



Nuclear reaction in a three body model

exact solution in P-space and exploring the story in Q-space

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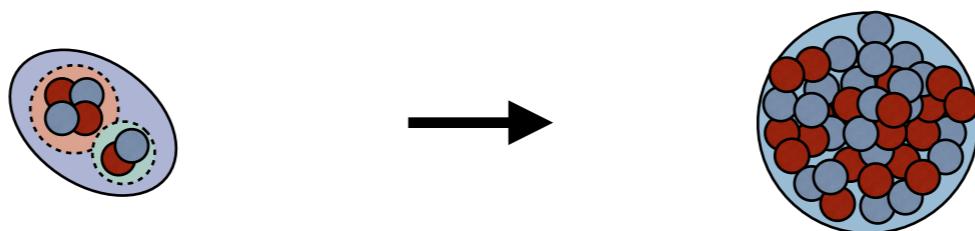
P-space: L. Hlophe, A. Nogga, Ch. Elster, D. R. Phillips, F.M. Nunes

Q-space: A.M. Moro



How to solve nuclear reaction?

A story between projectile and target in open quantum system

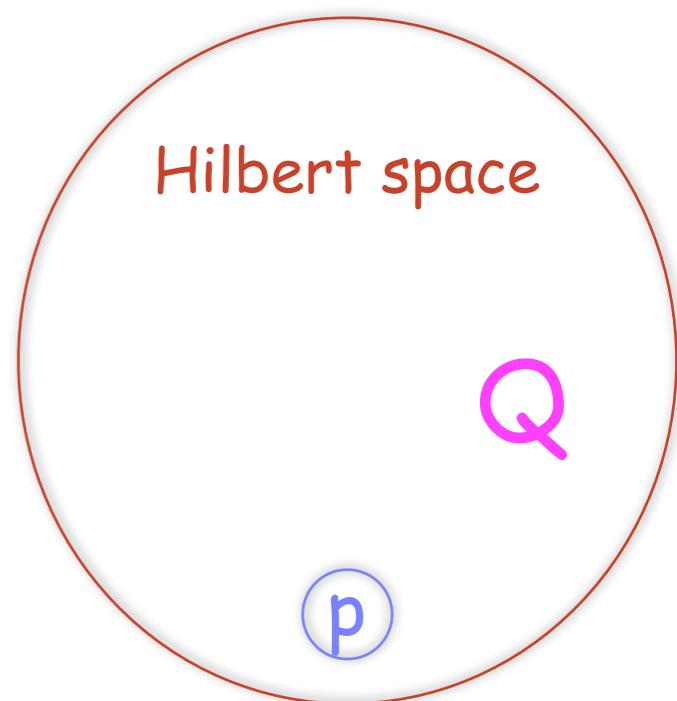


Difficult to solve due to the many body degree of freedom

Project into model space with \mathcal{P} , $\mathcal{Q} = 1 - \mathcal{P}$

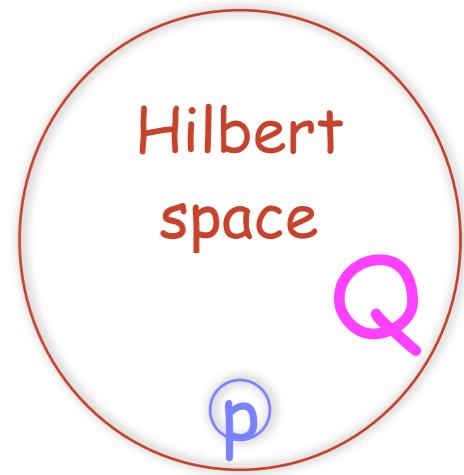
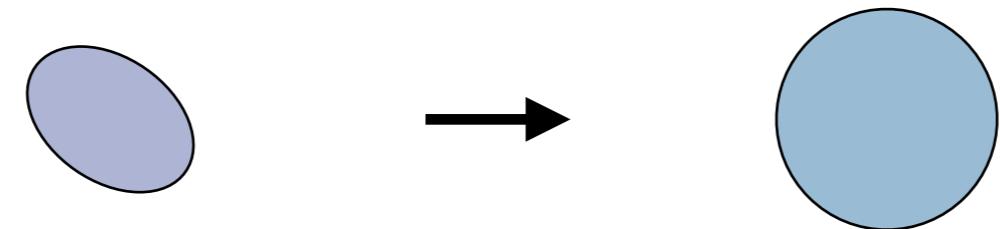
Solve $(E - H)\mathcal{P}\Psi = 0$ with

$$H = \mathcal{H}_{\mathcal{P}\mathcal{P}} + \mathcal{H}_{\mathcal{P}\mathcal{Q}} \frac{1}{E - \mathcal{H}_{\mathcal{Q}\mathcal{Q}}} \mathcal{H}_{\mathcal{Q}\mathcal{P}}$$



The simplest choice: two body ground state

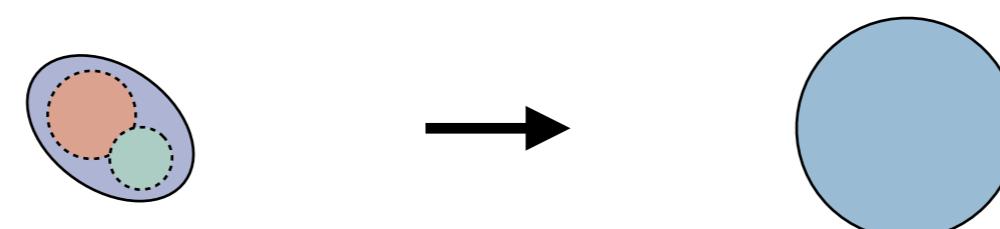
$$\mathcal{P} = |\phi_p^0 \phi_t^0\rangle \langle \phi_p^0 \phi_t^0|$$



Details in **Elastic Scattering**, Overall in **reaction cross section**

More detailed choice: three body ground state

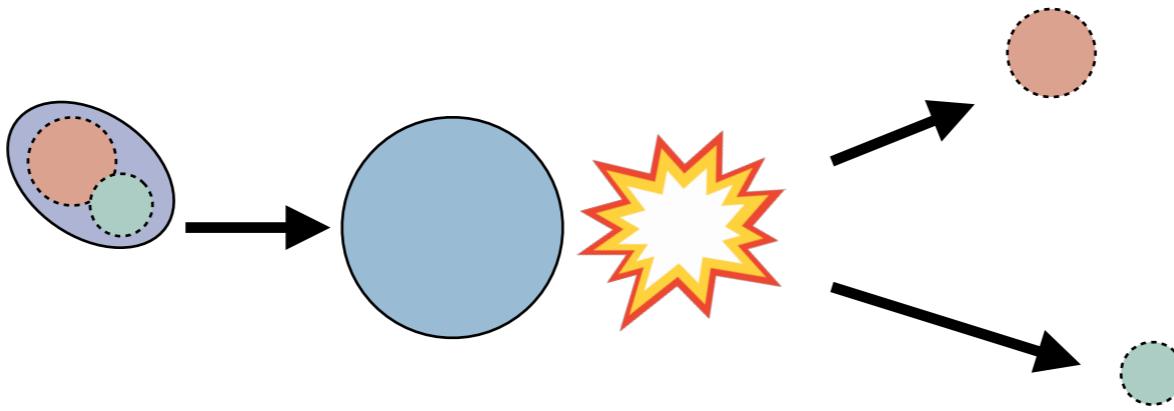
$$\mathcal{P} = |\phi_c^0 \phi_v^0 \phi_t^0\rangle \langle \phi_c^0 \phi_v^0 \phi_t^0|$$



Details in **Elastic Scattering, transfer, and breakup**; Overall in **reaction cross section**

Outline

- ♦ Introduction
- ♦ Exact solution in P-space (three body model)
 - ♦ Faddeev equation in momentum space
 - ♦ Off-shell effects in three body system
- ♦ Exploring the story in Q-space
 - ♦ Nonelastic breakup: inclusive (d,p) reaction
 - ♦ continuum effects?
- ♦ Summary and perspective



Exact Solution in P -space

- Faddeev equation in momentum space: Linda's talk
- Off-shell effects in three body system

Solving Effective Three-Body Problem (I)

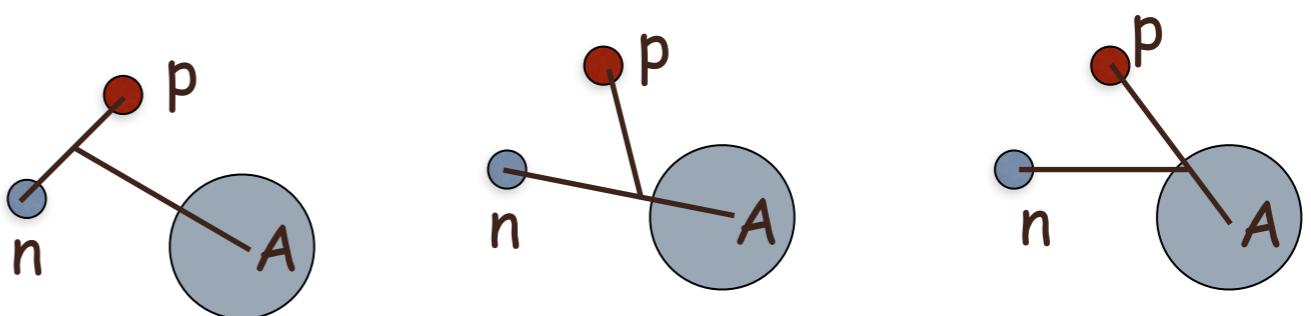
Solving the three body Schrodinger equation: two-body projectile with inert cores on inert target(take $d+A$ system as an example)

$$E|\Psi\rangle = H|\Psi\rangle \quad H = H_0 + V_{np} + U_{nA} + U_{pA}$$

Effective (optical) potentials
↓
np interaction

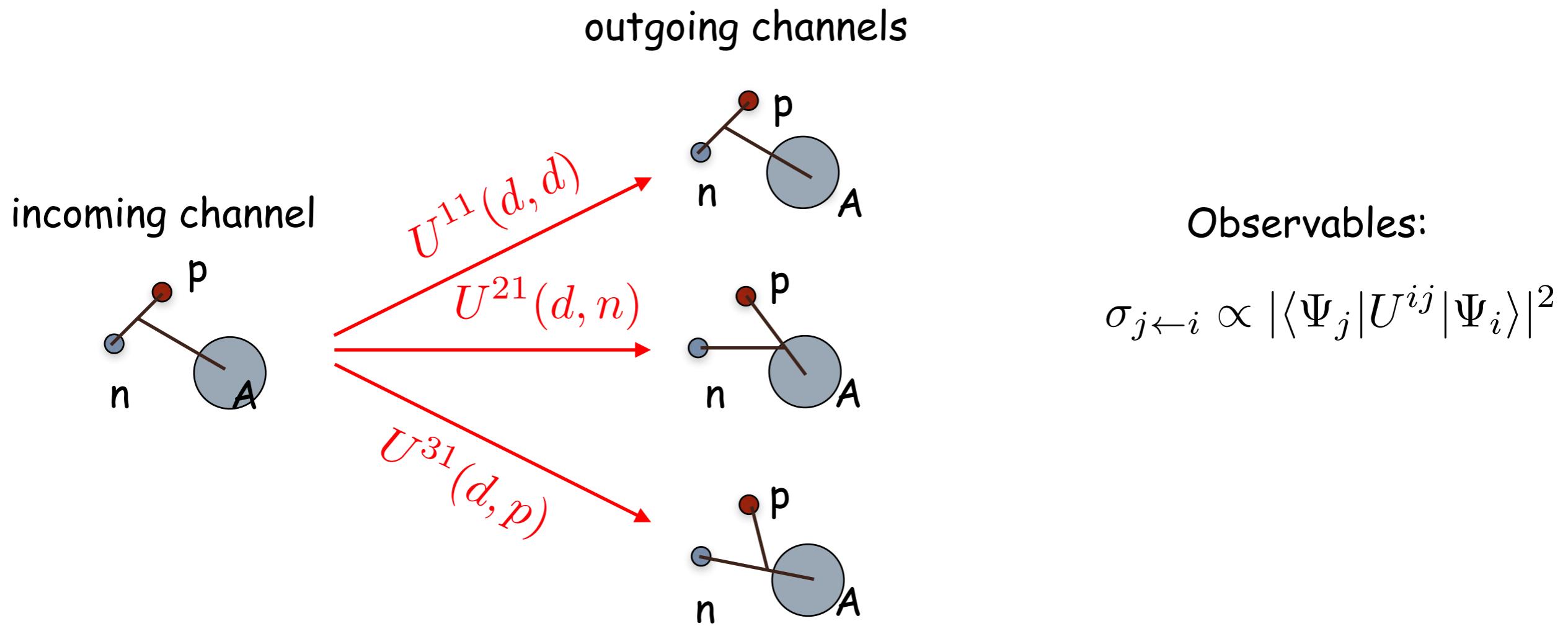
Faddeev equation: expand the three body wave function in three Jacobi system

$$|\Psi\rangle = |\psi_{np}\rangle + |\psi_{nA}\rangle + |\psi_{pA}\rangle$$



Each Jacobi coordinate specify particular boundary condition (elastic scattering/transfer)

Solving Effective Three-Body Problem (II)



Faddeev-AGS equations: [Alt et al., Nucl.Phys. B2 (1967) 167]

$$U^{ij} = \bar{\delta}G_0^{-1}(E) + \sum_k \bar{\delta}_{ik}t_k(E)G_0(E)U^{kj}$$

Applications to ${}^6\text{Li}$ bound state and d+a reactions

- ❖ Solve as effective three body problem: n+p+a
- ❖ For bound state
 - ~various type interaction for n-p and n(p)-a
 - ~solve with separable potentials (new codes)
What is the connection ?
 - ~benchmark achieve 4 significant figures
- ❖ For scattering
 - ~solve with separable potentials (new code)
 - ~consider the incident energy below and above the breakup threshold
 - ~benchmark with non-separable potentials

