



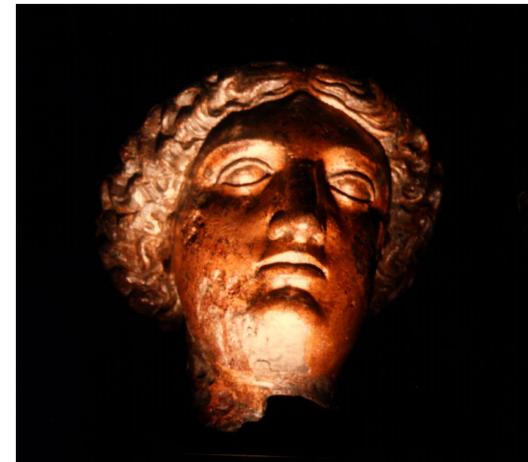
New Perspectives 2018

DEEPIKA JENA

Fermilab

(on behalf of MINERvA Collaboration)

18 June 2018

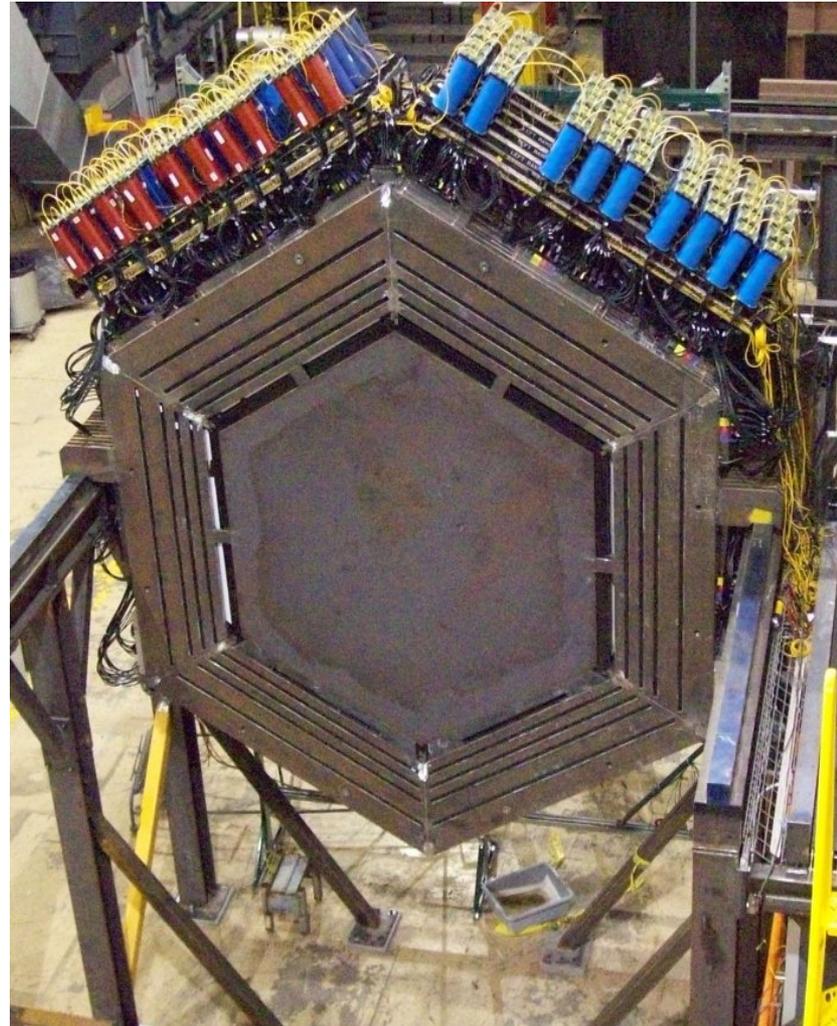


Outline

- What is MINERvA ?
- Why Measure Neutrino Cross Section ?
- Recent Analysis Results
- Summary

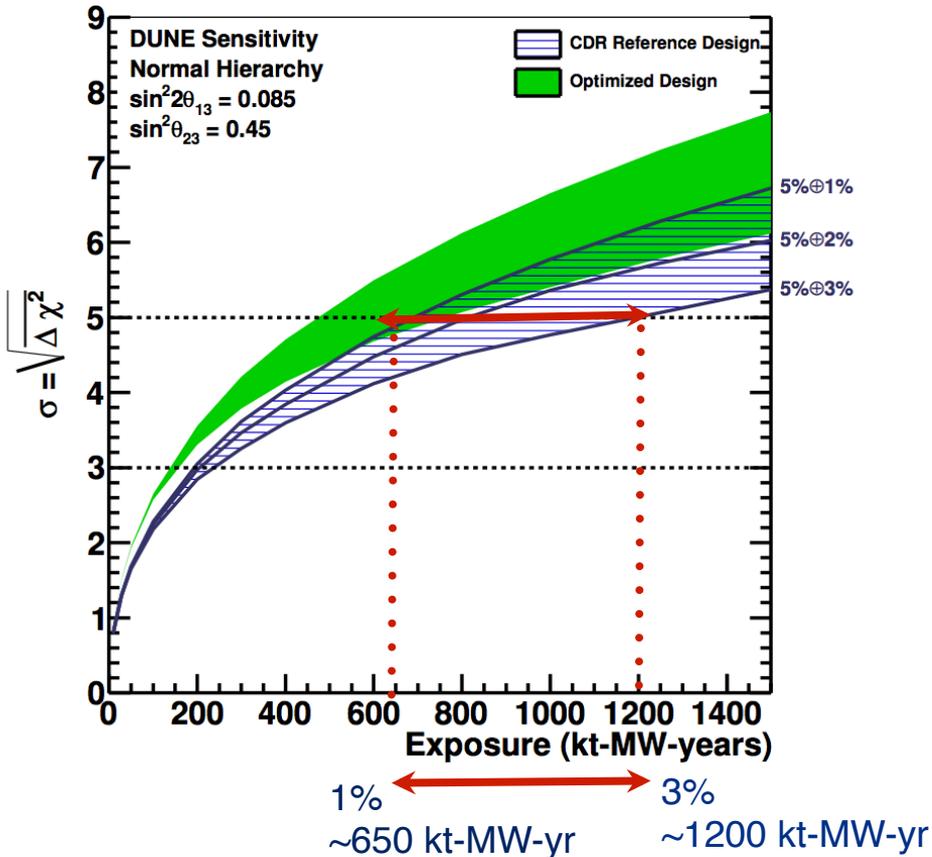
What is MINERvA?

