

ProtoDUNE TPC pulser data

ProtoDUNE simulation and reconstruction

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January 16, 2019

Updated 16:00 EST

Introduction

December pulser data

- Internal (ASIC) and external (FEMB) pulsers
- HV off and on
- 16 or 17 amplitude setting for each
 - $A = (1), 2, 3, 4, \dots, 30, (35), (40), (50)$
 - $Q = A \times (3.43 \text{ fC}) = A \times (21.4 \text{ ke}) \approx A \text{ MIP}$
- Standard preamp setting (14 mV/fC, 2 us)
 - Some data also at 0.5 us

Analysis

- Processed December external pulser, HV off data
- ROI's found with AdcThresholdSignalFinder
 - Threshold of 100 or 600 ADC counts
- Data processed using AdcRoiViewer
 - Each ROI fit to CE response function
 - Histogram ROI area and fitted height and width
 - Channel summary histograms of mean and truncated RMS of area, height

Pulser signals

Cold electronics provide the option to inject pulses

- At regular intervals, injected voltage is raised and then lowered
 - Controlled with 6-bit DAC → 64 levels
 - Fairly linear with step size $V_{\text{step}} = 18.75 \text{ mV}$
- Capacitively coupled to preamp input
 - $C = 183 \text{ fF}$
- Voltage change corresponds to fast charge collection
 - Step size is $Q_s = (183 \text{ fF}) \times (18.75 \text{ mV}) = 3.43 \text{ fC} = 21.4 \text{ ke}$
 - This is about 1 MIP
 - Prefer something smaller?

Signal may be generated in either of two places

- Internal: signal generated in the preamp ASIC
 - Input voltage has significant offset that varies from ASIC to ASIC
 - Variations are a large fraction of the step size
- External: signal generated on the FEMB
 - Little or no offset, i.e. for DAC setting A , $Q = A \times Q_{\text{step}}$

Amplifier and ADC response

Data studied here was taken with nominal protoDUNE settings

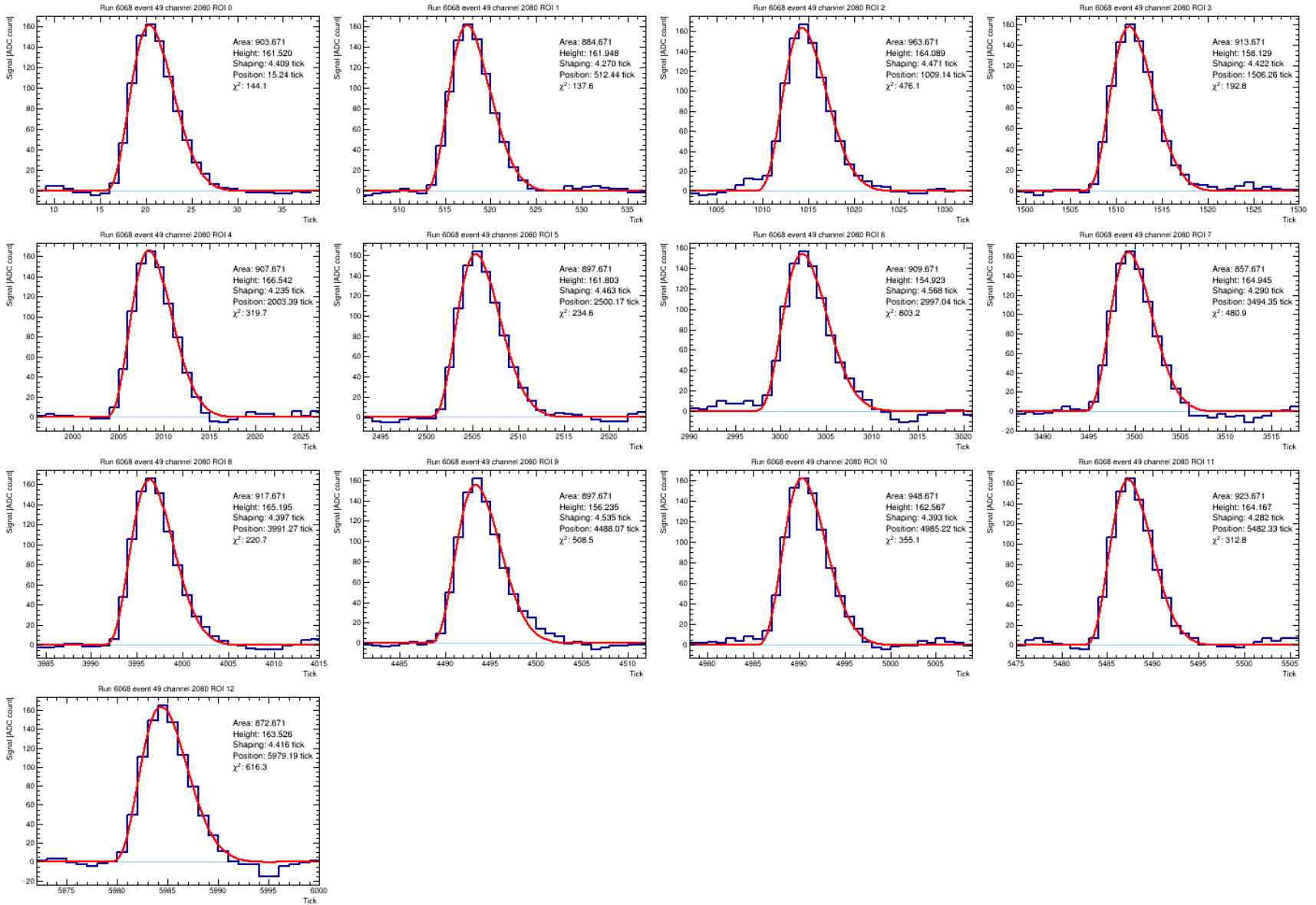
- Amplifier gain is 14 mV/fC
 - I.e. for pulser setting A, $V = A \times (48 \text{ fC})$
- Nominal shaping time is 2.0 μs
- Amplifier baseline set at 900 mV (middle of 1.8 V range)
 - For both collection and induction channels
 - Former to combat the “ledge effect”
 - Expect signal reach amplifier rails (.e. start to clip, saturate) at $\pm 900 \text{ mV}$
 - I.e. $A = \pm 19$

ADC response is about (3 ADC count)/mV with 12 bit output

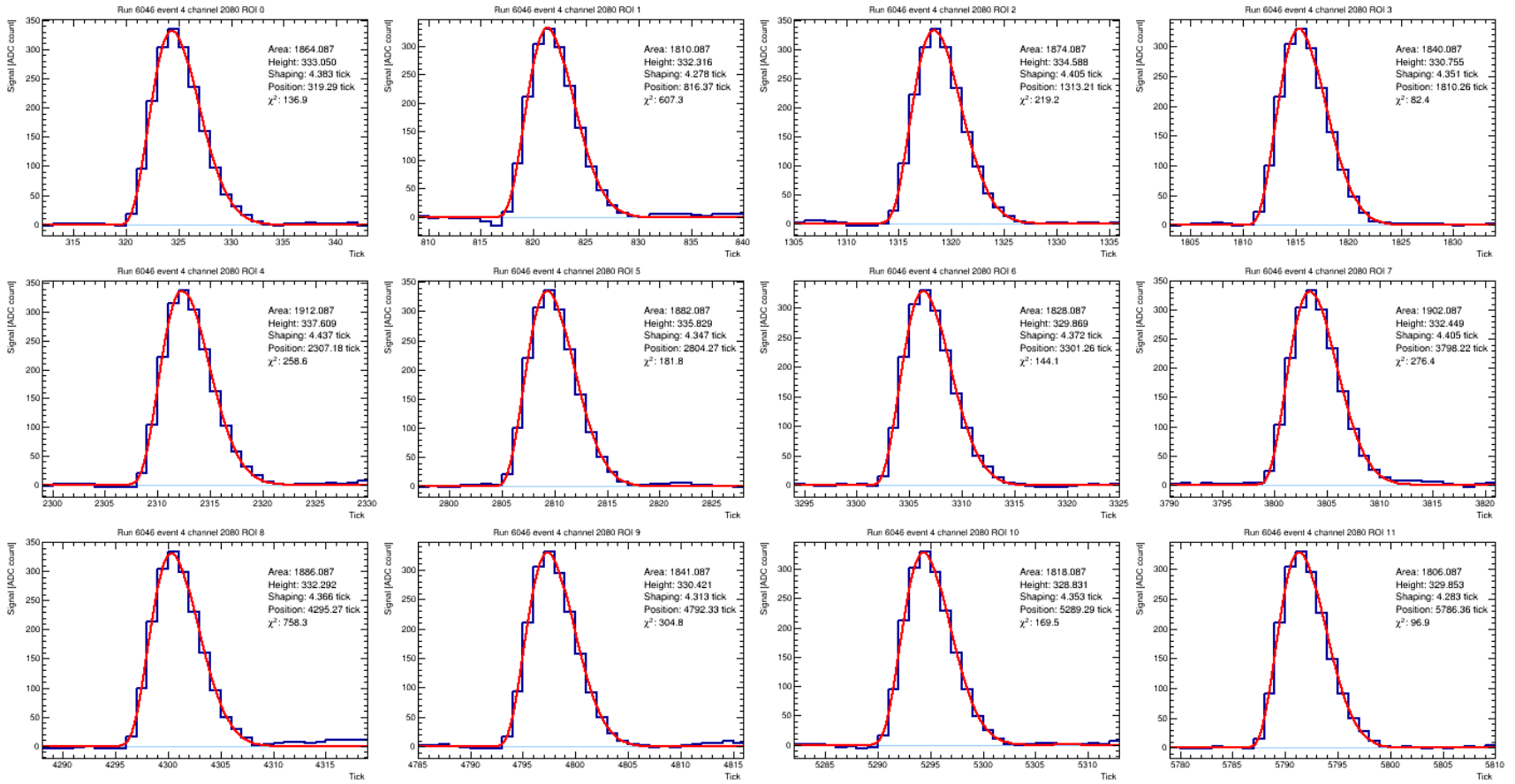
- Significant (10%) channel to channel variation
- For pulser setting A, expect about $A \times (145 \text{ ADC counts})$
- Pedestal set around 900 ADC counts for the collection channels
 - Positive saturation at 3200 (ADC counts), i.e 1100 mV, $A = 22.1$
 - Negative saturation at 900 (ADC counts), i.e. 300 mV, $A = 6.2$

