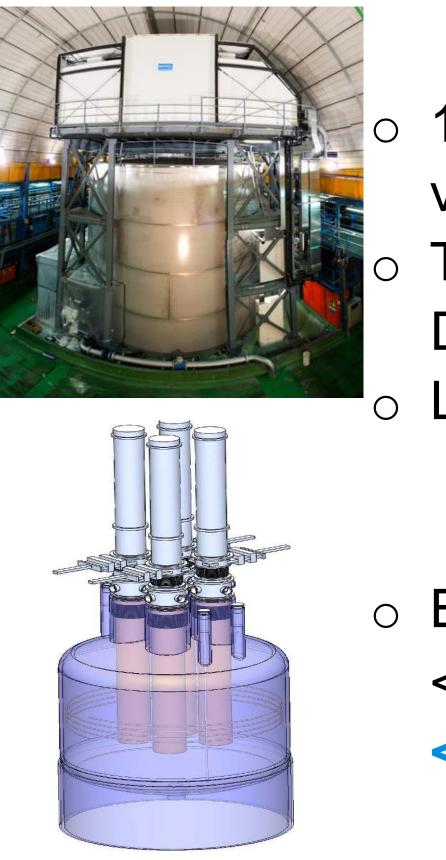
Search for Beyond the Standard Model physics with LEGEND-1000 Ralph Massarczyk¹ & Reyco Henning^{2,3} for the LEGEND collaboration ¹Los Alamos National Laboratory, ²University of North Carolina, ³Triangle Universities Nuclear Laboratory

Overview

Mission: The collaboration aims to develop a phased, ⁷⁶Ge based double-beta decay experimental program with discovery potential at a half-life beyond 10²⁸ years, using existing resources as appropriate to expedite physics results.

LEGEND-200

- 200 kg in upgrade of existing infrastructure at Gran Sasso
- FWHM 2.5-keV at Q-value @ 2 MeV
- Start data taking in '21
- BG goal in $0v\beta\beta$ ROI: < 0.6 cts/(FWHM-t-yr)< 2x10⁻⁴ cts/(keV kg yr)



Staged approach

Searches for BSM physics in LEGEND

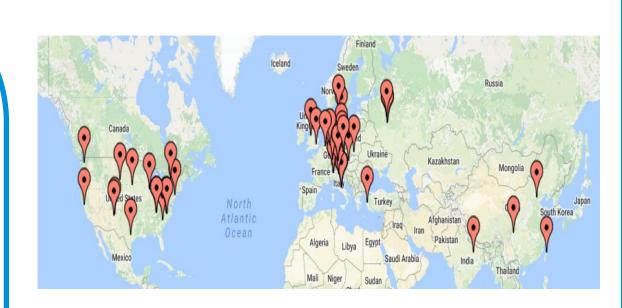
 Low Background $\Box \sim 0.01$ cts /keV/kg/d achieved in current generation ³⁹Ar decay potential background that can be eliminated by using underground sourced Argon Pulse shape discrimination to reject backgrounds **Excellent energy resolution** • 0.1 keV @ 10 keV, 0.3 keV @ 300 keV Individual crystals orientation **Crystal structure** allow unique searches like the time variation of an Axion-Primakoff conversion signal • Combination of individual units allow track like searches \Box timing in µs range allows to distinguish between signals and background events (external γ , μ 's) Multi-Element data set using Ge (1t) and Ar (~300t)

