



# Applying Deep Neural Network Techniques for LArTPC Data Reconstruction

Laura Domine (Stanford University / SLAC)

*Fermilab Machine Learning Group meeting - 11/7/18*



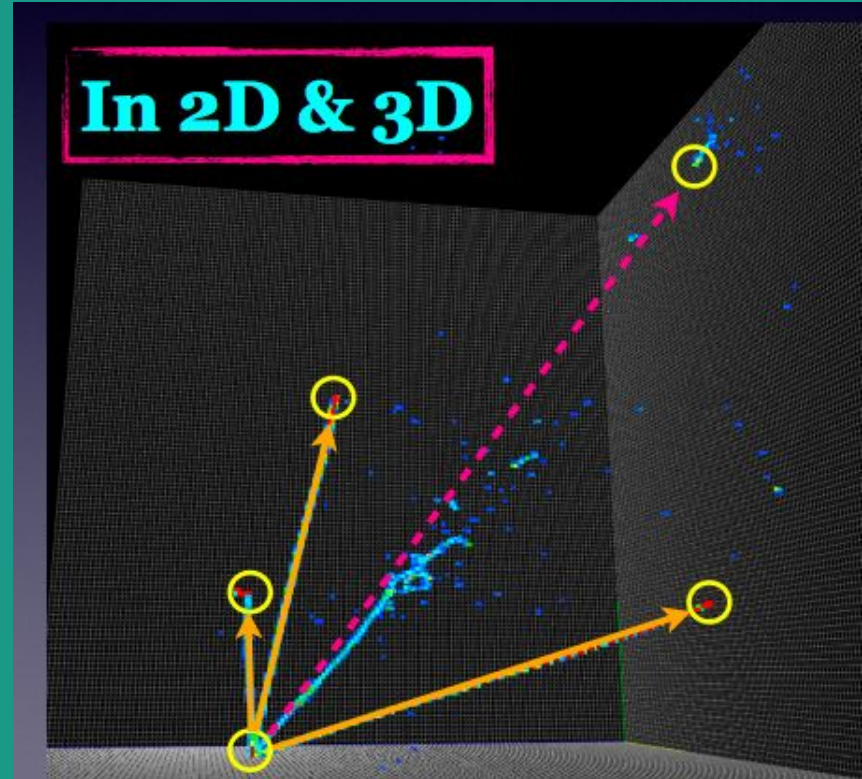


# Plan

1. LArTPC & Deep Learning
2. Examples of applications: UResNet & PPN networks
3. Sparse convolutions

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# LArTPC & Deep Learning



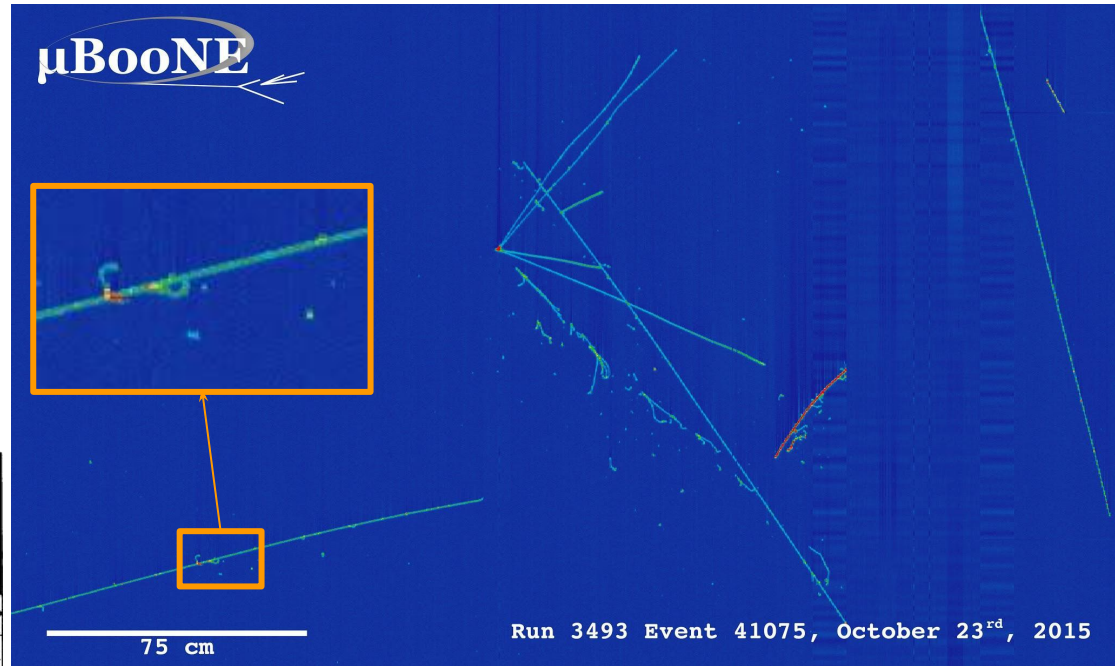
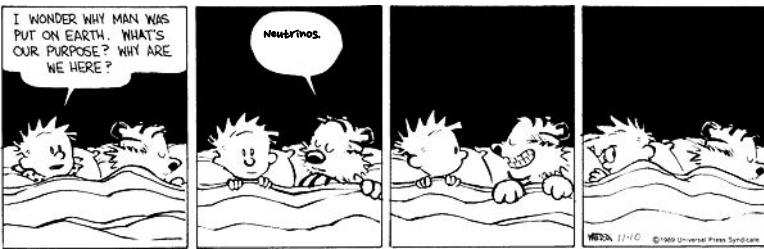
# Liquid Argon Time Projection Chamber (LArTPC)

Neutrino detectors

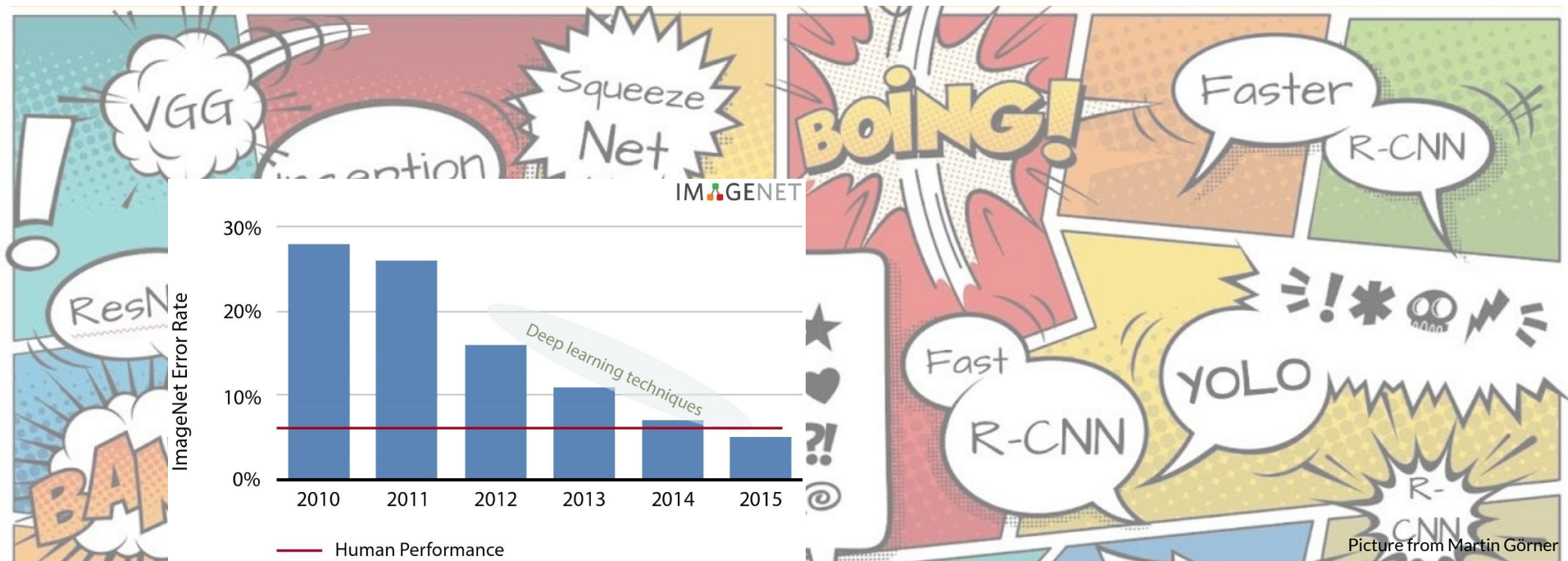
Ex: MicroBooNE @ Fermilab, 150 tons

2D or 3D data

Bigger and bigger! (DUNE)



