Fermilab **BENERGY** Office of Science



121.3.4 Linac – HWR (Half-Wave Resonator)

SC Acceleration Modules and Cryogenics

Zachary Conway PIP-II Director's Review 19-21 September 2017

In partnership with:

India Institutes Fermilab Collaboration Istituto Nazionale di Fisica Nucleare Science and Technology Facilities Council



Outline

- Who am I and Organization
- Half-Wave Resonator (HWR) cryomodule requirements.
- HWR cryomodule design overview.
- Scope/deliverables.
- Interface control document for the HWR cryomodule.
- Fabrication and testing status.
- FNAL ESH&Q and Argonne HSE (Health, Safety and Environment)
- Risk assessment.
- Cost.
- Future schedule.
- Summary.





Argonne National Laboratory - Accelerator Development Group:

- Designing, building and commissioning superconducting accelerators since 1977.
 - Kenneth W. Shepard still works ¹/₂ day per week and started in 1977.
- I was Ken's graduate student and have been working in the field of SRF since 2007 (date of my Ph.D.).
- My experience:
 - Superconducting resonators spanning ion/electron velocities from 0.05c to c.
 - All ancillary hardware.
 - 6 different types of superconducting resonator cryomodules operating at 2.0 or 4.5 K.
 - Superconducting accelerator commissioning.

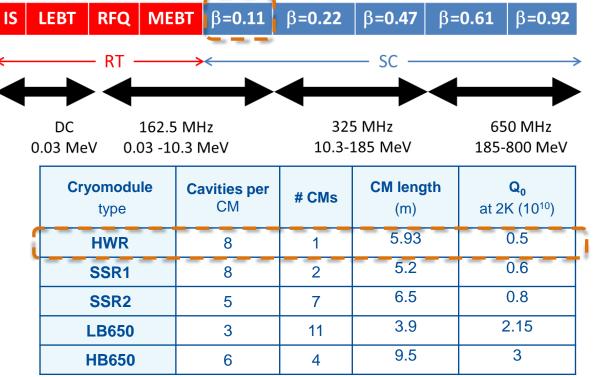


Project Organization

- Cryomodule and subcomponents designed by FNAL and ANL.
- ANL is fabricating and assembling the half-wave resonator (HWR) cryomodule.
- At ANL:
 - Group Leader = Mike Kelly.
 - Technical Lead = Zack Conway.
- FNAL:
 - Project liaison: Andrei Lunin (attends weekly status meetings at ANL and provides interface between FNAL/ANL).
 - Project Engineer: Allan Rowe



WBS 121.3.4 Linac – HWR System Req.Charge #1TC# ED0001313 Tech. Spec. for HWR Cryomodule



- The half-wave resonator (HWR) cryomodule contains 8 β = 0.11 HWRs and 8 6 T solenoids with integrated x-y dipole steering coils.
- The HWR cryomodule is planned to operate cw with a beam current of up to 2 mA to accelerate the beam from 2.1 – 10.3 MeV.