- MINERvA: a dedicated on-axis neutrino-nucleus scattering experiment running at Fermilab in the NuMI (Neutrinos at the Main Injector) beamline.
- Our goal:
 - Make high precision measurement of neutrino interaction cross sections in the energy region of interests (1-50 GeV).
 - Study nuclear effects



Why care about cross section?

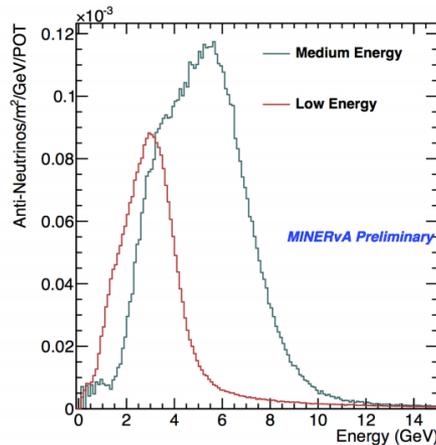
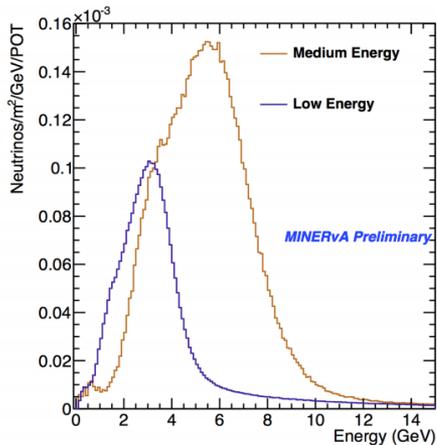
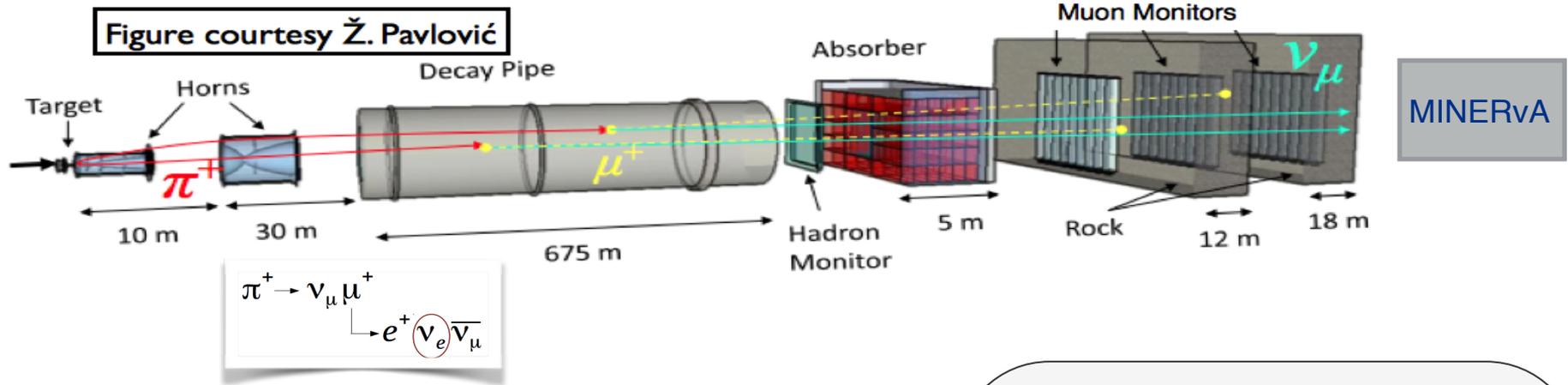
50% CP Violation Sensitivity