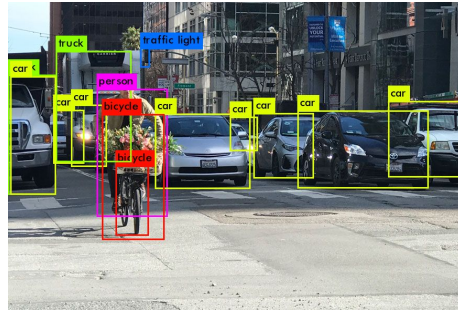
# Deep Neural Networks (DNN) & Computer Vision



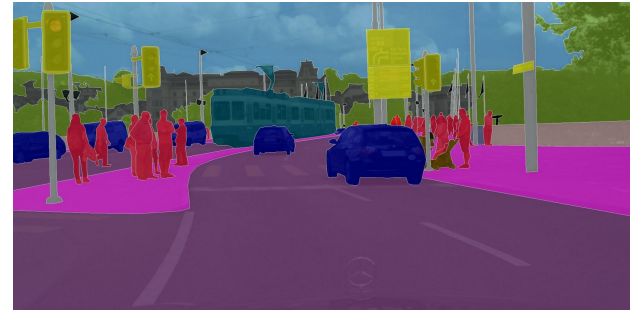
# Deep Neural Networks (DNN) & Computer Vision



Object detection & classification



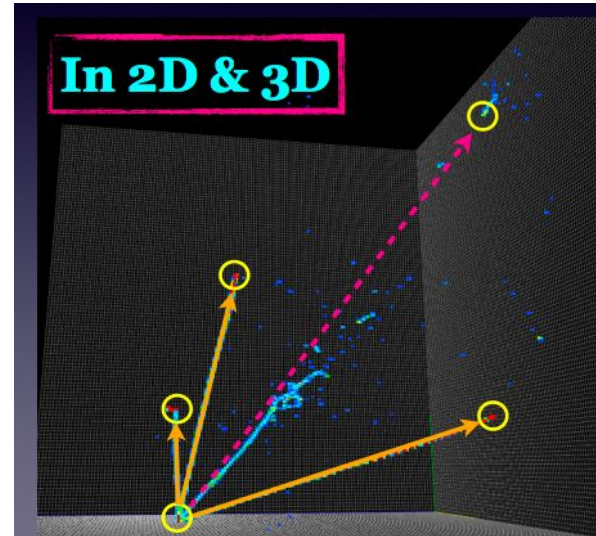
Semantic segmentation





# Towards a full reconstruction chain with DNN

- Currently: Lots of heuristic algorithms
- Goal: Replace them with a set of DNN algorithms which ideally will
  - Run faster
  - Have a better performance

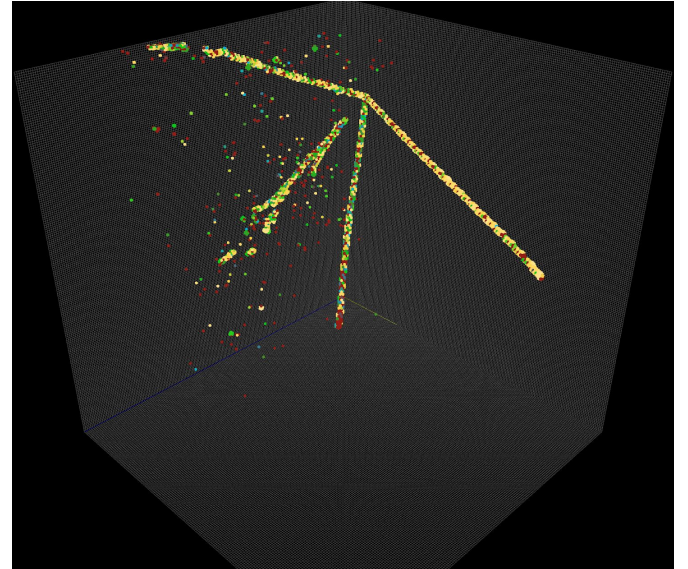




# Towards a full reconstruction chain with DNN

Steps:

1. Point detection (track edge)



*Non-contractual picture - Actual product may differ*

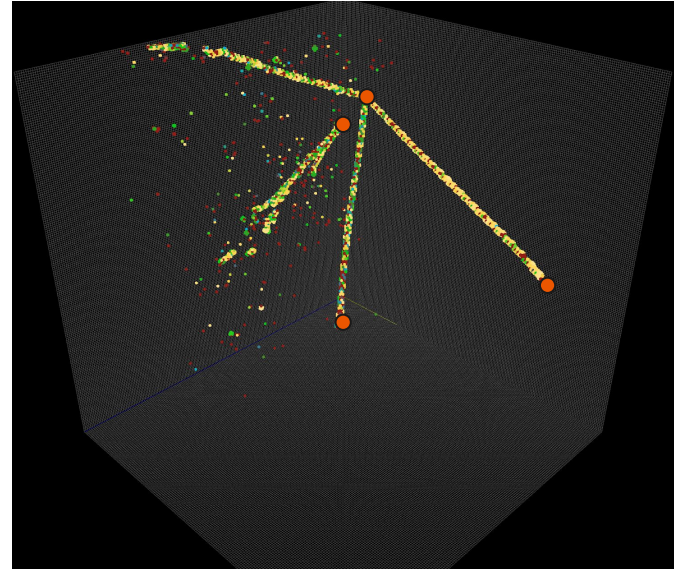




# Towards a full reconstruction chain with DNN

Steps:

1. Point detection (track edge)  
**PPN**

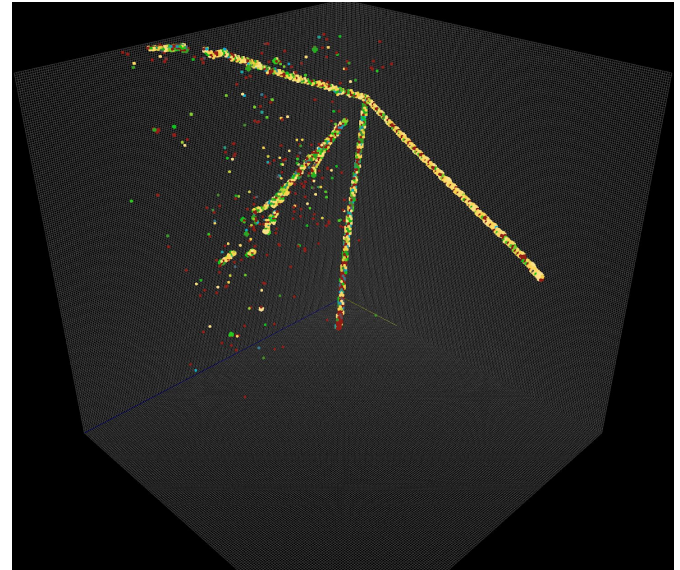


*Non-contractual picture - Actual product may differ*

# Towards a full reconstruction chain with DNN

Steps:

1. ~~Point detection (track edge)~~  
PPN
2. Pixel-wise labeling (particle track vs electromagnetic shower)

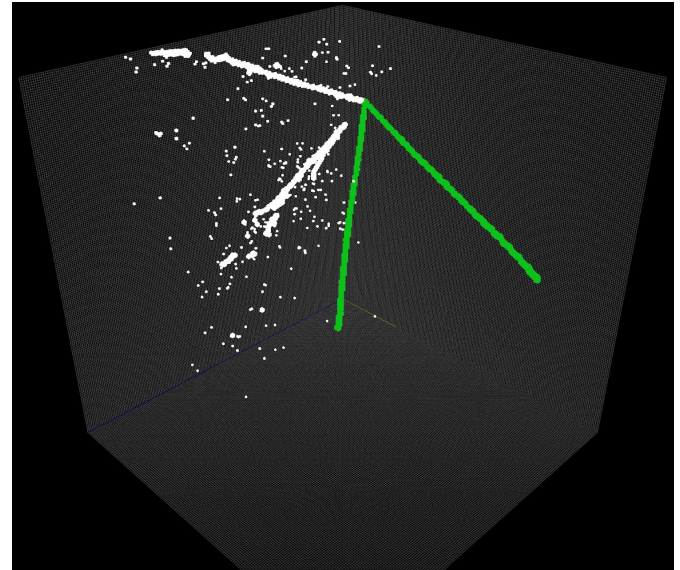


*Non-contractual picture - Actual product may differ*

# Towards a full reconstruction chain with DNN

Steps:

1. ~~Point detection (track edge)~~  
PPN
2. ~~Pixel wise labeling (particle track vs electromagnetic shower)~~  
UResNet

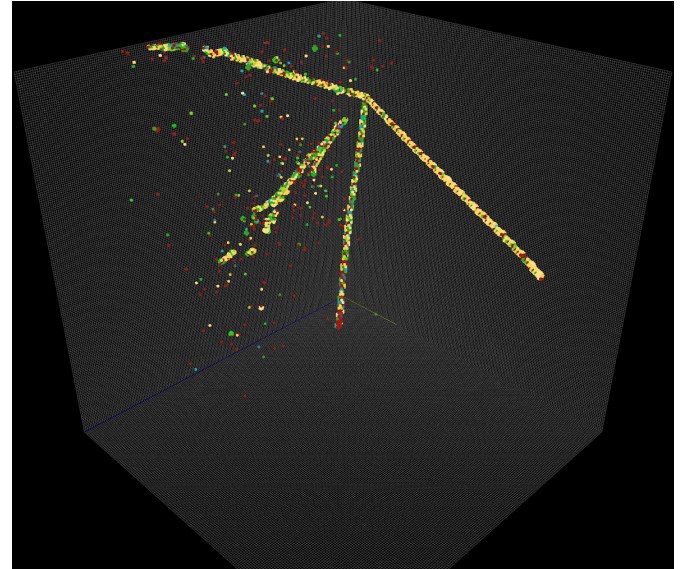


*Non-contractual picture - Actual product may differ*

# Towards a full reconstruction chain with DNN

Steps:

1. ~~Point detection (track edge)~~  
PPN
2. ~~Pixel wise labeling (particle track vs electromagnetic shower)~~  
UResNet
3. Clustering of energy deposits and instance segmentation

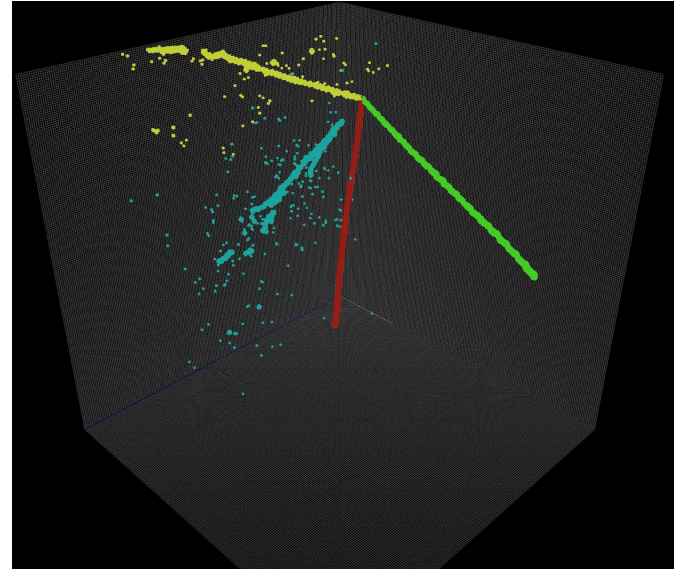


*Non-contractual picture - Actual product may differ*

# Towards a full reconstruction chain with DNN

Steps:

1. ~~Point detection (track edge)~~  
PPN
2. ~~Pixel wise labeling (particle track vs electromagnetic shower)~~  
UResNet
3. Clustering of energy deposits and instance segmentation  
**Work in progress!**

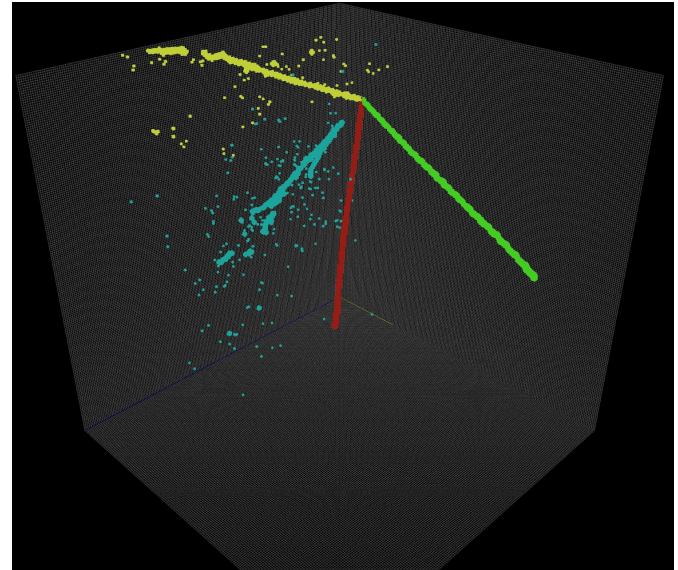


*Non-contractual picture - Actual product may differ*

# Towards a full reconstruction chain with DNN

Steps:

1. ~~Point detection (track edge)~~  
PPN
2. ~~Pixel wise labeling (particle track vs electromagnetic shower)~~  
UResNet
3. Clustering of energy deposits and instance segmentation  
Work in progress!
4. *Particle identification and energy estimate*
5. *Hierarchical reconstruction*



Non-contractual picture - Actual product may differ



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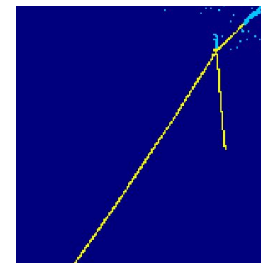
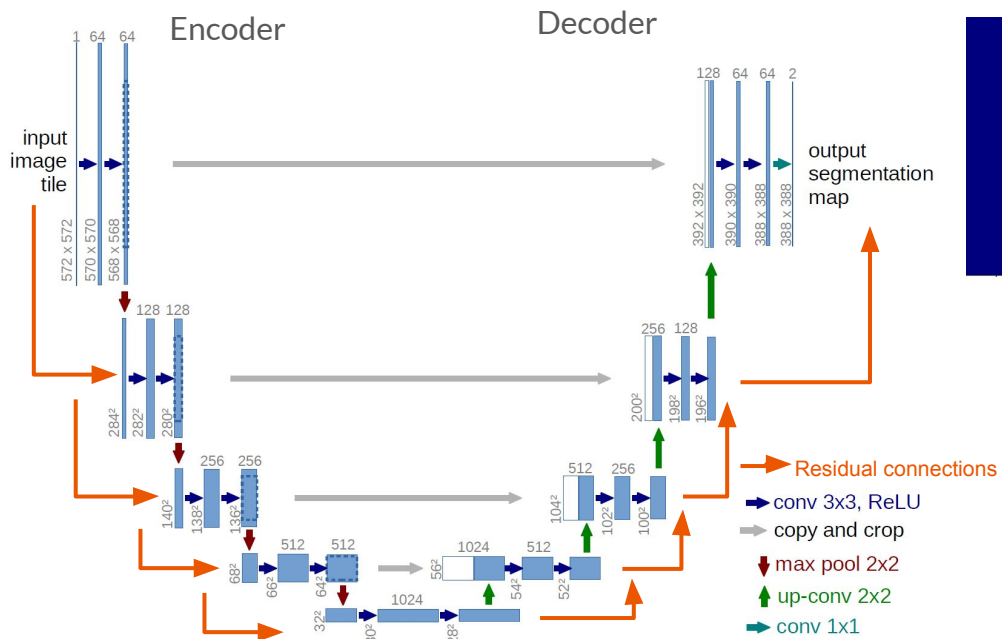
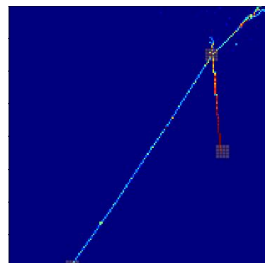
**Examples of applications:  
UNet and PPN networks**

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# Semantic Segmentation: UResNet



