

# 3x1x1 operations: Status and plans

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+ help and feedback from many people: Building 182 team (ETHZ, CERN, IFAE, CIEMAT, LAPP), Edoardo and Philippe (CEA Saclay), Slavic and Dario (IPNL)





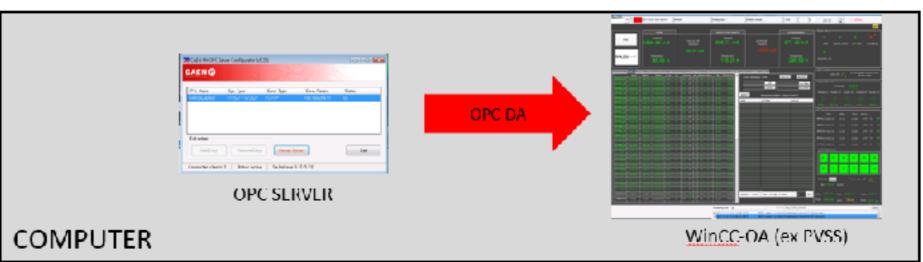
#### **Summary of activities**

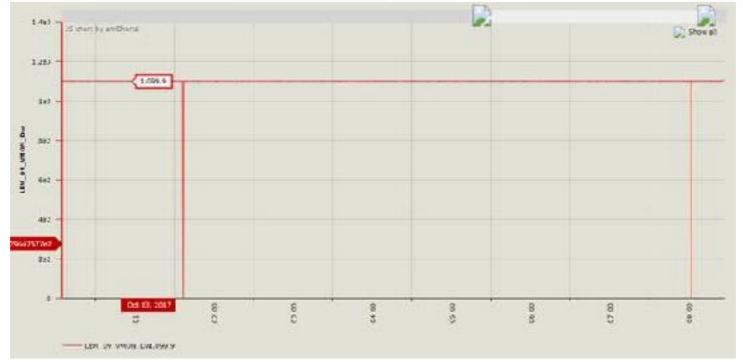
Summary				
25	26	<ul> <li>Insulation space at atmospheric</li> <li>Capacitance measurements to see if the short is still present</li> <li>Open and dismount the HV setup dewar</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Grid pulsing</li> <li>Anode pulsing to verify we do not have additional dechannels</li> </ul>	Ramp up LEMs in liquid (grid floating)
2 Change to the 1	<ul> <li>3</li> <li>OO kV PSU and with FFS terminated to</li> <li>Test of CRP motorisation regulation system and feedback from level meter, and come back to the previous position</li> <li>PMT calibration measurements</li> </ul>	Check if the Grid-LEM short circuit has	<ul> <li>Test of CRP motorisation regulation sys when the level decreases</li> <li>Capacitance measurements</li> <li>Progressively capacitance measurements CRP is moving comparison with the comparison with the comparison with the comparison of the comparison of the comparison with the comparison of the comparison with the comparison of the comparison of the comparison with the comparison of th</li></ul>	regulation system when the level decreases s in GAr s while g and
•	10 surements in GAr acitance measurements while a comparison with the level	11	tevel meters v  Check if the G  short circuit h  disappeared	rid-LEM
meters values  LEM HV to	est at the nominal LAr level			

## **Summary of last week**

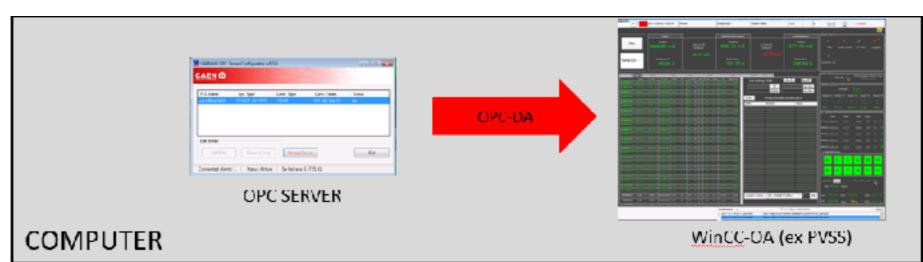
Issue/Task	Strategy followed	Status/Conclusion
Cathode trips and cathode current fluctuations	We change the 300kV power supply to the 100kV power supply which has a better resolution and ethernet connection.	After solving the issues with the male connector which is inserted in the HVFT (did not fitted with the initial diameter) we are ready to perform the test.
Communication problem CAEN-PVSS: When there is too much information in the network the middleware OPC Server v5.32 sends 0 for each value in OPC to WinCC-OA.	We propose to CAEN that when this happens instead of sending 0 the middleware does not send anything.	In progress, we are discussing with CAEN to find the best solution
Feedback from CRP motorisation system	<ul> <li>Movement in intervals of 0.5 mm and cross-check with capacitance measurements.</li> <li>Tracking system, in case of a sudden reduction of the level</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>The comparison between LM-CRP and motors feedback was consistent except for 2 LM.</li> <li>The comparison with the capacitance measurements is still under investigation.</li> <li>The tracking system works as expected, and when we reduce the level the CRP adjusts automatically to the defined</li> </ul>