See details in Linda's talk

Phillips Line in n-n-p system

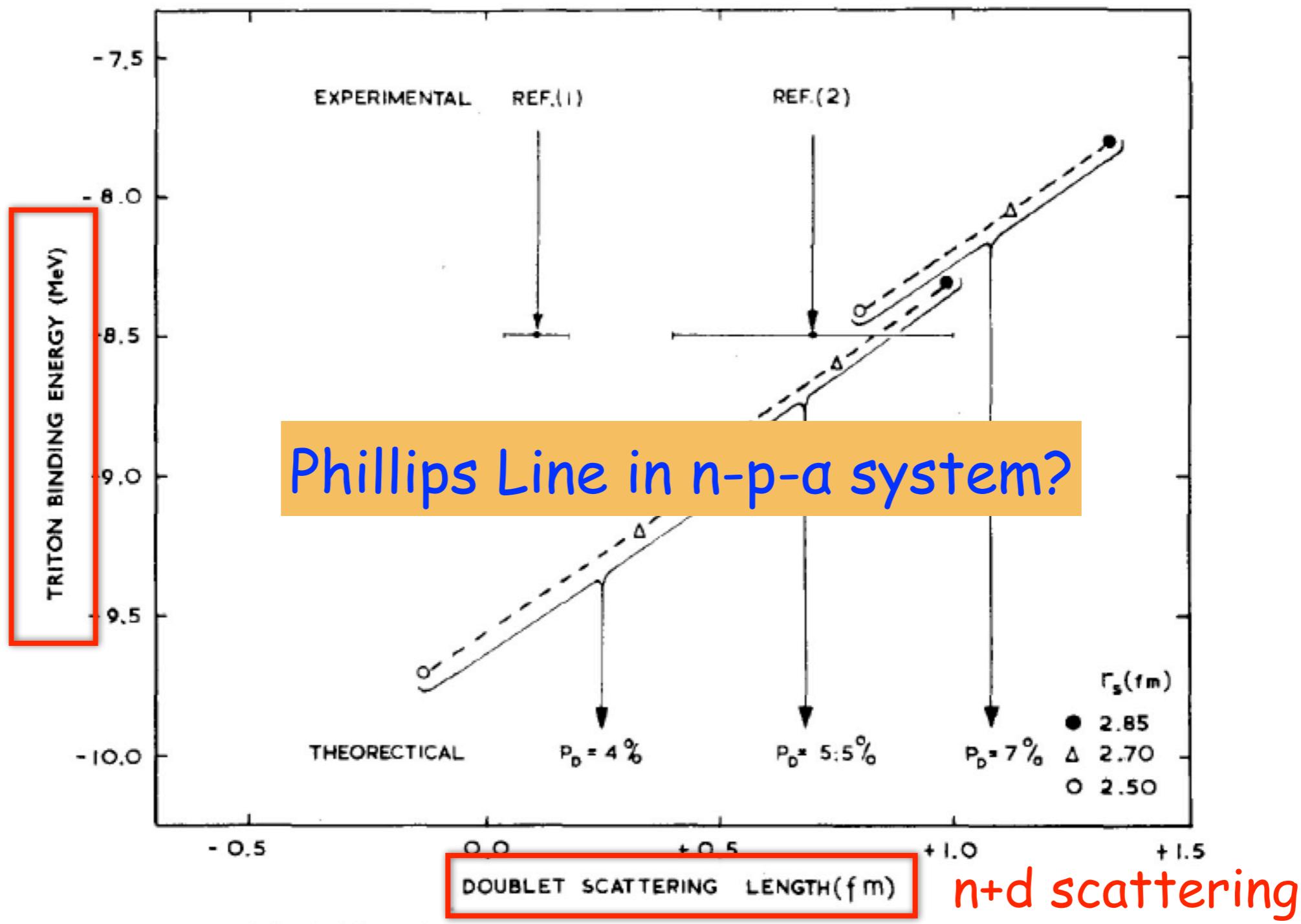
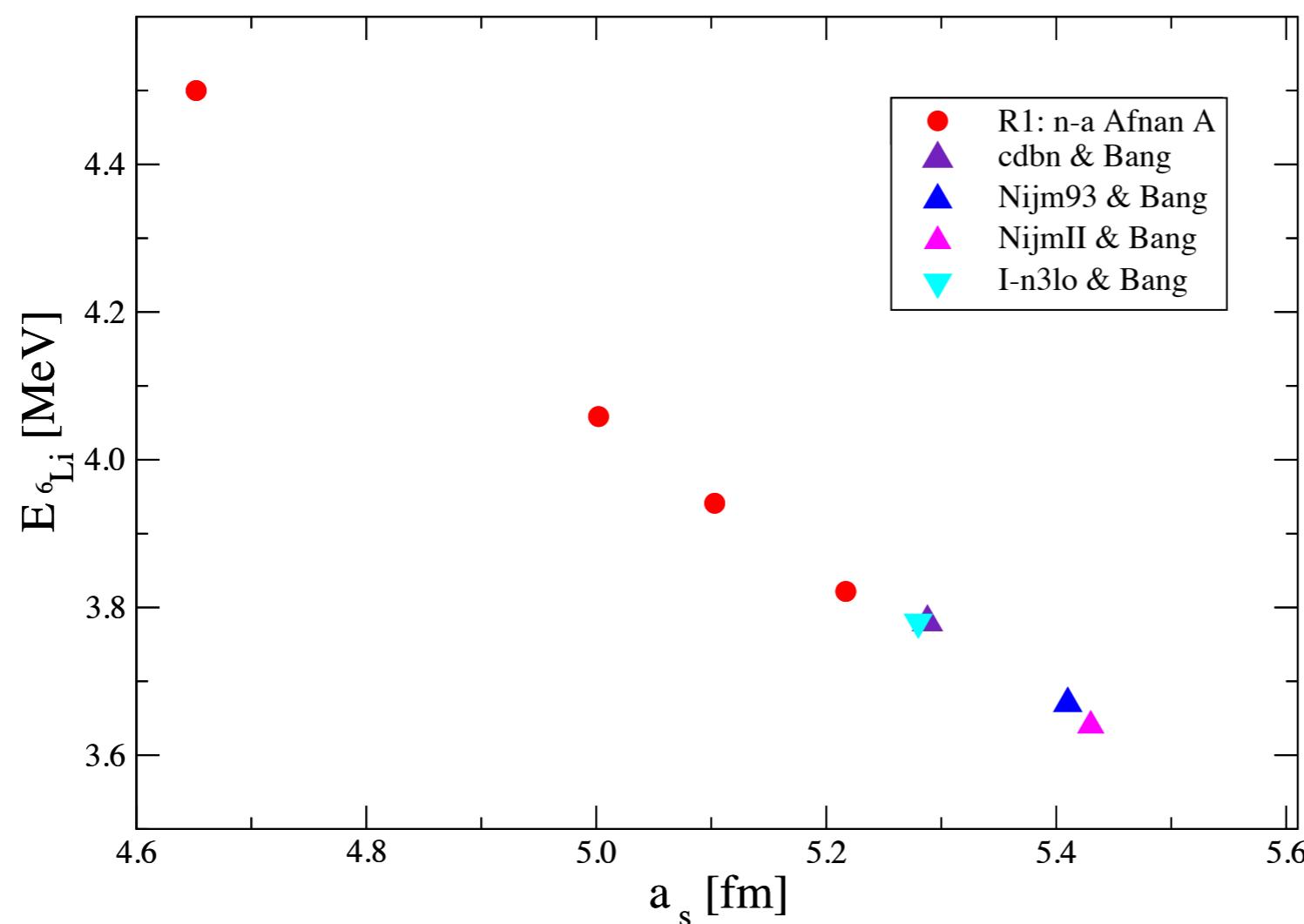


Fig. 1. The relation between 3a and E_T for three values of r_s .

Off-shell effects in three body system

np interactions fit to the data with $\chi^2/\text{d.o.f.}=1$
(on-shell equivalent potentials)

Apply to three body calculation (fix N-a) interaction



A. Eskandarian and I. R. Afnan
Phys. Rev. C 46 2344 (1992)



effects of N-a
interaction ??