* 300 kt-MW-years corresponds to 7 years data-taking

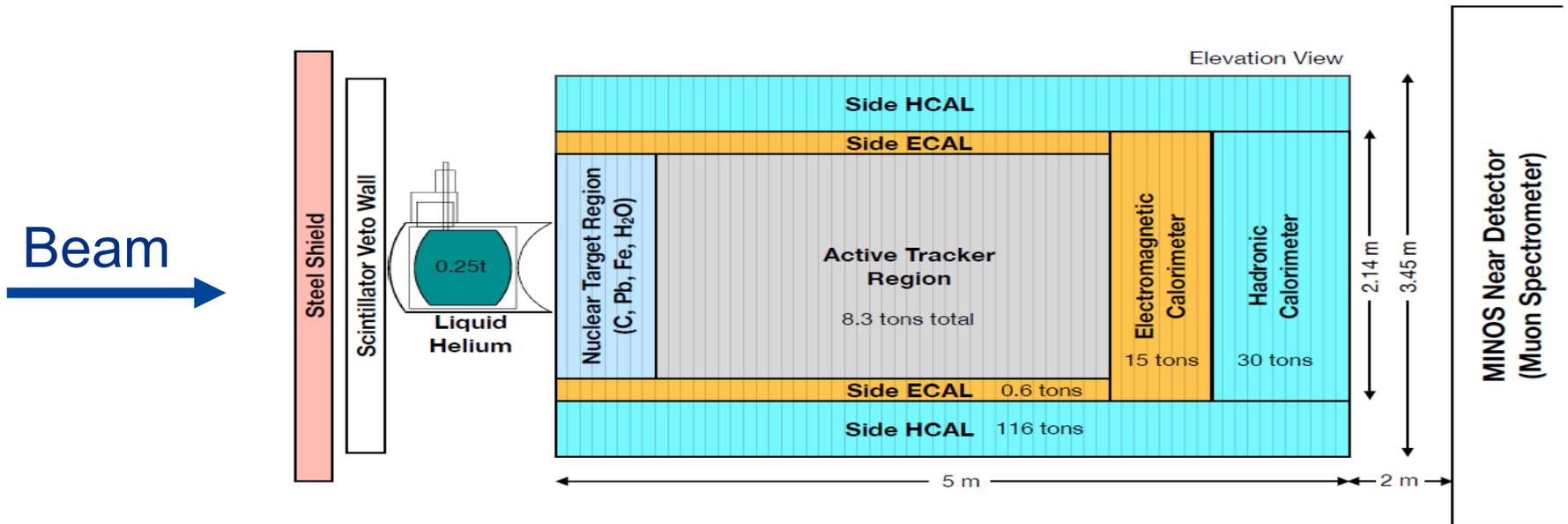
- In a period of precision neutrino oscillation measurements
 - Reducing systematics uncertainties is critical
- Reaching low systematics goals requires control of all systematics, including those from neutrino interaction cross sections.
- Acceleration based Oscillation experiments rely on neutrino-nucleus interaction models in neutrino event generators.
 - Need better model and high precision data -> goals of MINERvA

NuMI



- MINERvA sits on-axis in the NuMI Beam at Fermilab
- Completed low-energy run which peaks at 3.5 GeV.
- Currently accumulating data in medium-energy run which peaks at 6 GeV.

The MINERvA Detector

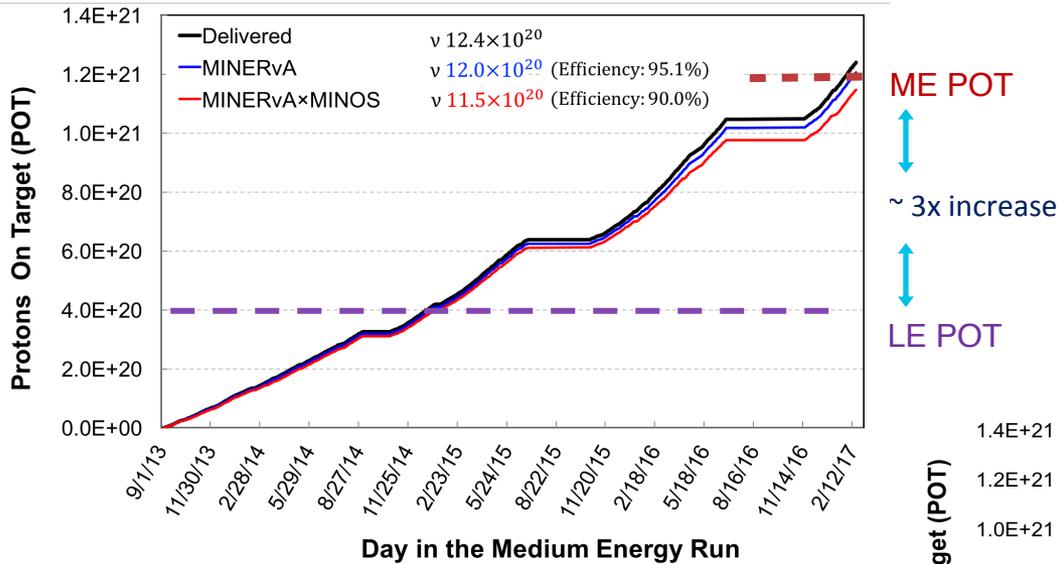


MINERvA takes data on Many Different Targets, Simultaneously !

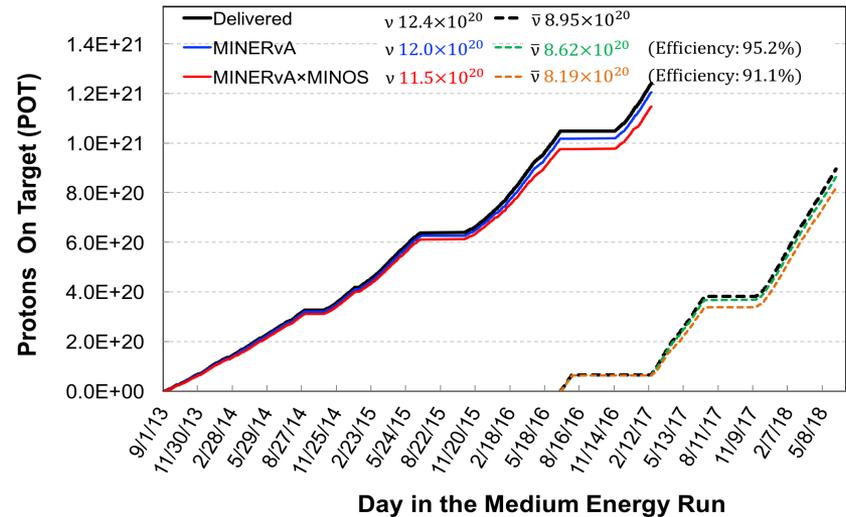
- ❖ Highly granular, fully active detector designed to make high precision of neutrino-nucleus interactions.
- ❖ Composed of finely segmented scintillator based inner tracking region surrounded by electromagnetic and hadronic sampling calorimetry.
- ❖ Three Plane orientations (0 (X) , ± 60 (U & V) rotations around the z-axis -> 3D reconstruction