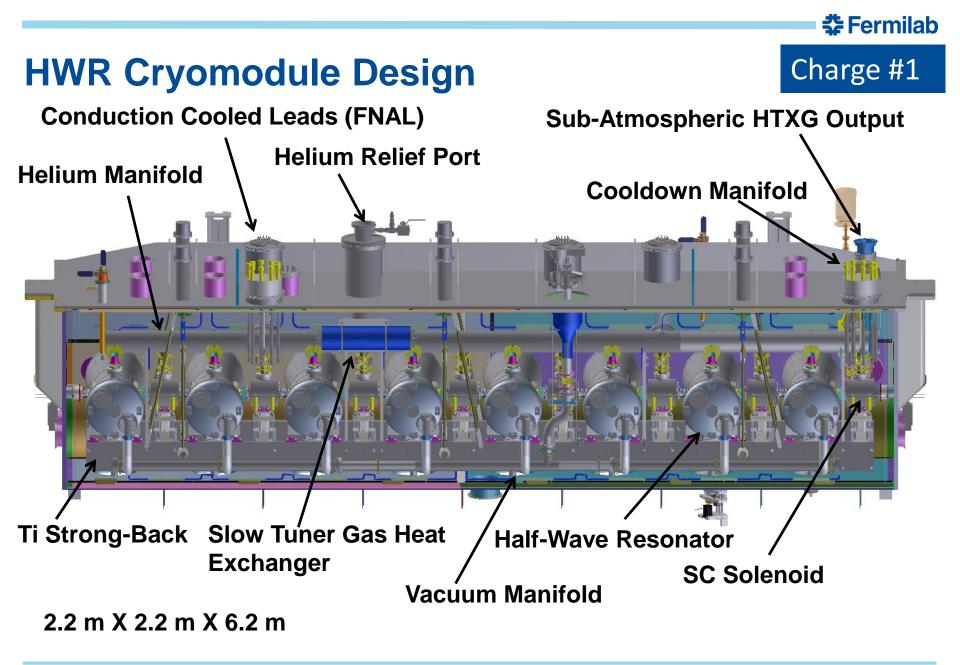
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Charge #1

Interface Control

- TC# ED0001313: Technical Specification for the Interfaces of the FNAL Project-X Half-Wave Resonator Cryomodule:
 - Interfaces, operating limits, connection types, locations and their functions are described.
 - Detailed pin diagrams for all electrical connections.
 - All mechanical connections are specified along with their flanges and purpose.
 - Alignment hardware and monitoring capabilities described.
 - Comprehensive description of all cryogenic interfaces with operating limits.
- Interfaces extend from the up- to the down-stream beam line flanges.
- The interface control document has been modified to suit the developing needs of the project.
- Technical specification for the interfaces is supplemented with ~weekly documented integration meetings.







Charge #1

HWR Cryomodule Reviews

- Design/safety reviews for the HWRs and cryomodule were held at Argonne (ANL) with FNAL and ANL subject matter experts performing the reviews:
 - HWR review 5/17/2012, and
 - cryomodule review 5/16/2013.
- All design reviews were conducted in compliance with ANL's procedures, LMS-PROC-305.
- Procurement readiness reviews were carried out at ANL.

