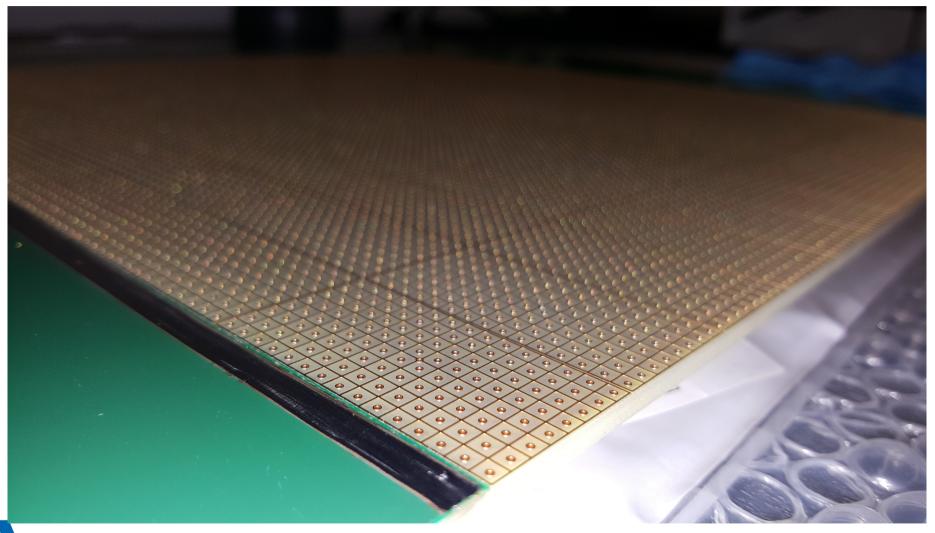
Demonstration Roadmap



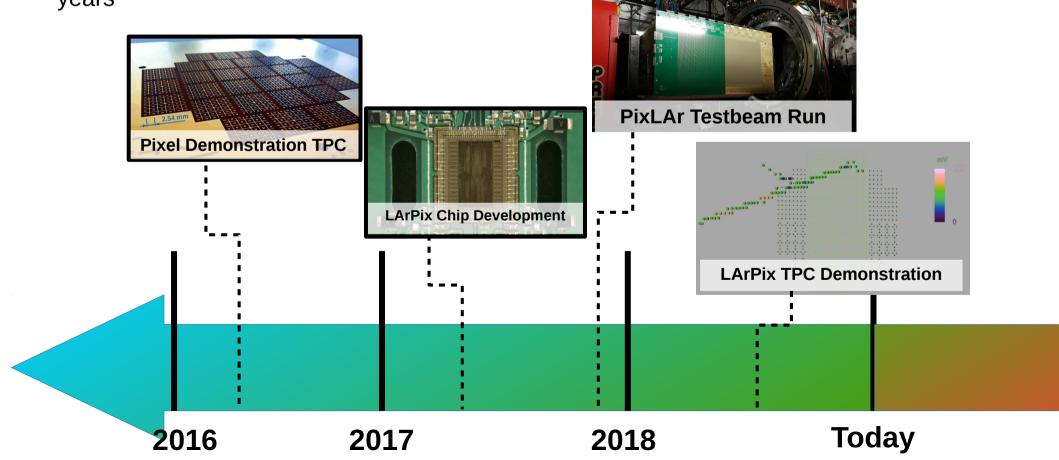


Jonathan Asaadi University of Texas at Arlington

Quick summary of what's been done

- There is a long R&D history leading to todays consideration of a LArTPC Pixel based detector
 - In recent years this has been pioneered by the University of Bern
 - Innovated new ideas being put forward (D. Nygren) sparking interest from within the community
- As this talk is not meant to be a history lesson, I will only pick a few highlights which lay the context for the work to come

 Hopefully, these provide lessons and guideposts for the research plan we forsee in the next few years