Low Energy Era → Medium Energy Era

- “Protons on target” is a proxy for number of neutrinos.
- Higher energy -> More events
- Compare with T2K (2010-2013): 6.6×10^{20}

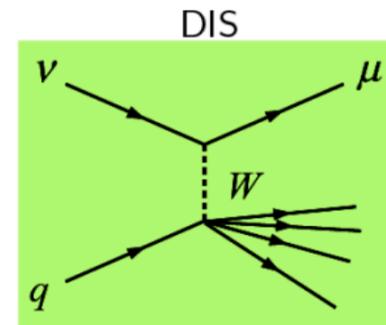
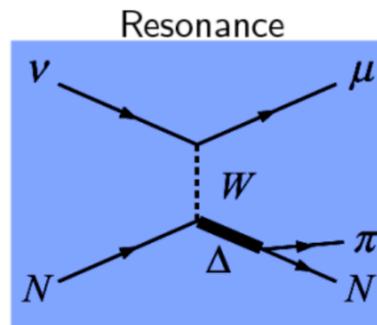
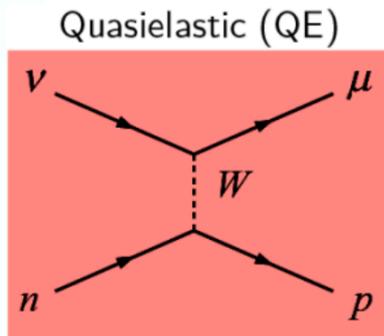
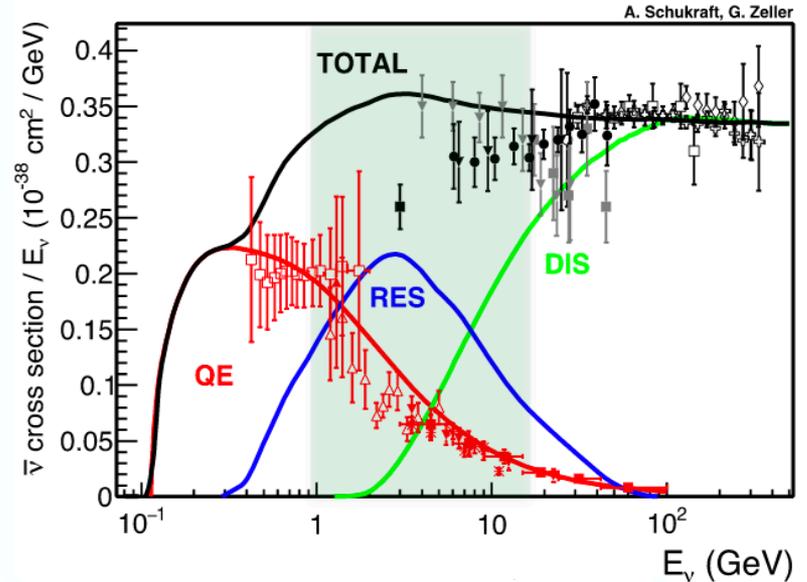
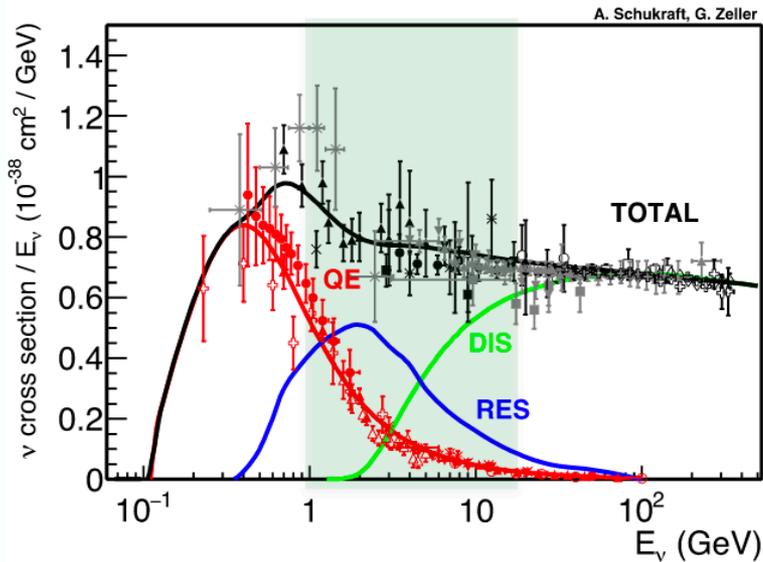


Mode	LE (~ POT)	ME (~ POT)
Neutrino	4×10^{20}	1.2×10^{21}
Anti-Neutrino	1×10^{20}	8×10^{20}



