

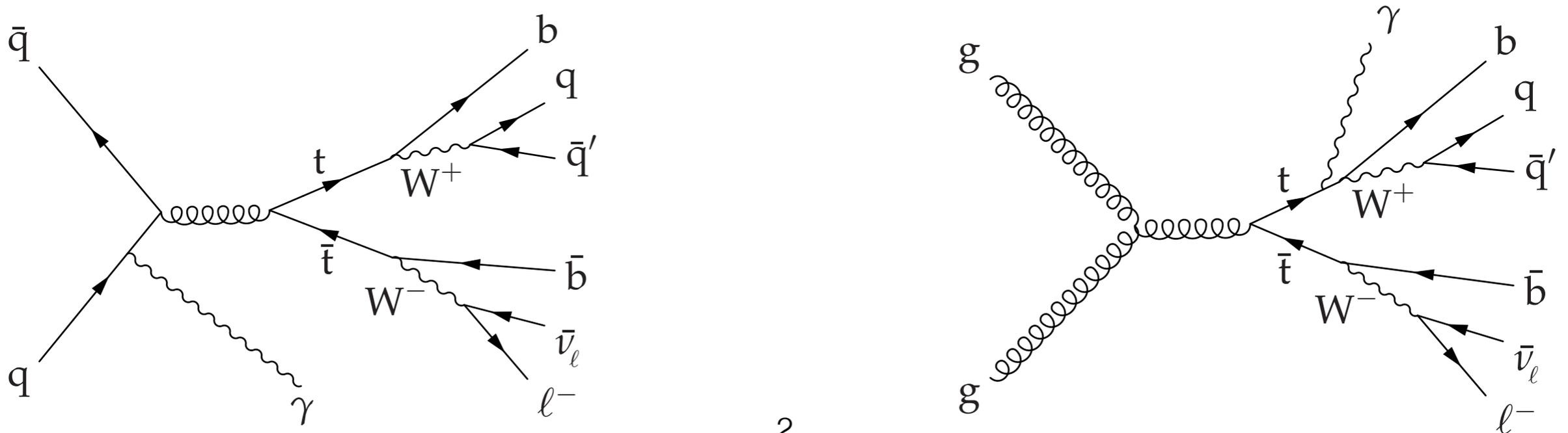
# $t\bar{t}+\gamma$ production cross-section measurement at $\sqrt{s}=13\text{TeV}$ in the semileptonic channel