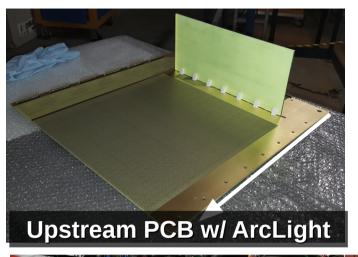


Pixel TPC Demonstration

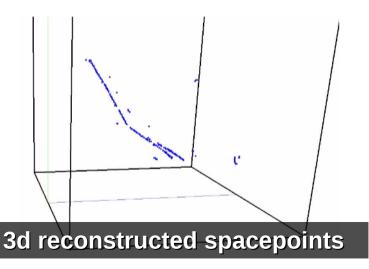
Slide shamelessly stolen from James Sinclair's DUNE talk Pixel Demonstration TPC 60 cm drift pixel demonstration TPC in Bern First operated 2016 (arXiv:1801.08884)

- Established the interest and plausibility of a pixel based LArTPC using existing cold electronics
 - Had to use hardware based multiplexing, but showed the proof-of-principle

PixLAr Test Beam Run



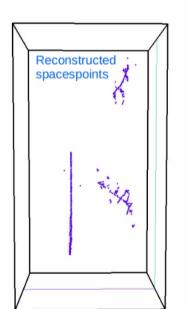


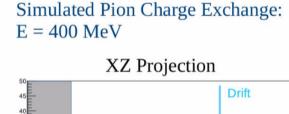


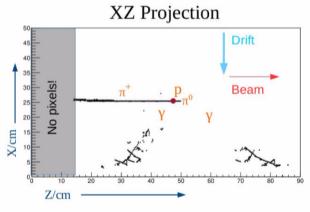
- Scaled up version of the demonstration TPC
 - 28,800 pixels readout with 480 exisiting cold electronics channels
 - Still uses matching ROI's to pixels in order to create 3d spacepoints
 - Integrated two light detection devices (ArcLight and ARAPUCA) into the readout
 - Collected 7 weeks of charge particle beam + comsics data
 - Allows for integration of existing 3d reconstruction tools for pixel based readout

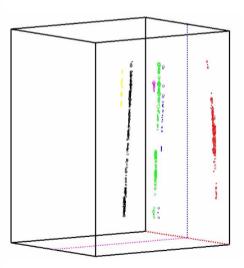
PixLAr Test Beam Run

- One key thing we've gained/learned from the PixLAr run thus far is the adaptation of existing LArSoft reconstruction tools to cluster/track/reconstruct pixel based readout
 - Once the disambiguation from the hardware multiplexing is done what you have is equivalent (in form) to the true 3d readout you would get from LArPix chip
 - LArSoft Redmine created as a subproject of LArIAT where much of this development has happened
 - https://cdcvs.fnal.gov/redmine/projects/pixlar/repository
 - Should be of immense value to the forthcoming R&D

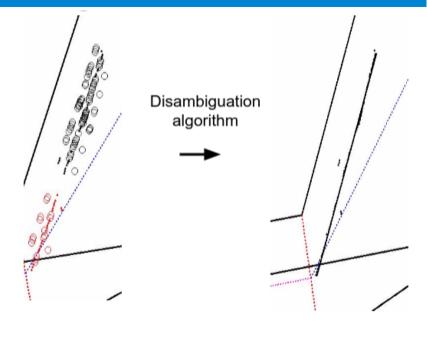




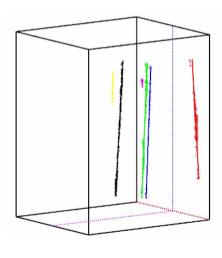




Clustering



Clustering and Tracking



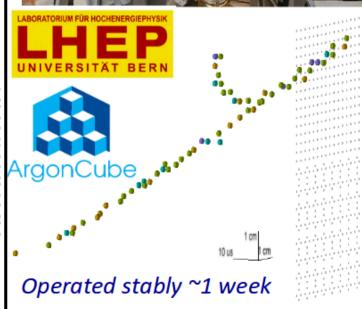
LArPix Demonstration TPC

 As you've already heard about today, early this year the successful commissioning runs of the LArPix TPC at Bern and LBNL demonstrate potential of the true 3d readout technology