ROI waveforms with low threshold

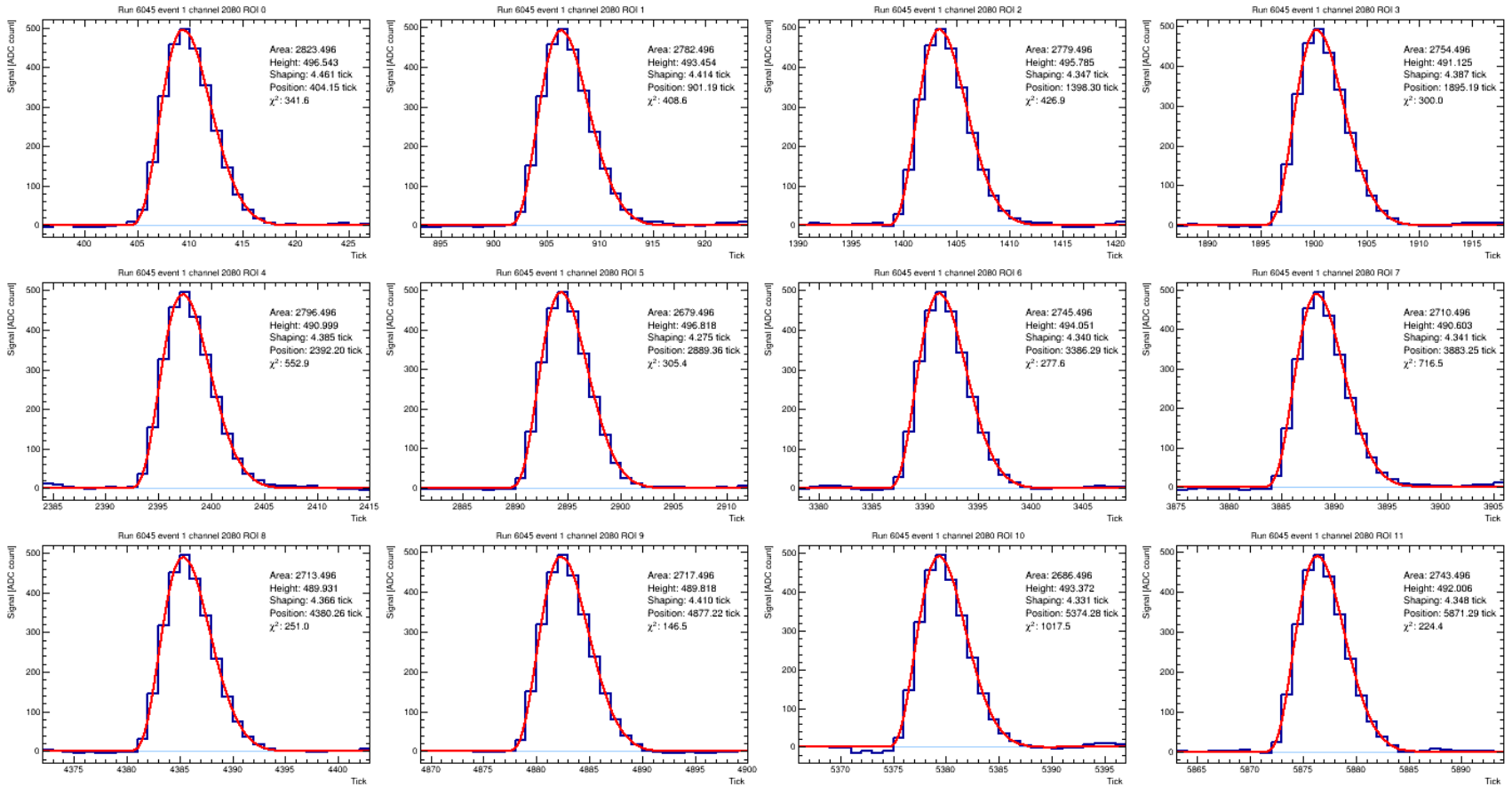
A=1



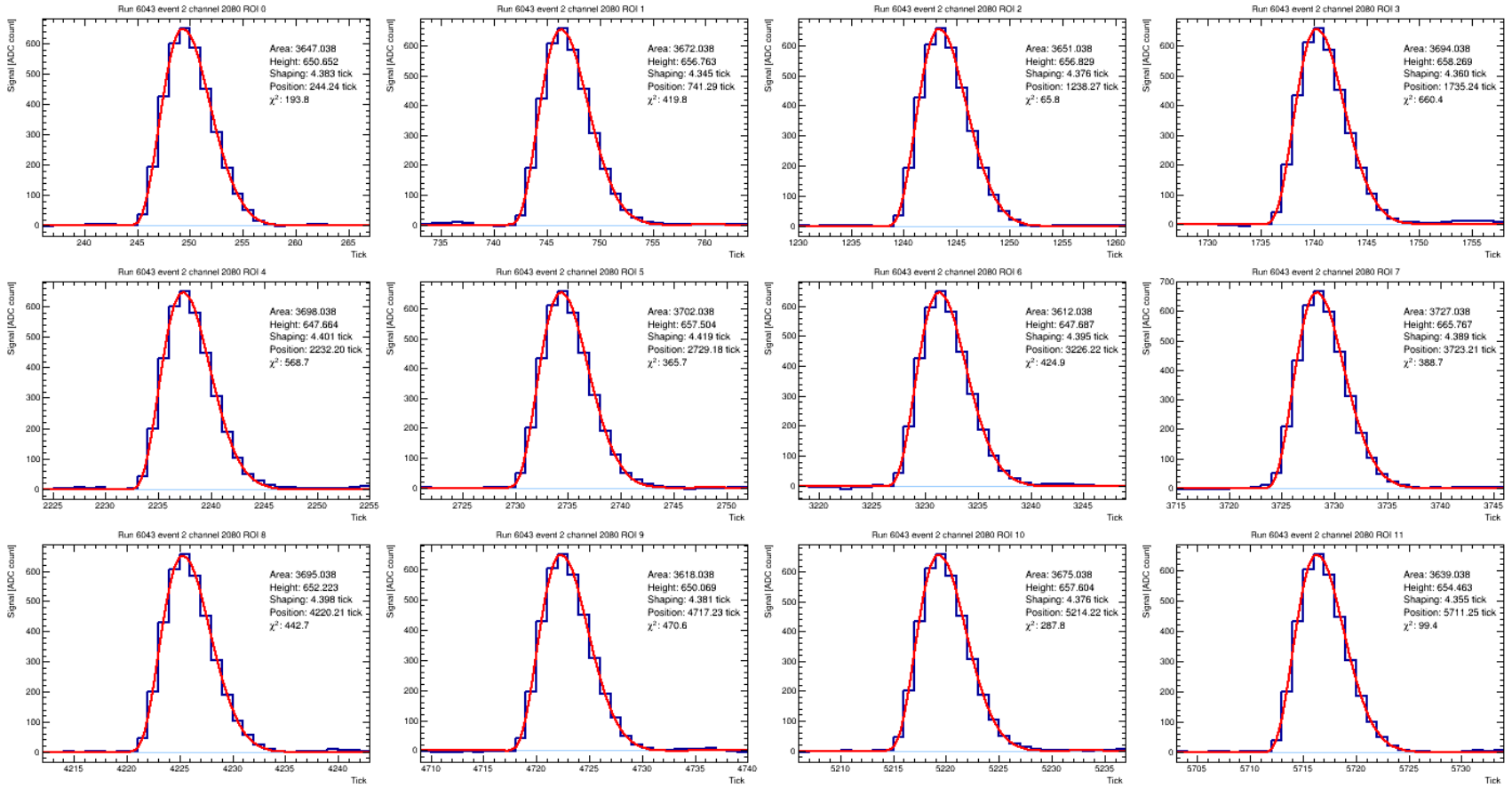
A=2



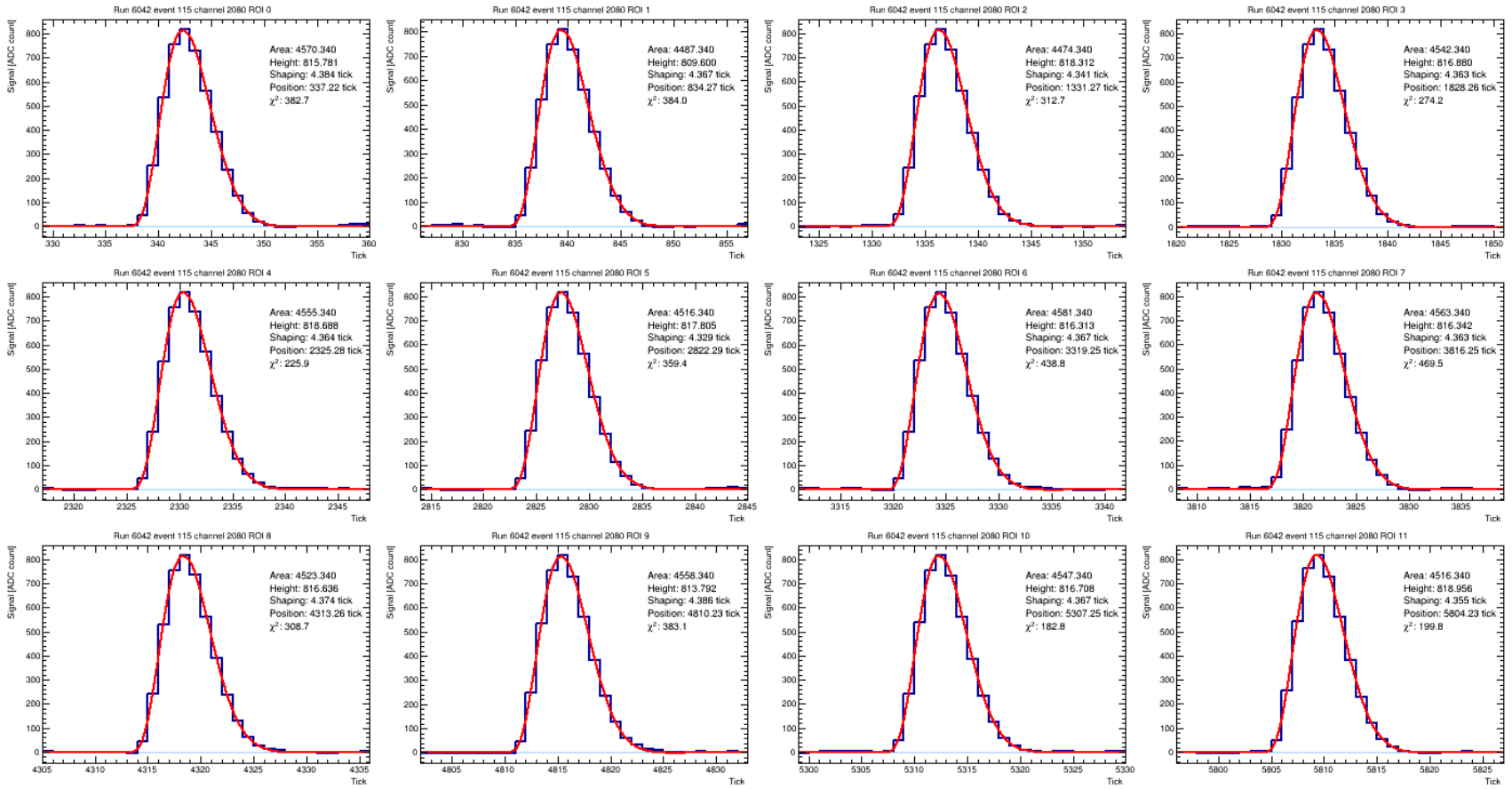
A=3



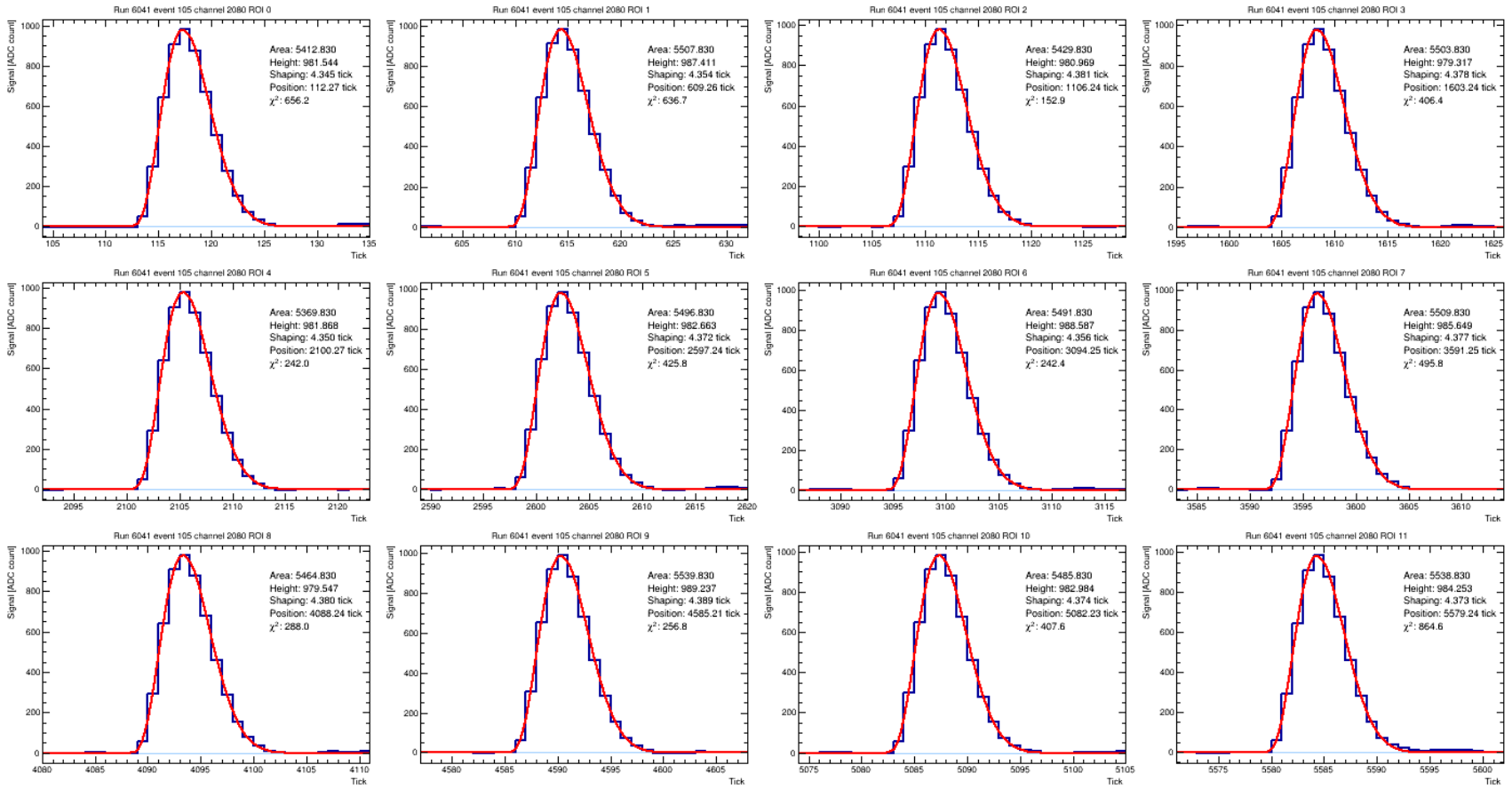
A=4



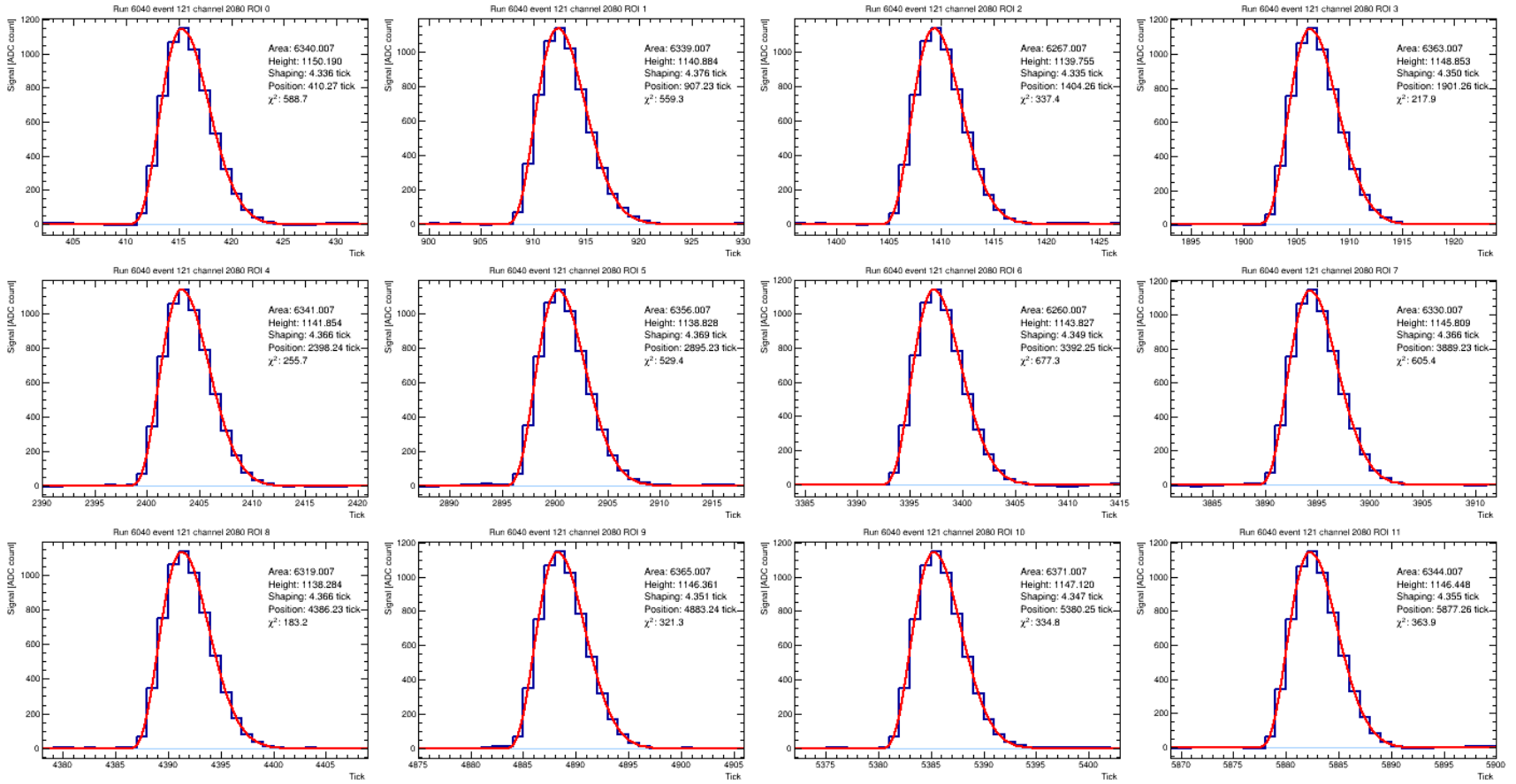
A=5



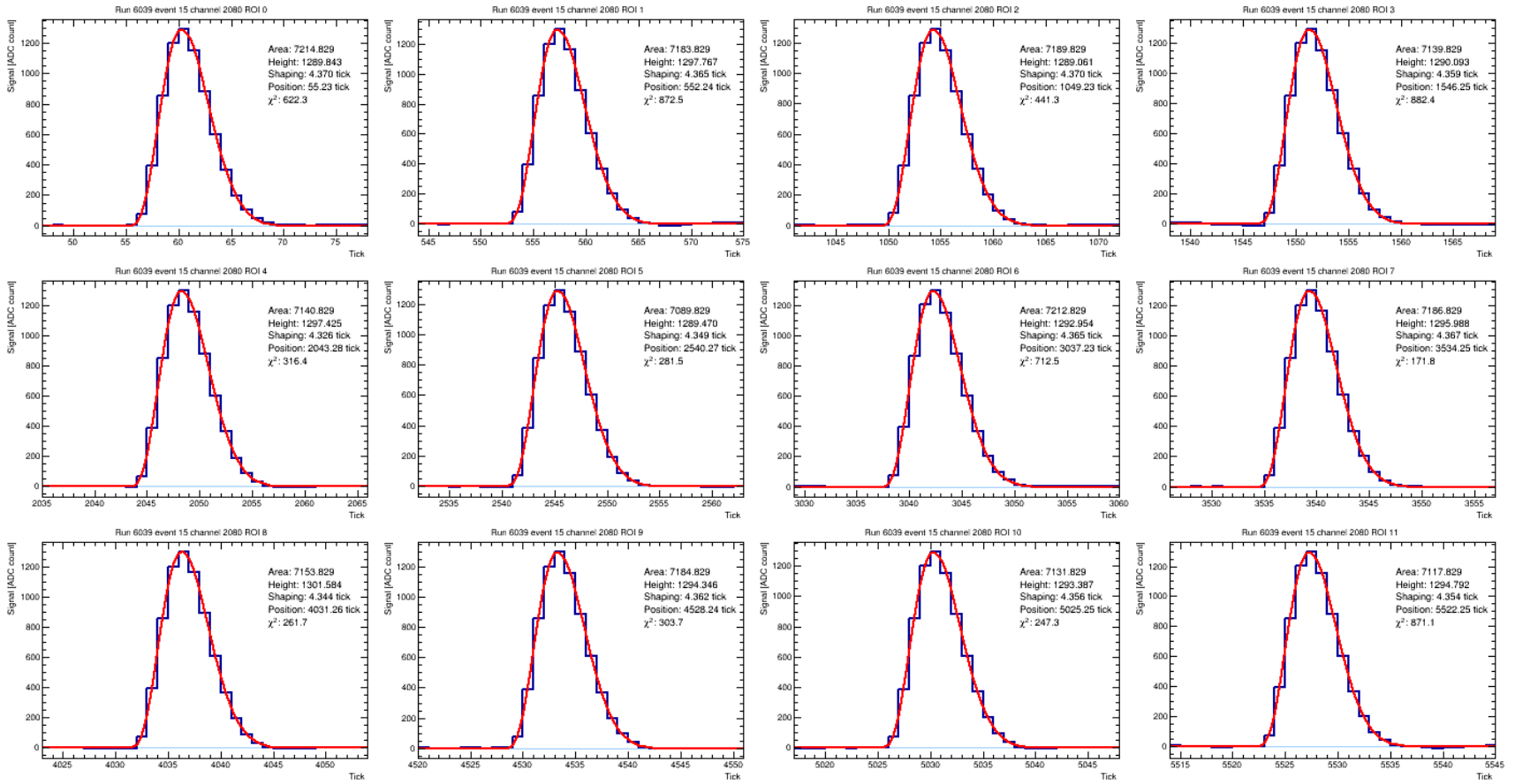
A=6



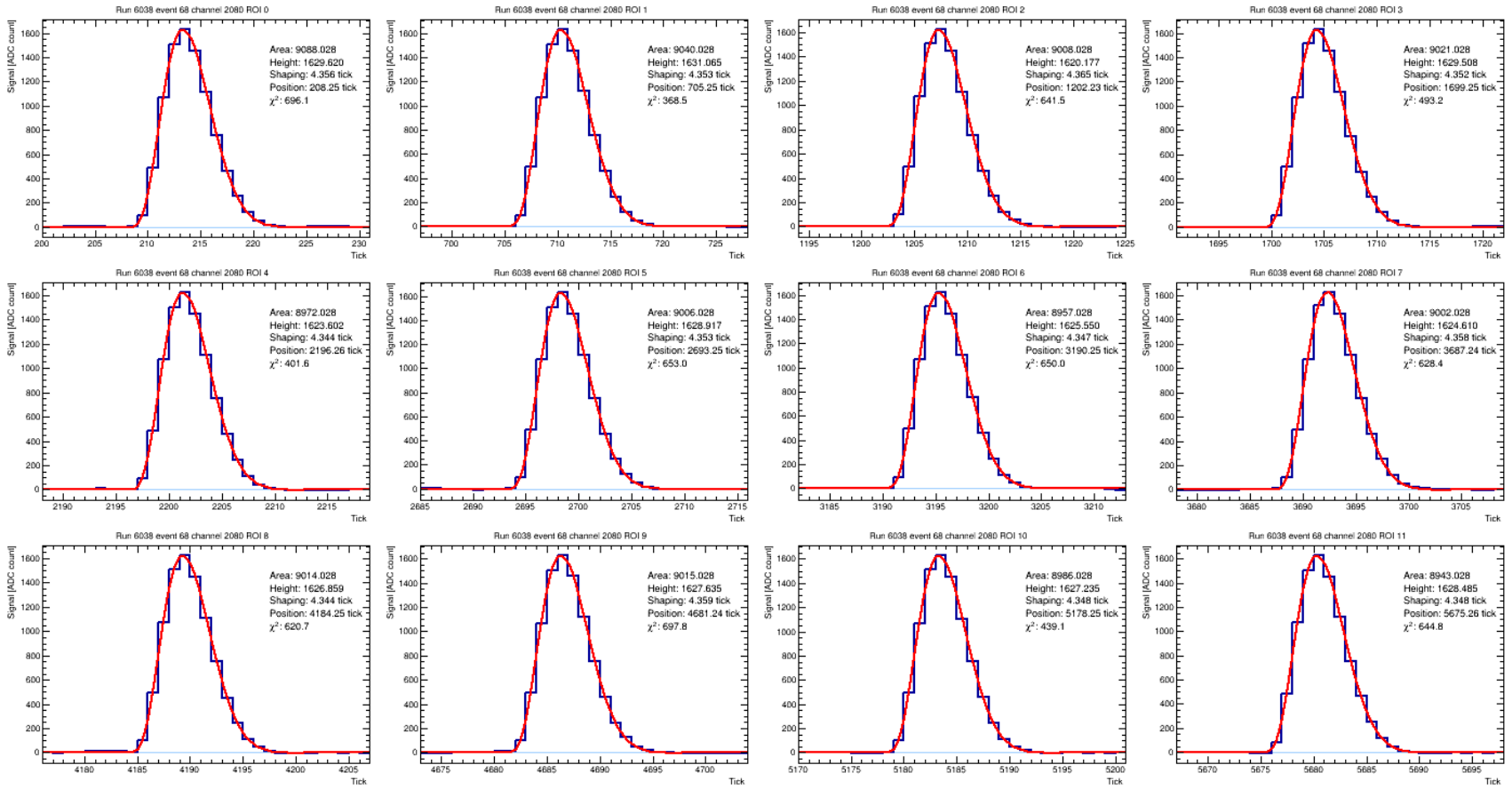
A=7



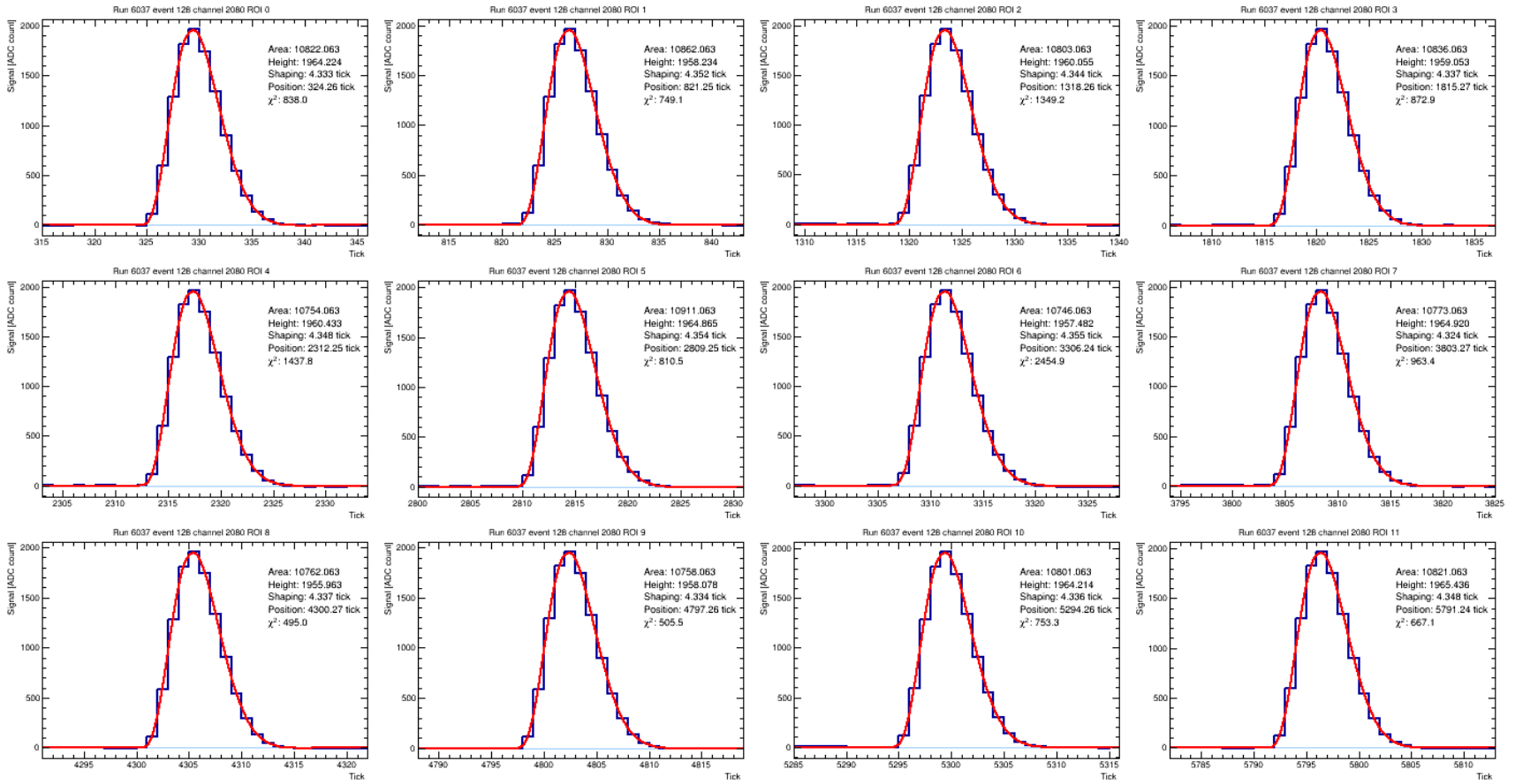
A=8



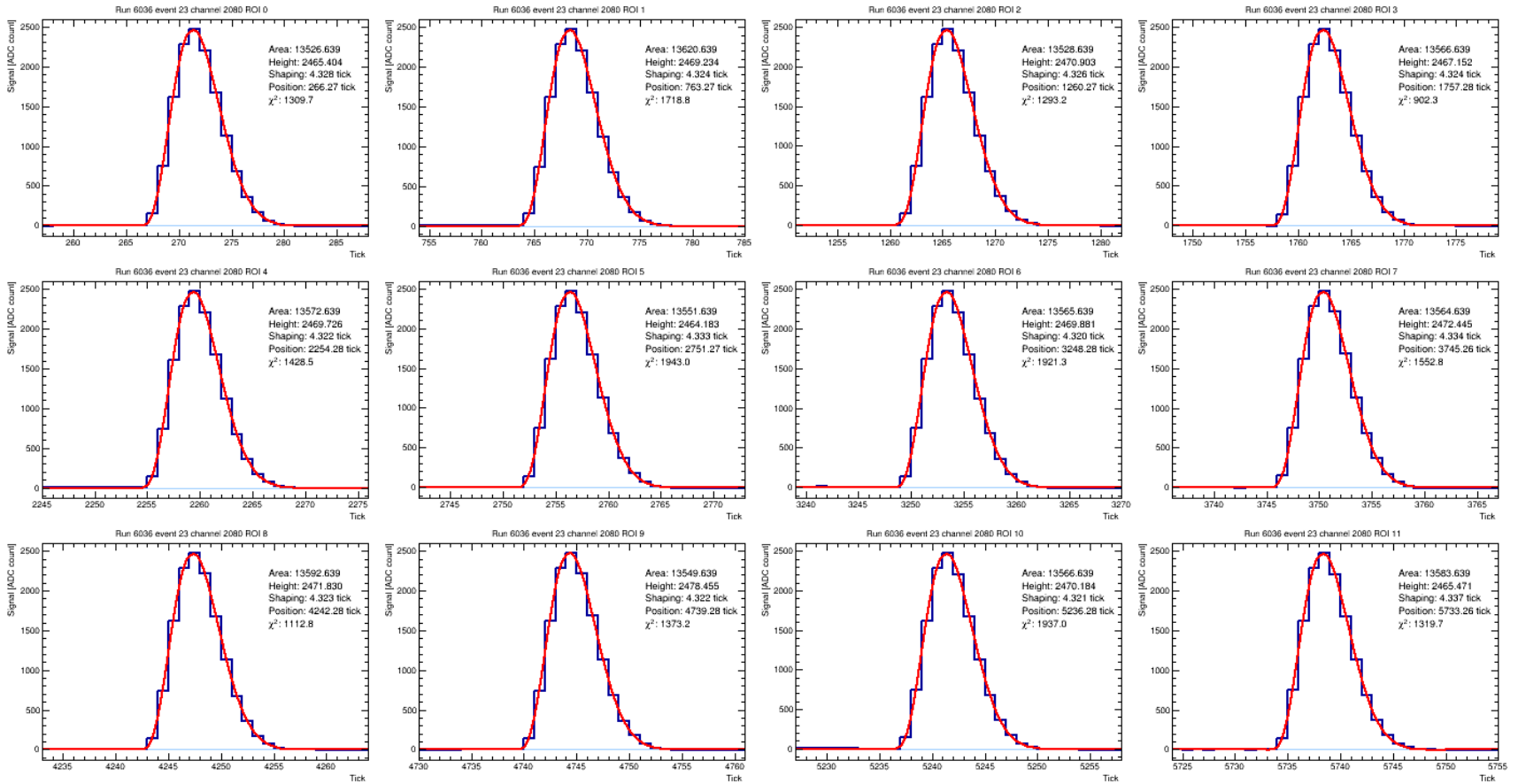
A=10



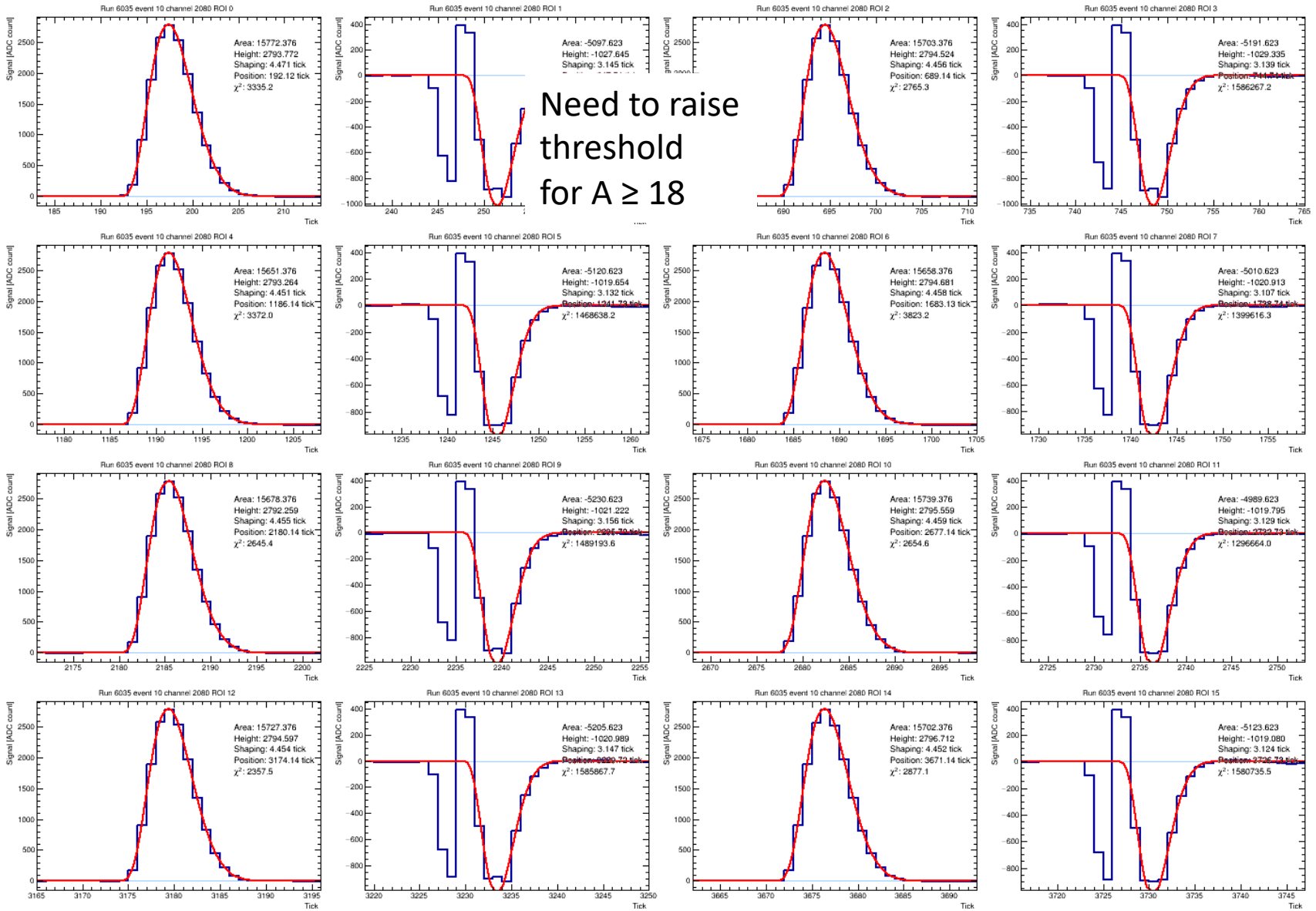
A=12



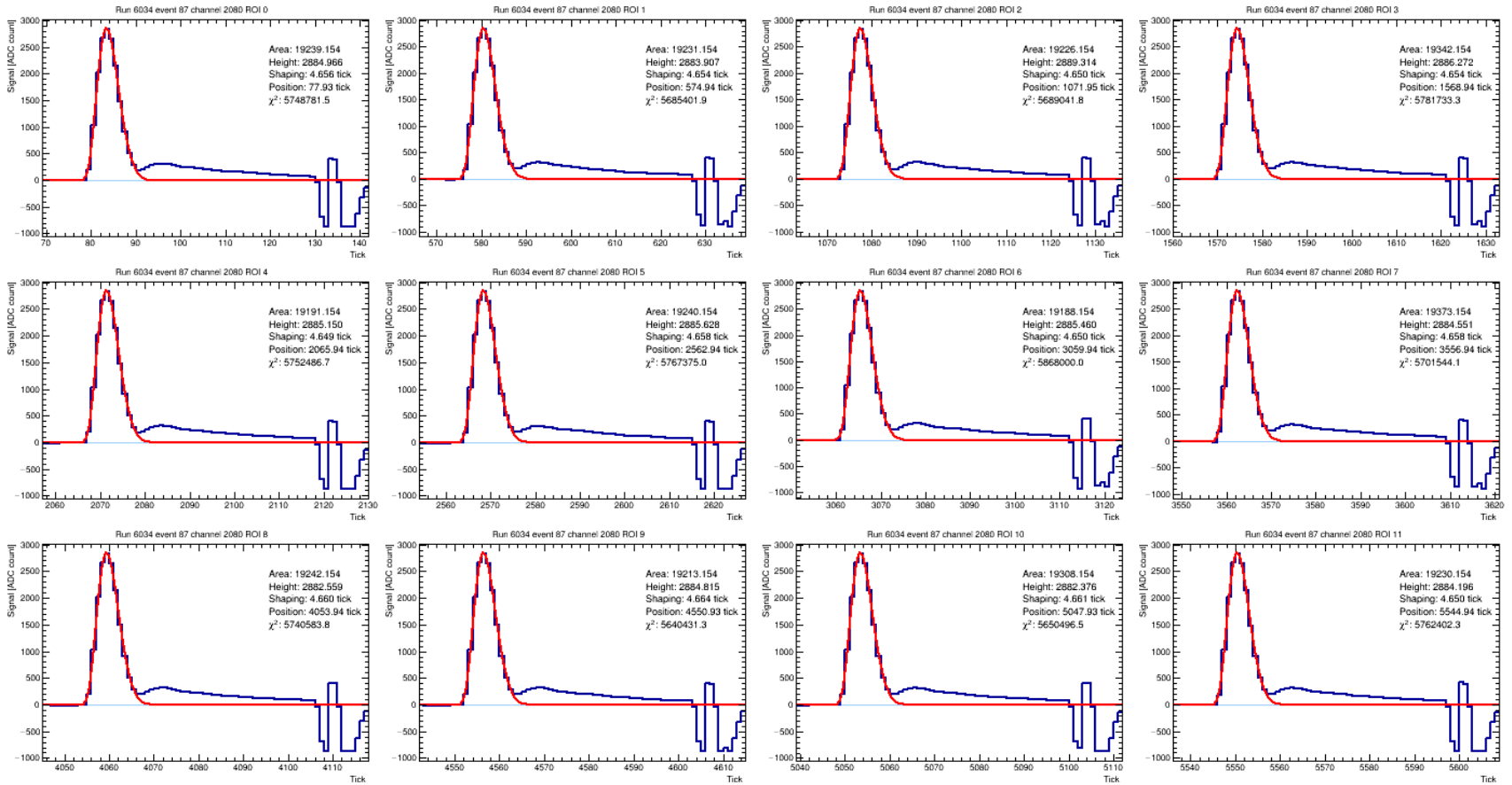
A=15



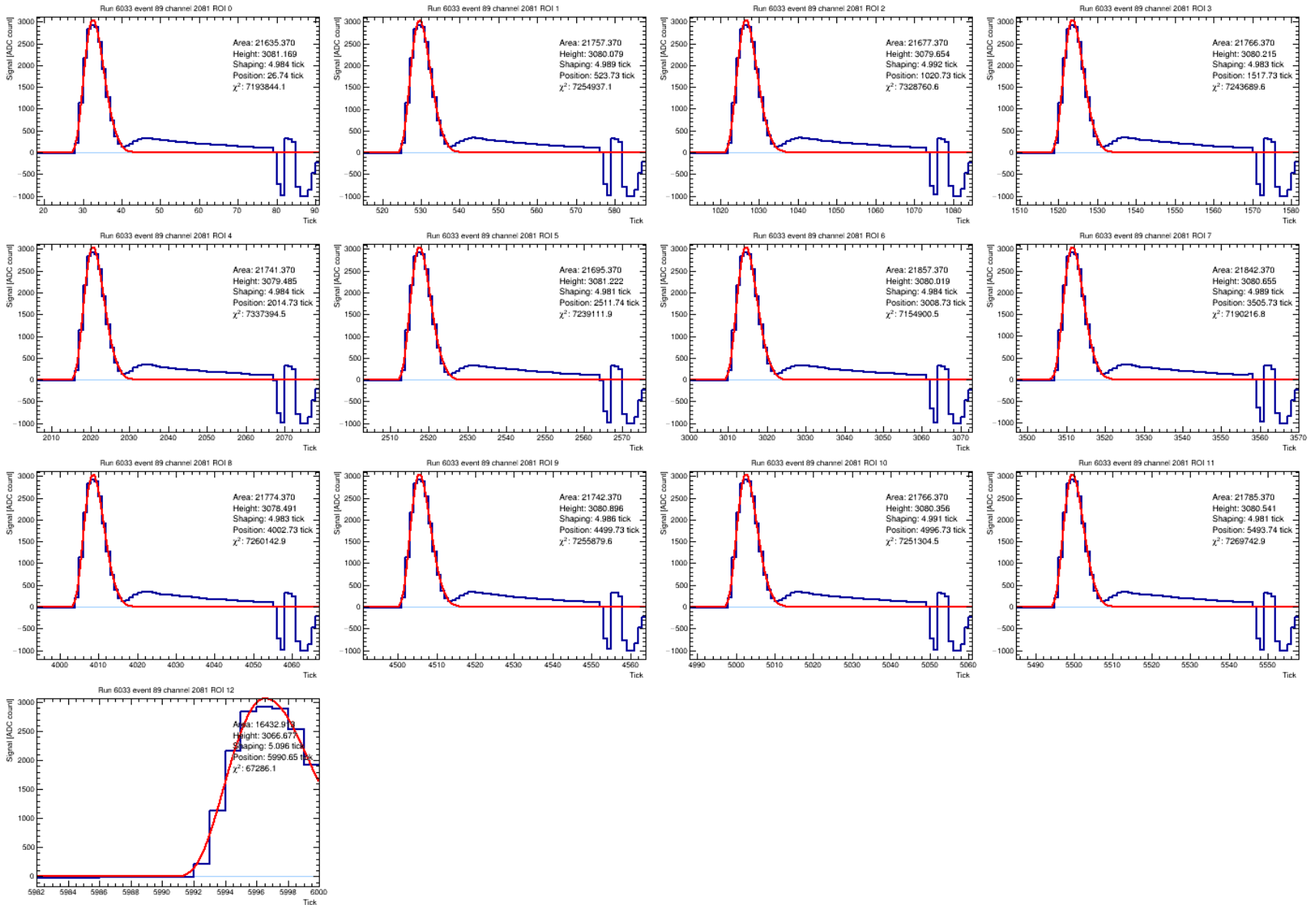
A=18



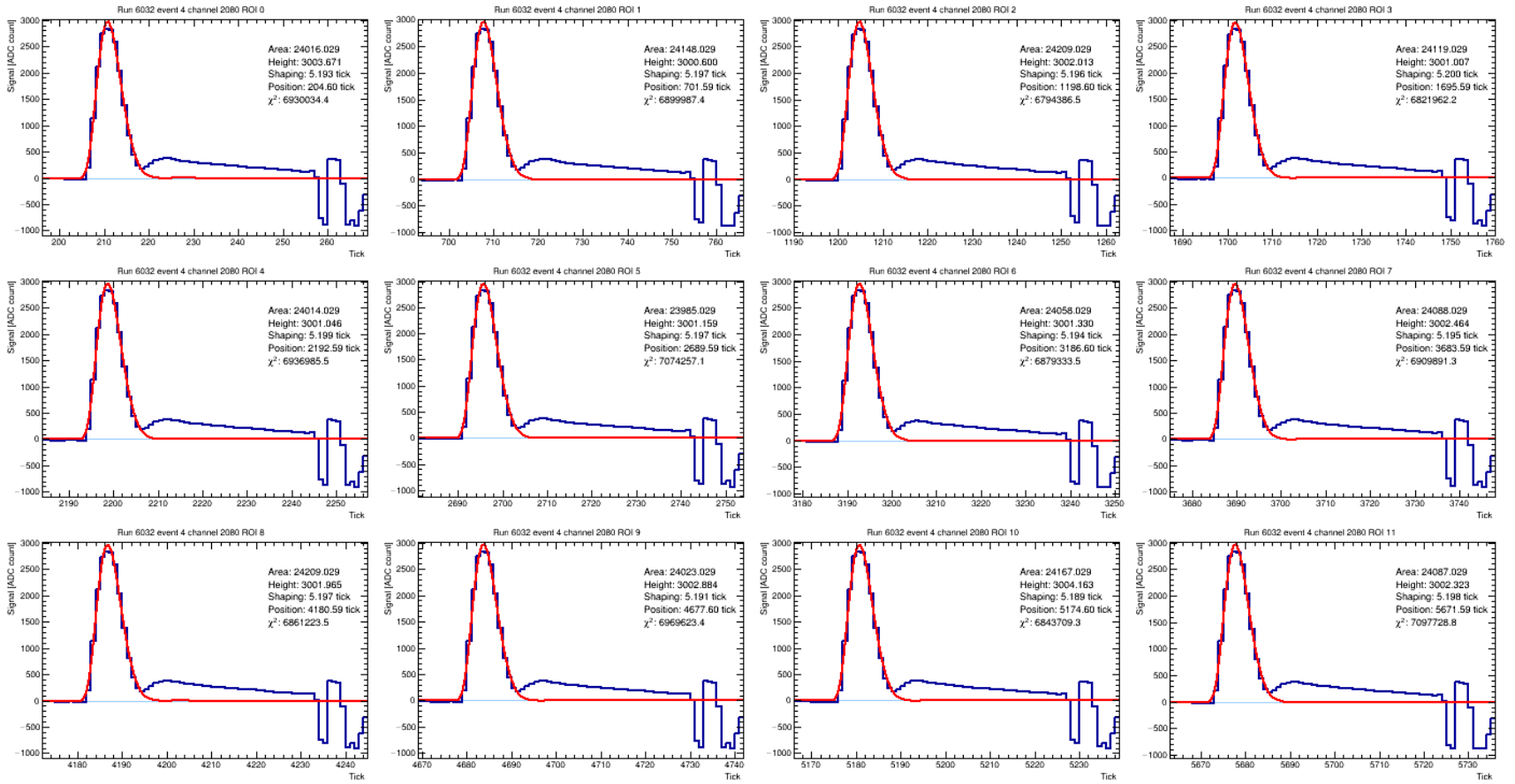
A=21



A=25

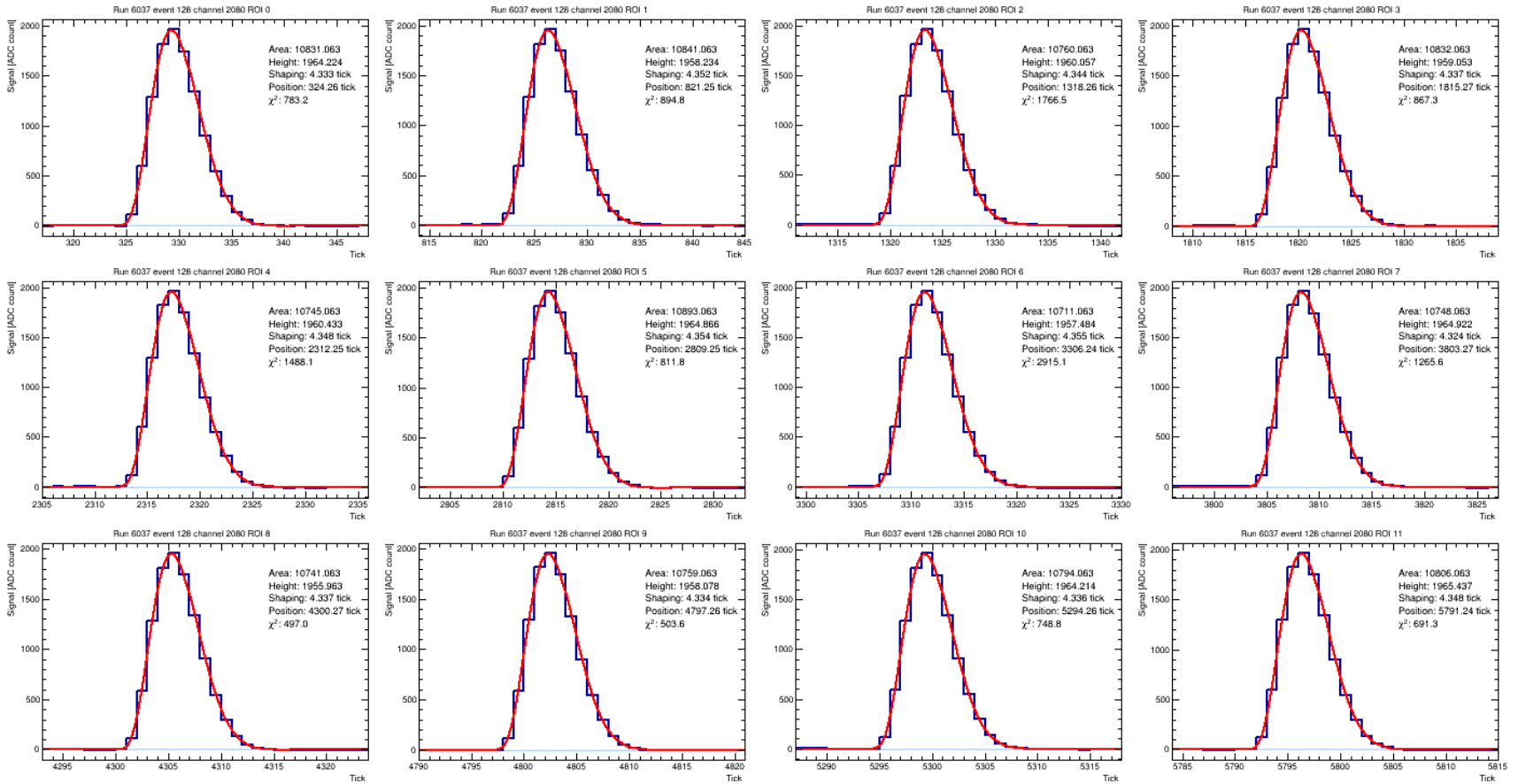


A=30

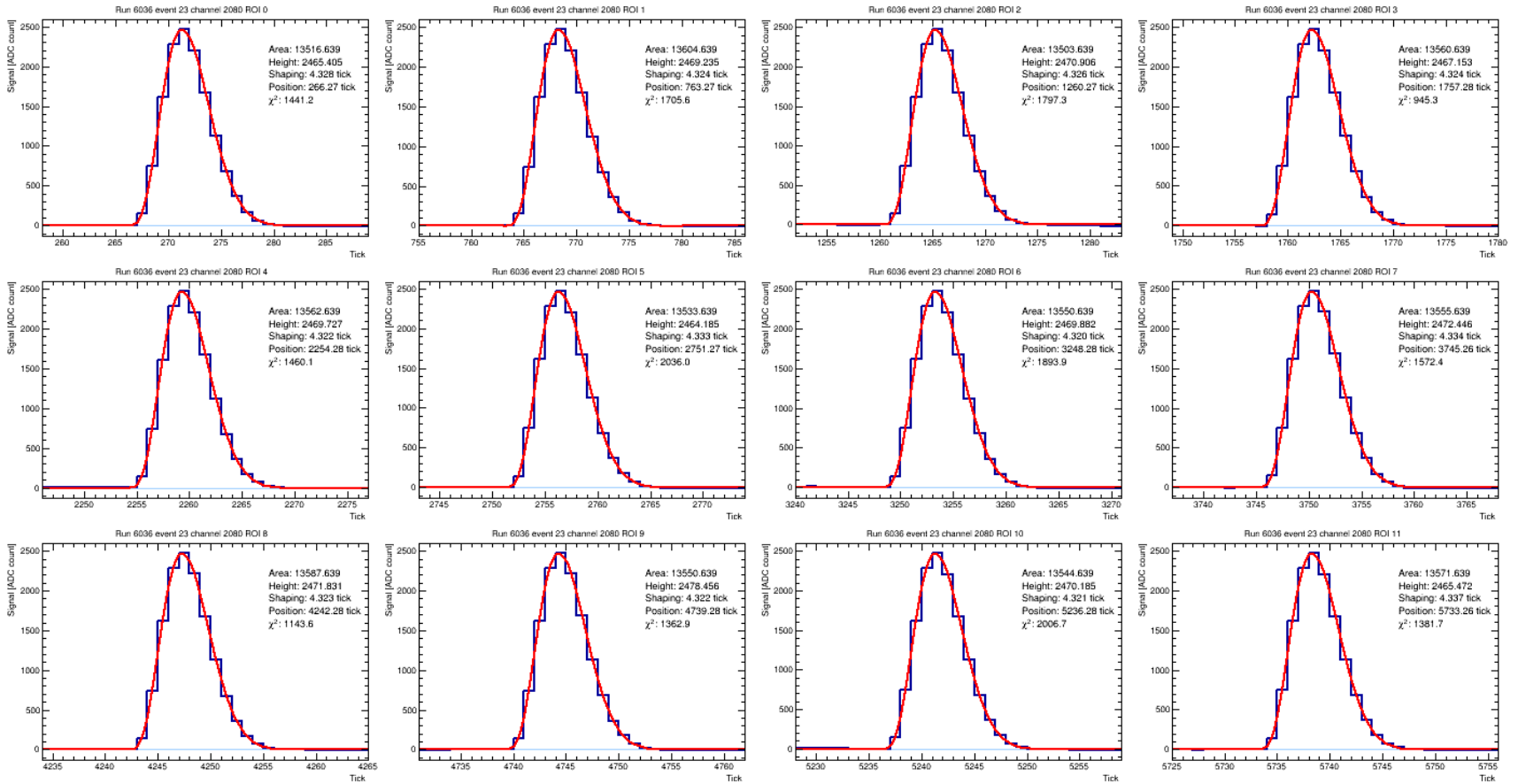


ROI waveforms with high threshold

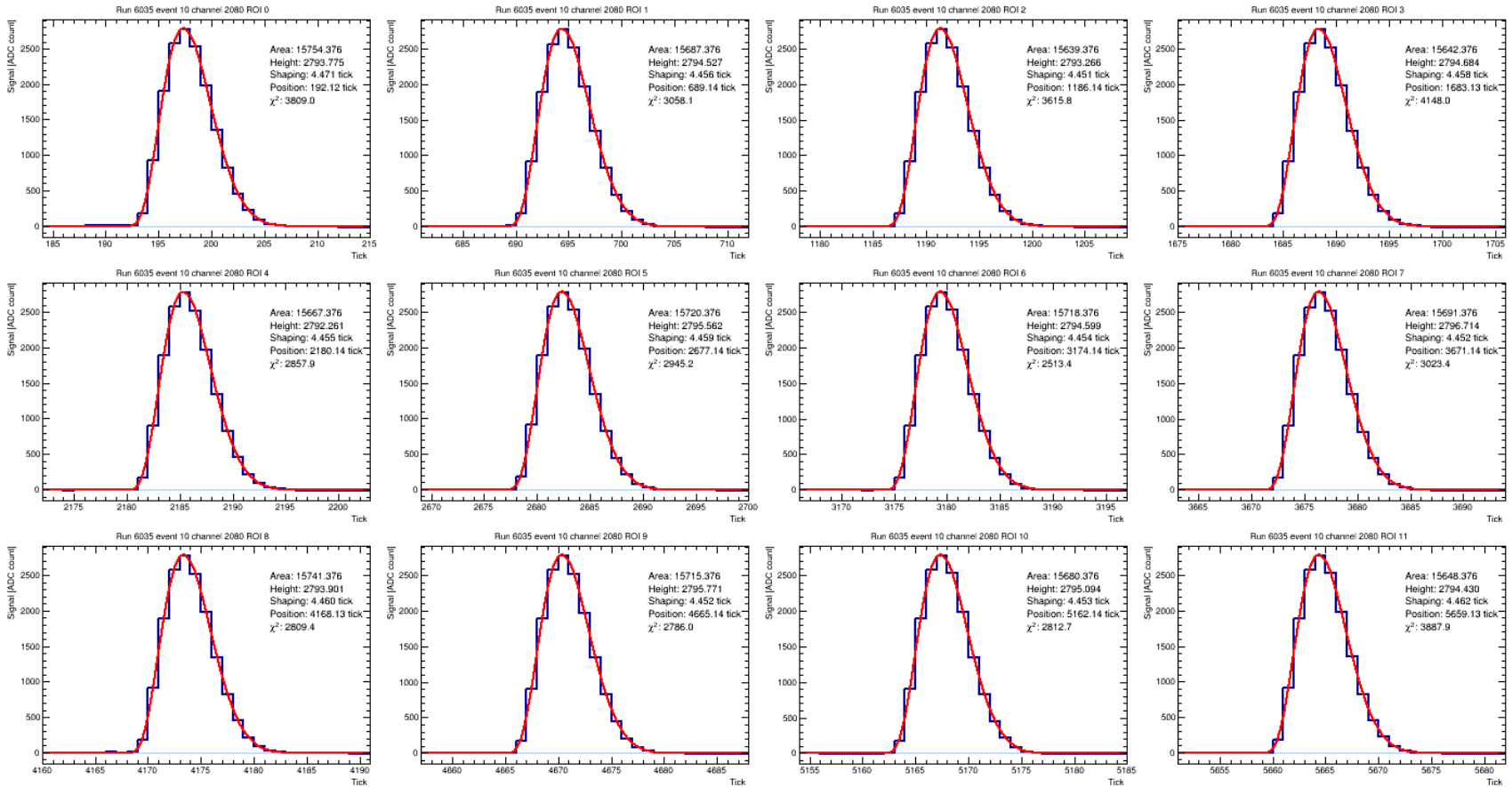
A=12



A=15

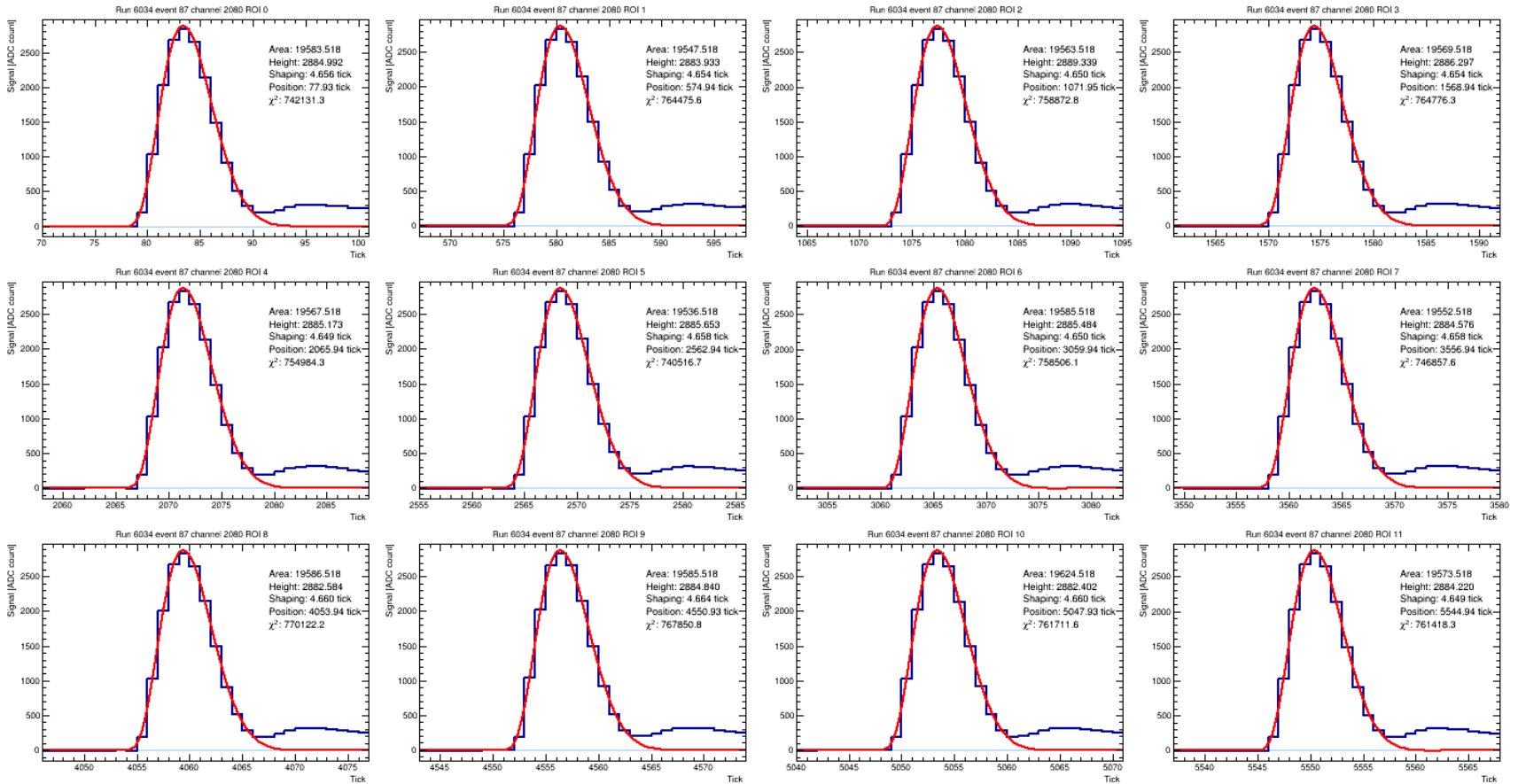


A=18



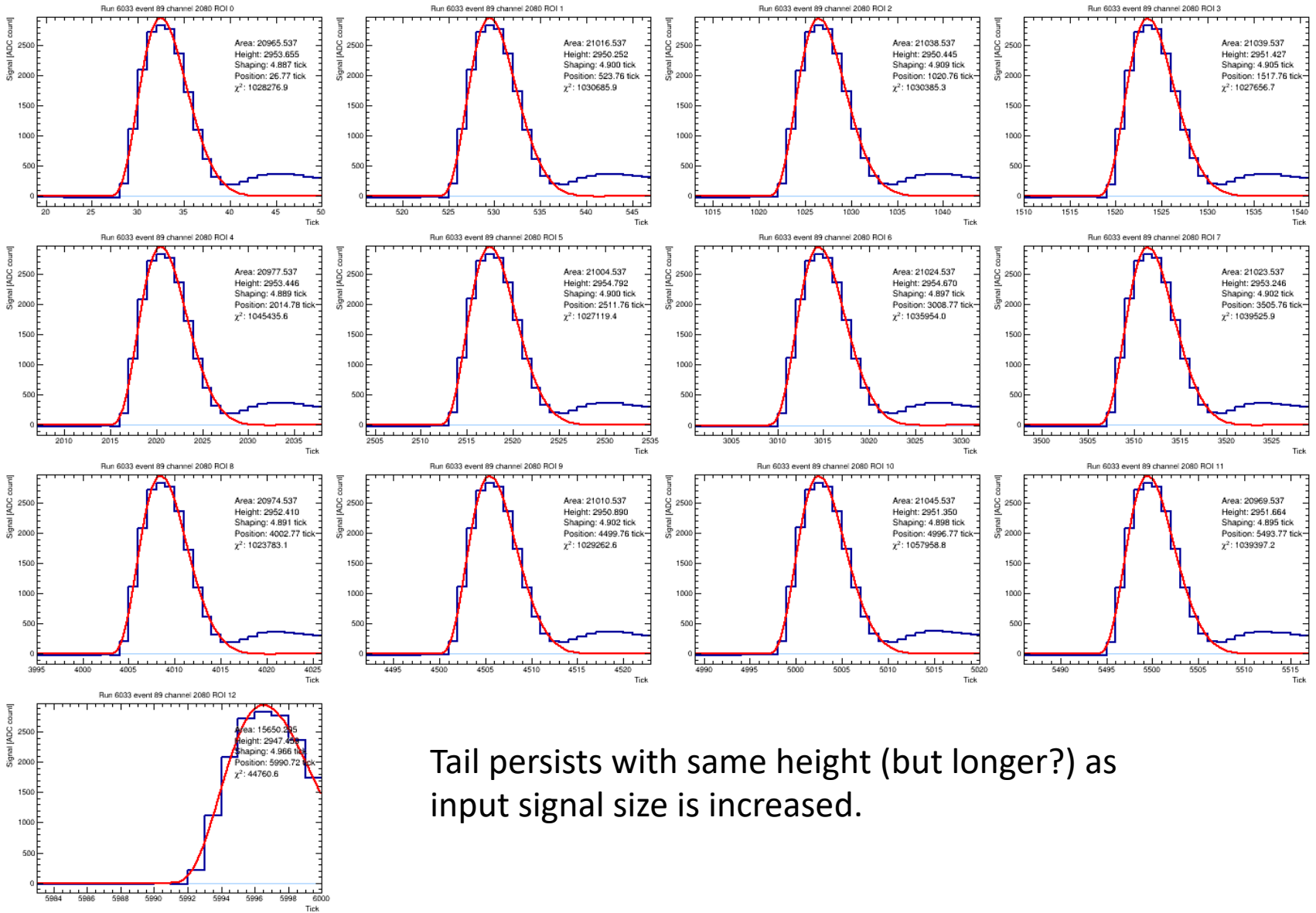
Signals starting to clip, i.e. flatten on top.
Amplifier is starting to saturate.
Data taken with offset of 900 mV.

A=21



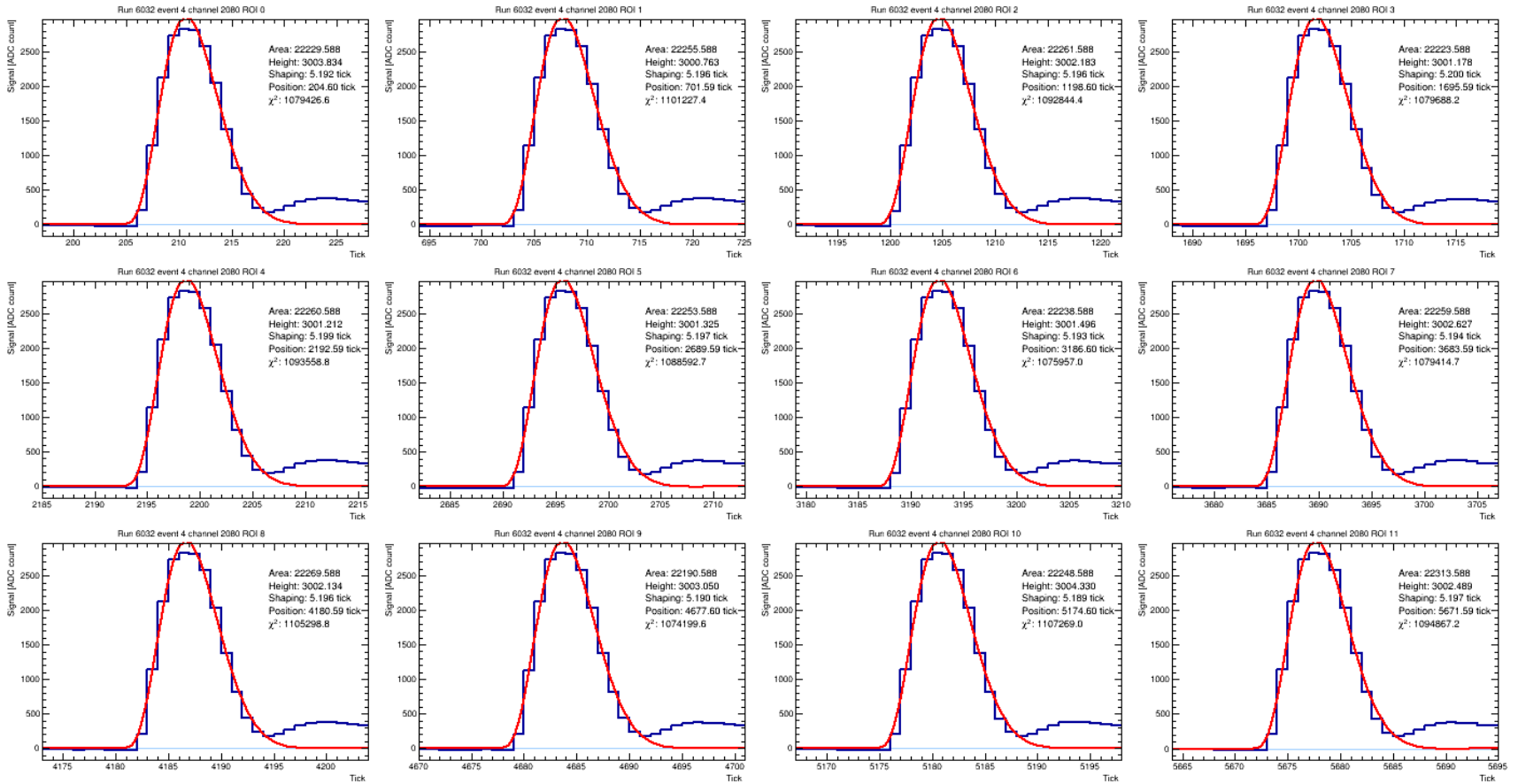
Tail appears at about 120% of saturation.
Height is about 300 ADC counts = 2 MIPs.

A=25



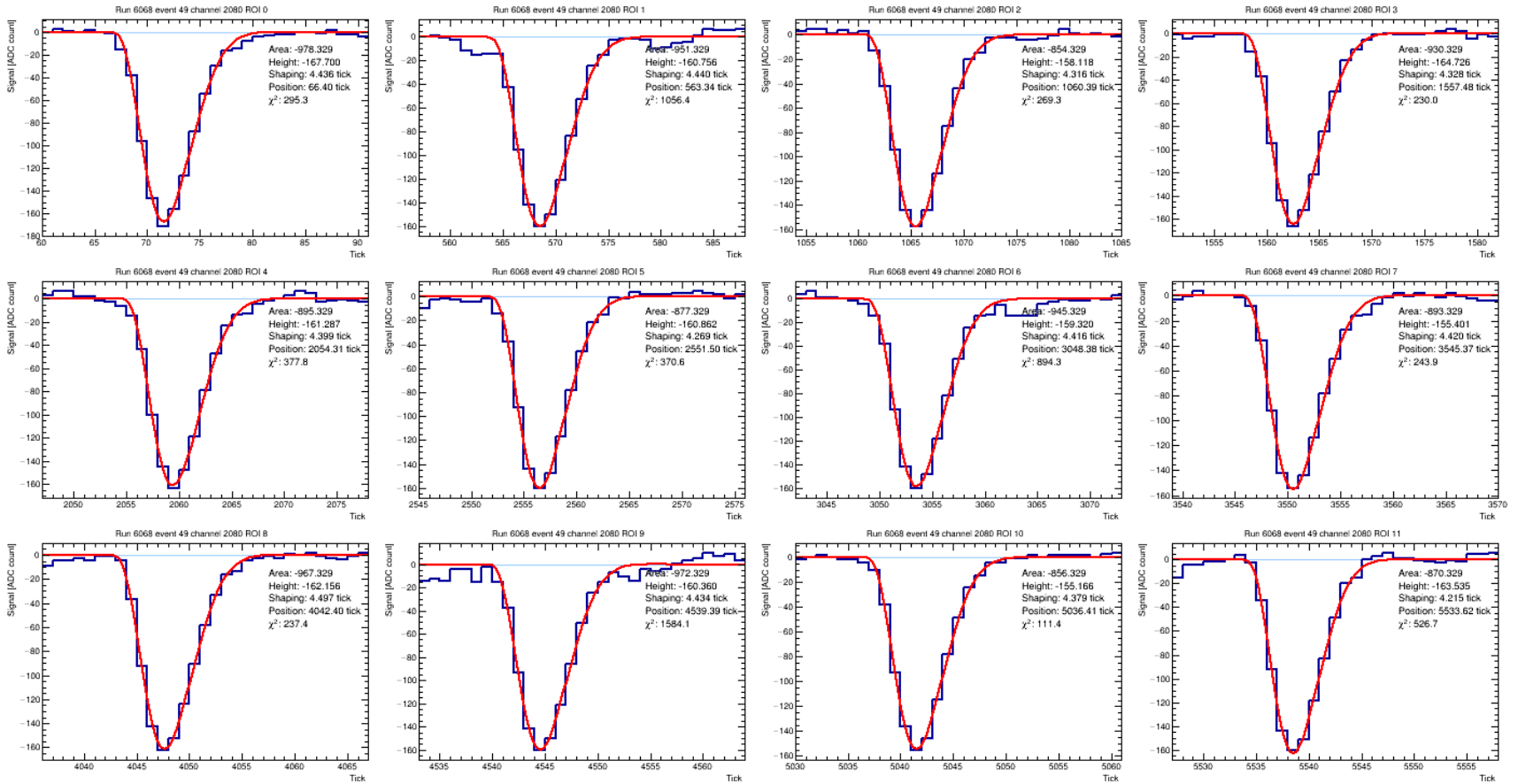
Tail persists with same height (but longer?) as input signal size is increased.