Unitary transform N- α interaction

Start with Afnan N- α interaction

A. Eskandarian and I. R. Afnan
Phys. Rev. C 46 2344 (1992)

$$V_{ll'}^{n\alpha}(p, p') = g_l(p) C_{ll'} g_{l'}(p')$$

with

$$g_l(p) = \frac{p^l}{[p^2 + \beta^2]^{l+1}}$$

perform unitary transform with

$$\tilde{H} = U H U^\dagger = K + \tilde{V}$$

where

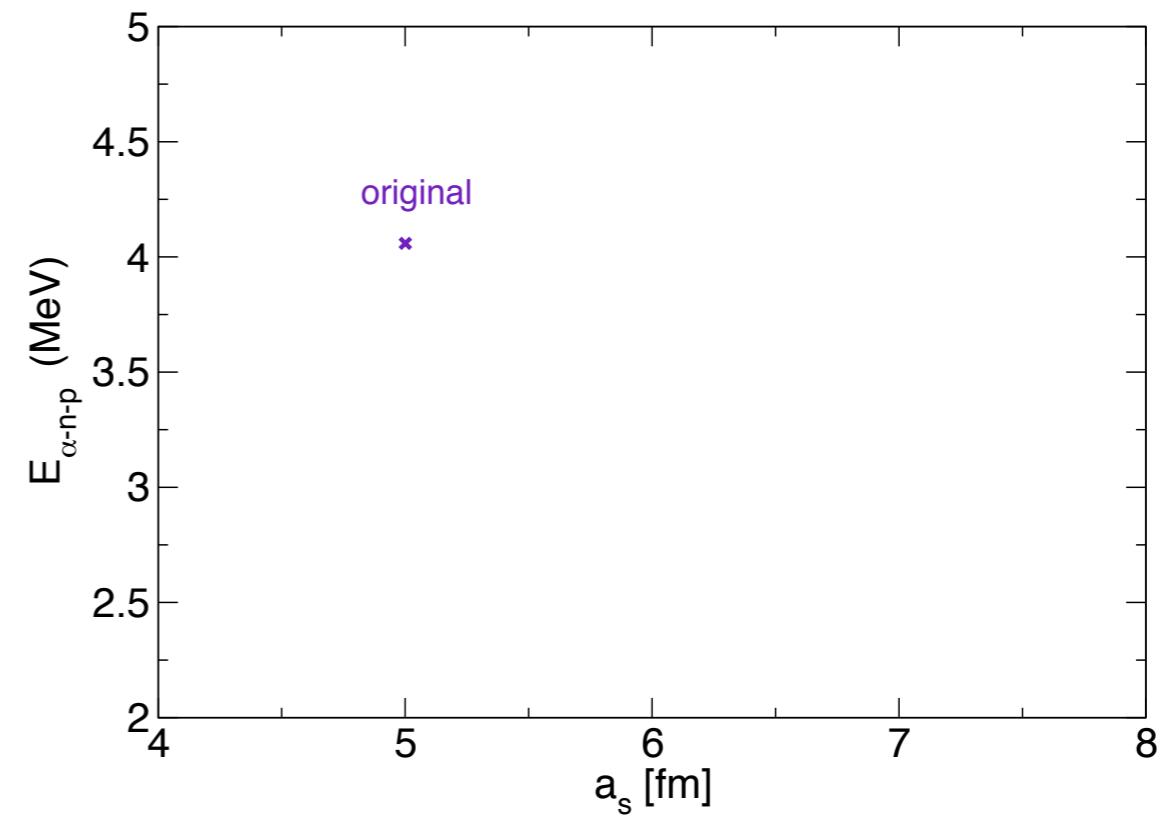
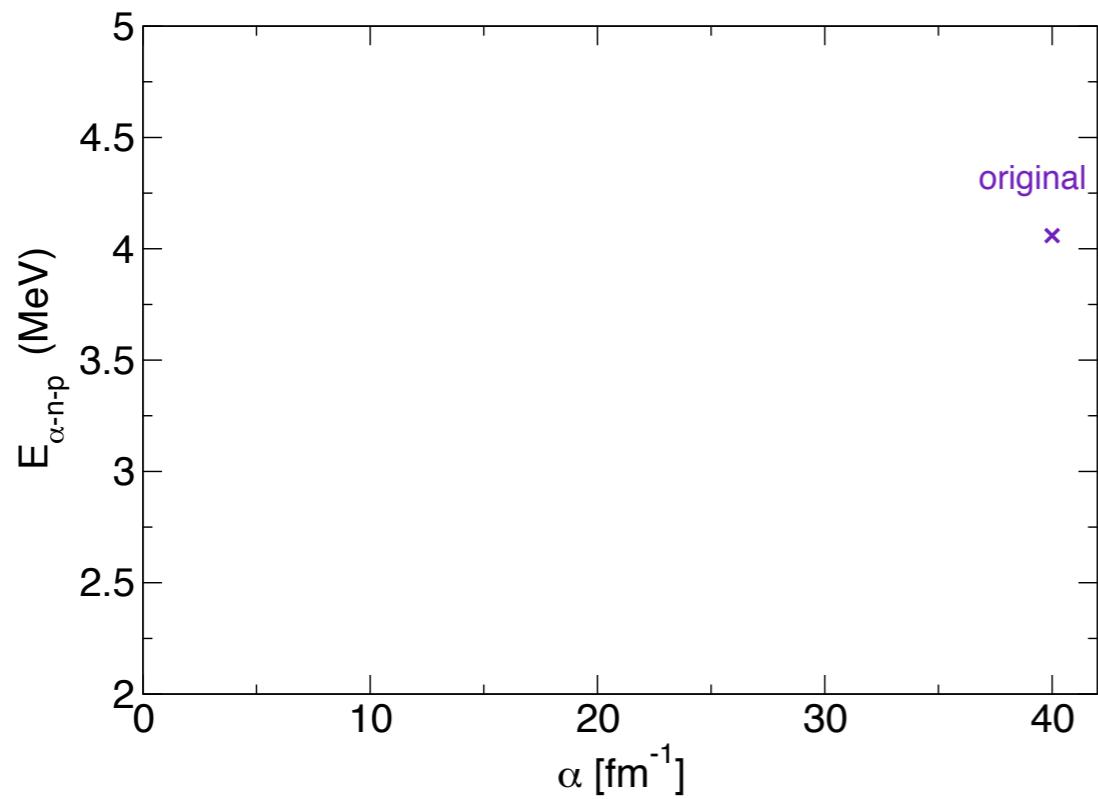
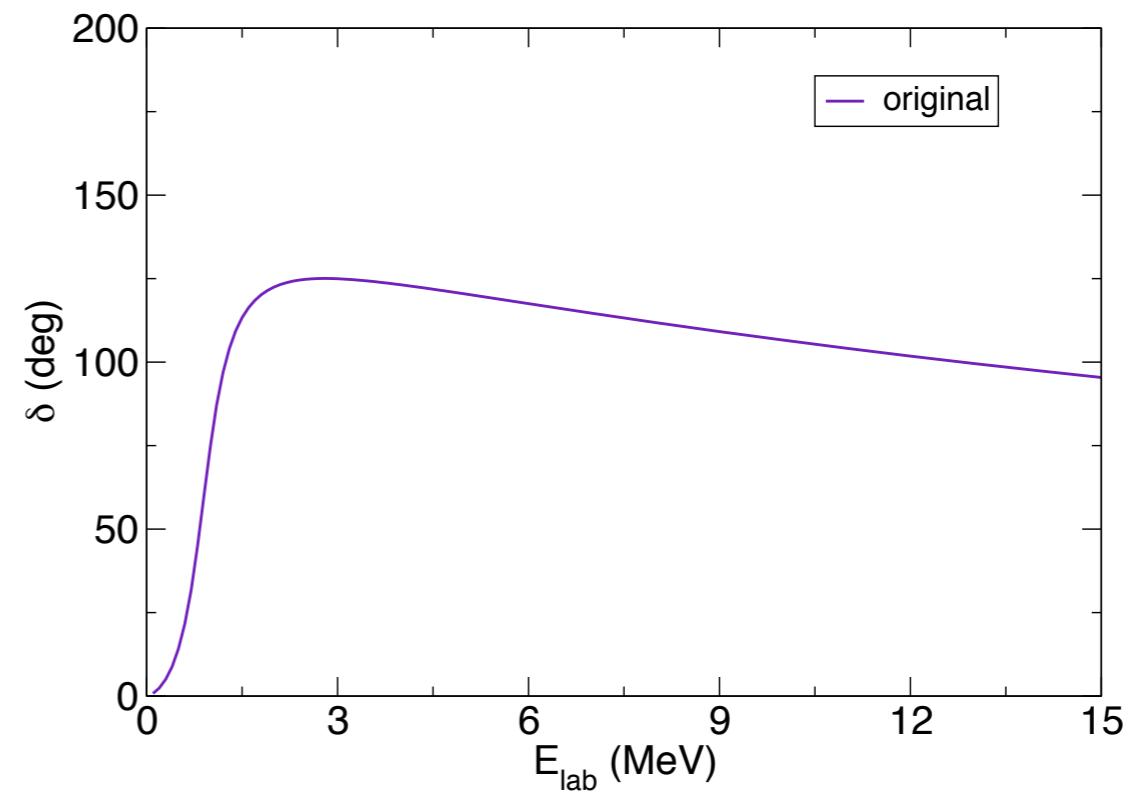
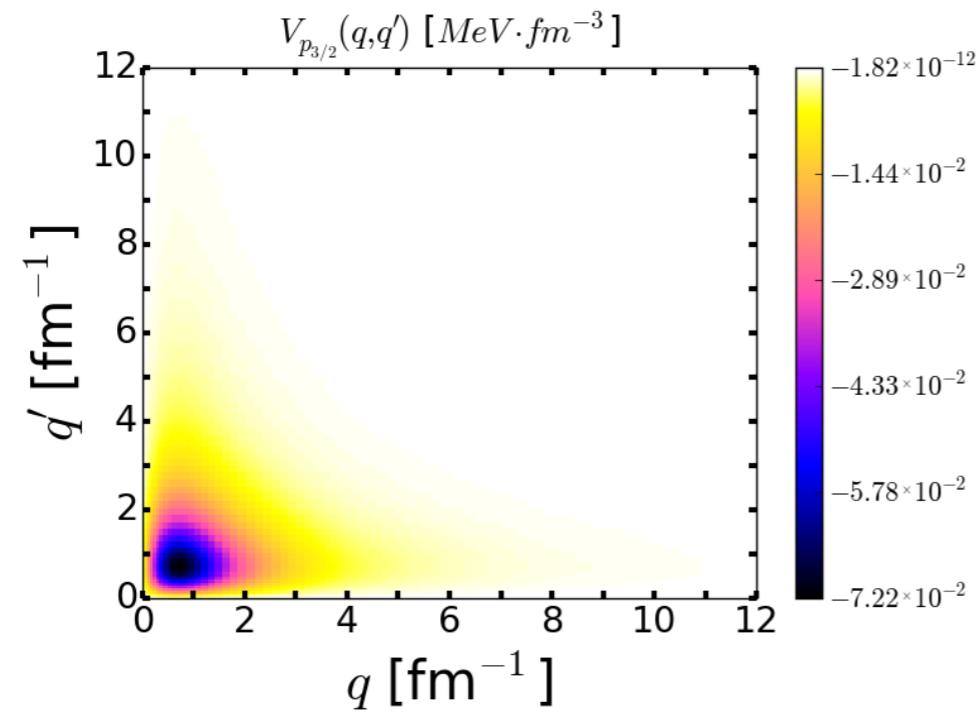
$$U = 1 - 2|h\rangle\langle h|$$

and

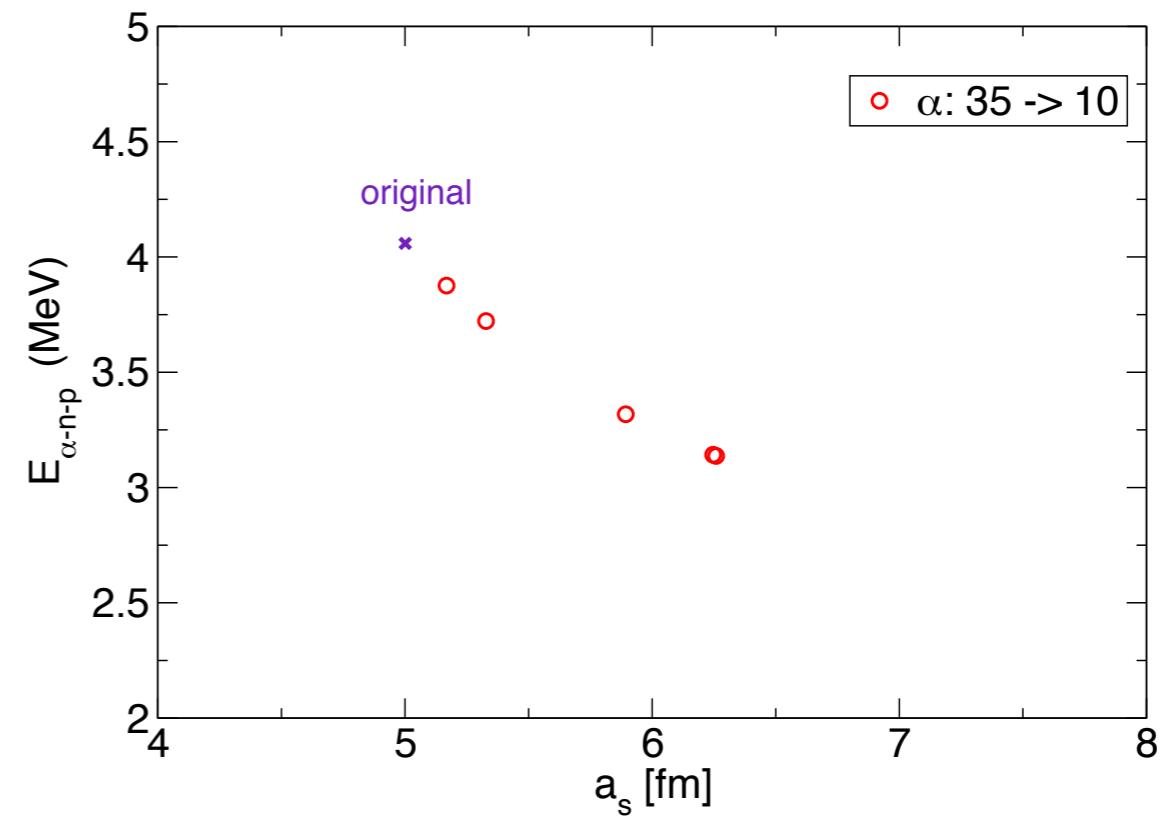
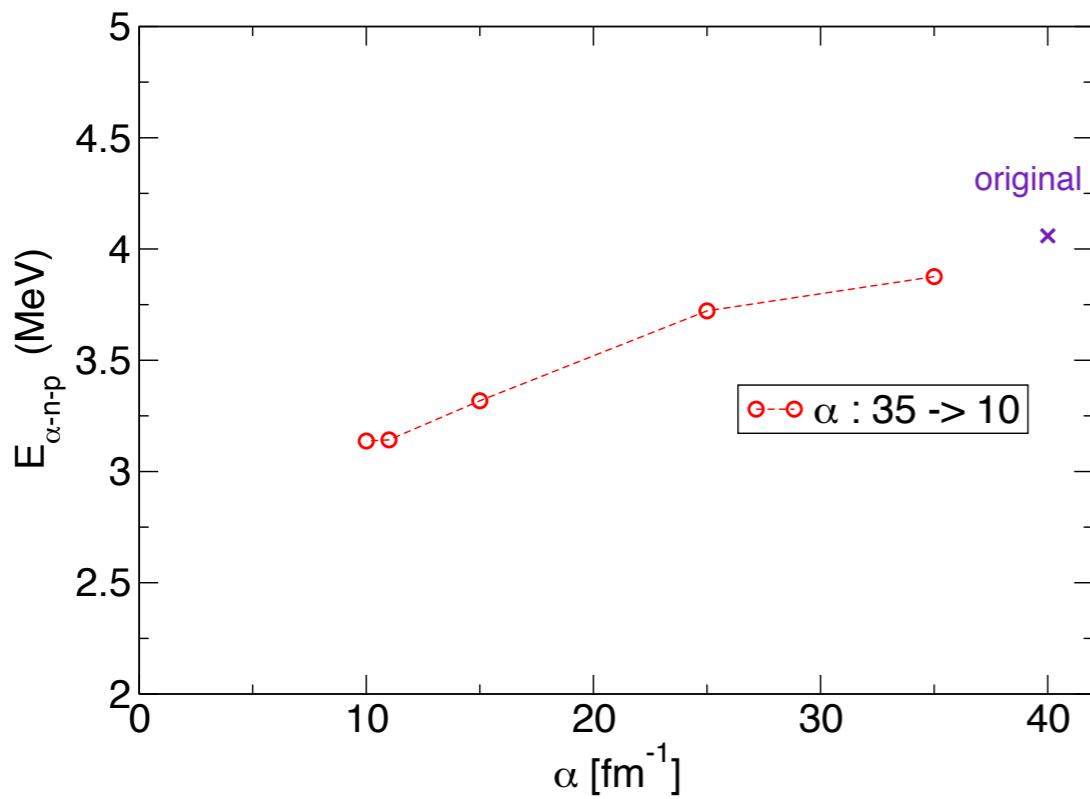
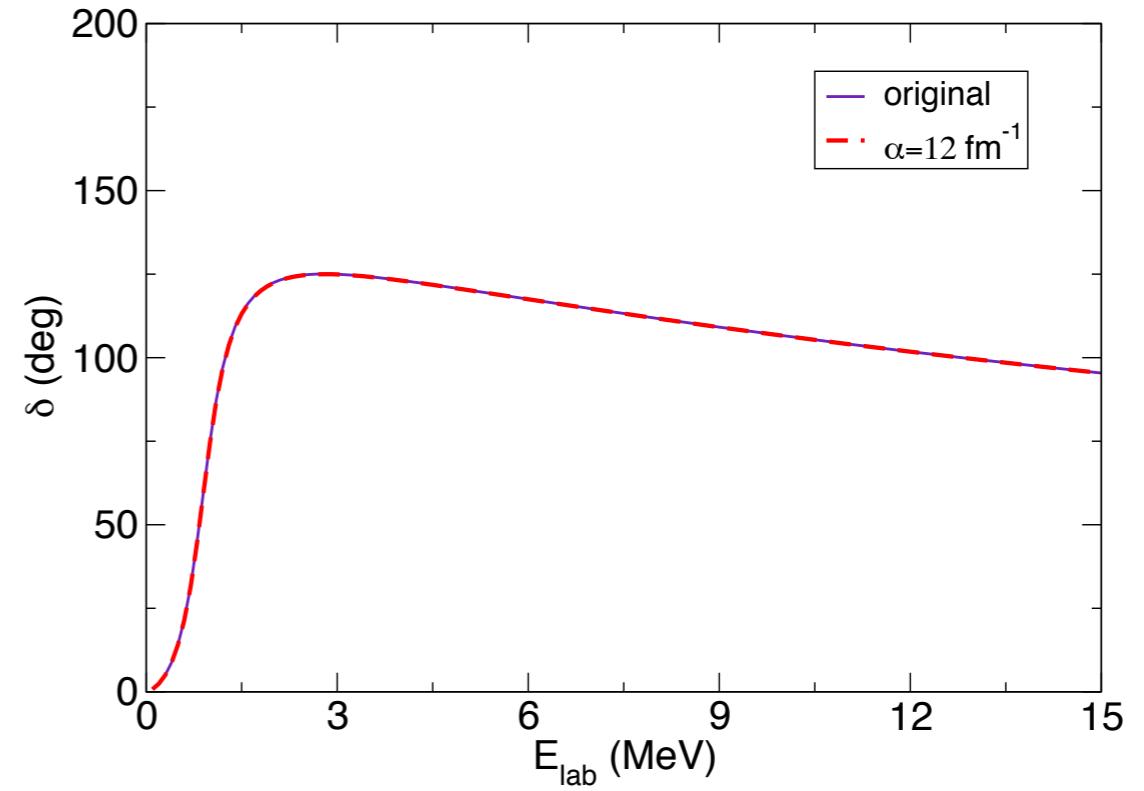
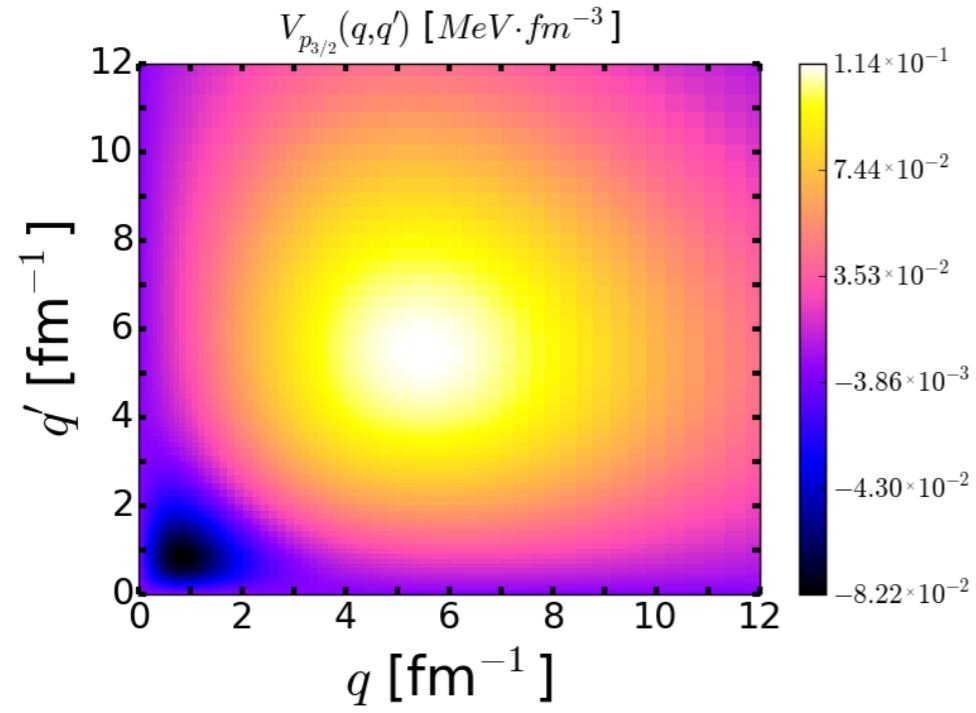
$$\langle r | h \rangle = N e^{-\alpha r} (1 - \xi r)$$

