

# Three Neutrons from Lattice QCD

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# Motivation

- ▶ 3N forces relevant for neutron rich isotopes
  - Location of neutron dripline
  - Neutron stars
- ▶  ${}^3\text{H}$  and  ${}^3\text{He}$  measured in experiment and on lattice

[HAL QCD Prog.Theor.Phys. 127 (2012)]
- ▶ 3n (currently) not accessible by experiment
- ▶ Hard problem on lattice:
  - Weak compared to 2N forces
  - Signal-to-noise problem
- ▶ **Goal:** Develop methodology and proof of concept

# Interpolating Operators

- ▶ 3 Neutrons at the sinks (primed arguments):

$$\mathcal{O}_{3n}^{SS_3} = \left( n^{\alpha'}(x'_1) \Gamma_{s s_3}^{\alpha' \beta'} n^{\beta'}(x'_2) \right) \Gamma_{S S_3}^{s s_3 \gamma'} n^{\gamma'}(x'_3)$$

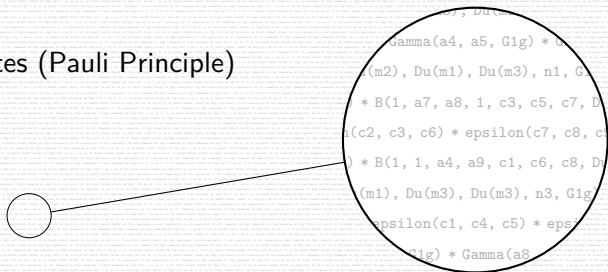
- ▶ Particular choice of spin decomposition
- ▶ Naive number of Wick contractions:  $N_u! N_d! = 3! 6! = 4320$
- ▶ Three different sites (Pauli Principle)

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# Baryon Blocks

- ▶ Provide fine control over
  - source displacements
  - sink momenta
- ▶ Combine quarks at sinks into Baryon Blocks:

$$\mathcal{B}_{abc}^{\alpha' \alpha \beta \gamma}(x' | f_1, x_1; f_2, x_2; f_3, x_3) = \varepsilon_{a'b'c'} S_{a'a}^{\alpha' \alpha}(f_1, x' \leftarrow x_1) \times \left[ S_{b'b}^{\beta' \beta}(f_2, x' \leftarrow x_2) \Gamma^{\beta' \gamma'} S_{c'c}^{\gamma' \gamma}(f_3, x' \leftarrow x_3) \right]$$

- ▶ Abbreviate

$$\mathcal{B}_{abc}^{\alpha' \alpha \beta \gamma}(x' | f_1, x_1; f_2, x_2; f_3, x_3) \equiv \mathcal{B}_I(x' | X)$$

[Doi, Endres Comput. Phys. Commun 184 (2013)] [Detmold, Orginos PRD 87 (2013)]

# Contractions

Correlator:

$$C_{SM}(n^2) = \mathcal{F}_{n^2} \left( \sum_{\substack{IJK \\ X_1 X_2 X_3}} T_{IJK}^{SM}(X_1, X_2, X_3) \mathcal{B}_I(x'_1|X_1) \mathcal{B}_J(x'_2|X_2) \mathcal{B}_K(x'_3|X_3) \right)$$

- ▶ 3 blocks w/ distinct parameters

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- ▶ Contract to desired isospin, spin, colour

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- ▶ Project to linear combination for cubic  $n^2$



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Our choice for  $\mathcal{F}$ :

$$x'_1 \mapsto +p$$

$$x'_2 \mapsto -p$$

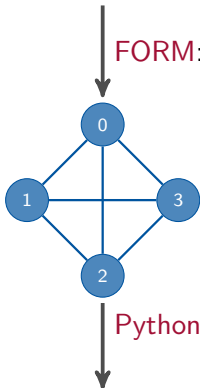
$$x'_3 \mapsto 0$$

$$\mathcal{O}_{3n}^{S S_3} = (n^{\alpha'}(x'_1) \Gamma_{S S_3}^{\alpha' \beta'} n^{\beta'}(x'_2)) \Gamma_{S S_3}^{S S_3 \gamma'} n^{\gamma'}(x'_3)$$

# Implementation / Code Generation

$$n^{\alpha_1}(n_1) \Gamma_{T_1}^{\alpha_1 \alpha_2} n^{\alpha_2}(n_2) n^2(n_3) + \dots$$