HWR Cryomodule Mock Assembly

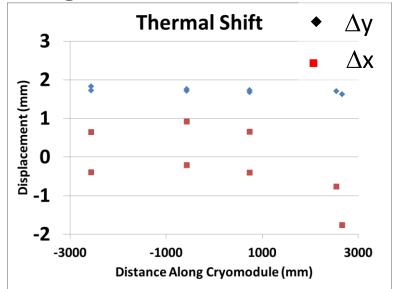




Cryomodule Testing Cryomodule Alignment



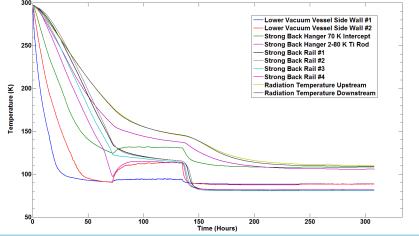
Alignment Measurements



Cryomodule Assembly

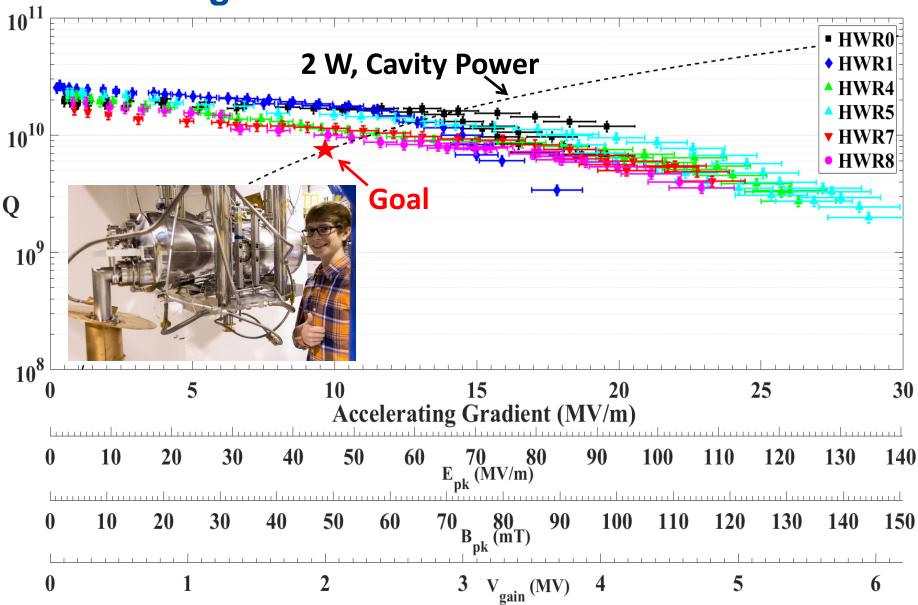


Cool Down Data





HWR Testing



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ANL/FNAL Collaboration on Surface Processing



162 MHz Cavity Electropolishing

Electropolishing,

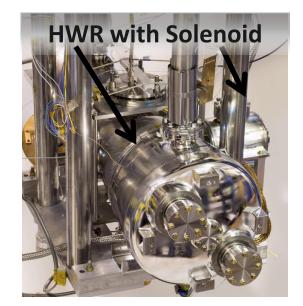
325 MHz BCP

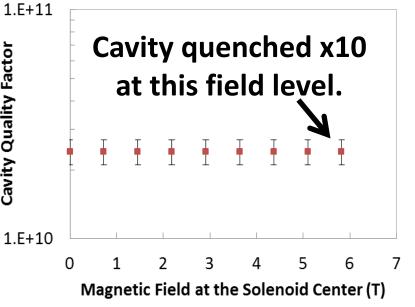


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HWR/Solenoid Testing

- To decrease the accelerator lattice length we have integrated x-y steering coils into the focusing solenoid package.
- Important design issue:
 - Minimize stray field @ the RF cavity to prevent performance degradation due to trapped magnetic flux.
- Measured RF surface resistance with a sensitivity of ±0.1 nOhm avity Quality Factor before and after each quench of the cavity.
- The cavity was quenched with the solenoid and the steering coils energized.
- No quantifiable change to the cavity RF surface resistance.





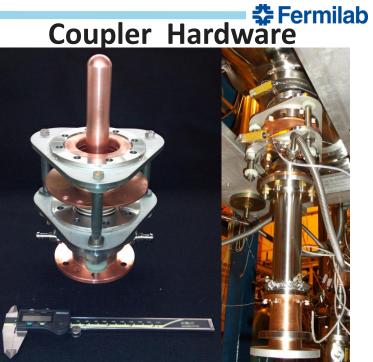


Power Coupler Progress

- Power coupler testing on HWRs starting soon.
 - The first HWR is dressed and ready for testing.
- Offline measurements are good.
- Q ~ 10000 or > 80% of calculated value for pure copper for both replated bellows
- However, one bellows had a pinhole after stripping and replating
- All 10 bellows assemblies will be remade and plated at AJ Tuck

Copper Plating Purity Measurement







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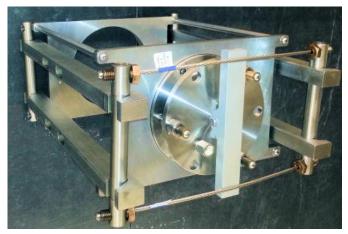
Slow Tuners

- The HWR cryomodule will use pneumatic slow tuners → pneumatic slow tuners have been in operation at Argonne on superconducting cavities since the 1970s.
- Slow tuners are install on all HWRs during offline testing.
 - Slow tuners are actuated through their full range to verify response.
 - 162.5 MHz ± 60 kHz is exceeded for all HWRs
- Slow tuners are operating as planned and testing has demonstrated this.