A. W. Thomas, I. R. Afnan
Phys. Lett. B 55 425 (1975)

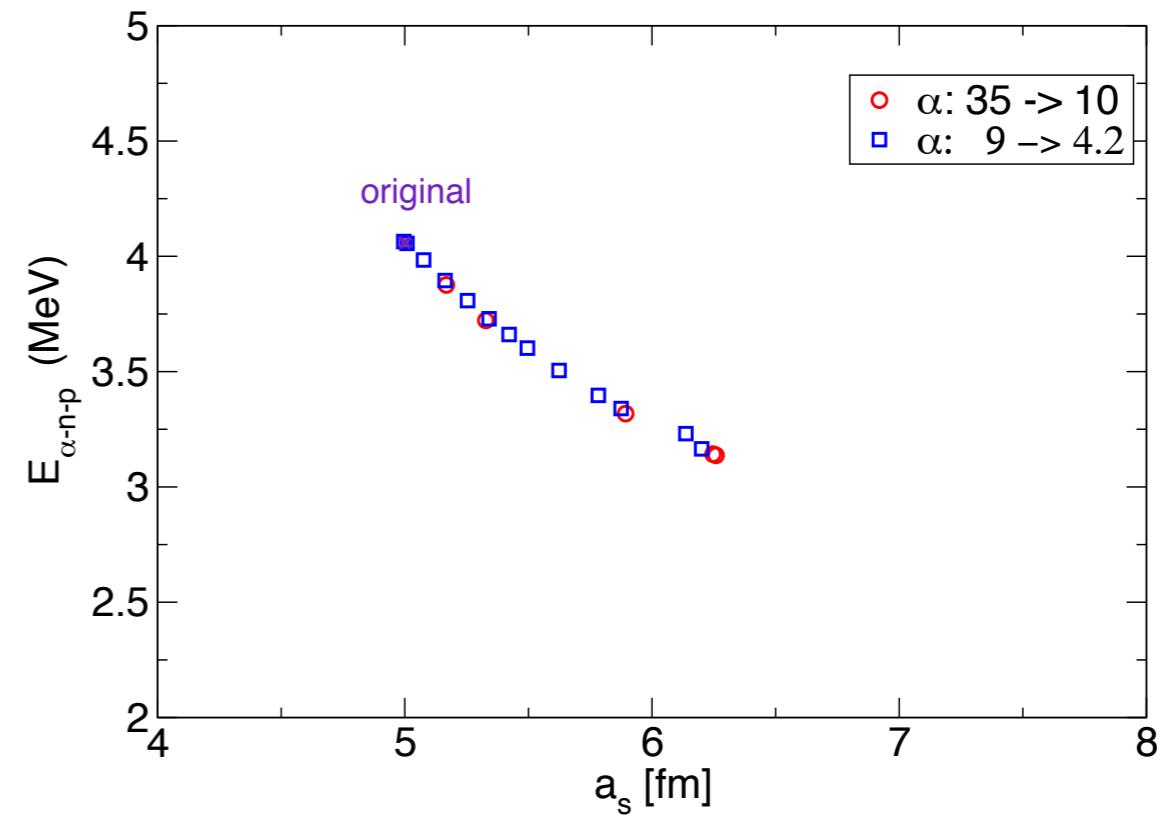
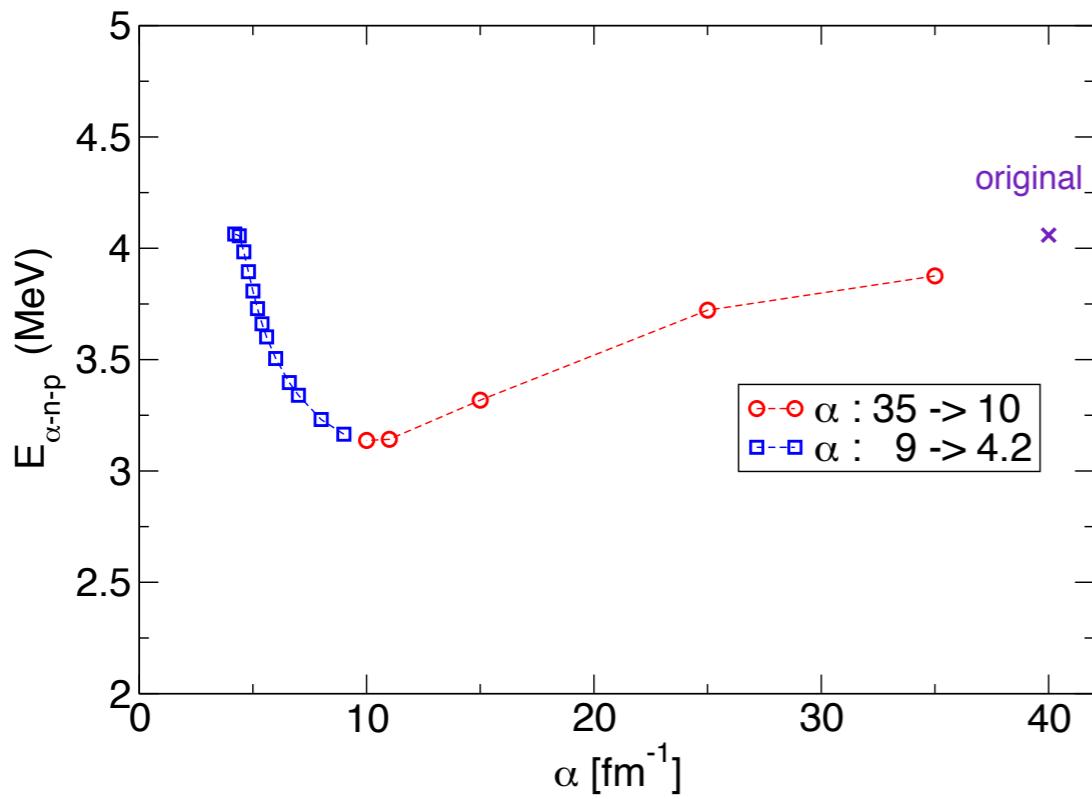
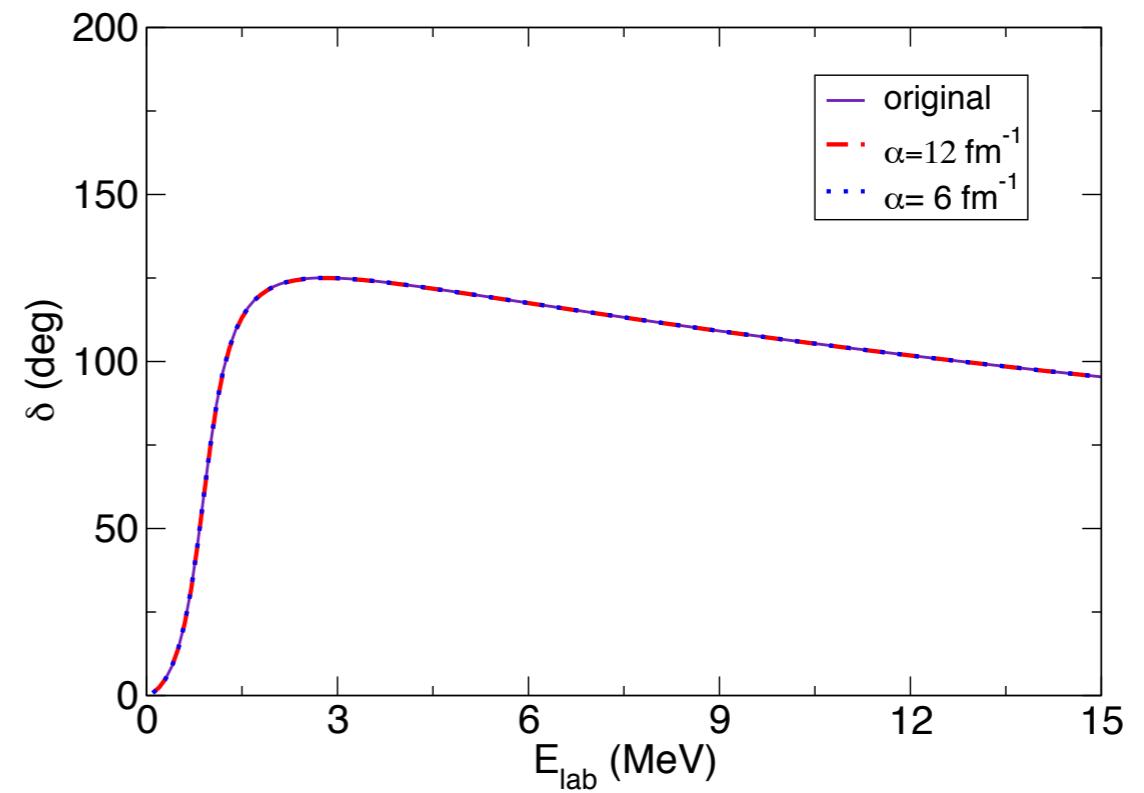
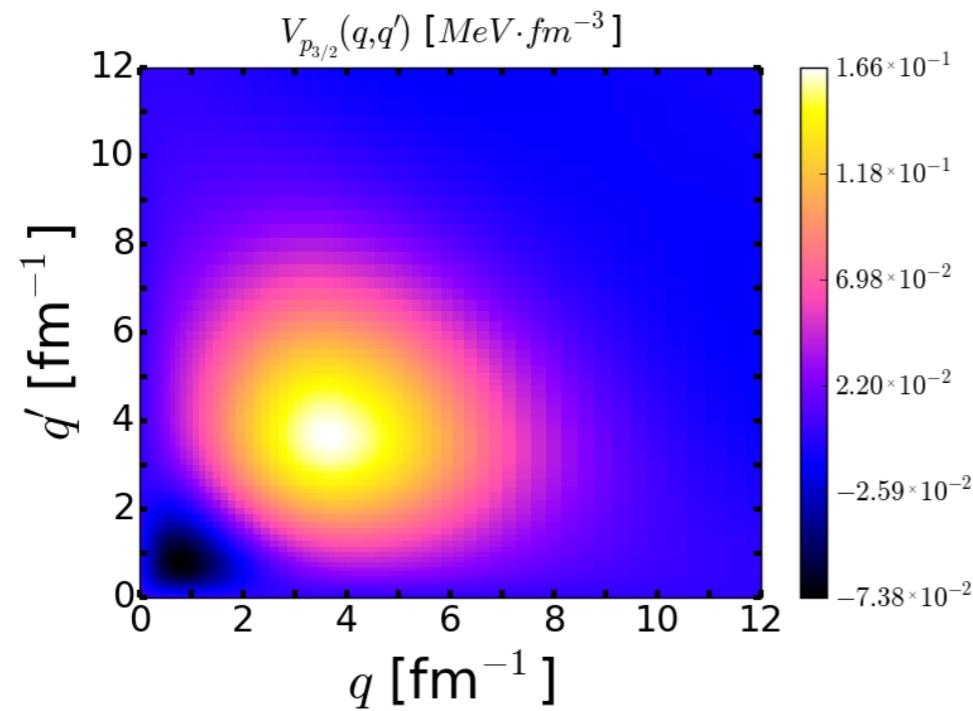
Original Afnan N- α interaction