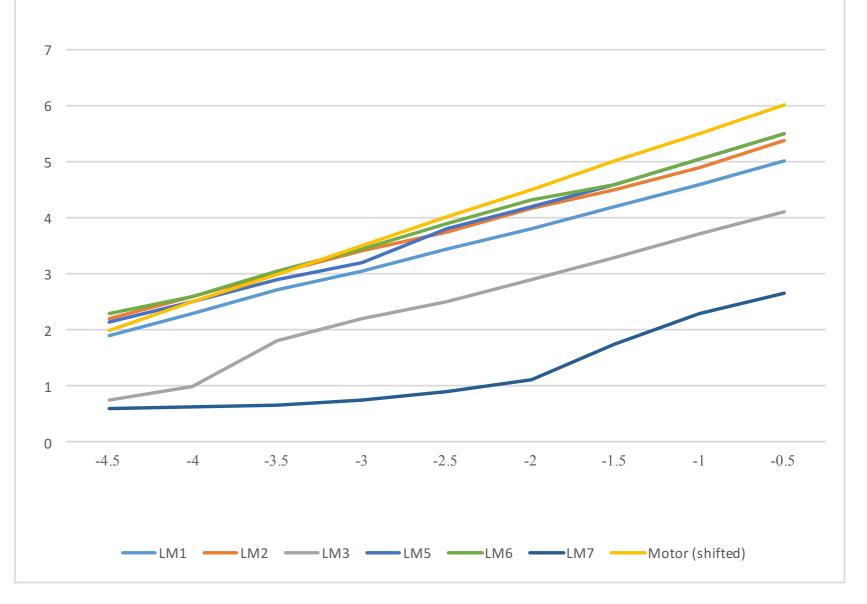




Motor	LM1	LM2	LM3	LM5	LM6	LM7
<b>-4.</b> 5	1.9	2.2	0.76	2.15	2.3	0.6
-4	2.3	2.6	1	2.5	2.6	0.62
-3.5	2.7	3.02	1.8	2.91	3.05	0.67
-3	3.05	3.4	2.2	3.2	3.44	0.75
-2.5	3.45	3.73	2.5	3.8	3.9	0.9
-2	3.8	4.15	2.9	4.2	4.3	1.12
-1.5	4.2	4.5	3.3	4.6	4.6	1.75
-1	4.6	4.9	3.7	5.05	5.05	2.3
-0.5	5	5.37	4.11	5.5	5.5	2.66

**Chart Title** 

Results obtained on Tuesday
3rd October
Similar results obtained in the
tests performed after on
October 5th (LAPP people will
update the final result)



Issue	Strategy followed	Status/Conclusion
	October, 3rd: Movement of the CRP, maintaining the same liquid argon level.	The short-circuit was still present
Short-circuit between the	October, 5th: Movement of the CRP and reduction of the level in the process	The short-circuit disappeared . It might be related to the liquid argon level (something on the surface?)
LEMs and the grid		

http://lbnodemo.ethz.ch:2500/3x1x1/171009\_144232/short\_larlevel\_table.jpg

Date	08 sept	08 sept	t 13 sept	14 sept	t 15 sept	05 oct	06 oct
Situation	3	After 2 mm LAr increase		After 2.3 mm LAr increase		Alter CRP movements and Lar adjustments	Further Lar adjustments
Level meter Al0005 (mm)	17,6	19,5	21,5	23,6	24,6	19,3	18,7
LEM7-Grid capacitance (pF)	181	201	280	273		197	187
Grid trip voltage (kV)	5	2	1				
Short circuit LEM4-GRID	NO	NO	16,4 ohm	16,4 chm	16,4 ohm	NO	NO

Issue	Strategy followed	Status/Conclusion
	October, 3rd: Movement of the CRP, maintaining the same liquid argon level.	The short-circuit was still present
	October, 5th: Movement of the CRP and reduction of the level in the process	The short-circuit disappeared . It might be related to the liquid argon level (something on the surface?)
Short-circuit between the LEMs and the grid	Pulsing of the grid	<ul> <li>No additional problematic channels</li> <li>Slightly higher signal on channels 160-192</li> </ul>
	Ramp up the grid	We reached between 4.2-4.5 kV on the grid using the connection on the south flange* We repeat the test after lowering the level 0.5 mm and no difference observed

<sup>\*</sup>Several issues found in the process: in the first attempt we were not powering the right connection and later, we realised one of the cables going through the 100MOhm resistor was damaged.