Apr 2018:

512-pixel system @ Bern 60 cm drift, 1 kV/cm

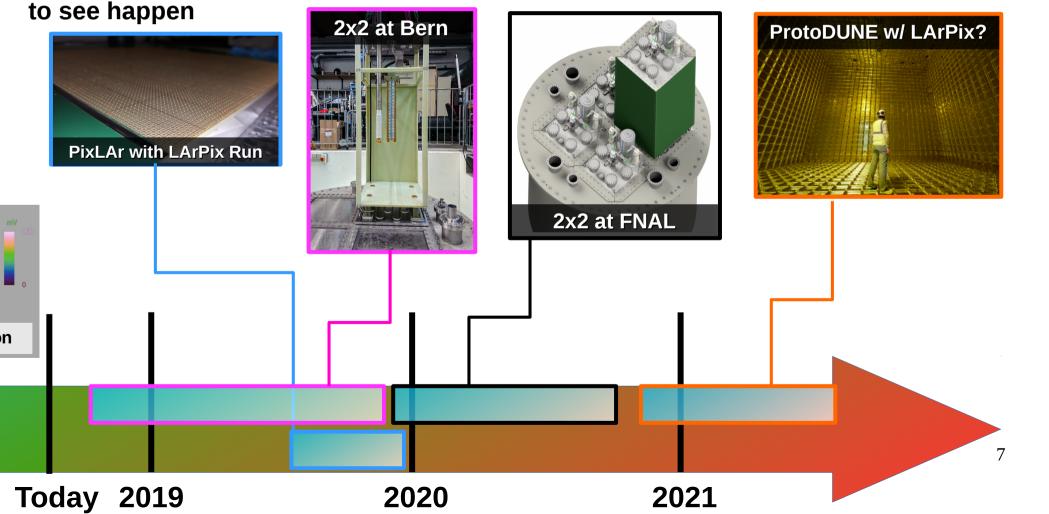




Looking ahead

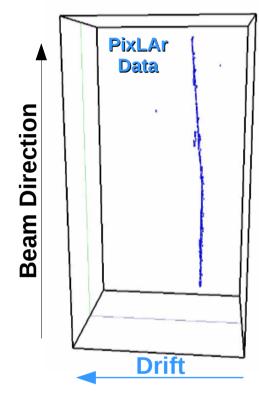
- Thinking ahead, there are a number of high level projects/demonstrations are targeted
 - There is an even larger number of smaller scale tests, exercises, and demonstrations that need to be accomplished
- I also think that there should be effort into the R&D of novel/new ideas (e.g. NetPix)
 - Part of why we do this is because pursuing new ideas is fun!

• What follows is a summary of some of these large/small scale tests that we would like



PixLAr with LArPix

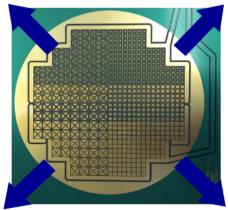
- Installing LArPix based pixel PCB into the testbeam setup at LArIAT offers some unique opportunities ahead of the full ArgonCube 2x2 testing
 - Charged particle testbeam allows for more robust tests of the full dynamic range of the chip
 - Pixel optimization studies can be done across an array of different types of scatters / particles
 - Test of tiling of pixel PCB and matching tracks across different pixel planes
 - Allows for the integration of the LArPix readout (ArtyZ7 board) with the ArcLight (Bern Frontend board) into the ArtDAQ framework
 - Immediately the data is available within the LArSoft framework
 - Leverage the PixLAr Run-1 reconstruction work to continue to adapt the reconstruction software for truly 3d readout



