



# LArG4 refactoring status

Hans Wenzel

10<sup>th</sup> April 2018

# Outline

---

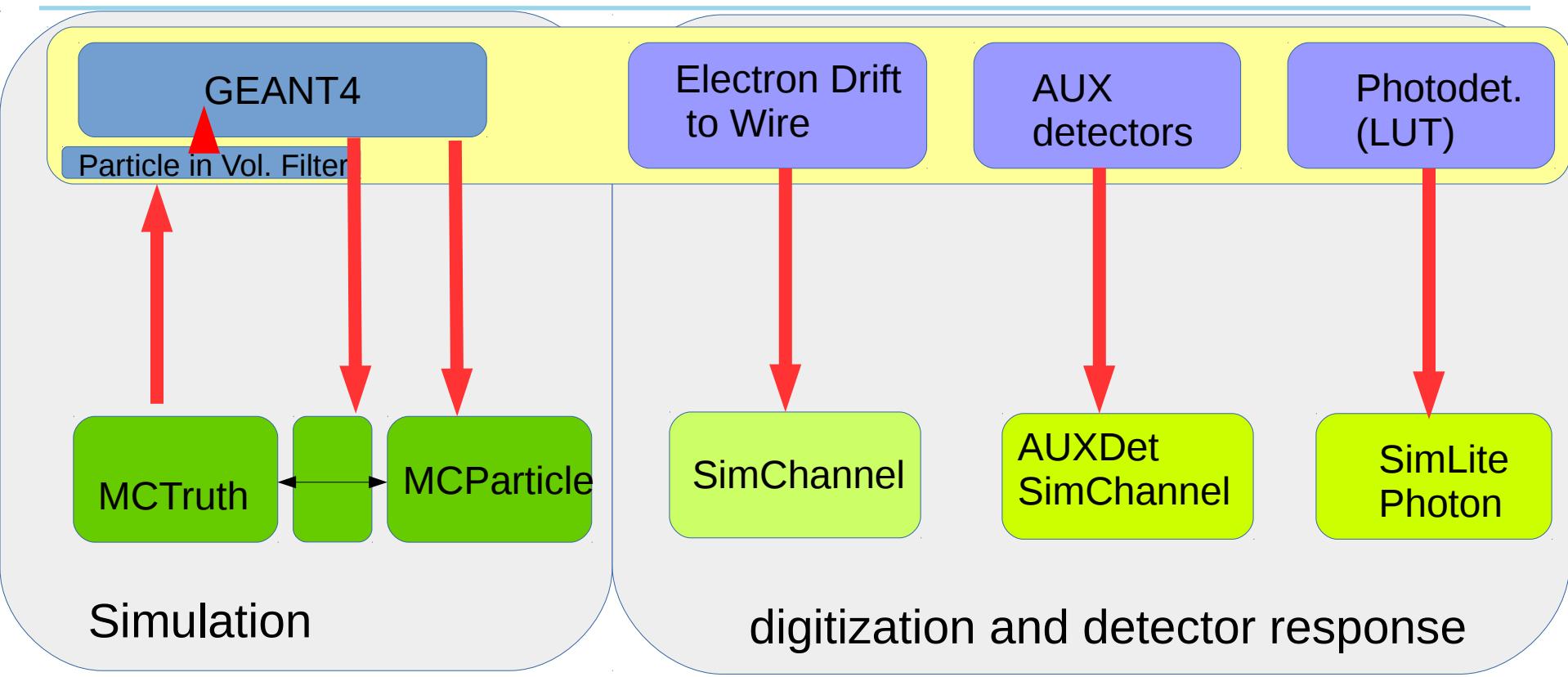
- Requirements
- What does LArG4 do?
- How to refactor it status thereof/ how to access artg4tk
- Selection of physics list, processes etc. fcl parameters
- artg4tk how to run it.
- How to define a detector in gdml.
- Some results