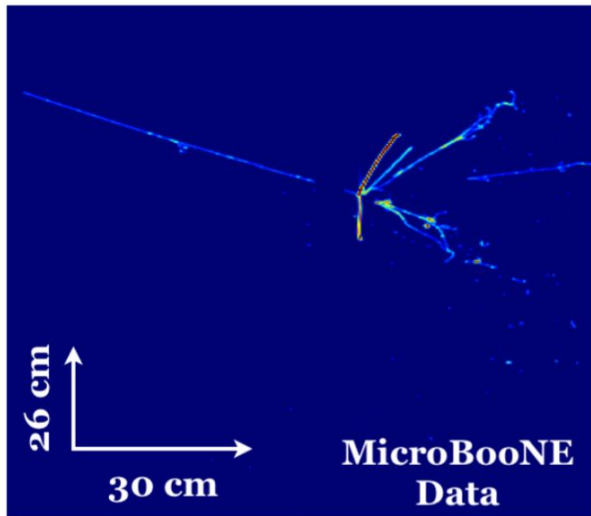
# Semantic Segmentation: UResNet



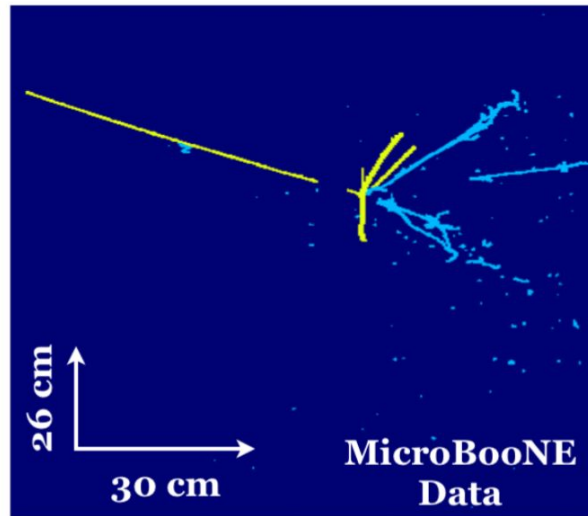


# Semantic Segmentation: UResNet

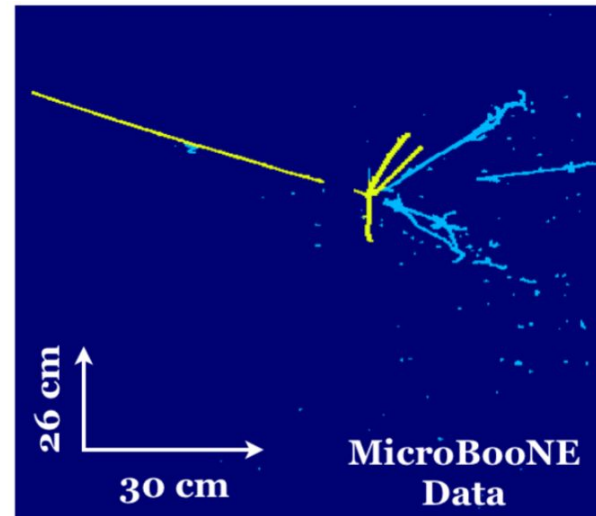
Data



Physicist's label



Network's output



A Deep Neural Network for Pixel-Level Electromagnetic Particle Identification in the MicroBooNE Liquid Argon Time Projection Chamber.  
<https://arxiv.org/abs/1808.07269>

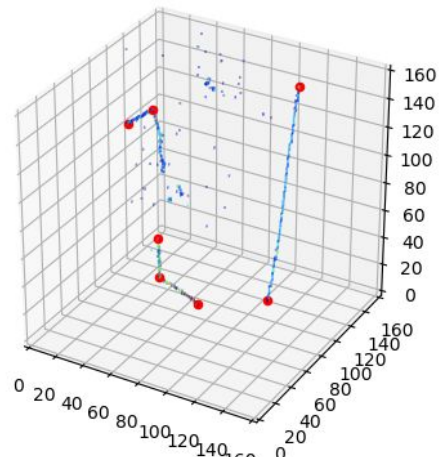
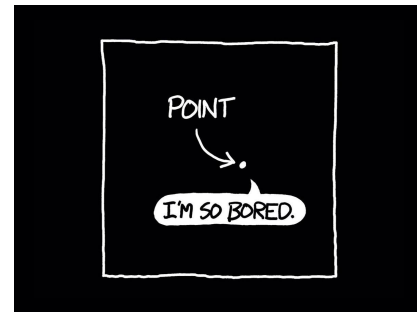
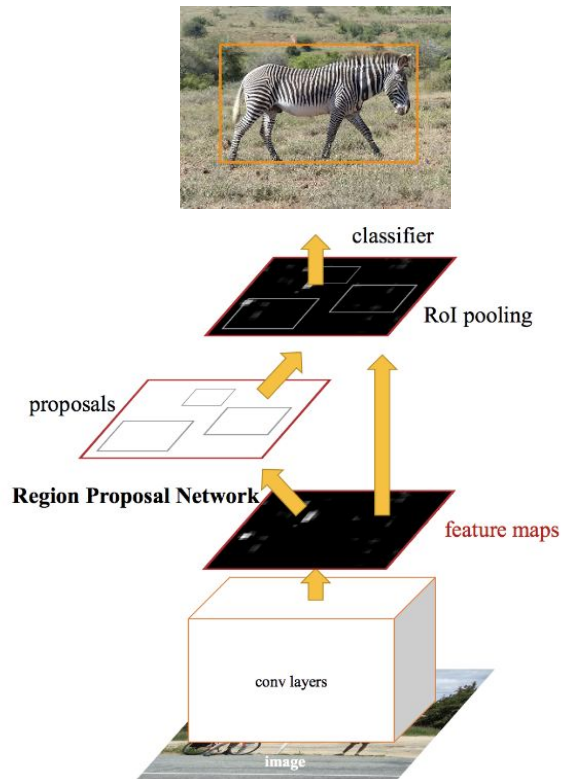
# Point-finding: PPN

Inspired by **Faster-RCNN** architecture

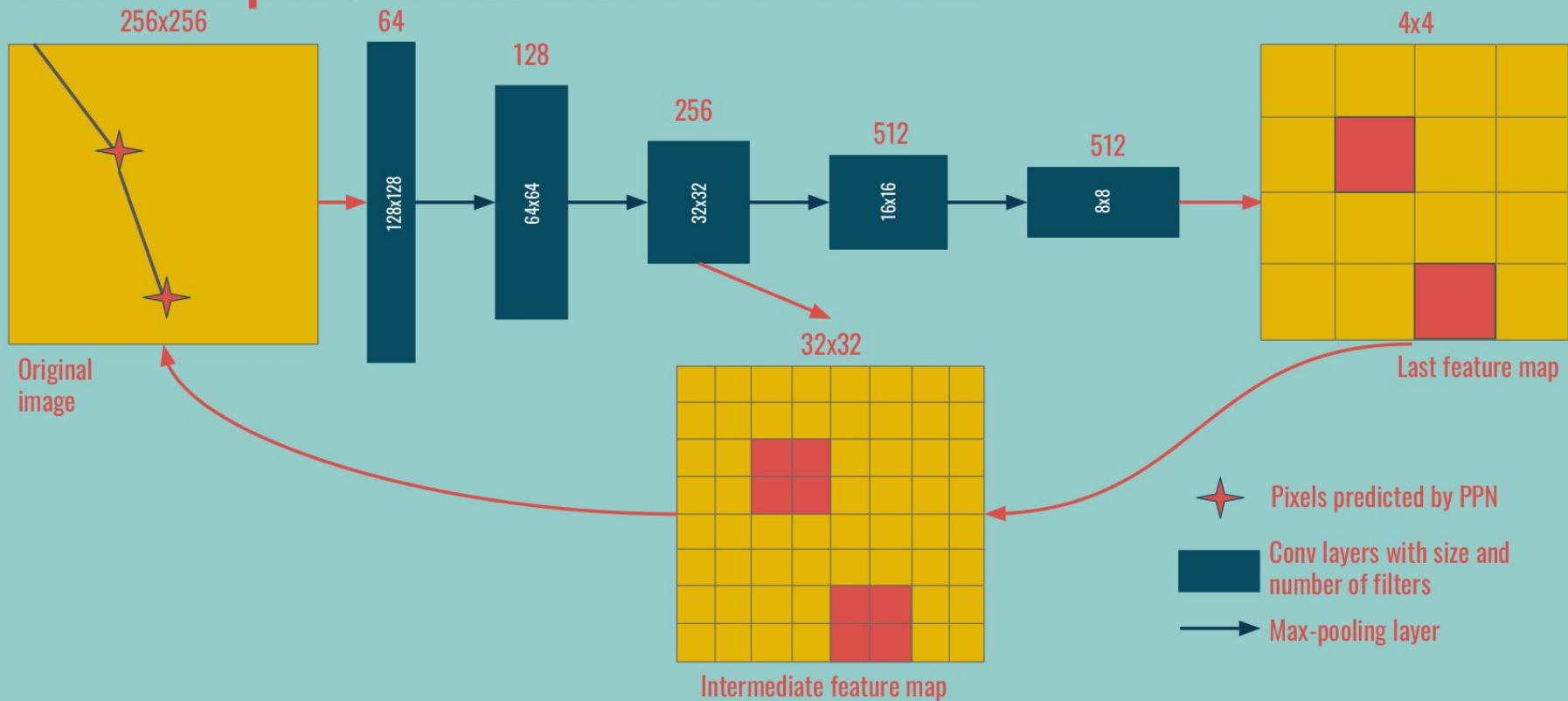
- Region Proposal Network detects regions of interest
- Replace regions with points = **Pixel Proposal Network (PPN)**

Why not Mask-RCNN?