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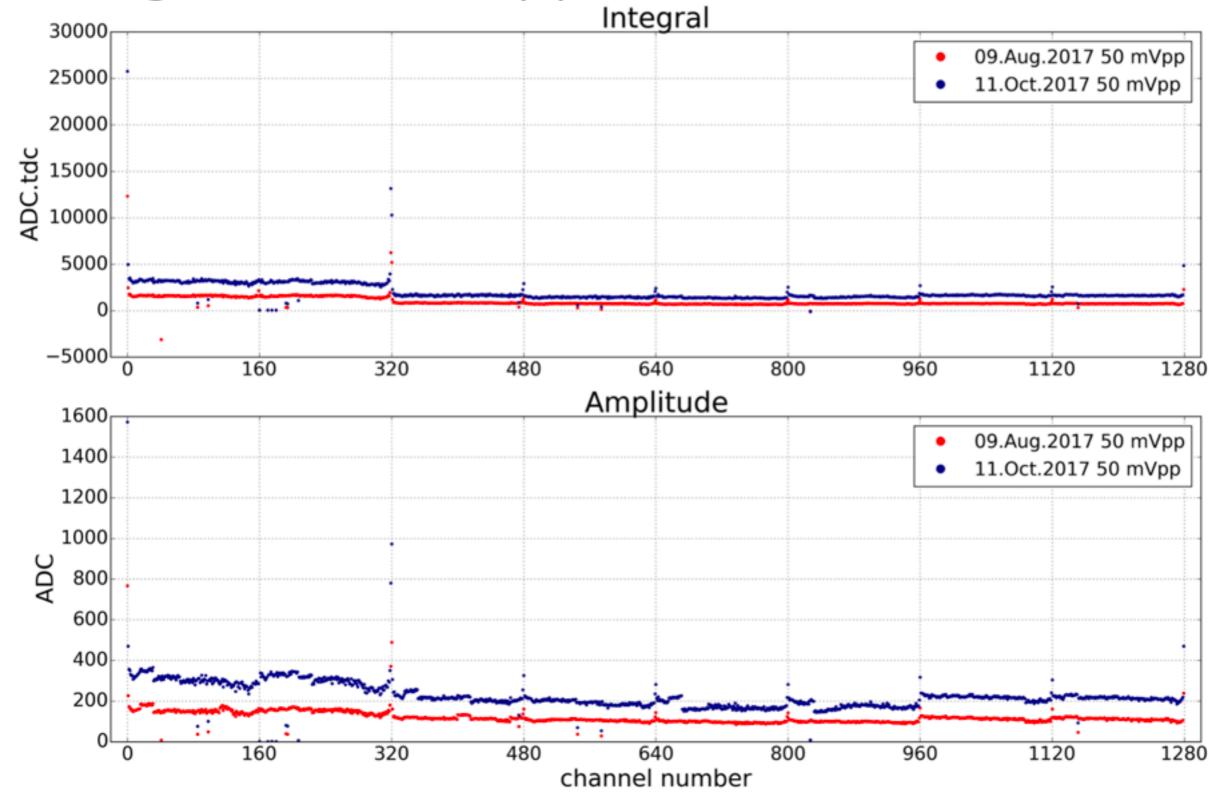
## Problematic channels

	Flange pulsing June	Flange pulsing August	Grid pulsing August	Flange pulsing September	Grid pulsing September	Grid pulsing October
View 0	41	41	41	41	41	
	85	85	85	85	85	85
	98	98	98	98	98	98
				159		
	160	160	160	160	160	160
	170	170	170	170	170	170
	175	175	175	175	175	175
	180	180	180	130	180	180
	192	192	192	192	192	192
	194	194	194	194	194	194
				207	207	207
	312					
View	154	154	154	154	154	
1	225	225	225	225	225	225
	254	254	254			254
				282		
	357					
	507	507	507	507	507	507
	831	831	831	831	831	831
	956					