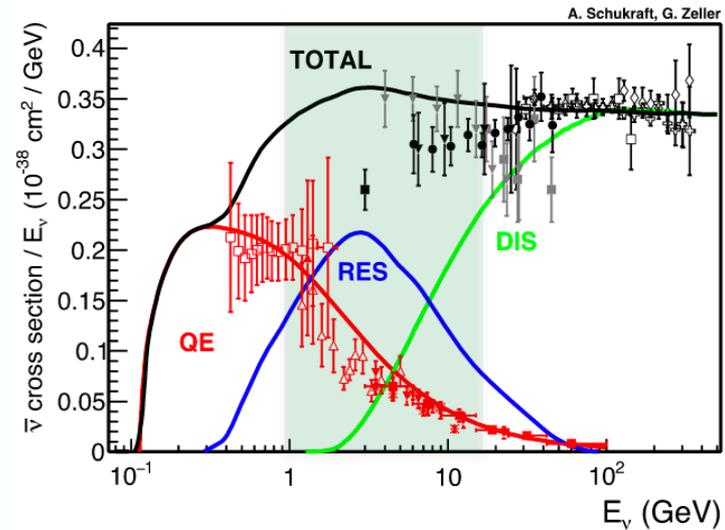
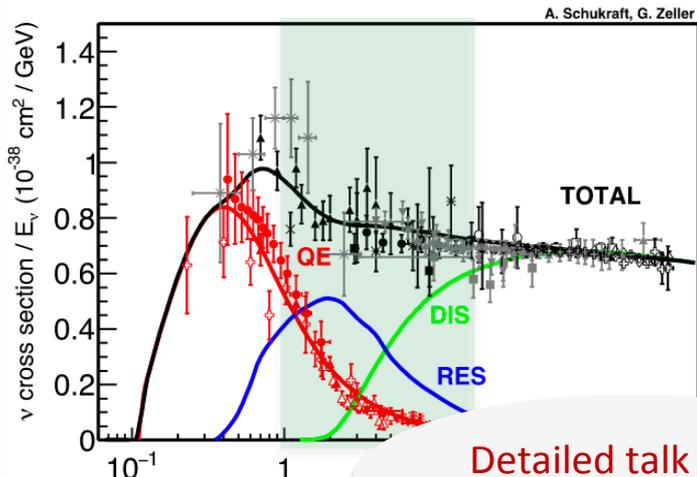
Charged Current Interaction

- Oscillation experiments (DUNE, NOvA) measure neutrino energy E_ν in the 1-50 GeV region, where many interactions channels are active.
 - These interactions channels are signal and the majority of backgrounds in the oscillation experiment

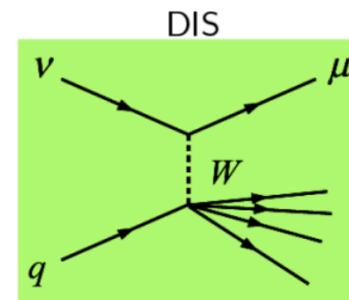
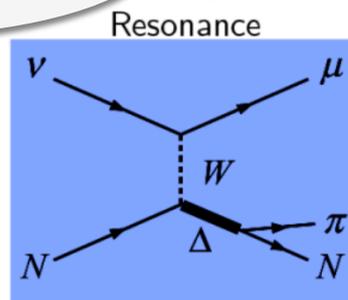
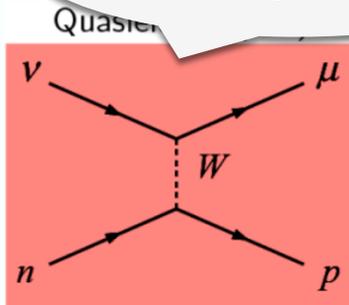


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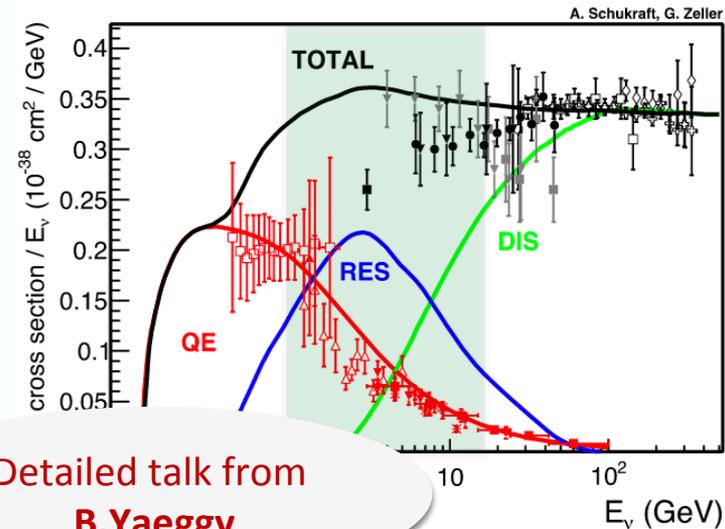
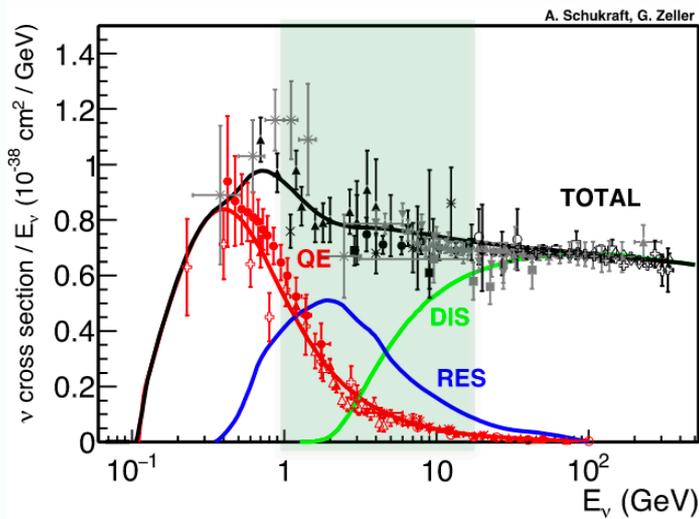


