

Analysis of DCM runs

protoDUNE

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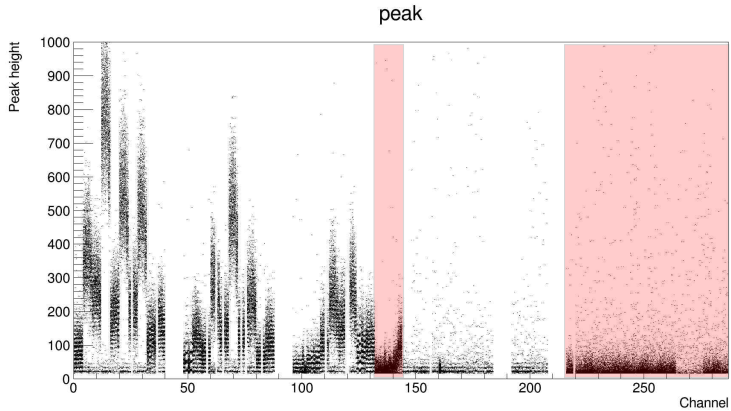
Analysis Algorithm

- Compute baseline
 - Build histogram of filtered waveforms
 - Take maximum
- Find peaks
 - Set trigger level
 - Compute step function

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{histo} > \text{trigger} \\ 0 & \text{histo} < \text{trigger} \end{cases}$$

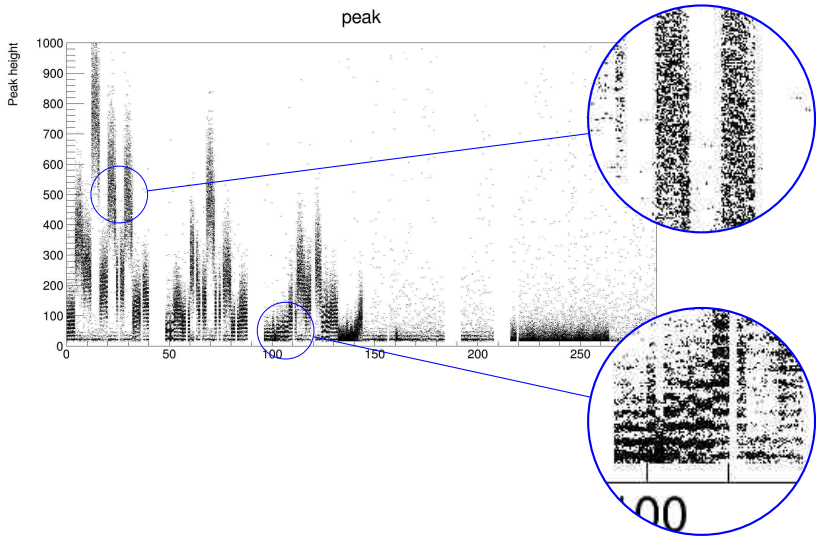
- Find max inside a window after the rising edge
 - Check for noise fluctuation: step function must be '1' for a fixed amount of bins after the rising edge
- Find peak value and integrate for fixed time

Run 5896 (I)

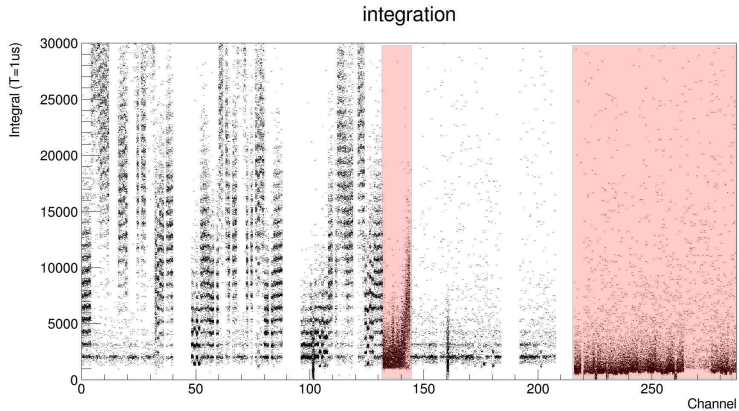


np04_raw_run005896_0002_d14.root

Run 5896 (II)

