

Elementary targets/elementary amplitudes workshop

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NUSTEC board meeting

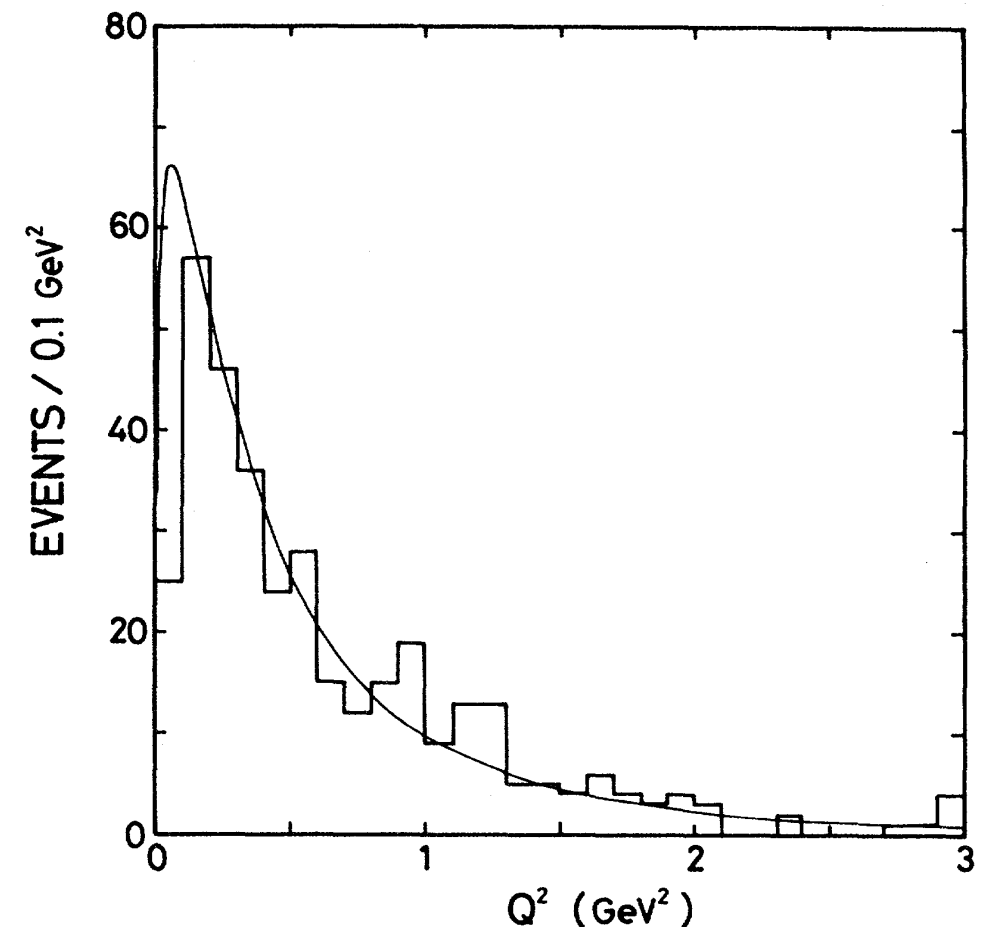
16 November, 2017

“Elementary amplitudes for the neutrino scattering program”

- INT, Seattle
- ~2.5 days during the week of June 25-29, 2018 (TBC)
- w/ M. Betancourt (FNAL), S. Pastore (LANL)
- part of a larger INT program “fundamental physics with electroweak probes of light nuclei” (June 12 - July 13)
organized by S. Bacca (Mainz/TRIUMF), RJH, D. Phillips (Ohio), S. Pastore (LANL)

Elementary amplitudes workshop: **motivation**

- neutrino nucleus cross sections rely on nucleon-level inputs
- critical inputs rely on 70's era bubble chamber data:
pioneering but not designed to underpin today's neutrino program
- e.g. neutrino-neutron CCQE:
about 3K events in world data



Fermilab 15-foot deuterium bubble chamber, PRD 28, 436 (1983)