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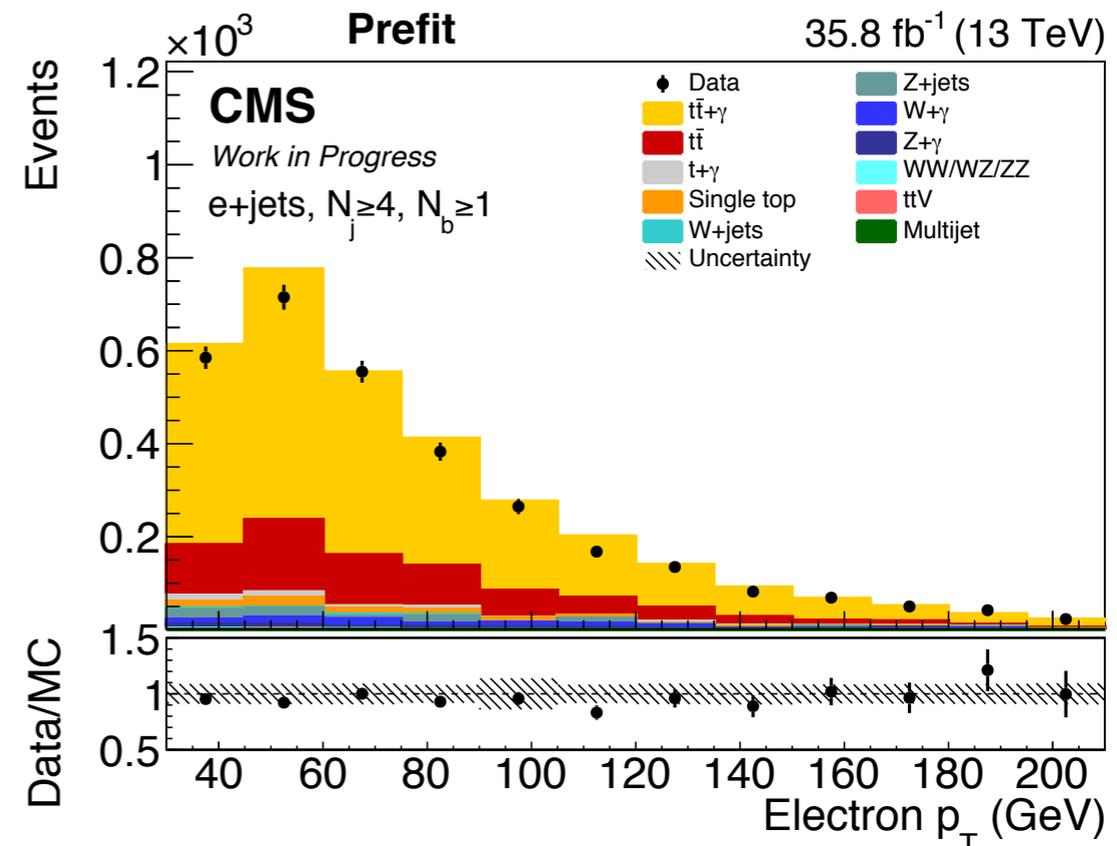
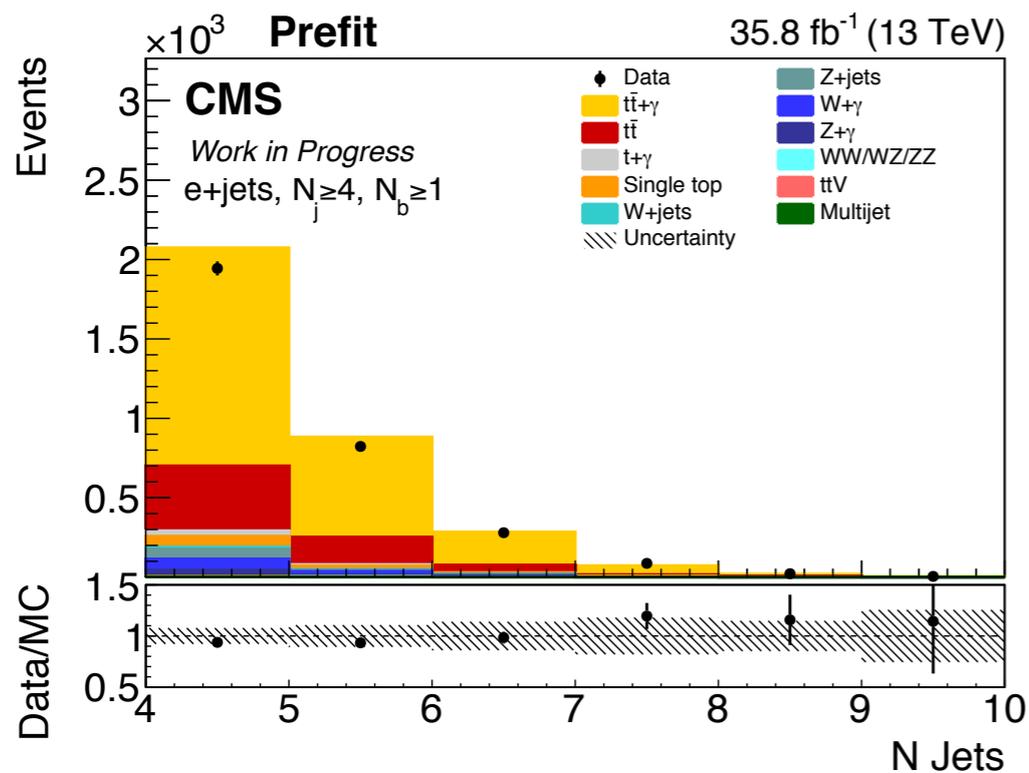
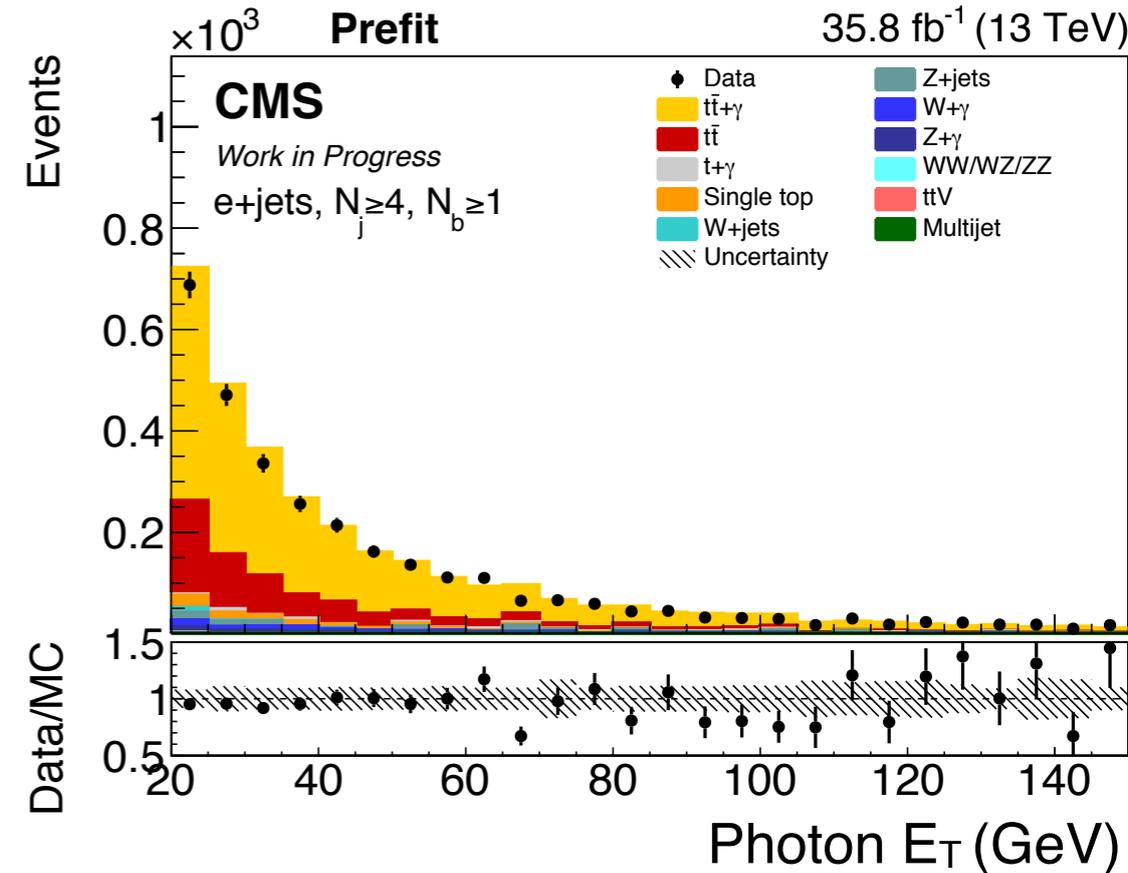
# Introduction and Motivation

- The top quark being the heaviest quark, the way it interacts with a gauge boson makes an interesting study and can be a window for new physics.
- This measurement can also be used for:
  - **a direct measurement of top quark charge:**  $q_t^2 \propto \sigma_{t\bar{t}\gamma}$
  - **top quark electroweak coupling** as  $q_t$  and anomalous magnetic moment can be studied through this process.
  - **$t\bar{t}$  charge asymmetry** by selecting  $t\bar{t}+\gamma$  events.
- $t\bar{t}+\gamma$  : **important background** in many BSM searches and in Higgs analyses.