# Requirements

---

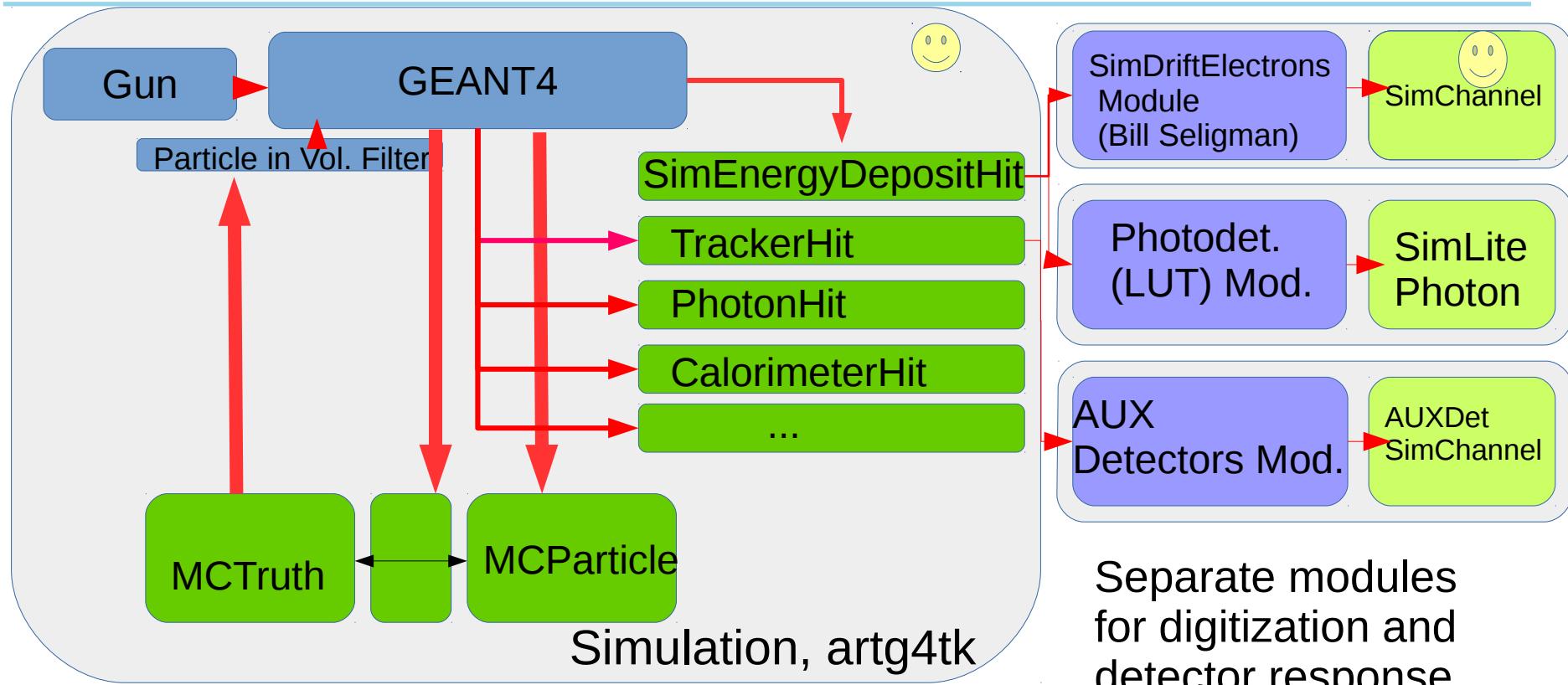
- Separate Simulation from digitization and detector response
- Simulation:
  - completely depend on tools provided by Geant4 and use the provided interfaces (or work with the Geant4 collaboration to make them available), make sure that they are efficient with regards to CPU and memory (profiling).
  - Have access to all physics lists and physics constructors and processes provided by GEANT4
  - Be able to describe complete detector systems → liquid Argon TPC is just one possible sensitive Detector.
  - Read out optical Scintillation photons from the liquid Argon surrounding the TPC.
- digitization and detector response:
  - Ability to plug in models handling the correlations between ionization and Scintillation (e.g. Nest)
  - Ability to switch drift model.
-

# LArG4\_module



- Monolithic hard to work with
- Mixes digitization and detector response with simulation
- Takes routines out of Geant4 and modifies them instead of using standard interfaces
- Physics processes incomplete, stuck with restrictions that existed at the time...
- Binds processes to specific material/volume
- Read out photons only in TPC volume
- ...