A=30

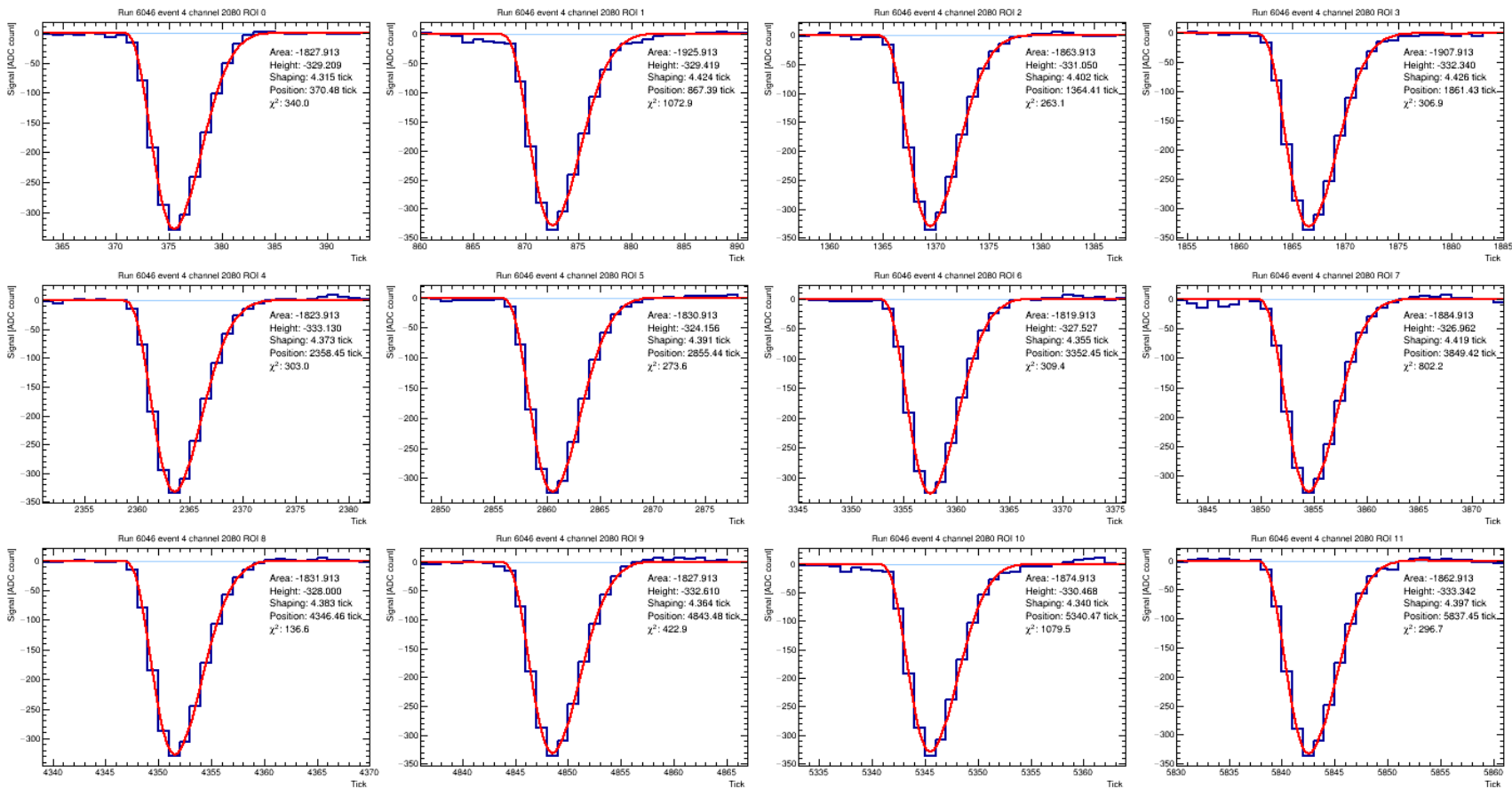


Negative ROI waveforms

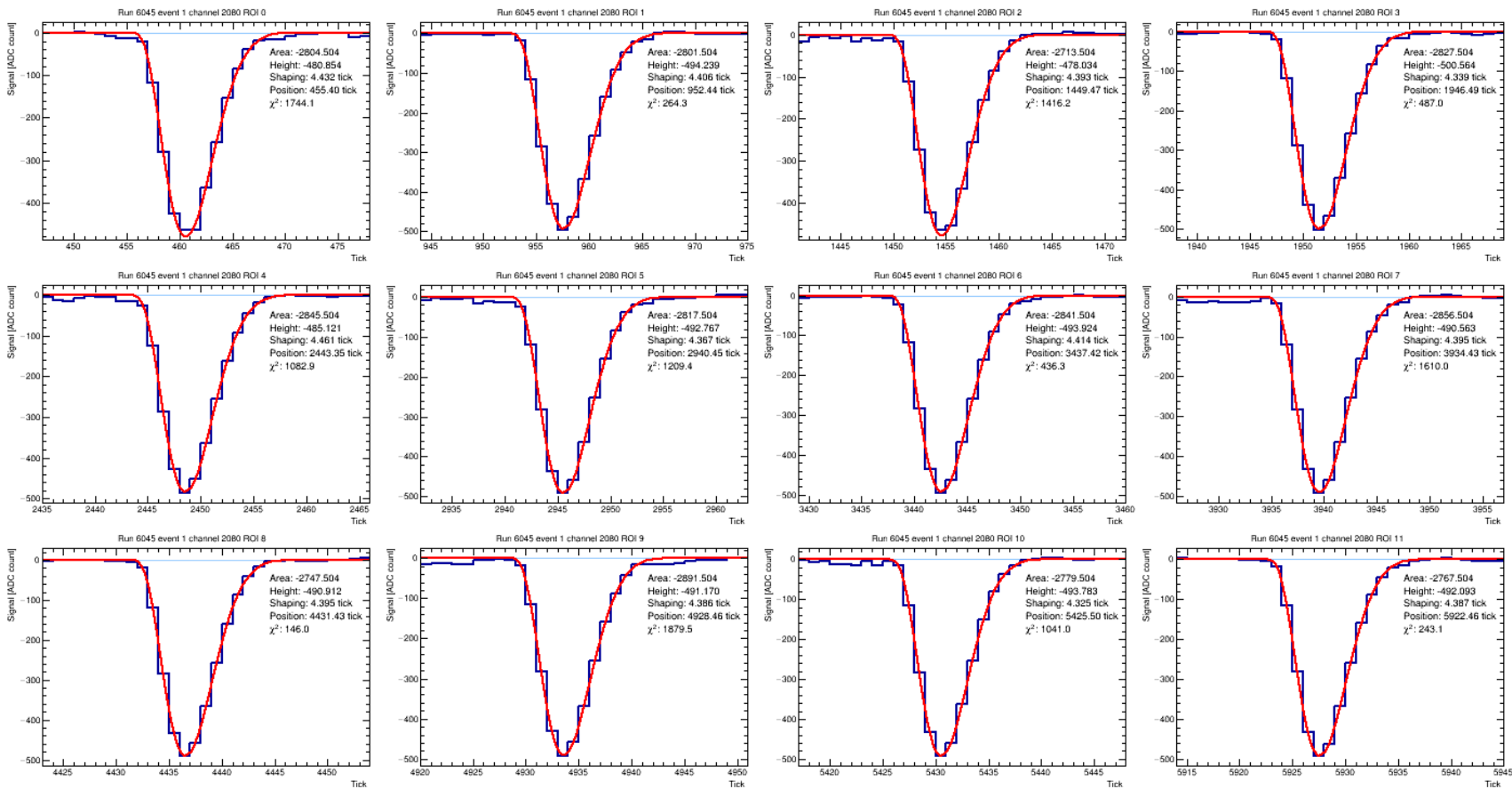
A=-1



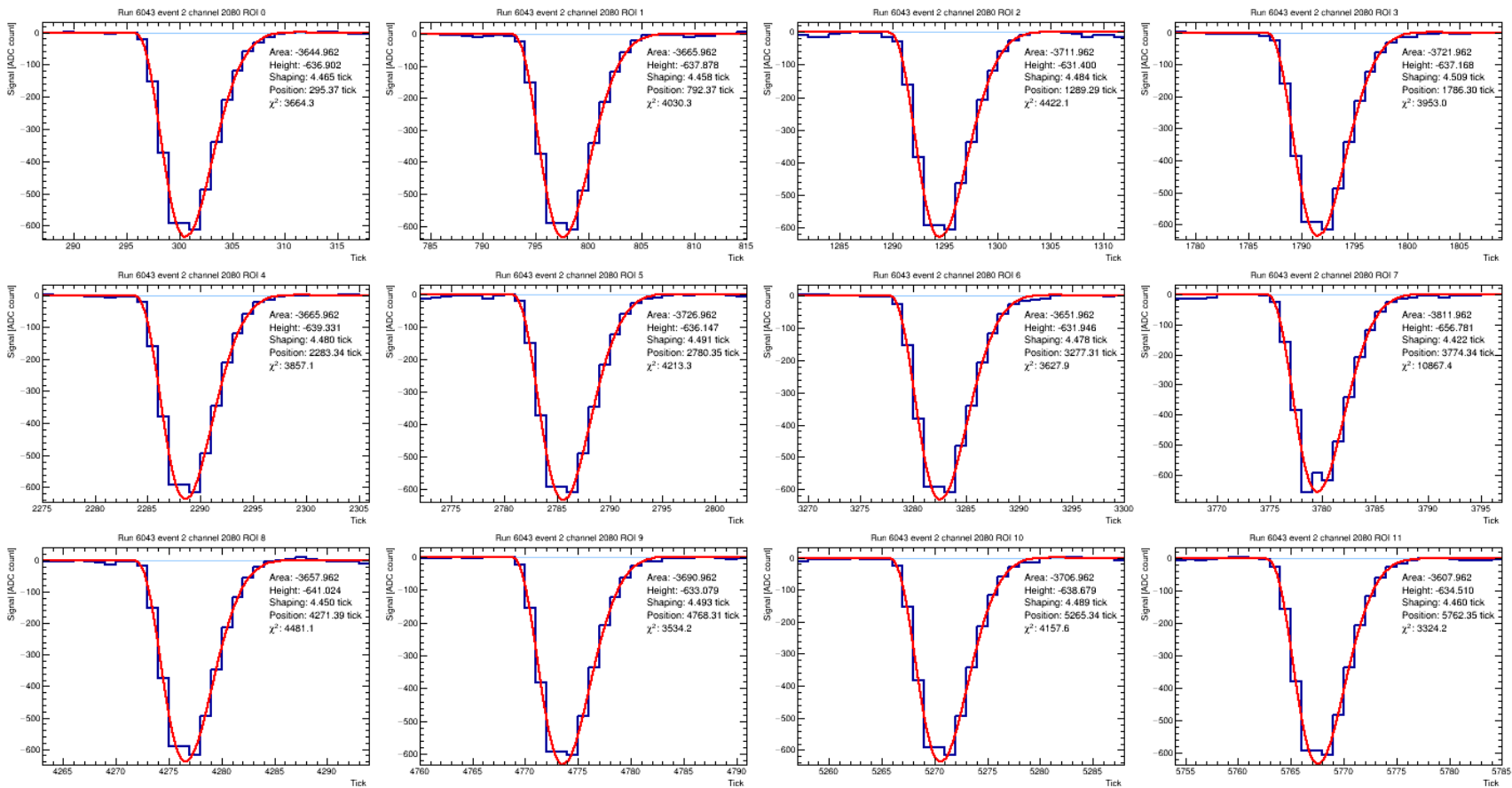
A=-2



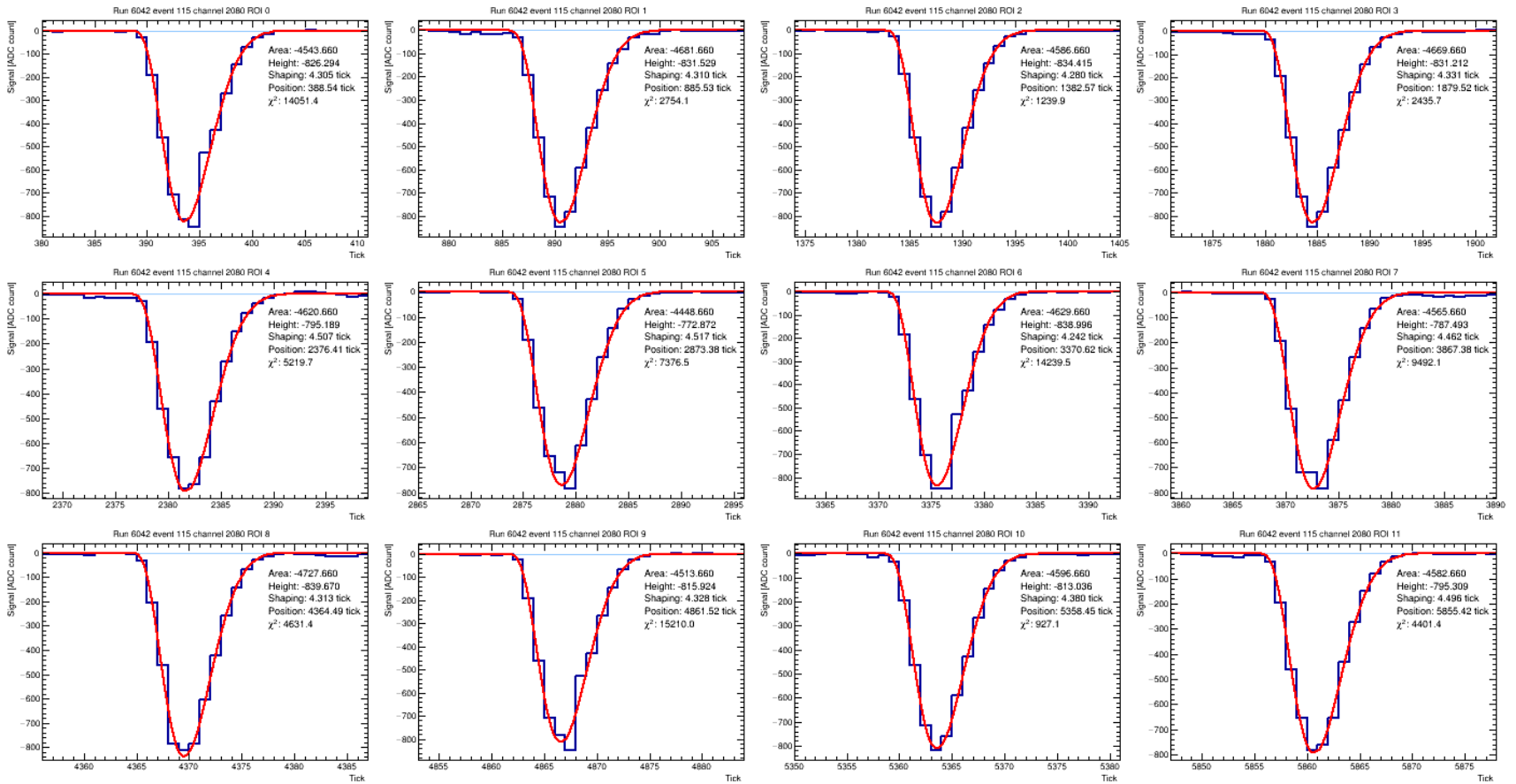
A=-3



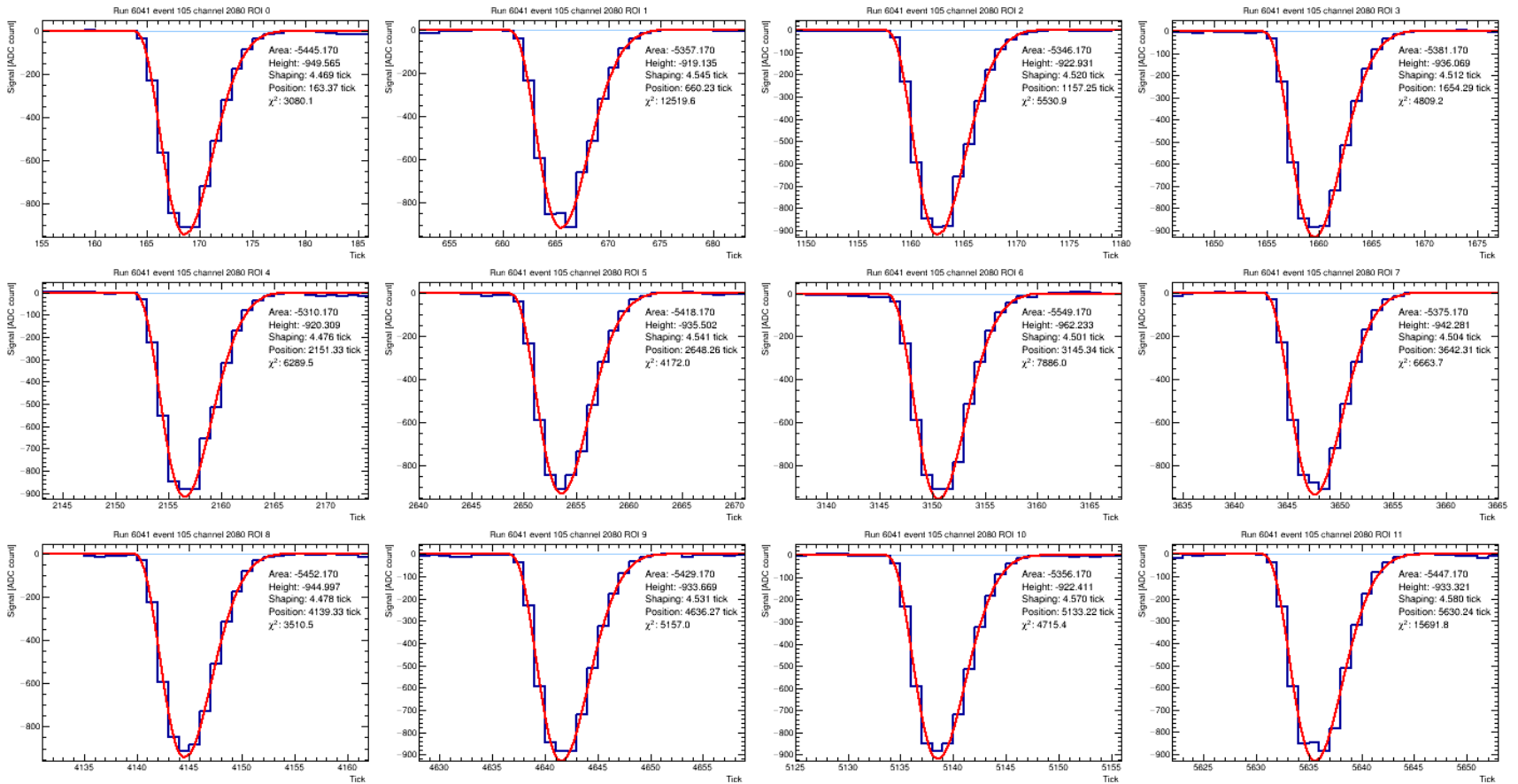
A=-4



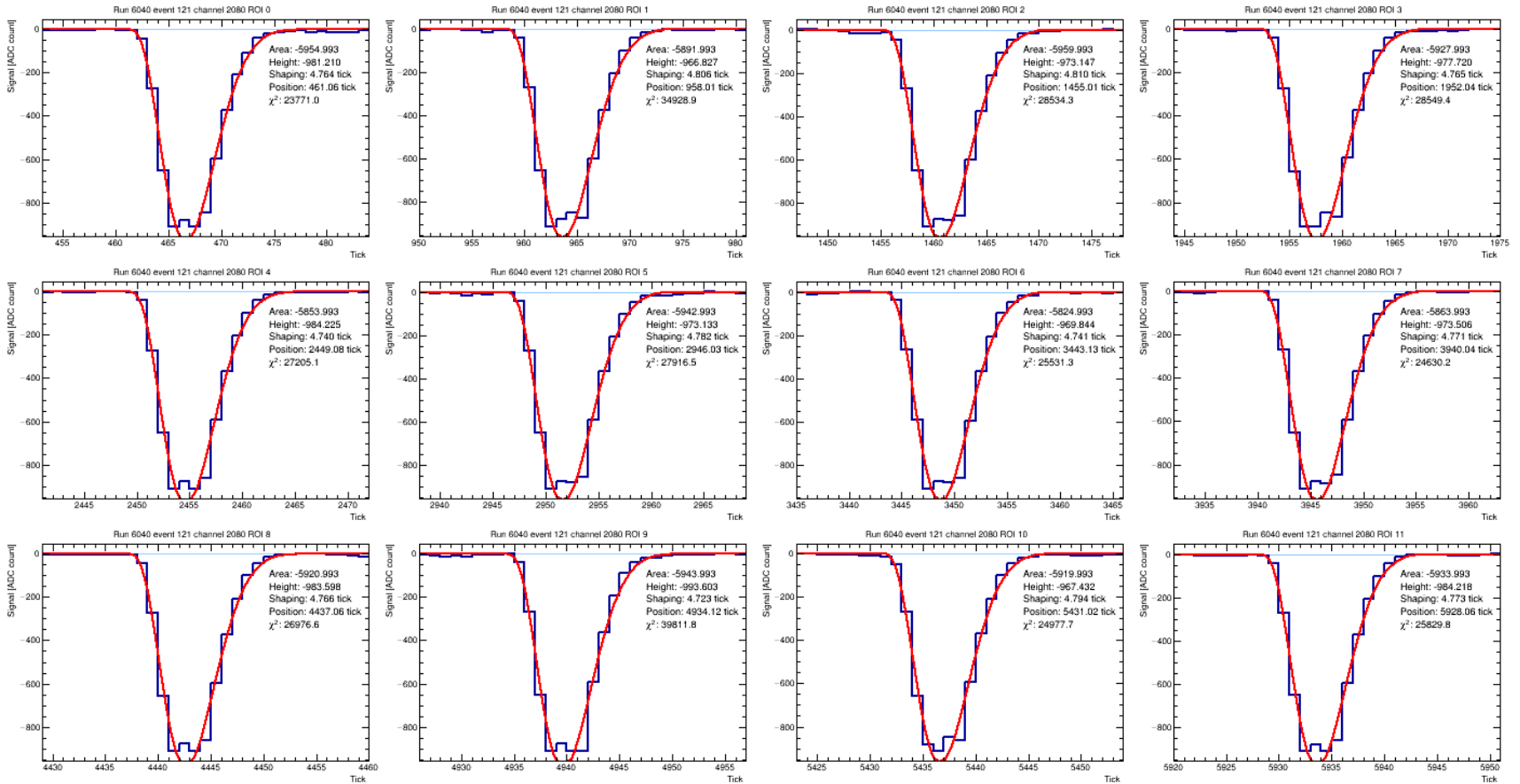
A=-5



A=-6

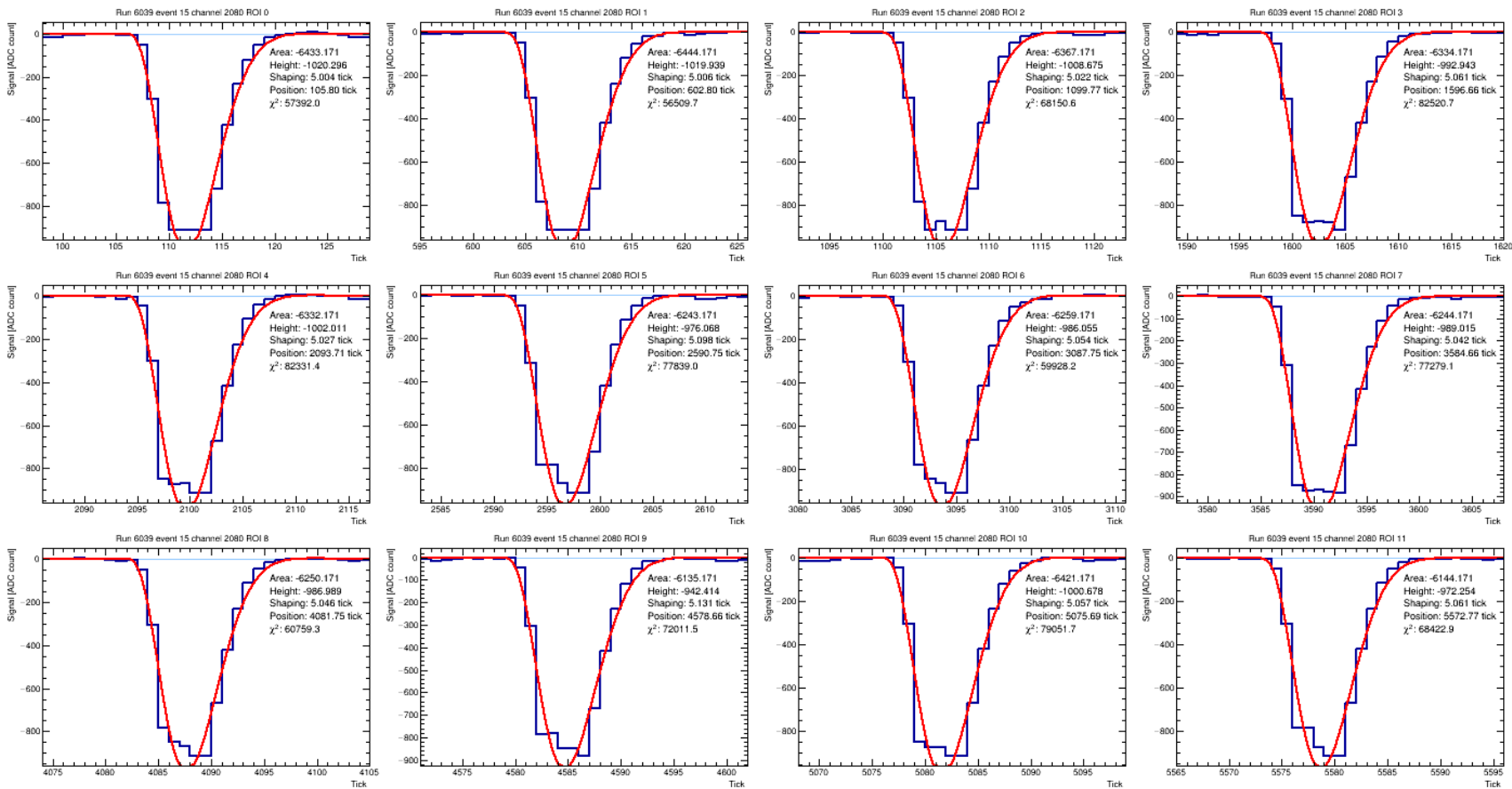


A=-7

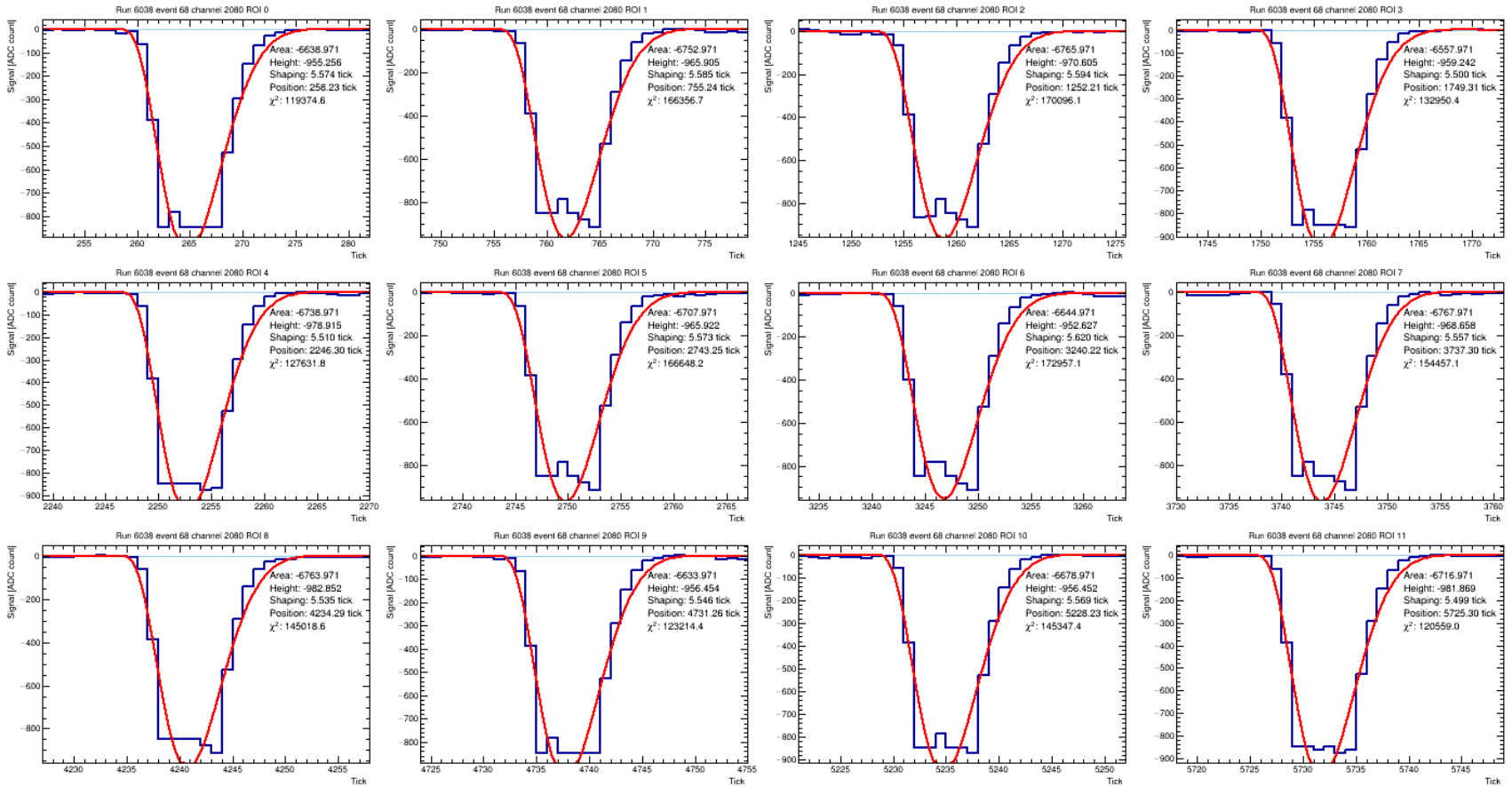


Signals starting to clip.
This is ADC rather than amplifier saturation.

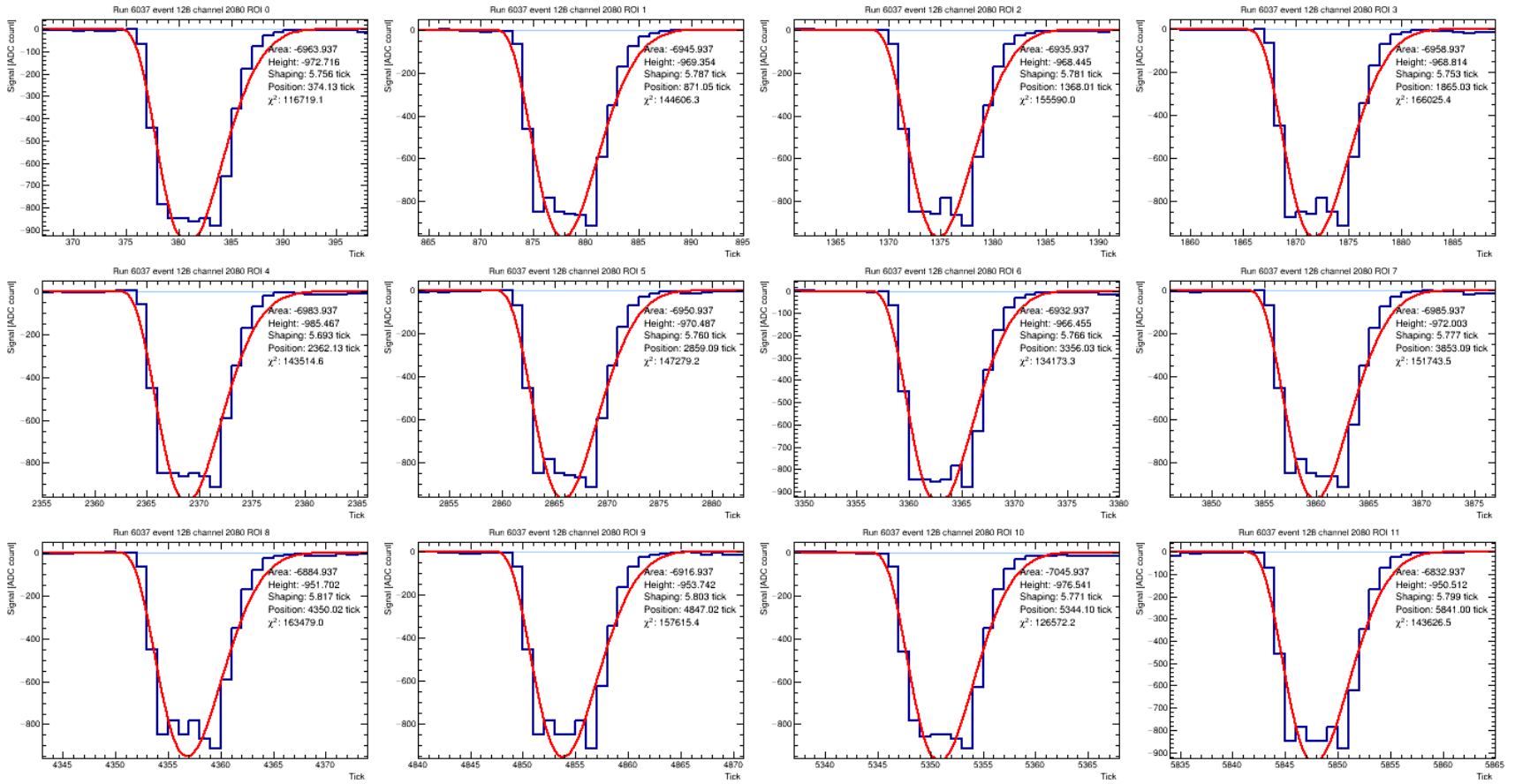
A=-8



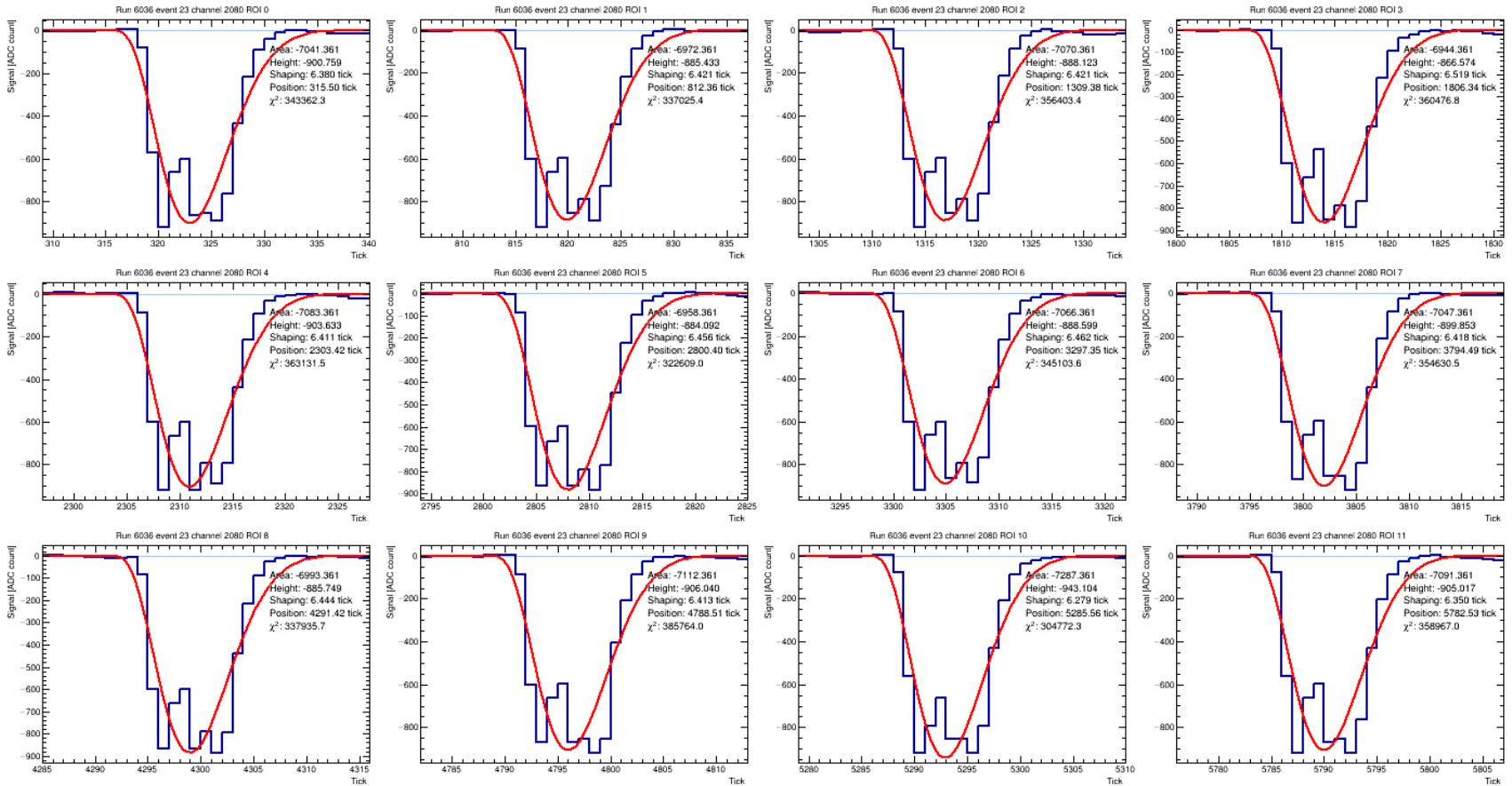
A=-10



A=-12

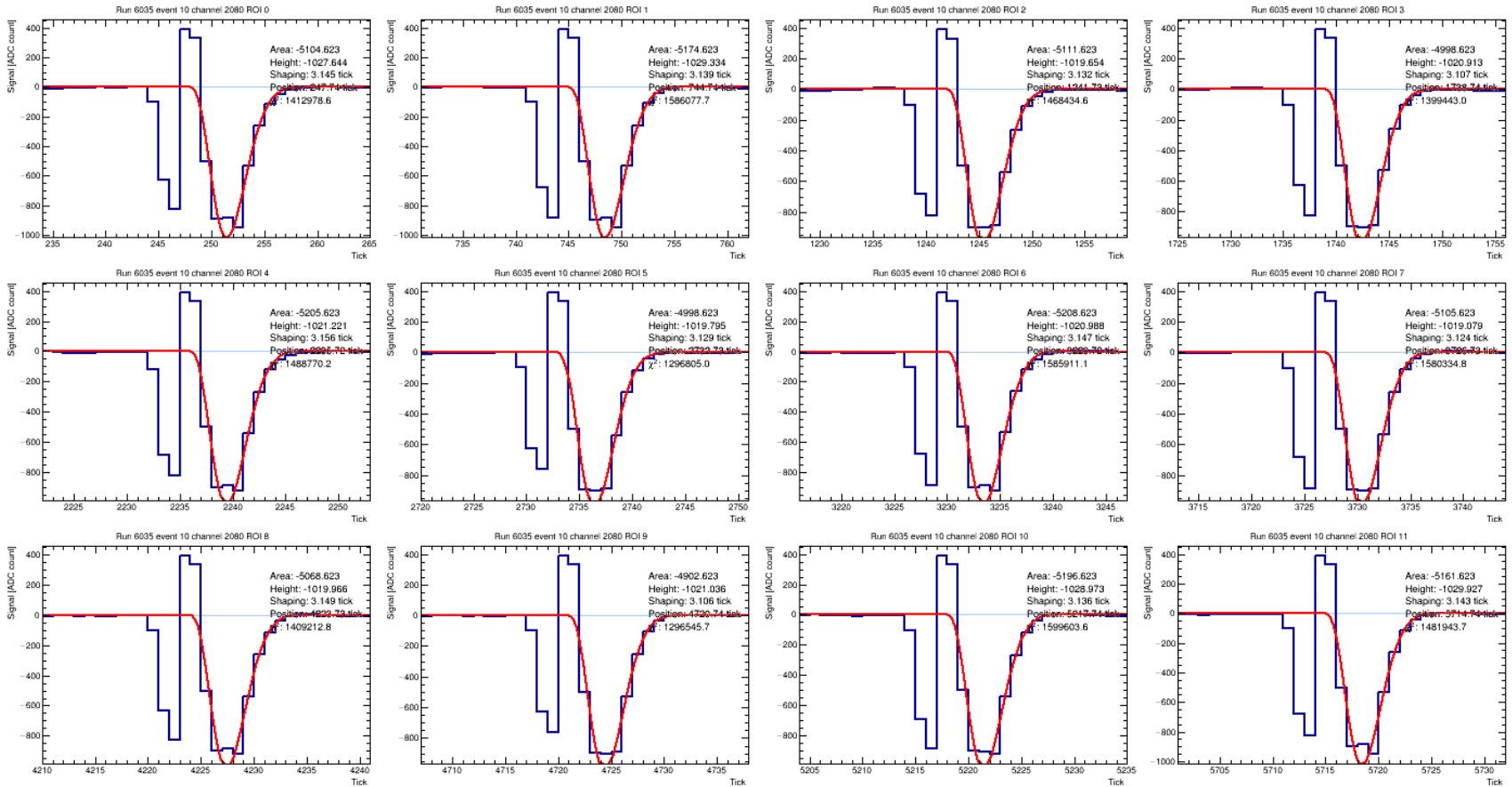


A=-15



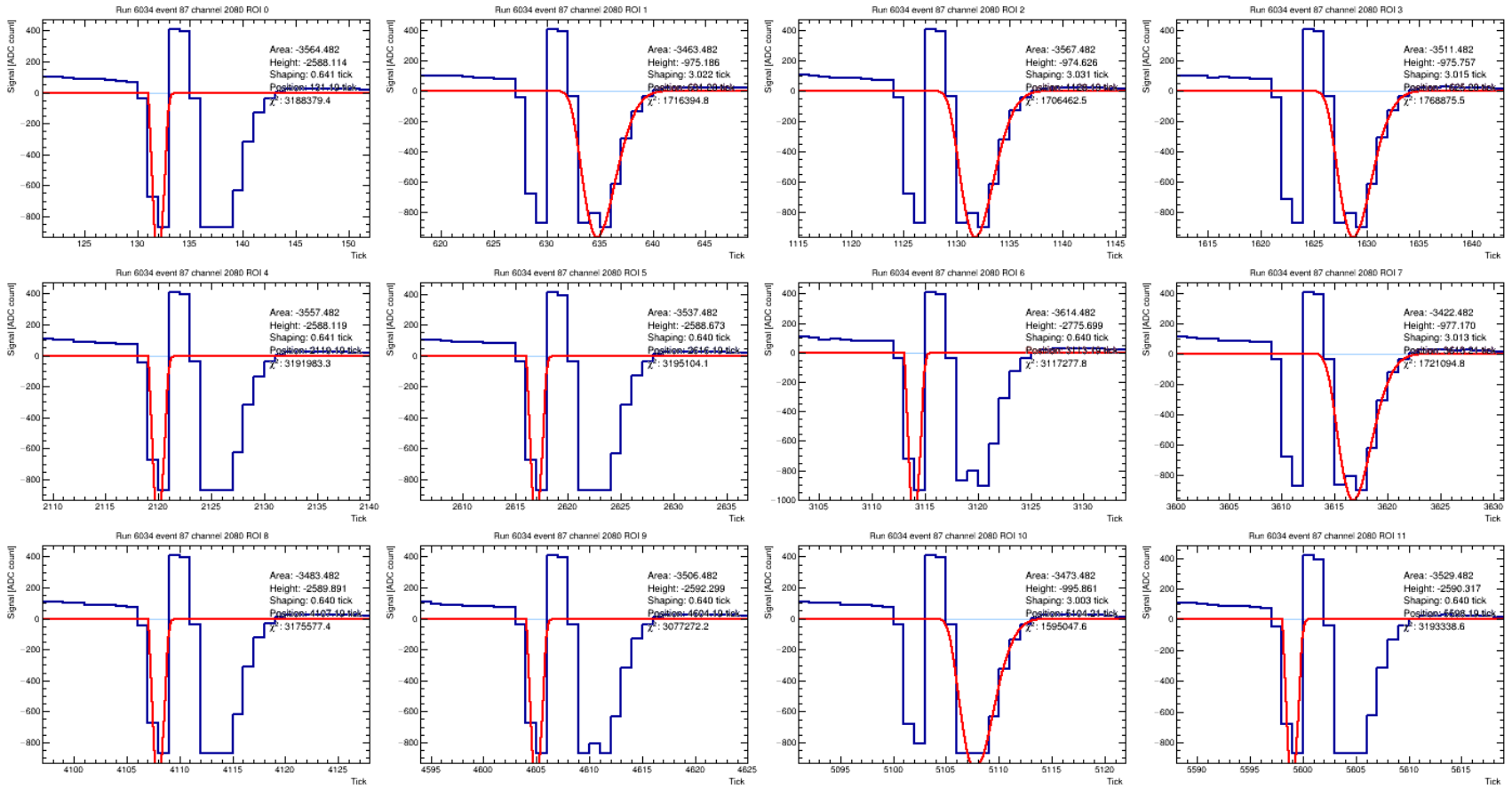
ADC response starting to show “rollback”—signals below the ADC range appear in range.

A=-18

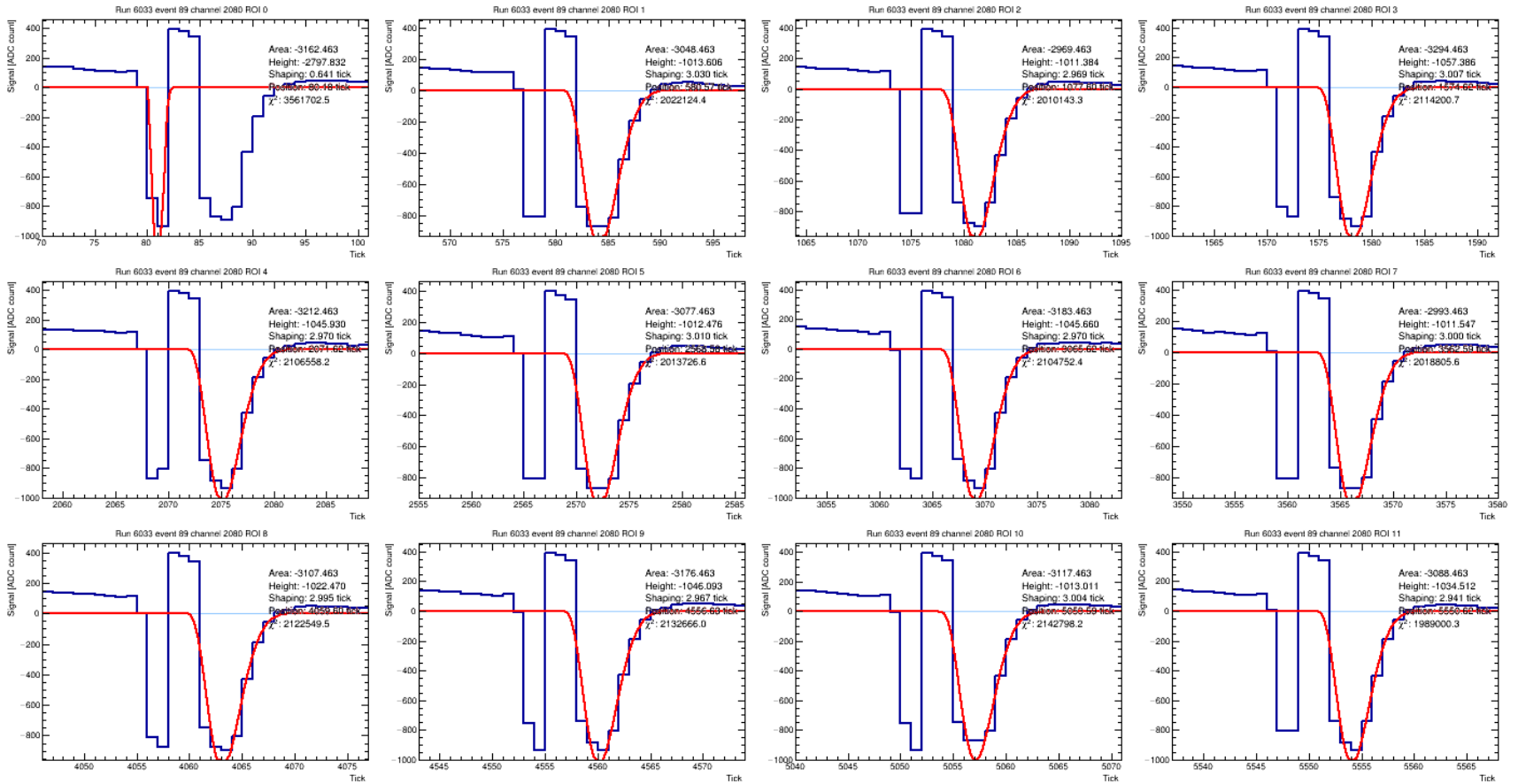


Here and beyond, the rollback is huge—past the pedestal to about +400 ADC counts, i.e. +3 MIPs.

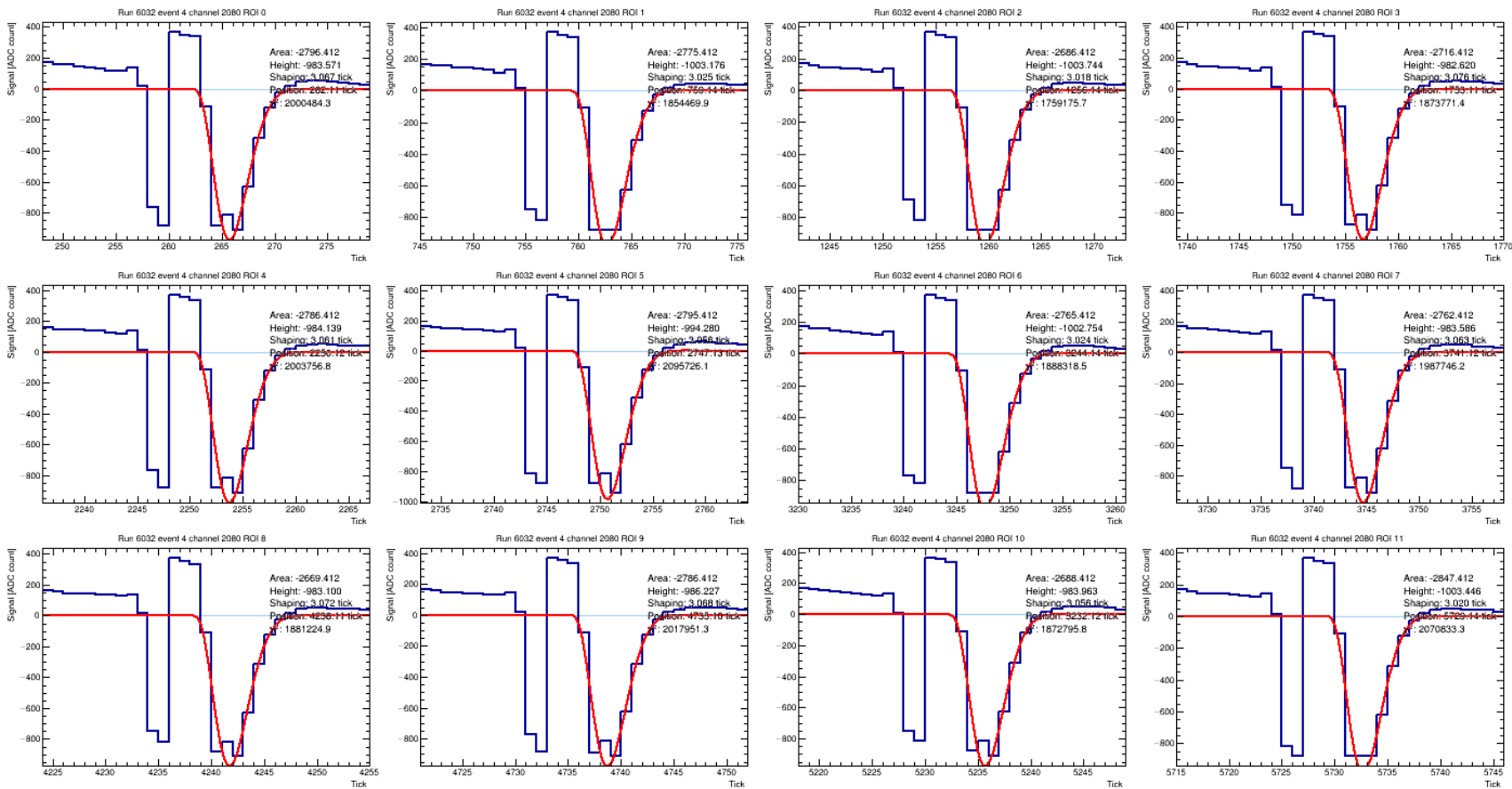
A=-21



A=-25



A=-30



Combining pulses

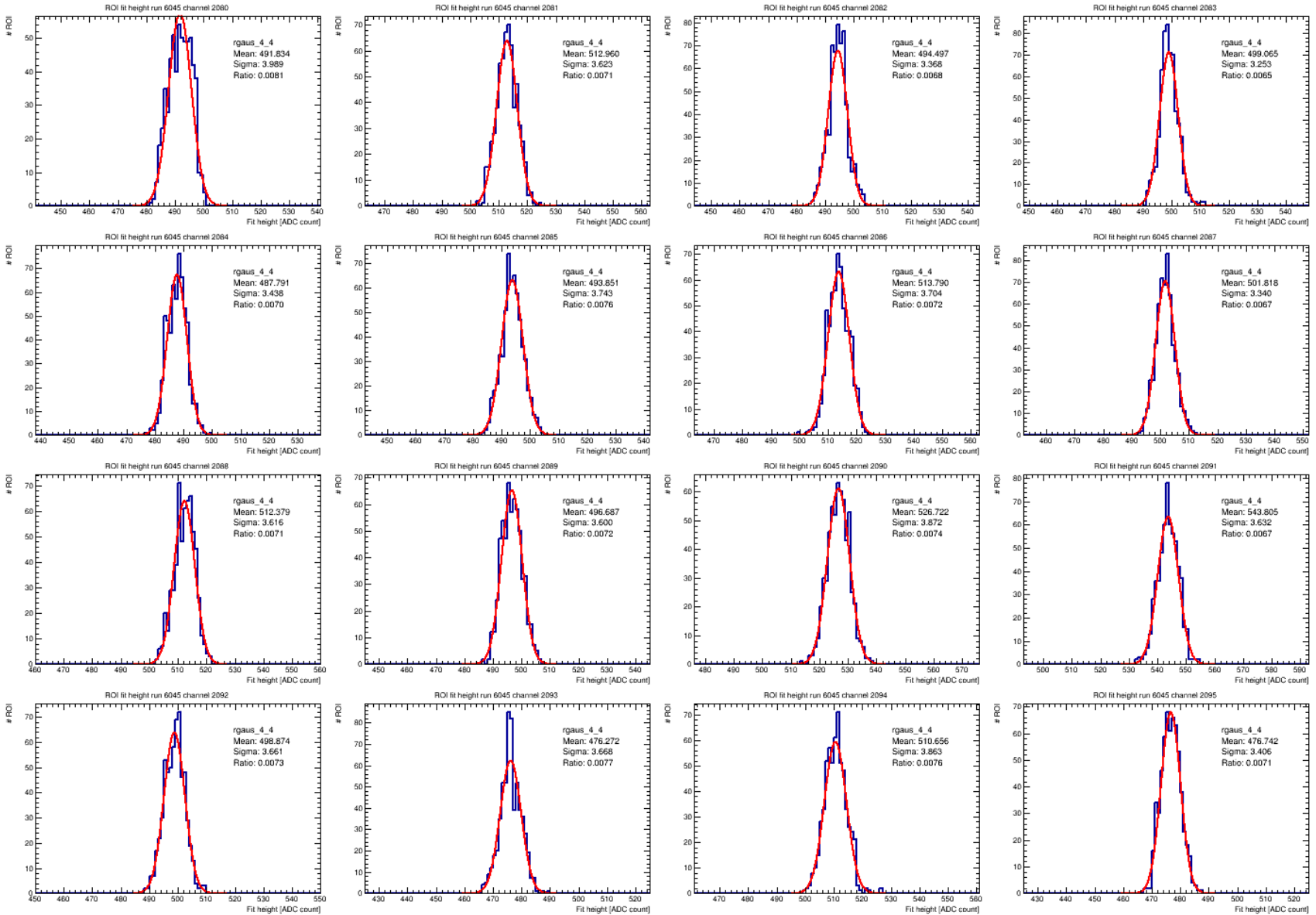
Preceding pulses are fit with CE response function

- Three fitted params: height, shaping time and position (time)
 - Also have chi-square, DOF, etc.
- For a given run, we expect the same height and shaping for all pulses and expect to find pulses at regular intervals

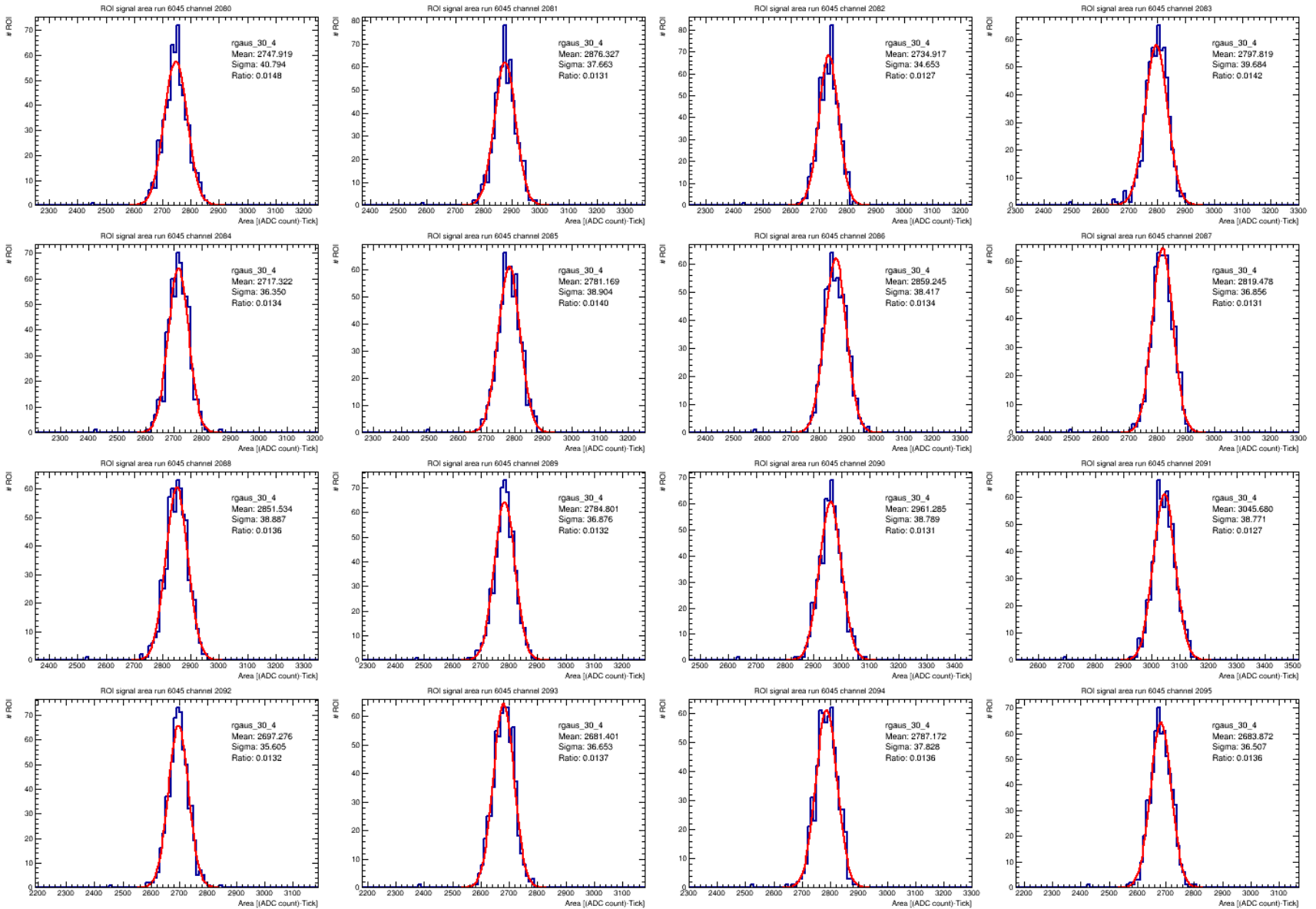
Summary histograms

- AdcRoiViewer makes summary histograms
- One entry per pulse for any of the pulse fit parameters
 - Can also histogram other metrics
 - E.g. pulse area used for calibration
- Summary histograms can be fit
 - With gaussian or truncated RMS (Dec protoDUNE sim/reco mtg)
 - Result of fit is a mean and RMS/sigma
- Many examples of summary histograms may be found at
 - <http://internal.dunescience.org/people/dladams/protodune/data/pulser/sums/>
 - Follow links to sign/threshold, run, and plot type (hfh=height, hsa=area)

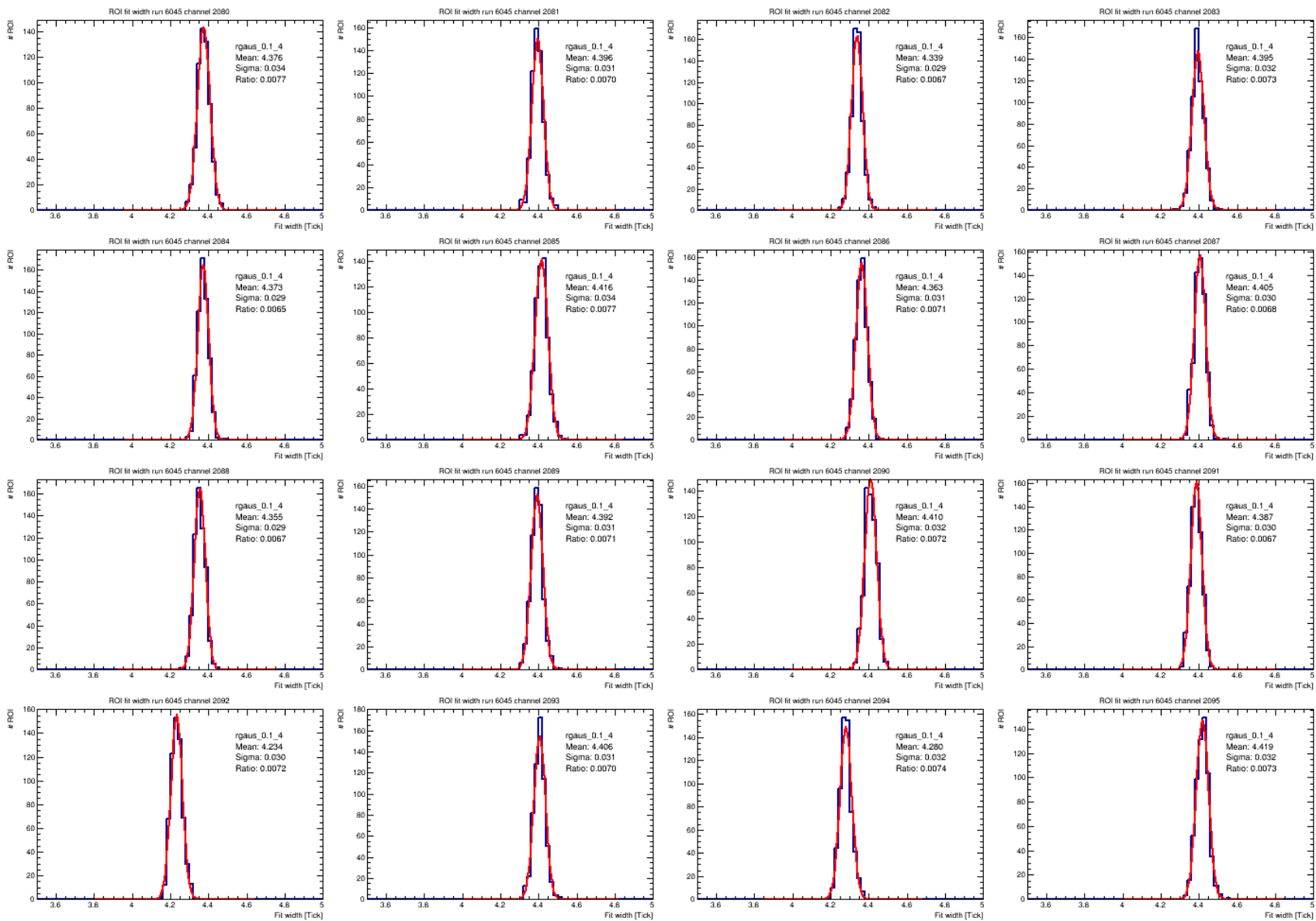
Example fitted height summaries



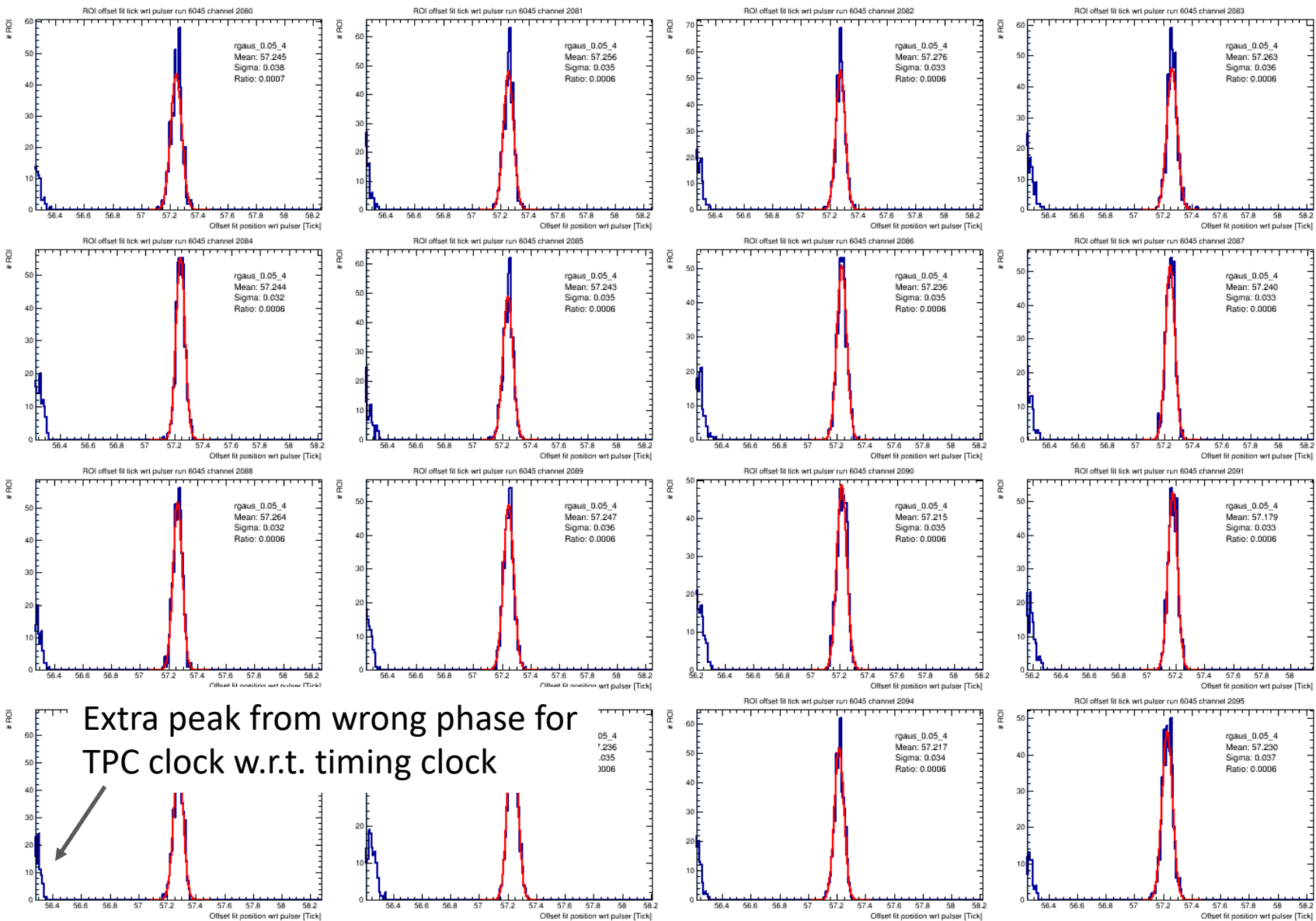
Example fitted area summaries



Example fitted shaping summaries



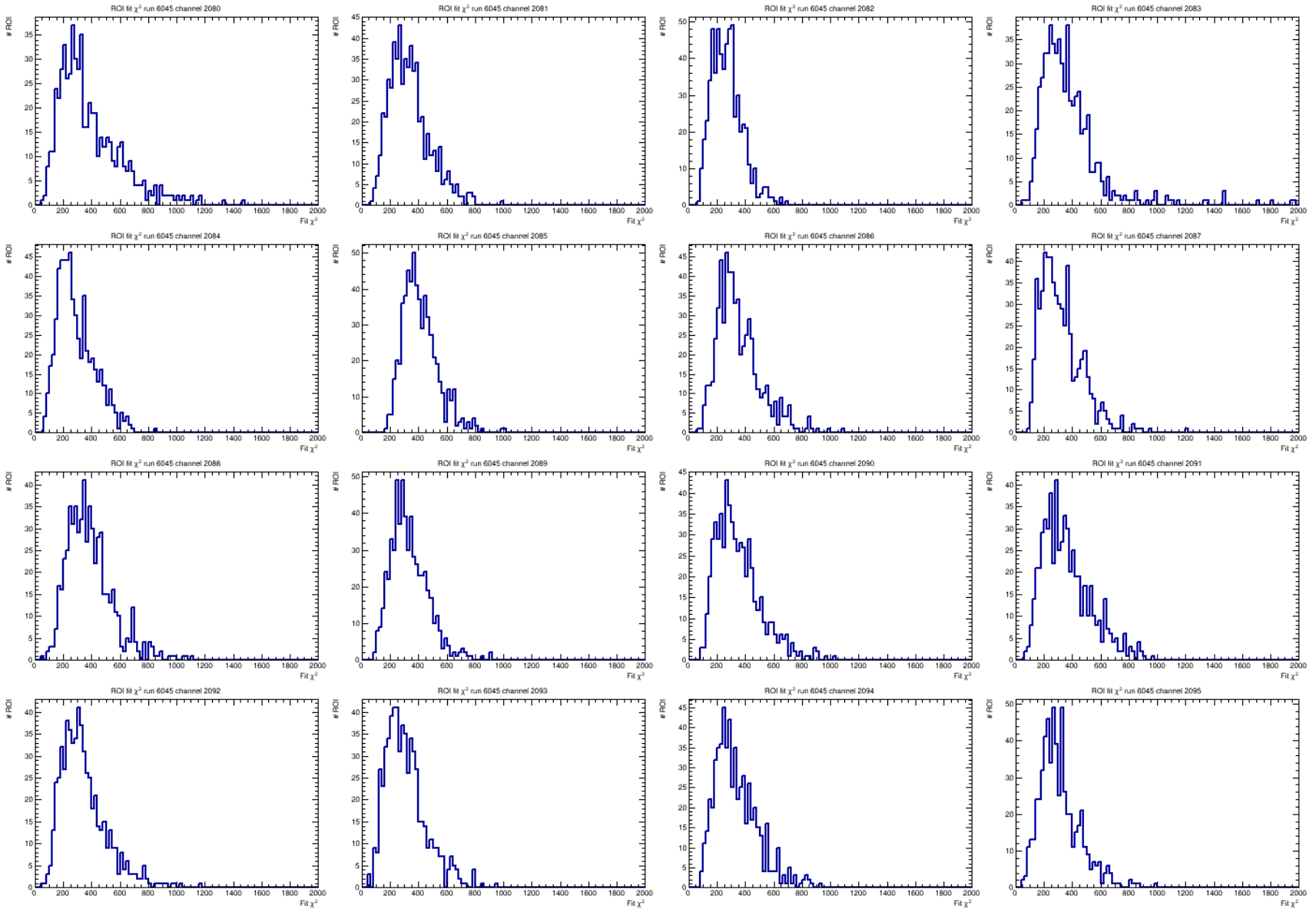
Example fitted position/time summaries



Extra peak from wrong phase for TPC clock w.r.t. timing clock



Example fit chi-square summaries



Combining pulse summaries

I have many summary histograms

- Examples on preceding pages
- For one variable and one collection plane:
 - (2 charge signs) (16 pulser settings) (480 channels) = 15k plots