# Event and Object Selection

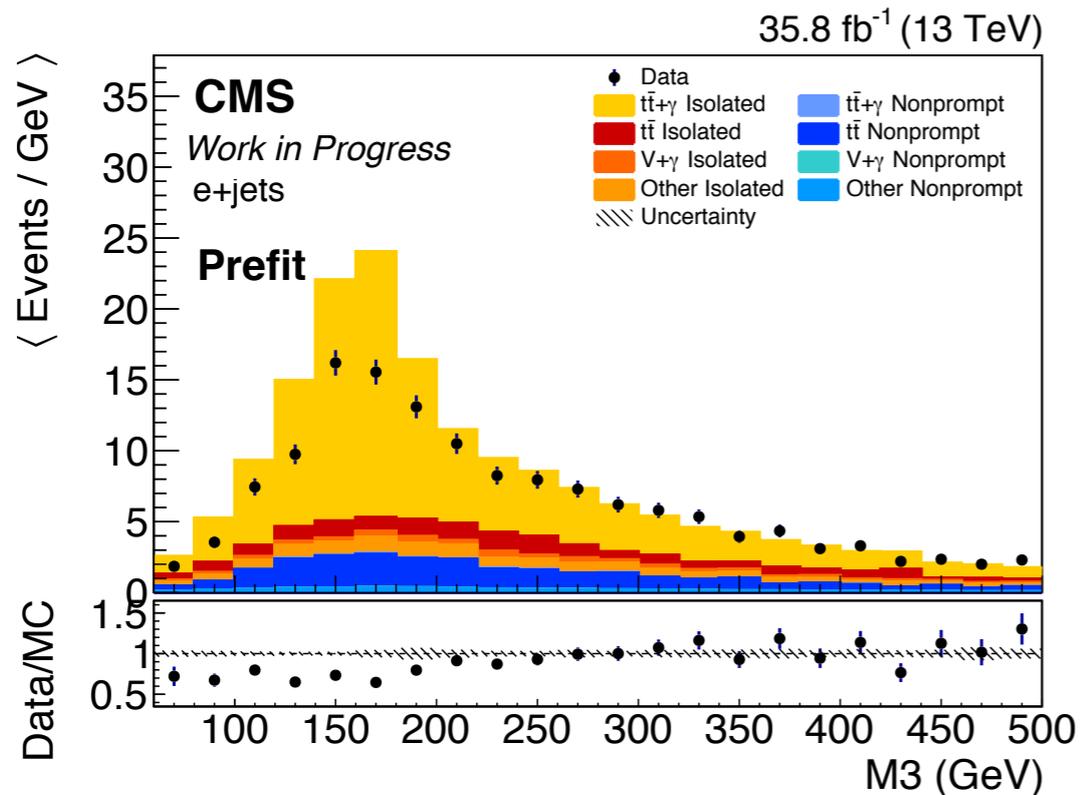
- **Top quark pair selection:**
  - Lepton Selection : exactly 1 high  $P_T$ , isolated lepton
    - Muon  $P_T > 30 \text{ GeV}$ , Ele  $P_T > 35 \text{ GeV}$
  - $\geq 4$  jets ( $P_T > 30 \text{ GeV}$ ), at least one btagged
- **Photon Selection:**
  - $\geq 1$  isolated photon in barrel,  $P_T > 20 \text{ GeV}$



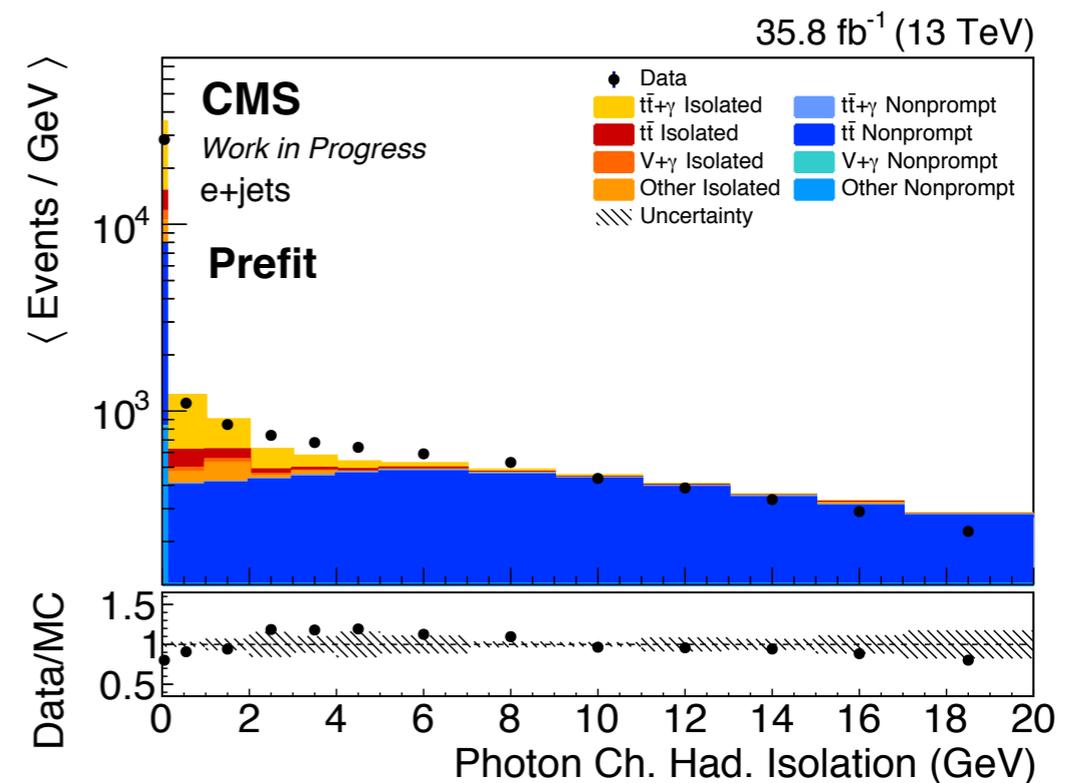
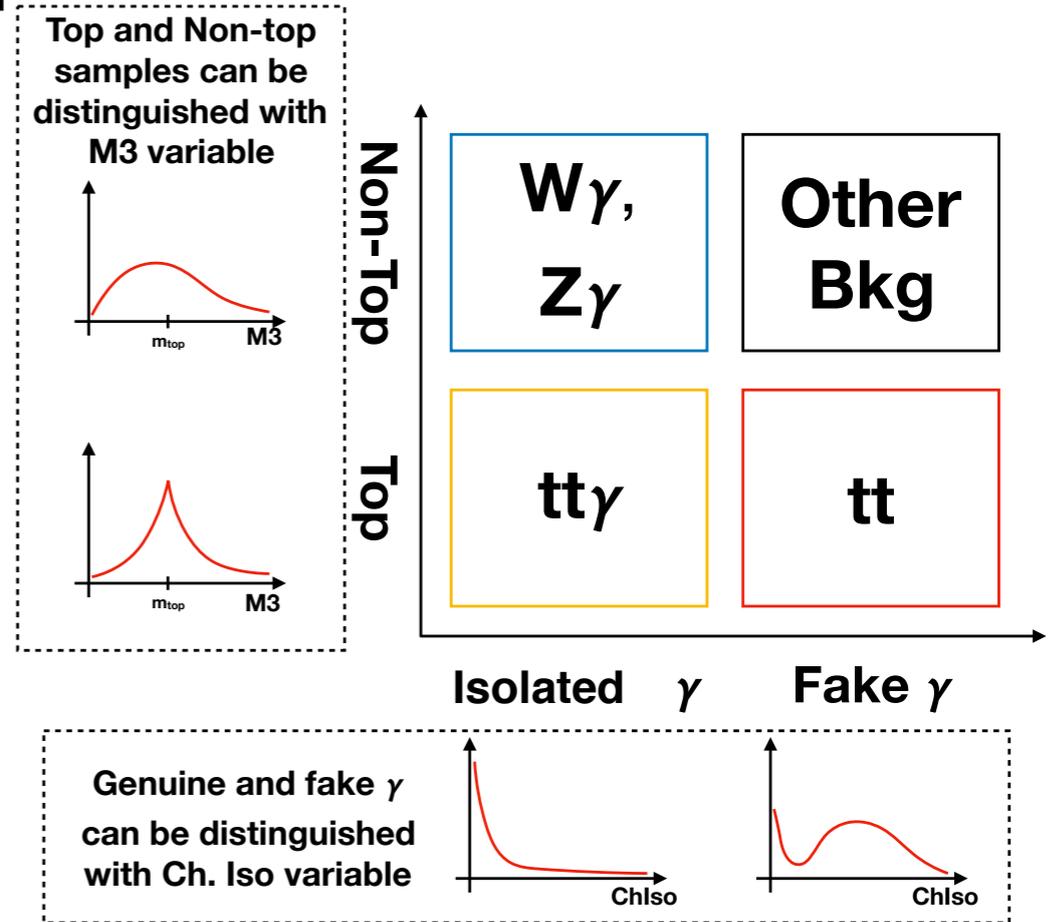
# Analysis Strategy