HWR with Slow Tuner



Slow Tuner





Interfaces

WBS Number	Title	Docdb #
121.3.4.2	BOE Document for 121.3.4.2 HWR PM and Coordination	<u>704 – v18</u>
121.3.4.3.2	BOE Document for 121.3.4.3.2. HWR Cryomodule Final Integration	<u>710 – v13</u>
121.3.4.3.3	BOE Document for 121.3.4.3.3 HWT Cryomodule: Cryomodule RF Test at PIP2IT	<u>713 – v14</u>

• The interfaces for the HWR cryomodule are specified in the Interface Control Document TC# ED0001313





Charge #4

ESH&Q

- Safety is our highest priority.
- Argonne has a robust program to ensure work and environmental safety.
- Providing a working piece of hardware goes hand-in-hand with work planning and control at Argonne.
- Work at FNAL is being planned in compliance with:
 - FESHM, and
 - ED0001313 Technical Specifications for the HWR Cryomodule,
 - Docdb # 710 HWR Cryomodule Final Integration, and
 - Docdb # 713 Cryomodule RF Test at PIP2IT.



Risk: HWR

HWR Cryomodule does not meet technical performance requirements

Title	Probability	Probability Score	Impact Score - Cost 🔽	Impact Score - Schedul	Risk Rank	P * Impact (k\$) ▼	
HWR Cryomodule does not meet technical performance requirements	20.00%	2 (L)	2 (M)	3 (H)	2 (Medium)	217	2.4



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Cryomodule RF Test at PIP2IT

WBS Number	Title
121.3.4.2	BOE Document for 121.3.4.2 HWR PM and

BOE Document for 121.3.4.3.2 HWR Cryomodule Final

BOE Document for 121.3.4.3.3 HWT Cryomodule:

Coordination

Integration

BOE Summary

121.3.4.3.2

121.3.4.3.3





Docdb #

<u>704 – v18</u>

<u>710 – v13</u>

<u>713 – v14</u>

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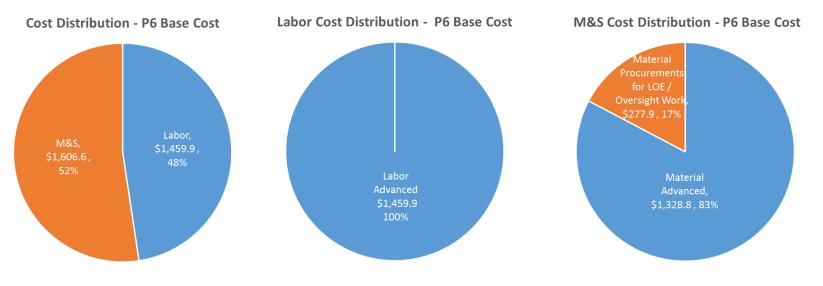
WBS Element	Hours	Lab	or (\$000)	\$000) M&S (\$000)		Est. Uncertanity (\$000)				
121.3.4 - Linac - Half Wave Resonator									Тс	otal Cost
(HWR)	P6 Hours	P6	Base Cost	P6	Base Cost		Total	% of Base	Inc	l. Uncrty.
121.3.4.2 - Linac - HWR - Project Management and Coordination	972	\$	147.8	\$	3.3	\$	15.4	10.2%	\$	166.5
121.3.4.3 - Linac - HWR - CryoModule (HWR)	8,047	<u>\$</u>	1,312.1	\$	1,603.3	<u>\$</u>	555.3	<u>19.0</u> %	<u>\$</u>	3,470.8
Grand Total	9,019	\$	1,459.9	\$	1,606.6	\$	570.7	18.6%	\$	3,637.3
Note: P6 base cost = BOE + overheads and escalation										