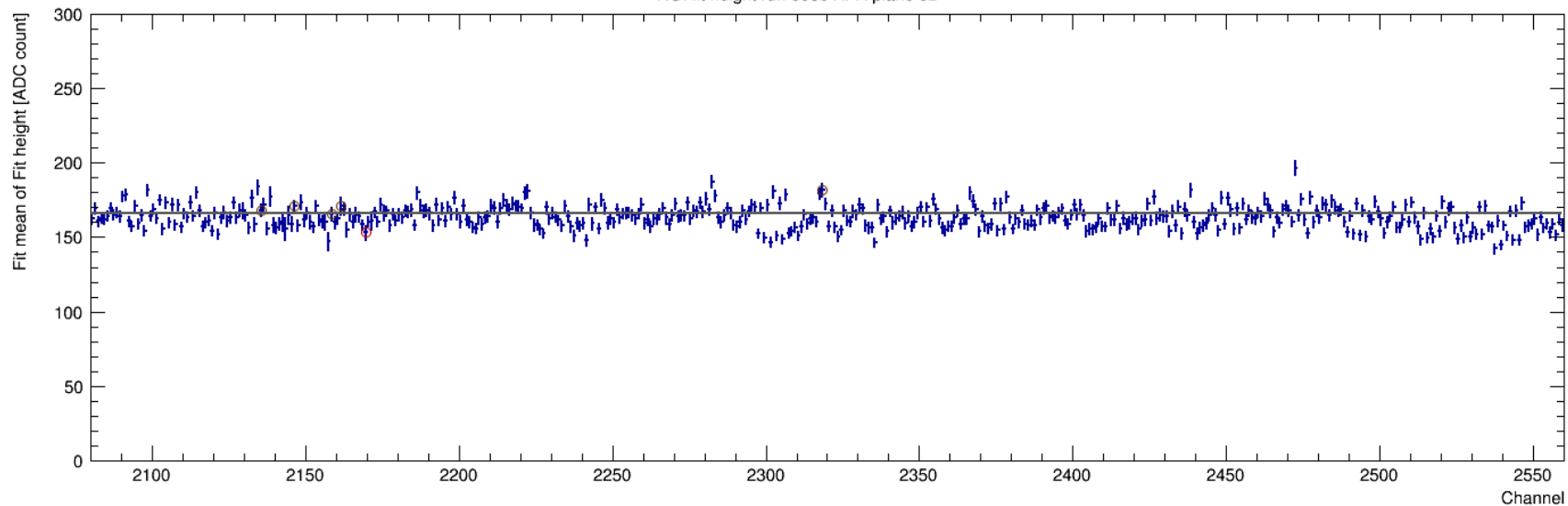
Channel summary plots

- Extract a feature, e.g. the mean, from each summary plot
 - When mean is shown, error bars are the corresponding sigma/RMS
 - Actual error on mean is \sqrt{N} = 20 times smaller
- Plot feature vs. channel for each sign and pulser setting
 - Pulser setting denote by A
 - Value is roughly in MIPs
- Some of these plots follow
 - For the December pulser data
 - External pulser and HV off

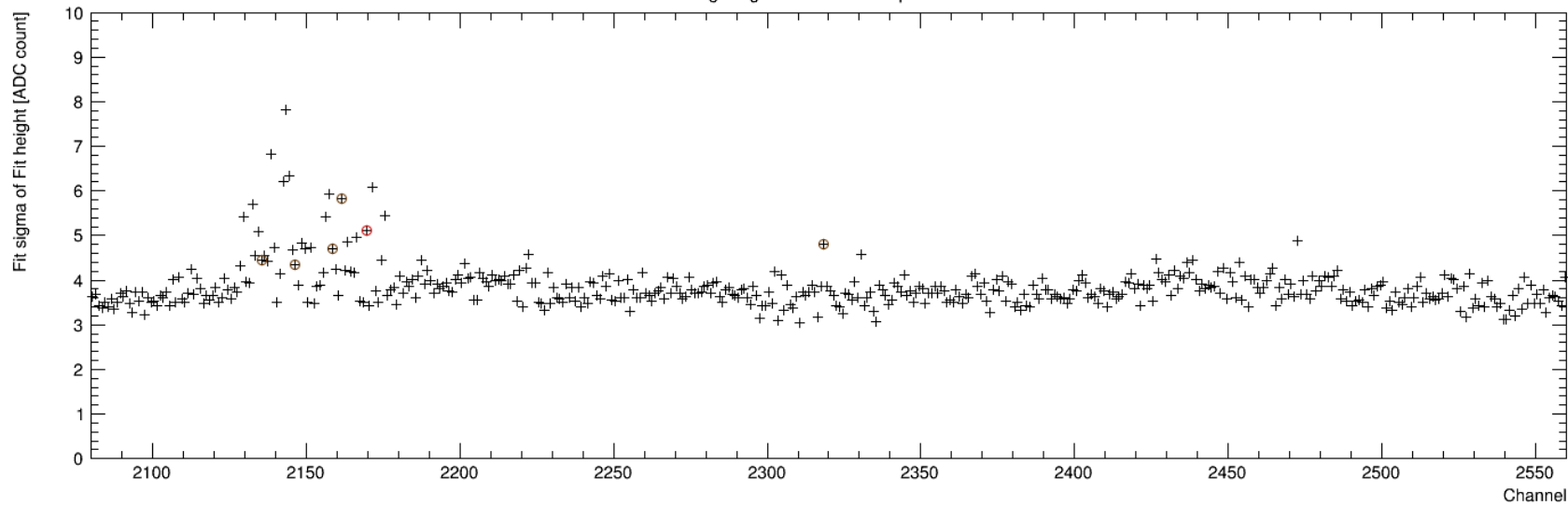
ROI fitted heights

A=1 Fitted height

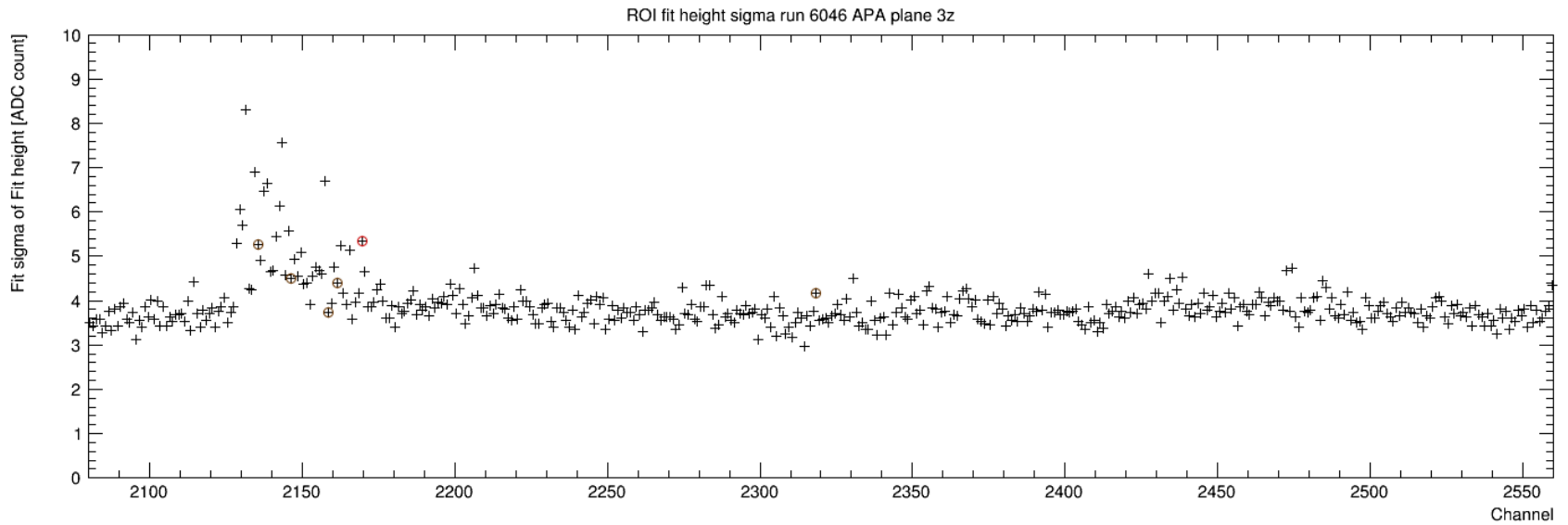
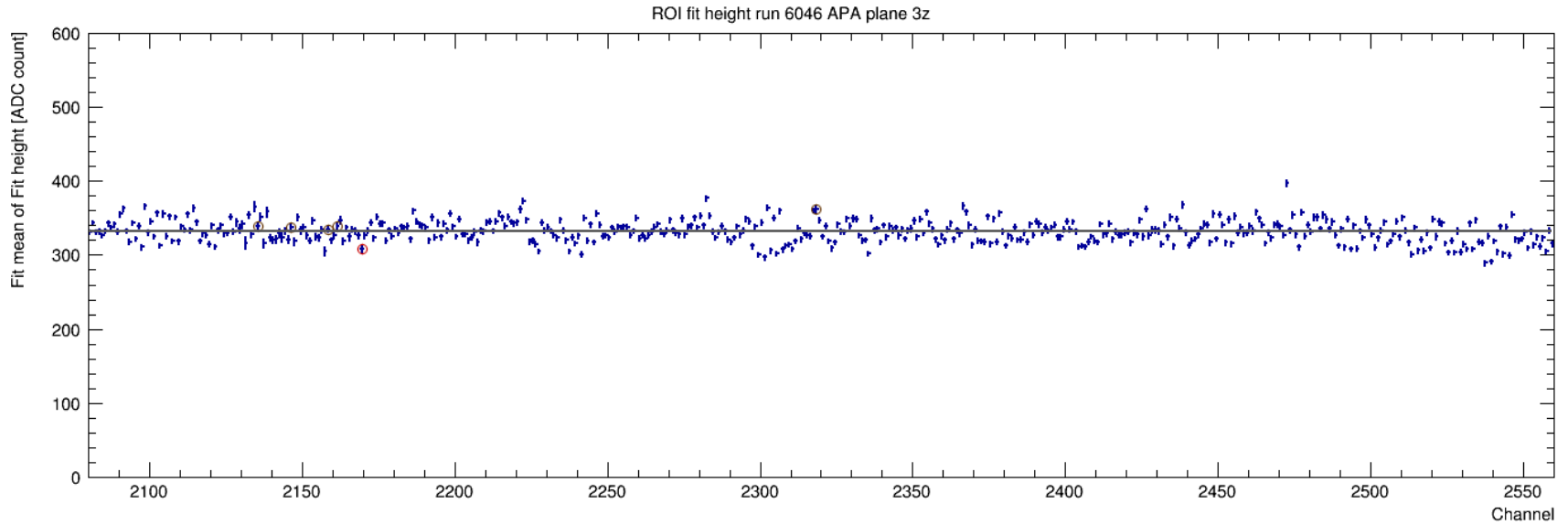
ROI fit height run 6068 APA plane 3z



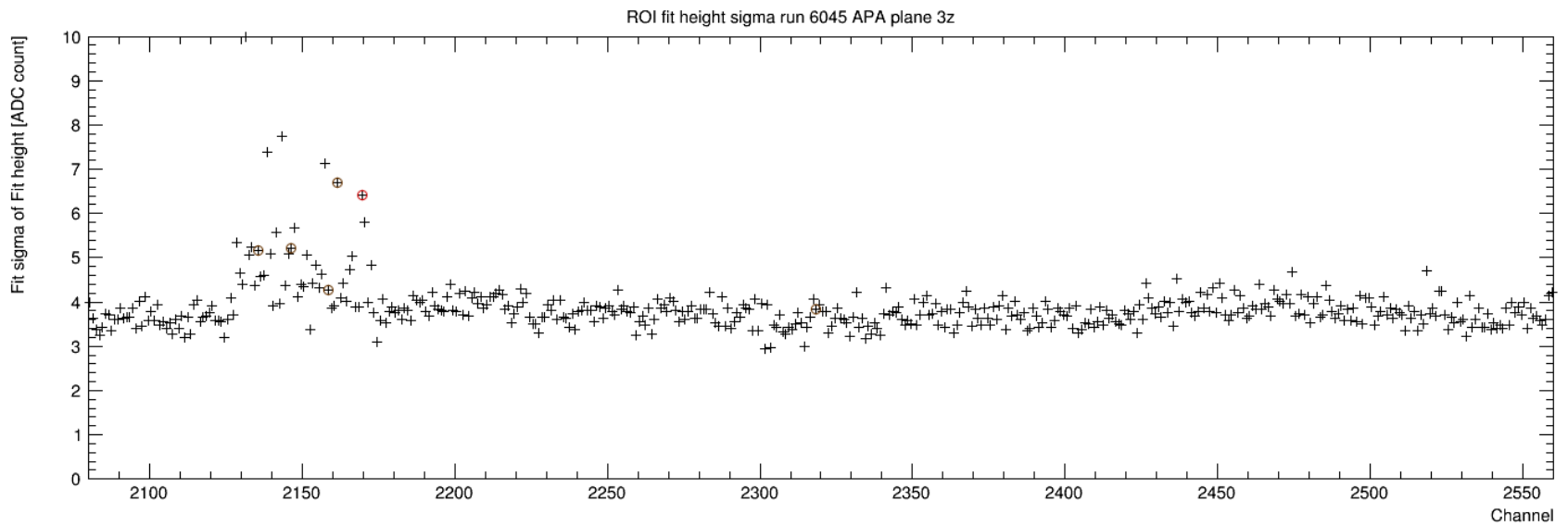
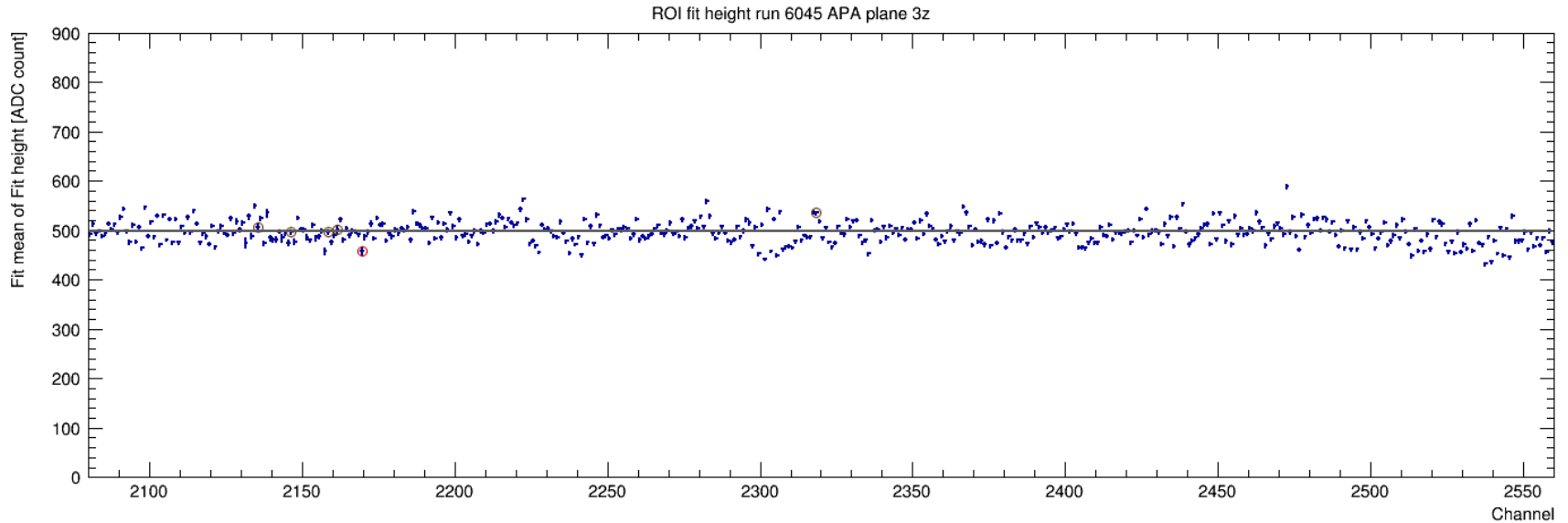
ROI fit height sigma run 6068 APA plane 3z



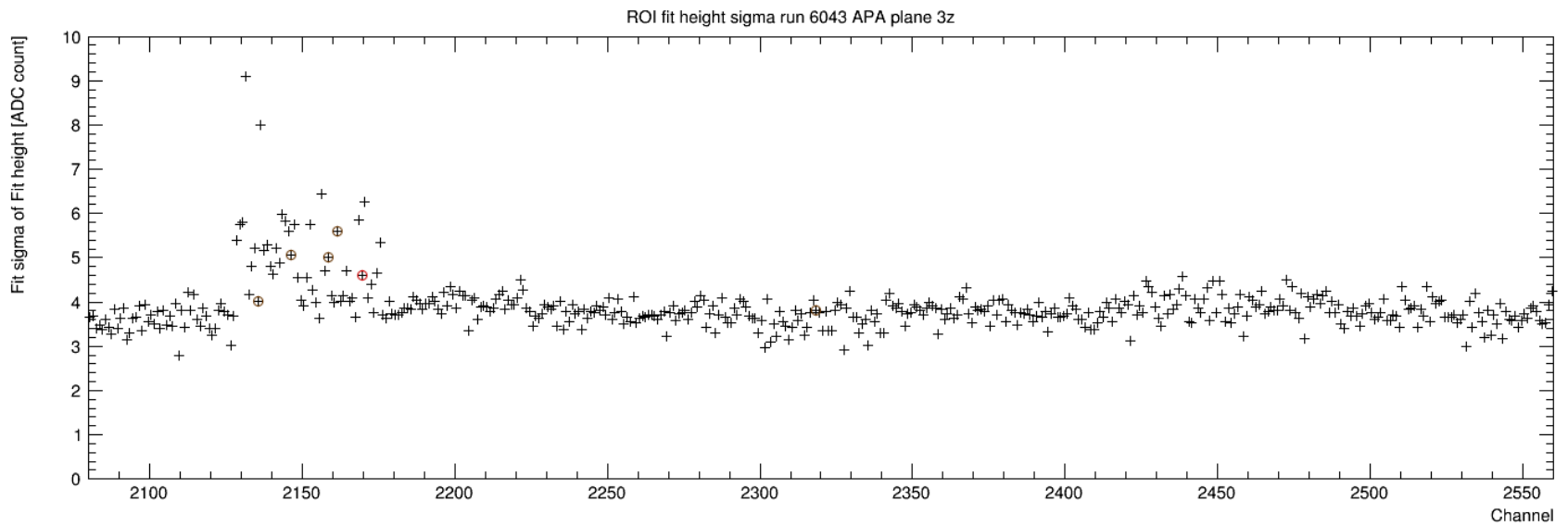
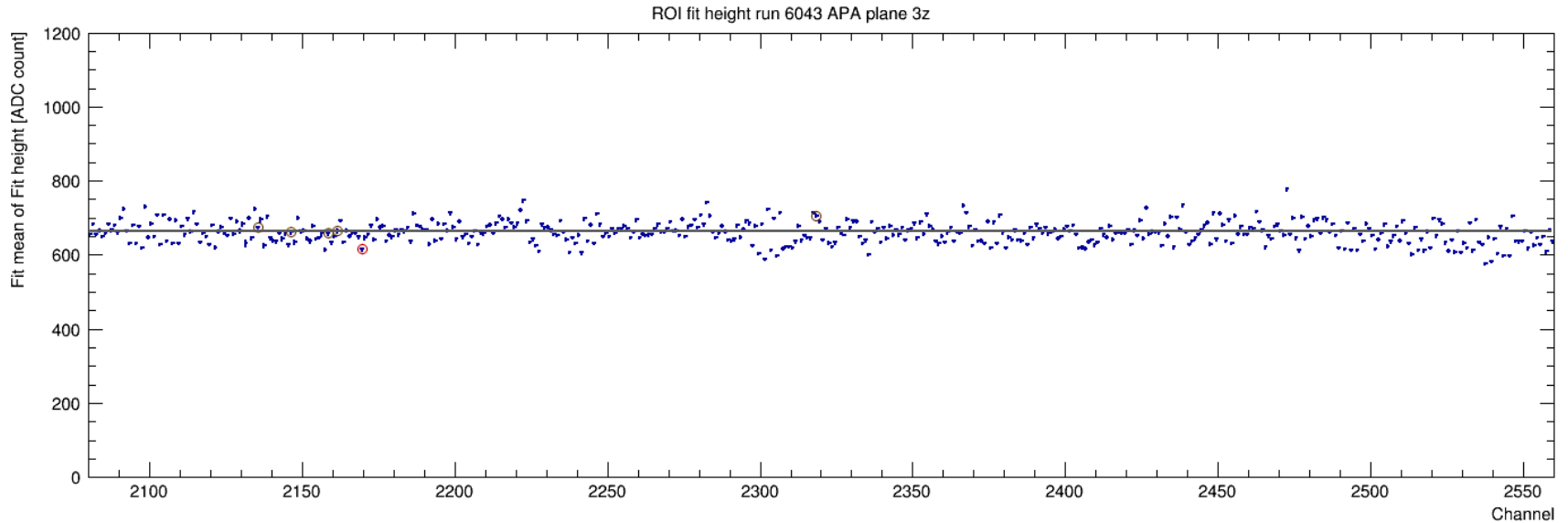
A=2 Fitted height



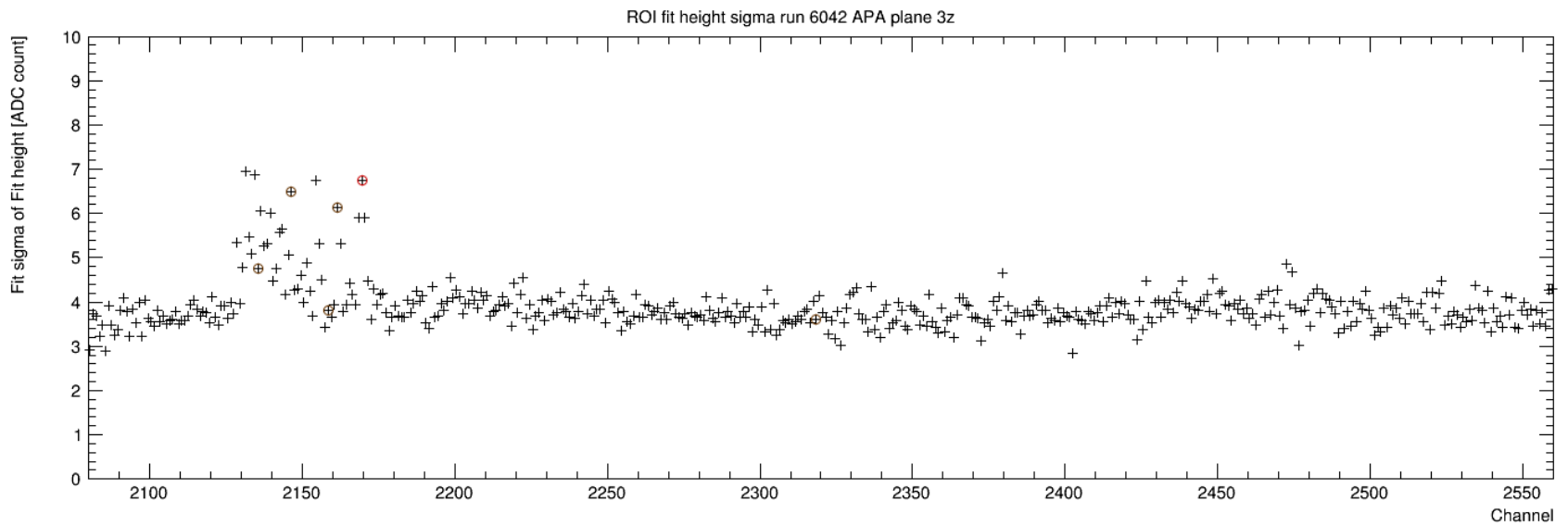
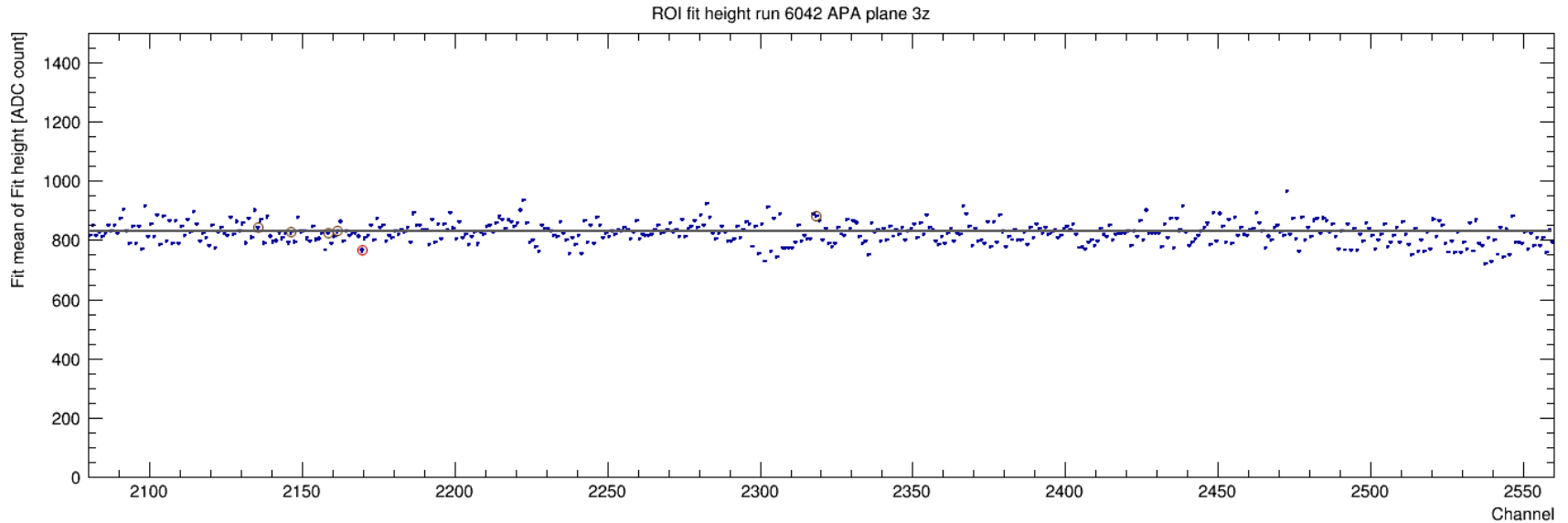
A=3 Fitted height



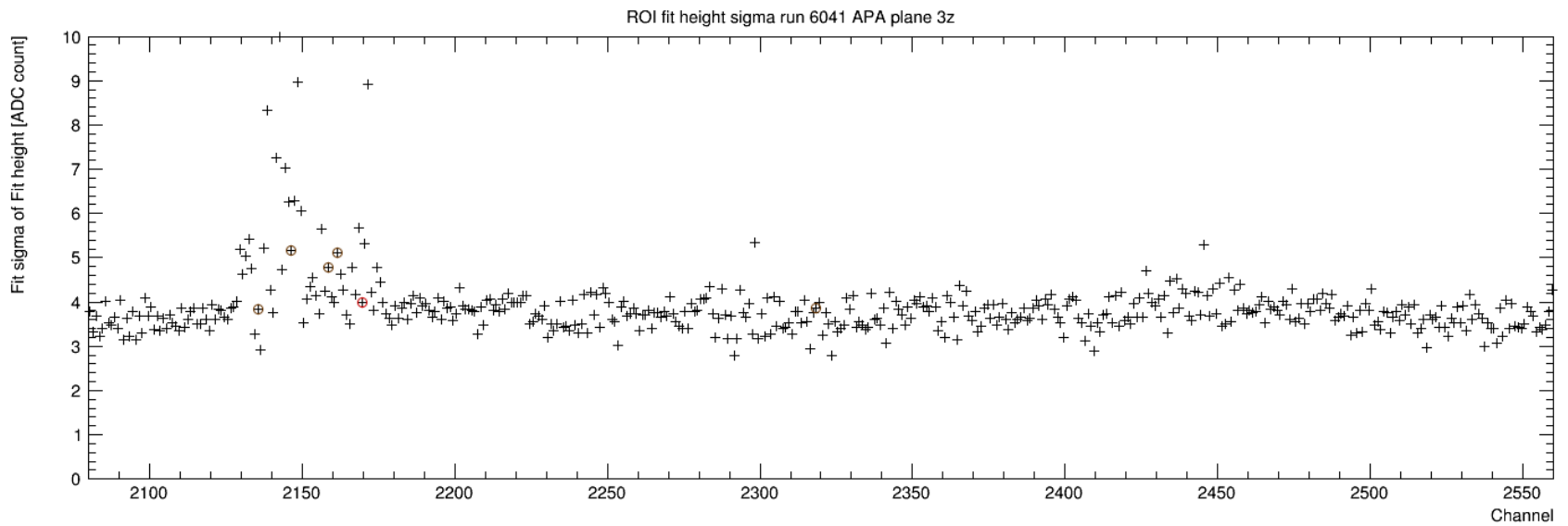
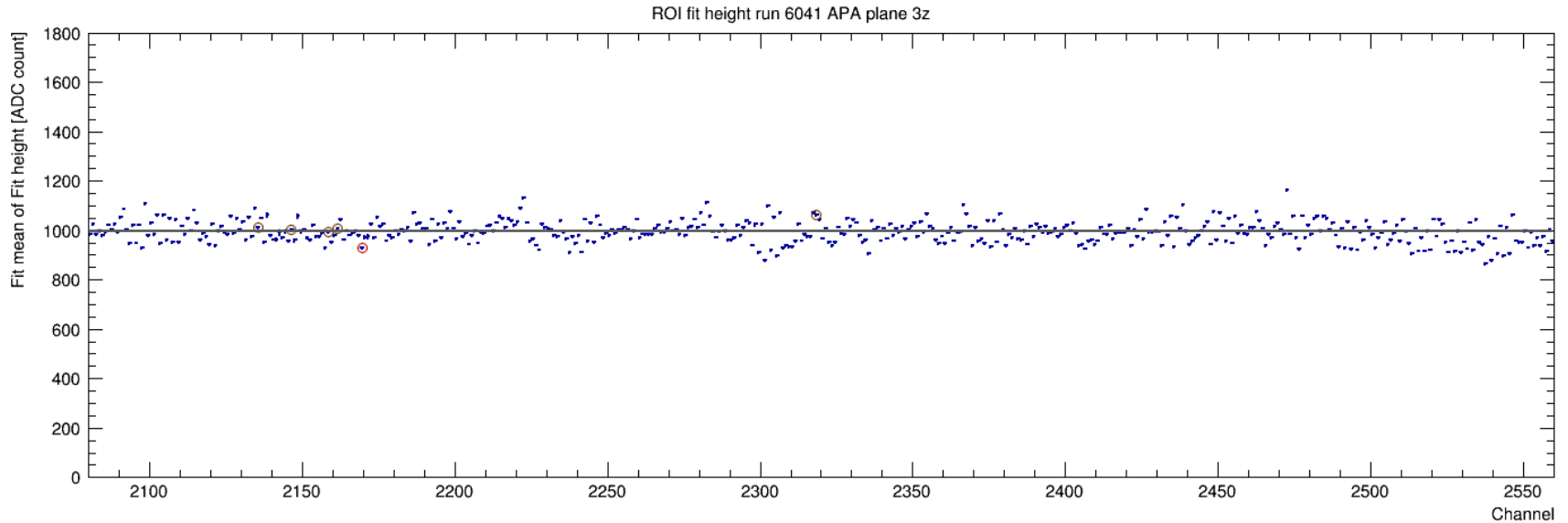
A=4 Fitted height



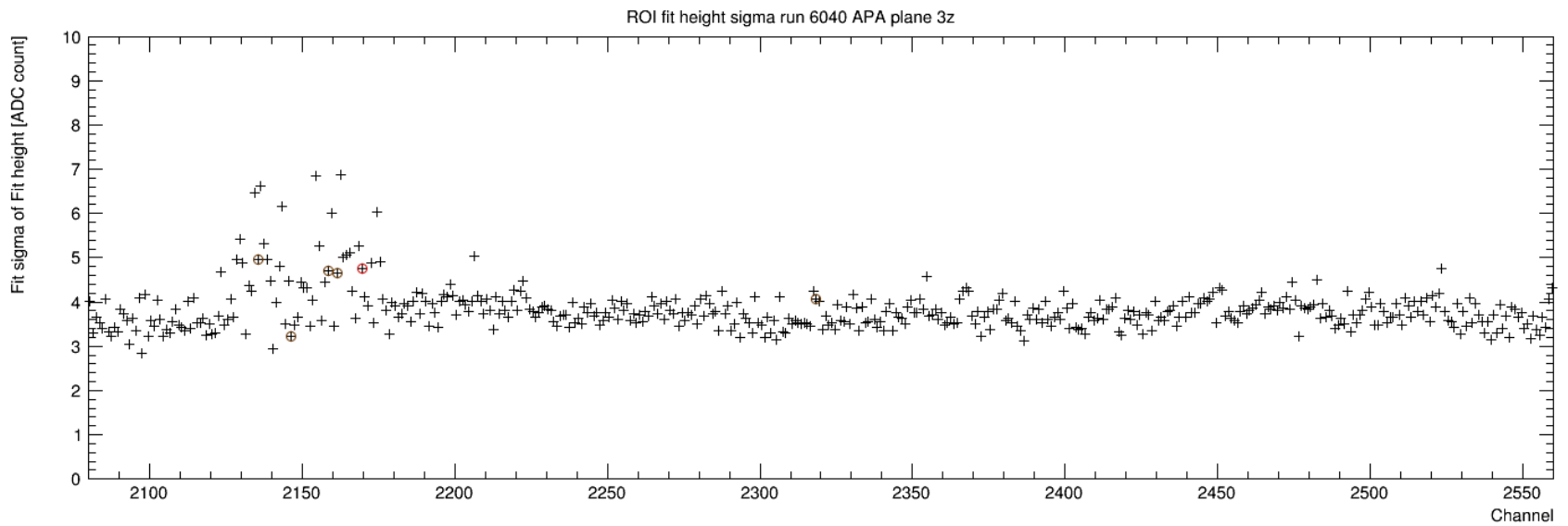
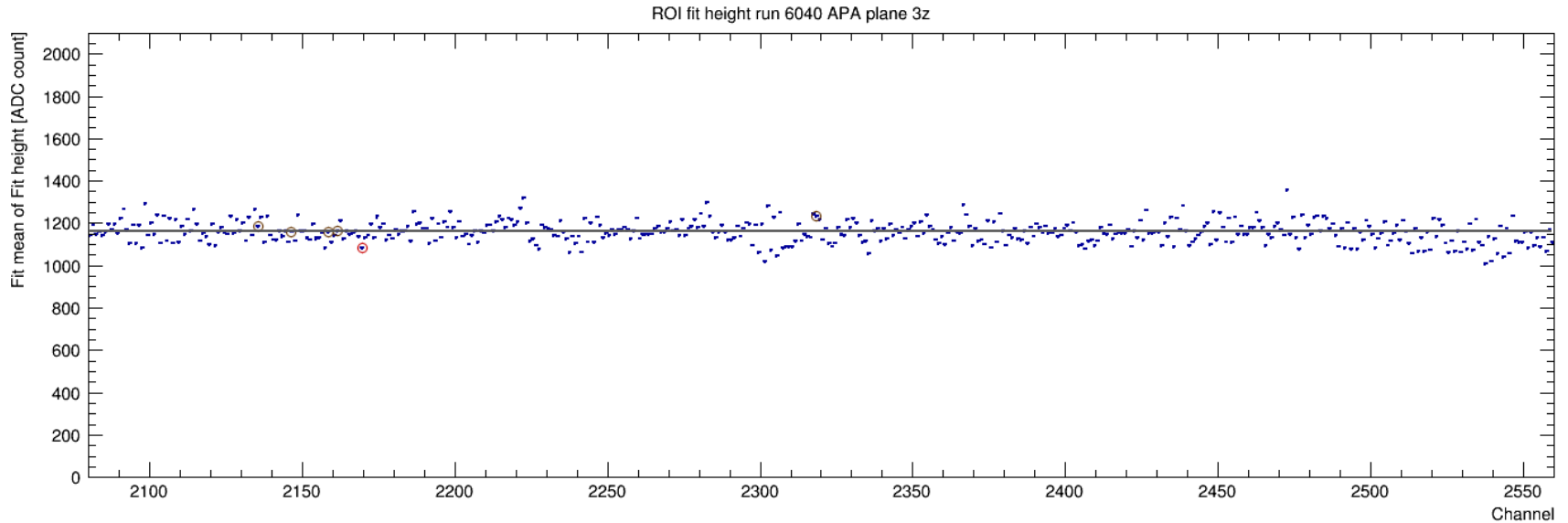
A=5 Fitted height



A=6 Fitted height

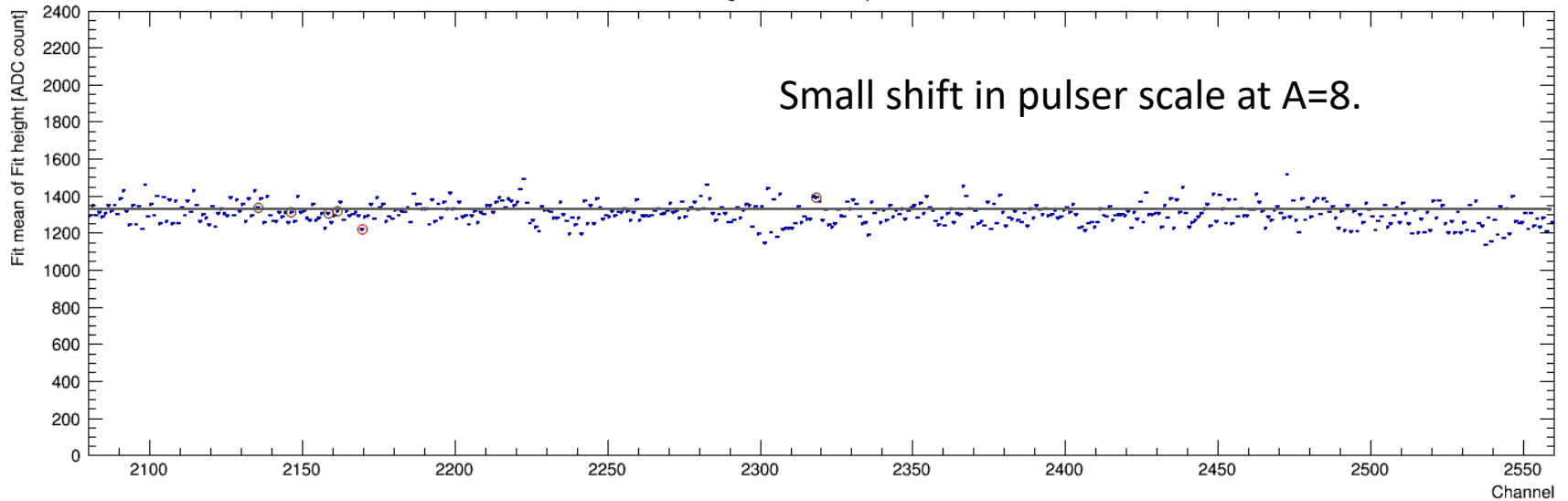


A=7 Fitted height

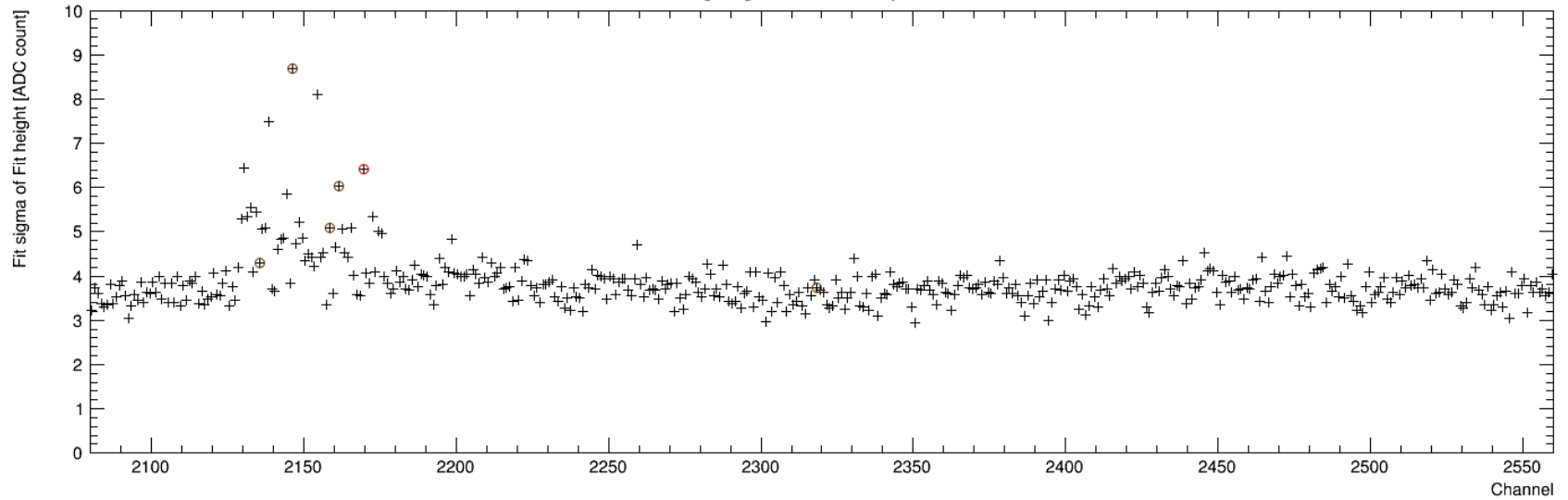


A=8 Fitted height

ROI fit height run 6039 APA plane 3z

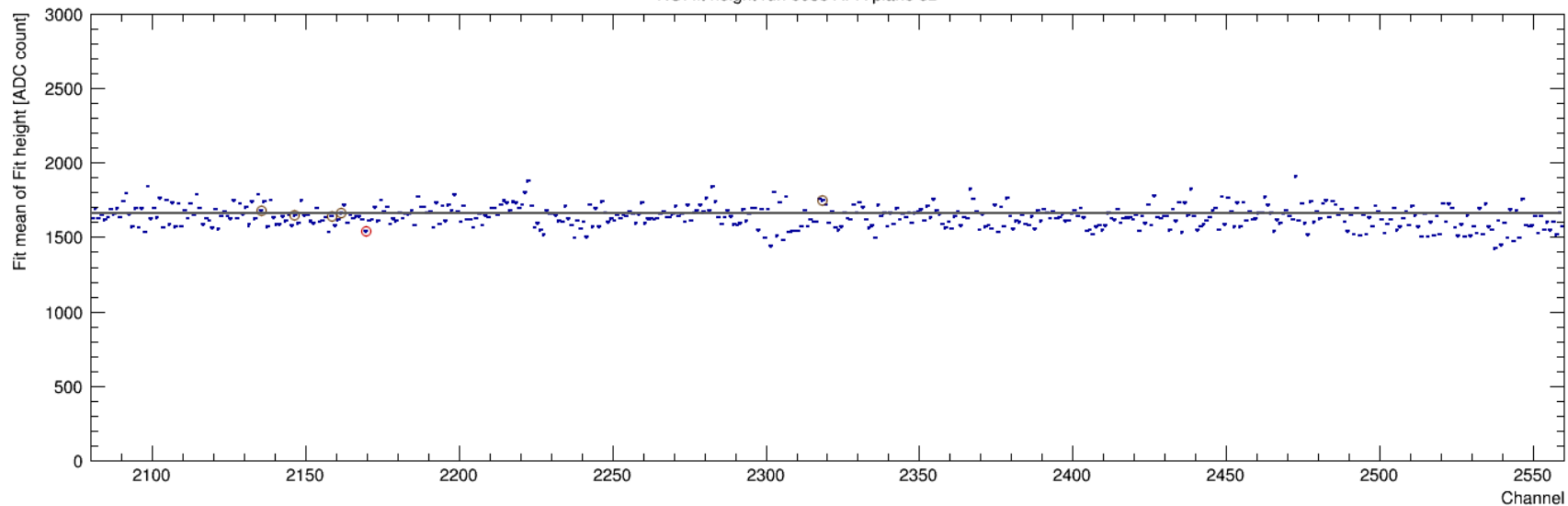


ROI fit height sigma run 6039 APA plane 3z

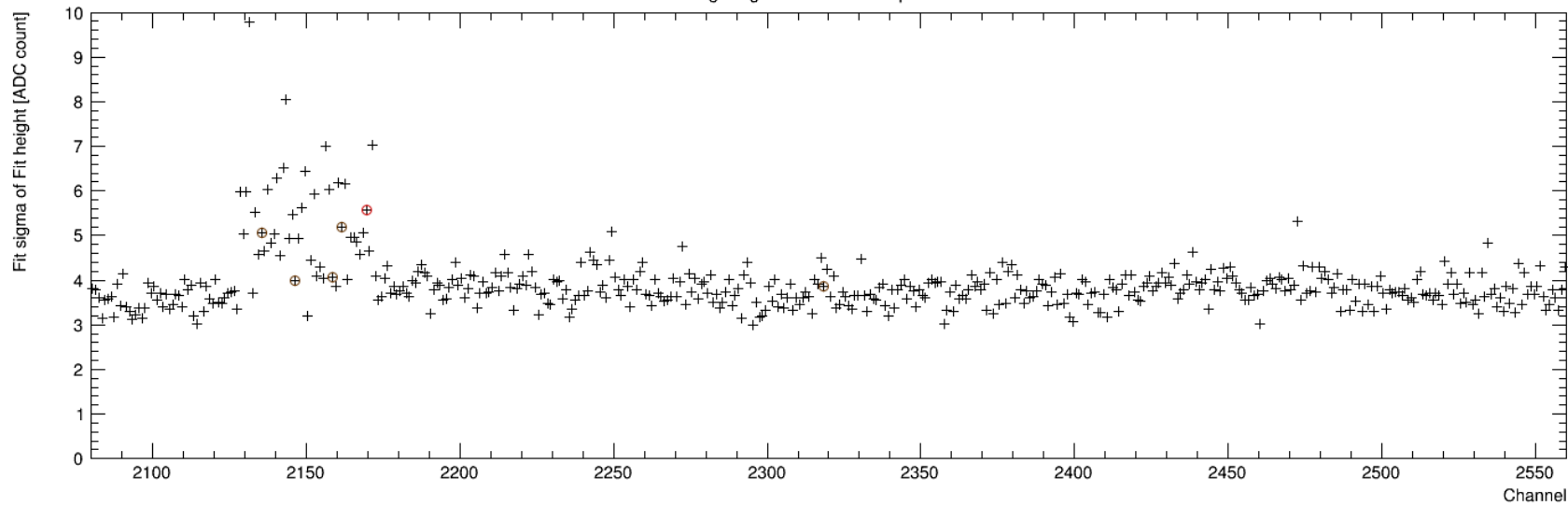


A=10 Fitted height

ROI fit height run 6038 APA plane 3z

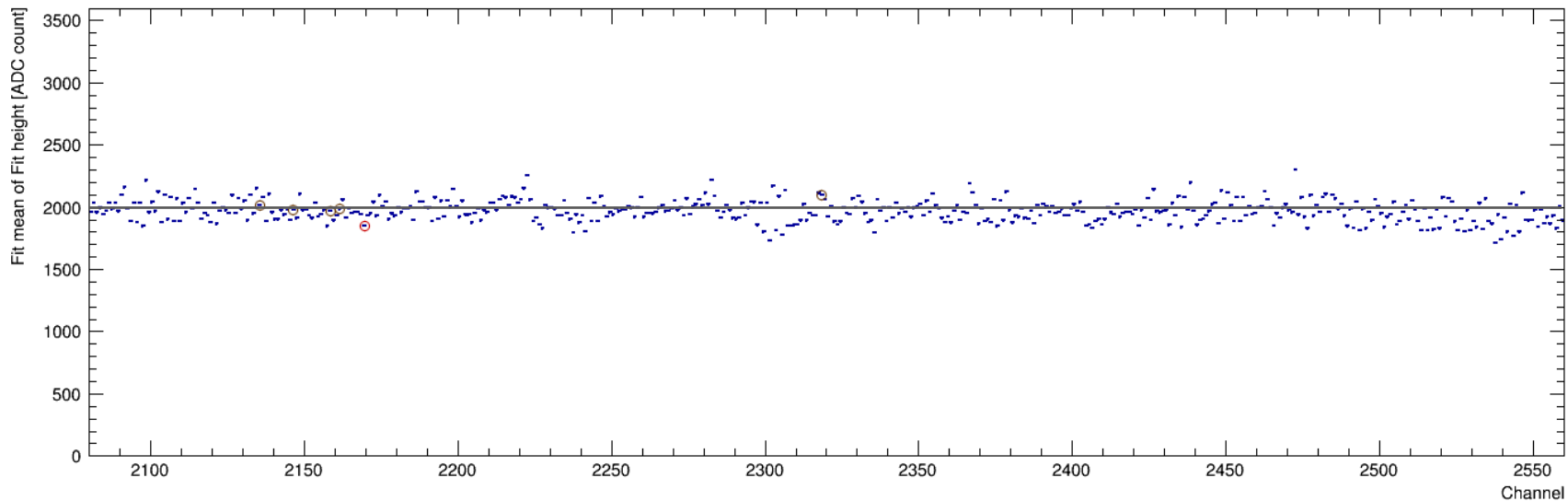


ROI fit height sigma run 6038 APA plane 3z

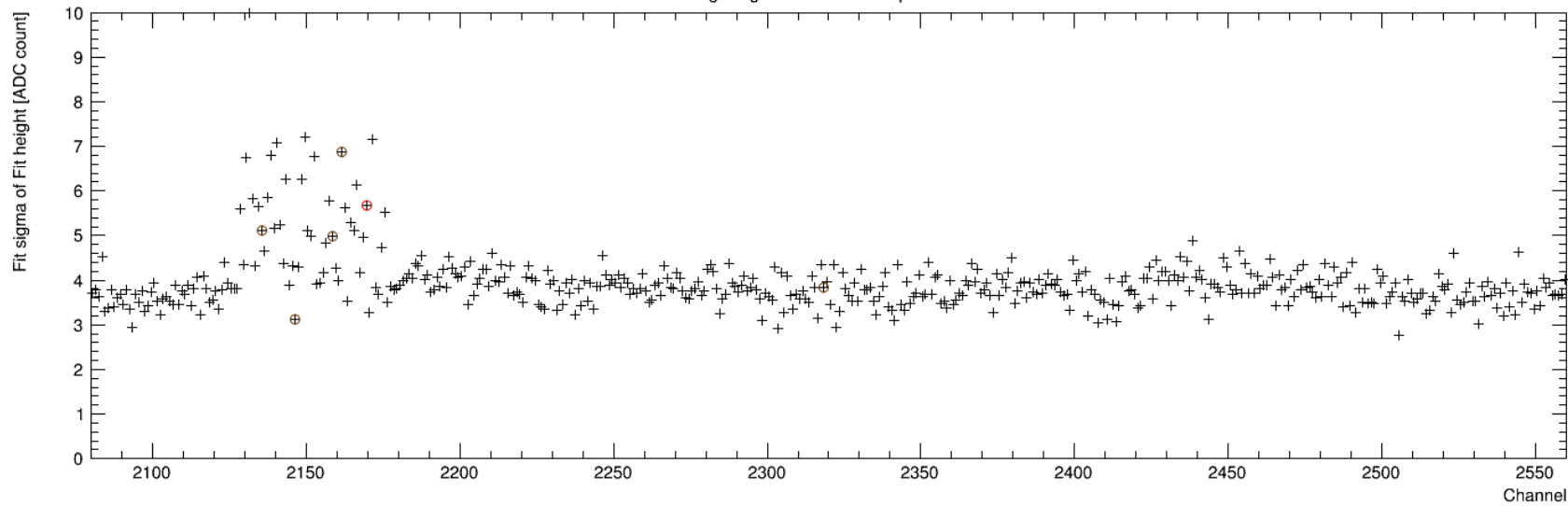


A=12 Fitted height

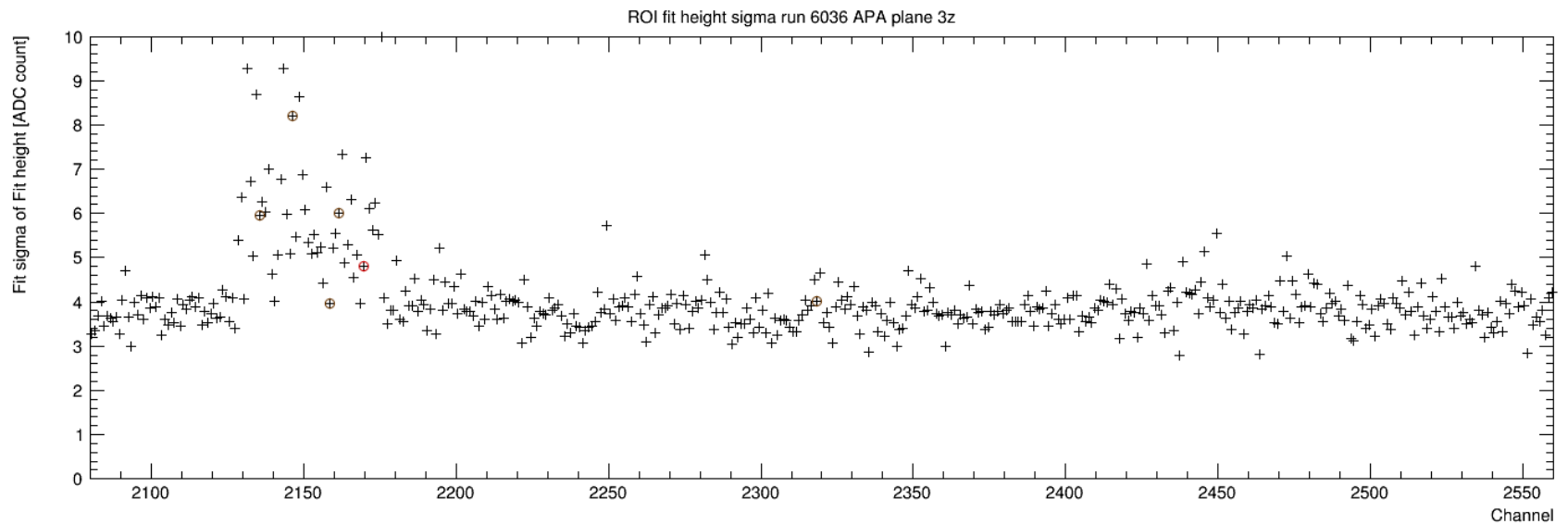
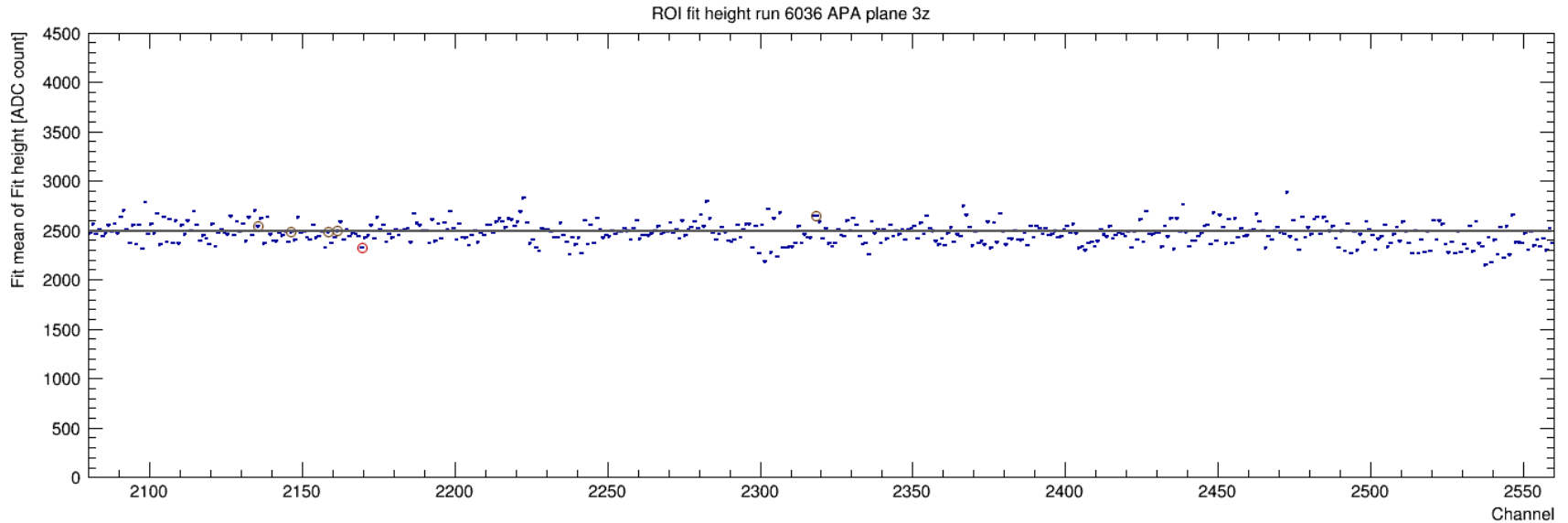
ROI fit height run 6037 APA plane 3z