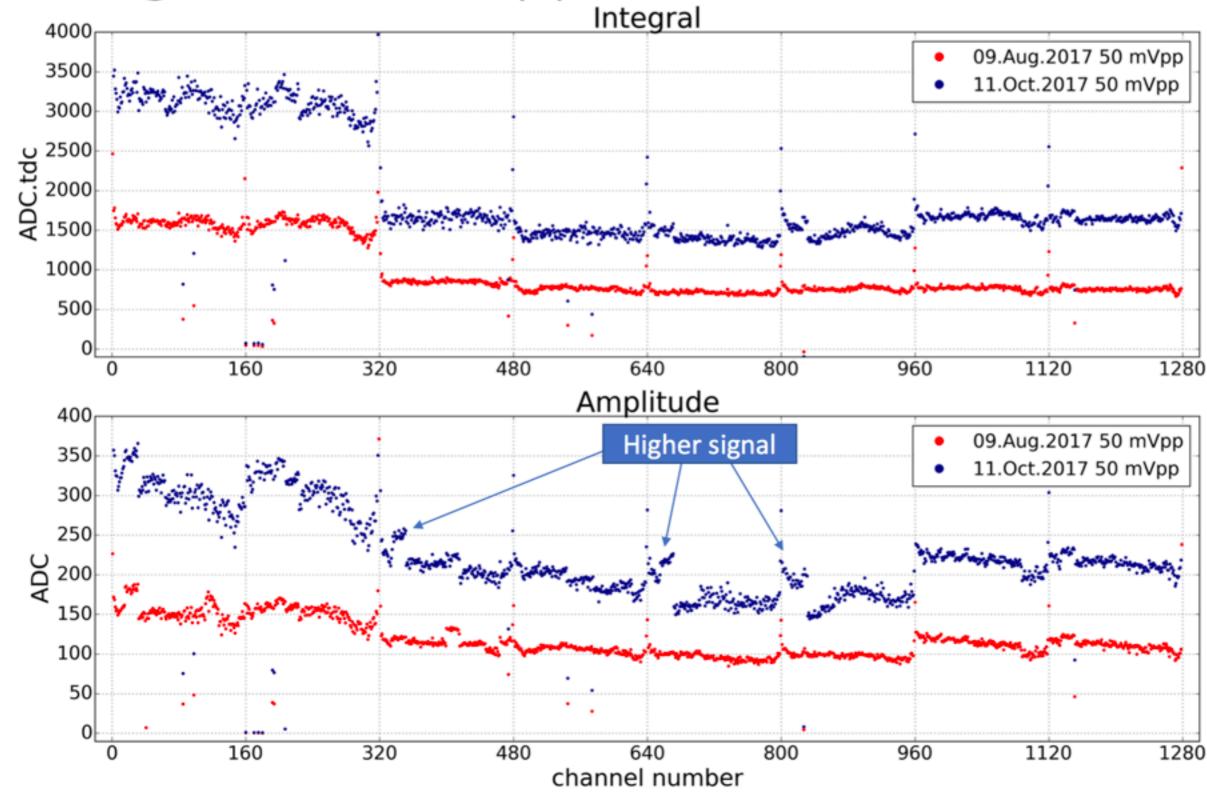
- Problematic channel: channel whose integral or amplitude
   <50% of average within that chimney for flange pulsing or within that LEM for grid pulsing
- Dead channel: sees no or negative signal