- Computations expensive
- Our features topology is different (track, shower)



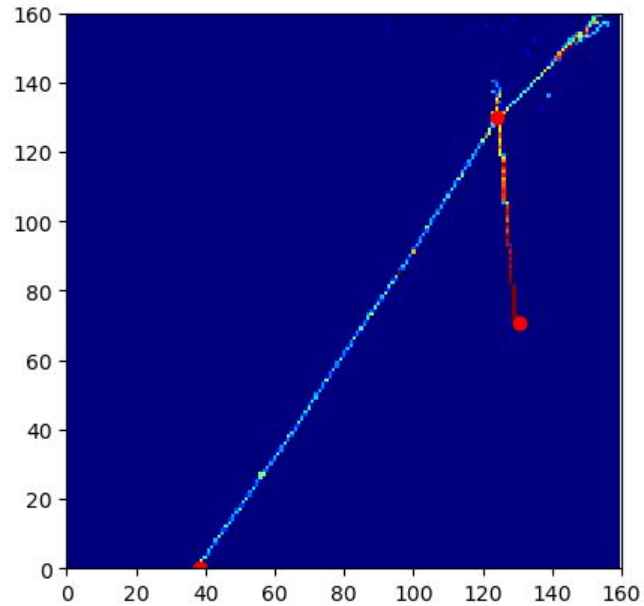
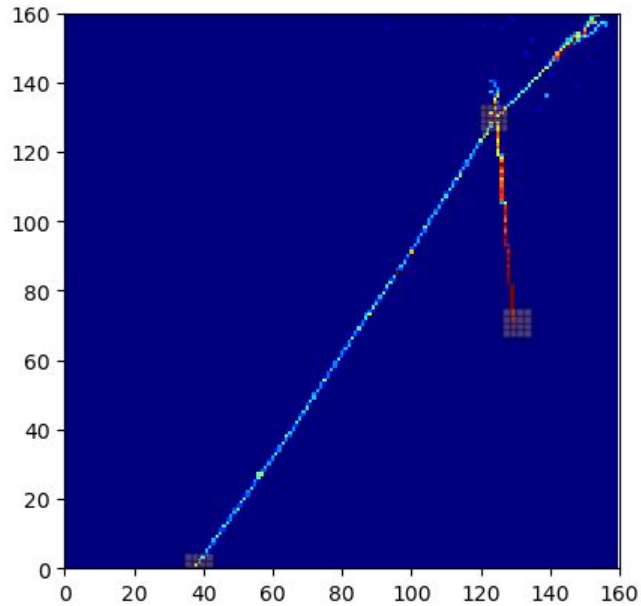
# Pixel Proposal Network / Architecture





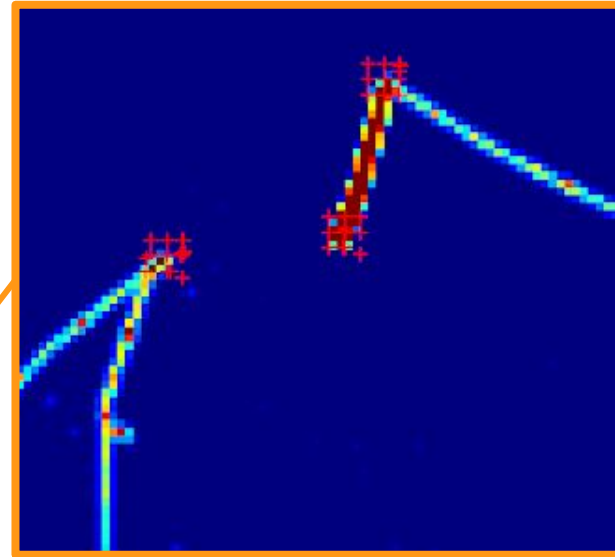
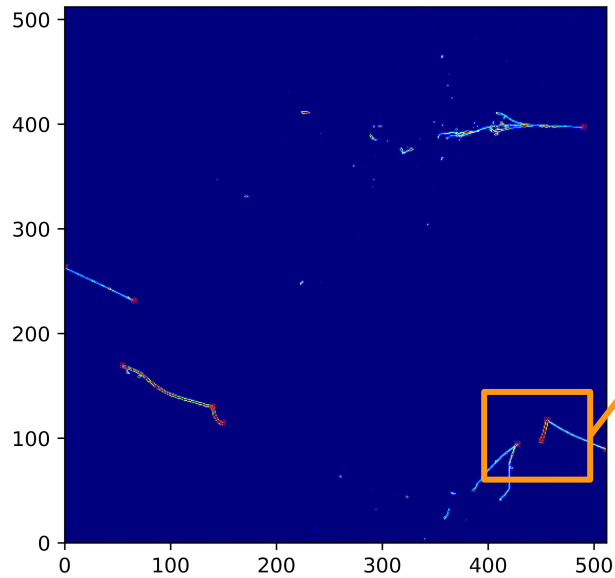


# PPN proposals





# PPN needs post-processing

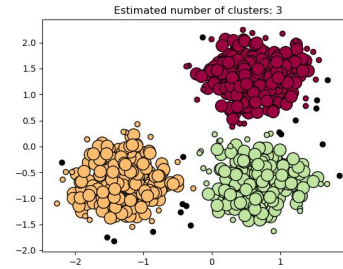


+ scores...!