O K) /





Cost Drivers and Estimate Maturity

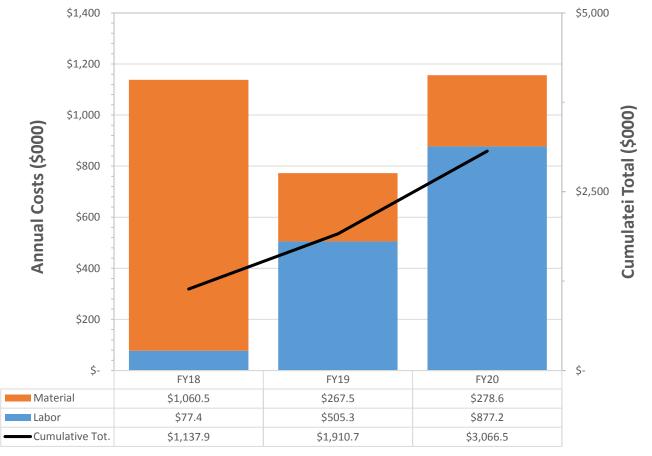


P6 Base Costs = BOE + Overheads + Escalation



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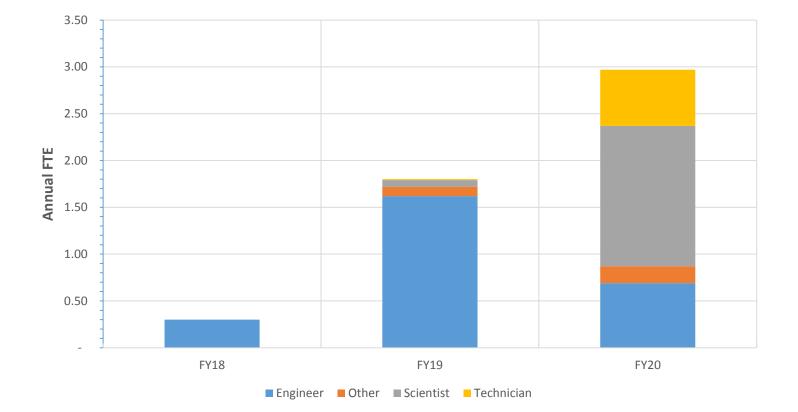
Cost Profile – P6 Base Cost Only



P6 Base Costs = BOE + Overheads + Escalation



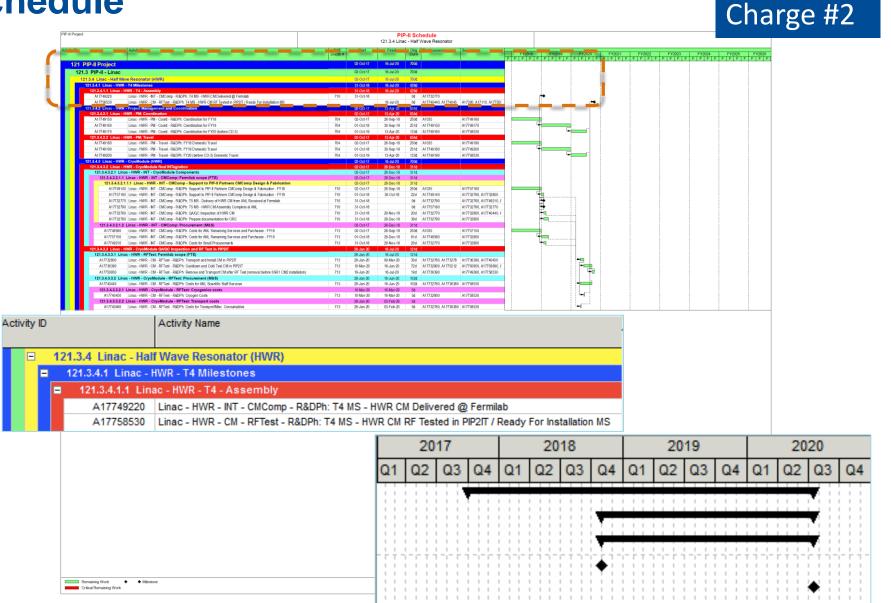
Labor Profile – P6 Hours/FTE





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Schedule





Summary

- Requirements are defined and traceable.
- Cryomodule and subsystems are almost finished.
 - Then final assembly.
- The cryomodule will be finished and ready for PIP-II.
- Thank you for your attention.