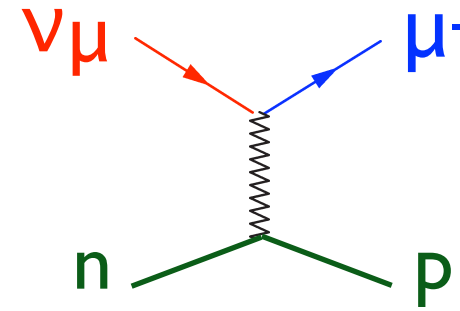
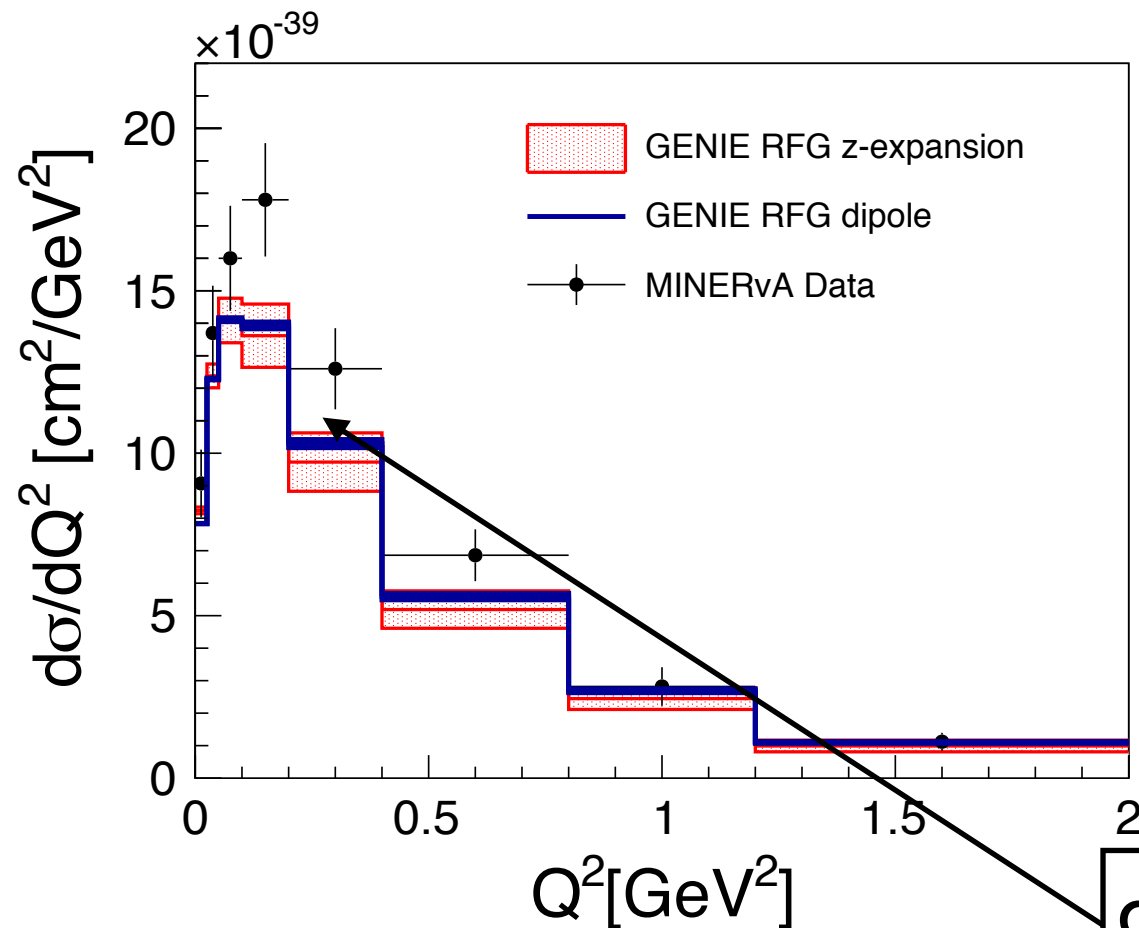
ANL 12-foot deuterium bubble chamber, PRD 26, 537 (1982)

BNL 7-foot deuterium bubble chamber, PRD23, 2499 (1981)

Elementary amplitudes workshop: **topics**

- 1) the quantitative impact of better constraints on the elementary amplitudes
- 2) the scientific impact of a new hydrogen or deuterium target experiment
- 3) the optimal design and technical feasibility of a new hydrogen or deuterium target experiment;
- 4) constraints on the elementary amplitudes from other methods