FORM: Expand, sort, gather



Python: Graph optimisation,  
reuse of intermediate results, ...

```
block0 = makeBaryonBlock(propd2, propu2, propd2, Gamma_G1g);  
block2 = makeBaryonBlock(propd1, propu1, propd1, Gamma_G1g);  
contract(corr_nnn_s12_m12, block0, block1, block2, coeffs[1], blockIdxs[0], blockIdxs[3], blockIdxs[4]);  
contract(corr_nnn_s32_m12, block0, block1, block2, coeffs[537], blockIdxs[0], blockIdxs[2], blockIdxs[4]);
```

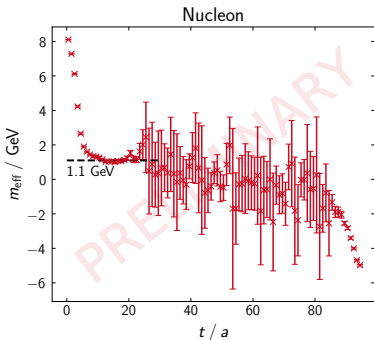
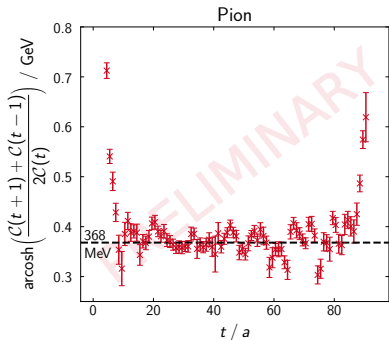
# Ensemble

Clover-Wilson, generated in JARA-HPC

- ▶  $N_{\text{cfg}} = 175$  (ongoing)
- ▶  $N_t \times N_s^3 = 96 \times 48^3$
- ▶ Physical strange quark mass
- ▶  $a \approx 0.085$  fm
- ▶  $m_\pi \approx 368$  MeV
- ▶  $m_\pi L \approx 7.7$

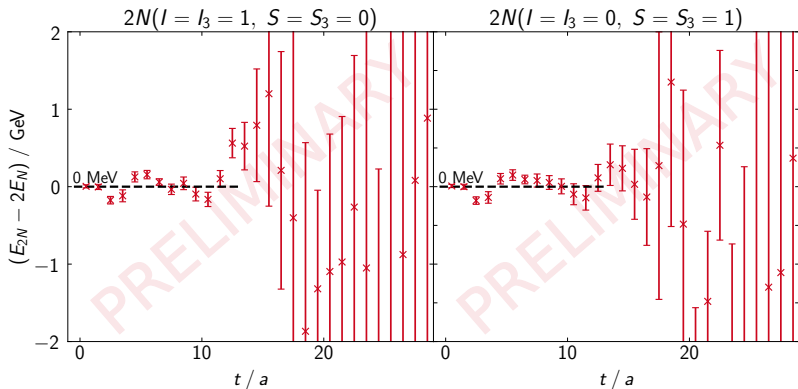
Parameters as in CLS H107 ( $96 \times 32^3$ ) [RQCD PRD 94 (2016)]

# Pion and Nucleon



- ▶ s-wave
- ▶ No fits yet, need more statistics
- ▶  $m_{\pi}$  consistent with measurement on CLS ensemble