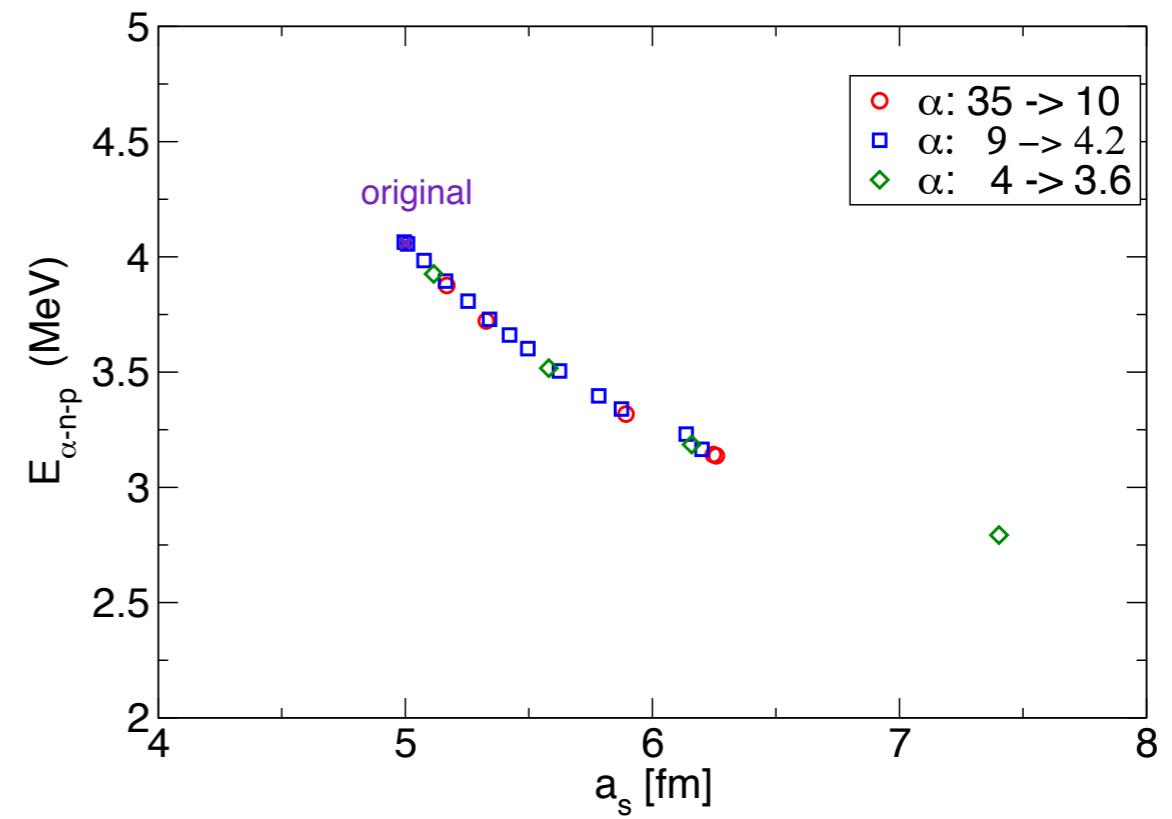
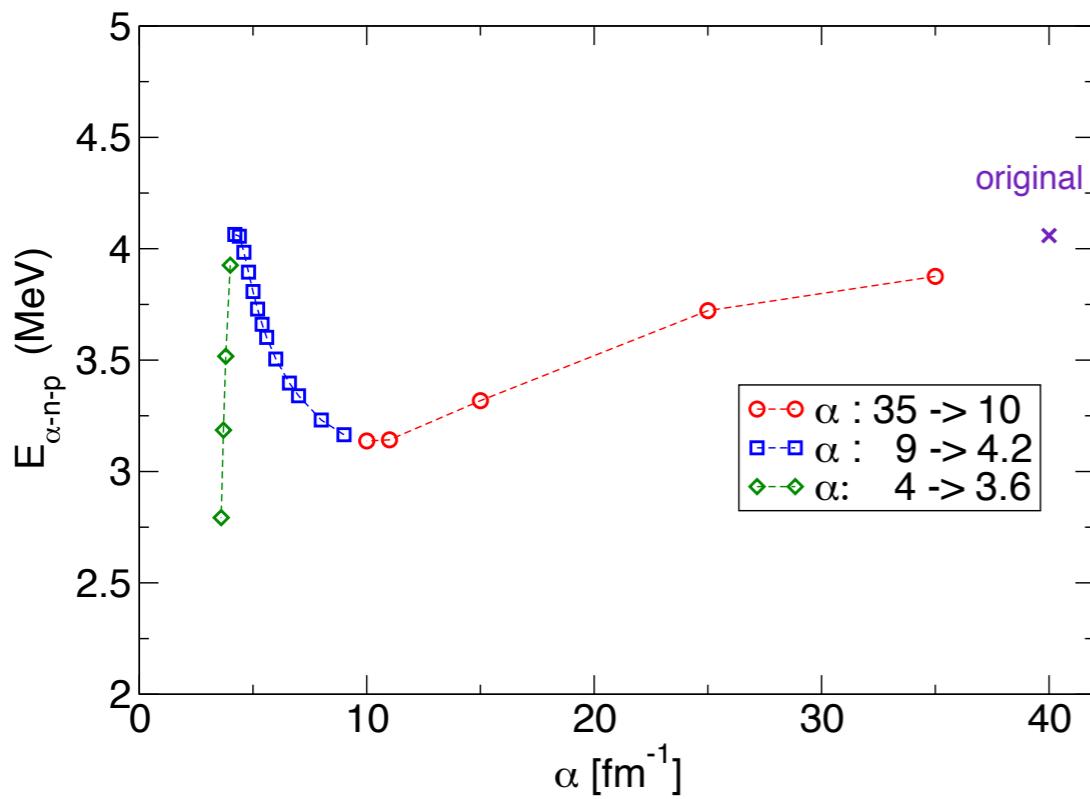
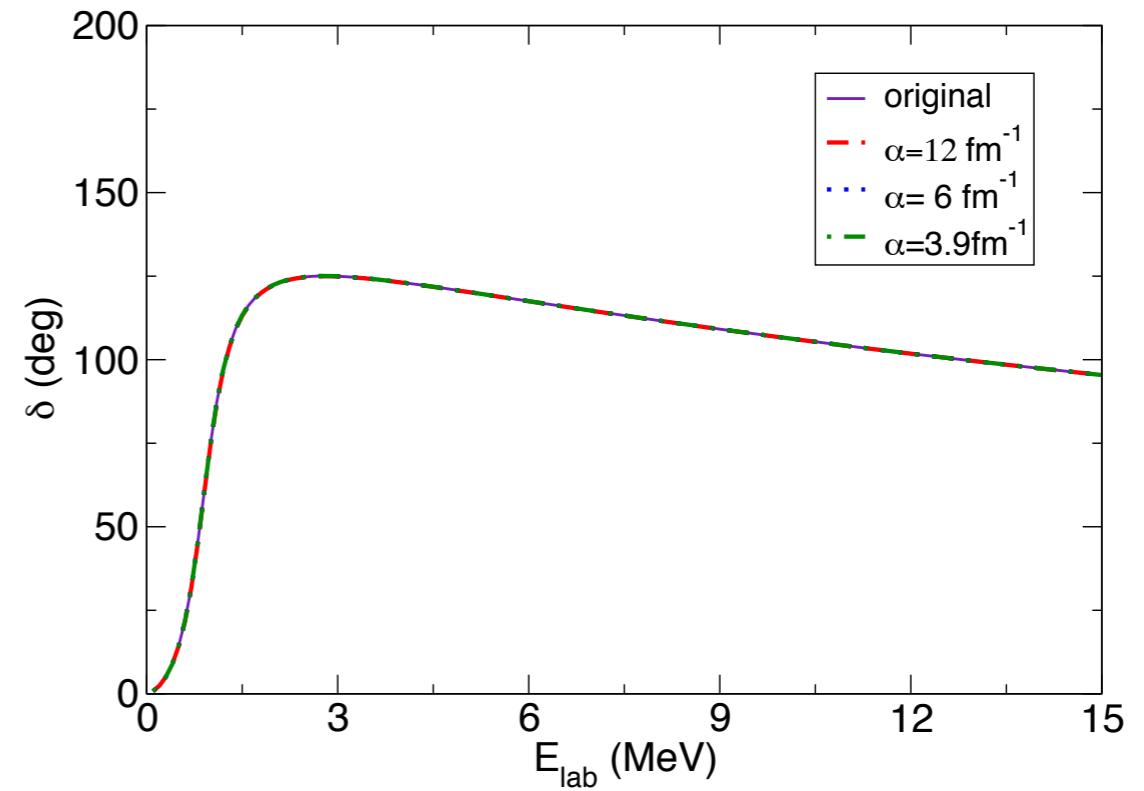
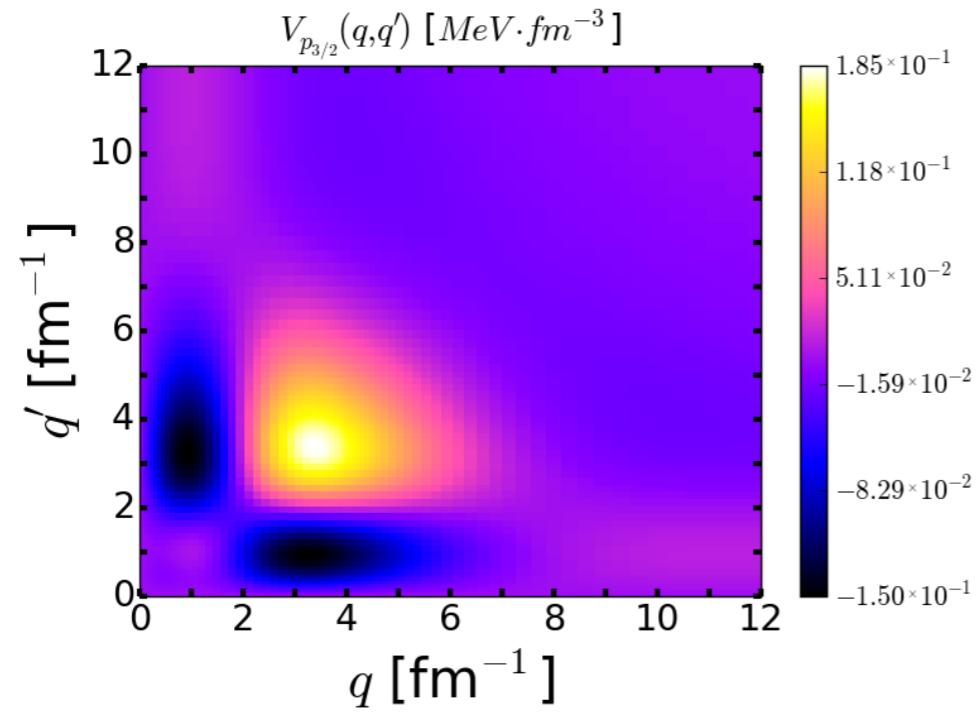
$$\alpha = 12 \text{ fm}^{-1}$$



