

Lattice QCD and neutrino-Nucleus Scattering

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Background

- Physics giving rise to neutrino masses identified as focus by 2014 P5 Strategic Plan.
- **US Response** - DUNE (Deep Underground Neutrino Experiment) hosted by FNAL.
- Other efforts in Europe and Japan... ..but US leadership...
- For the US Lattice Community:
 - Identify calculations essential to success of program
 - Important questions and impact in both *nuclear* and *particle* physics
- *Neutrino Scattering Theory Experiment Collaboration*
 - <http://nustec.fnal.gov>
 - arXiv:1706.03621v2
- Overlap with **Cold QCD** white paper, (and **lepton/quark flavor** and **fundamental symmetries?**).

Building for Discovery

Strategic Plan for U.S. Particle Physics in the Global Context
Executive Summary



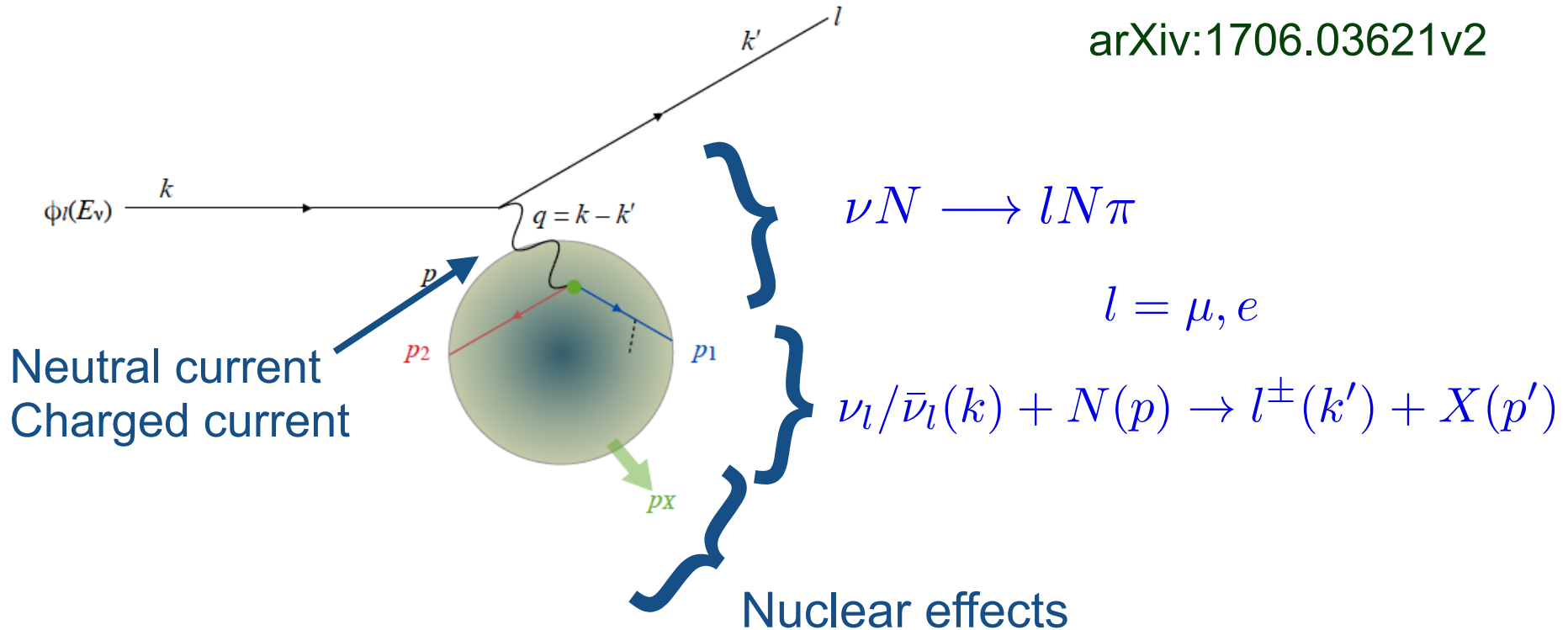
Report of the Particle Physics Project Prioritization Panel (P5) May 2016

Introduction

NuSTEC^a White Paper: Status and Challenges of Neutrino-Nucleus Scattering

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arXiv:1706.03621v2



Template

- Introduction
 - Experiment
 - Nuclear Theory Overview
 - Lattice Opportunities
 - Lattice QCD most effective (e.g. form factors)
 - Lattice QCD only way (e.g. two-body currents)
- Straightforward Calculations
- More Challenging
- Most Challenging
- Computational Requirements

Straightforward Calculations

Calculations we know how to do, but need improved control over systematic and statistical uncertainties - pion mass, lattice spacing, disconnected diagrams, ...

Nucleon Form Factors

- Calculations of vector form factors well-established: *use as validation*
- Axial-vector form factors crucial target - charged current and neutral current
 - Determination of axial-current charged radius and g_A
 - Key Measures of QCD, cf proton charge radius.
 - Improved disconnected methods for neutral current
 - z-expansion
 - blind analyses
 - analogy with CKM, success of LQCD

Marciano

Straightforward - II

Nucleon Matrix Elements

- Key precision quantity of lattice calculations
- Neutrino scattering:
 - Additional structure function F_3 beyond that of EM interactions

$$W_{\alpha\beta} = \left(\frac{q_\alpha q_\beta}{q^2} - g_{\alpha\beta} \right) W_1 + \frac{1}{M^2} \left(p_\alpha - \frac{p \cdot q}{q^2} q_\alpha \right) \left(p_\beta - \frac{p \cdot q}{q^2} q_\beta \right) W_2 - \frac{i}{2M} \epsilon^{\alpha\beta\rho\sigma} p^\rho q^\sigma W_3$$

- different combinations of flavor structure
- Elucidate role of strangeness in nucleon
- Low moments of u, d, s and glue in nucleon
- s vs sbar distribution

More Challenging

Calculation of x -dependence of PDFs

- Refer to Cold QCD white paper for methodology - quasi-PDFs, pseudo-PDFs, hadronic tensor, lattice cross sections
- Extraction of higher-twist effects for lattice cross sections

Resonance production

- Neutrino scattering at low energies (< 3 GeV) excites resonances N^* , Δ .
- Formalism developed for infinite-volume momentum-dependent amplitudes from finite-energy shifts at finite volume, and for transition to two-body final states.
- State-of-the-art applications for momentum-dependent scattering amplitudes in meson sector, and in $\rho \rightarrow \gamma^* \pi$; exploratory Δ phase shift.
- Theoretical and computational needs and expected results for baryon final states in five years.

Challenging - II

Axial currents in light nuclei

- Nuclear effects in neutrino nucleus scattering important. Gamow-Teller transitions show transitions in nuclei not simply scaled from $n \rightarrow p e \nu$.
- Calculations of $A=2, 3$ axial transitions in the forward limit have been performed at $m_\pi = 800$ MeV. Calculations at the physical quark masses and with rudimentary control of continuum limit will be performed in the 5 years.
- Extension for form factors in nuclei and to moments of PDFs
- Lattice input to EFTs for heavier nuclei

Most Challenging

“Precision” Calculations

- EM and isospin-break effects. Are they relevant?

Axial currents in heavy nuclei

- Direct calculations of matrix elements in argon.
- Direct calculations of matrix elements in carbon and expt. accessible light nuclei; A dependence of EFT effects.
- x-dependence of PDFs in nuclei.

Summary