ROI fit height sigma run 6037 APA plane 3z

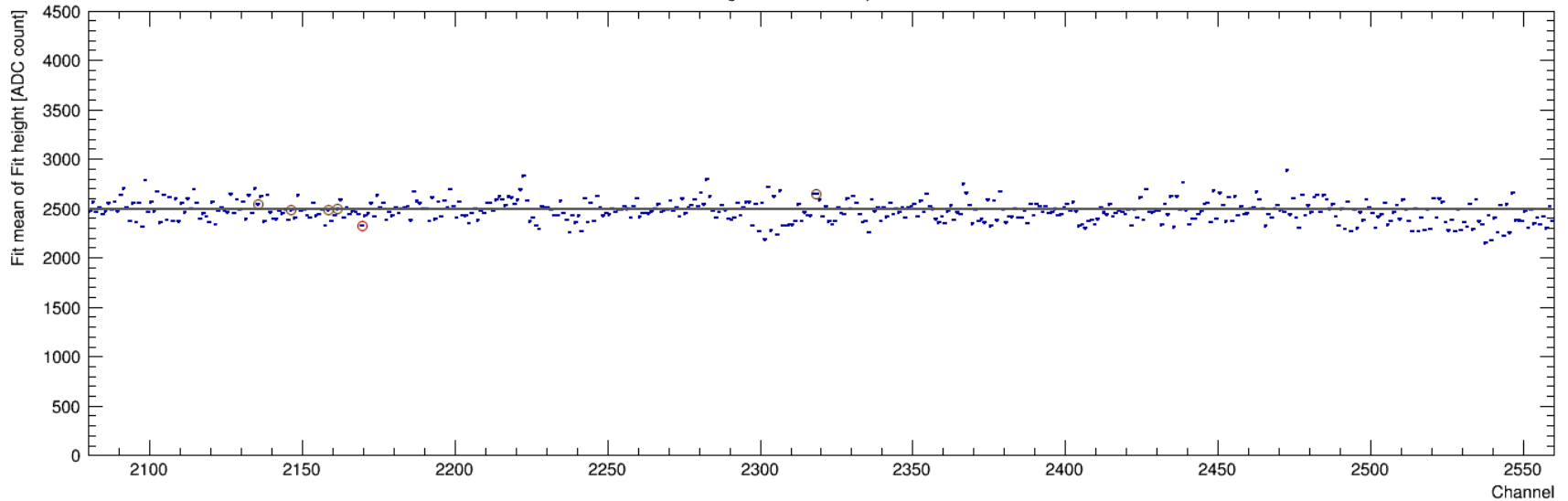


A=15 Fitted height (low threshold)

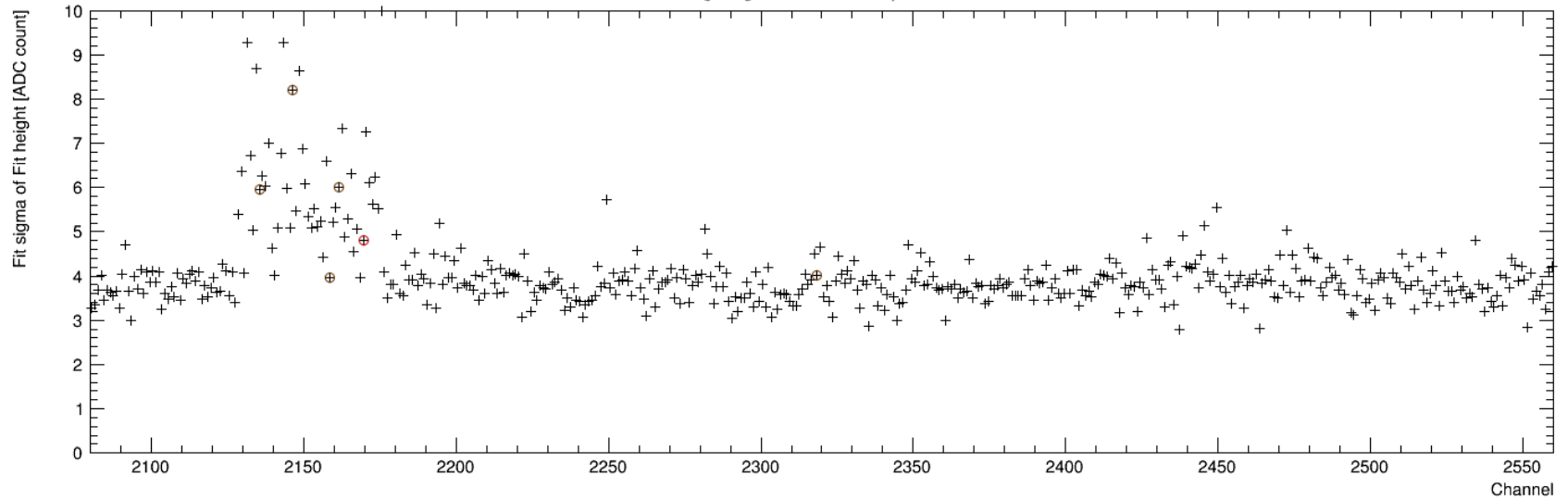


A=15 Fitted height (high threshold)

ROI fit height run 6036 APA plane 3z

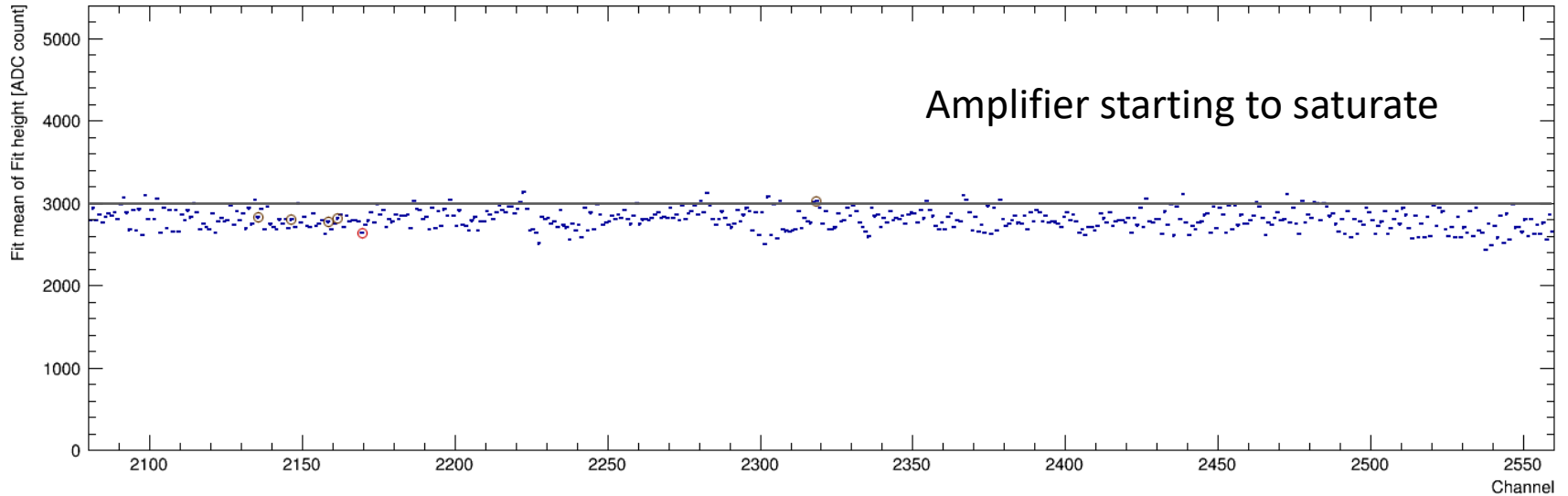


ROI fit height sigma run 6036 APA plane 3z

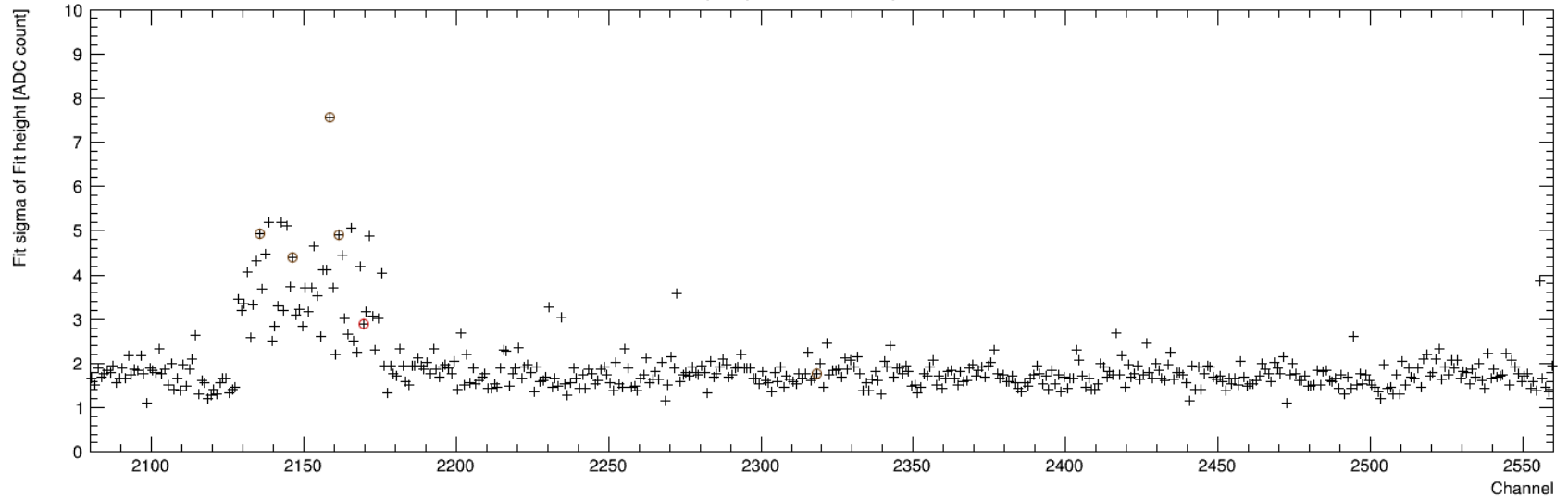


A=18 Fitted height (low threshold)

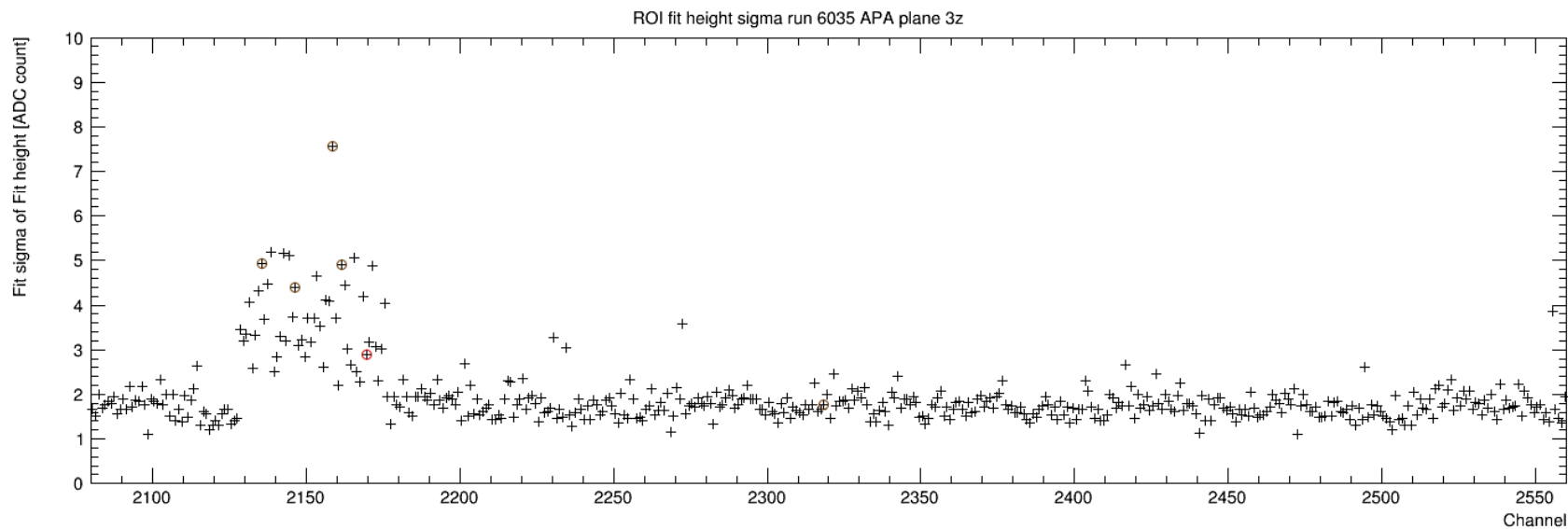
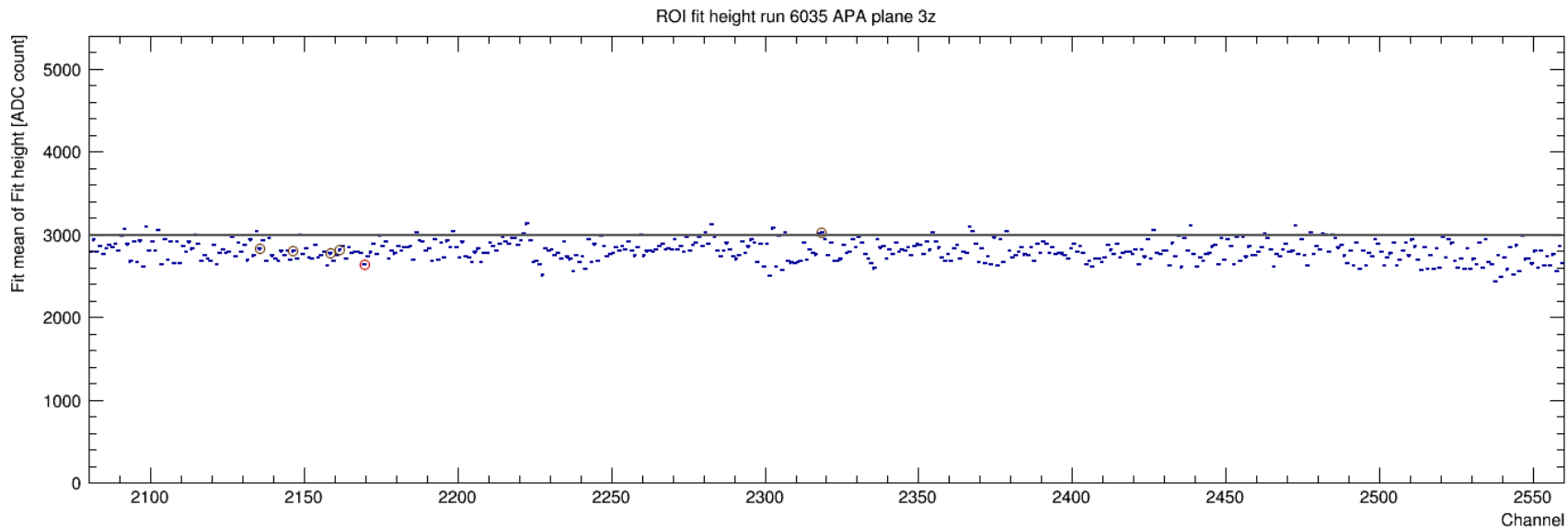
ROI fit height run 6035 APA plane 3z



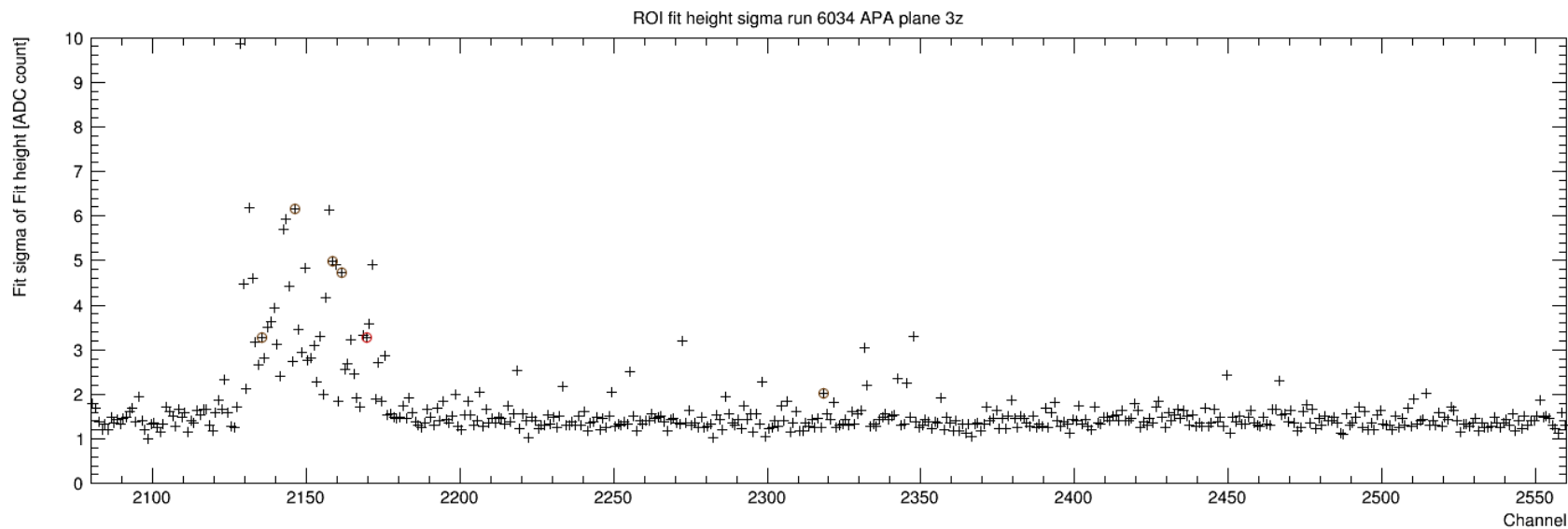
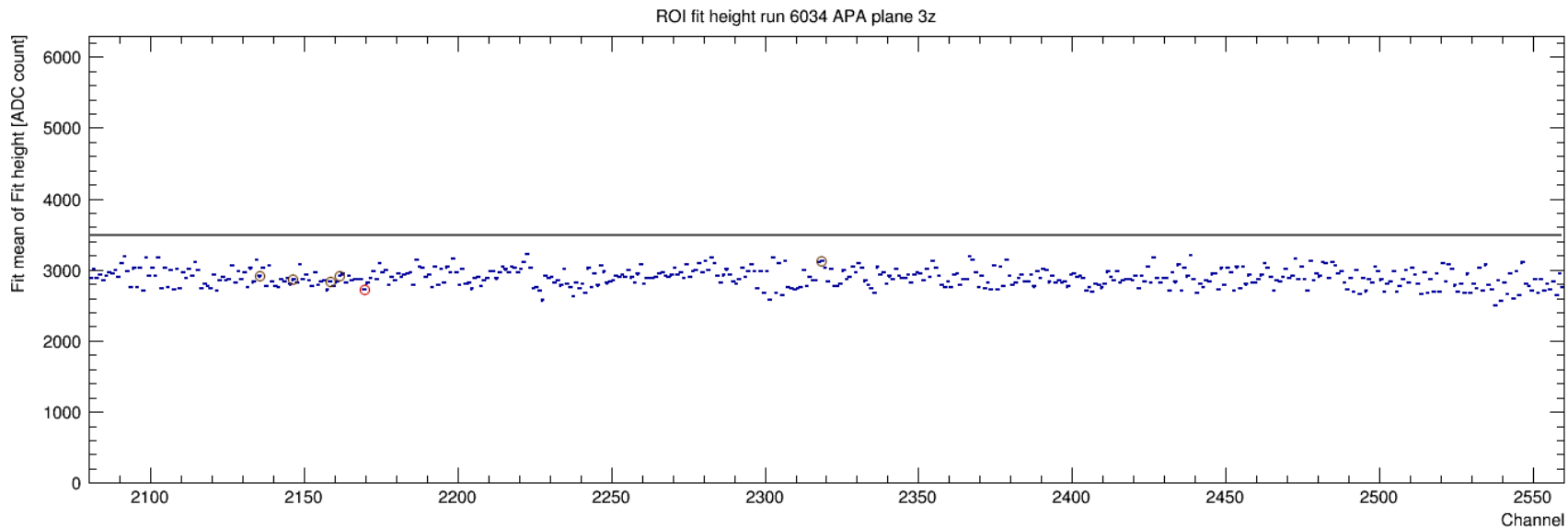
ROI fit height sigma run 6035 APA plane 3z



A=18 Fitted height (high threshold)

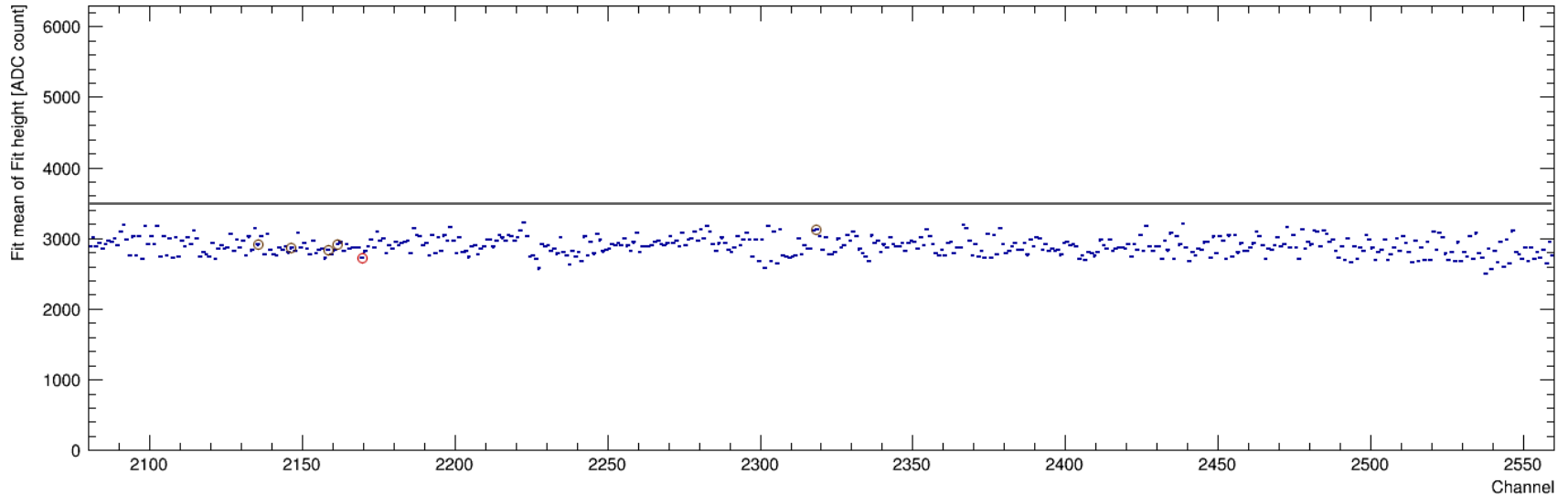


A=21 Fitted height (low threshold)

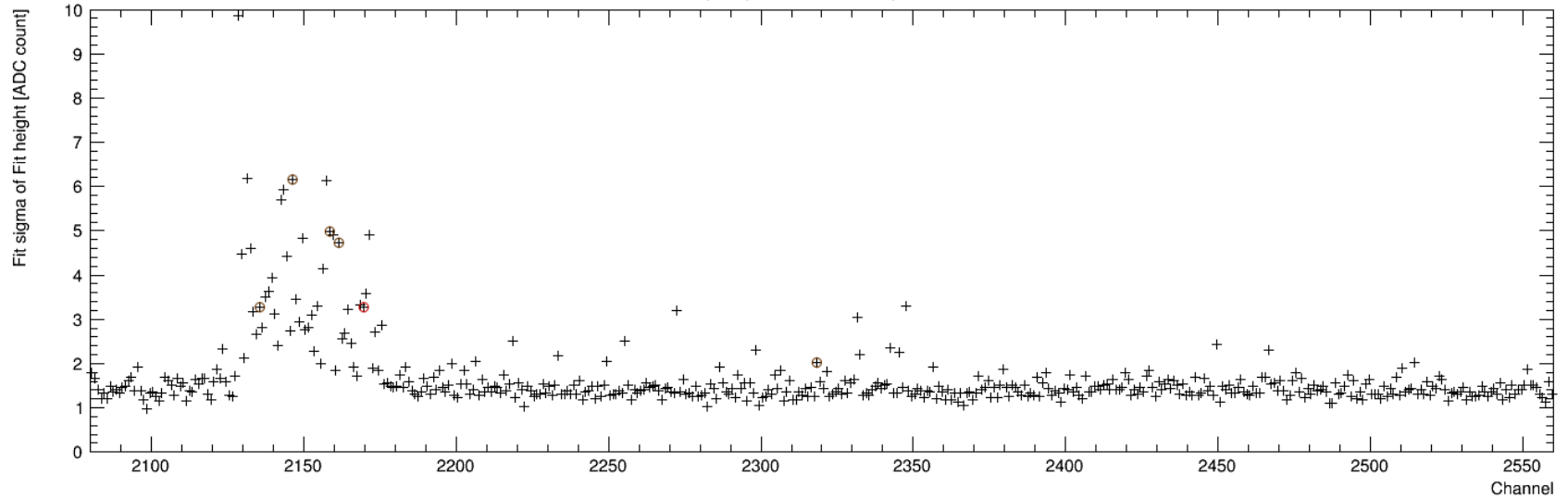


A=21 Fitted height (high threshold)

ROI fit height run 6034 APA plane 3z

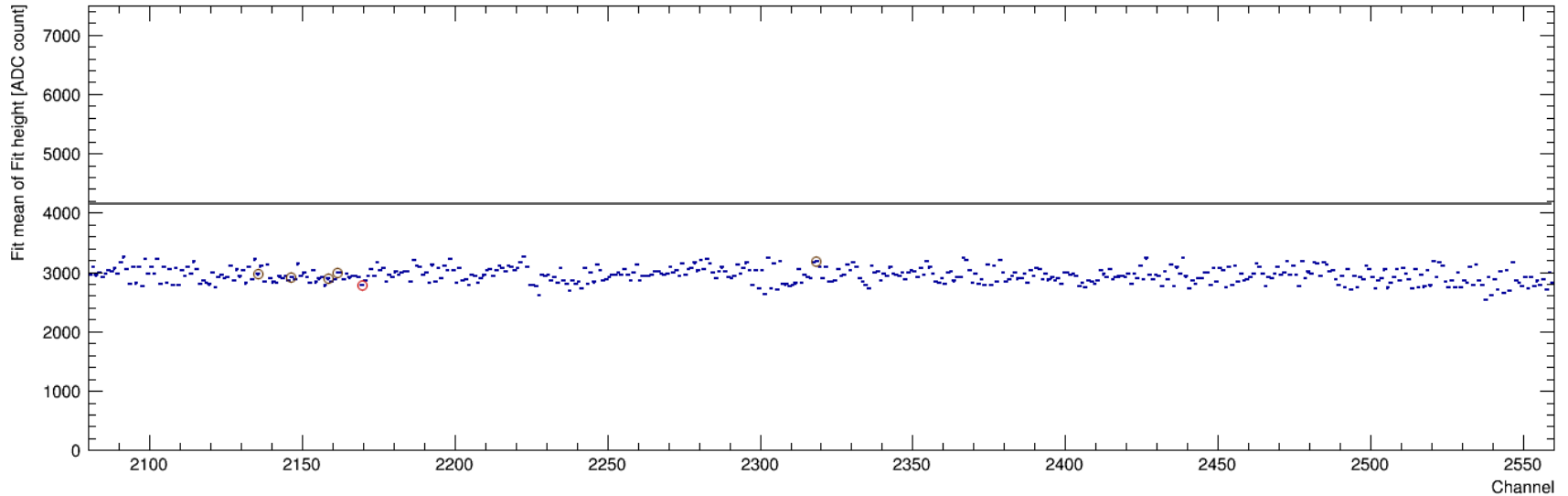


ROI fit height sigma run 6034 APA plane 3z

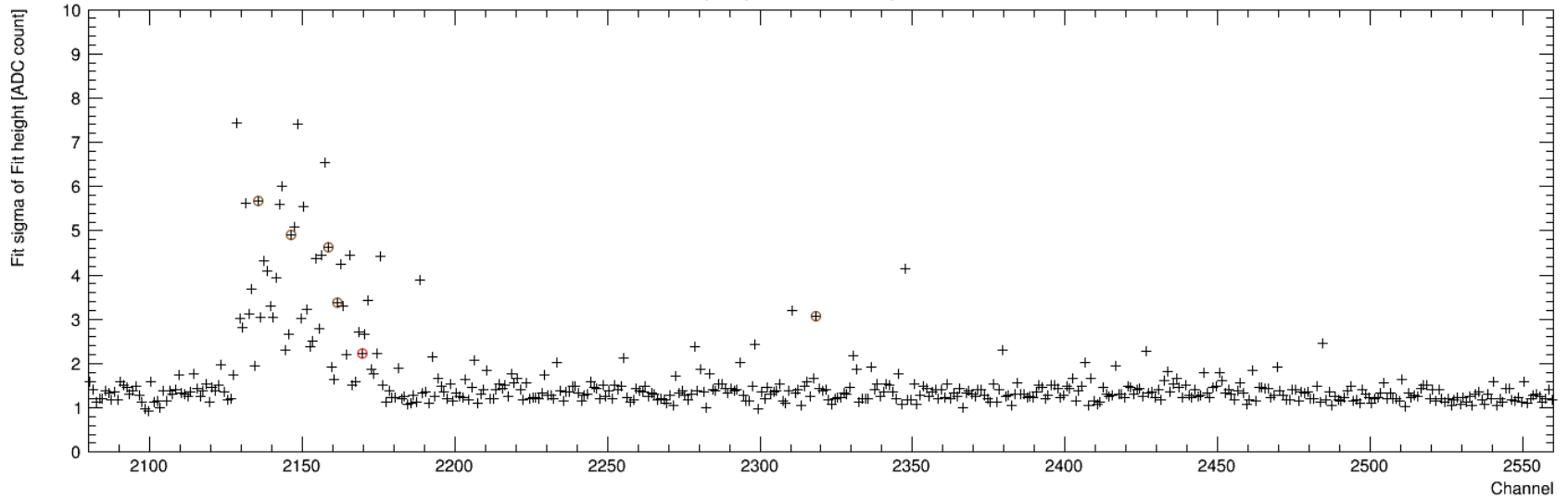


A=25 Fitted height (low threshold)

ROI fit height run 6033 APA plane 3z

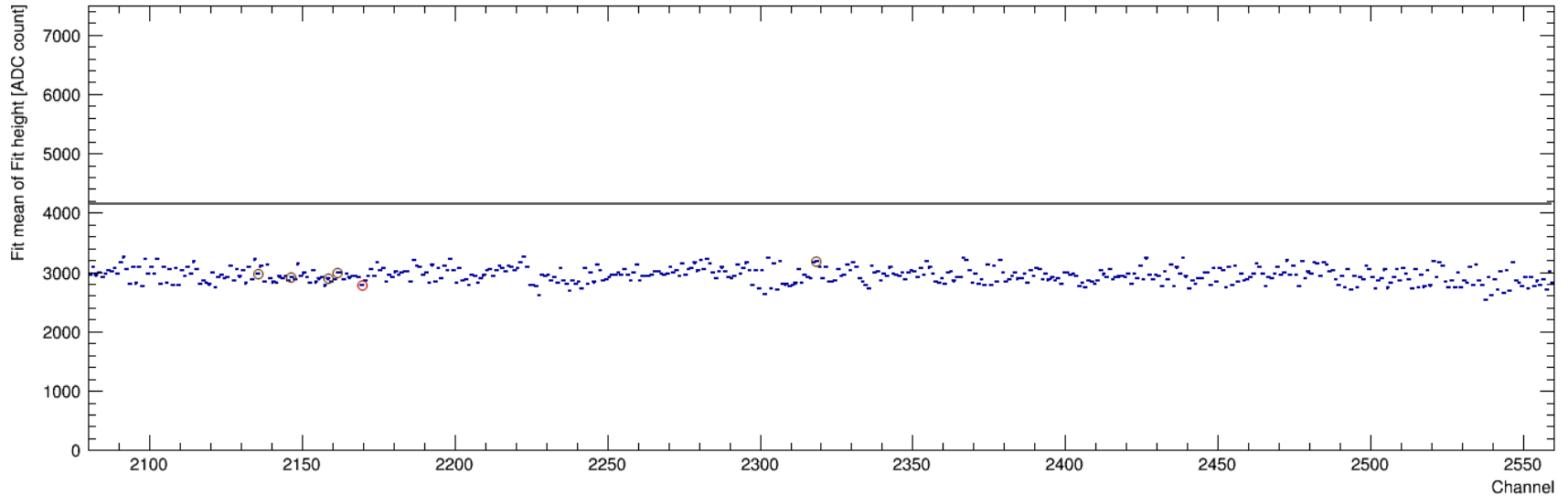


ROI fit height sigma run 6033 APA plane 3z

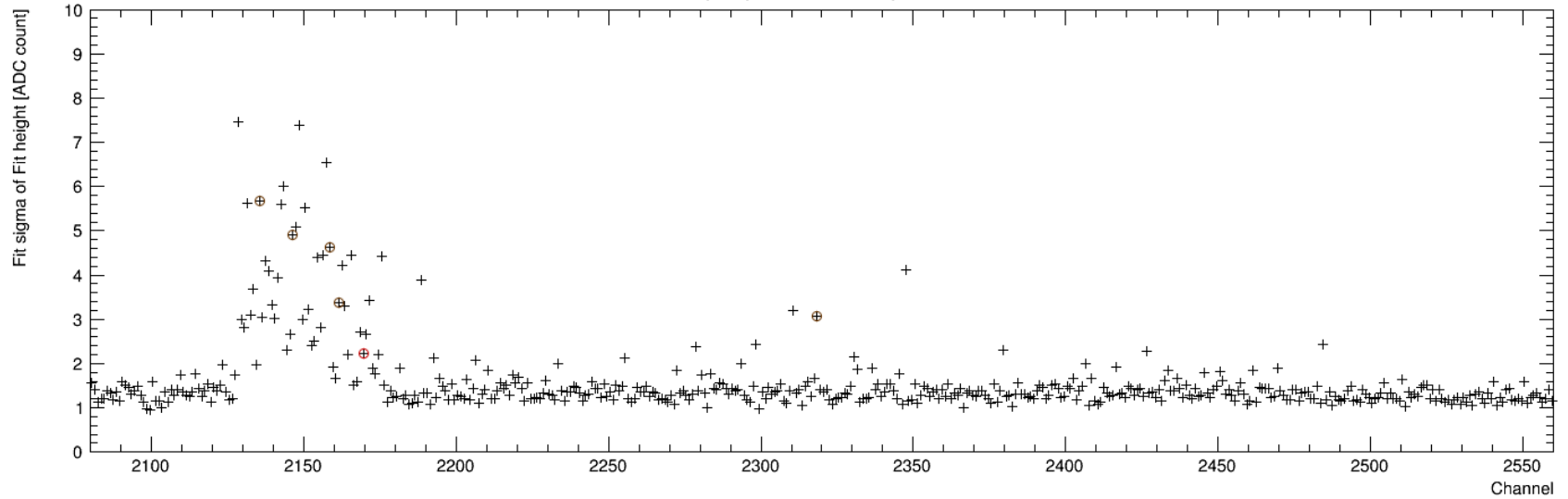


A=25 Fitted height (high threshold)

ROI fit height run 6033 APA plane 3z

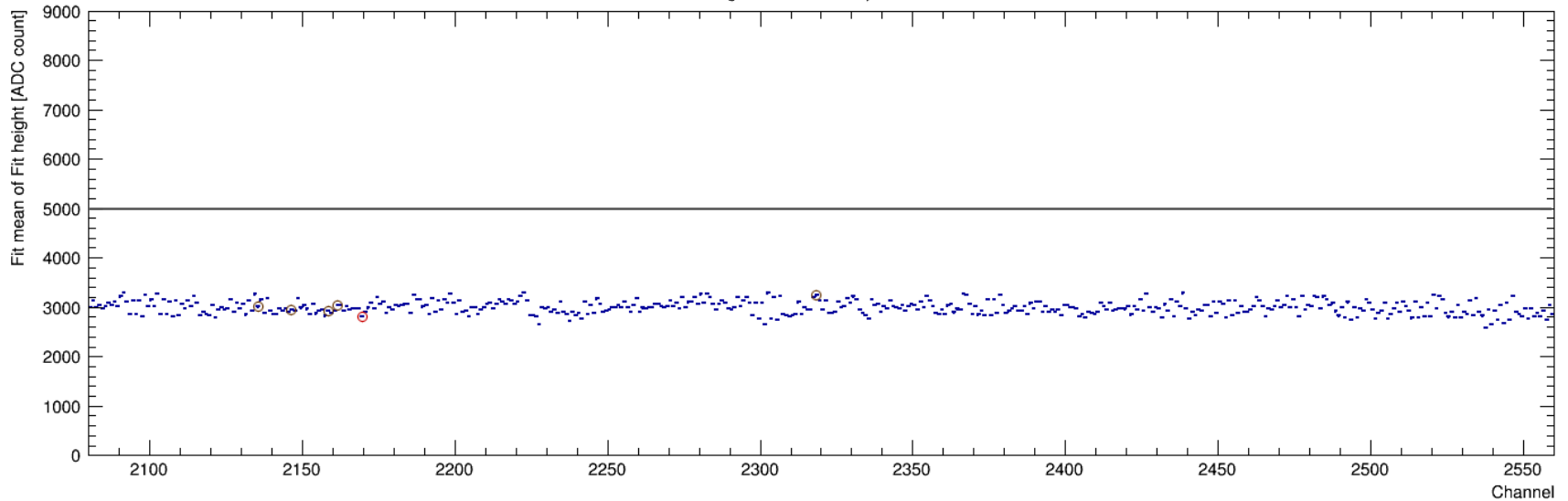


ROI fit height sigma run 6033 APA plane 3z

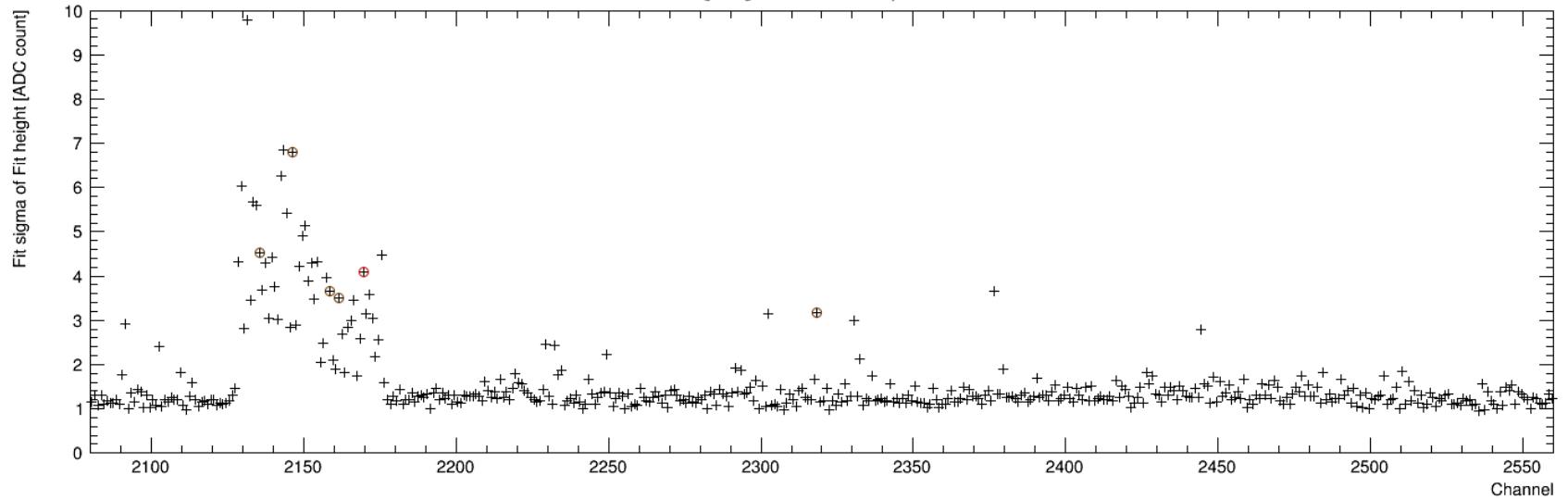


A=30 Fitted height (low threshold)

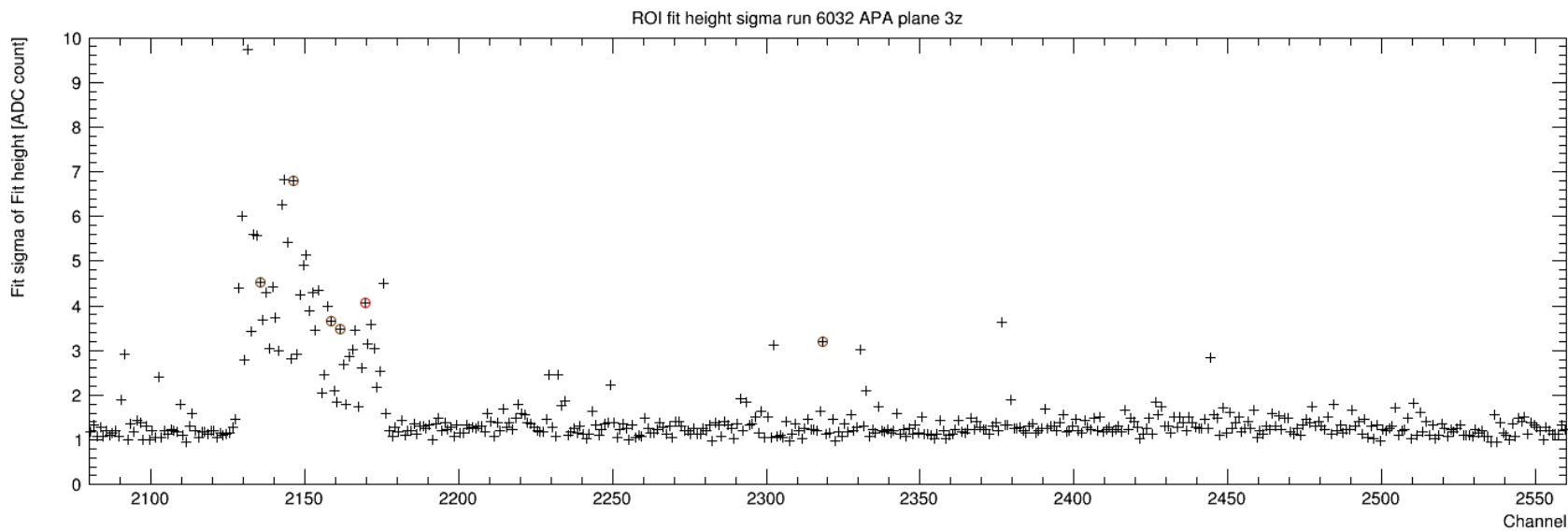
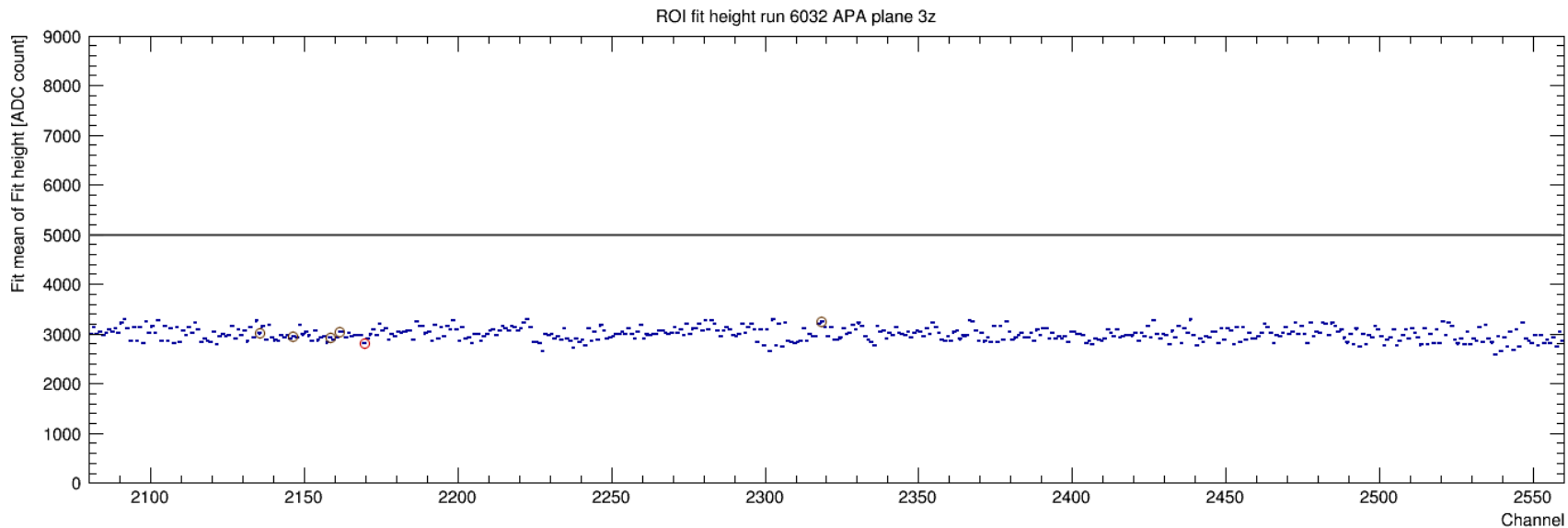
ROI fit height run 6032 APA plane 3z



ROI fit height sigma run 6032 APA plane 3z



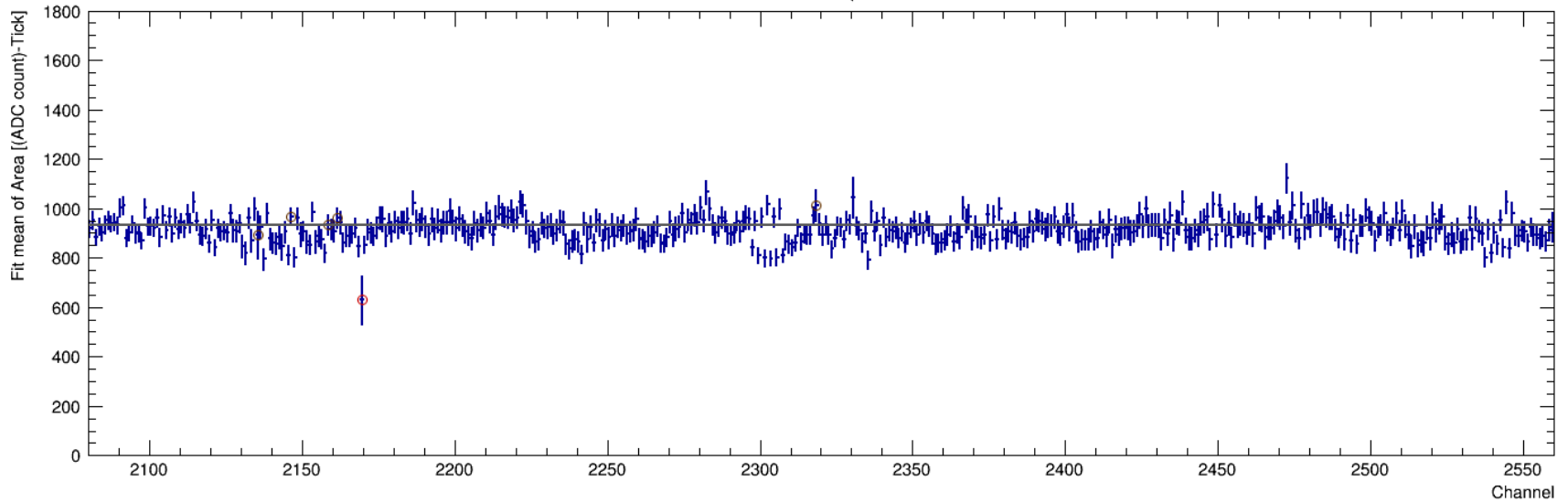
A=30 Fitted height (high threshold)