- impact of nucleon-level uncertainties

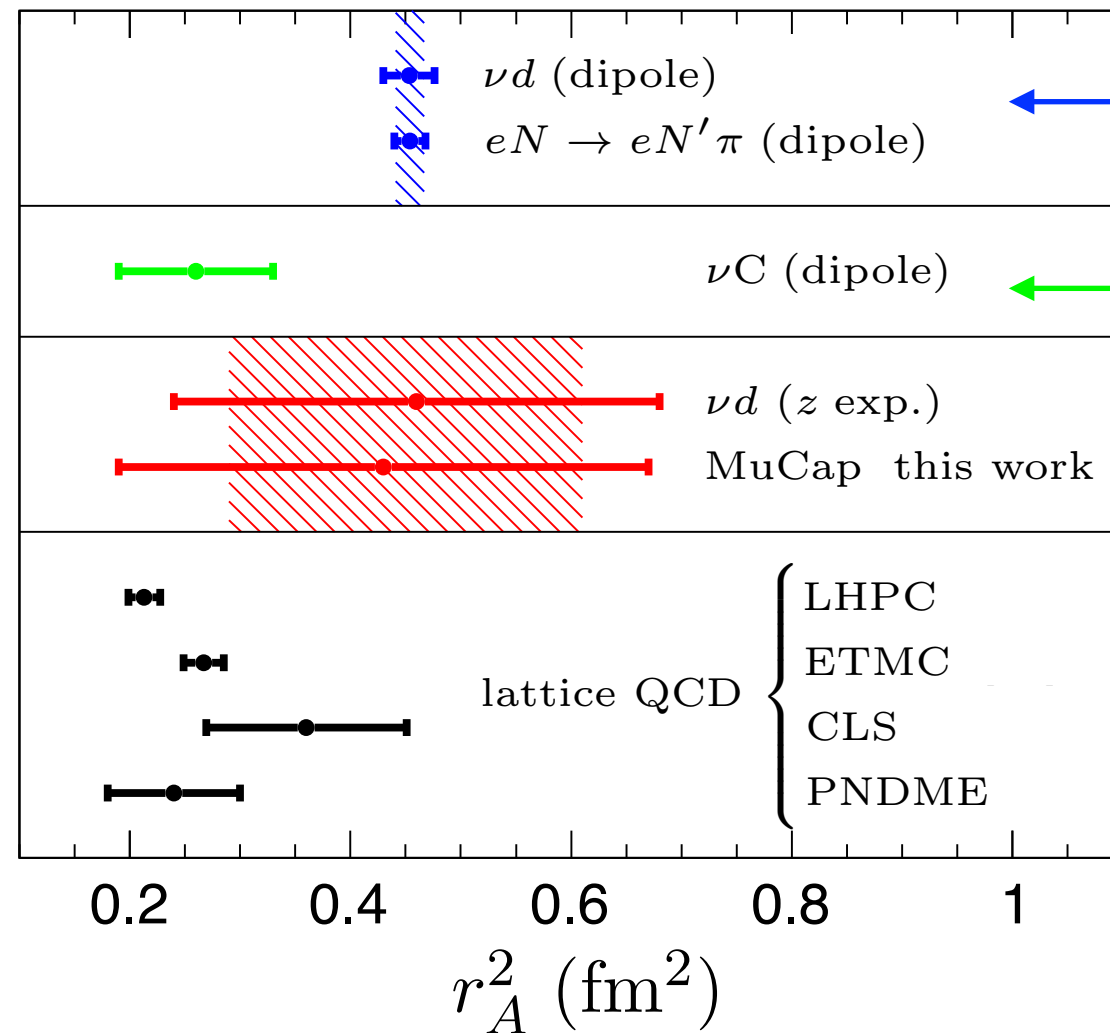
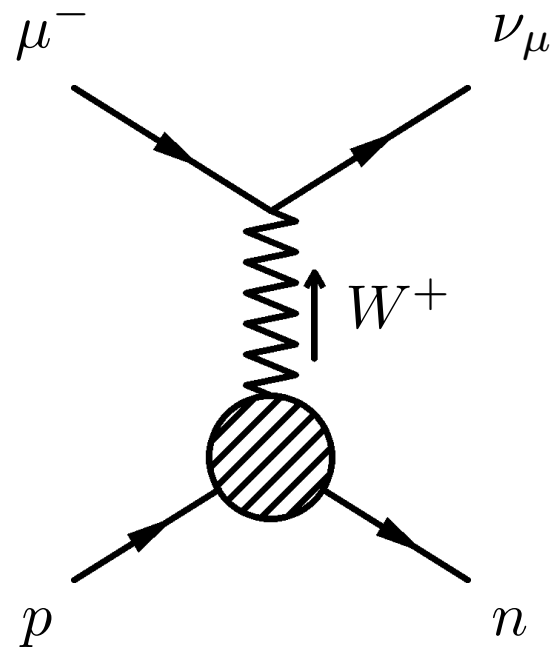


$$\sigma(\nu n \rightarrow \mu p) = |\cdots F_A(q^2) \cdots|^2$$

poorly known axial form factor

discrepancy: nucleon effects or nuclear effects ?

- complementary processes



form factor
assumption

nuclear
model
assumption

from RJH, Kammel, Marciano, Sirlin I 708.08462

lattice average: see also Yao, Alvarez-Ruso, Vicente-Vacas
I 708.08776 [$r_A^2=0.26(4) \text{ fm}^2$]