# PPN needs post-processing

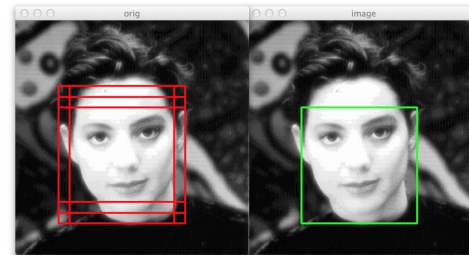
## Option 1: DBSCAN

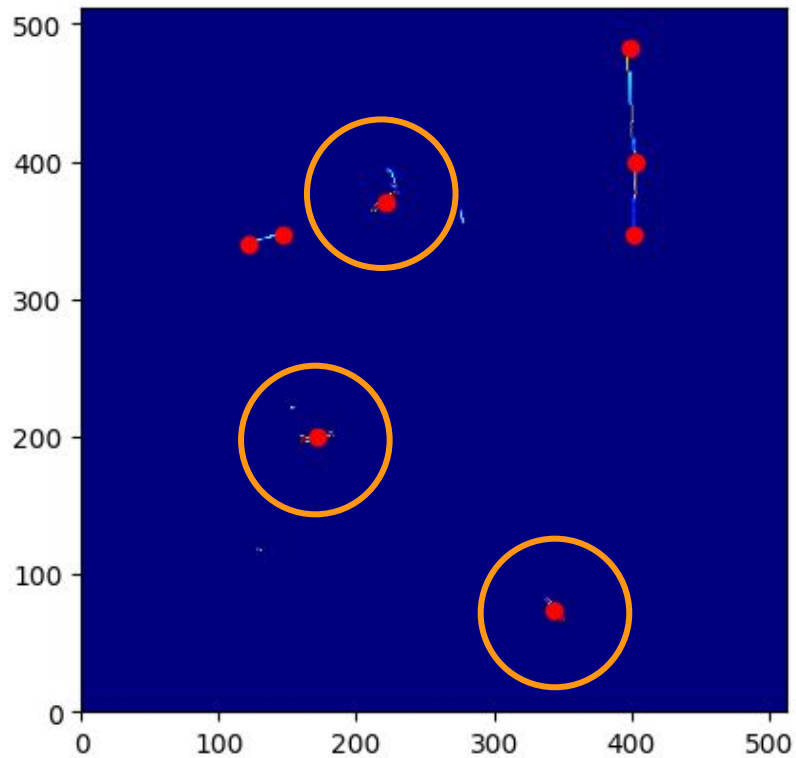
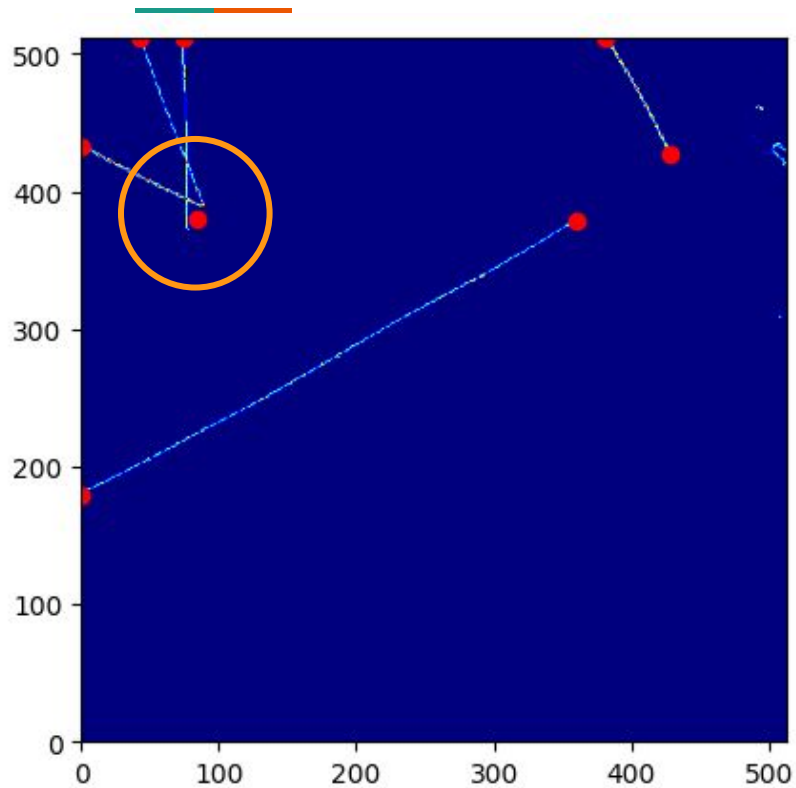
- Density estimation algorithm
- No prior on the number of clusters.

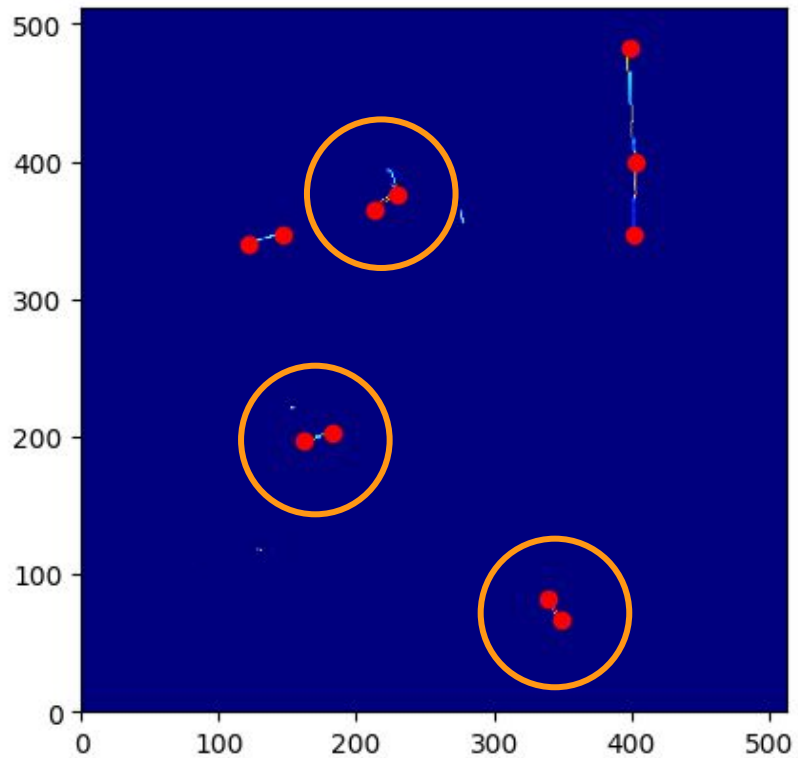
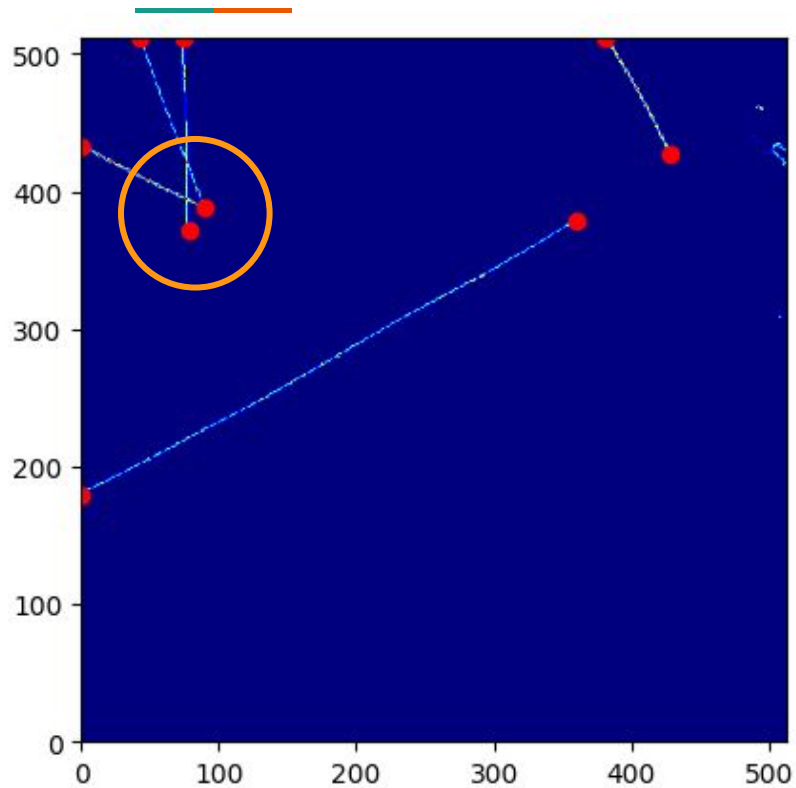


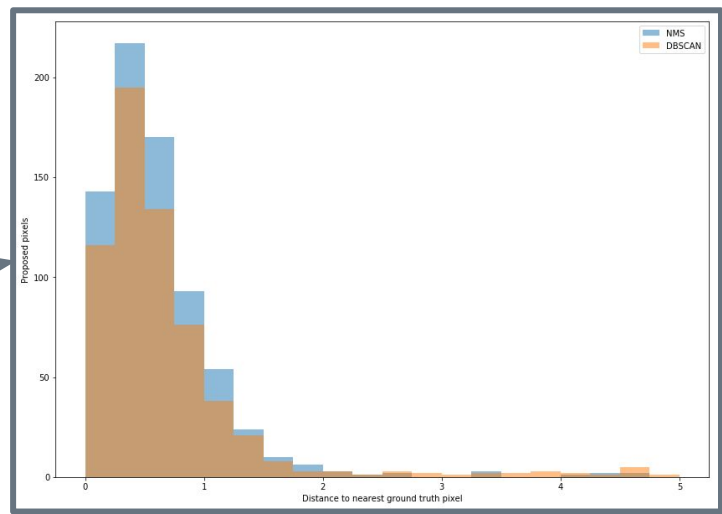
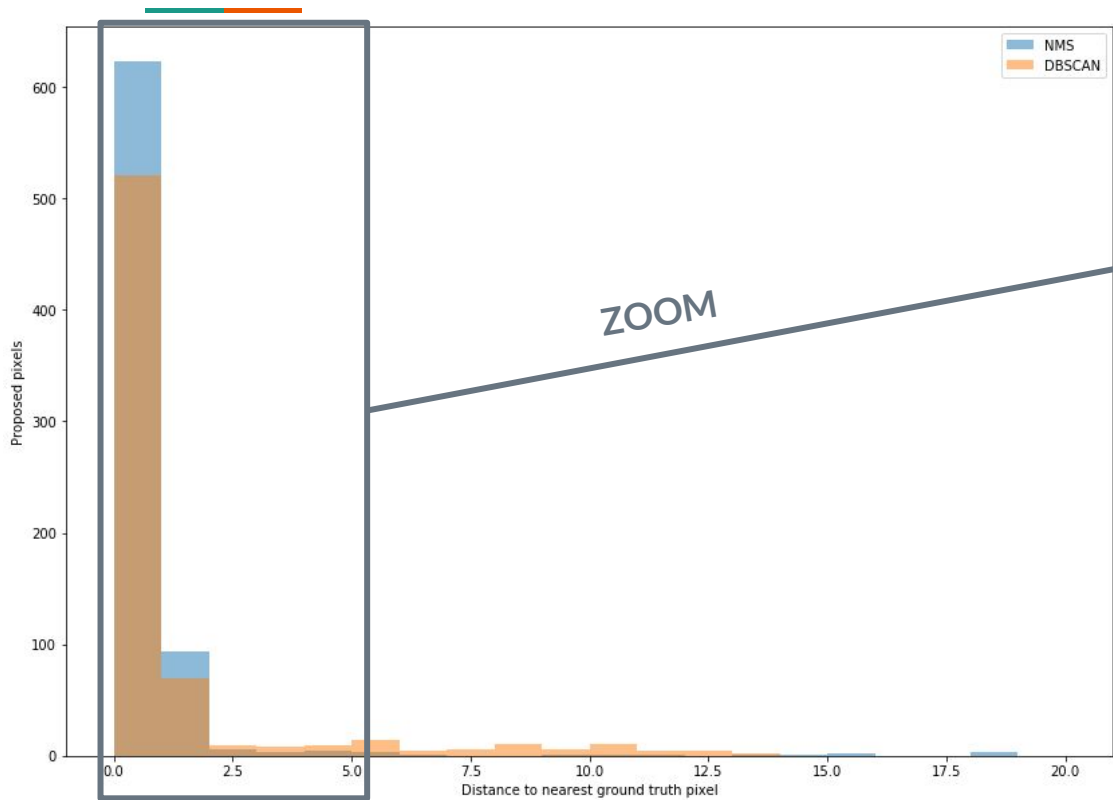
## Option 2: NMS (Non-Maximal Suppression)