# Refactored



[feature/seligman\\_DriftIonizationElectrons routine larsim/DetSim/SimDriftElectrons\\_module.cc](#)

<https://cdcvs.fnal.gov/redmine/projects/artg4tk>

[https://cdcvs.fnal.gov/redmine/projects/g4mps/wiki/Phase2\\_App\\_01052016#Download-and-install-external-tools-and-build-artg4tk-on-a-generic-node](https://cdcvs.fnal.gov/redmine/projects/g4mps/wiki/Phase2_App_01052016#Download-and-install-external-tools-and-build-artg4tk-on-a-generic-node)

# Physics

---

Use the new physics list factory:

- Available via nusoft
- Access to all reference physics list
- Extendable to add all the available geant4 physics constructors e.g we use (parameters controlled via fcl ):
  - Optical physics
  - Steplimiter for charged particles in active TPC volume.
  - Time limiter for neutrons.
  - More precise em physics can be selected.
  -

# Configure the Physics in the fcl file

---

```
DetectorHolder: {}
ActionHolder: {}
RandomNumberGenerator: {}
PhysicsListHolder: {}
PhysicsList: {
    PhysicsListName: "FTFP_BERT"
    DumpList: false
    enableCerenkov: false
    enableScintillation: true
    ScintillationByParticleType: false
    enableAbsorption: false
    enableRayleigh: false
    enableMieHG: false
    enableBoundary: false
    enableWLS: false
}

// Detector(s) for the simulation
GDMLDetector :
{
category: "world"
gdmlFileName_ : "lArDet.gdml"
}
```

