

Baryonic states in supersymmetric Yang-Mills theory

Friday, 27 July 2018 16:30 (20 minutes)

In $\mathcal{N} = 1$ supersymmetric Yang-Mills theory the superpartner of the gluon is the gluino, which is a spin $1/2$ Majorana particle in the adjoint representation of the gauge group. Combining three gluinos, it is possible to form colour neutral bound states, analogous to baryons in QCD. The correlation functions of the corresponding baryonic operators contain a contribution represented by a “sunset diagram”, and in addition, unlike in QCD, another contribution represented by a “spectacle diagram”. We present first results from an implementation and calculation of these objects, obtained from numerical simulations of supersymmetric Yang-Mills theory.

Primary author: Mr ALI, Sajid (Institute for Theoretical Physics, University of Münster, Germany.)

Co-authors: Dr BERGNER, Georg (Institute of Theoretical Physics, Friedrich-Schiller-University Jena, Germany.); Dr PIETRO, Giudice (Institute for Theoretical Physics, University of Münster, Germany.); Mr GERBER, Henning (Institute for Theoretical Physics, University of Münster, Germany.); Prof. MONTVAY, Istvan (Deutsches Elektronen-Synchrotron DESY, Hamburg, Germany.); Mr LOPEZ, Juan Camilo (Institute of Theoretical Physics, Friedrich-Schiller-University Jena, Germany.); Prof. GERNOT, Münster (Institute for Theoretical Physics, University of Münster, Germany.); Dr SCIOR, Philipp (Institute for Theoretical Physics, University of Münster, Germany.); Dr PIEMONTE, Stefano (Institute for Theoretical Physics, University of Regensburg, Germany.)

Presenter: Mr ALI, Sajid (Institute for Theoretical Physics, University of Münster, Germany.)

Session Classification: Physics beyond the Standard Model

Track Classification: Physics Beyond the Standard Model