We want to distinguish  $t\bar{t}+\gamma$  from background

**M3** - the invariant mass of the three jets with the highest summed  $p_T$ , expected to reconstruct the top quark mass.



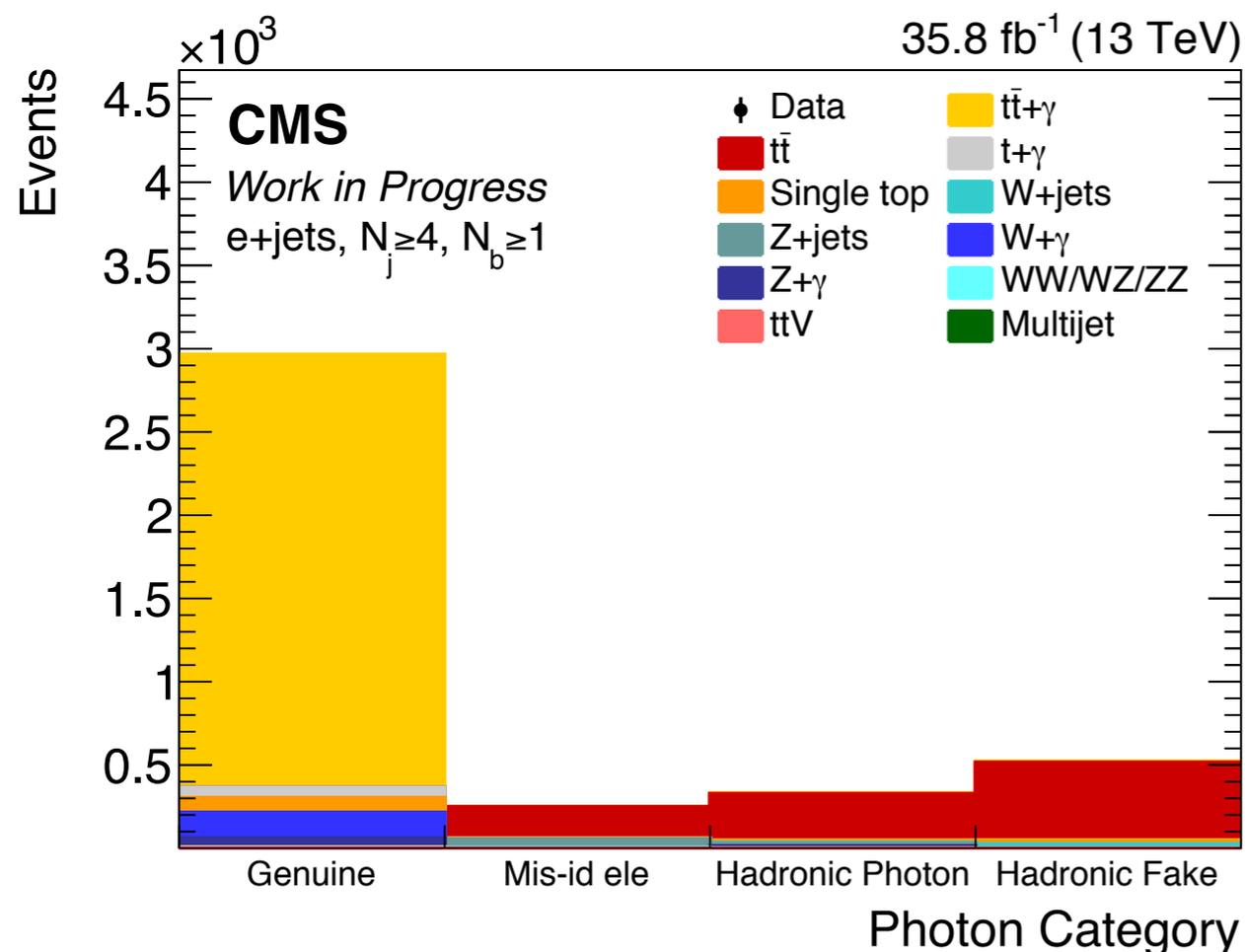
**Charged Hadron Isolation** - sum of the transverse momentum of all charged hadrons in a cone centred around a photon.



# Photon Categories

Through generator matching we divide our photons into 4 categories based on where it is radiated from.

- **Genuine** : if the photon has a leptonic, bosonic or quark parents
- Photon is actually a **Misidentified electron**
- **Hadronic Photon**: radiated from a hadronic source, example: pion
- **Hadronic Fake**: when the reconstructed photon cannot be matched to a generator level photon.