Increase size

25cm





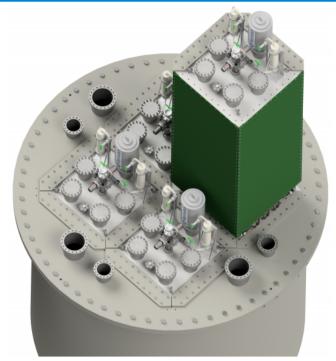
ArgonCube 2x2

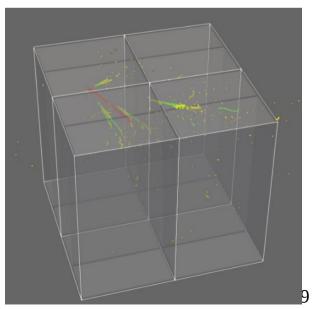
Now – Late 2019: ArgonCube 2x2 at Bern

- Build and test 2 full modules, third module will be 60 cm demonstrator TPC to act as purity monitor, fourth module will be a dummy module
- Ongoing cryo-engineering work to allow for easy integration once deployed at Fermilab
- Demonstration tests of cryo-extraction and insertion of modules
- Data taking with cosmic rays

Late 2019 – 2020: ArgonCube 2x2 at FNAL

- Engineering run in the NuMI beam
 - Collect high energy neutrino events!
 - Test data acquisition and reconstruction
- 4 complete modules with charge and light systems designed for use in the DUNE near detector
- Operation with FNAL cryosystem
- Opportunity for a proto-ND (proto-Near Detector for DUNE)

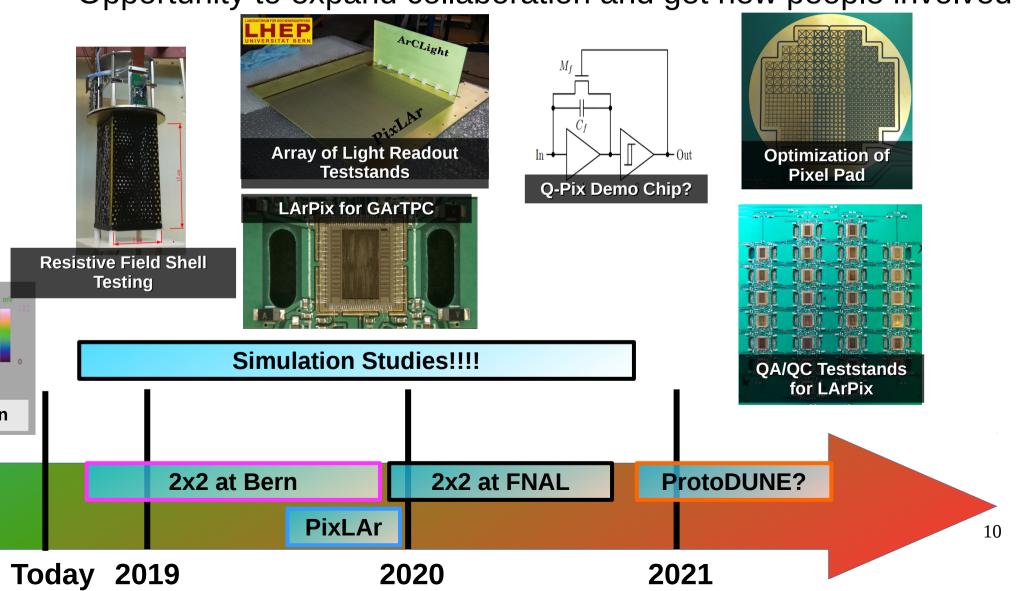




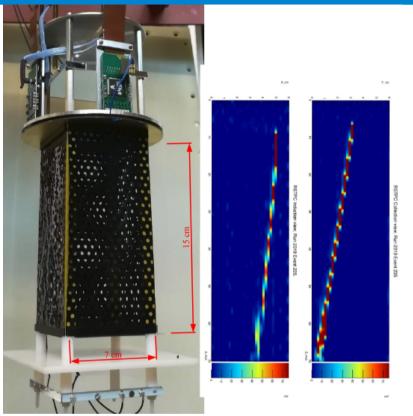
Looking at the smaller tests

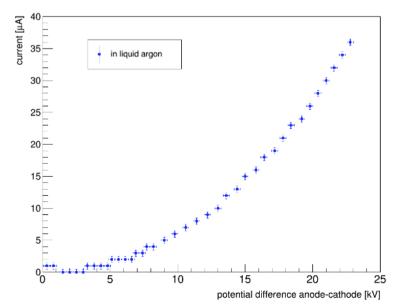
 There are also a number of small scale tests that need to go on concurrently with these large scale tests