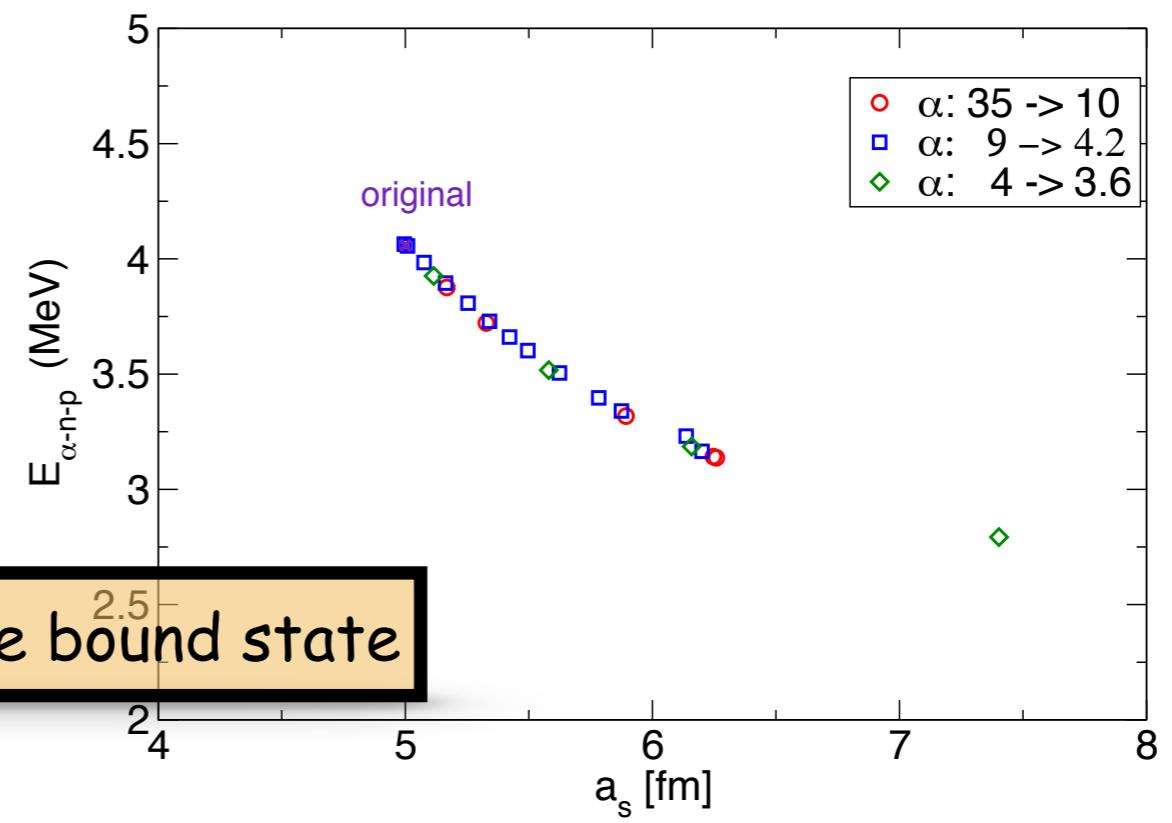
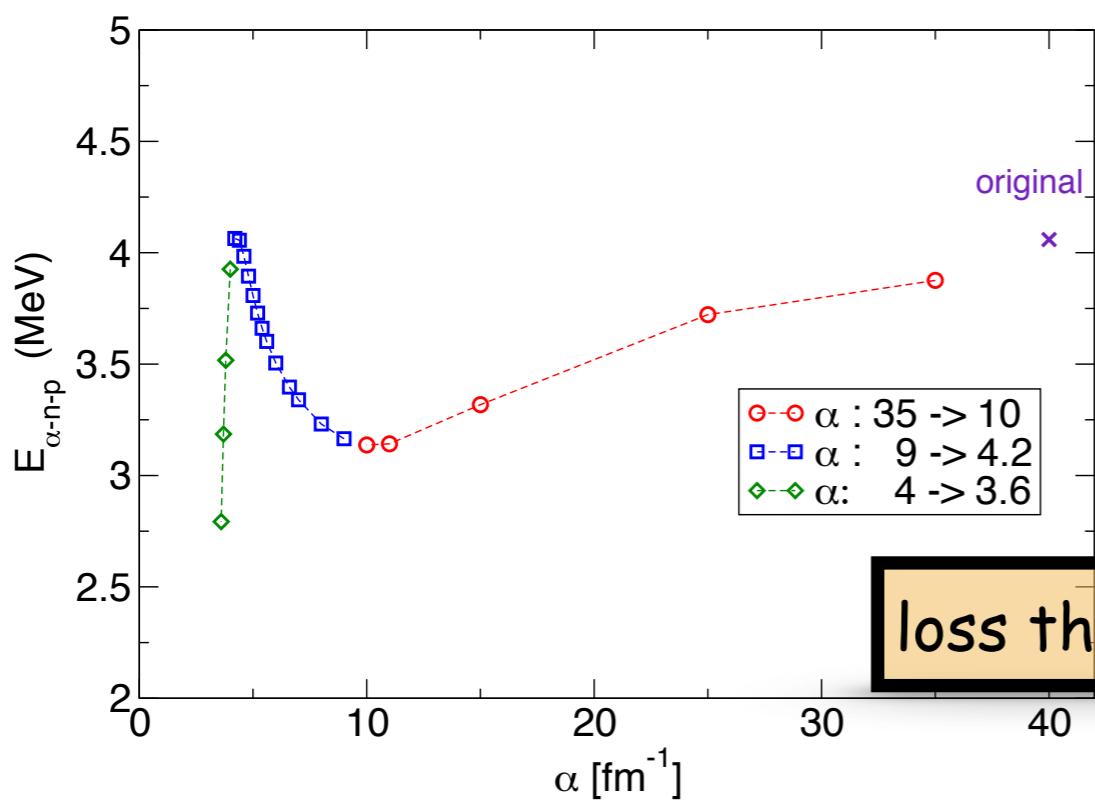
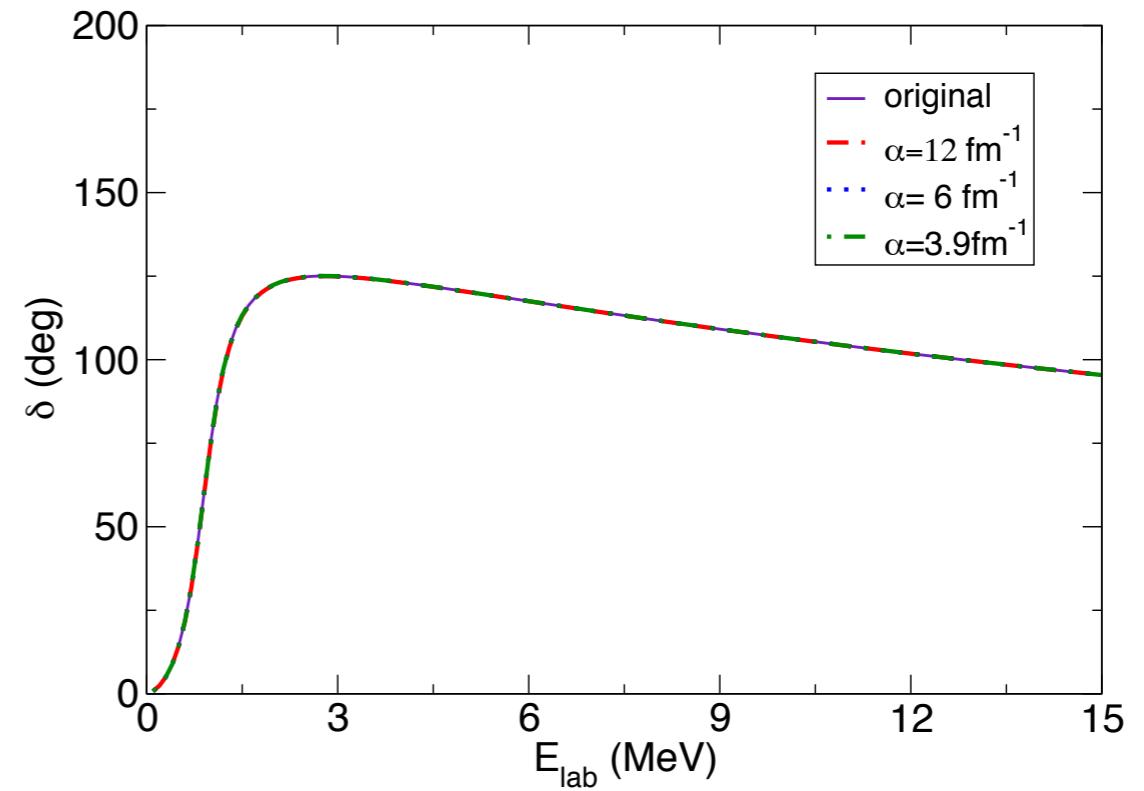
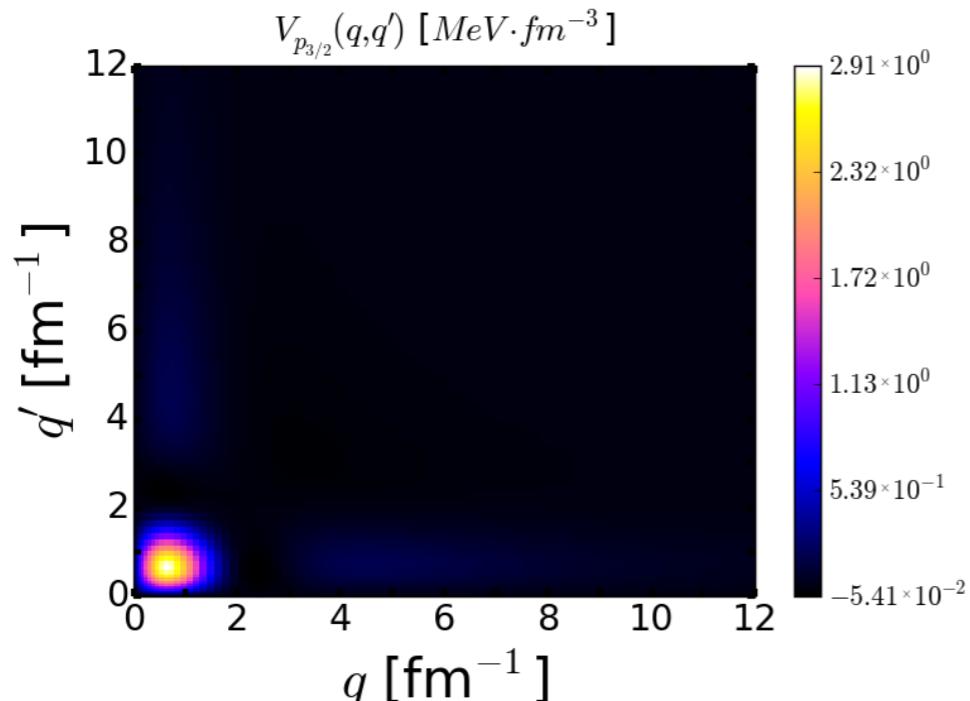
$$\alpha = 6 \text{ fm}^{-1}$$



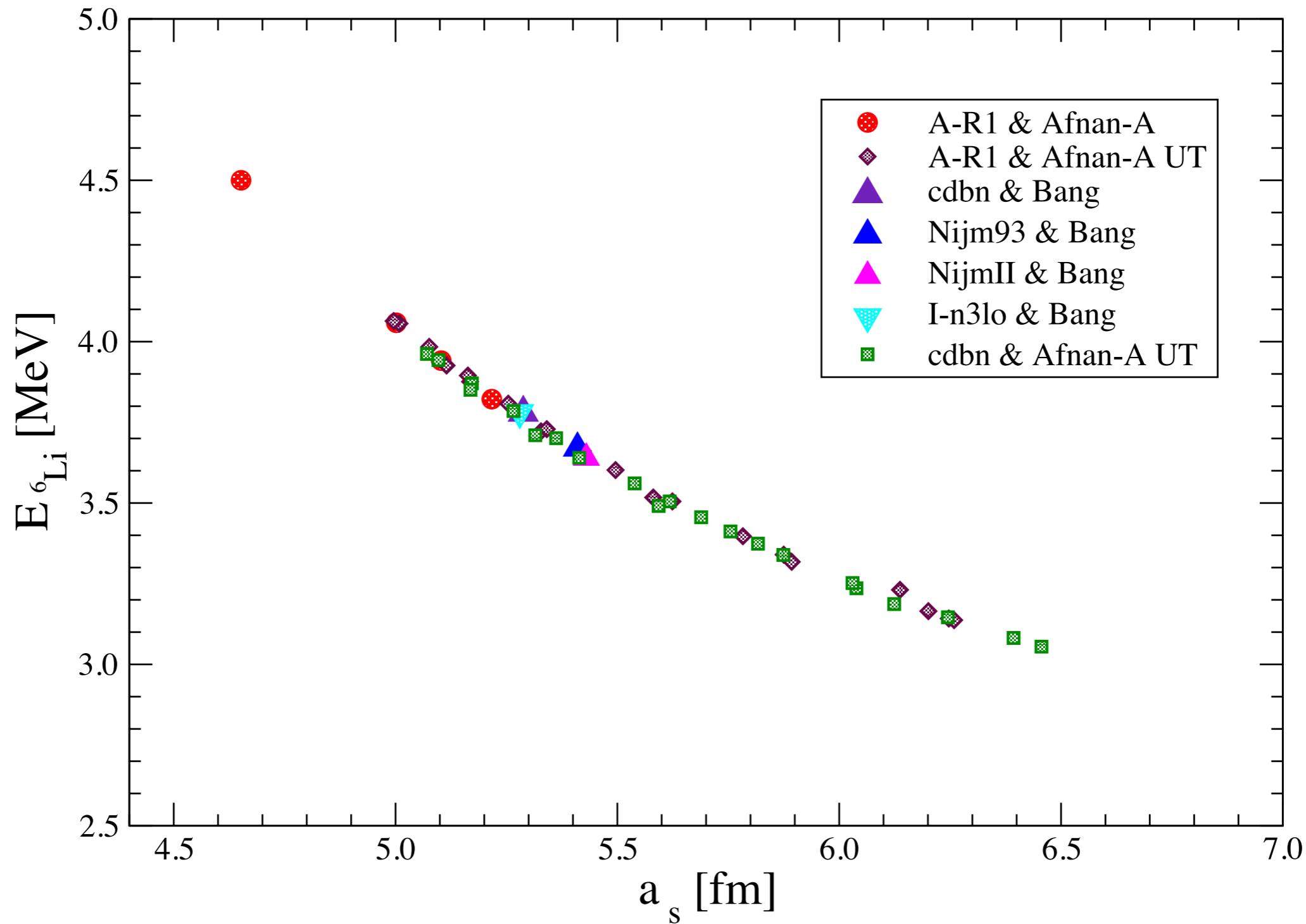
$$\alpha = 3.9 \text{ fm}^{-1}$$



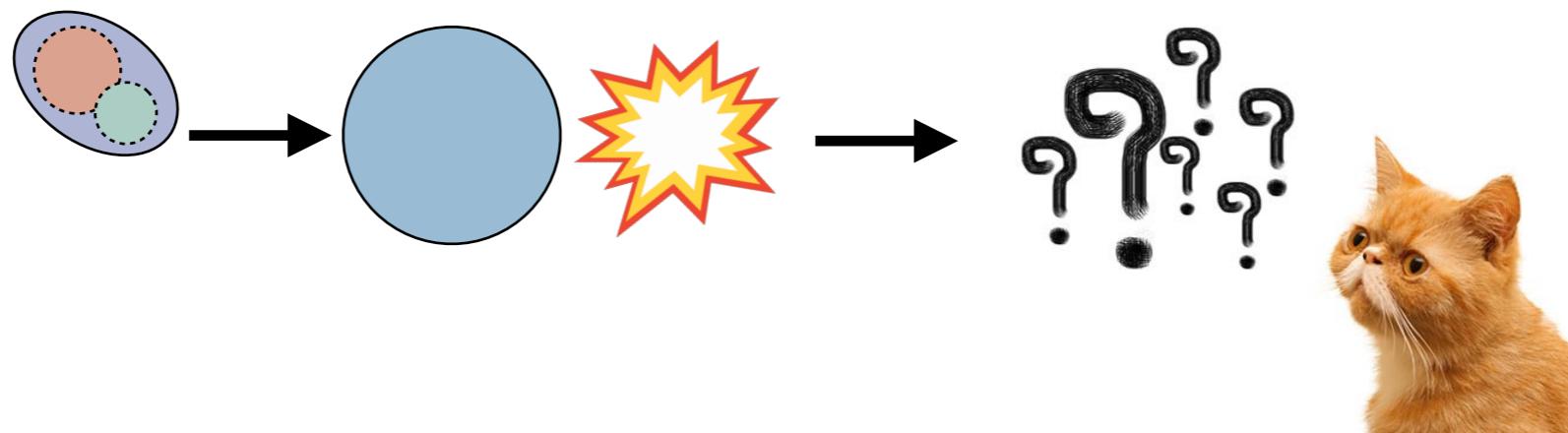
$$\alpha = 2 \text{ fm}^{-1}$$



Phillips Line in n-p-a system !!