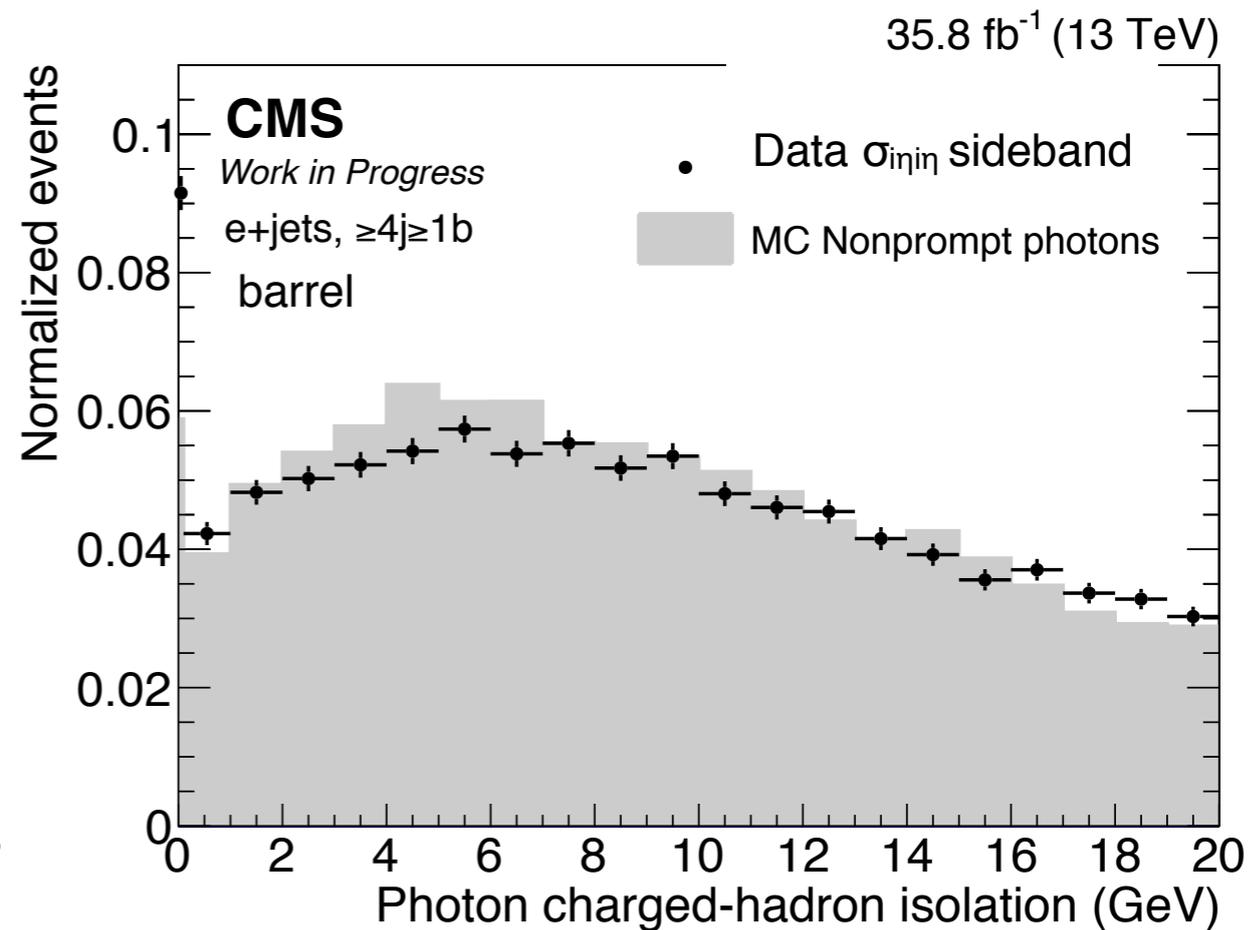
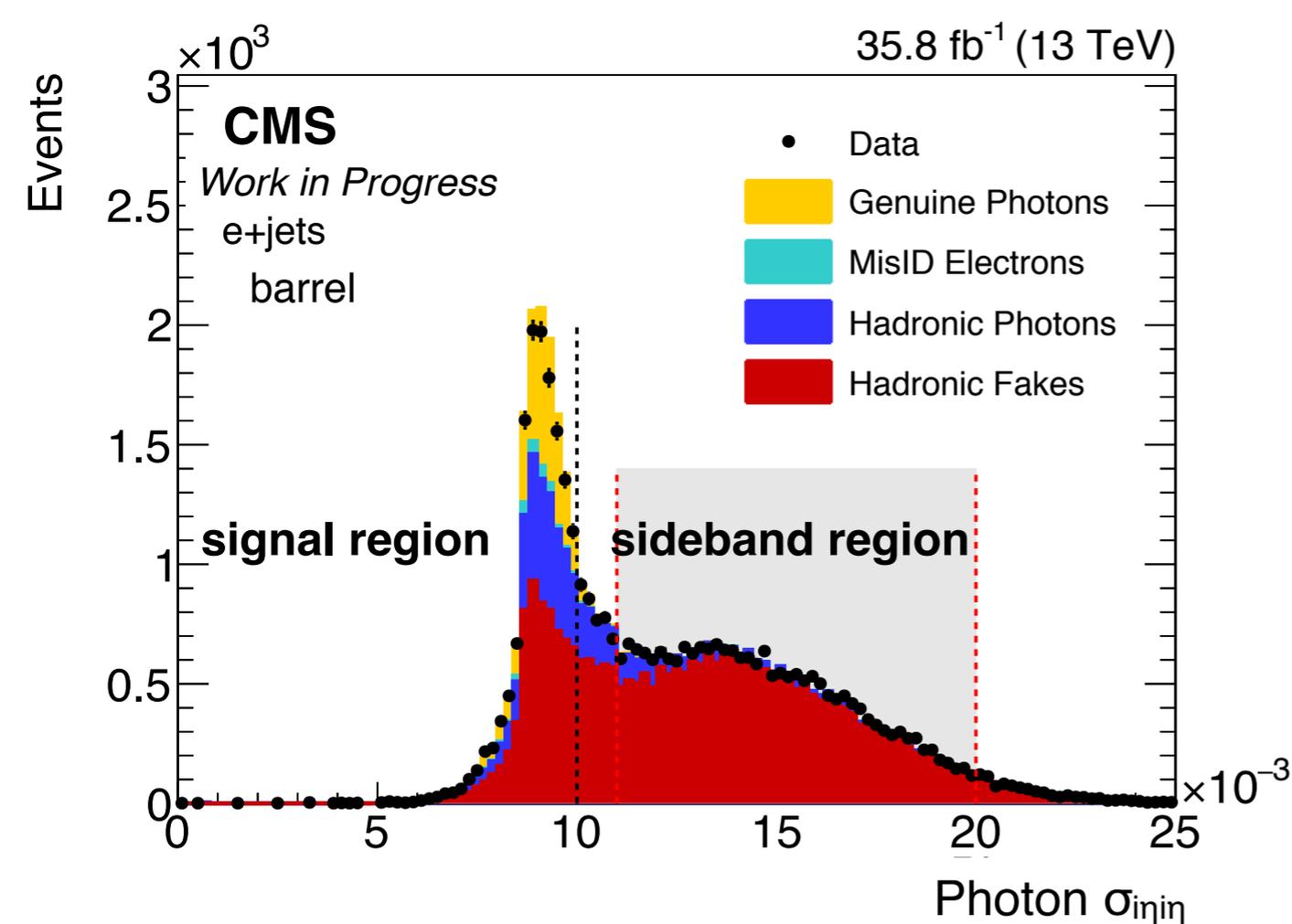
**Isolated (signal) photons:** Genuine photons and Misidentified electrons