Max Planck Institute - Heidelberg, Queens University, University of Tennessee, Lancaster University, Sciences, Laboratory for Experimental Nuclear Physics of MEPhI (Moscow Engineering and Physics University of New Mexico, L'Aquila University and INFN, Laboratori Nazionali del Gran Sasso, University of Texas - Austin, Tsinghua University, Beijing, Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory, University of Liverpool, University College London, Los Alamos National Laboratory, Institute), Max Planck Institute - Munich, Technical University - Munich, Oak Ridge National Laboratory, Padova University and Padova INFN, Istituto Nazionale di Fisica Nucleare - Padova, Univ. California Physics, Berkeley, Univ. California Nuclear Engineering, Leibniz Institute for Crystal www.legend-exp.org IEAP Czech Technical University in Prague, North Carolina State University, South Dakota School of Growth (IKZ Berlin), Comenius University, University of North Carolina, Chapel Hill, Sichuan University, University of South Carolina, Tennessee Tech University, University of Warwick, Mines and Technology, Roma Tre University and INFN Roma Tre, University of Washington, Jagiellonian University, Krakow, Technical University - Dresden, Joint Institute for Nuclear Research Istituto Nazionale di Fisica Nucleare - Milano Bicocca, Milano University and Milano INFN, National University Tuebingen, Academia Sinica, Taiwan, University of South Dakota, Williams College, Research Center Kurchatov Institute (NRC KI), Institute of Nuclear Research, Russian Academy of University of Zurich (Dubna), Duke University, Triangle Universities Nuclear Laboratory, Joint Research Centre, Geel,

LEGEND-1000

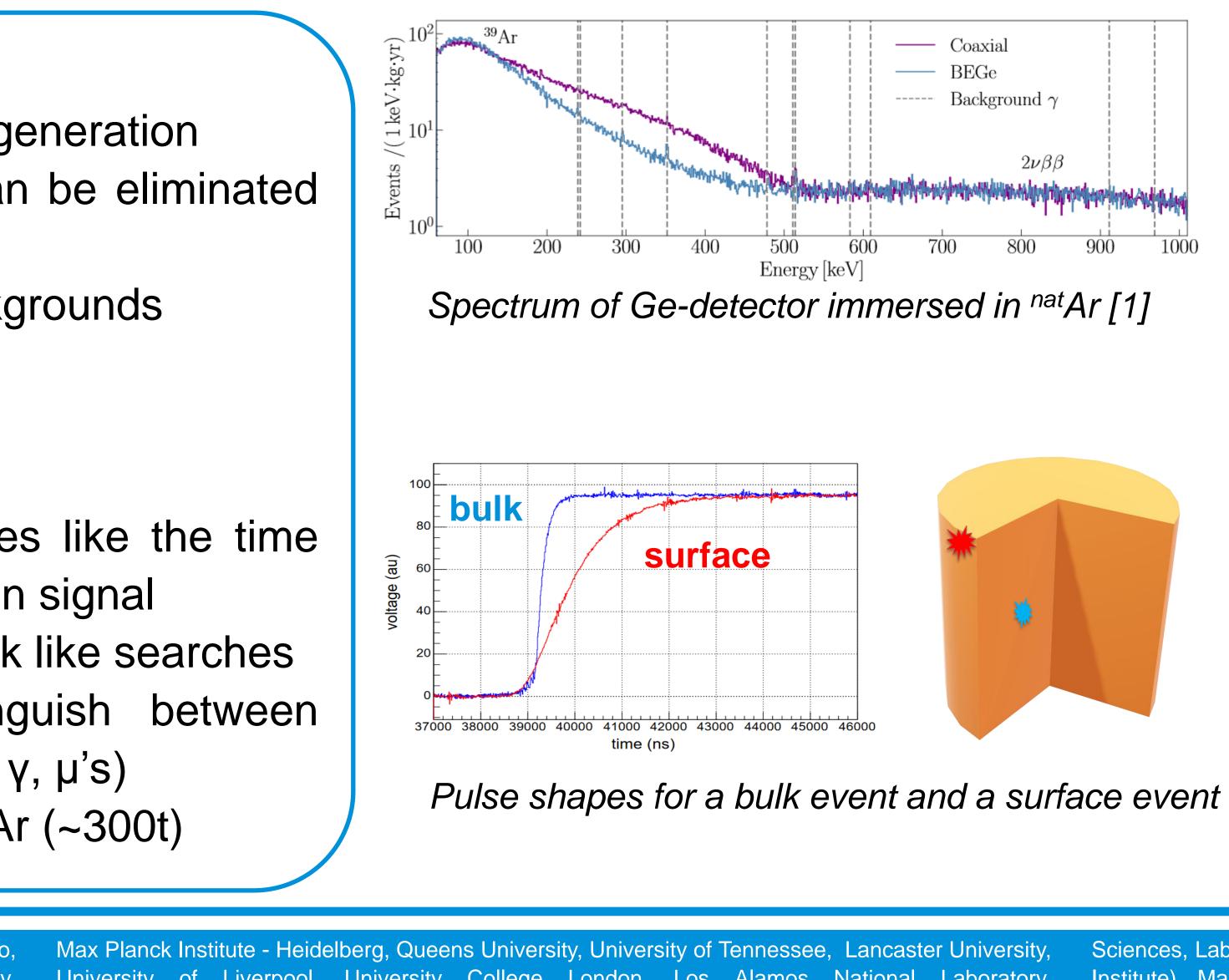
1000 kg of ^{enr}Ge, staged via individual payloads Timeline connected to DOE review process Location: TBD