# Physics constructor

---

```
artg4tk::PhysicsListService::PhysicsListService(fhicl::ParameterSet const & p, art::ActivityRegistry &):
    PhysicsListName_( p.get<std::string>("PhysicsListName","FTFP_BERT")),
    DumpList_( p.get<bool>("DumpList",true)),
    enableNeutronLimit_(p.get<bool>("enableNeutronLimit",true)),
    NeutronTimeLimit_(p.get<double>("NeutronTimeLimit",10.*microsecond)),
    NeutronKinELimit_(p.get<double>("NeutronKinELimit",0.0)),
    enableStepLimit_(p.get<bool>("enableStepLimit",true)),
    enableOptical_(p.get<bool>("enableOptical",true)),
    enableCerenkov_( p.get<bool>("enableCerenkov",false)),
    CerenkovStackPhotons_( p.get<bool>("CerenkovStackPhotons",false)),
    CerenkovMaxNumPhotons_(p.get<int>(" CerenkovMaxNumPhotons",100)),
    CerenkovMaxBetaChange_(p.get<double>("CerenkovMaxBetaChange",10.0)),
    CerenkovTrackSecondariesFirst_( p.get<bool>("ScintillationTrackSecondariesFirst",false)),
    enableScintillation_( p.get<bool>("enableScintillation",true)),
    ScintillationStackPhotons_( p.get<bool>("ScintillationStackPhotons",false)),
    ScintillationByParticleType_( p.get<bool>("ScintillationByParticleType",false)),
    ScintillationTrackInfo_( p.get<bool>("ScintillationTrackInfo",false)),
    ScintillationTrackSecondariesFirst_( p.get<bool>("ScintillationTrackSecondariesFirst",false)),
    enableAbsorption_( p.get<bool>("enableAbsorption",false)),
    enableRayleigh_( p.get<bool>("enableRayleigh",false)),
    enableMieHG_( p.get<bool>("enableMieHG",false)),
    enableBoundary_( p.get<bool>("enableBoundary",false)),
    enableWLS_( p.get<bool>("enableWLS",false)),
    BoundaryInvokeSD_( p.get<bool>("BoundaryInvokeSD",false)),
    WLSProfile_( p.get<std::string>(" WLSProfile", "delta"))
{}
```

```

G4VUserPhysicsList* artg4tk::PhysicsListService::makePhysicsList() {
    g4alt::G4PhysListFactory factory;
    // Access to registries and factories
    //
    G4PhysicsConstructorRegistry* g4pcr = G4PhysicsConstructorRegistry::Instance();
    G4PhysListRegistry* g4plr = G4PhysListRegistry::Instance();
    //
    // the following should be unnecessary at some point:
    //
    g4plr->AddPhysicsExtension("OPTICAL", "G4OpticalPhysics");
    g4plr->AddPhysicsExtension("STEPLIMIT", "G4StepLimiterPhysics");
    g4plr->AddPhysicsExtension("NEUTRONLIMIT", "G4NeutronTrackingCut");
    g4pcr->PrintAvailablePhysicsConstructors();
    g4plr->PrintAvailablePhysLists();
    G4VModularPhysicsList* phys = NULL;
    G4String physName = PhysicsListName_;
    if (enableOptical_) physName=physName+"OPTICAL";
    if (enableStepLimit_) physName=physName+"STEPLIMIT";
    if (enableNeutronLimit_) physName=physName+"NEUTRONLIMIT";
    std::cout << " Name of Physics list: "<< physName << std::endl;
    if (factory.IsReferencePhysList(physName)) {
        phys = factory.GetReferencePhysList(physName);
    }
    std::cout << phys->GetPhysicsTableDirectory() << std::endl;
    if (enableOptical_)
    {
        G4OpticalPhysics* opticalPhysics = (G4OpticalPhysics*) phys->GetPhysics("Optical");
        opticalPhysics->Configure(kCerenkov, enableCerenkov_);
        opticalPhysics->SetCerenkovStackPhotons(CerenkovStackPhotons_);
        opticalPhysics->Configure(kScintillation, enableScintillation_);
        opticalPhysics->SetScintillationStackPhotons(ScintillationStackPhotons_);
        opticalPhysics->SetScintillationByParticleType(ScintillationByParticleType_);
        opticalPhysics->SetScintillationTrackInfo(ScintillationTrackInfo_);
        opticalPhysics->SetTrackSecondariesFirst(kCerenkov, true); // only relevant if we actually stack and trace the optical photons
        opticalPhysics->SetTrackSecondariesFirst(kScintillation, true); // only relevant if we actually stack and trace the optical photons
        opticalPhysics->SetMaxNumPhotonsPerStep(CerenkovMaxNumPhotons_);
        opticalPhysics->SetMaxBetaChangePerStep(CerenkovMaxBetaChange_);
        opticalPhysics->Configure(kAbsorption,enableAbsorption_);
        opticalPhysics->Configure(kRayleigh,enableRayleigh_);
        opticalPhysics->Configure(kMieHG,enableMieHG_);
        opticalPhysics->Configure(kBoundary,enableBoundary_);
        opticalPhysics->Configure(kWLS,enableWLS_);
    }
    if (enableNeutronLimit_)
    {
        G4NeutronTrackingCut * neutrcut = (G4NeutronTrackingCut*) phys->GetPhysics("neutronTrackingCut");
        neutrcut->SetTimeLimit(NeutronTimeLimit_);
    }
    if (DumpList_)
    {
        phys->DumpList();
        phys->DumpCutValuesTable();
    }
    return phys;
}
using artg4tk::PhysicsListService;