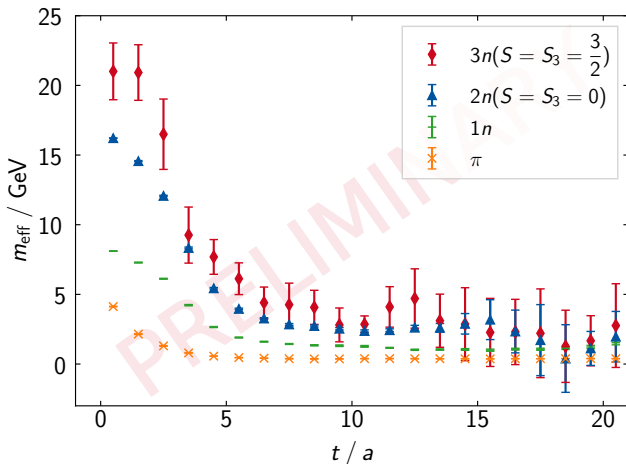
# Two Nucleons



- ▶ s-wave
- ▶ Within statistics consistent with zero

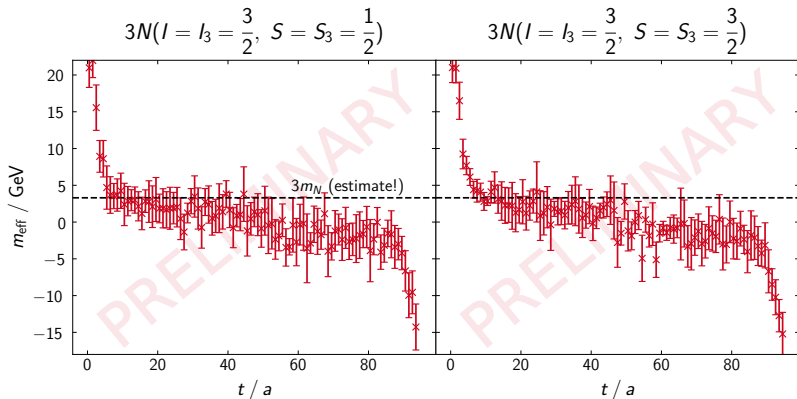
[NPLQCD PRD 92 (2015)] [Yamazaki et al. PRD 92 (2015)] [CaLat PLB 765 (2017)]  
and many more

## From $\pi$ to $3n$



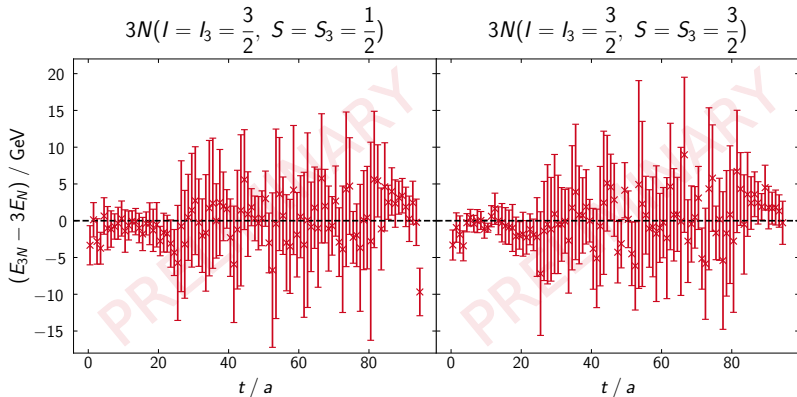
- ▶ (Semblance of) plateaus in the same range
- ▶ Large noise for  $3n$

# Three Neutrons — Effective Mass



- ▶  $p$ -wave
- ▶ Clear plateau given low statistics
- ▶ However: Uncertainties large across whole  $t$  range

# Three Neutrons — Energy Shift



- ▶ Within statistics, consistent with zero
- ▶ Expected to be small

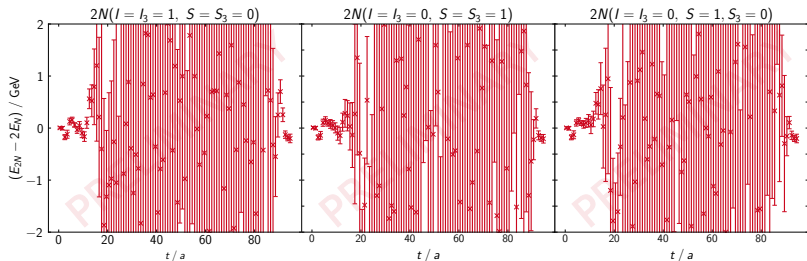


# Conclusion and Outlook

- ▶ Generating new gauge ensemble
- ▶ Developed formalism for full  $3N$  calculation
- ▶ Software suite for automatic code generation
  - General, can be used for other channels as well
  - Optimizes generated program
- ▶ Promising results, can see indications of plateaus
- ▶ Need (and will collect) more statistics for proper signal

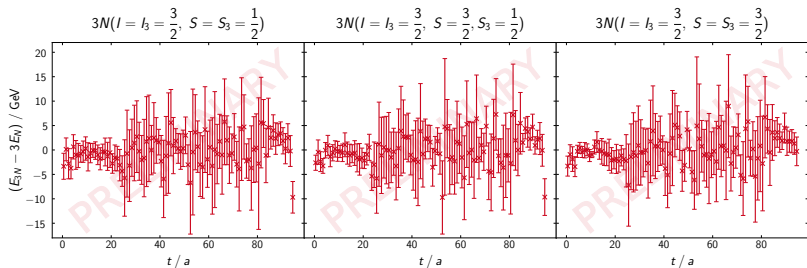
# Backup Slides

# All 2N Energy Shifts



- ▶ s-wave
- ▶ Other channels are zero due to required symmetries

# All 3N Energy Shifts



## Two Strategies

- ▶ Reduce number of contractions
  - Use symmetries
  - (Semi-) manual at the moment
- ▶ Reuse Baryon Blocks
  - Constructing blocks is expensive
  - Order contractions to use blocks multiple times
  - Automated, but *Traveling Salesperson*
  - Simple graph structure  $\Rightarrow$  Can solve exactly