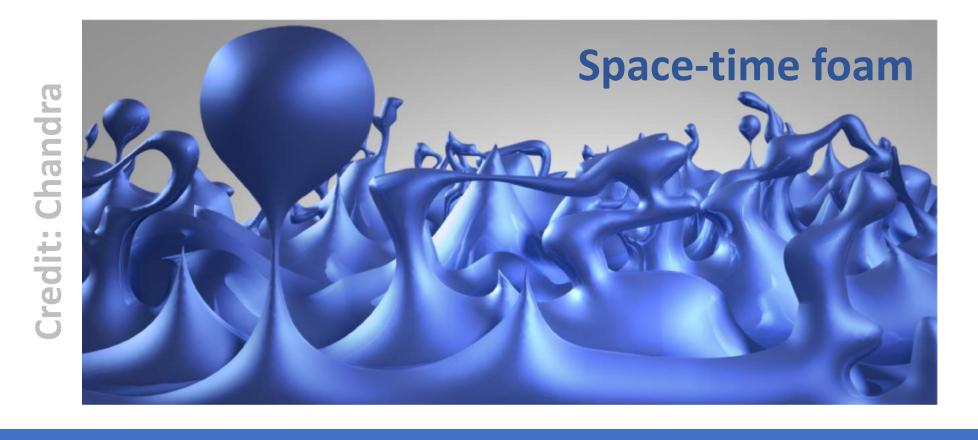
Tom Stuttard Niels Bohr Institute for the IceCube collaboration

1. Neutrino decoherence from quantum gravity

If gravity is a quantum force, the curvature of space-time may fluctuate at extremely small distance scales \rightarrow space-time foam.

Sufficiently strong fluctuations conjectured to produce short-lived virtual black holes (VBH).

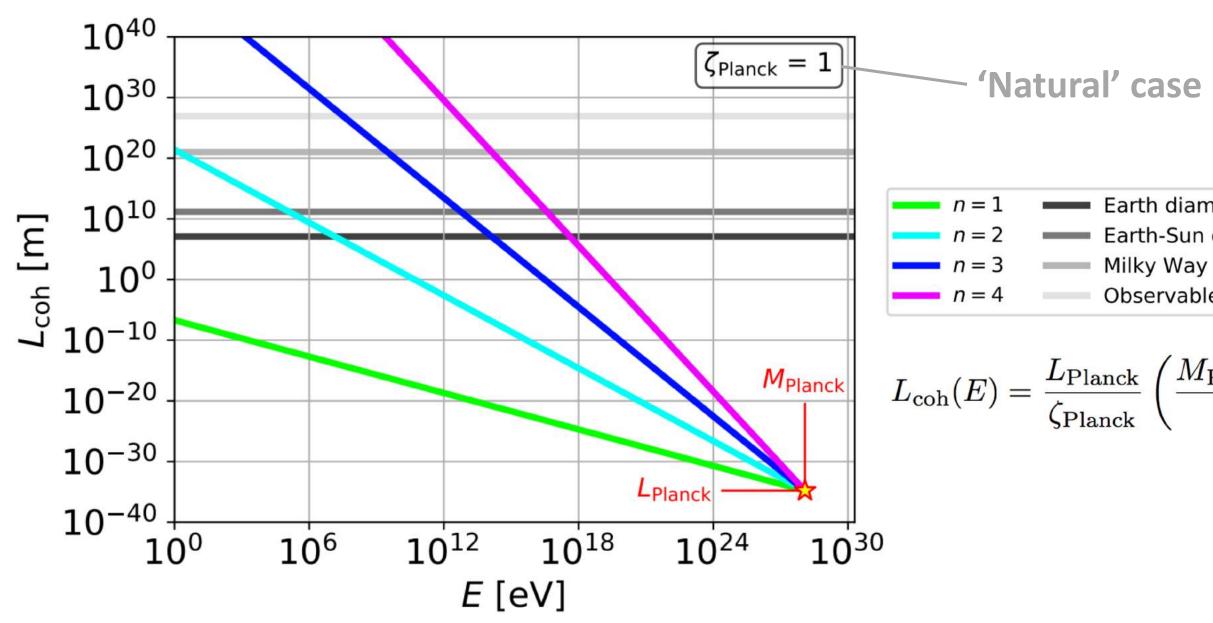
Stochastic interactions of neutrinos with VBHs can produce **loss** of coherence and other observable effects.