```

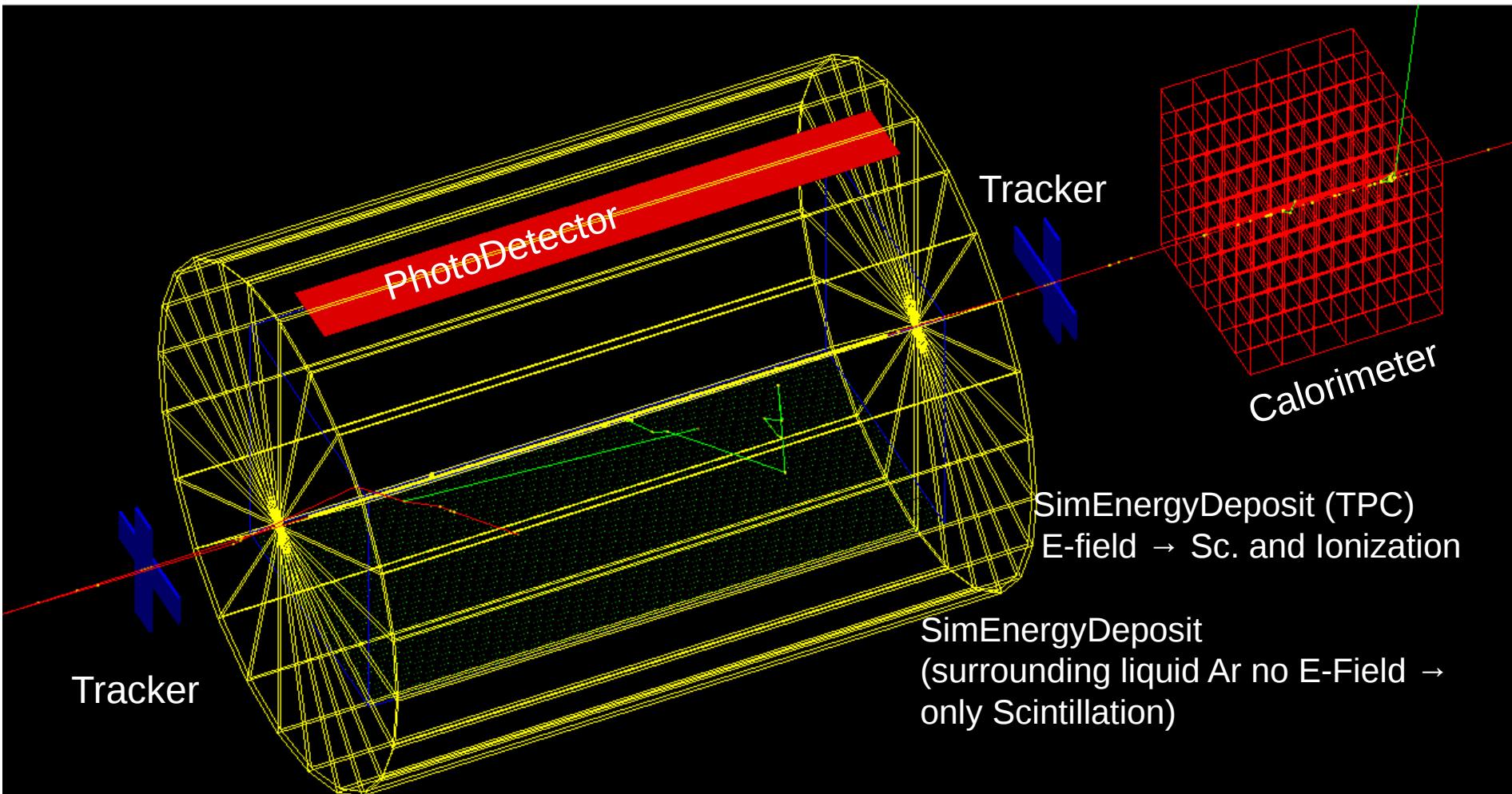
## GDML(+ extensions): a complete description of detector configuration (at runtime)

---

- Materials, volumes etc....
- Assign step-limits to specific volumes.
- Optical properties (bulk and surface)
- Assignment of sensitive detectors of predefined type to logical volumes → automatically trigger the creation and filling of the appropriate hit collections
- Assignment of optical surfaces
- Visualization attributes (color, solid,...)
- Makes use of formulas and loops to keep gdml file compact
- Homogeneous electric field (no electric field → no separation of charge)
-

Example:

<https://cdcvn.fnal.gov/redmine/projects/artg4tk/repository/revisions/develop/entry/gdml/IArDet.gdml>