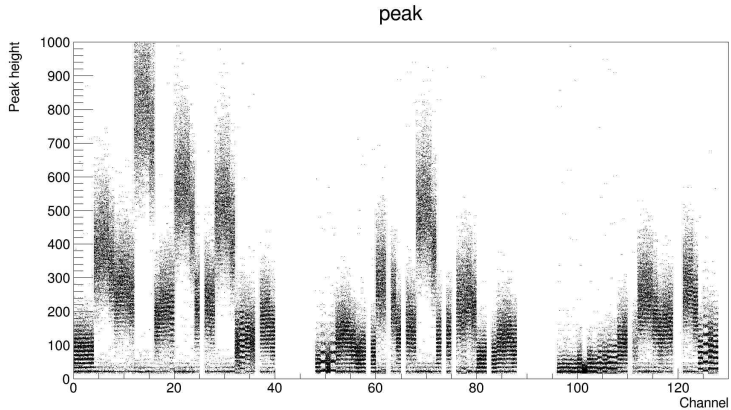


Run 5896 (III)



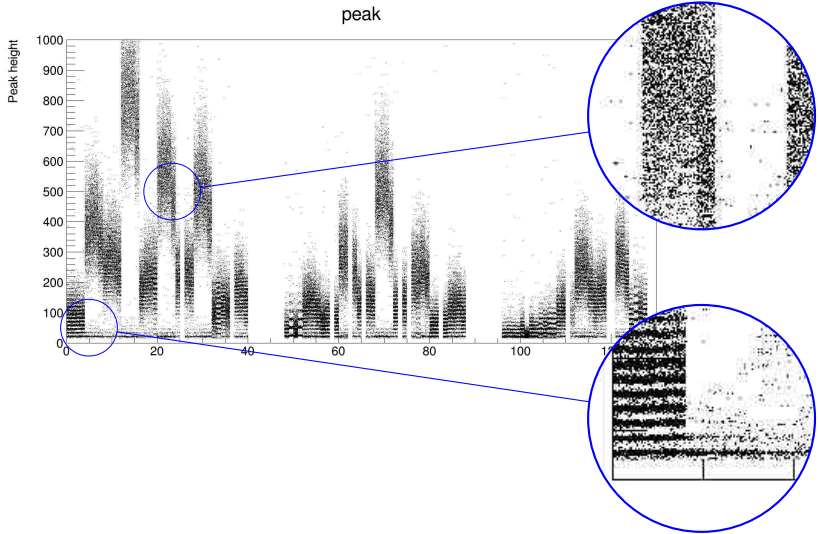
np04_raw_run005896_0002_d14.root

Run 5901 - just SensL (I)

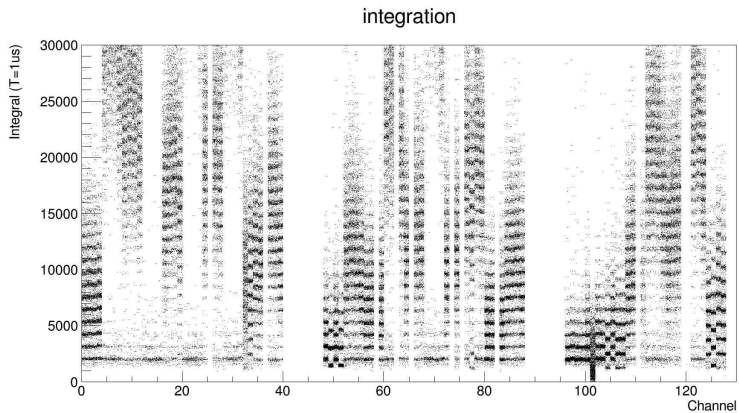


np04_raw_run005901_0001_dl1.root

Run 5901 - just SensL (II)



Run 5901 - just SensL (III)



np04_raw_run005901_0001_dl1.root

Conclusions

- Very promising DCM runs
- With SensL technology very clear peaks and integral identification for most of the sensors
- Some SensL SiPM show “uniform” distribution at high ADC counts. Correlation with LED position?
- Poor results with Hamamatsu
 - Few statistics with respect to the others?
 - Bad waveforms or too different from SensL? New approach/different tuning?
 - Still investigating...