 \circ BG goal in $0v\beta\beta$ ROI: < 0.03 cts/(FWHM-t-yr) < 1x10⁻⁵ cts/(keV kg yr)



48 institutions, ~240 members

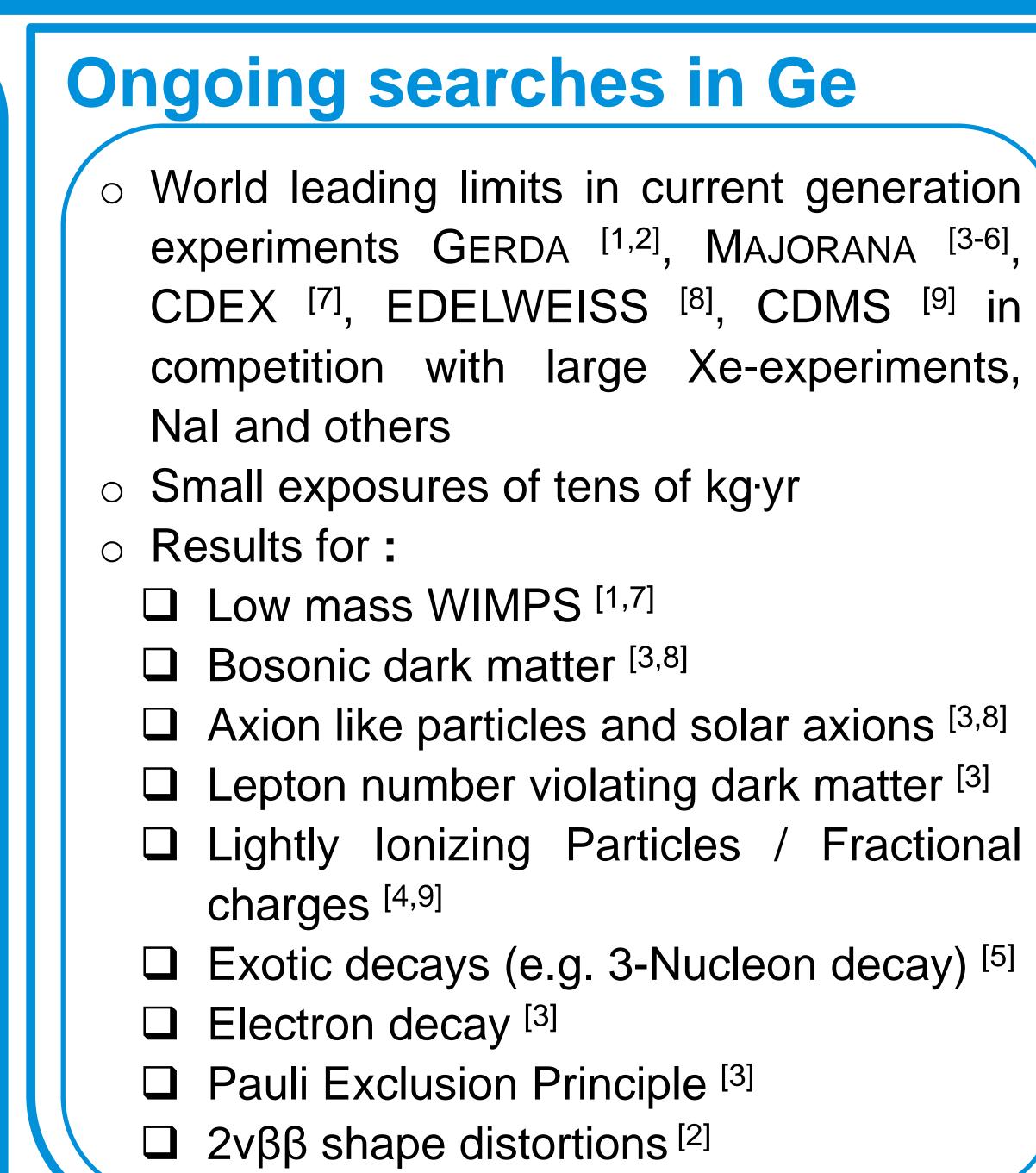


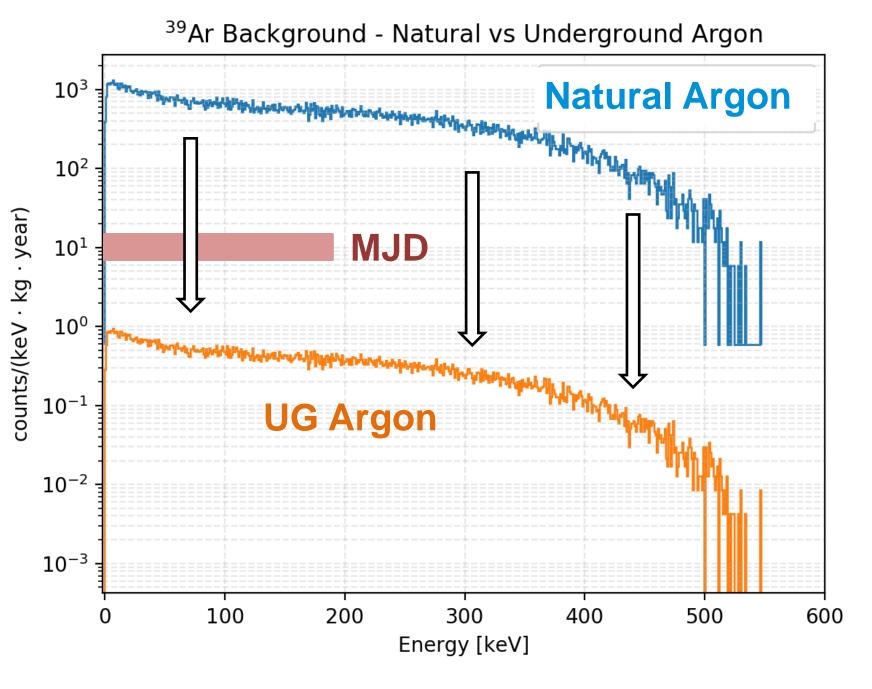


Los Alamos

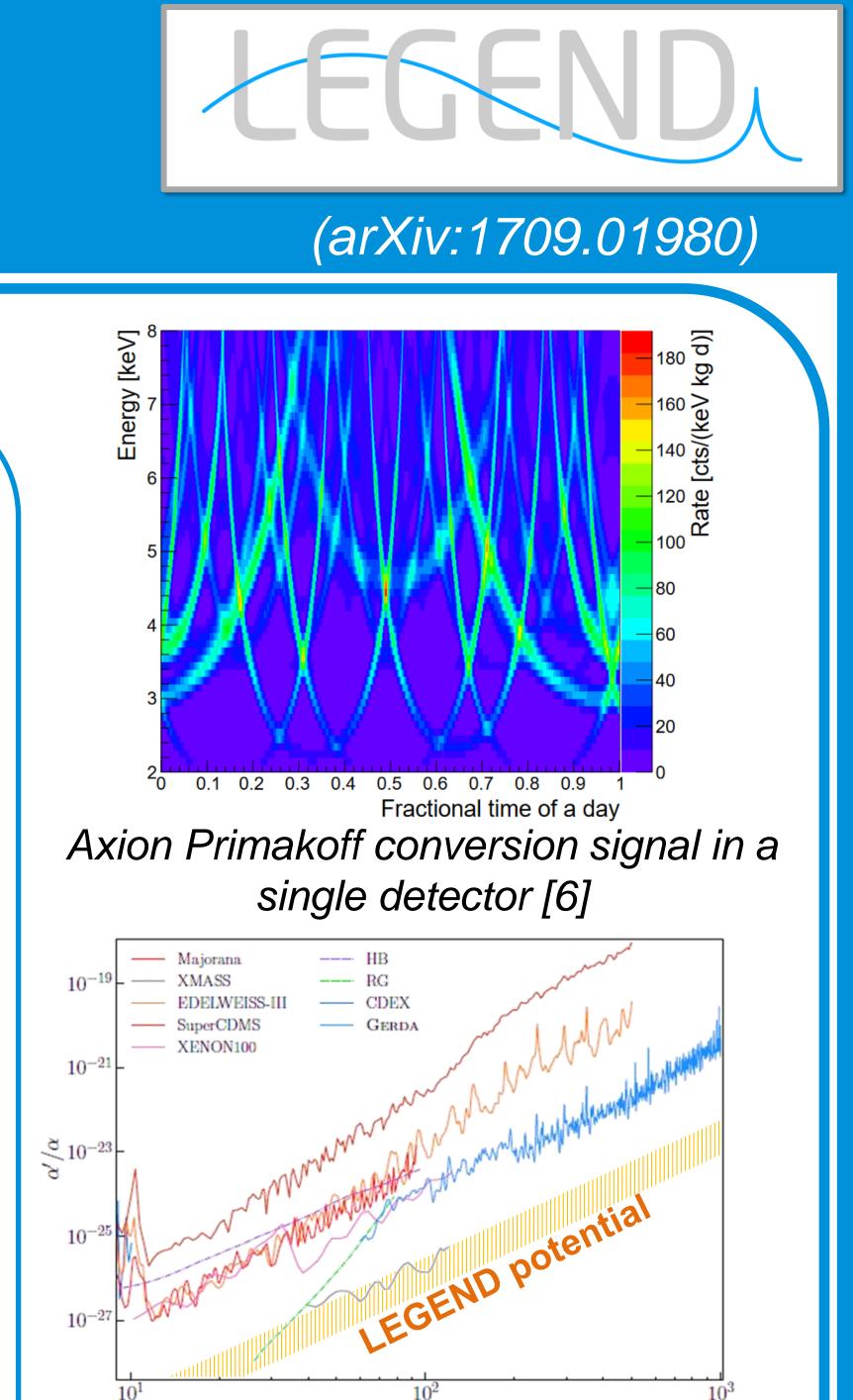








Background reduction when using natural argon or Argon from underground sources compared to the MAJORANA background (red bar). Both curves take into effect an active veto using argon scintillation light. (Fig: R. Hegedus (UNC))



Mass [keV/c² Overview on Results for bosonic DM searches [1] with an expected LEGEND sensitivity based on exposure scaled GERDA and MAJORANA's results (yellow)