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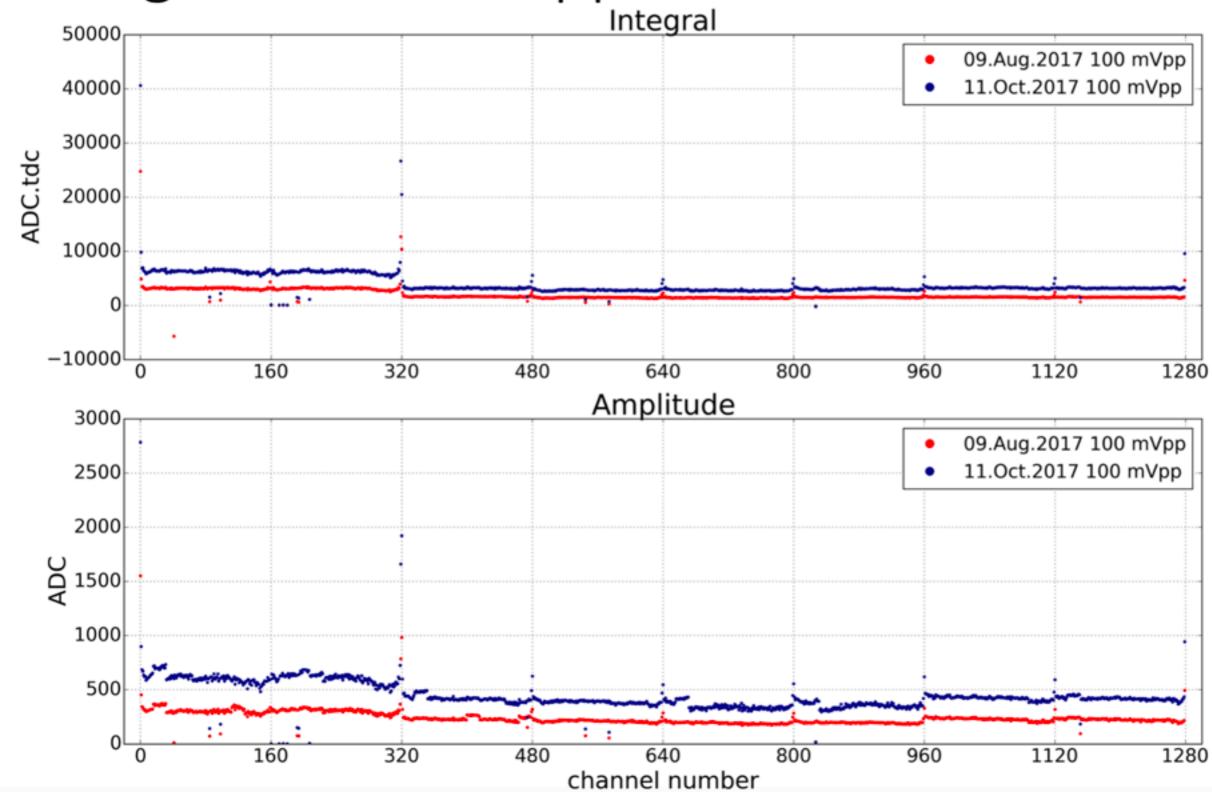
# Pulsing with 50 mVpp



