2018 JINA-CEE Frontiers in Nuclear Astrophysics



Contribution ID: 46

Type: poster

A new experimental technique for measuring (p,n) reactions relevant to the neutrino-p process in the ReA3 facility

Wednesday, 23 May 2018 16:30 (1h 30m)

Neutrino driven winds (NDW) in core-collapse supernovae (CCSN) constitute an important astrophysical environment for nucleosynthesis, especially for the formation of elements beyond iron. If the right protonrich conditions are found in the wind, nuclei with atomic numbers up to Z~50 can be produced via the so called neutrino-p (vp-) process. The strength of vp-process depends on a few key (n,p) reactions like the 56Ni(n,p)56Co and 64Ge(n,p)64Ga for which currently no experimental data exist. With the current state-of-the-art, any direct measurement of (n,p) reactions on neutron-deficient nuclei is extremely challenging. For this purpose, a new experimental technique has been developed at the ReA3 facility of the National Superconducting Cyclotron Laboratory for the study of astrophysically important (n,p) reactions via measuring their time-reverse (p,n) reactions in inverse kinematics. The main point of this technique is the separation of the heavy reaction products from the unreacted beam. This is properly achieved by operating a section of the ReA3 beam line as a recoil separator while using the LENDA neutron detector to tag the neutrons from the (p,n) reaction. At this stage, a proof-of-principle experiment has been performed using a stable 40Ar beam at 3.52 MeV/u in order to measure the 40Ar(p,n)40K reaction. In this presentation, a detailed description of the experimental method and results from the first proof-of-principle run will be shown.

Primary authors: PERDIKAKIS, Georgios (Central Michigan University); GASTIS, Panagiotis (Central Michigan University)

Co-authors: Mr DOMBOS, Alex (NSCL / MSU); PALMISANO, Alicia (Michigan State University); Dr VIL-LARI, Antonio C.C. (Facility for Rare Isotope Beams - MSU); SPYROU, Artemis (NSCL/MSU); Ms FALDUTO, Ashton (Central Michigan University); Prof. FROHLICH, Carla (NC State University); MONTES, Fernando (National Superconducting Cyclotron Laboratory); Ms SCHMITT, Jaclyn (Michigan State University); RANDHAWA, Jaspreet (National Superconducting Cyclotron Laboratory); SHEEHAN, Jonathan (Michigan State University); Dr PEREIRA, Jorge (National Superconducting Cyclotron Laboratory); Dr WANG, KAILONG (Central Michigan University); SMITH, Mallory (National Superconducting Cyclotron Laboratory); Dr REDSHAW, Matthew (Central Michigan University); Prof. HOROI, Mihai (Central Michigan University); TSINTARI, Pelagia (Central Michigan University); Prof. ZEGERS, Remco (NSCL/MSU); Prof. LIDDICK, Sean (NSCL / MSU); Dr LYONS, Stephanie (National Superconducting Cyclotron Laboratory); REDPATH, Thomas (NSCL/MSU); ESTRADE, alfredo (CMU)

Presenter: GASTIS, Panagiotis (Central Michigan University)

Session Classification: Poster Session