- Popular post-processing method for object detection
- Order by score and prune boxes with too much overlap





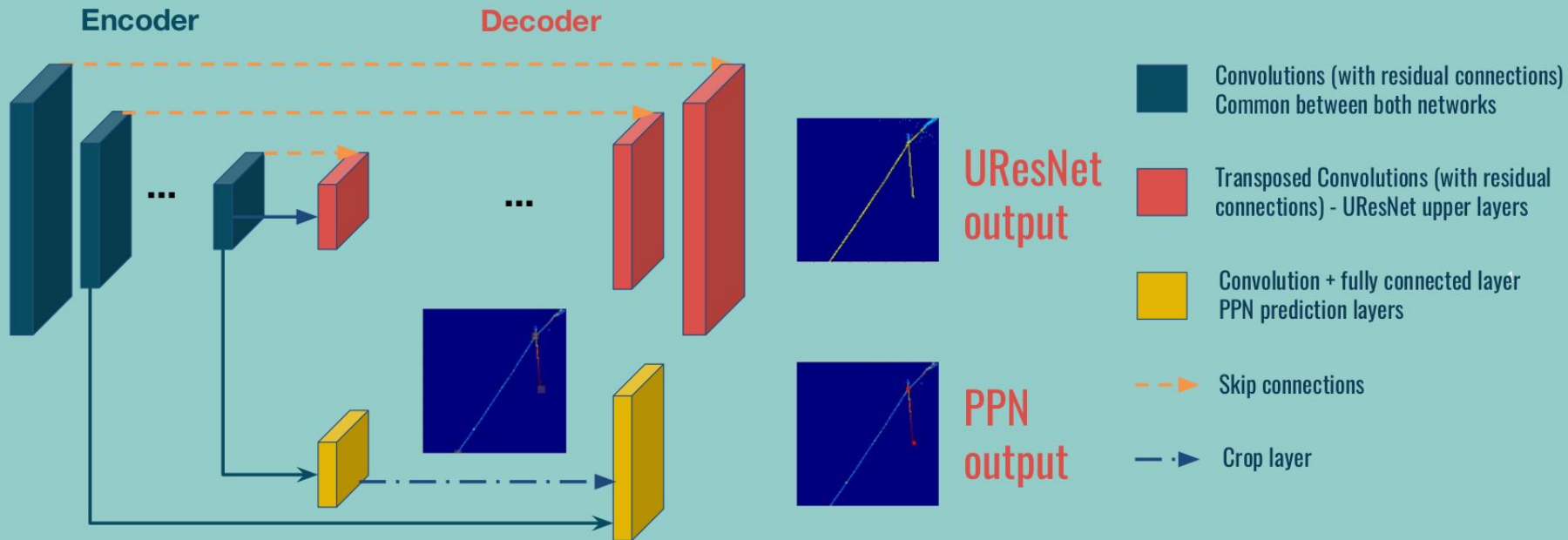




*NB: independently of DBSCAN vs NMS, these plots also benefit from debugged ground truth pixels position.*



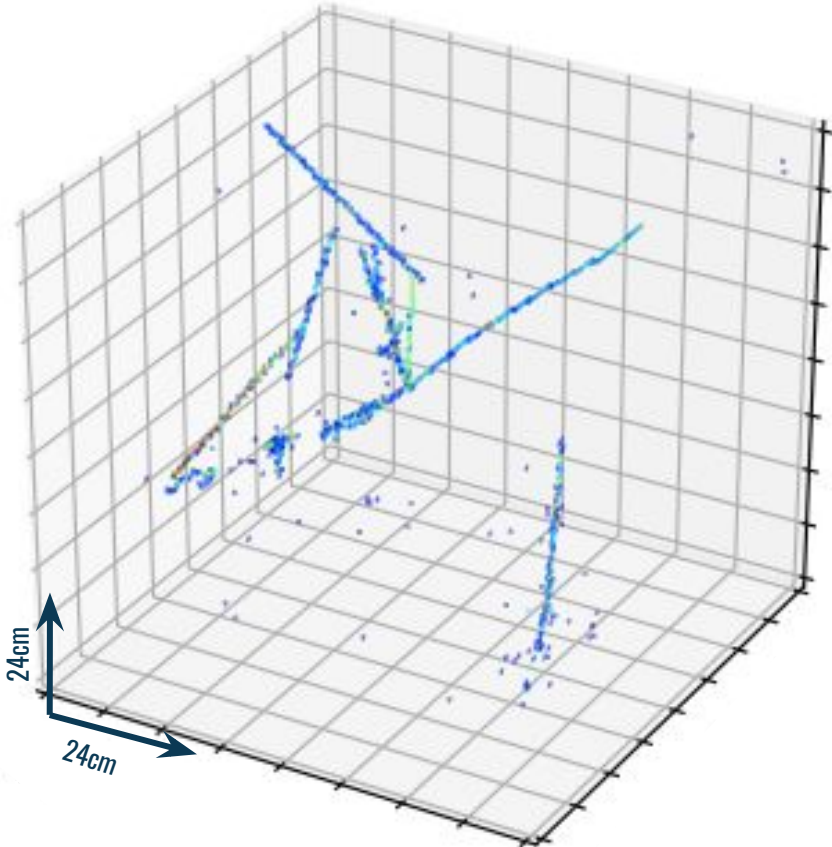
# Training UResNet + PPN / Architecture



6mm/voxel

UResNet + PPN

3D Analysis





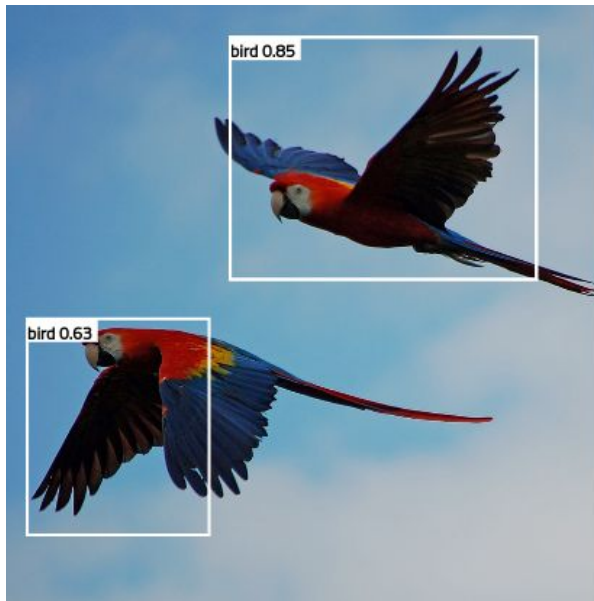
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# Sparse UResNet