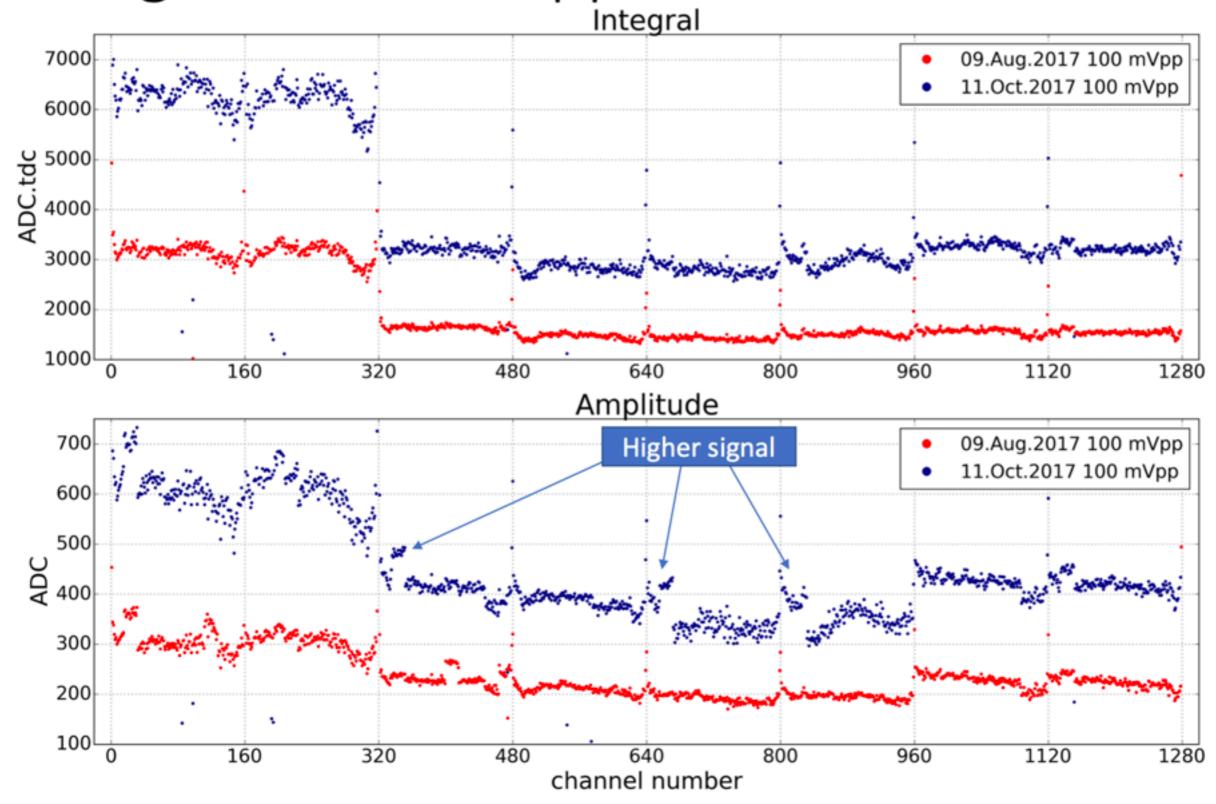
# Pulsing with 50 mVpp Zoom



# Pulsing with 100 mVpp



# Pulsing with 100 mVpp Zoom



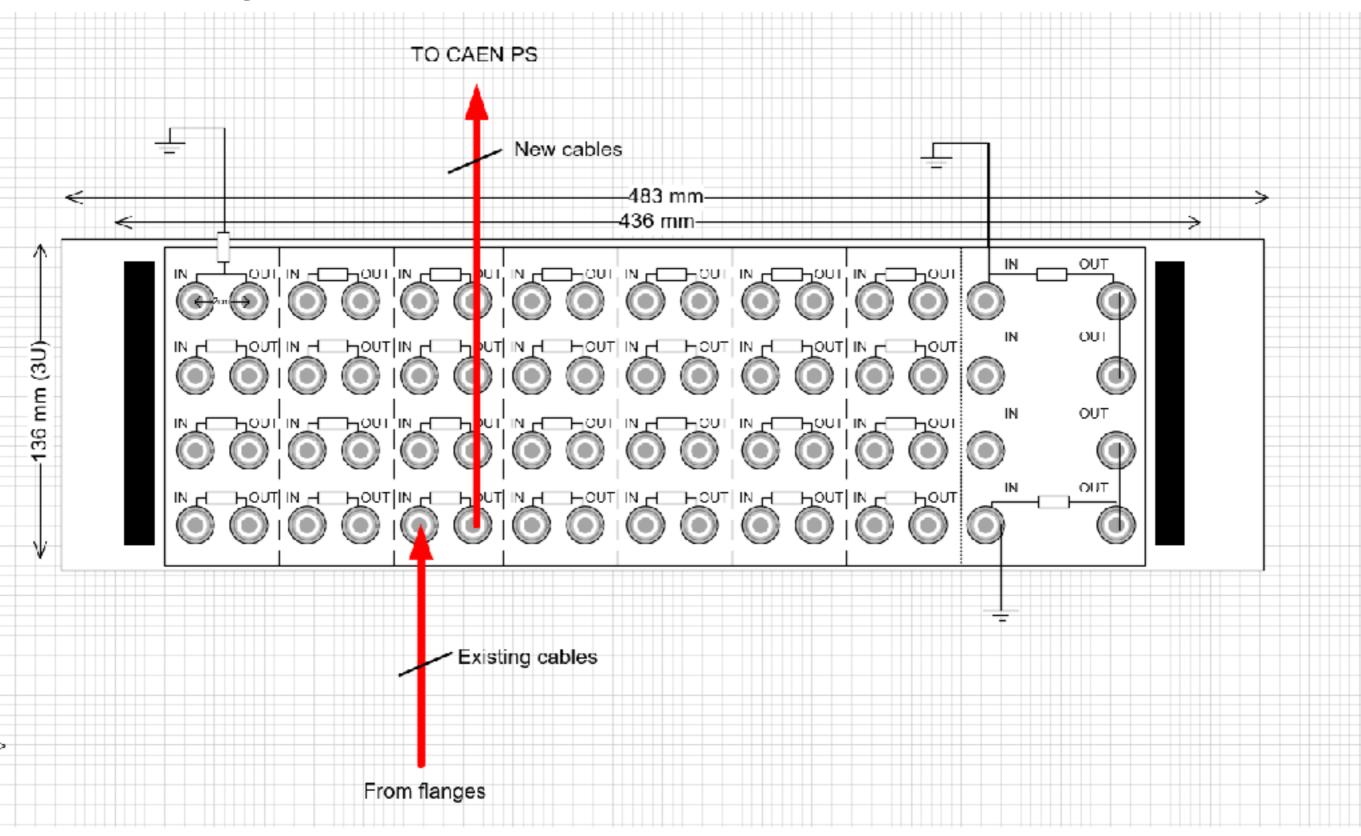
Issue	Strategy followed	Status/Conclusion
	Resistor board disconnected  -radial -Old one	<ul> <li>Not all the LEMs tripped at the same time.</li> <li>Several tests performed and always LEM 1 and 3 tripped.</li> <li>Once LEM 1,3 and 4 tripped.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>LEMs 1 and 3 floating</li> <li>LEMs 1,2,3 and 4 floating</li> </ul>		We reach 26 kV/cm in the central LEMs
	We disconnect LEM 1 and 3 from the HV flange and repeat	In progress
LEMs trips at 23 kV/cm	Reduce the level and see the effect	Foreseen for next week
	<ul> <li>Measure precisely the leakage currents.</li> <li>We observe a reduction of the leakage current since beginning of the week.</li> </ul>	Foreseen for next week
	In general, we observe an improvement since beginning of the week.	After immersing the LEMs, some dirtiness attached on the surface?