All results in one plot!

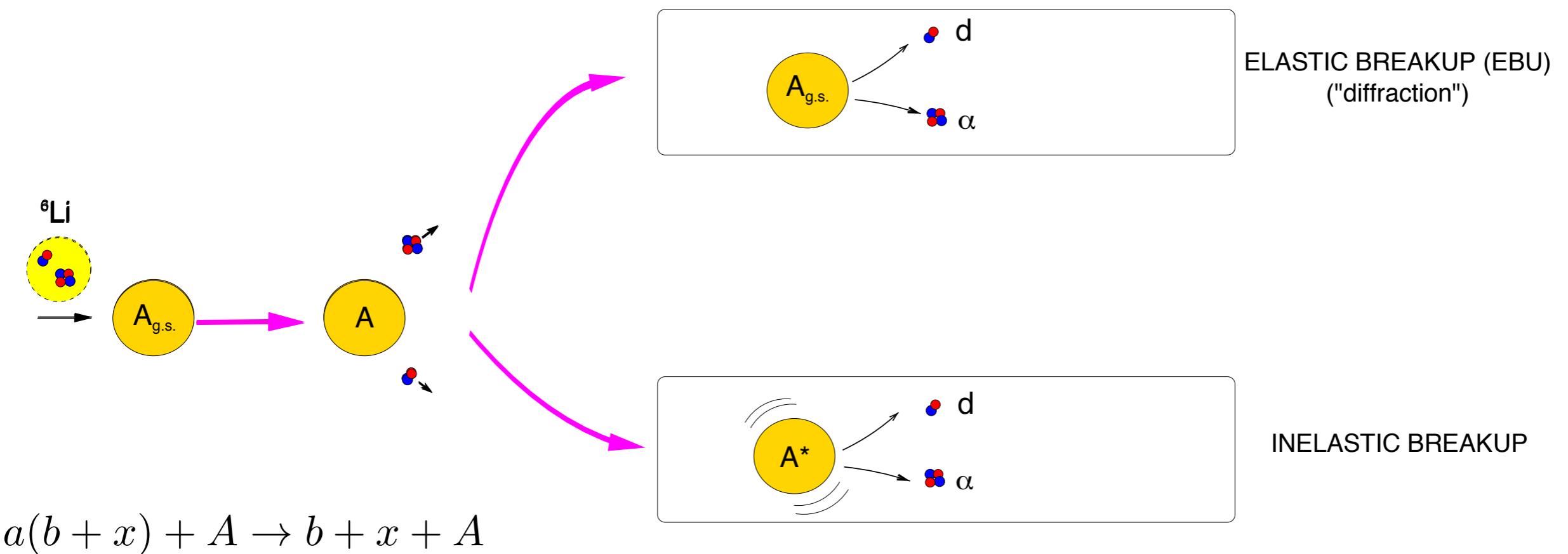


Exploring The Story in Q -space

- Nonelastic breakup: inclusive (d,p) reaction
- continuum effects?

From experimental point of view

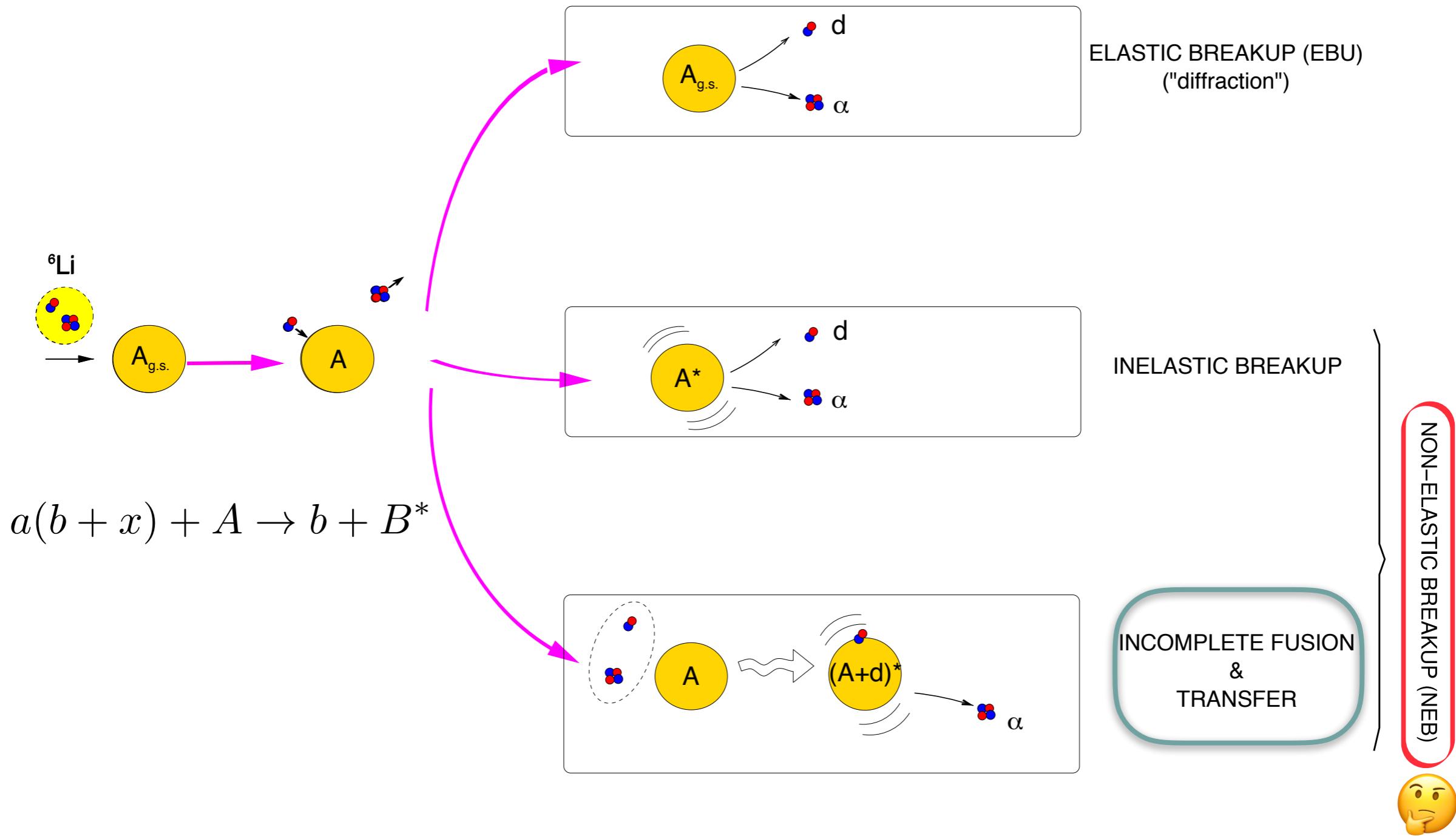
Exclusive breakup



From experimental point of view

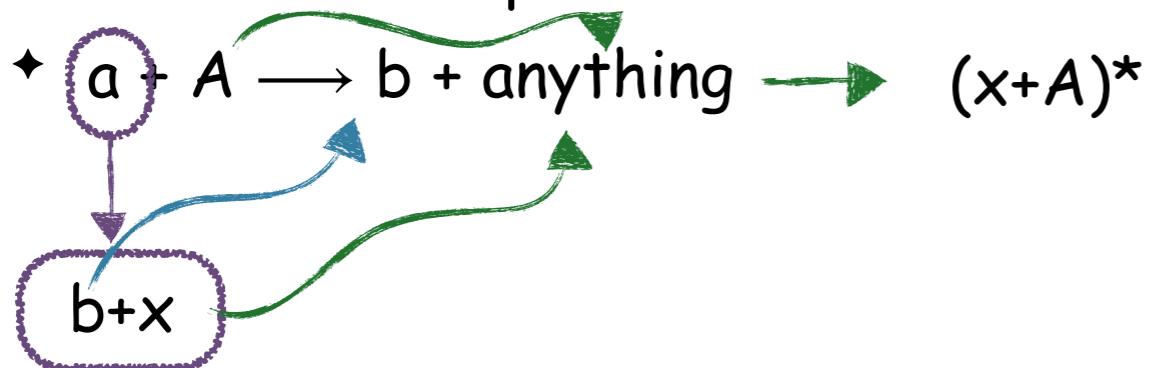
Inclusive breakup

CDCC/Faddeev 😊

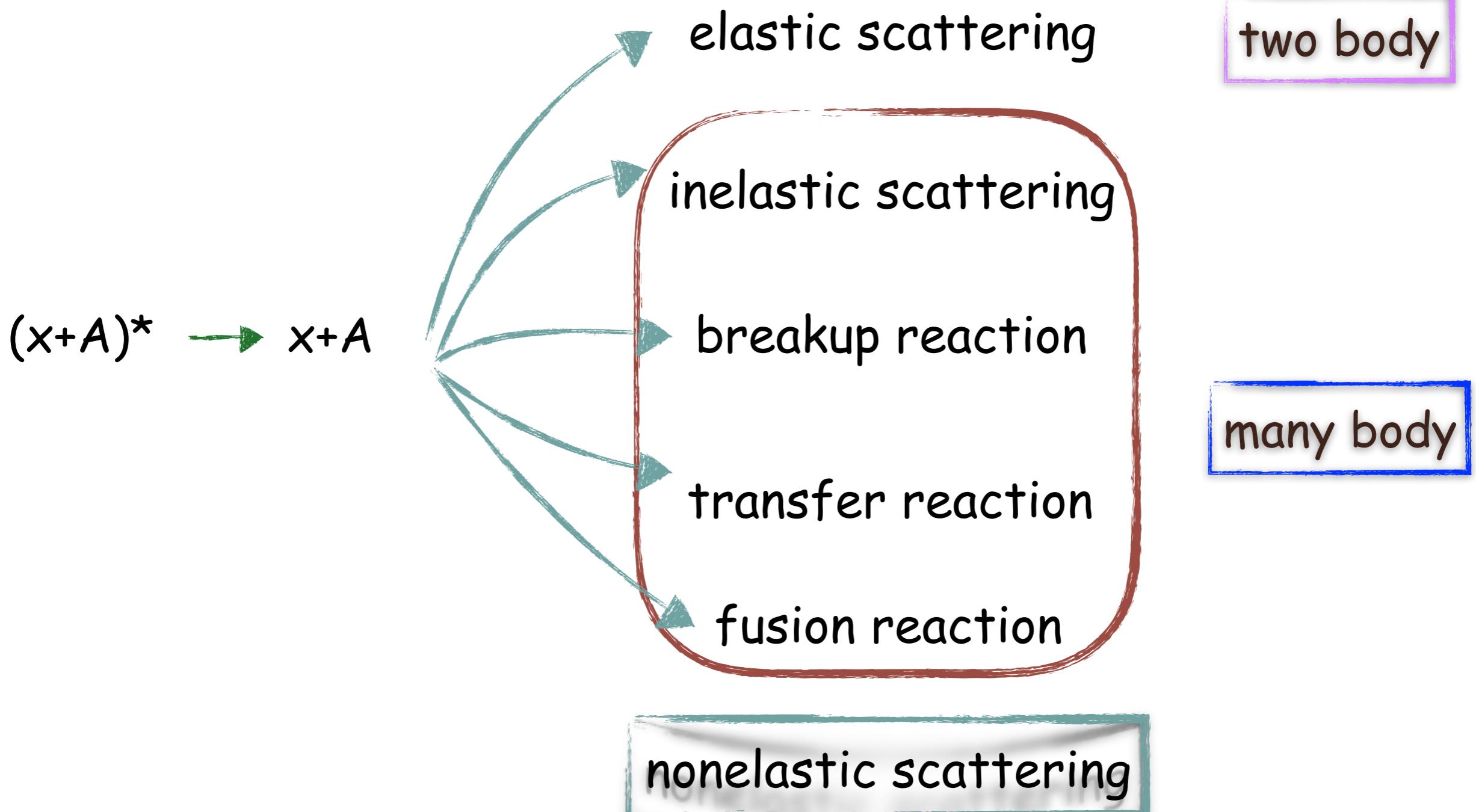


The Ichimura, Austern, Vincent Model

- ◆ Inclusive breakup :



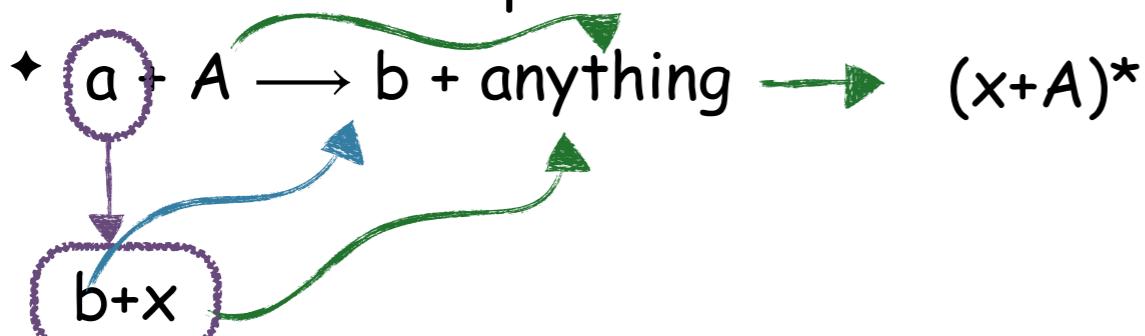
The Ichimura, Austern, Vincent Model



The Ichimura, Austern, Vincent Model

three body

- Inclusive breakup :