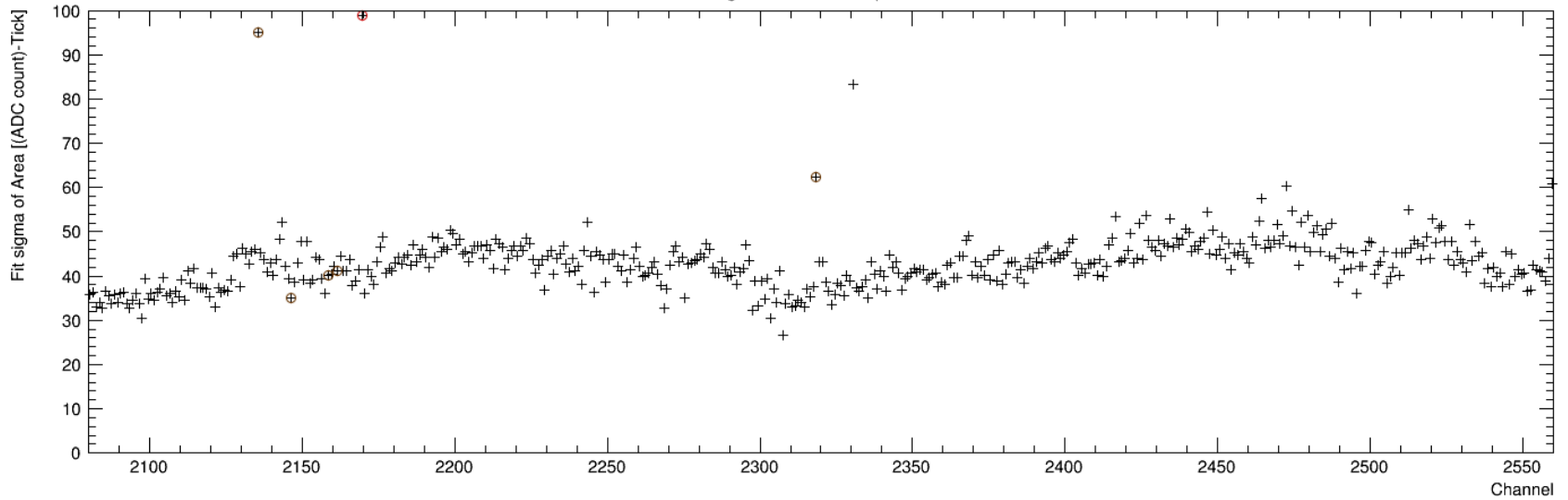
ROI areas

A=1 ROI area

ROI area run 6068 APA plane 3z

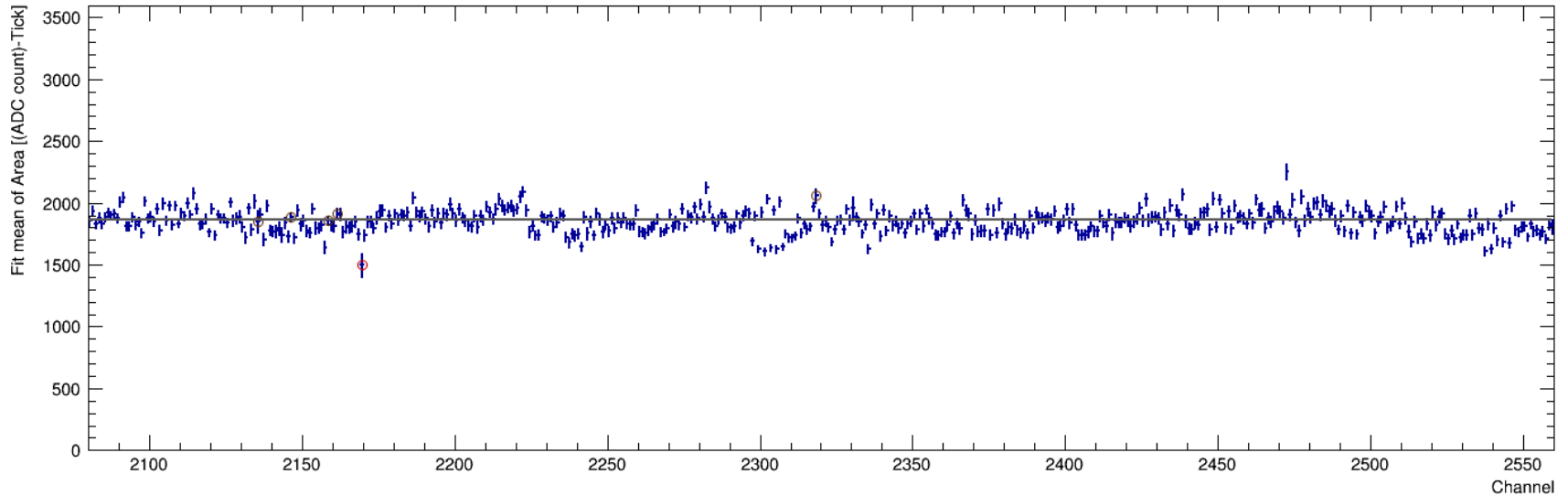


ROI area sigma run 6068 APA plane 3z

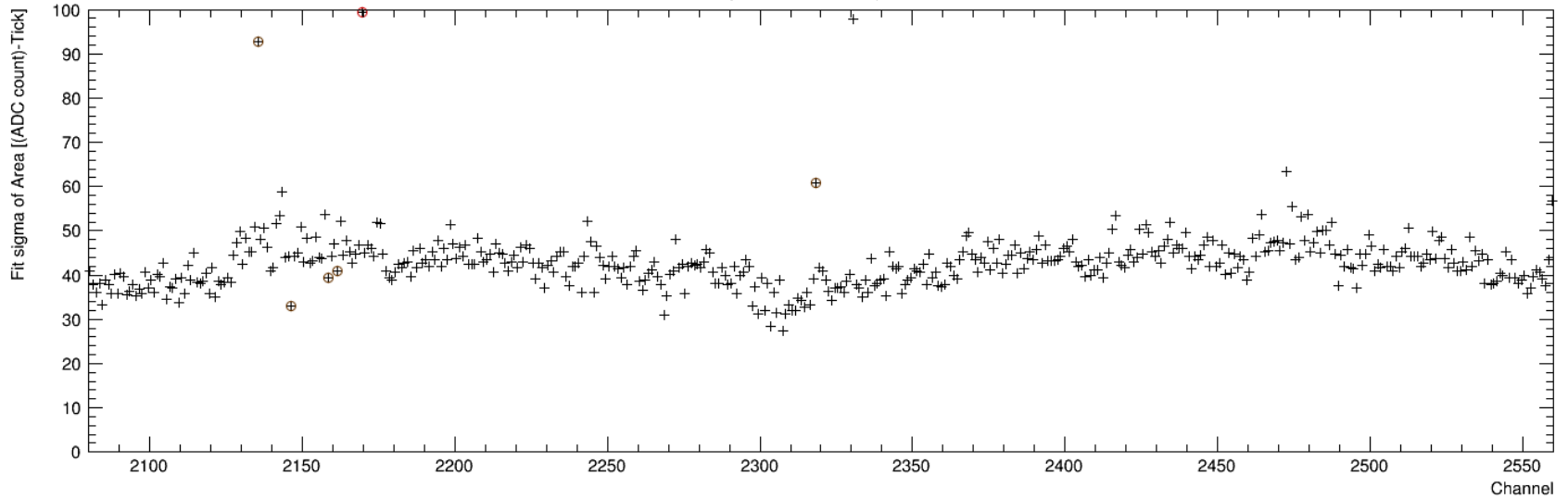


A=2 ROI area

ROI area run 6046 APA plane 3z

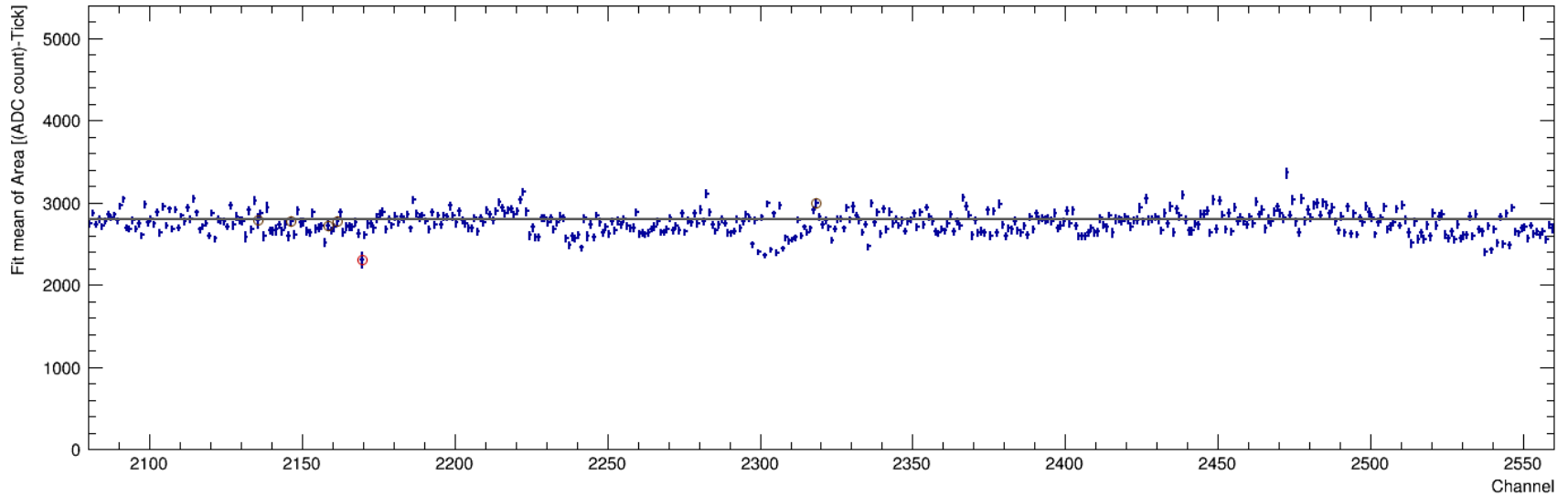


ROI area sigma run 6046 APA plane 3z

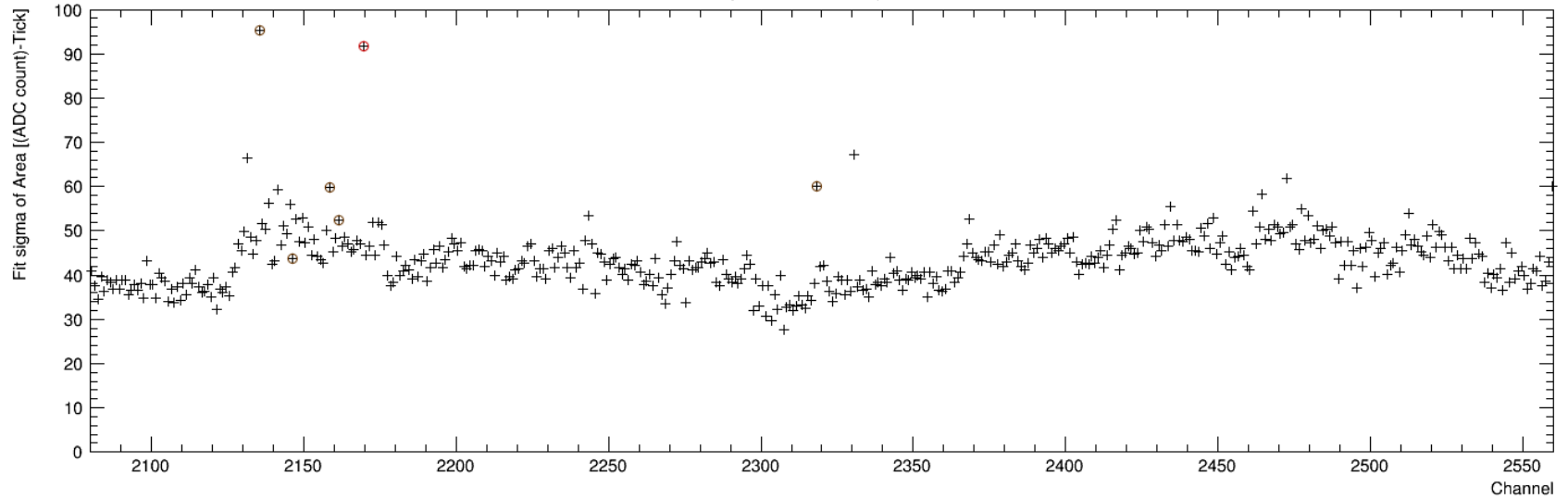


A=3 ROI area

ROI area run 6045 APA plane 3z

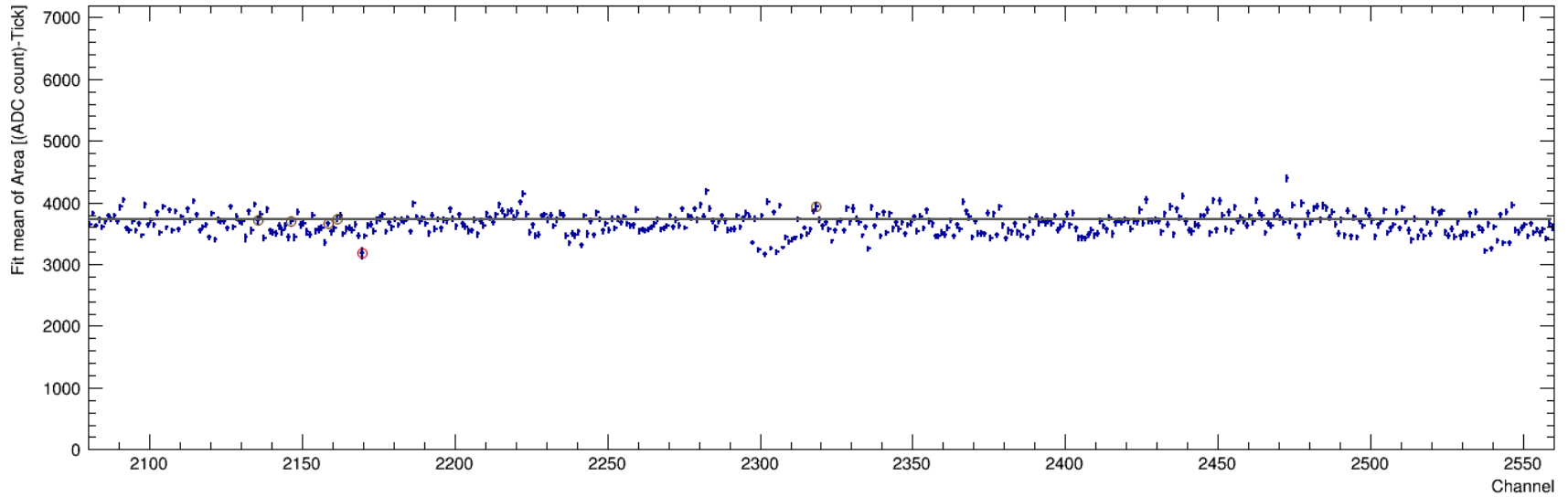


ROI area sigma run 6045 APA plane 3z

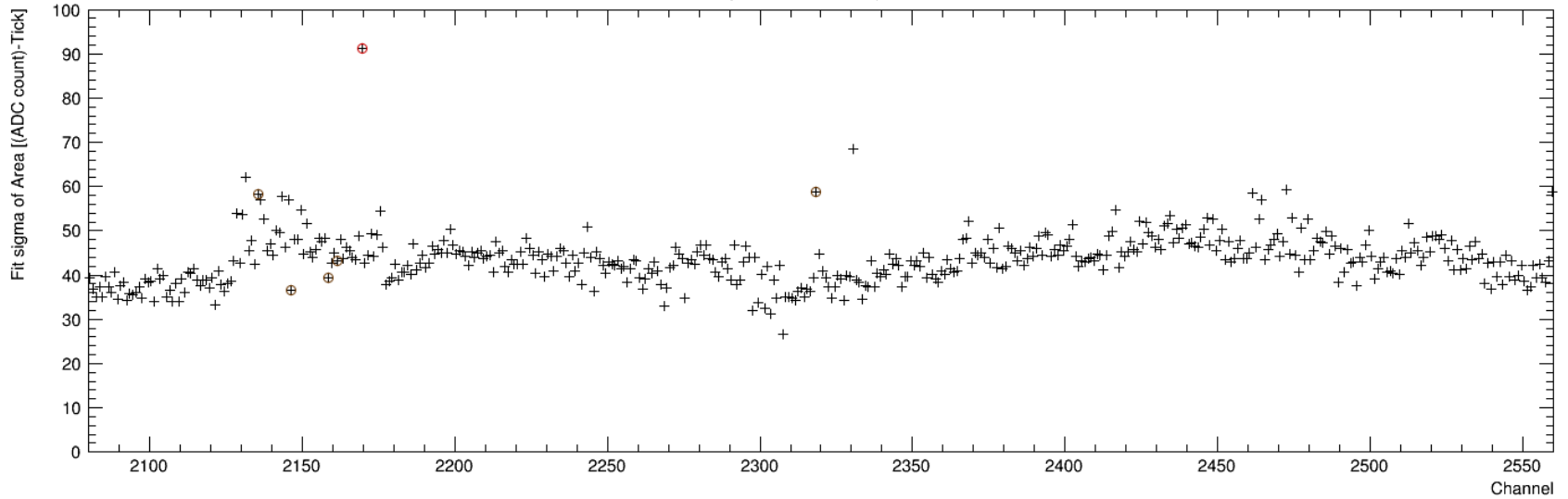


A=4 ROI area

ROI area run 6043 APA plane 3z

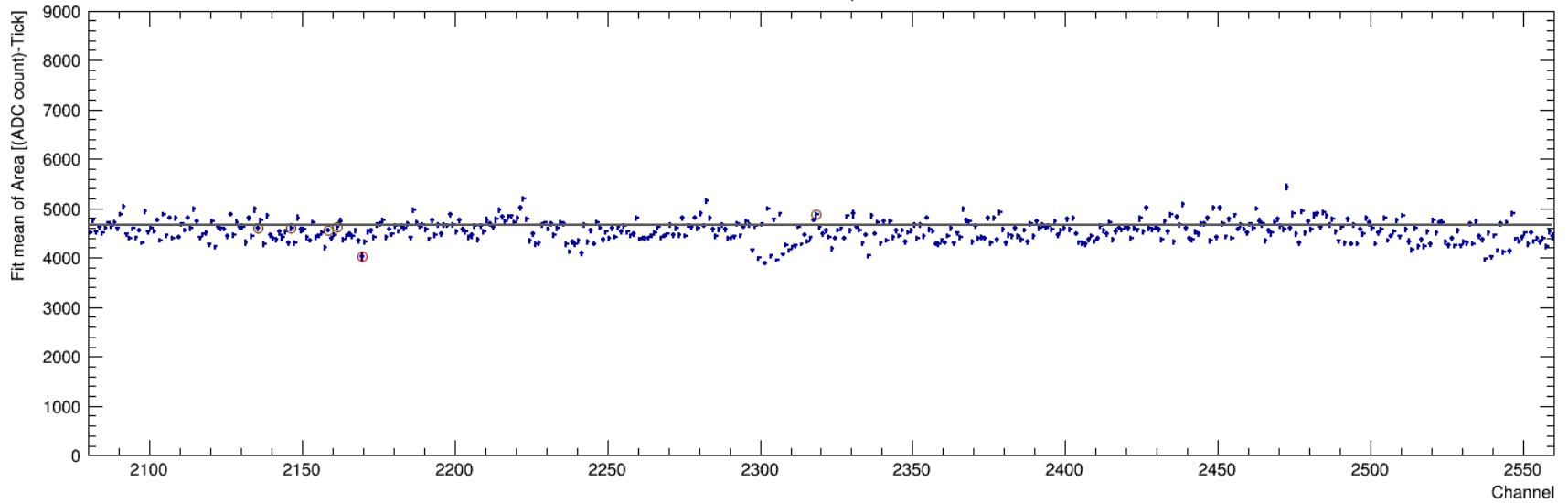


ROI area sigma run 6043 APA plane 3z

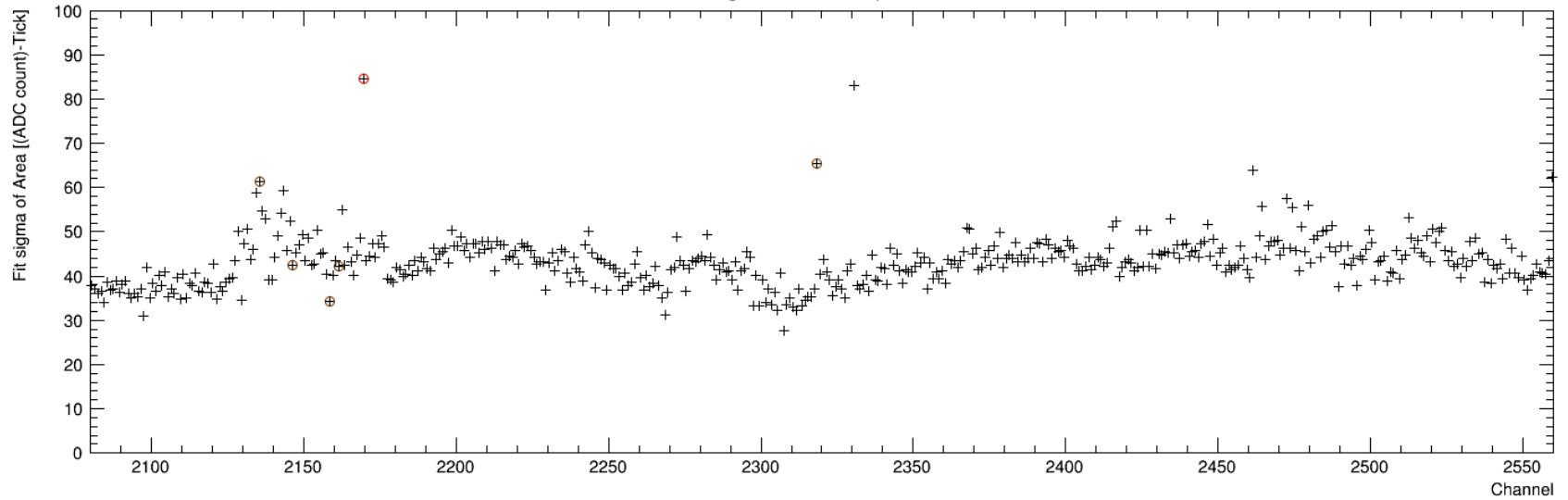


A=5 ROI area

ROI area run 6042 APA plane 3z

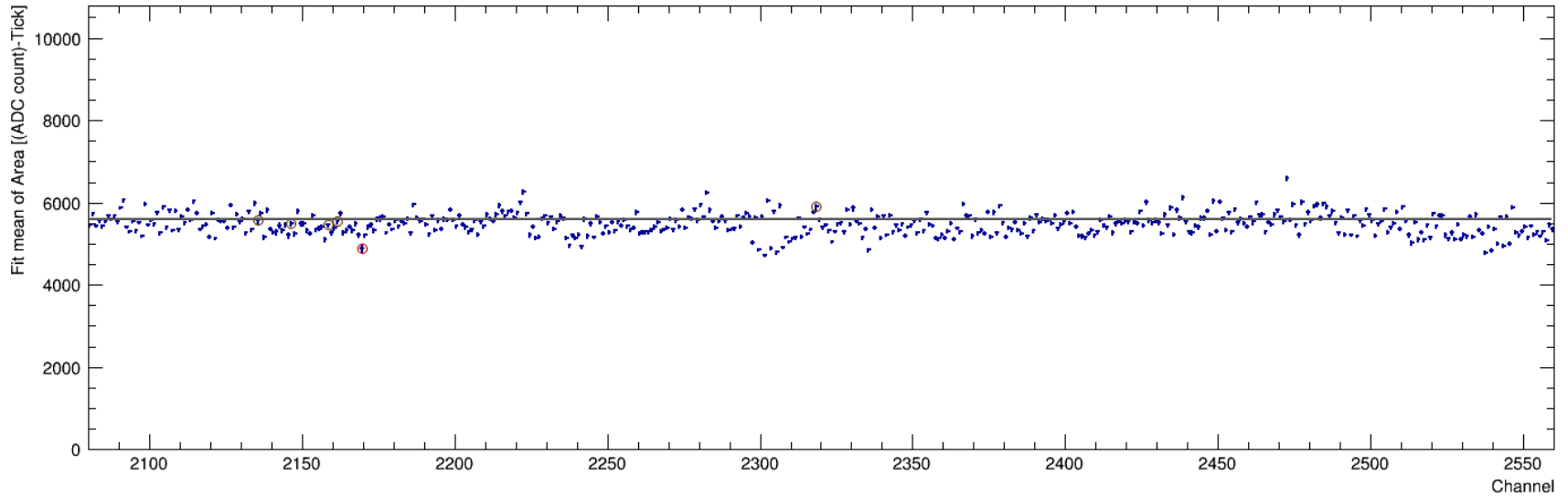


ROI area sigma run 6042 APA plane 3z

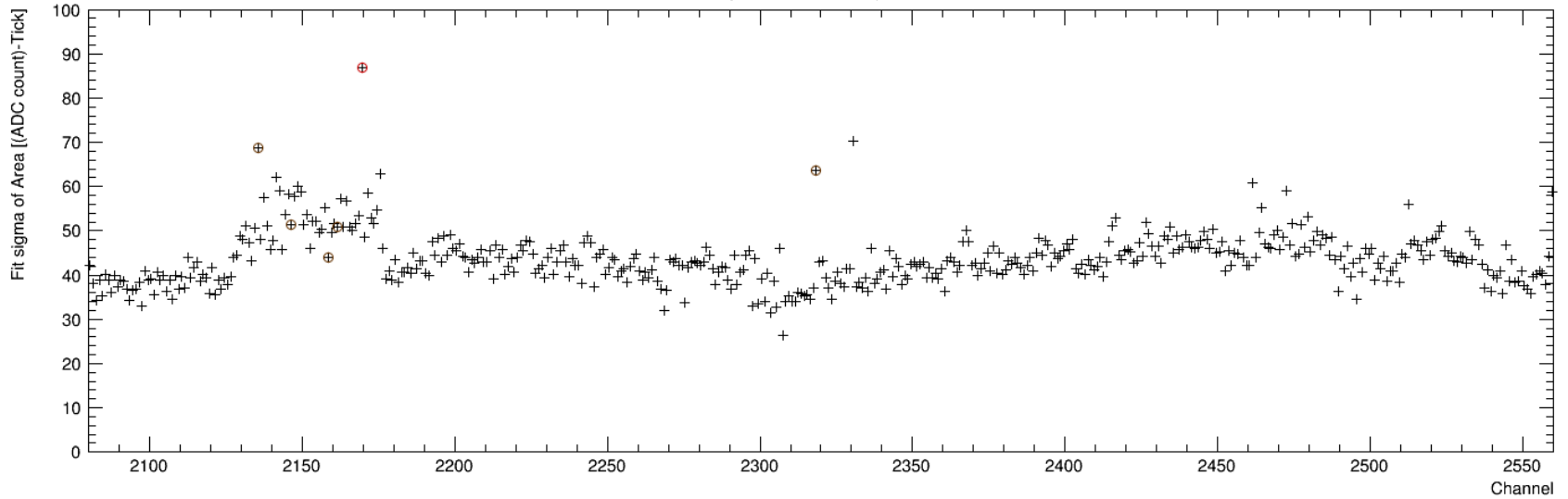


A=6 ROI area

ROI area run 6041 APA plane 3z

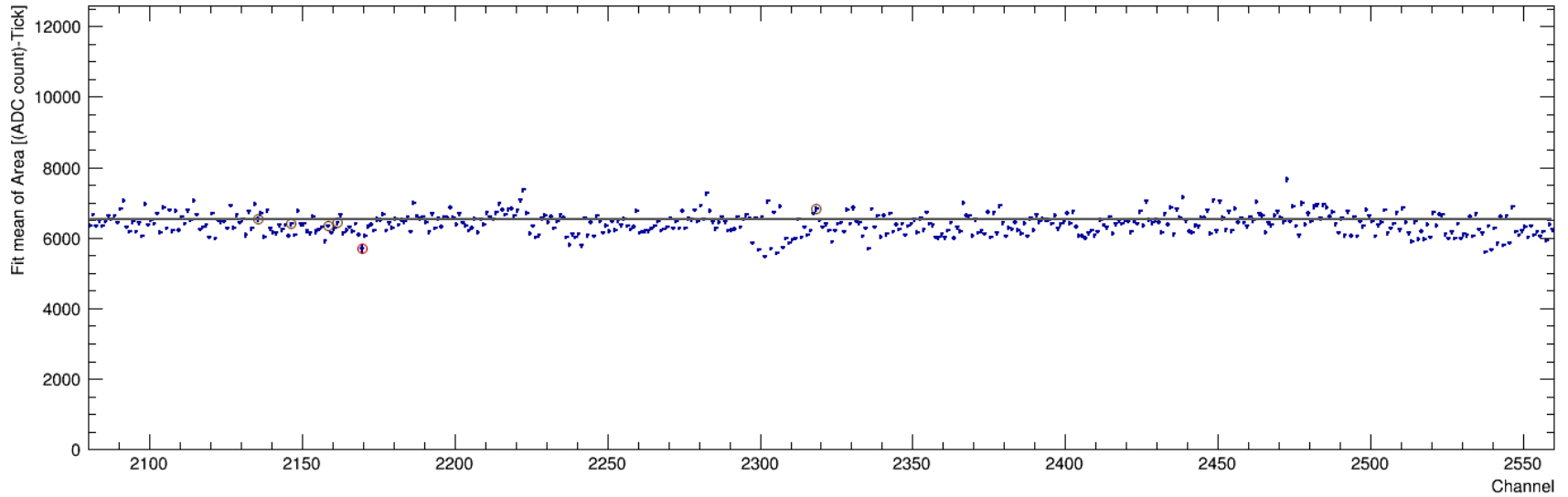


ROI area sigma run 6041 APA plane 3z

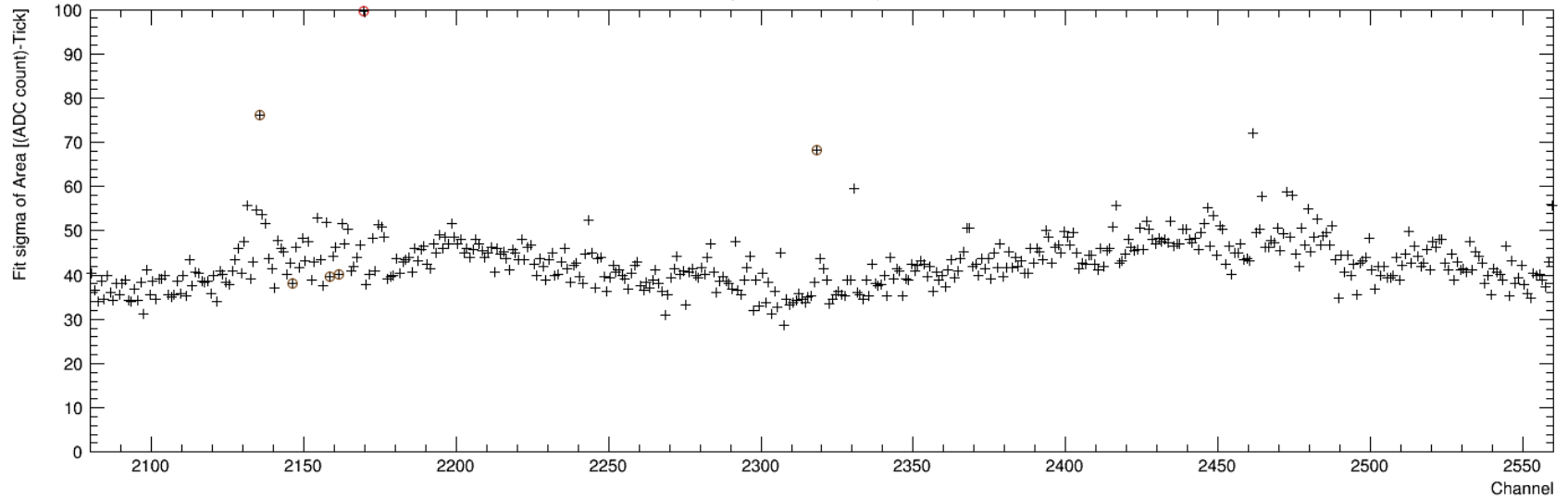


A=7 ROI area

ROI area run 6040 APA plane 3z

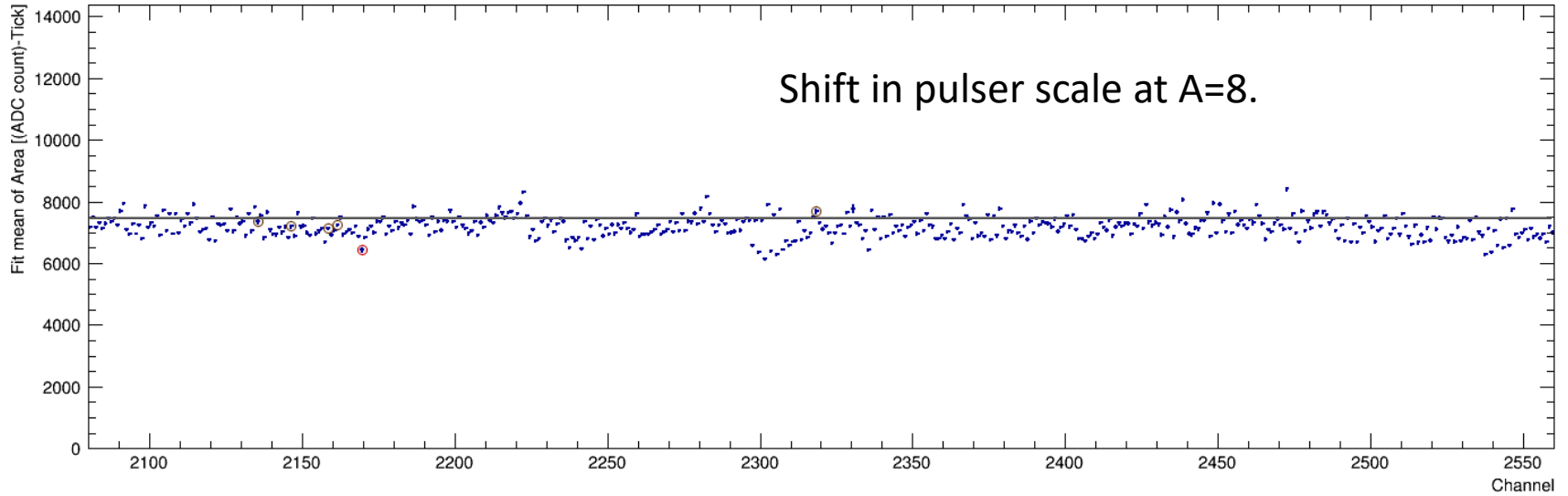


ROI area sigma run 6040 APA plane 3z

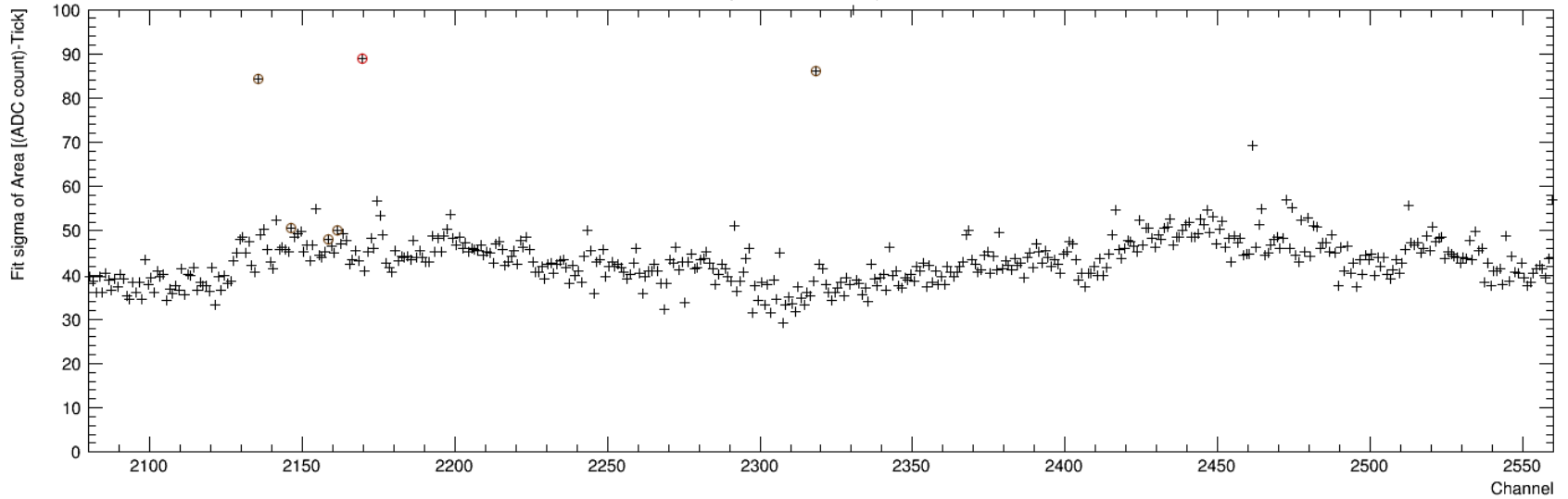


A=8 ROI area

ROI area run 6039 APA plane 3z

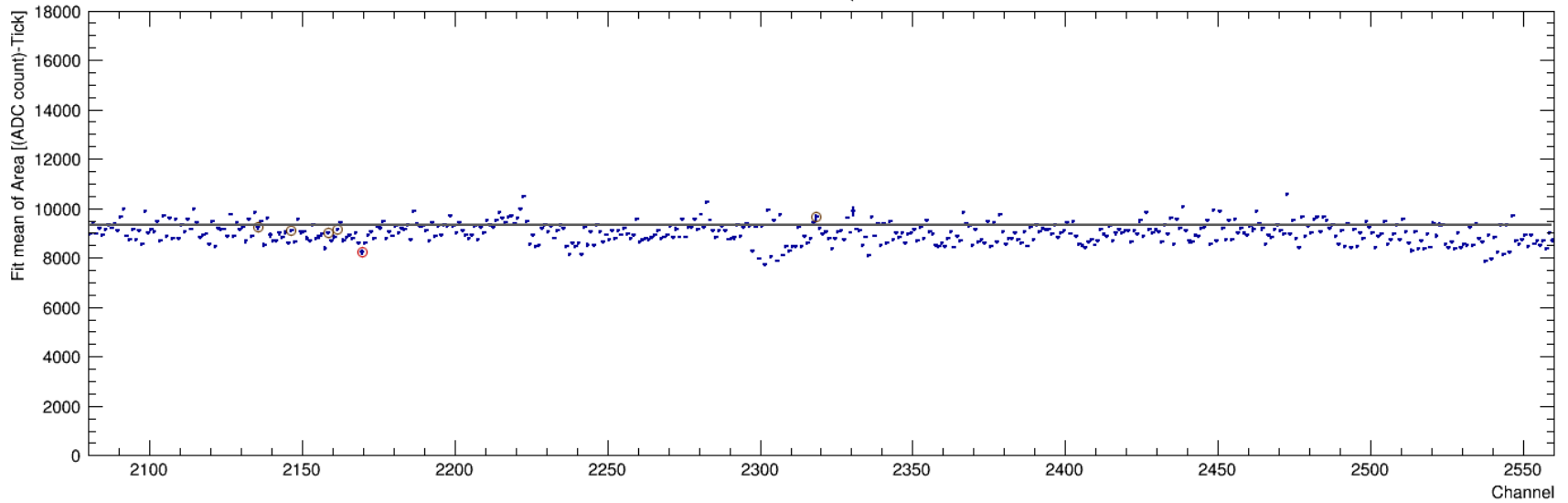


ROI area sigma run 6039 APA plane 3z

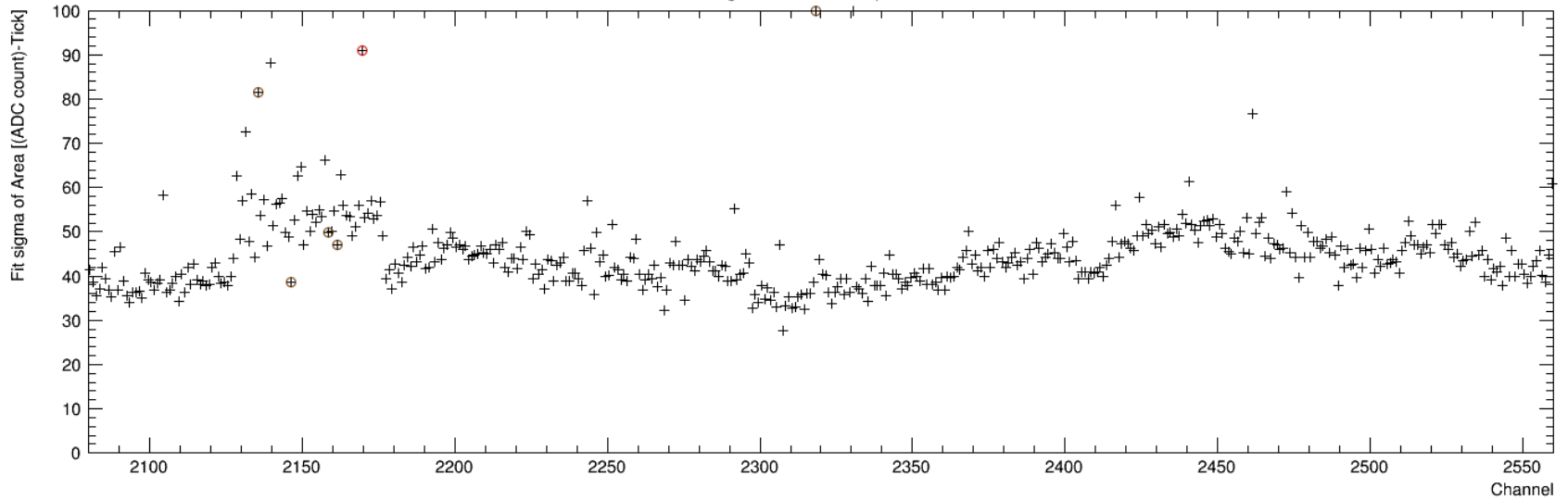


A=10 ROI area

ROI area run 6038 APA plane 3z

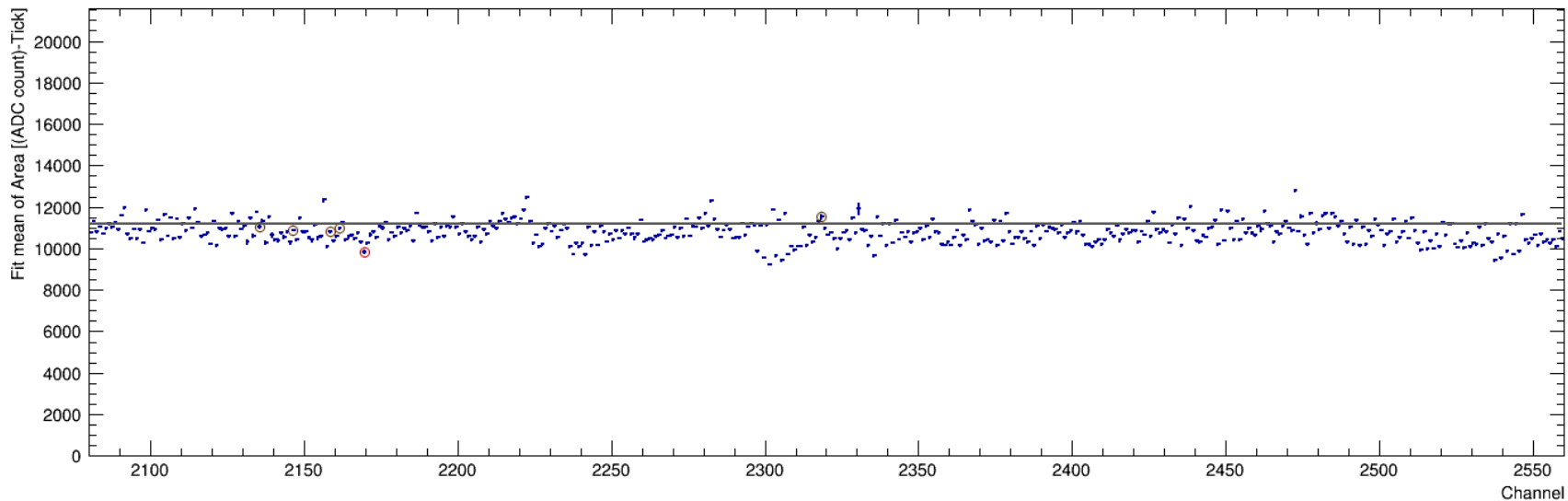


ROI area sigma run 6038 APA plane 3z

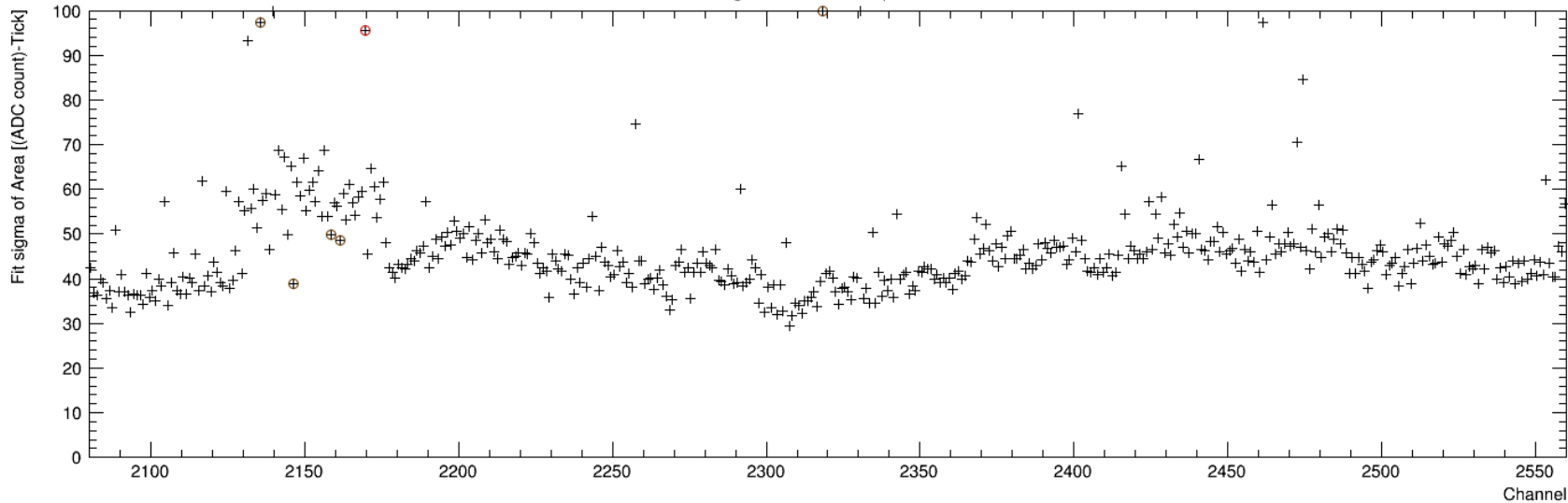


A=12 ROI area (low threshold)

ROI area run 6037 APA plane 3z

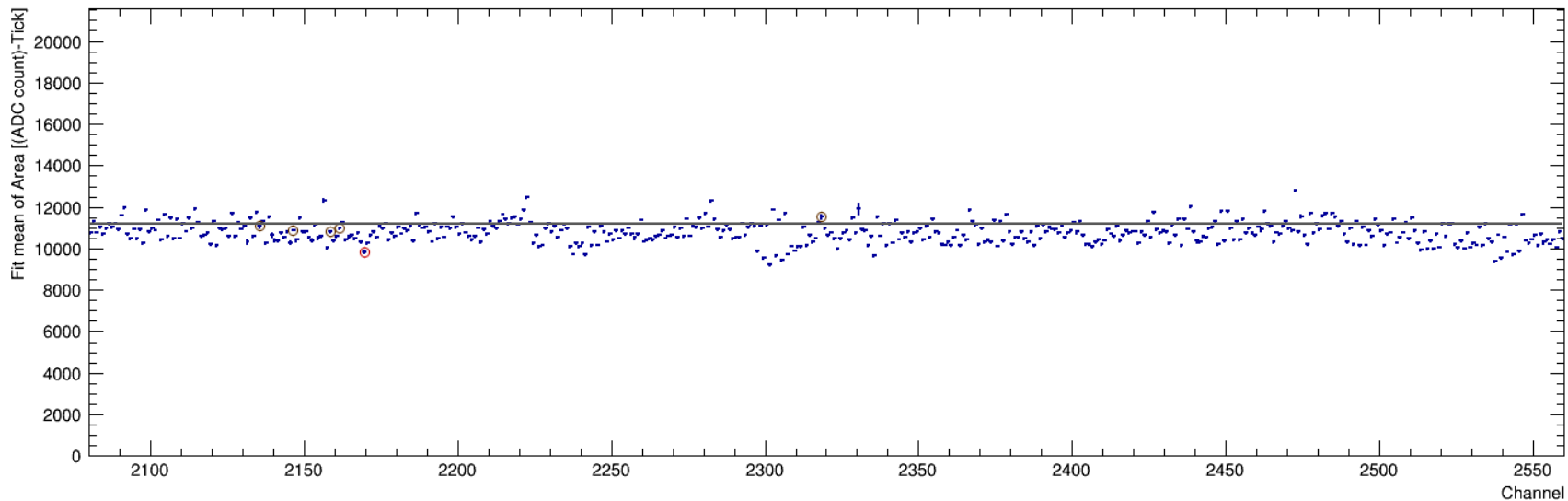


ROI area sigma run 6037 APA plane 3z

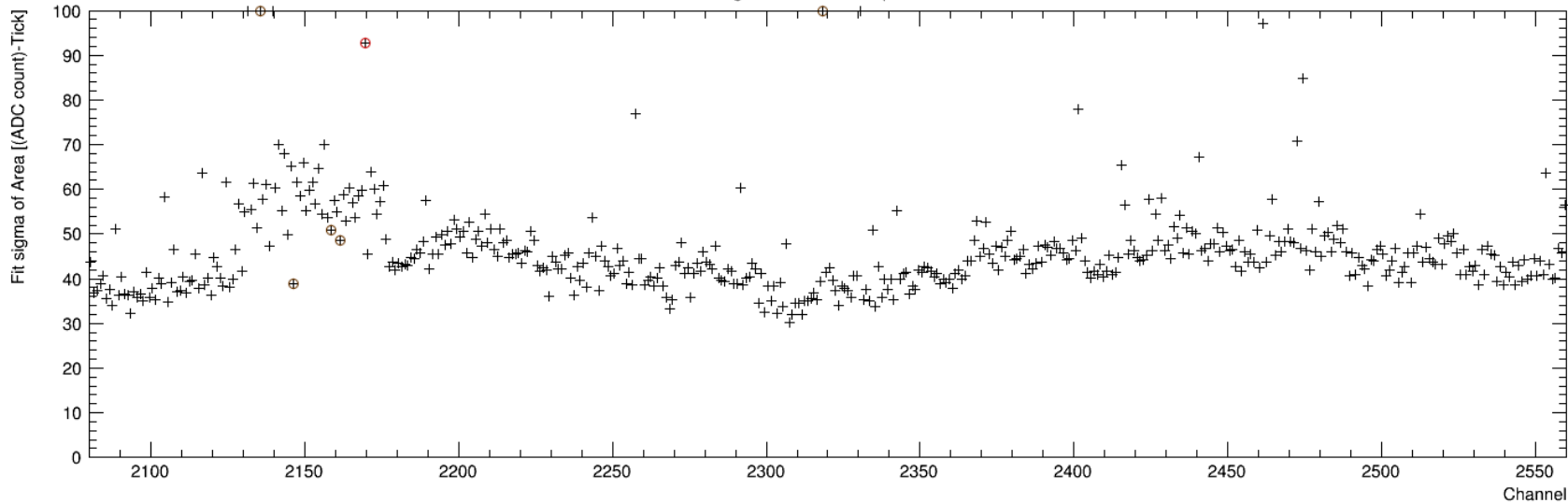


A=12 ROI area (high threshold)