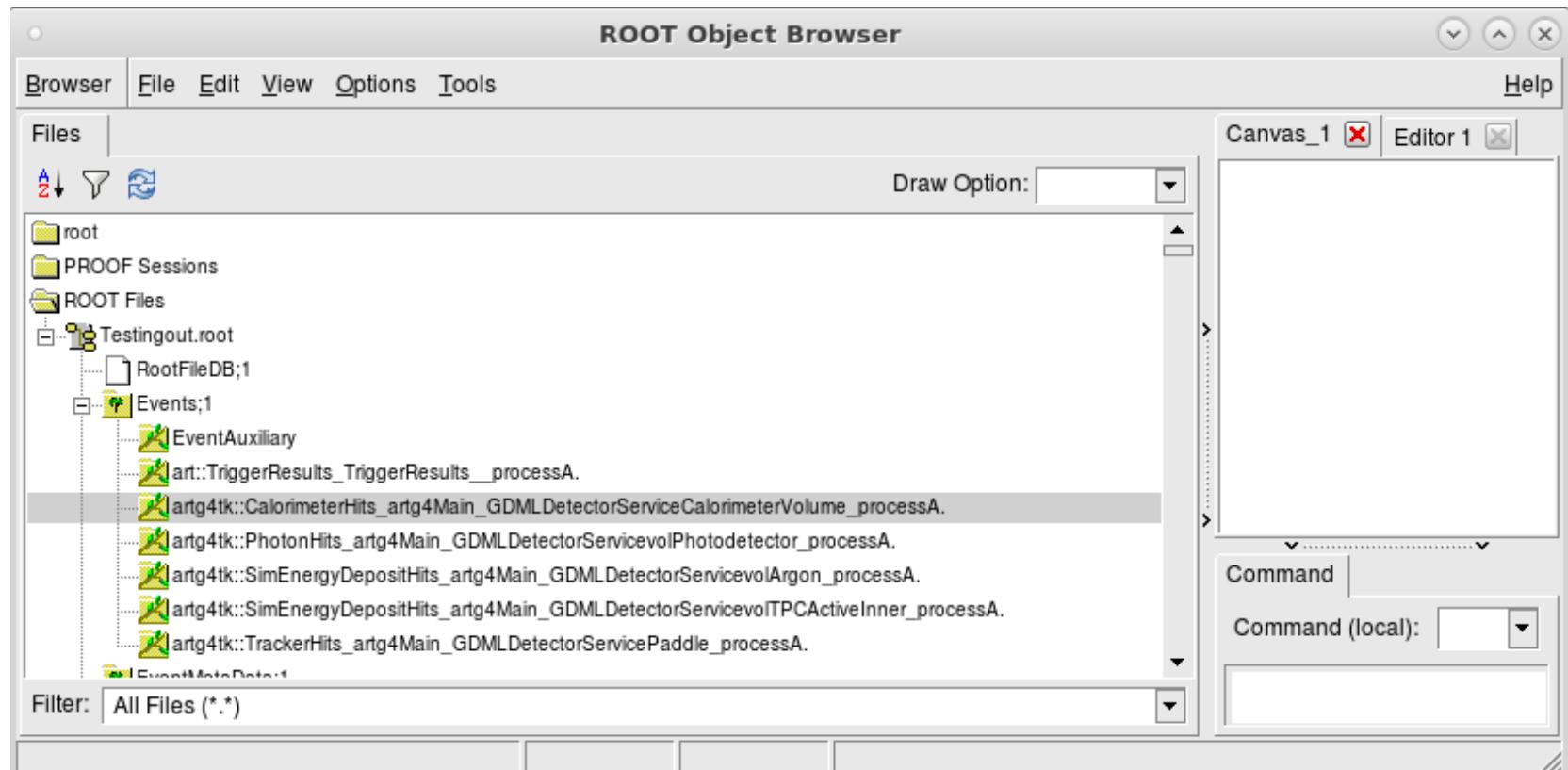
# Assigning Sensitive detector to a volume:

---

```
<volume name="volTPCActiveInner">
    <materialref ref="LAr"/>
    <solidref ref="TPCVolume"/>
    <auxiliary auxtype="SensDet" auxvalue="SimEnergyDeposit"/>
    <auxiliary auxtype="Color" auxvalue="Blue"/>
    <auxiliary auxtype="StepLimit" auxvalue="0.01"/>
    <auxiliary auxtype="Efield" auxvalue="1000."/>
    <loop for="i" from="0" to="num" step="1">
        <physvol name="psenseWireVolume">
            <volumeref ref="SenseWire"/>
            <position name="posijk" unit="mm" x="-200.0+(i+1)*5." y="-199.8" z="0"/>
        </physvol>
    </loop>
</volume>
<volume name="volPhotodetector">
    <materialref ref="Silicon"/>
    <solidref ref="PhotoBox"/>
    <auxiliary auxtype="SensDet" auxvalue="PhotonDetector"/>
    <auxiliary auxtype="Color" auxvalue="Red"/>
    <auxiliary auxtype="Solid" auxvalue="True"/>
</volume>
<volume name="volArgon">
    <materialref ref="LAr"/>
    <solidref ref="ArgonVolume"/>
    <auxiliary auxtype="SensDet" auxvalue="SimEnergyDeposit"/>
    <auxiliary auxtype="Color" auxvalue="Yellow"/>
    <physvol name="pCalorimeterVolume">
        <volumeref ref="volTPCActiveInner"/>
        <position name="Calpos" x="0" y="0" z="0"/>
    </physvol>
    <physvol name="pvolPhotodetector">
        <volumeref ref="volPhotodetector"/>
        <position name="photondetectorpos" unit="mm" x="0" y="391." z="0"/>
    </physvol>
</volume>
```

# Running artg4tk and Resulting Hit Collections in the EDM

art -c IArDet.fcl

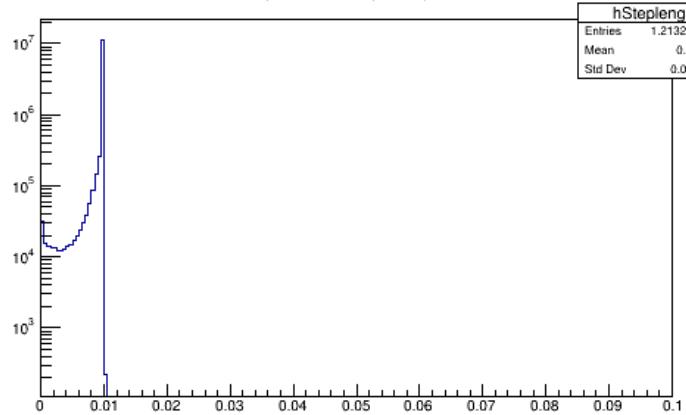


```
process_name:processA
source: {
    module_type: EmptyEvent
    maxEvents: 10
}
services: {
    message : {
        debugModules : ["*"]
        suppressInfo : []
        destinations : {
            logToConsole : {
                type: "cout"
                threshold : "DEBUG"
                categories : {
                    default : { limit : 50 }
                }
            }
        }
    }
}
TFileService :
{
    fileName      : "CheckSimEnergyDepositHits.root"
}

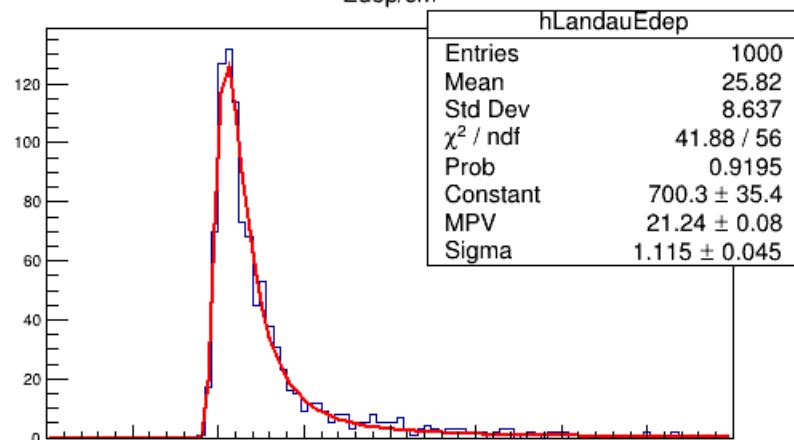
DetectorHolder: {}
ActionHolder: {}
RandomNumberGenerator: {}
PhysicsListHolder: {}
PhysicsList: {
    PhysicsListName: "FTFP_BERT"
    Dunplist: false
    enableCerenkov: false
    enableScintillation: true
    ScintillationByParticleType: false
    enableAbsorption: false
    enableRayleigh: false
    enableMieG: false
    enableBoundary: false
    enableWLS: false
}
// Detector(s) for the simulation
GDMLDetector :
{
    category: "world"
    gdmlFileName_ : "lArDet.gdml"
}

ExampleGeneralAction: {
    name: "exampleGeneral"
}
myParticleGunAction: {
    name: 'myParticleGun'
    NParticle: 1
    Name: "mu+"
    Direction: [ 0, 0, 1 ]
    Energy: 10.
    Position: [ 0, 0, -130. ]
}
outputs: {
out1: {
    module_type: RootOutput
    fileName: "Testingout.root"
}
}
physics: {
    producers: {
        artg4Main: {
            module_type: artg4Main
            enableVisualization: false
            macroPath: ".:/macros"
            visMacro: "vis.mac"
            //afterEvent: pause
        }
    }
}
analyzers: {
    CheckSimEnergyDepositHit: { module_type: CheckSimEnergyDepositHit
        hist_dir: "HistoDir" }
    CheckPhotonHits: { module_type: CheckPhotonHits
        DumpGDML: true }
}
path1: [ artg4Main ]
stream1: [ out1,CheckSimEnergyDepositHit ,CheckPhotonHits ]
trigger_paths: [ path1 ]
end_paths: [ stream1 ]
}
```