#### http://lbnodemo.ethz.ch:2500/3x1x1/419

→The LEM HV connections reconnected through the resistor filter panel. We changed the old board (A1580HDE) used on CAEN power supply by the new one of the same type but with 16 inputs and a Radial connector (the one planned for ProtoDUNE-DP). We also closed the back of the DCS rack (CAEN power supplies are very sensitive to heat input and a lot of dust were present close to fans).

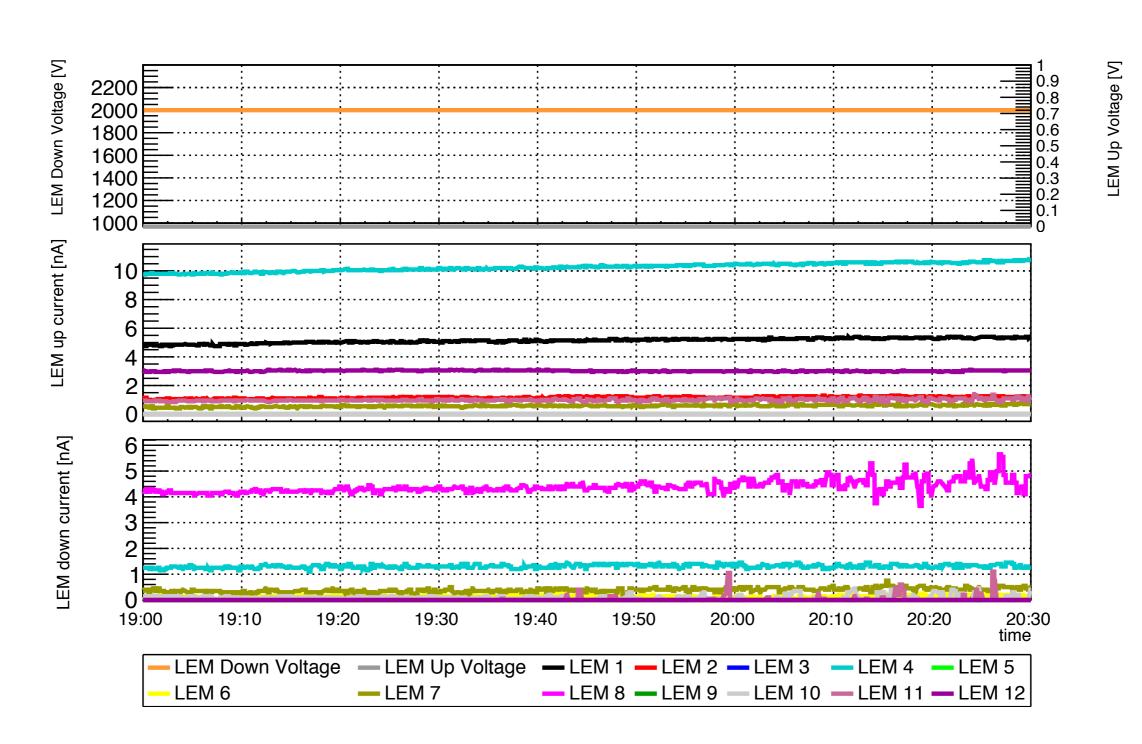




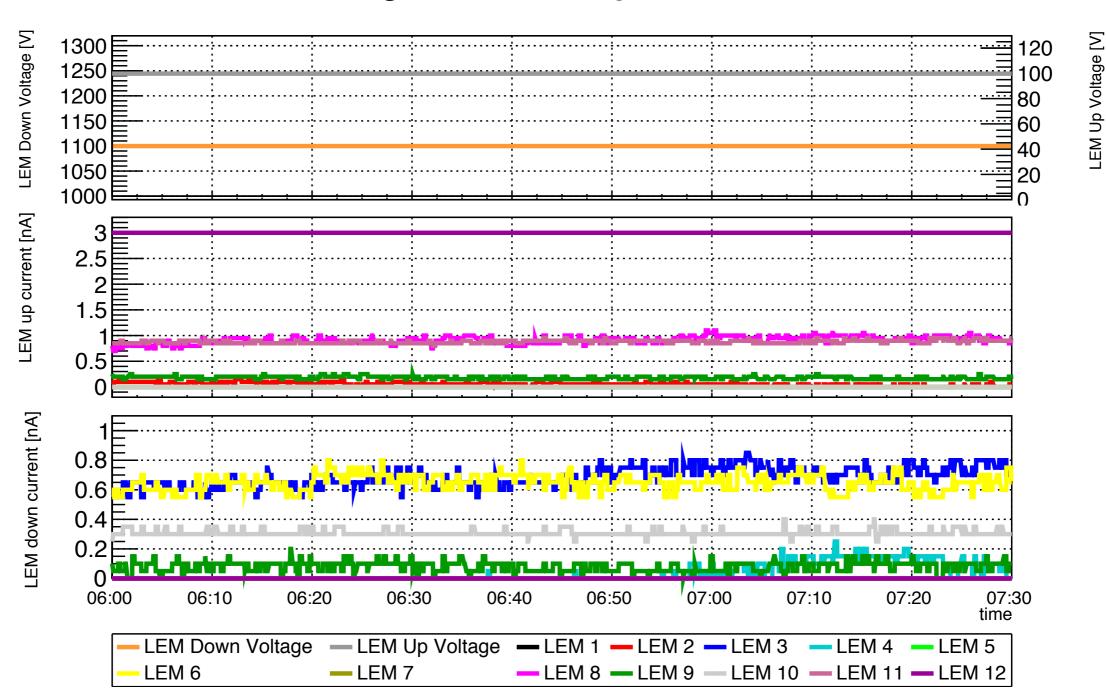




#### Leakage current at the beginning of the week



#### Leakage current today



#### **Plans**

- Noise measurements disconnecting one by one all the different slow control sensors. This is foreseen on Monday and Lyon group will participate in the activity.
- With the field cage terminated to ground (first field shaper terminated to ground) power the cathode up to 100kV. Monitor the current and voltage display.
- Add a resistor in series and other in parallel to ground per LEM. Monitor the leakage current and understand if this helps the stability of the system.
  - We already have a resistor and we plan to do the test in one LEM today.
- CRP adjustment according to the results of the Bath test given by Adamo and capacitance measurements to check the uniformity.
  - CRP completely in GAr and immerse in liquid progressively. Perform capacitance measurements at different steps and compare with previous results.
- Reach a stable data taking conditions and try to see tracks again
- Test KEK electronics
- Dip everything in liquid, even if we can not regulate the level to measure the temperature gradients.

#### **Schedule proposed**

lun		mar	mié	jue	vie
	inge to the 100 kV SU and with FFS	• CRP motorisation	27 atmospheric     Capacitance     measurements to set the short is still presented.     Start warm-up of the setup dewar	ent channels	Ramp up LEMs in liquid (grid floating)  Improve HV grid connection in the
Pov Ran	minated to ground wer the cathode mp up LEMs in aid (grid floating)	<ul> <li>regulation system</li> <li>Check if the Grid-LEM short circuit disappears</li> <li>Capacitance measurements in GAr Imp</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Adjust CRP to the nominal level</li> <li>Recalibrate Level meters</li> </ul>	LEM HV test at the notate the parallel setup	6 parallel setup ominal LAr level
9	LEM HV test	10	11 rove HV grid connection in t	12	13
	se tests disconnecti erent sensors	17 Imp ing one by one all the	18 prove HV grid connection in	the parallel setup	20
23		24	25	26	27