3. Energy dependence

No accepted quantum gravity theory \rightarrow instead test a range of phenomenological v-VBH interaction energy-dependence cases.

Express relative to Planck scale physics: $\Gamma(E) = \zeta_{\text{Planck}} \frac{E^n}{M_{\text{Planck}}^{n-1}}$

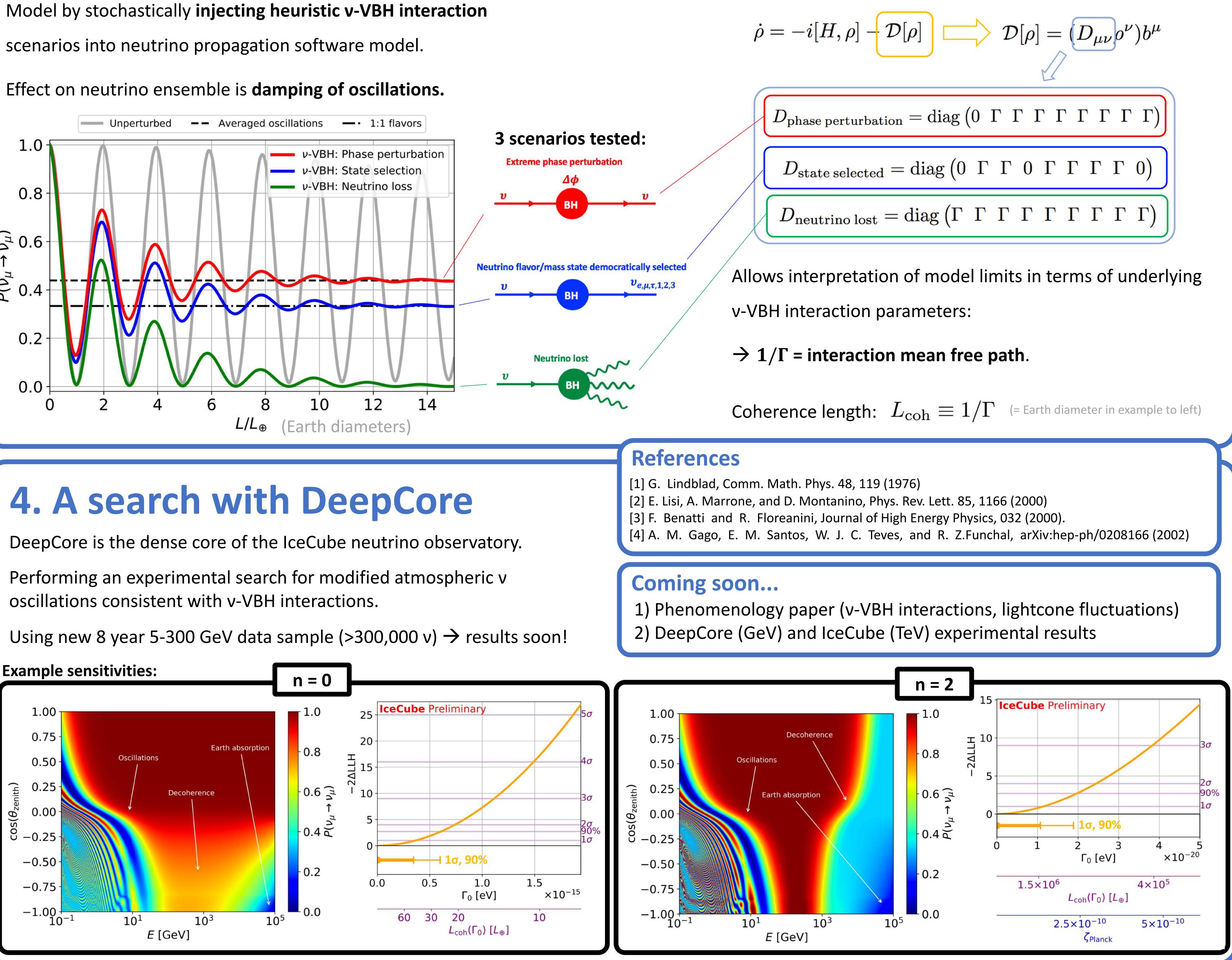


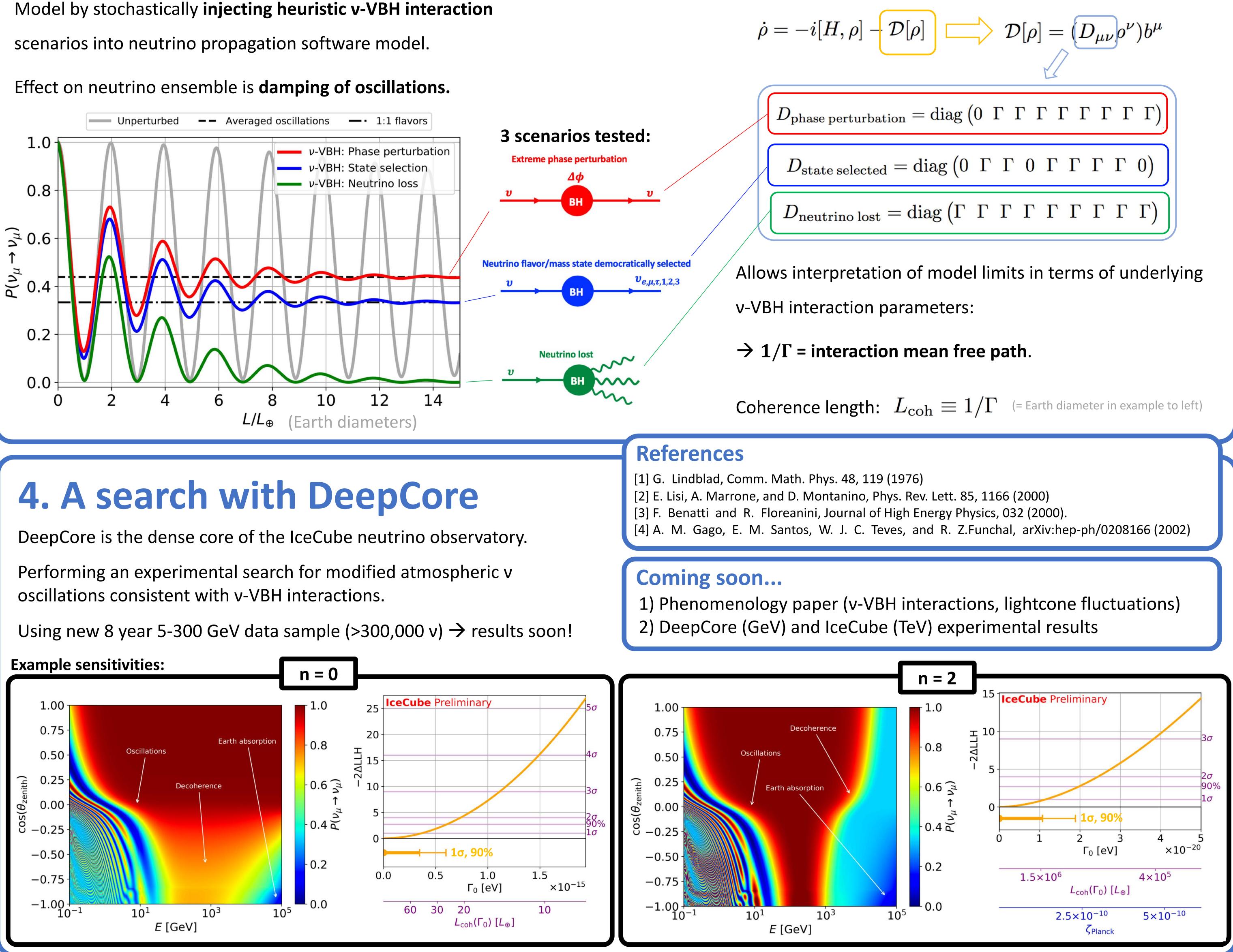
Sensitivity to 'natural' Planck scale physics for n<3 with atmospheric v

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Searching for neutrino decoherence from quantum gravitational space-time fluctuations with IceCube

2. Modelling v-VBH interactions





 Earth diameter arth-Sun distance Milky Way diameter **Observable Universe** $L_{\text{Planck}} \left(M_{\text{Planck}} \right)$



system formalism:

Can reproduce signal analytically with open quantum