Detailed talk from
J.KleyKlump

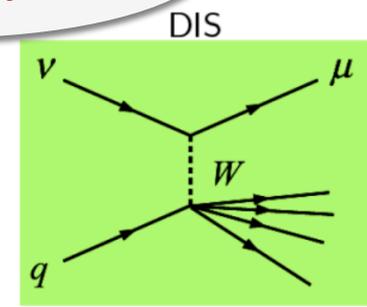
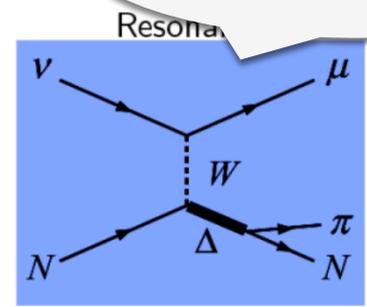
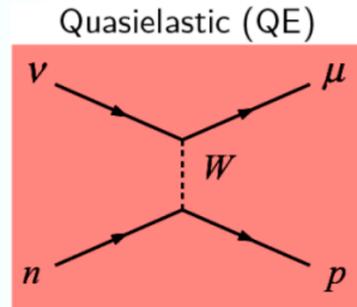


Charged Current Interaction

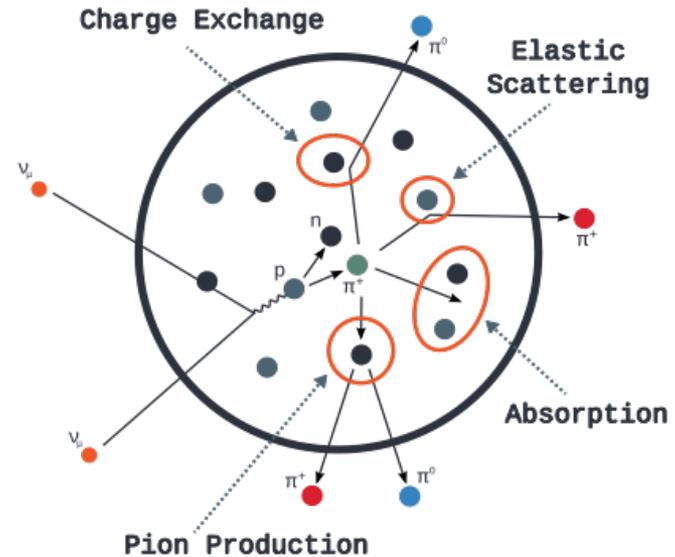
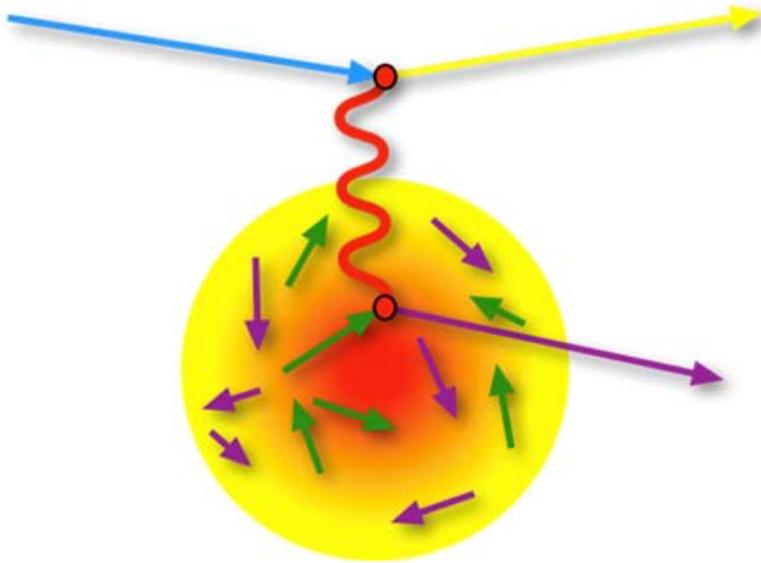
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Detailed talk from **B.Yaeggy**



Study of Nuclear Effects



- Short, medium and long range nucleon-nucleon correlations on the initial condition
- “RPA” effect - “2p2h” effect

Particles created have to work their way out of the nucleus -
final state interactions (FSI)

these effects smear out the detected neutrino energy!

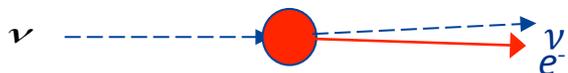
Few MINERvA Publications:

- [“Antineutrino charged Current charged-current reactions on scintillator with low momentum transfer” 10.1103/PhysRevLett.120.221805](#)
- [“**Measurement of the muon anti-neutrino double-differential cross section for quasi-elastic scattering on hydrocarbon at \$E_\nu \sim 3.5\text{GeV}\$** ”](#) *Phys. Rev. D* **97**, 052002 (2018)
- [“Measurement of Total and Differential Cross Sections of Neutrino and Antineutrino Coherent \$\pi^\pm\$ Production on Carbon”](#) *Phys. Rev. D* **97**, 032014, (2018)
- [“Measurement of \$\nu_\mu\$ charged-current single \$\pi^0\$ production on hydrocarbon in the few-GeV region using MINERvA”](#) *Phys. Rev. D* **96**, 072003 (2017)
- [“Direct Measurement of Nuclear Dependence of Charged Current Quasielastic-like Neutrino Interactions using MINERvA”](#) *Phys. Rev. Lett.* **119**, 082001 (2017)
- [“Measurement of the antineutrino to neutrino charged-current interaction cross section ratio on carbon”](#) *Phys. Rev. D* **95**, 072009 (2017)
- [“Measurement of neutral-current \$K^+\$ production by neutrinos using MINERvA”](#) *Phys. Rev. Lett.* **199**, 011802 (2017)
- [“Measurements of the Inclusive Neutrino and Antineutrino Charged Current Cross Sections in MINERvA Using the Low- \$\nu\$ Flux Method”](#) *Phys. Rev. D* **94**, 112007 (2016)
- [“Neutrino Flux Predictions for the NuMI Beam”](#) *Phys. Rev. D* **94**, 092005 (2016)
- [“First evidence of coherent \$K^+\$ meson production in neutrino-nucleus scattering”](#) *Phys. Rev. Lett.* **117**, 061802 (2016)
- [“Measurement of \$K^+\$ production in charged-current \$\nu_\mu\$ interactions”](#) *Phys. Rev. D* **94**, 012002 (2016)
- [“Cross sections for neutrino and antineutrino induced pion production on hydrocarbon in the few-GeV region using MINERvA”](#) *Phys. Rev. D* **94**, 052005 (2016).
- [“Evidence for neutral-current diffractive neutral pion production from hydrogen in neutrino interactions on hydrocarbon”](#) *Phys. Rev. Lett.* **117**, 111801 (2016)
- [“**Measurement of Neutrino Flux using Neutrino-Electron Elastic Scattering**”, *Phys. Rev. D* **93**, 112007 \(2016\)](#)
- [“Measurement of Partonic Nuclear Effects in Deep-Inelastic Neutrino Scattering using MINERvA”](#), *Phys. Rev. D* **93**, 071101 (2016).
- [“Identification of nuclear effects in neutrino-carbon interactions at low three-momentum transfer”](#), *Phys. Rev. Lett.* **116**, 071802 (2016).
- [“Measurement of electron neutrino quasielastic and quasielastic-like scattering on hydrocarbon at average \$E_\nu\$ of 3.6 GeV”](#), *Phys. Rev. Lett* **116**, 081802 (2016).
- [“Single neutral pion production by charged-current anti- \$\nu_\mu\$ interactions on hydrocarbon at average \$E_\nu\$ of 3.6 GeV”](#), *Phys. Lett.* **B749** 130-136 (2015).
- [“Measurement of muon plus proton final states in \$\nu_\mu\$ Interactions on Hydrocarbon at average \$E_\nu\$ of 4.2 GeV”](#) *Phys. Rev. D* **91**, 071301 (2015).
- [“MINERvA neutrino detector response measured with test beam data”](#), *Nucl. Inst. Meth.* **A789**, pp 28-42 (2015).
- [“Measurement of Coherent Production of \$\pi^\pm\$ in Neutrino and Anti-Neutrino Beams on Carbon from \$E_\nu\$ of 1.5 to 20 GeV”](#), *Phys. Rev. Lett.* **113**, 261802 (2014).
- [“Charged Pion Production in \$\nu_\mu\$ Interactions on Hydrocarbon at average \$E_\nu\$ of 4.0 GeV”](#), *Phys. Rev. D* **92**, 092008 (2015).

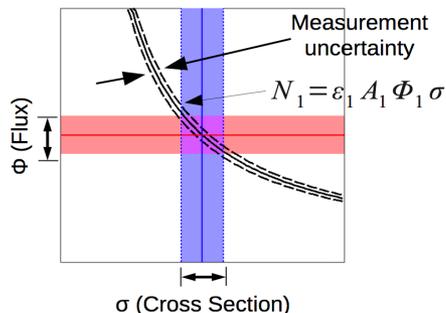
Many more to come from Medium energy data set

Few Results from MINERvA

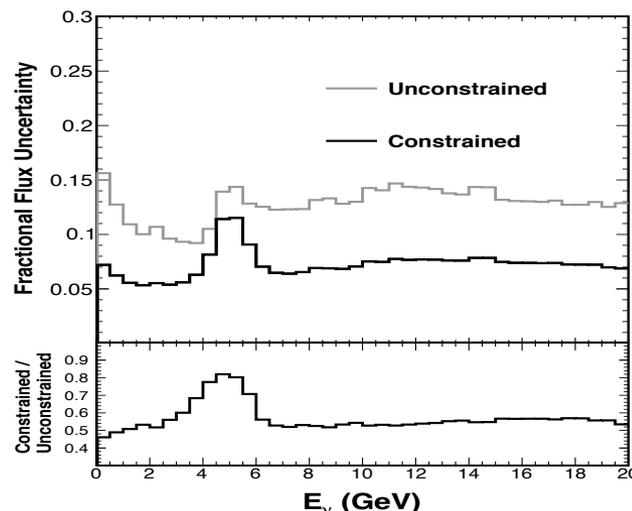
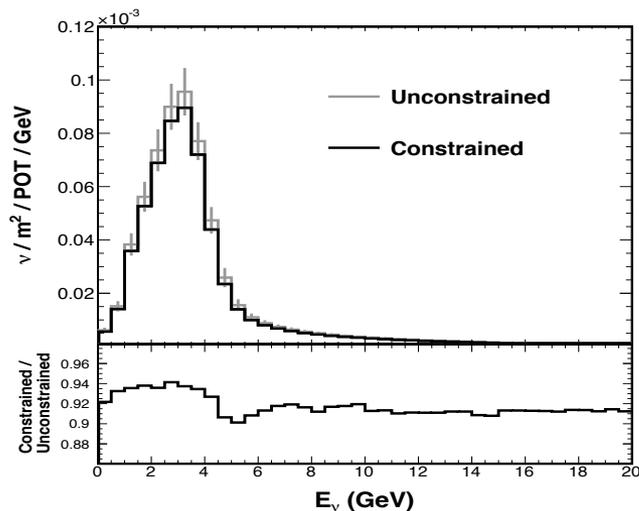
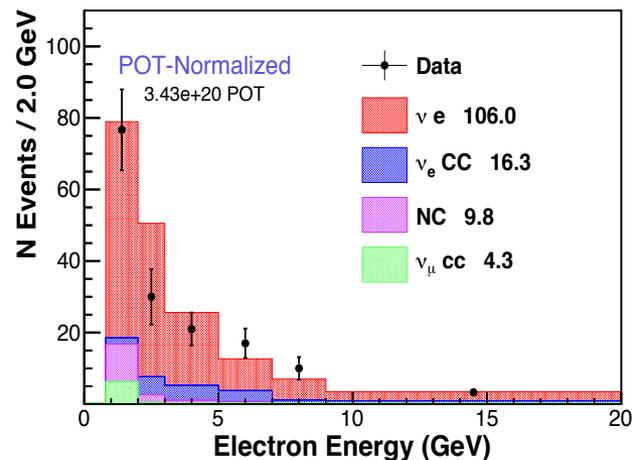
Measurement of Neutrino Flux from Neutrino-Electron Elastic Scattering