ROI area run 6037 APA plane 3z

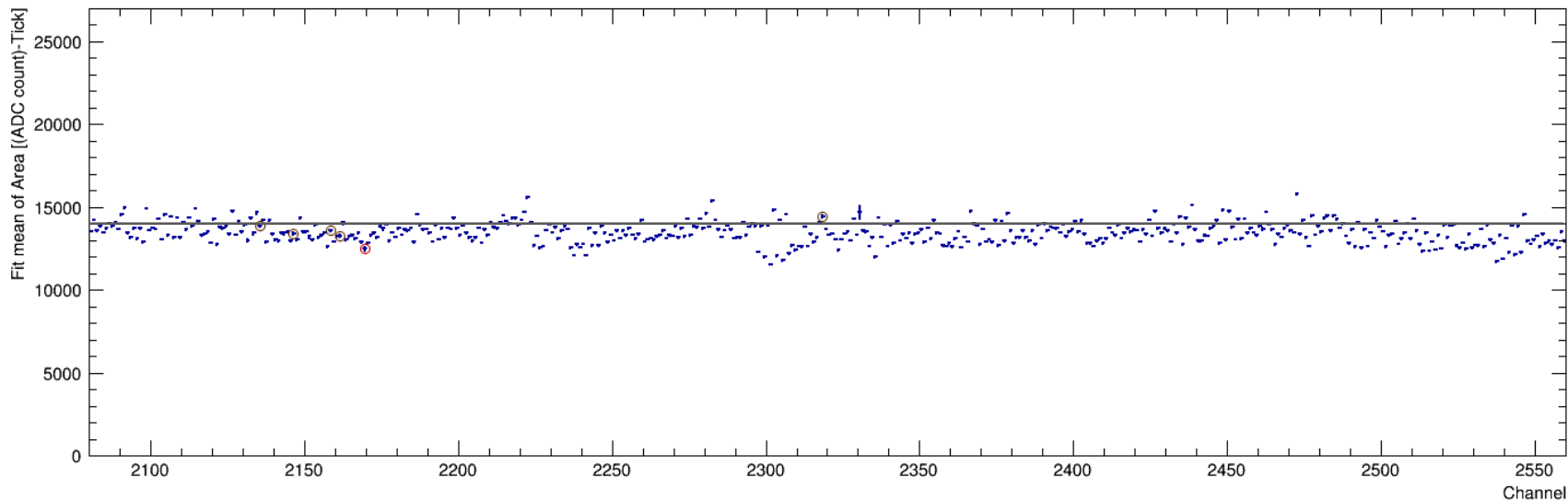


ROI area sigma run 6037 APA plane 3z

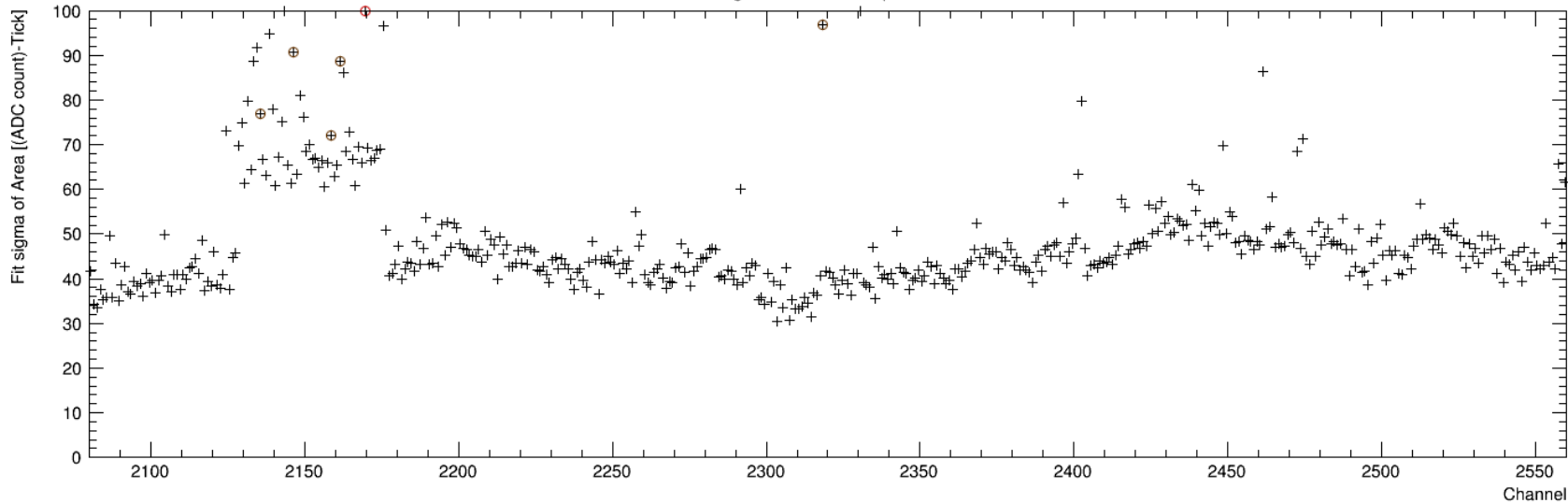


A=15 ROI area (low threshold)

ROI area run 6036 APA plane 3z

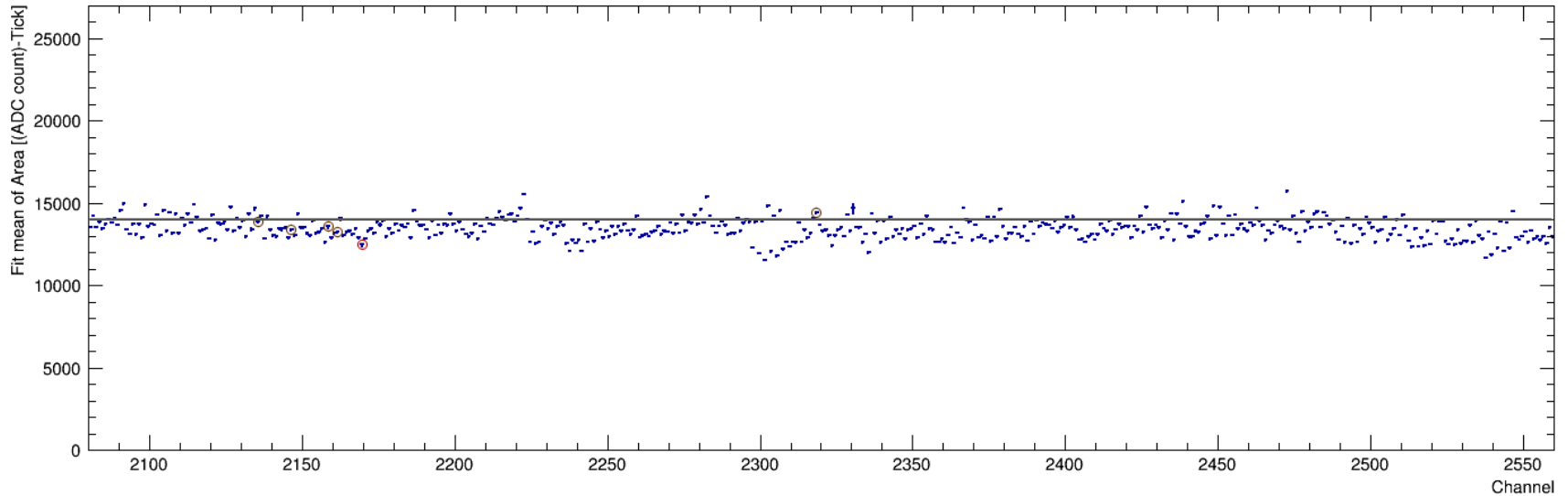


ROI area sigma run 6036 APA plane 3z

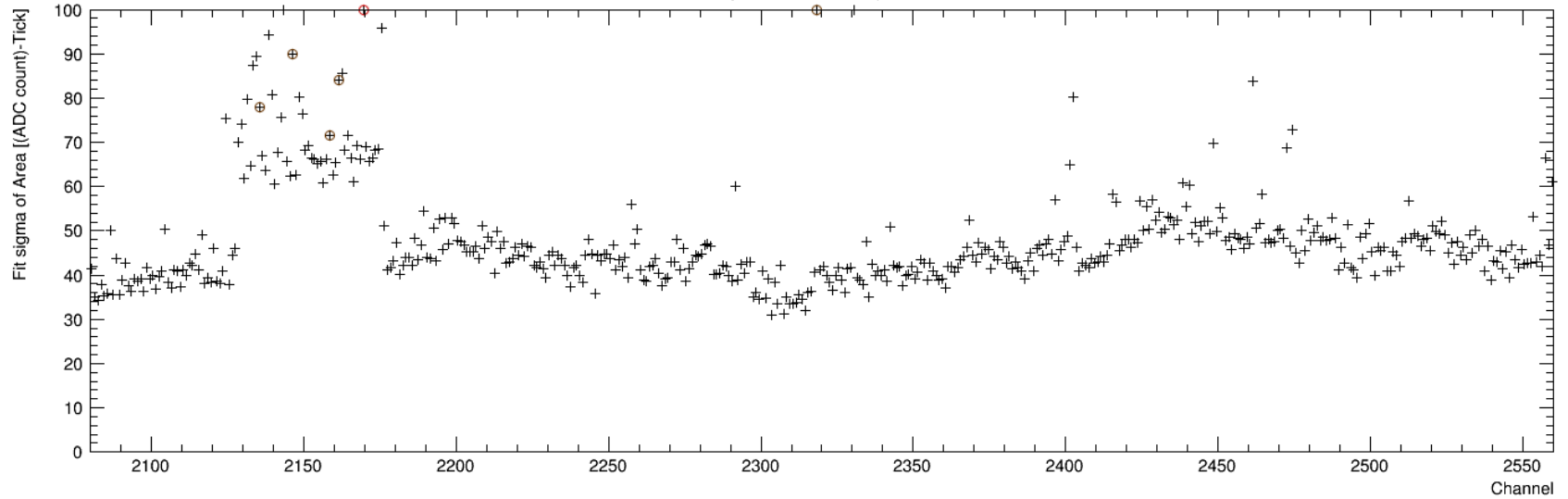


A=15 ROI area (high threshold)

ROI area run 6036 APA plane 3z

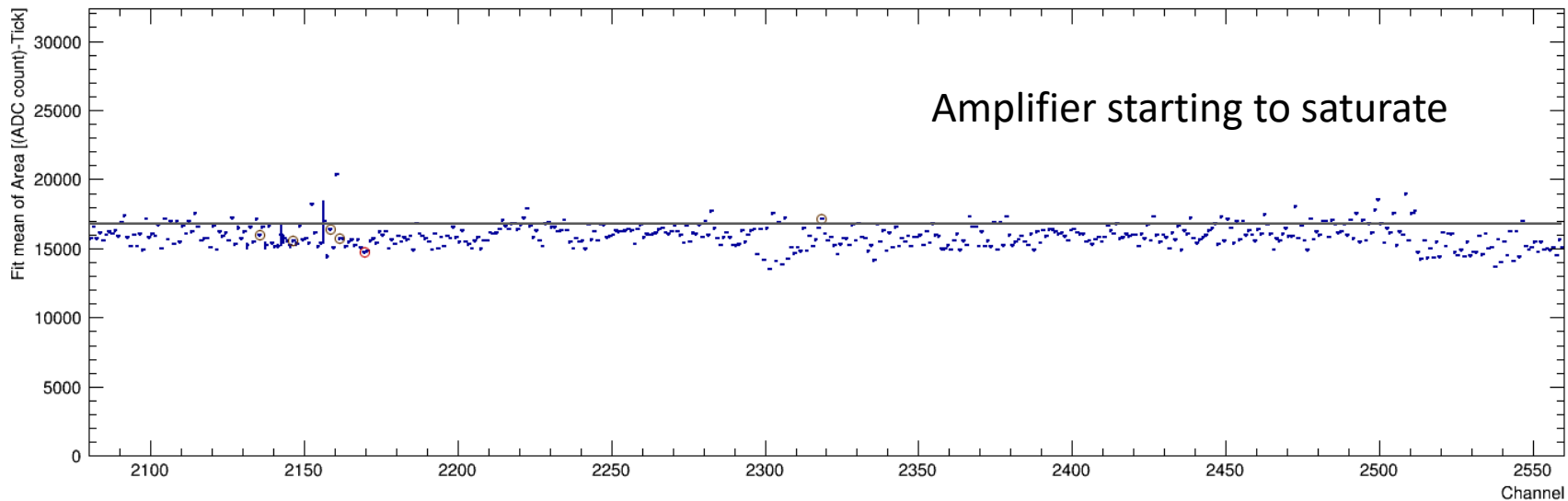


ROI area sigma run 6036 APA plane 3z

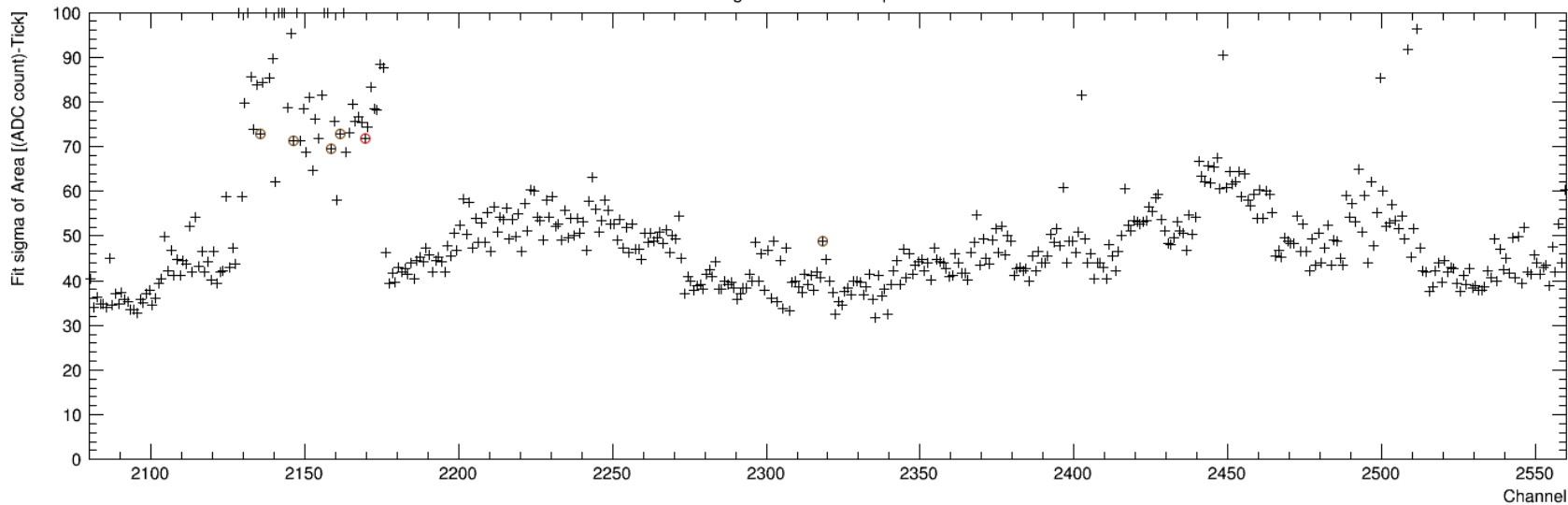


A=18 ROI area (low threshold)

ROI area run 6035 APA plane 3z

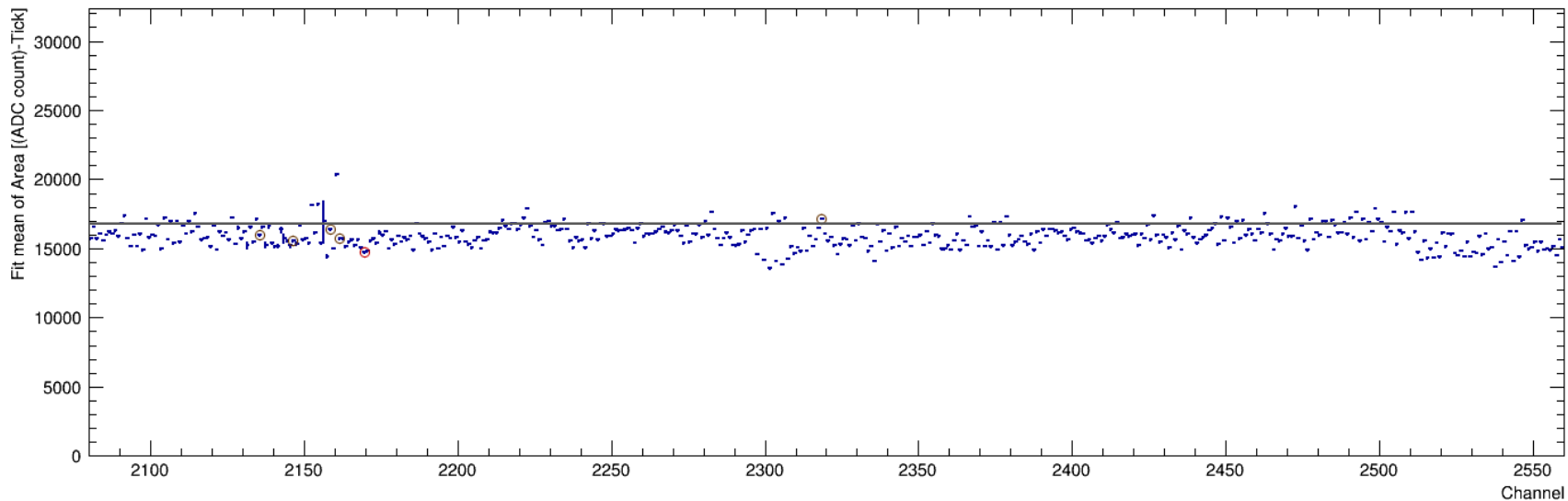


ROI area sigma run 6035 APA plane 3z

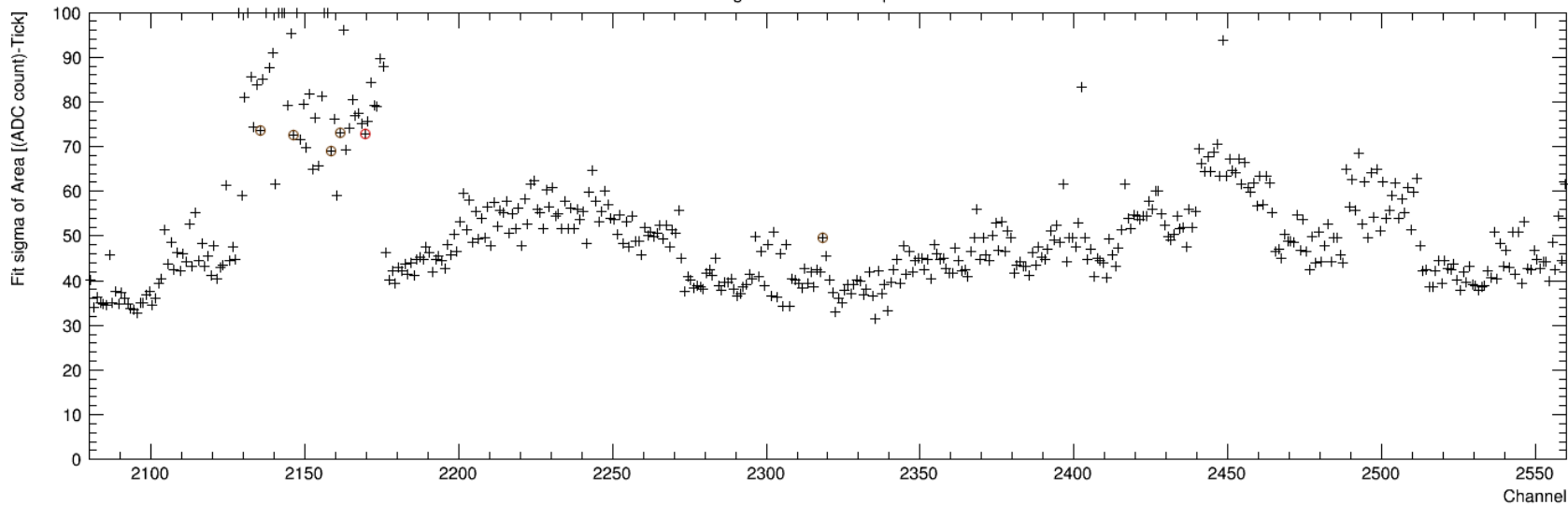


A=18 ROI area (high threshold)

ROI area run 6035 APA plane 3z

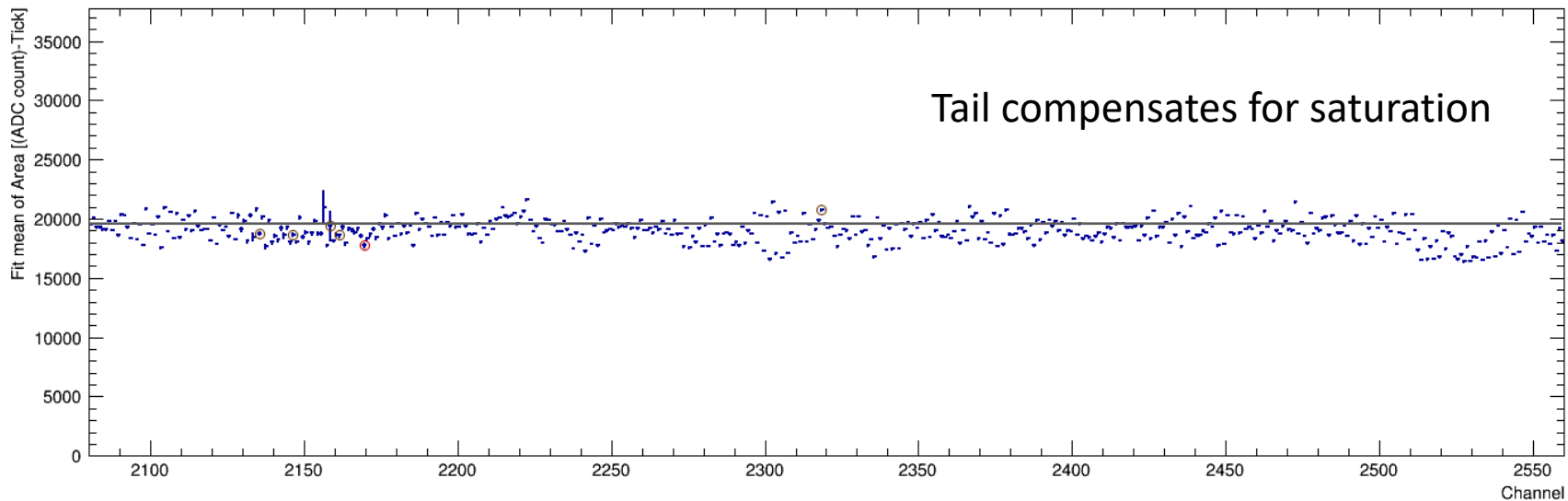


ROI area sigma run 6035 APA plane 3z

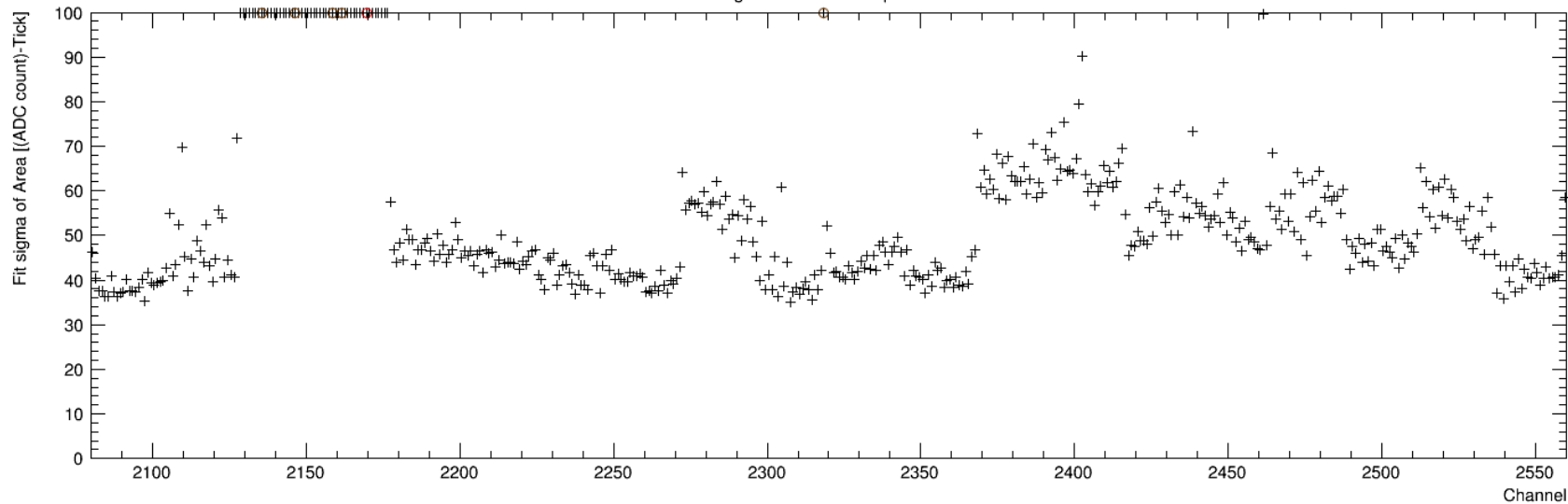


A=21 ROI area (high threshold)

ROI area run 6034 APA plane 3z

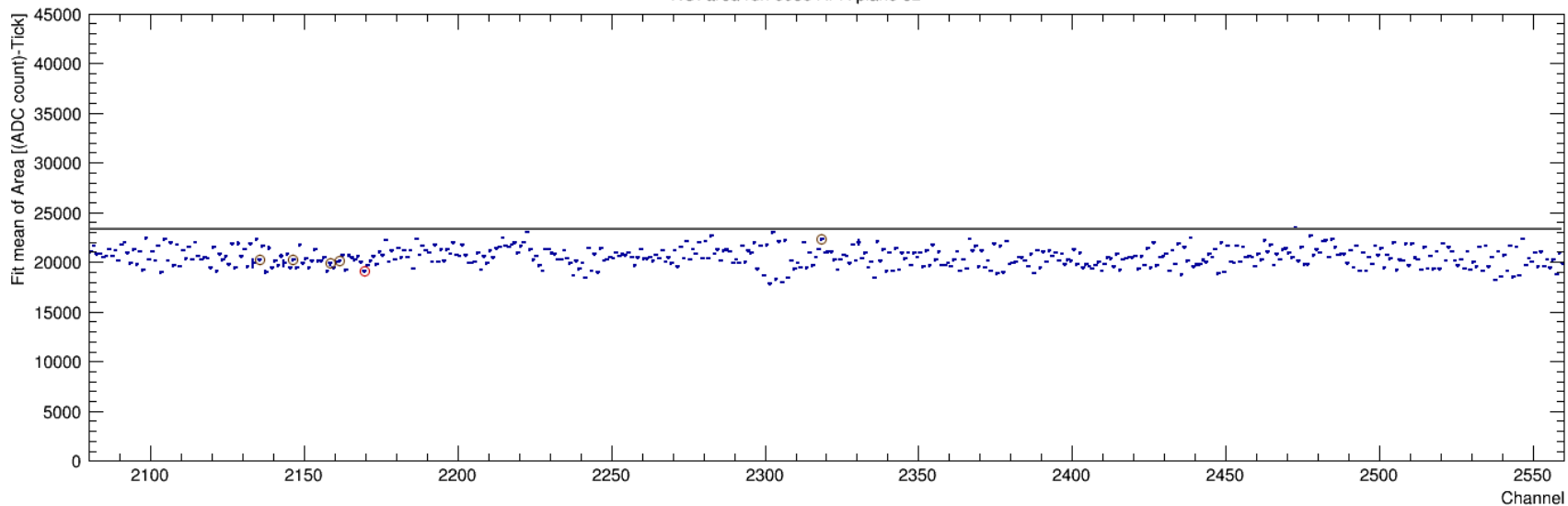


ROI area sigma run 6034 APA plane 3z

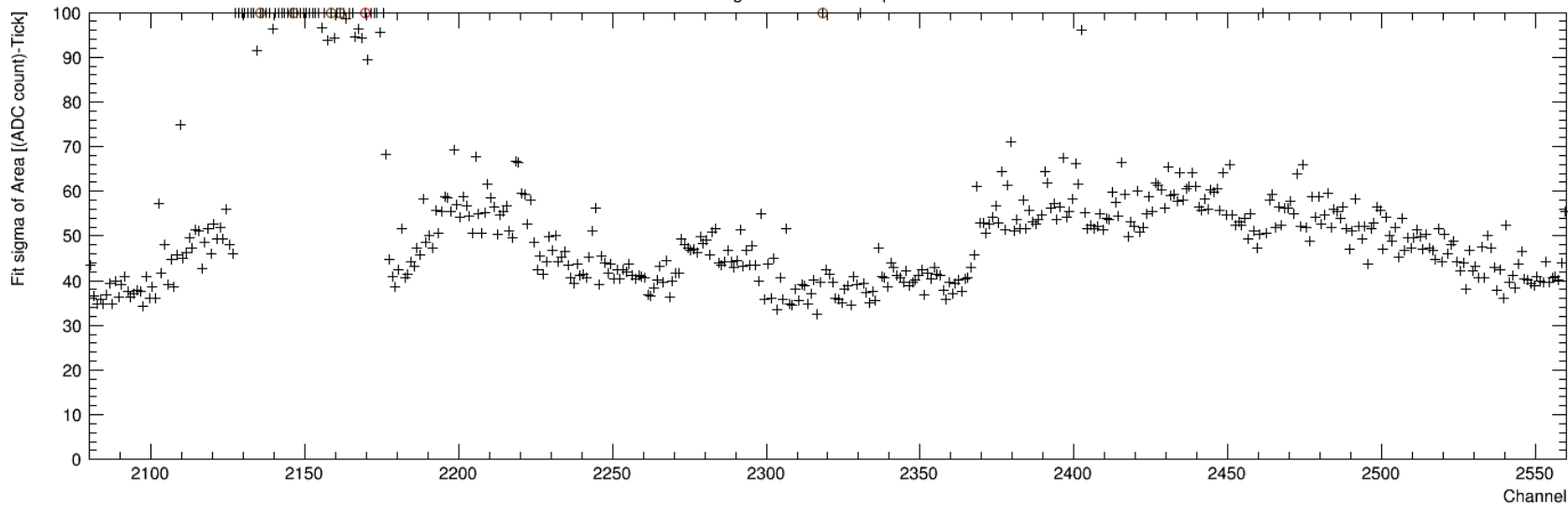


A=25 ROI area (high threshold)

ROI area run 6033 APA plane 3z

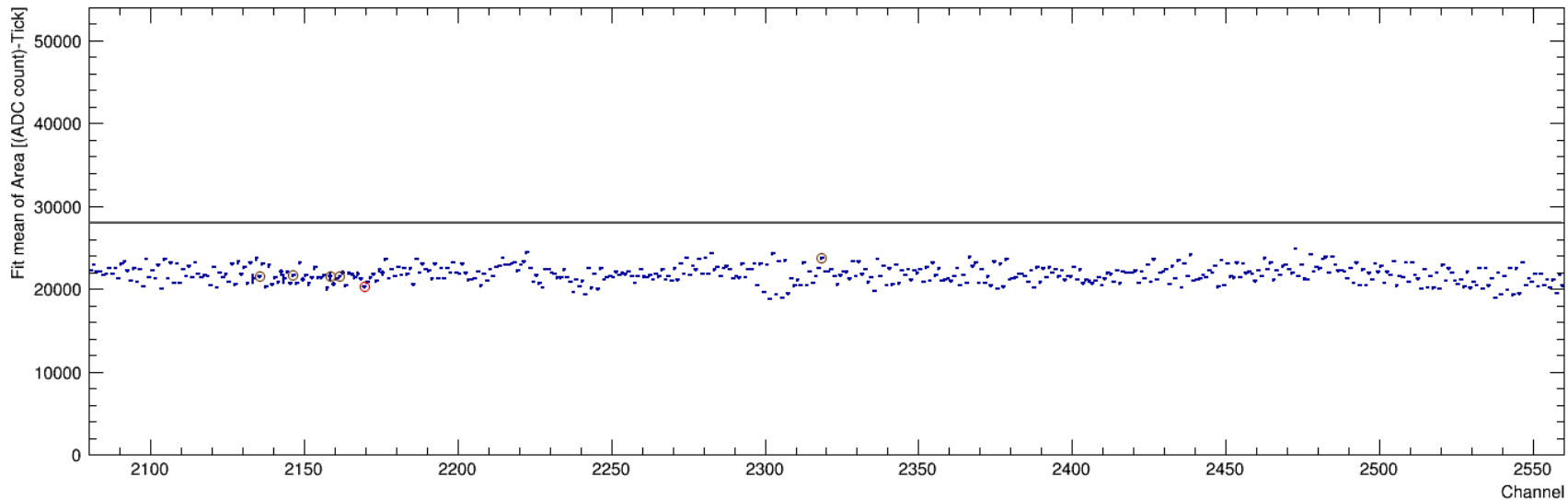


ROI area sigma run 6033 APA plane 3z

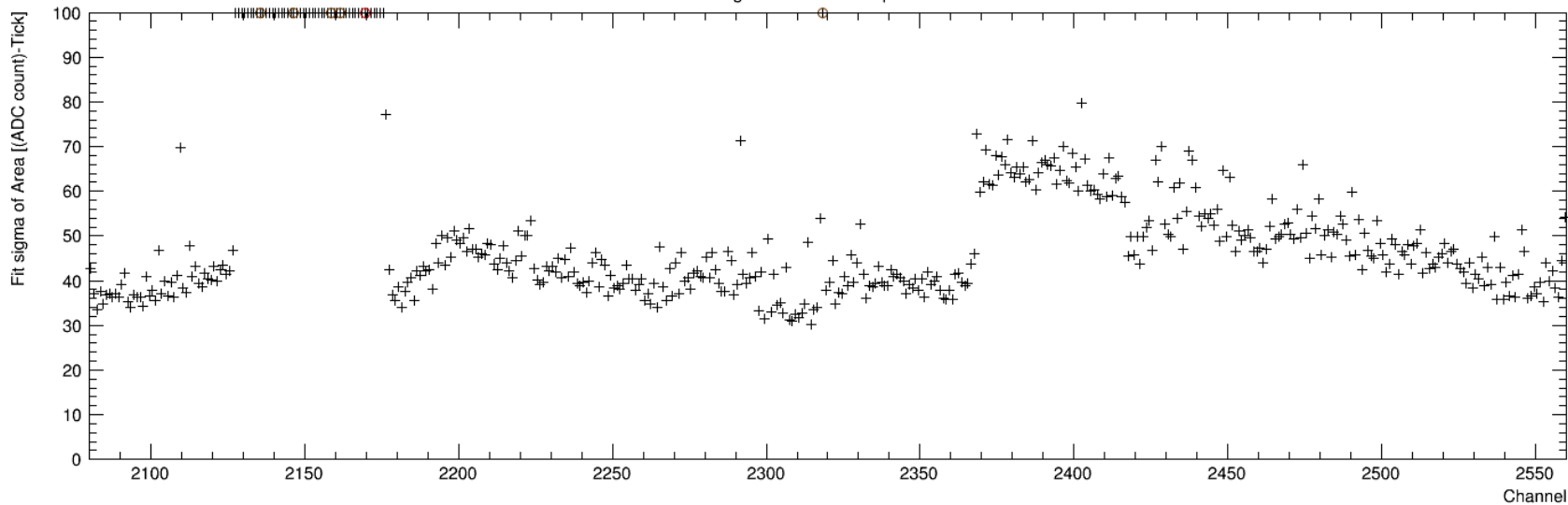


A=30 ROI area (high threshold)