Opportunity to expand collaboration and get new people involved



Resistive Field Cage Design



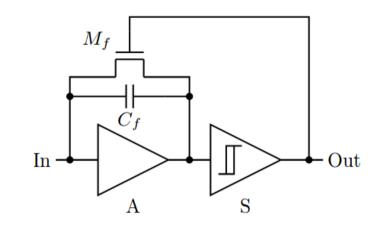


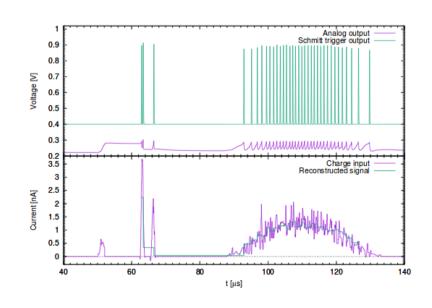
- Bern group is exploring using carbon loaded capton continuous resistive field cage
 - Minimizes amount of material between adjacent modules
 - Simplifies the field cage design and construction
- Initial tests show promising results in small TPC
 - Need to extend the testing of this idea to scale
 - Non-linear current vs potential seen
 - Small straight tracks observed, but need larger TPC to look for distortions, effects of spacecharge, etc...
 - Breakdown and recovery studies needed as well
 - Opportunity for collaboration

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Q-Pix Chip

- Recent paper on the arXiv 1809.10213
 (Nygren, Mei) explores an alternative readout scheme from what has been the focus of much of the R&D thus far.
 - Combines a charge-integrate/reset scheme with time stamping
 - Shows promising capture of the original input pulse in the "Reset Time Difference" measurement
 - May have ability to be used for photon detection as well
- Certainly should be pursued in R&D testing and prototyping
 - Many of the planned test-stands could be used/repurposed with a readout of this design
 - Interesting opportunity for side by side comparisons in the ArgonCube 2x2





Electronics Testing

- Testing and QA/QC of the chip/tile/readout requires multiple institutions mobilizing to work
 - We can't make Dan sit at the lab bench all day and night!
- Bern, LBNL and UTA have liquid argon systems capable of doing some of this testing
 - Need more institutions interested in taking part
 - Likely need resources here as we prepare for DUNE-ND



Purification System as builts at LBNL





Purification System as built at UTA with the smaller 117 liter cryostat

All the things I am not highlighting

Simulation/Physics studies for near/far detector

- Lots of these studies are started, but many need more attention and people thinking and working on them
- ND: Algorithms for pileup
- ND & FD: Neutron Tagging Studies
- FD: Physics Reach with pixel design

Calibrations

 How much of the existing DUNE calibration plan can be used for pixel readout? How much new do we need

All the rest of the readout!

- Connectors, cables, feedthroughs
- Cable routing, pixel PCB mounting
- Packaging and testing of chips
- Grounding and shielding

• All the things our small group isn't thinking about

- All the things that will pop up during the testing outlined earlier

Conclusions

- The research program for realizing a pixel based LArTPC has a long history
 - Much longer then shown even in this talk
- The road ahead is not so long and there is lots to do!
 - Big scale projects:
 - PixLAr with LArPix
 - ArgonCube 2x2 Demo
 - Small scale projects:
 - Test-stand projects
 - QPix side-by-side LArPix

Personal Opinion:

- This is a fantastic group of people to do research with and is often one of highlights of my research time.
- If you are interested in joining the effort you should get in contact with the organizers (myself included) and we will plug you in