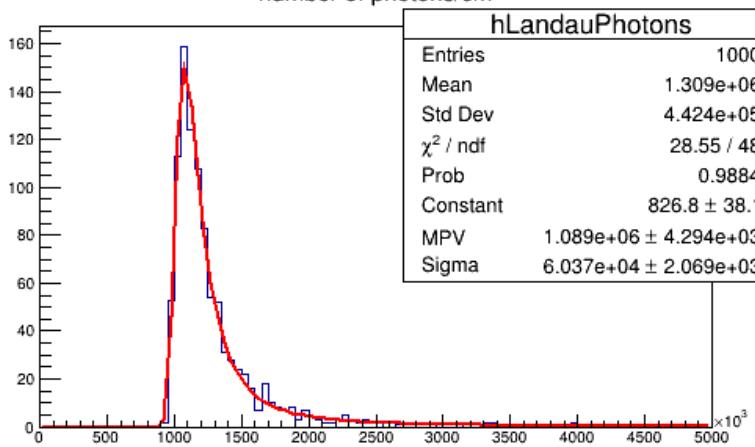
geant 4 step length



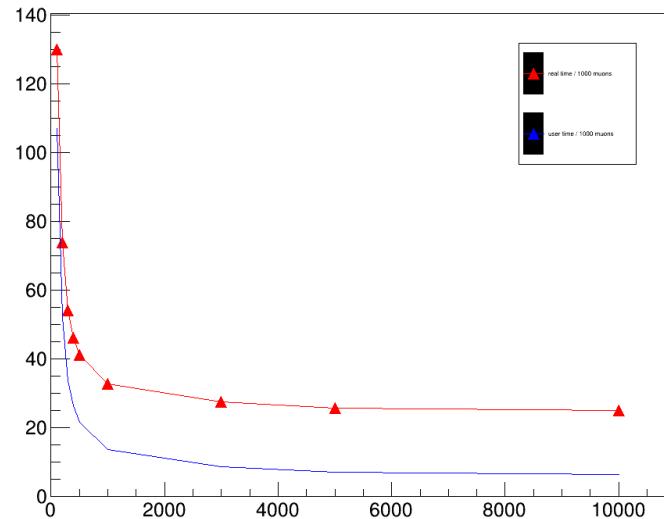
Edep/cm



number of photons/cm



real time / 1000 muons



steplength