Recent publications:

- [1] arxiv 2005.1418 [2] EPJ C75, 416 [3] PRL 118, 161801 [4] PRL 120, 211804
- [5] PRD 99, 072004

the LBNL NERSC Center.

[6] AstroPhys 89, 39 [7] PRL 120, 241301 [8] PRD 98, 082004 [9] PRL 114, 111302

Acknowledgments:

U.S. NSF, Nuclear Physics, U.S. DOE, Office of Nuclear Physics (DOE-NP), U.S. DOE, Through the LANL, ORNL & LBNL LDRD programs (LDRD), German Federal Ministry for Education and Research (BMBF) German Research Foundation (DFG), Excellence Cluster Universe, German Max Planck Society (MPG) Italian Instituto Nazionale di Fisica Nucleare (INFN). Swiss National Science Foundation (SNF), Polish National Science Centre (NCN), Foundation for Polish Science, Russian Foundation for Basic, Research (RFBR), Research Council of Canada, Natural Sciences and Engineering Canada Foundation for Innovation, John R. Evans Leaders Fund, European Research Council, Science and Technology Facilities Council, part of UK Research and Innovation We thank our hosts and colleagues at LNGS and SURF. We thank the ORNL Leadership Computing Facility and

LA-UR-20-23958

NEUTRINO