2
- Investigate production system for HE upgrade
- Test prototype for HB upgrade
- Obtained SiPM data with pions, muons, electrons; analysis ongoing

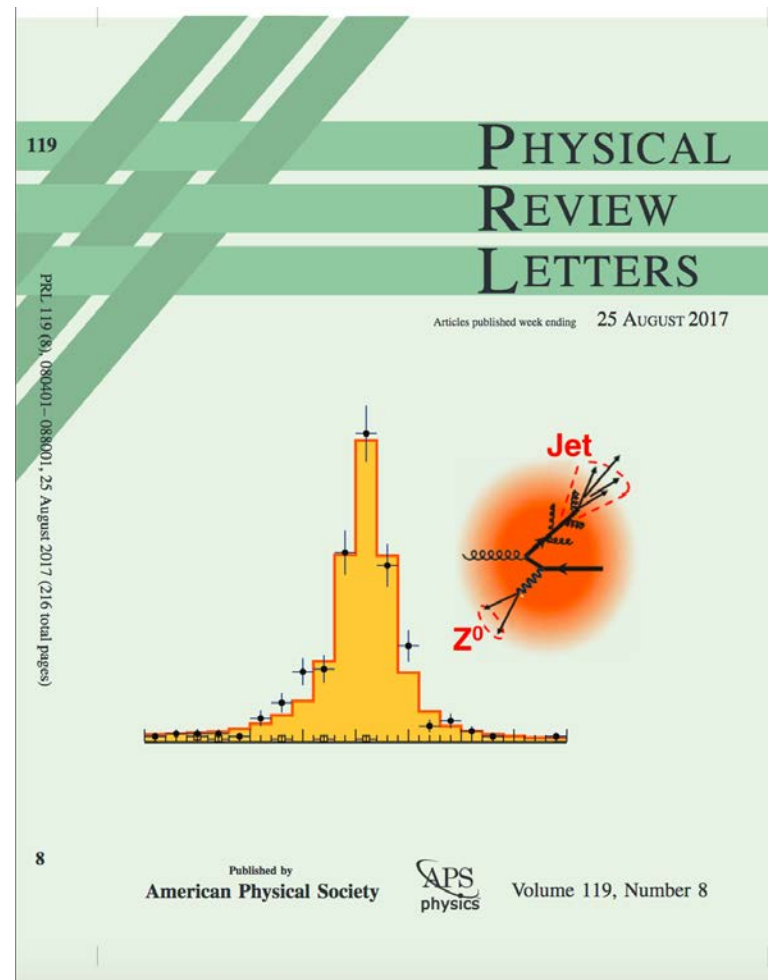
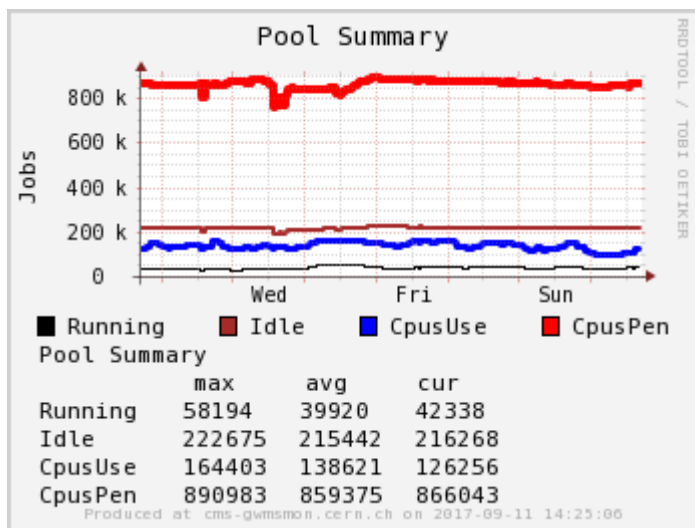


- Up next: pixel test beam at FNAL!
- Aimed at Phase 2, using Phase 1 hardware
- Preparatory workshop held Aug 23–25 at LPC



# Physics & Computing

- Data and MC processing: plenty of pressure
  - Legacy re-reco of 2016 data ( $36 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ ) restarting
  - 2017 MC campaign ongoing
  - 2017 early data re-reco beginning
- Cover of PRL!
  - Study of jet quenching with  $Z$ +jet correlations in Pb-Pb and pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s_{\text{NN}}} = 5.02 \text{ TeV}$
  - Synopsis: <https://physics.aps.org/synopsis-for/10.1103/PhysRevLett.119.082301>



Backup

# 16L2 Problem

## Current understanding

With the very large release of gas during the beam screen warm-up it became clear that a large amount of gas in the system is an important part of the problem. During the pumping of sector 12 after the EYETS (in March 2017) both beam pipes were connected to a common pump at the location 16L2 (8 points were used to pump the sector and 16L2 was one of them). A mechanical or procedural problem at this time could have let air into the system (both beams at 16L2). Seems very likely the fundamental cause.

The current best hypothesis is that there is frozen  $N_2$  and  $O_2$  on the beam screen. Flakes of these can be moved into the beam due to their magnetic properties especially when the magnetic fields are changing during the ramp. A solid flake in the beam leads to losses and instabilities. At the moment it is thought that e-cloud or synchrotron radiation do not play an important role in the mechanism.