**NonPrompt (background) photons:** Hadronic photons & hadronic fakes:

All MC samples are divided into Isolated and NonPrompt templates

# Data based template for Hadronic/Fake photons

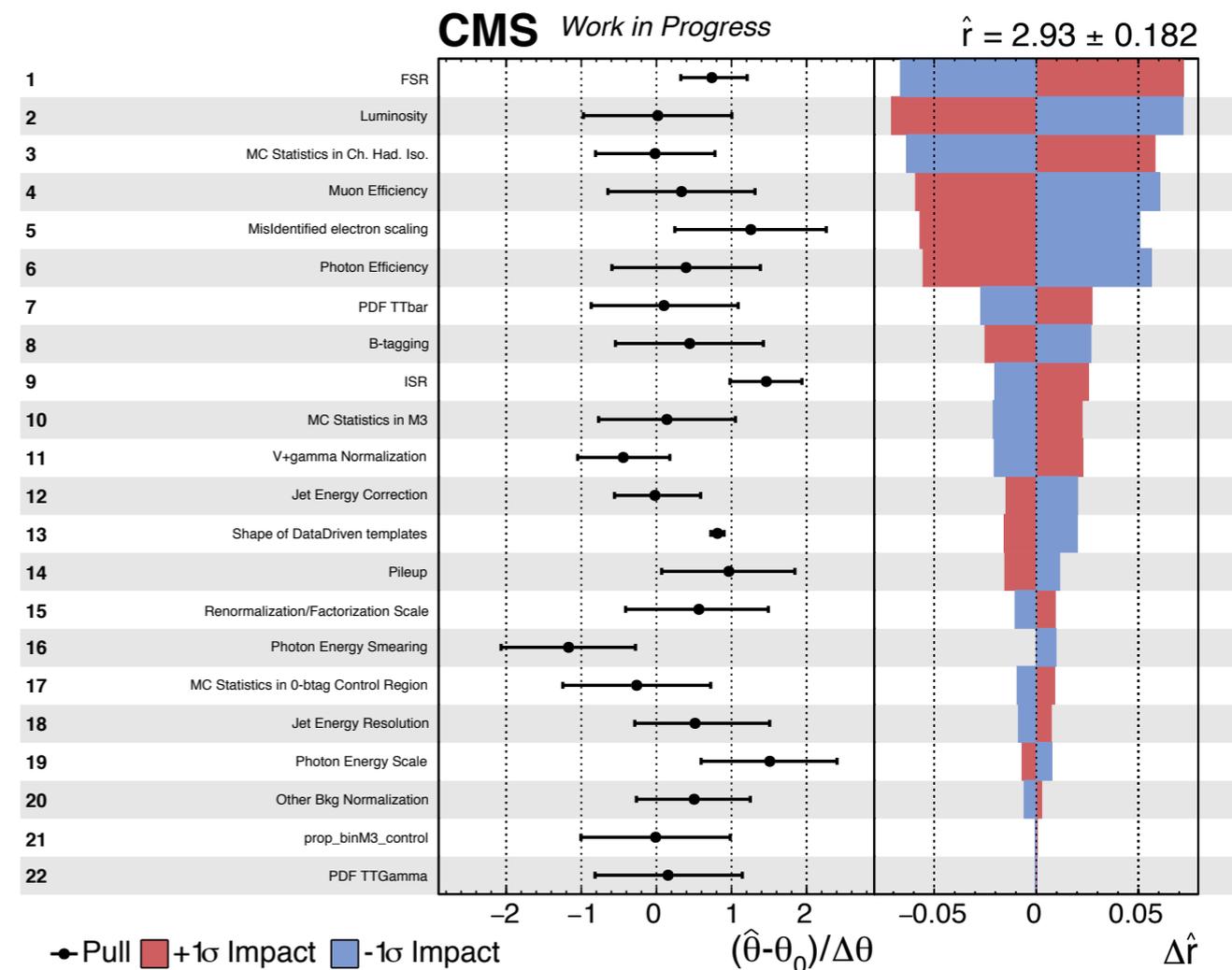
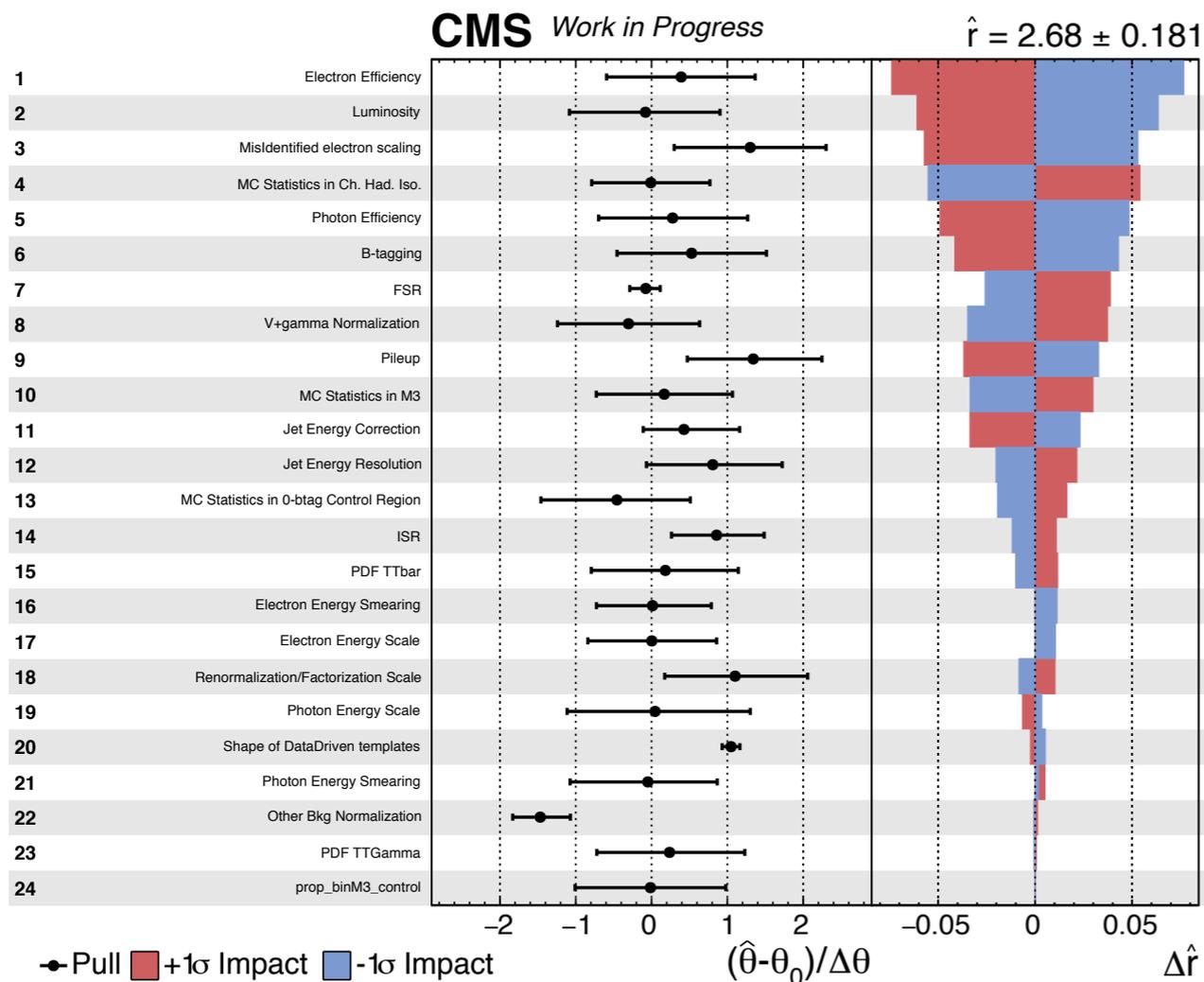
- Data based templates used to avoid any mismodeling in **NonPrompt photons**
- We extract the shape of these background photons from the  $\sigma_{i\eta i\eta}$  **sideband** region of **Charged Hadron Isolation** which is dominated by nonprompt photons.