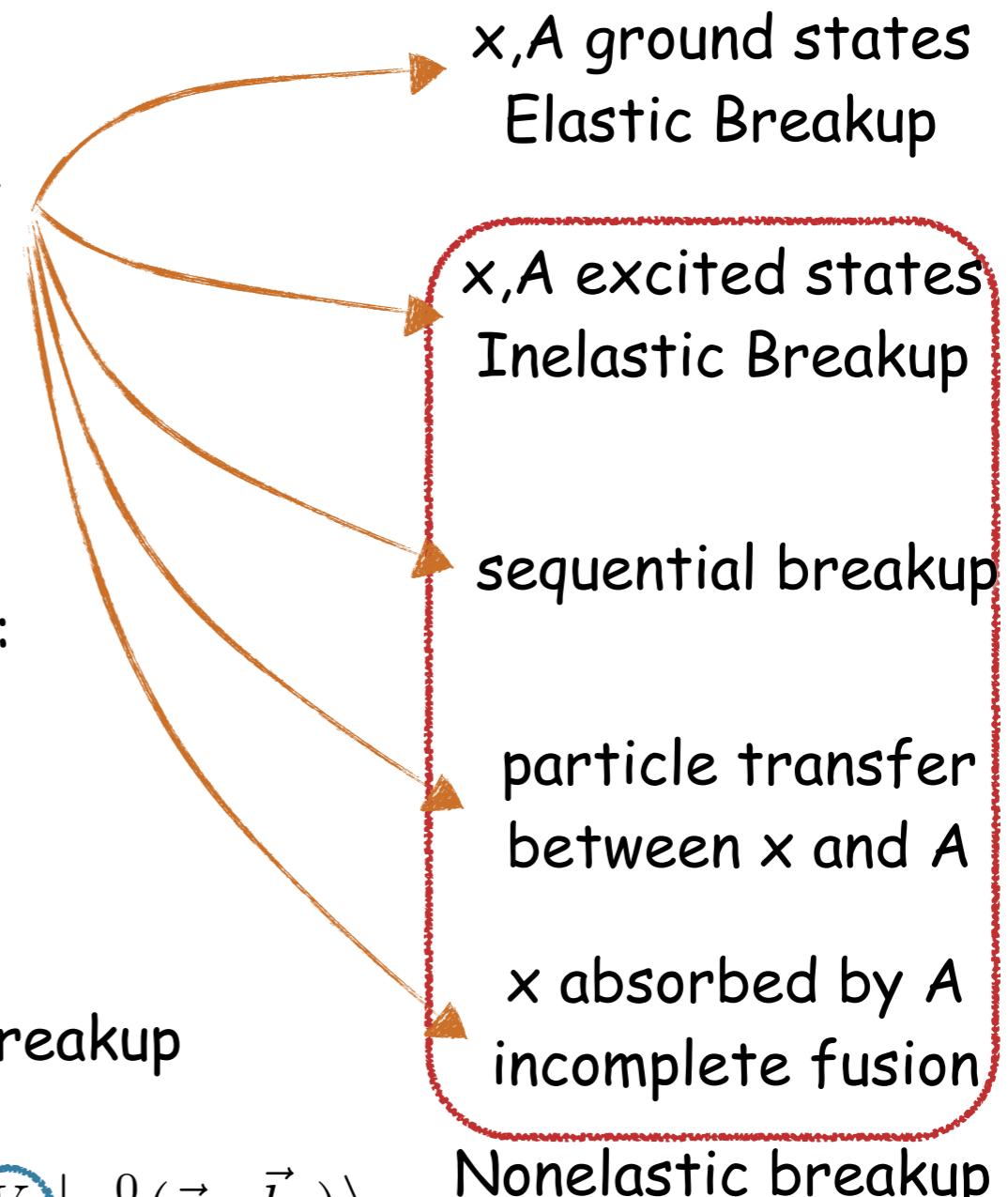
- Inclusive differential cross sections :

$$\sigma_b^{TBU} = \sigma_b^{EBU} + \sigma_b^{NEB}$$

- Post form expression for nonelastic breakup

$$\frac{d^2\sigma}{dE_b d\Omega_b} = -\frac{2}{\hbar v_a} \rho_b(E_b) \langle \varphi_x^0(\vec{r}_x, \vec{k}_b) | W_x | \varphi_x^0(\vec{r}_x, \vec{k}_b) \rangle$$

imaginary part of U_x

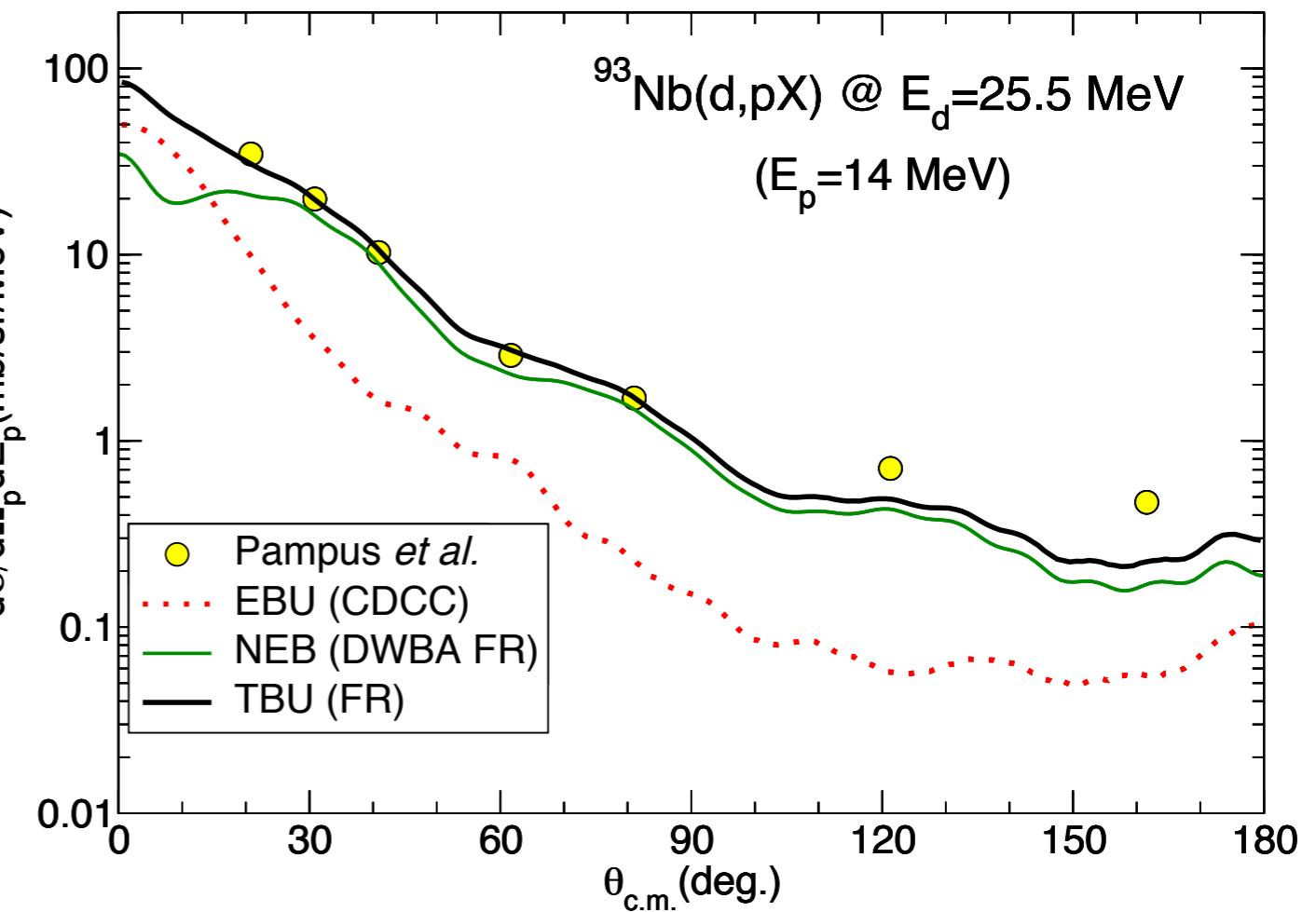


many body

Deuteron Breakup

- ◆ $d \Rightarrow (n + p)$, $S_p=2.224$ MeV
- ◆ only **proton** is detected
- ◆ EBU : CDCC (FRESCO)
- ◆ NEB : IAV model
- ◆ DWBA $\Psi^{3b} \simeq \chi_a \varphi_a \Phi_A$
- ◆ Exact Finite Range
- ◆ TBU=EBU+NEB 😊

J. Pampus et al, Nucl. Phys. A311, 141 (1978).



Continuum effects?

$$(E_x - K_x - U_x)\varphi_x^0(\vec{r}_x, \vec{k}_b) = (\chi_b^{(-)}(\vec{r}_b, \vec{k}_b) | V_{post} | \Psi^{3b})$$

\downarrow

$$\Psi^{3b} \sim \phi_a \chi_a$$

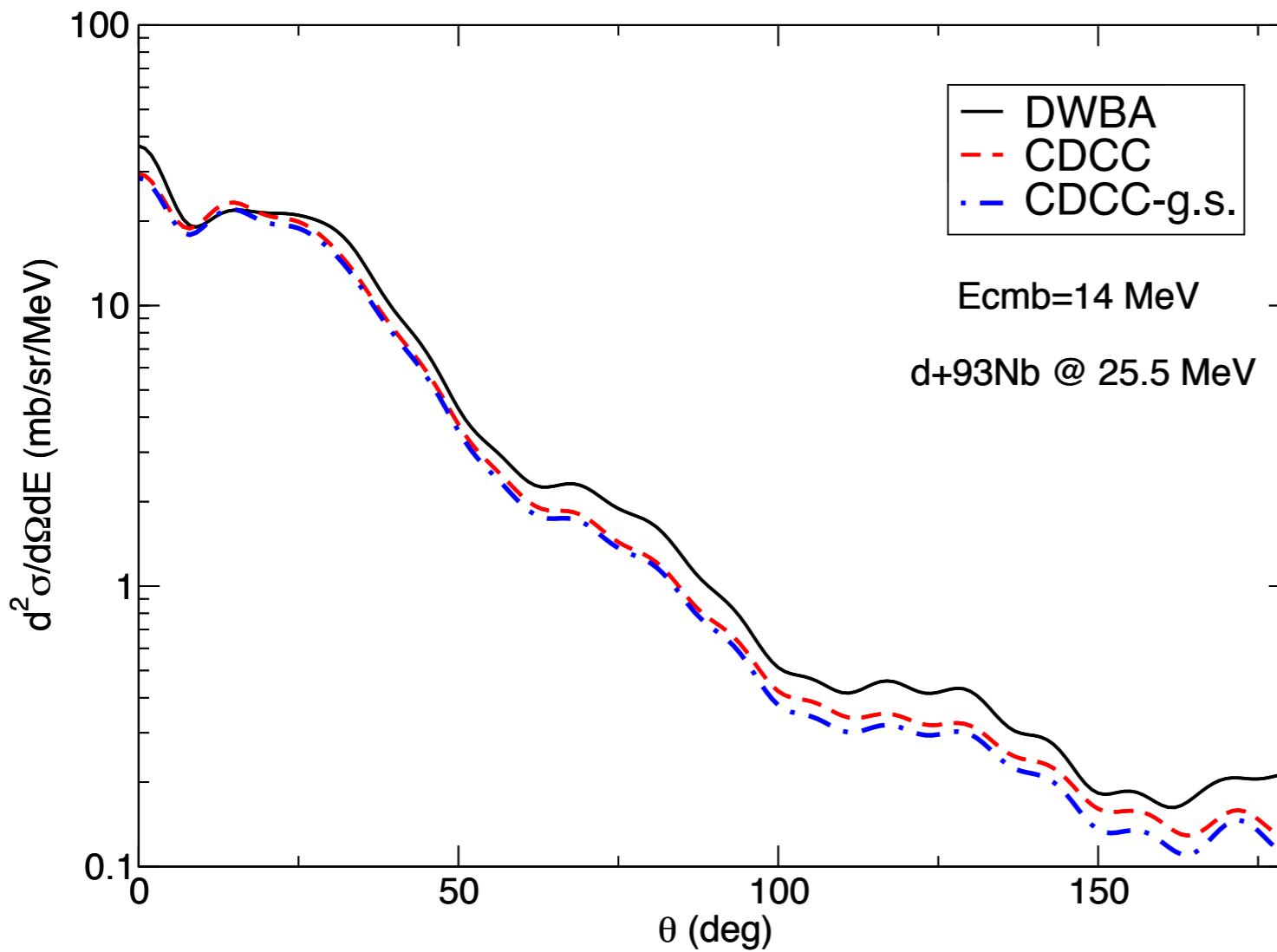
DWBA

\downarrow

$$\Psi^{3b} \sim \sum_{n\alpha} \phi_a^{n\alpha} \chi_a^{n\alpha}$$

CDCC

Go beyond DWBA



No breakup fusion!

Summary and perspective

- ◆ Solve the nuclear reaction in three body model
 - ◆ P-space
 - ❖ solve the three body problem with Faddeev equations
 - ❖ discover the low energy universality behavior for $n+p+\alpha$
 - ◆ Q-space
 - ❖ apply IAV model to inclusive breakup problem
 - ❖ discuss the breakup effects

perspective

- ◆ Connecting to the bound state (many body technique)
- ◆ Berggren basis solve the three body scattering problem