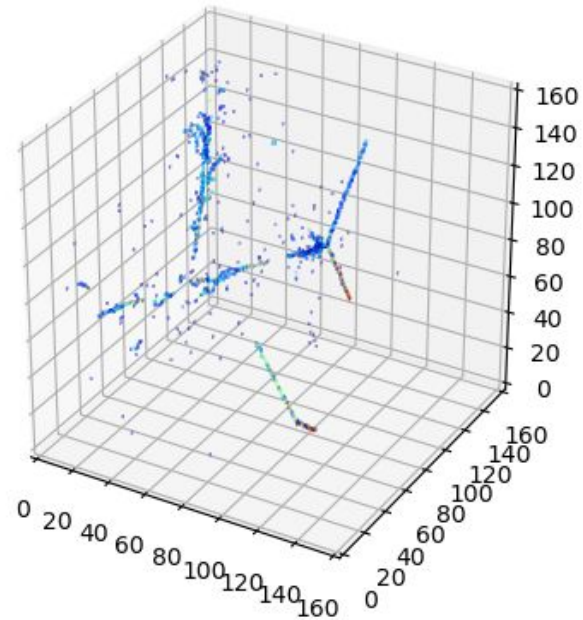


# How do we handle sparse data?

Dense



Sparse



# Naive approach

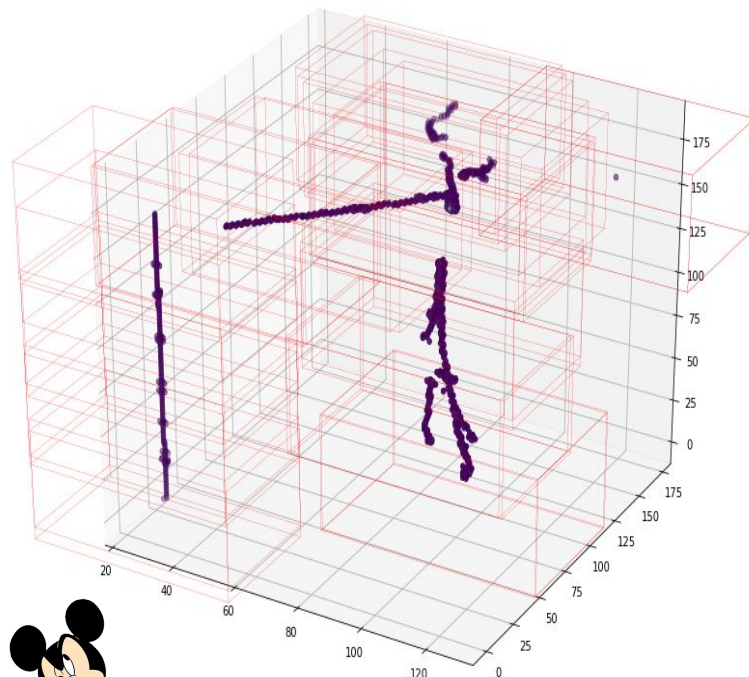
Input: dense 3D matrix of energy deposits.

- Crop your data
- Run the network on small cropped images
- Stitch together results

Many cropping algorithms possible

Compromises to make:

- Maximize the number of overlapping boxes (accuracy)
- Minimize the number of boxes (computation time)







# Sparse Convolutions

Many possible definitions and implementations of 'sparse convolutions'...

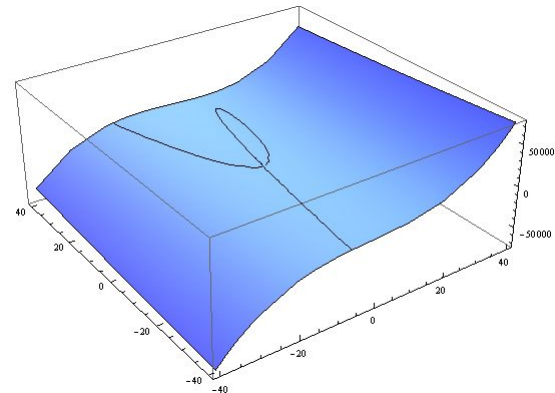
Submanifold Sparse Convolutions: <https://github.com/facebookresearch/SparseConvNet>

Submanifold?

“input data with lower effective dimension than the space in which it lives”

Ex: 1D curve in 2+D space, 2D surface in 3+D space

Our case: the worst! **1D curve in 3D space...**

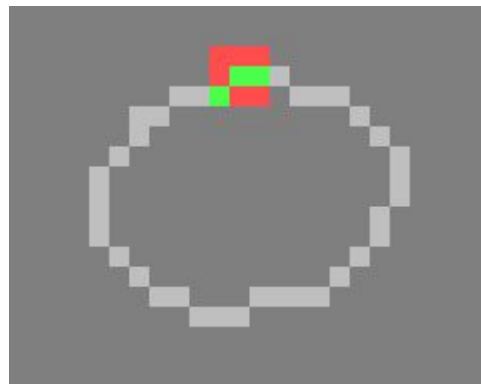
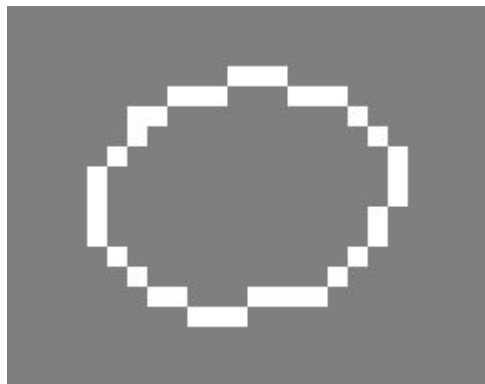




# Sparse Convolutions



Submanifold Sparse Convolutions: <https://github.com/facebookresearch/SparseConvNet>



[3D Semantic Segmentation with Submanifold Sparse Convolutional Networks](#)

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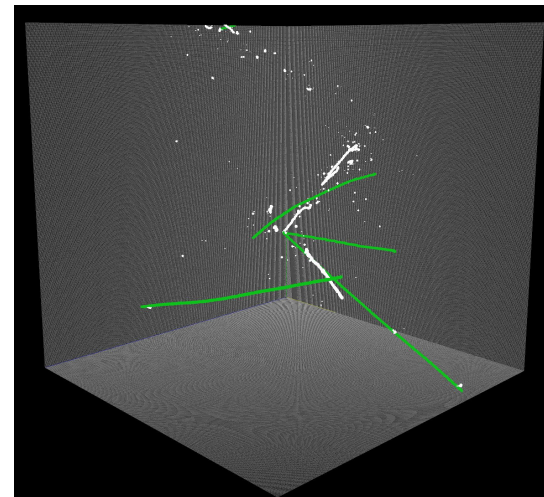
# Sparse UResNet

Input: list of points coordinates and their features (e.g. energy deposition)

With UResNet architecture:

- >99.9% accuracy in 3D
- Faster training (less computations!): only a few hours
- Much lower memory usage

Example in larcv-viewer

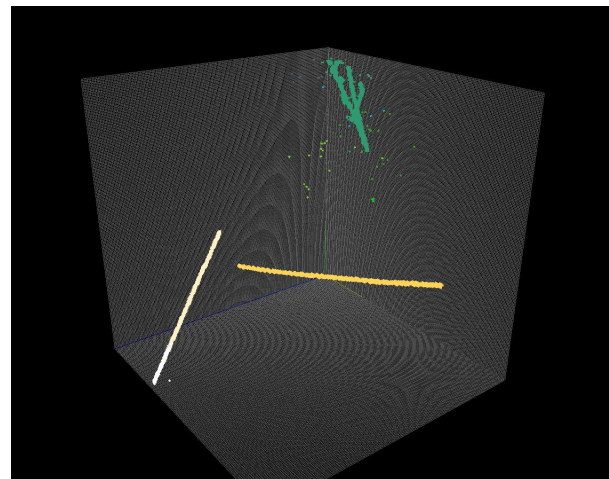


# Summary

- Extract interesting / useful features with deep neural networks:
  - Points of interest with PPN
  - Pixel-wise classification track vs shower with UResNet
- Currently working on clustering and instance segmentation (particle type, particle instances)
- Sparse techniques are very exciting!

Join [DeepLearnPhysics](#) group!

- *Technical discussion on ML applied to experimental physics data*
- *Data + code sharing for reproducibility*





**Thank you!**



# Backup slides



## PPN Loss: details