# Fit Results

- Measuring the following:
  - Fiducial*  $\sigma_{\bar{t}\bar{t}+\gamma}$  : Semileptonic top decay with a photon of  $P_T > 20$  GeV, in barrel
  - Inclusive*  $\sigma_{\bar{t}\bar{t}+\gamma}$  : inclusive in top decay and fiducial in photon cuts ( $P_T > 20$  GeV, in barrel)
  - NonPrompt photon correction factor* extracted from the fit.
  - Ratio (R)* of  $\bar{t}\bar{t}+\gamma$  to  $\bar{t}\bar{t}$  cross-section also calculated



Fitting to extract the inclusive cross-section

# Summary

- We get the following preliminary results in the lepton+jets channel:
  - Inclusive cross-section =  $2.63 \pm 0.14(\text{syst}) \pm 0.07(\text{stat})\text{pb}$
  - Ratio =  $(3.21 \pm 0.18(\text{syst}) \pm 0.06(\text{stat})) \times 10^{-3}$
  - Fiducial cross-section being finalised
- Final results coming soon!

# Backup

# Object Selection

## Trigger

- Mu: HLT\_IsoMu24\_v or HLT\_IsoTkMu24\_v
- Ele: HLT\_Ele32\_eta2p1\_WPTight\_Gsf\_v

## Muons

- Tight muon
  - Tight Muon ID
  - $P_T > 30 \text{ GeV}$ ,  $\eta < 2.4$
  - RelIso  $< 0.15$
- Loose Muon:
  - Loose Muon ID
  - $P_T > 15 \text{ GeV}$ ,  $\eta < 2.4$
  - RelIso  $< 0.25$

## Photon

- $P_T > 20 \text{ GeV}$ ,  $\eta < 2.5$  (barrel);  
 $1.4442 > \eta > 1.566$  (endcap)
- Cut Based Medium Photon ID

## Electrons

- Tight electron
  - Tight Electron ID
  - $P_T > 35 \text{ GeV}$ ,  $\eta < 2.1$
  - Pass gap b/w barrel and endcap
  - Impact parameter cuts :  
 $d_0 < 0.05$ (barrel),  $d_0 < 0.1$  (endcap)  
 $dz < 0.1$ (barrel),  $dz < 0.2$ (endcap)
- Veto Electrons:
  - Pass Electron Veto ID
  - $P_T > 15 \text{ GeV}$ ,  $\eta < 2.5$
  - Pass gap b/w barrel and endcap
  - Impact parameter cuts as above

## Jets

- $P_T > 30 \text{ GeV}$ ,  $\eta < 2.4$
- Tight JetID
- Remove Jets close to a lepton if  
 $dR(\text{jet}, \text{lep}) < 0.4$
- Remove Jets close to a photon if  
 $dR(\text{jet}, \text{pho}) < 0.1$
- btagging : deep csv  $> 0.8484$