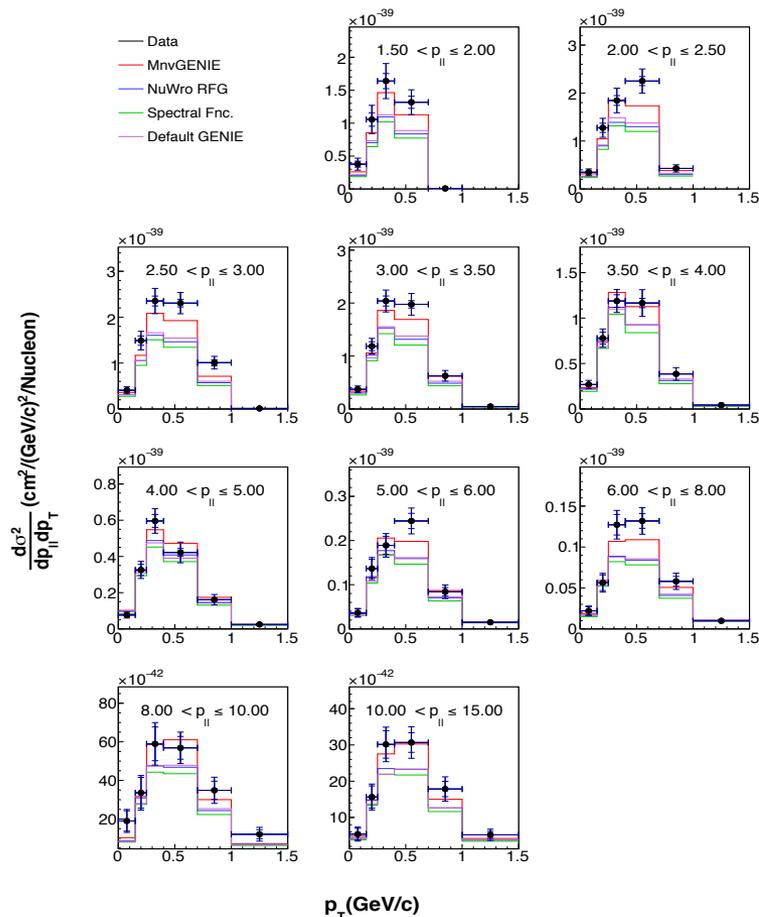
MINERvA
 $\sigma = N / \epsilon A \Phi$
 Flux uncertainty goes into the cross-section uncertainty



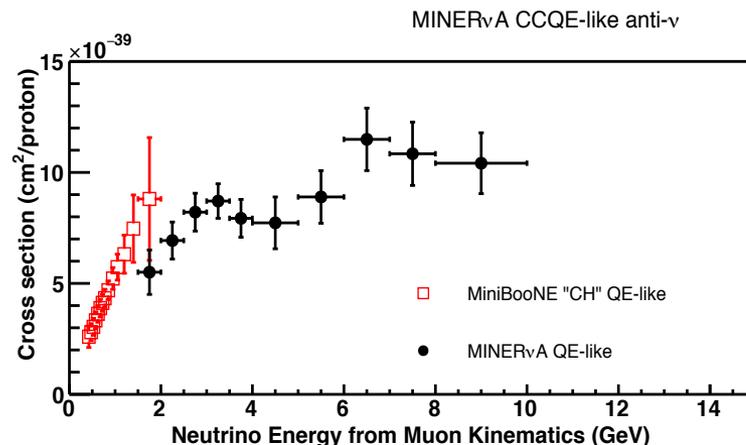
- Well known process : Cross section
- Use nu-e scattering measurement to constrain flux



Measurement of the muon anti-neutrino double-differential cross section for quasi-elastic-like scattering on hydrocarbon at $E_\nu \sim 3.5$ GeV



Double-differential QE-like cross section vs. muon transverse momentum compared to different models.



MINERvA QE-like cross section as a function of E_ν^{QE} compared to data from the MiniBooNE experiment.

- This study improves on a previous single differential measurement by using updated reconstruction algorithms and interaction models, and provides a complete description of observed muon kinematics in the form of a double-differential cross section with respect to muon transverse and longitudinal momentum.
- The model agreement is considerably improved by a model tuned to MINERvA inclusive neutrino scattering data that incorporates nuclear effects such as weak nuclear screening and two-particle, two-hole enhancements.

Summary and Outlook

- By combining many analyses with different focuses MINERvA is creating a vision of what neutrino interactions in nuclei look like at a few GeV
- Medium Energy data taking is on going(anti-neutrino mode).
- Higher Statistics
- Results should continue to improve model descriptions used by both theory and oscillation experiments
- The next dataset of MINERvA is starting to produce results.

STAY TUNED !