# Event Selection

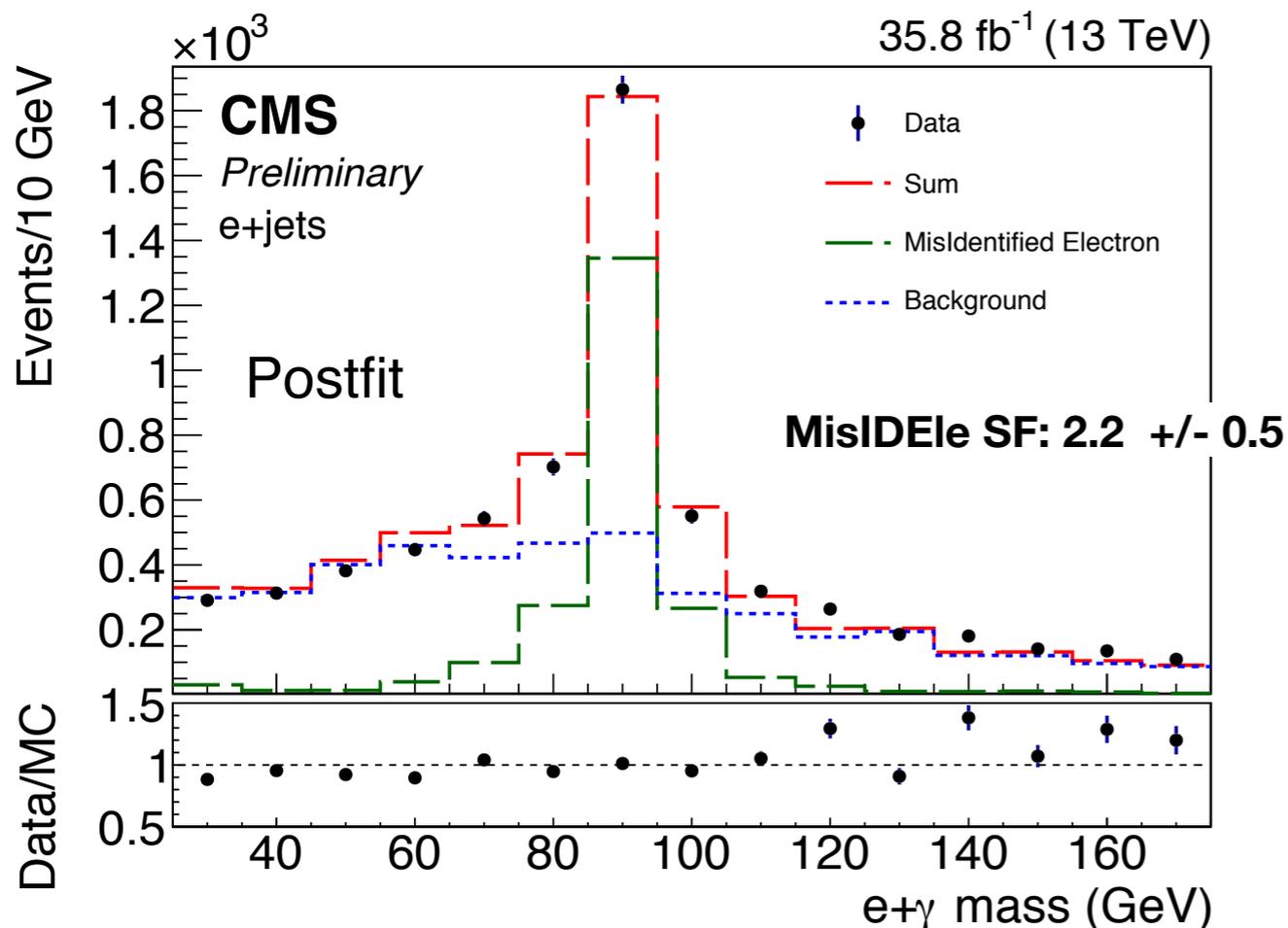
- TTbar selection:
  - Good PV
  - Trigger -
    - Muon: HLT\_IsoMu24\_v or HLT\_IsoTkMu24\_v
    - Electron: HLT\_Ele32\_eta2p1\_WPTight\_Gsf\_v
  - Exactly 1 high  $P_T$ , isolated lepton
  - No loose leptons
  - $\geq 4$  Jets
  - $\geq 1$  Btagged Jets
  - Overlap removal for the following samples: b/w ttgamma & ttbar, b/w VJets & VGamma, b/w TGJets (t-channel) & ST (t-channel).
- Photon Selection
  - Passes Preselection and has  $\geq 1$  photon

# Overlap Removal

- To avoid double counting the same event in two different MC sample overlap removal is used.
- For example in  $t\bar{t}+\gamma$  and  $t\bar{t}$  sample, the same event maybe duplicated. To avoid counting the same event twice, if an event in  $t\bar{t}$  is already present in  $t\bar{t}+\gamma$  kinematic phase space, then the event is removed from  $t\bar{t}$ .
- Overlap removal is based on generator level kinematic cuts of the photon in each sample.
- Overlap removal is performed between :
  - $t\bar{t}+\gamma$  &  $t\bar{t}$  (events removed from  $t\bar{t}$ )
  - $V+\gamma$  &  $V+\text{jets}$  (events removed from  $V+\text{jets}$ )
  - $ST+\gamma$  &  $ST$  (events removed from  $ST$ )

# Corrections to Simulation

- Correcting events with **Misidentified electrons**
- **Z $\rightarrow$ e $^+$ e $^-$  (e $\rightarrow$  $\gamma$ )**: electron is mis-reconstructed as a photon.
  - 3jets, 0btag CR: rich in background processes
  - Fit to invariant mass of e+gamma



the uncertainty in the scale factor comes from:

- statistical uncertainty
- variation between different jet multiplicity regions
- variation due to using a LO ZJets sample vs a NLO ZJets sample (currently using LO ZJets)

# Fit parameters to extract $t\bar{t}+\gamma$ and $t\bar{t}$ cross-section

- Three free floating parameters in this fit:  $\sigma(t\bar{t}+\gamma)$ , NonPrompt photon correction factor,  $\sigma(ttbar)$
- Backgrounds are floated with a gaussian constraint:  $V+\gamma$  and Other bkg - 30%

Sample	Isolated Photon	NonPrompt Photon
$t\bar{t} + \gamma$	64.3%	0.39%
$t\bar{t}$	4.6%	18.49%
$V + \gamma$	4.6%	0.45%
<i>Other Bkg</i>	4.4%	2.5%

# Cross-section calculation

$$\sigma_{t\bar{t}\gamma,inlc}(p_T > 20\text{GeV}, \text{barrel}) = \sigma_{t\bar{t}\gamma,inlc}(p_T > 13\text{GeV}, \eta < 2.5) \times A^\gamma$$

$$\sigma_{t\bar{t}\gamma,fid}(p_T > 20\text{GeV}, \text{barrel}) = \sigma_{t\bar{t}\gamma,inlc}(p_T > 20\text{GeV}, \text{barrel}) \times A^{t\bar{t}}$$

$$A^\gamma = \frac{\text{Events with photon in the barrel and } p_T > 20 \text{ GeV}}{\text{Total events}}$$

$$A^{t\bar{t}} = \frac{\text{Events with top quark pairs in signal phase space}}{\text{Events with photon in the barrel and } p_T > 20 \text{ GeV}}$$