ROI area run 6032 APA plane 3z



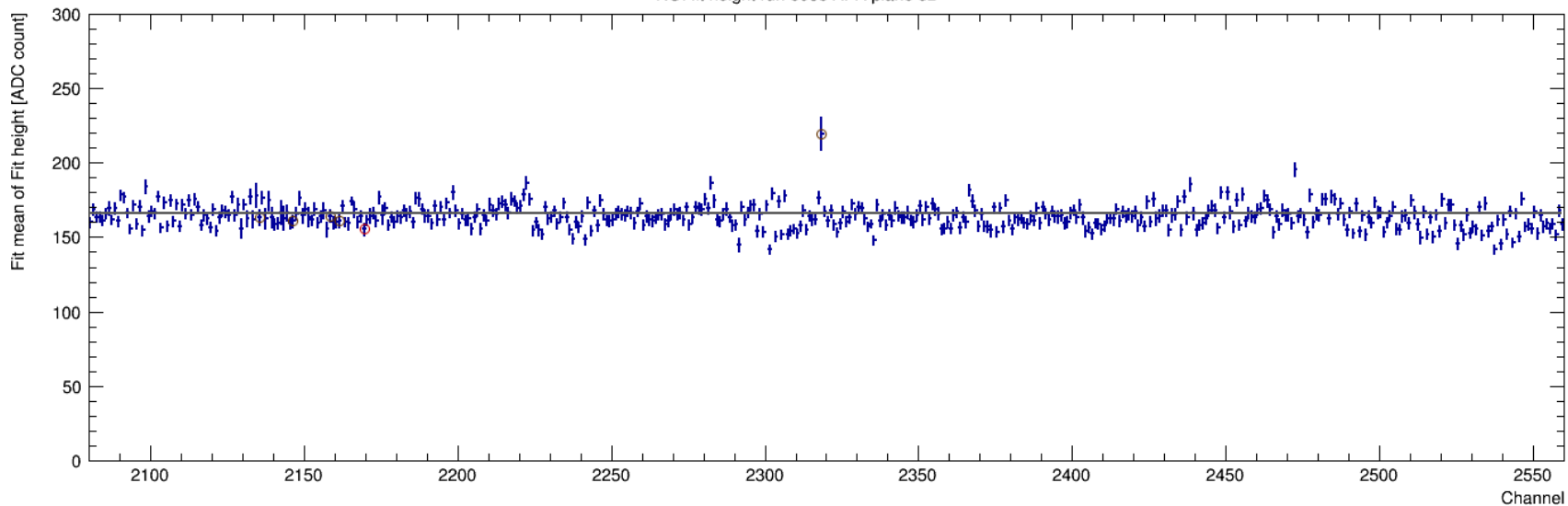
ROI area sigma run 6032 APA plane 3z



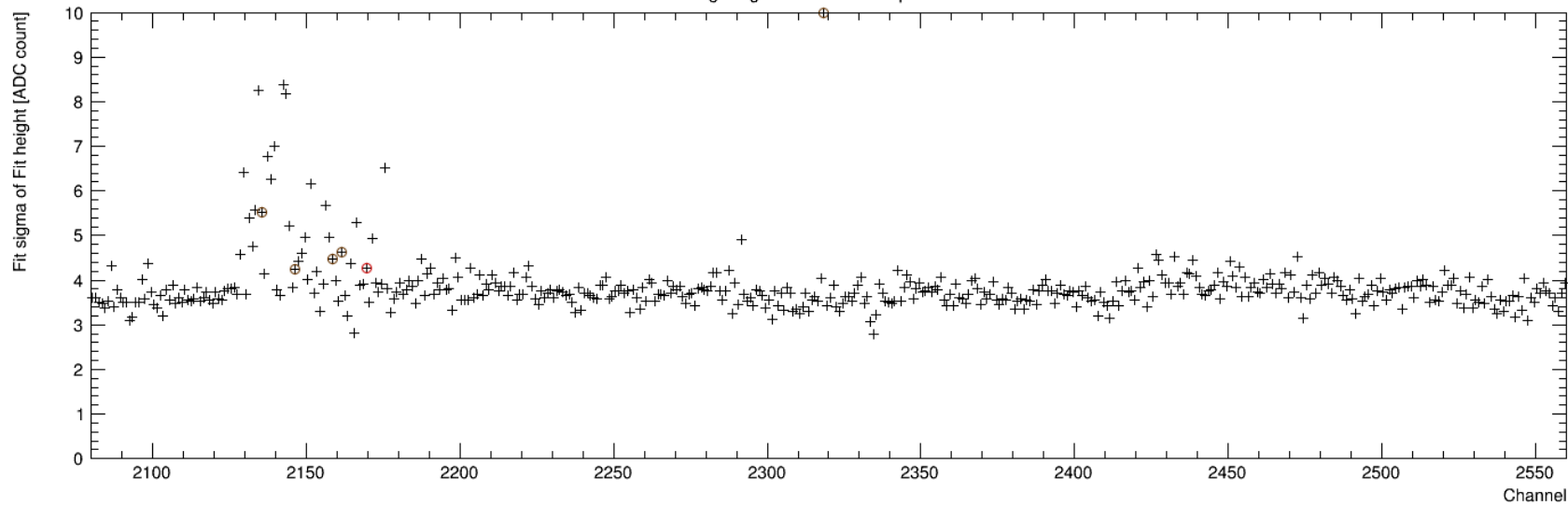
Negative ROI fitted heights

A=-1 fitted height

ROI fit height run 6068 APA plane 3z

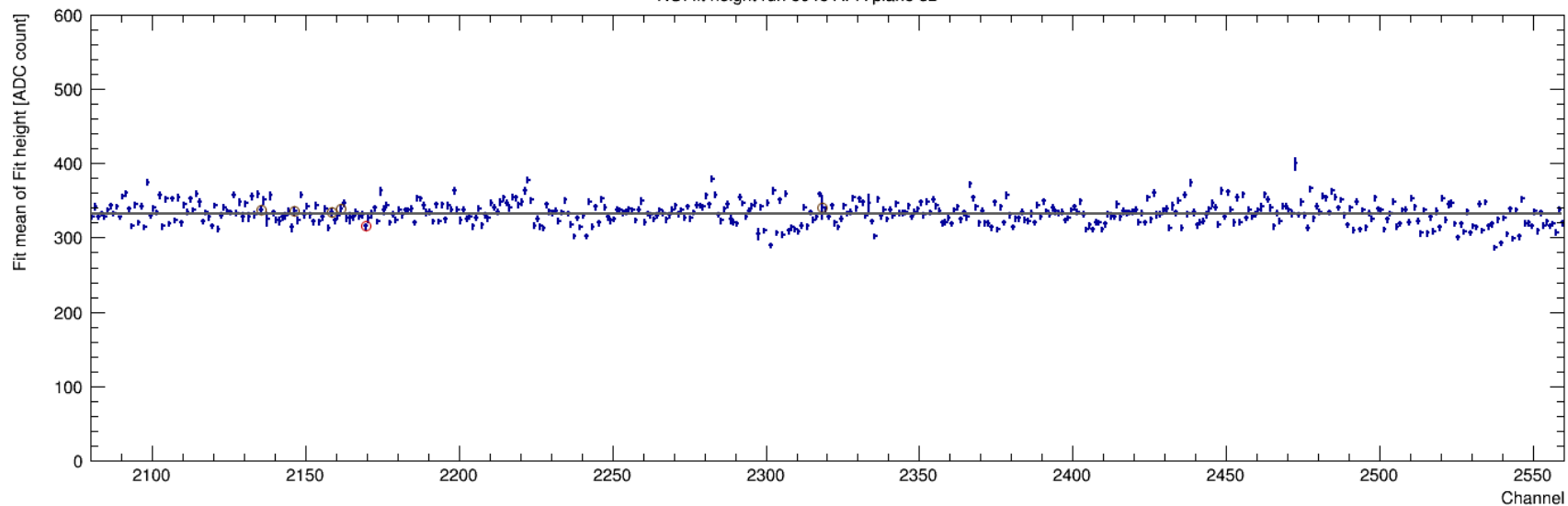


ROI fit height sigma run 6068 APA plane 3z

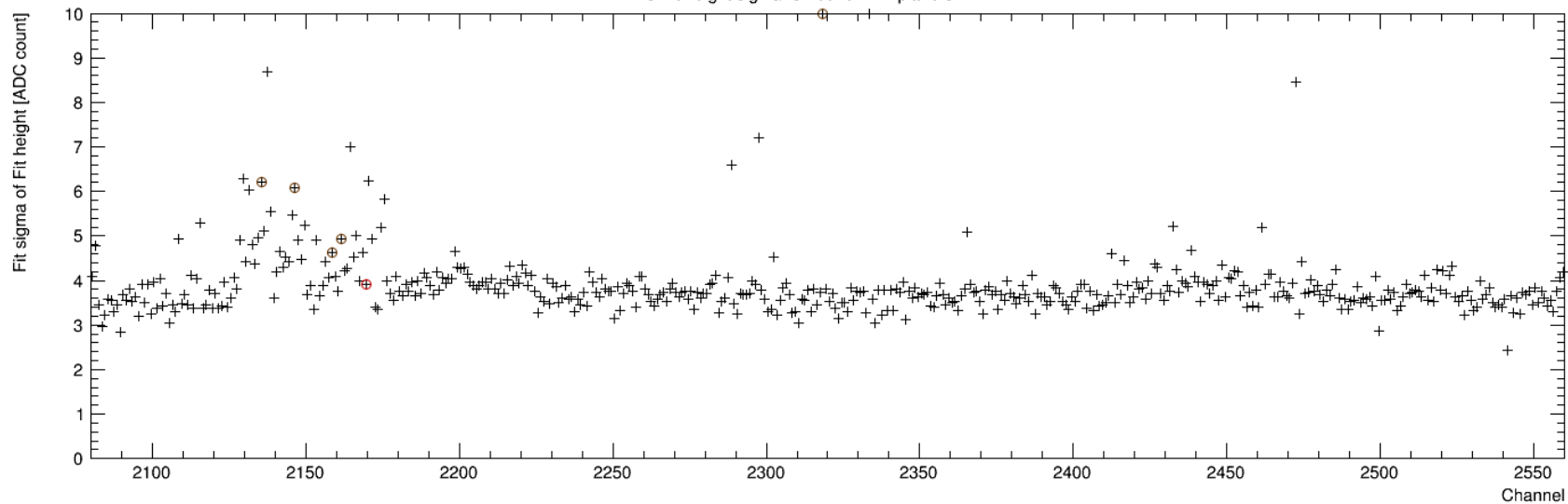


A=-2 fitted height

ROI fit height run 6046 APA plane 3z

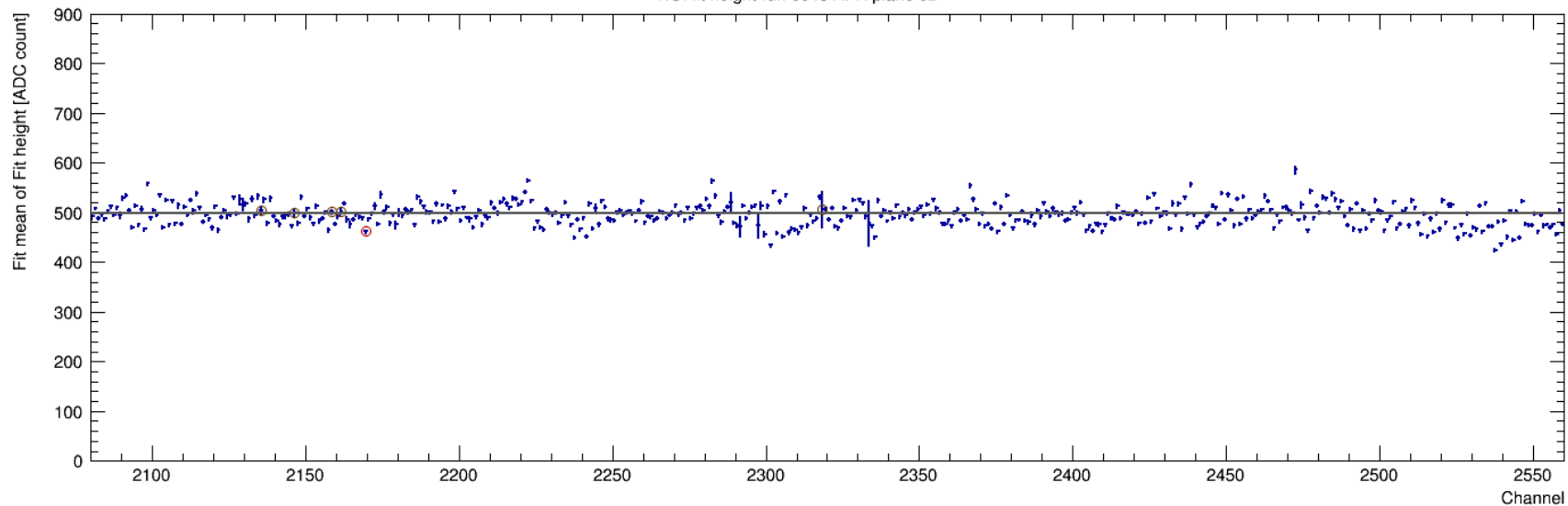


ROI fit height sigma run 6046 APA plane 3z

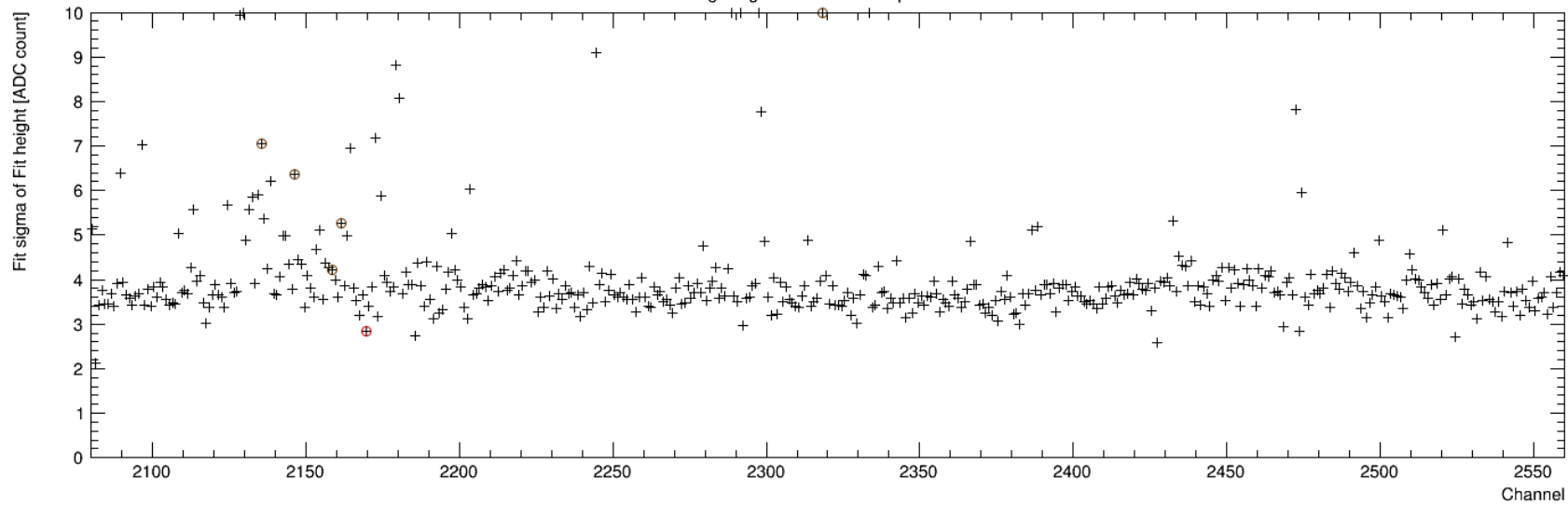


A=-3 fitted height

ROI fit height run 6045 APA plane 3z

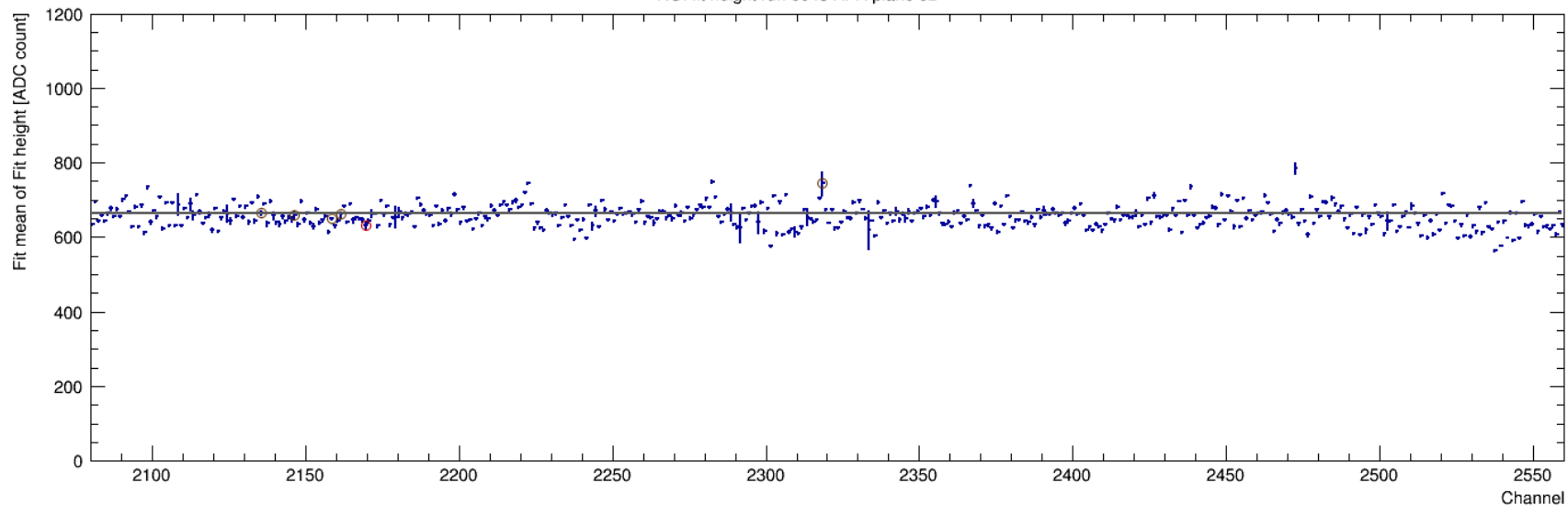


ROI fit height sigma run 6045 APA plane 3z

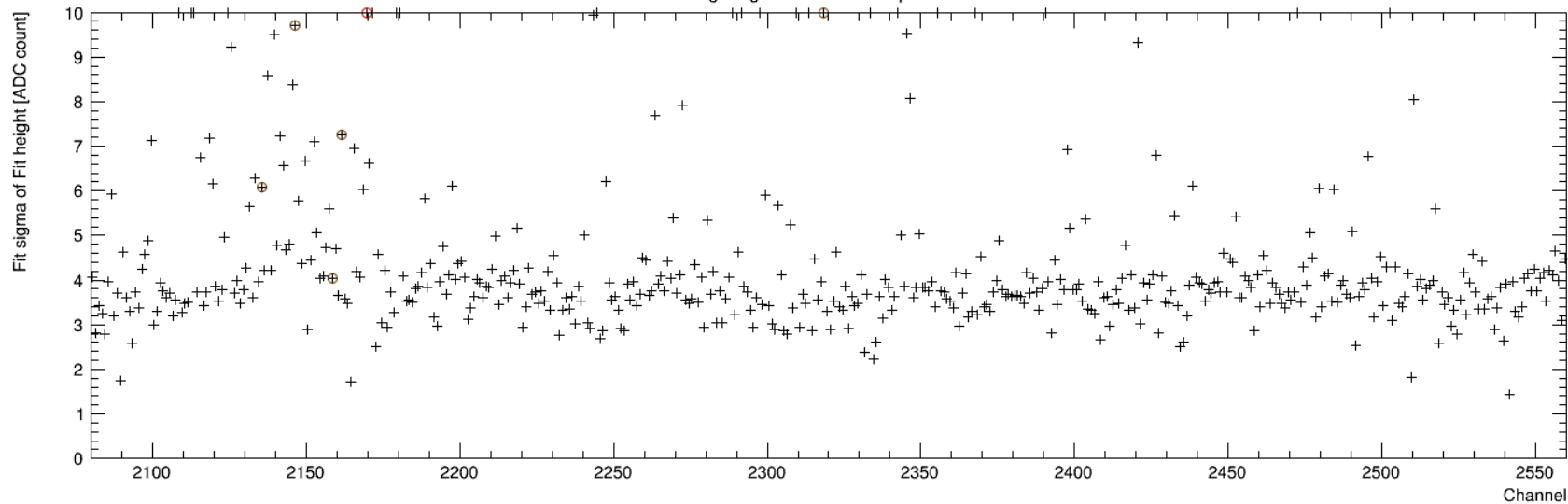


A=-4 fitted height

ROI fit height run 6043 APA plane 3z

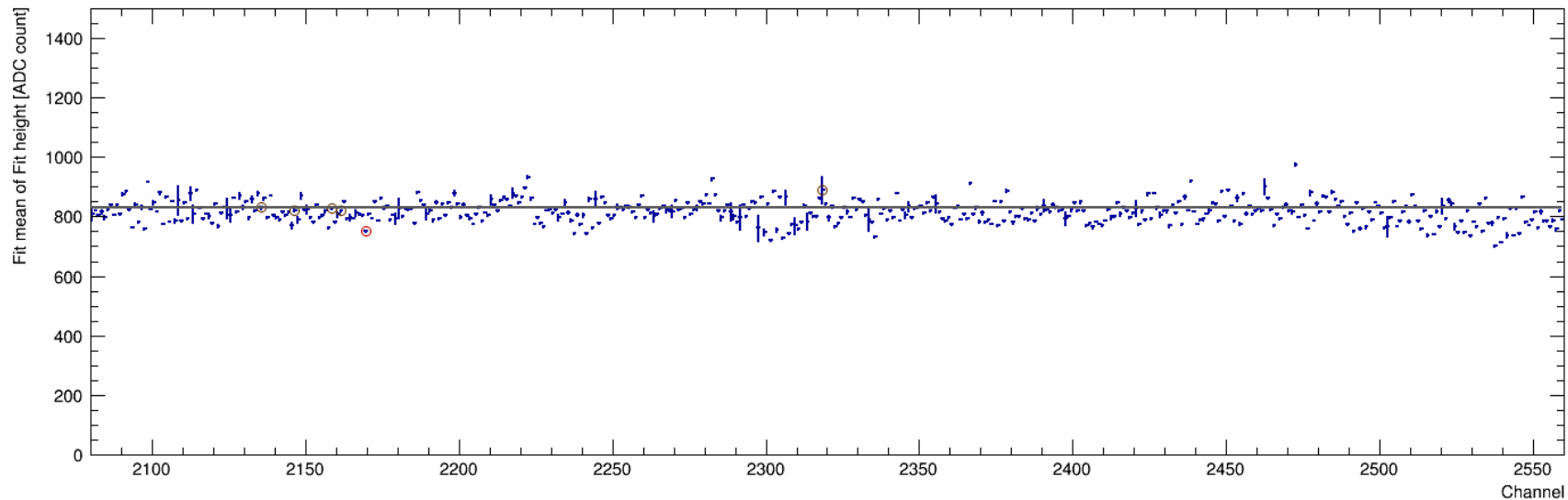


ROI fit height sigma run 6043 APA plane 3z

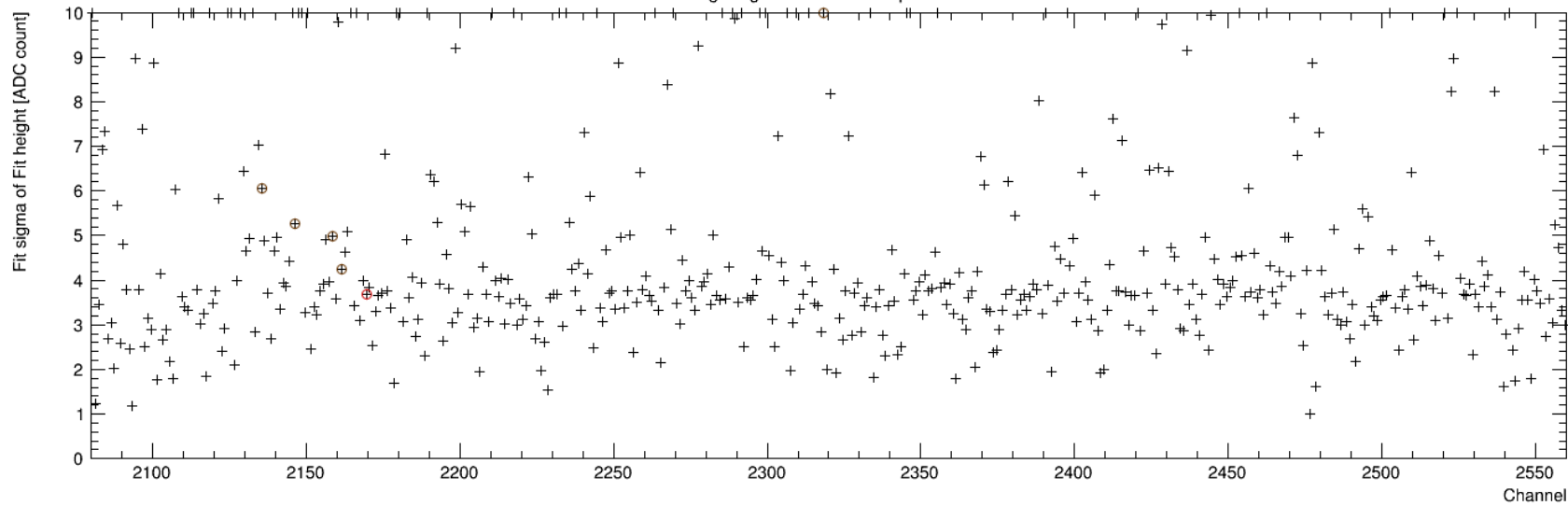


A=-5 fitted height

ROI fit height run 6042 APA plane 3z

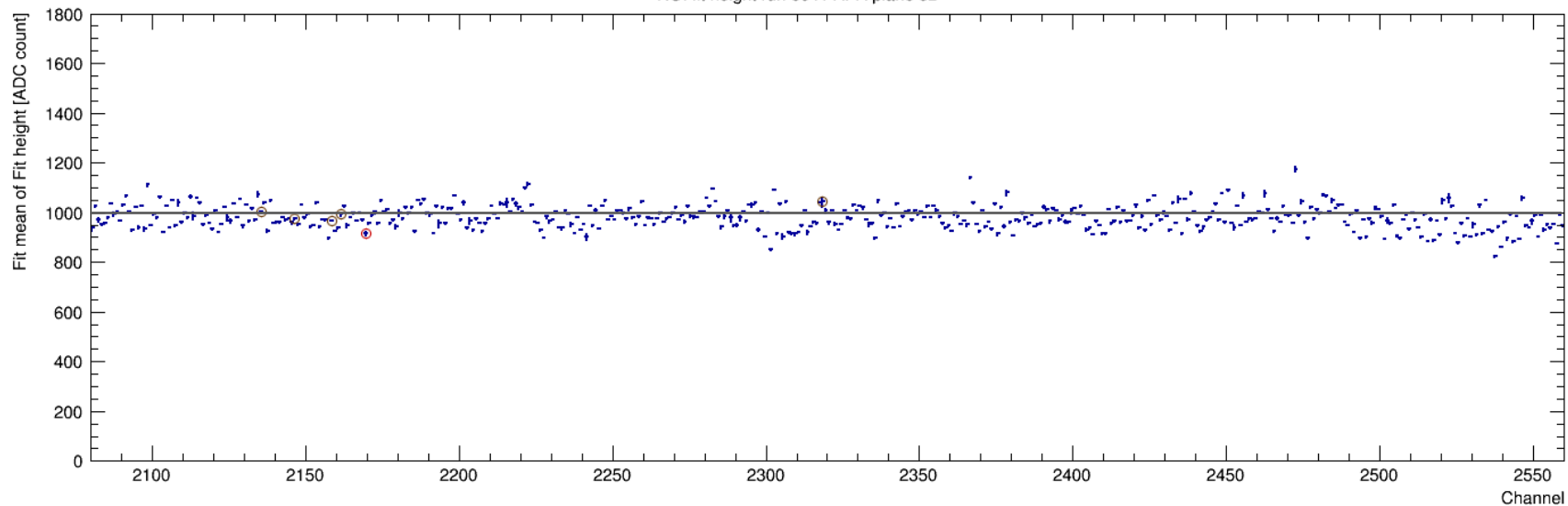


ROI fit height sigma run 6042 APA plane 3z

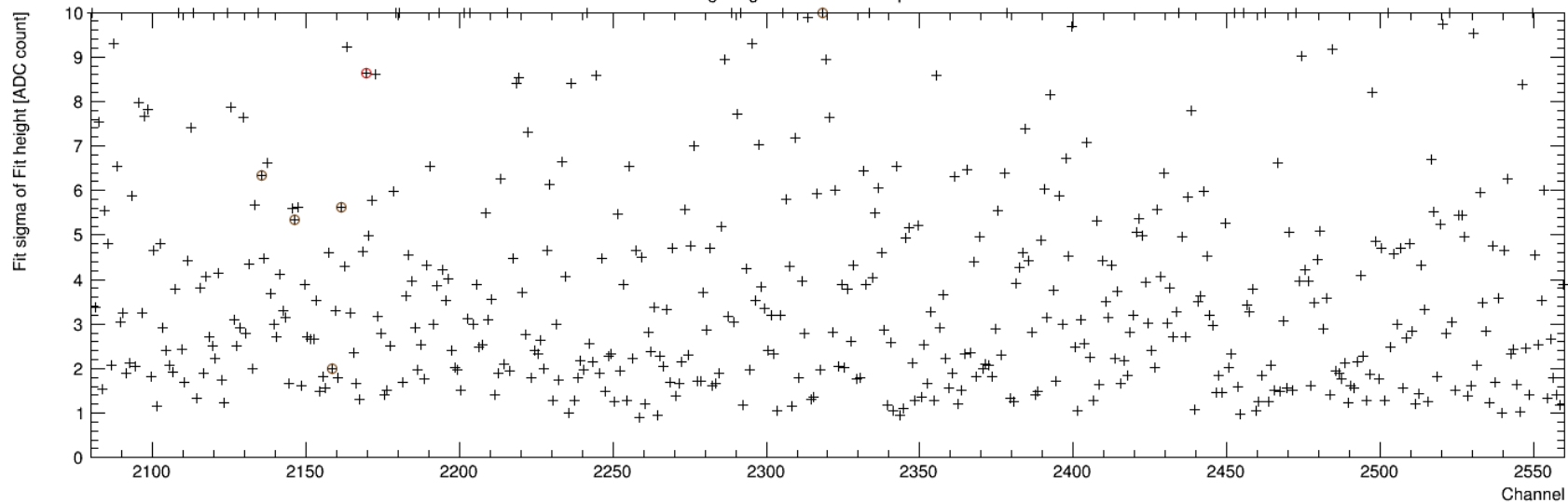


A=-6 fitted height

ROI fit height run 6041 APA plane 3z

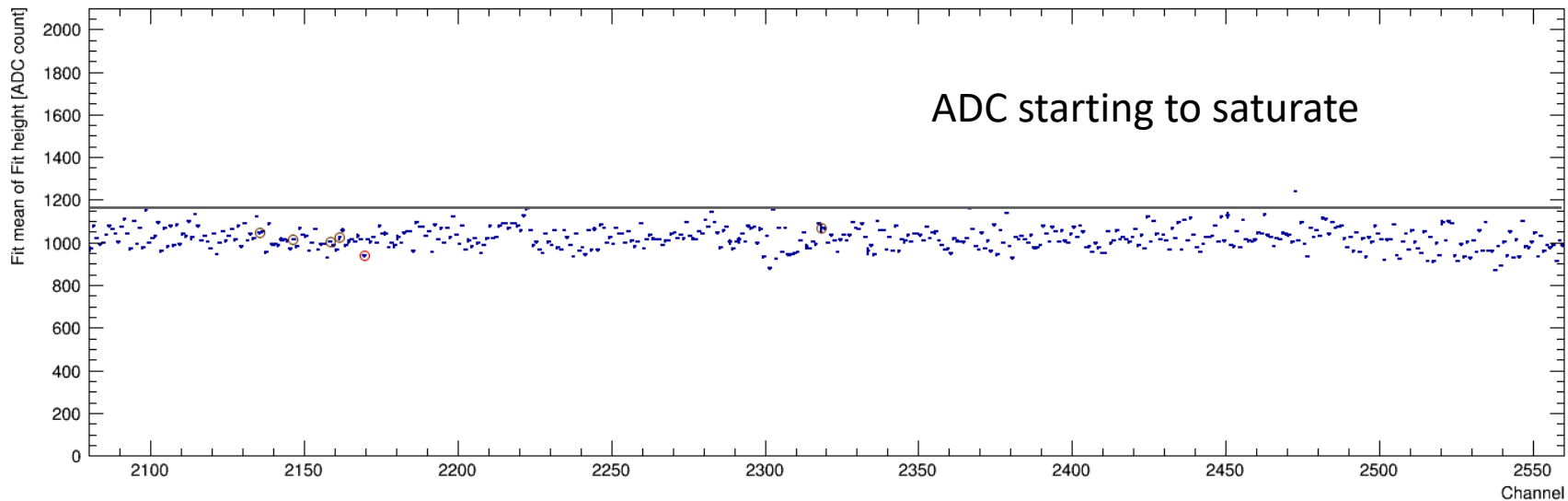


ROI fit height sigma run 6041 APA plane 3z

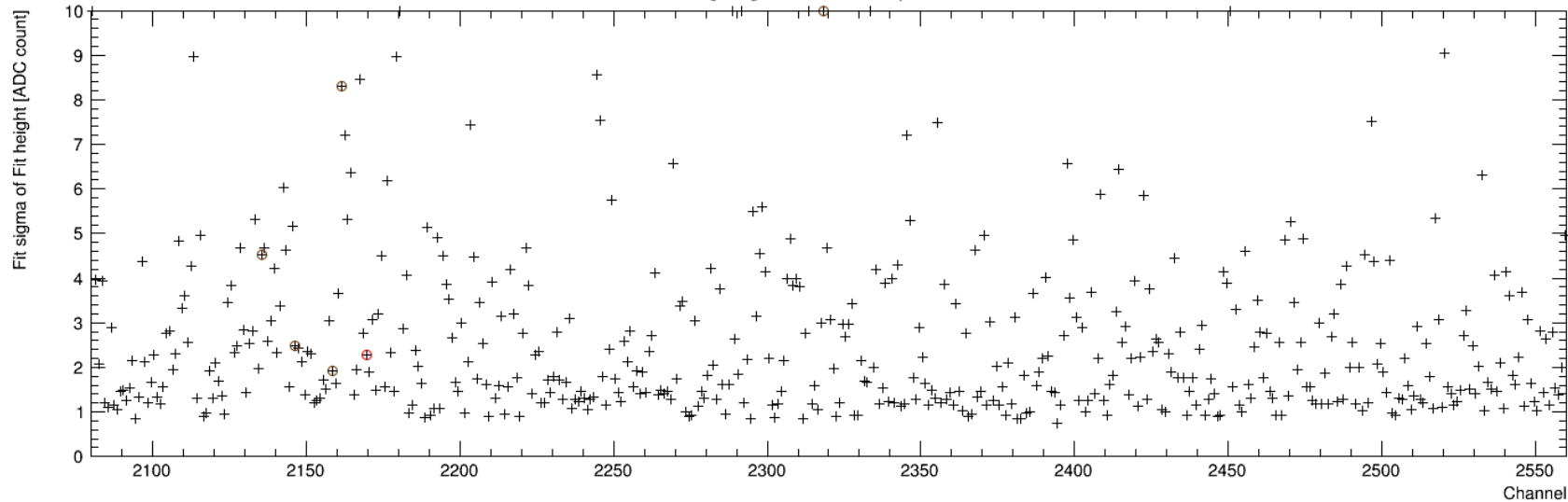


A=-7 fitted height

ROI fit height run 6040 APA plane 3z

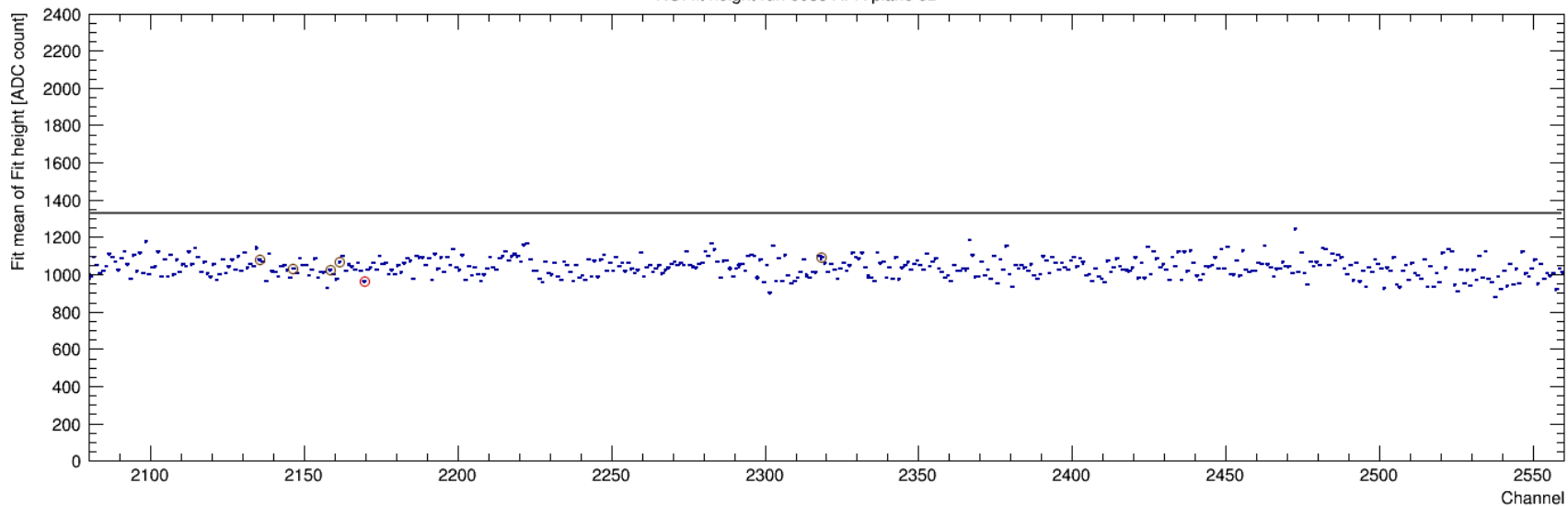


ROI fit height sigma run 6040 APA plane 3z

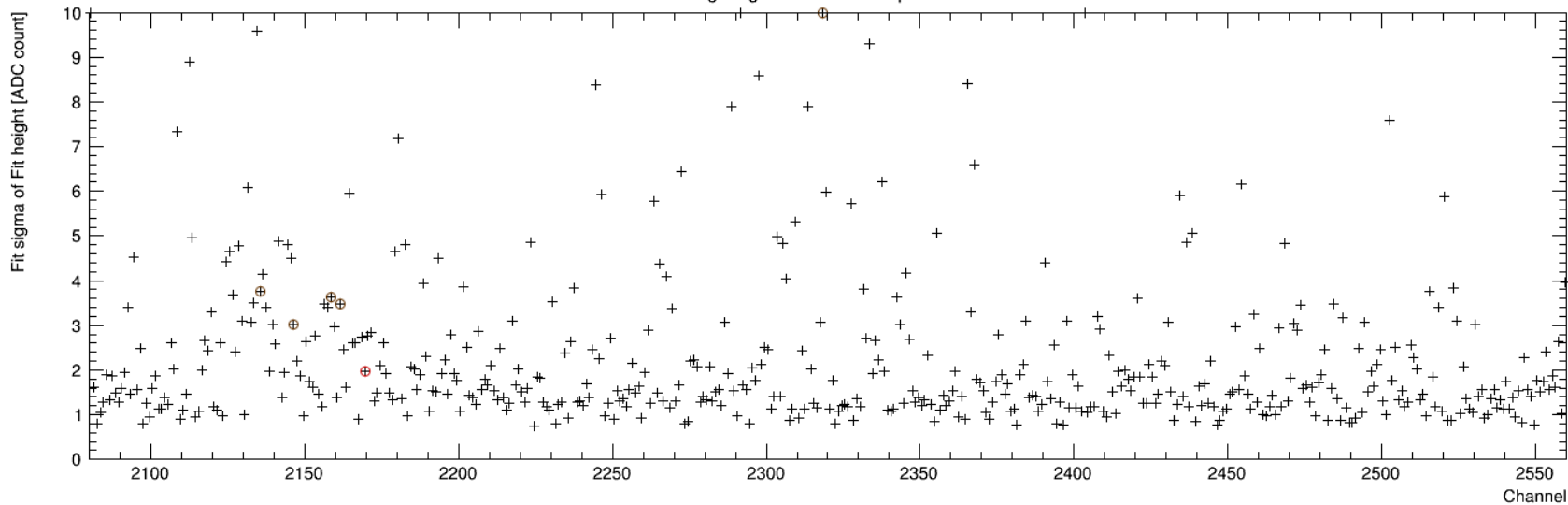


A=-8 fitted height

ROI fit height run 6039 APA plane 3z

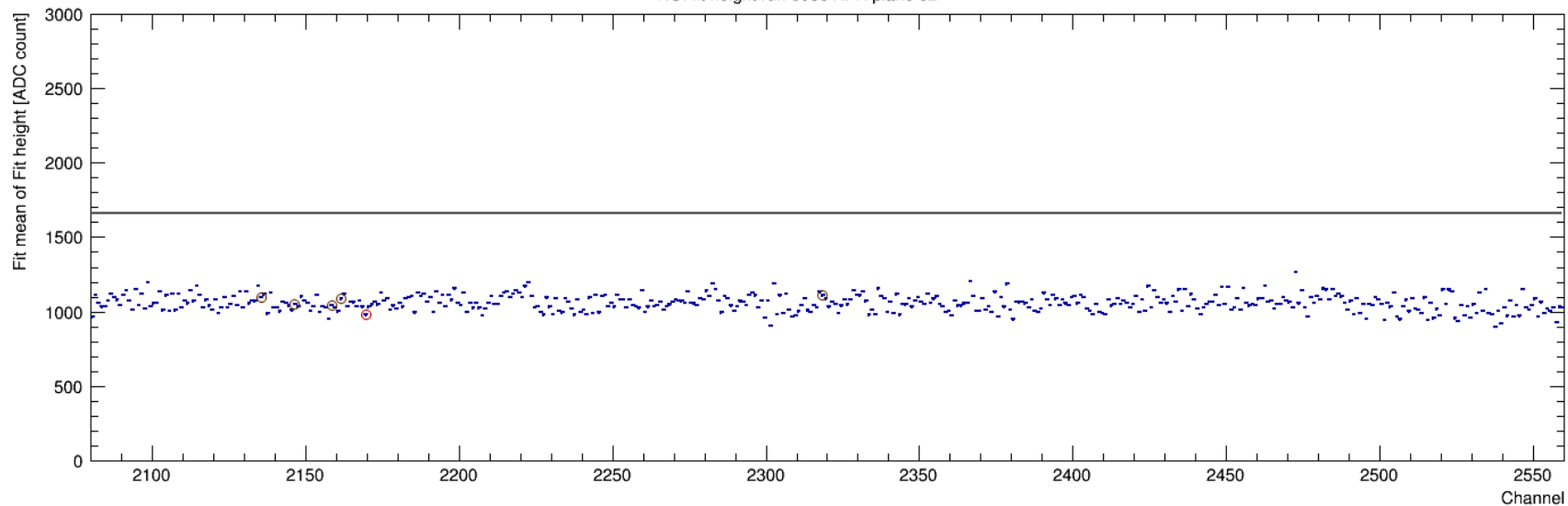


ROI fit height sigma run 6039 APA plane 3z

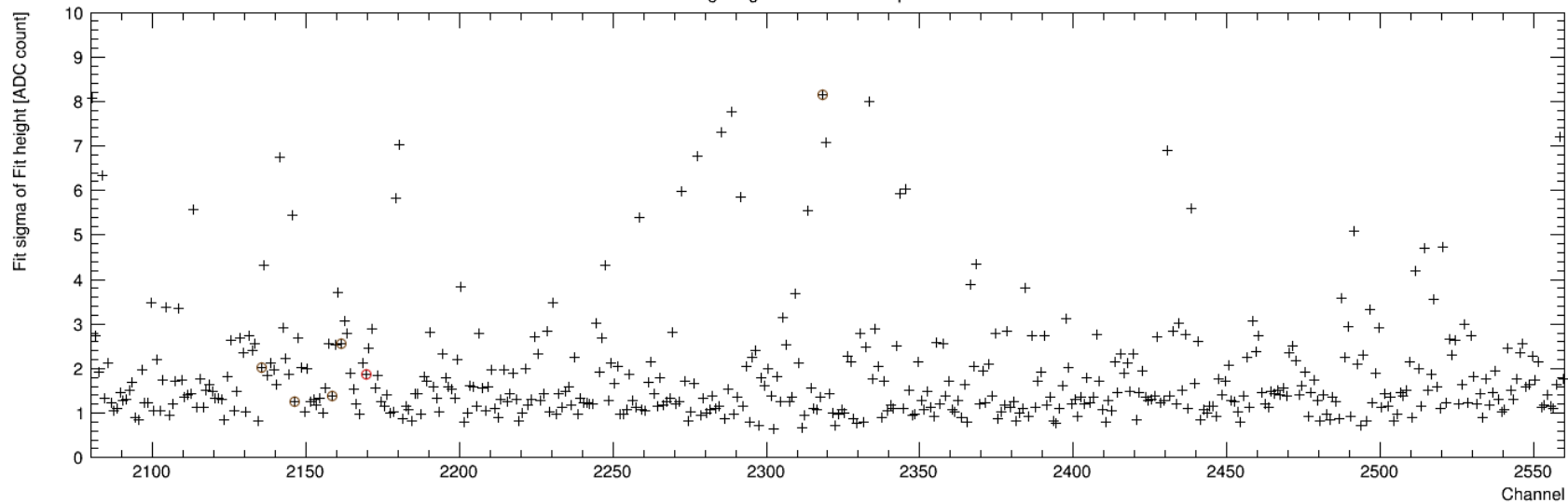


A=-10 fitted height

ROI fit height run 6038 APA plane 3z

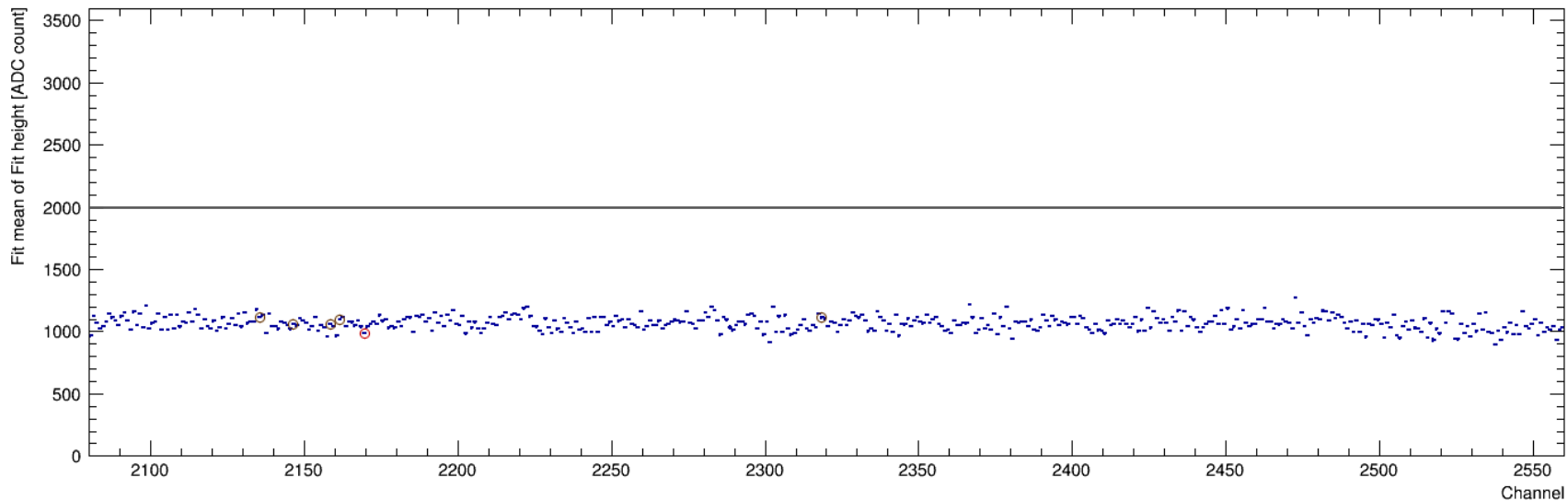


ROI fit height sigma run 6038 APA plane 3z

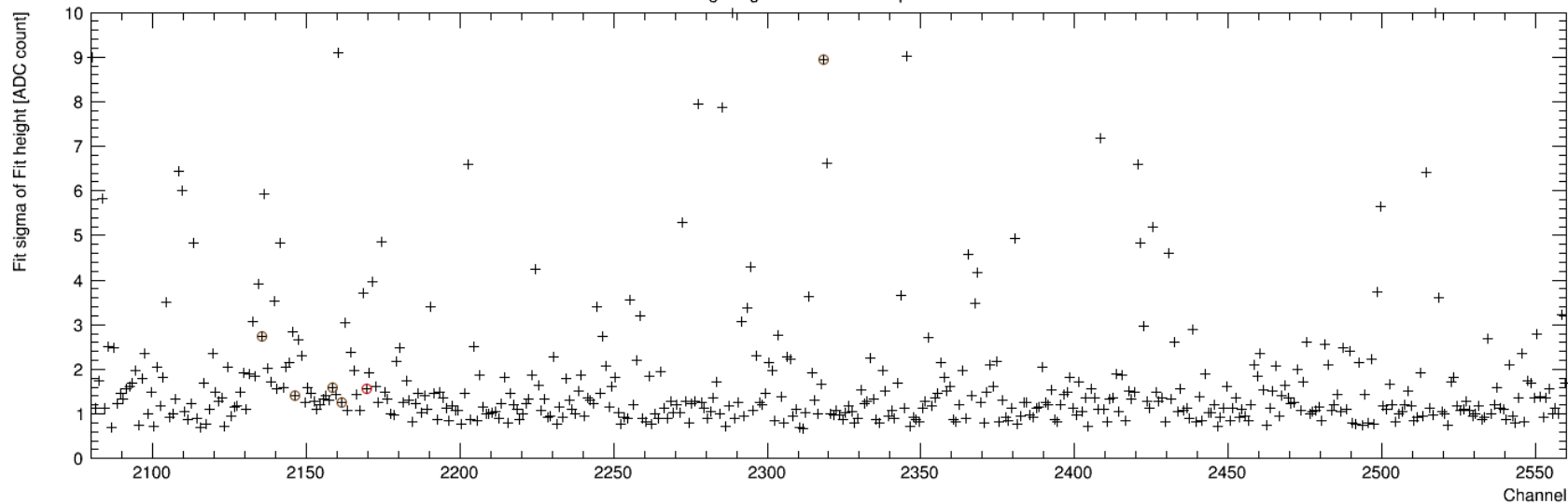


A=-12 fitted height

ROI fit height run 6037 APA plane 3z

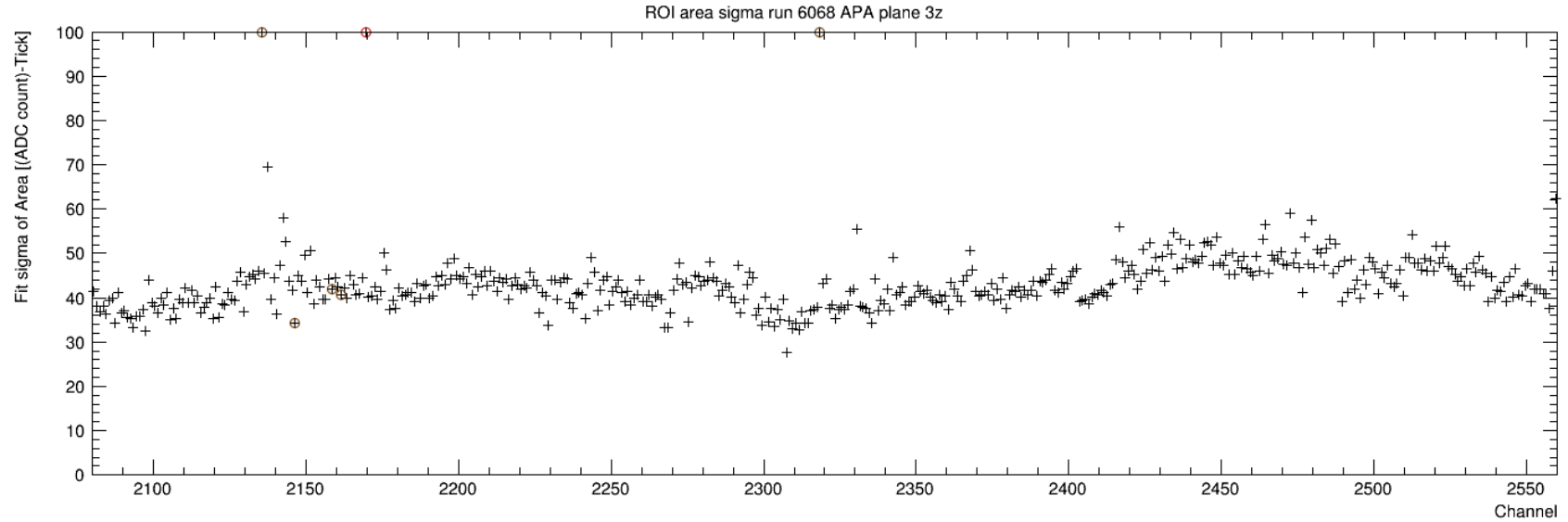
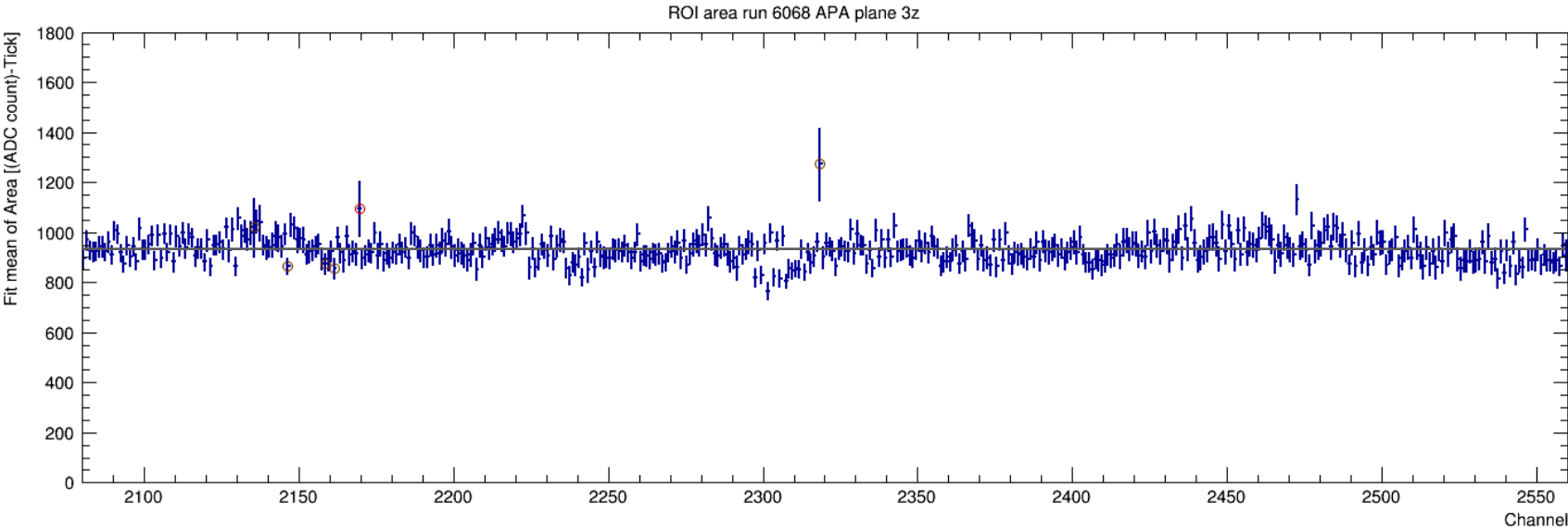


ROI fit height sigma run 6037 APA plane 3z

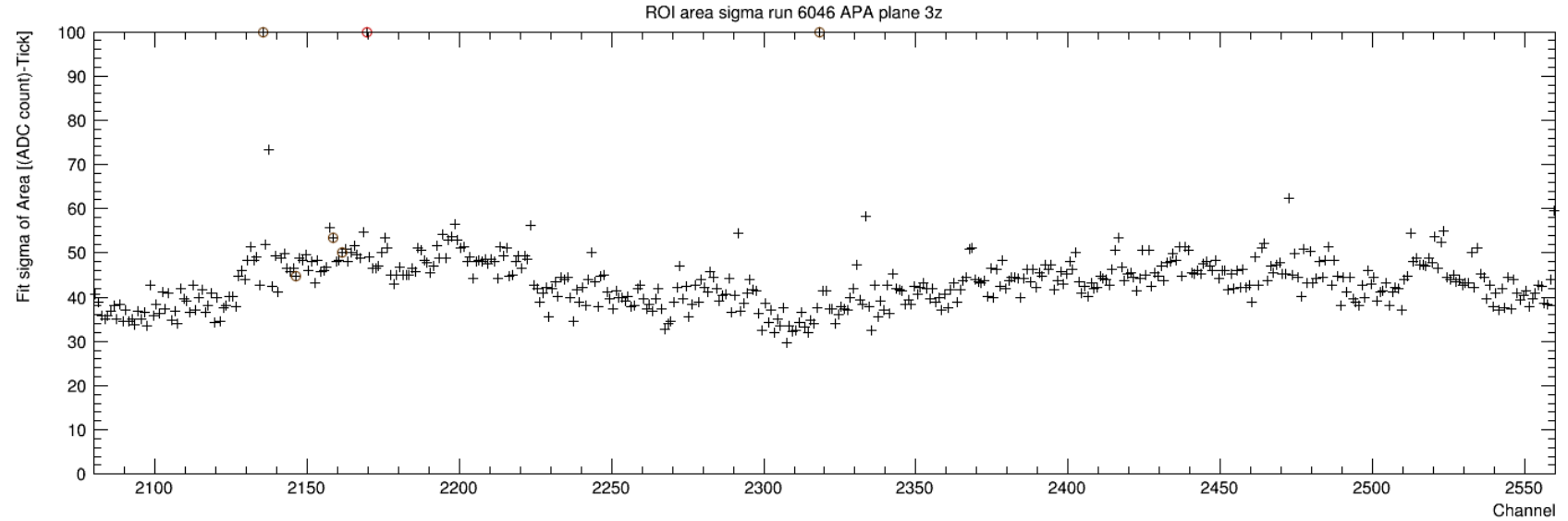
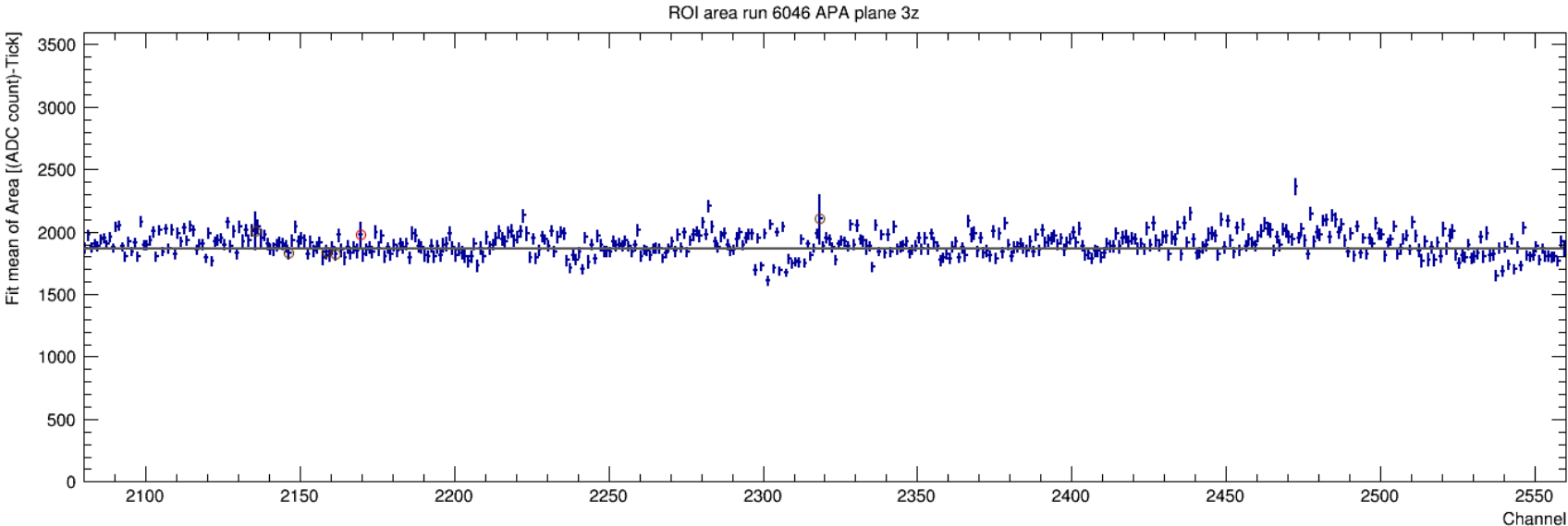


Negative ROI areas

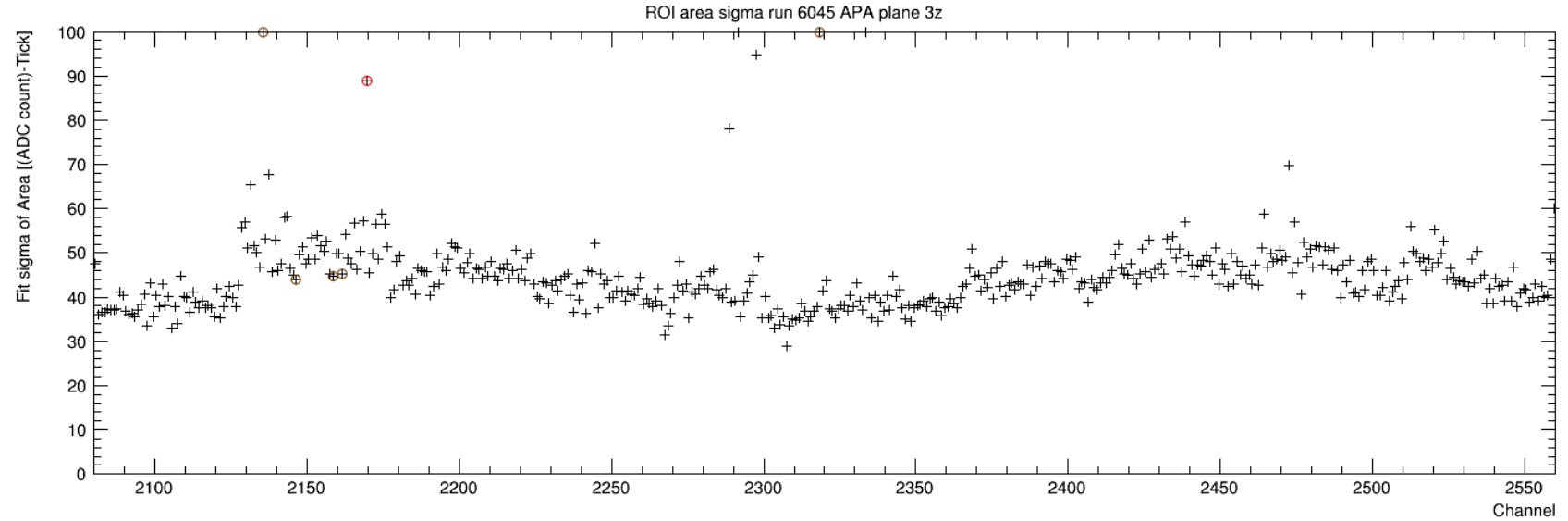
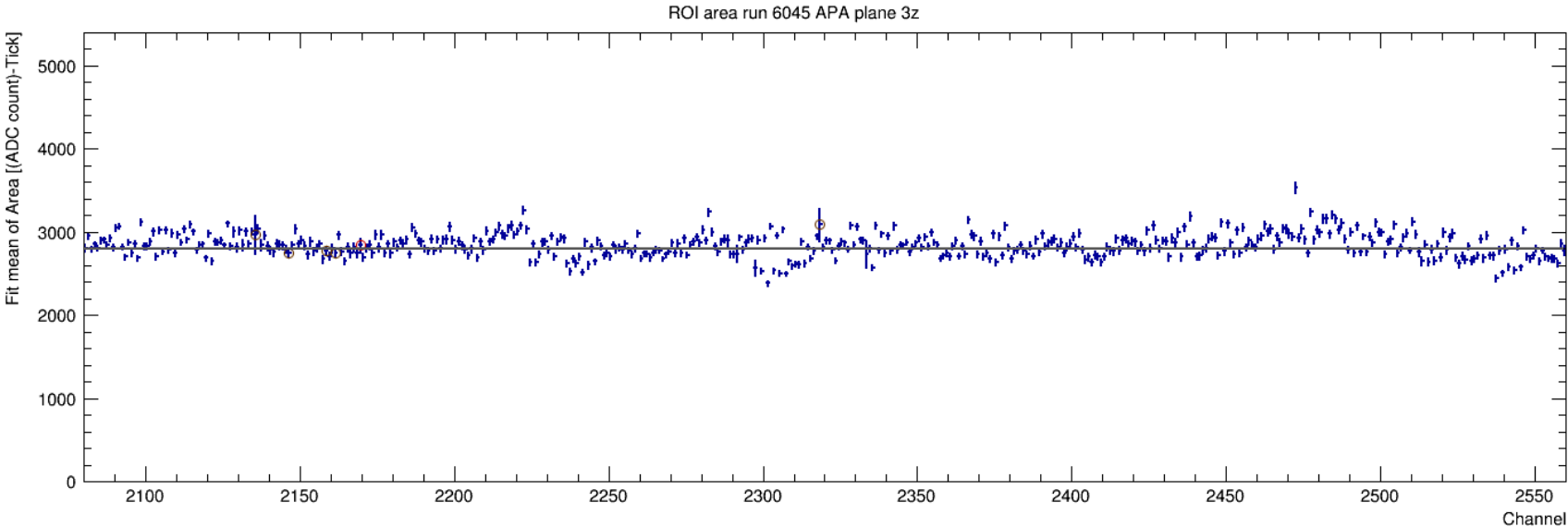
A=-1 ROI area



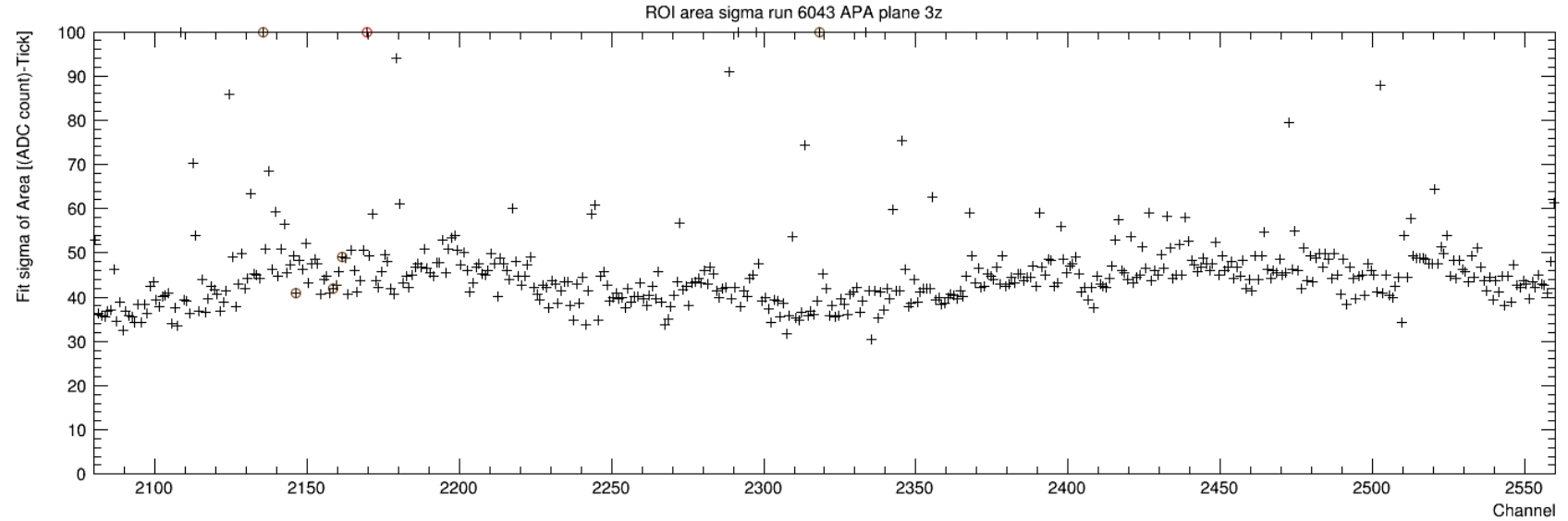
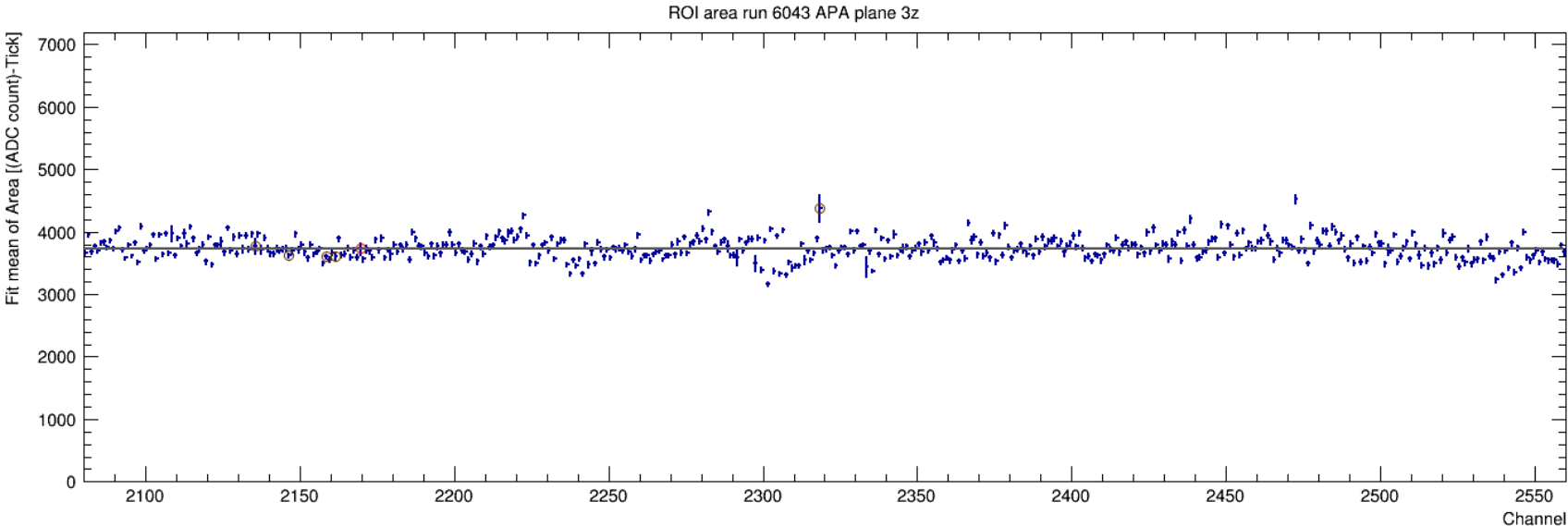
A=-2 ROI area



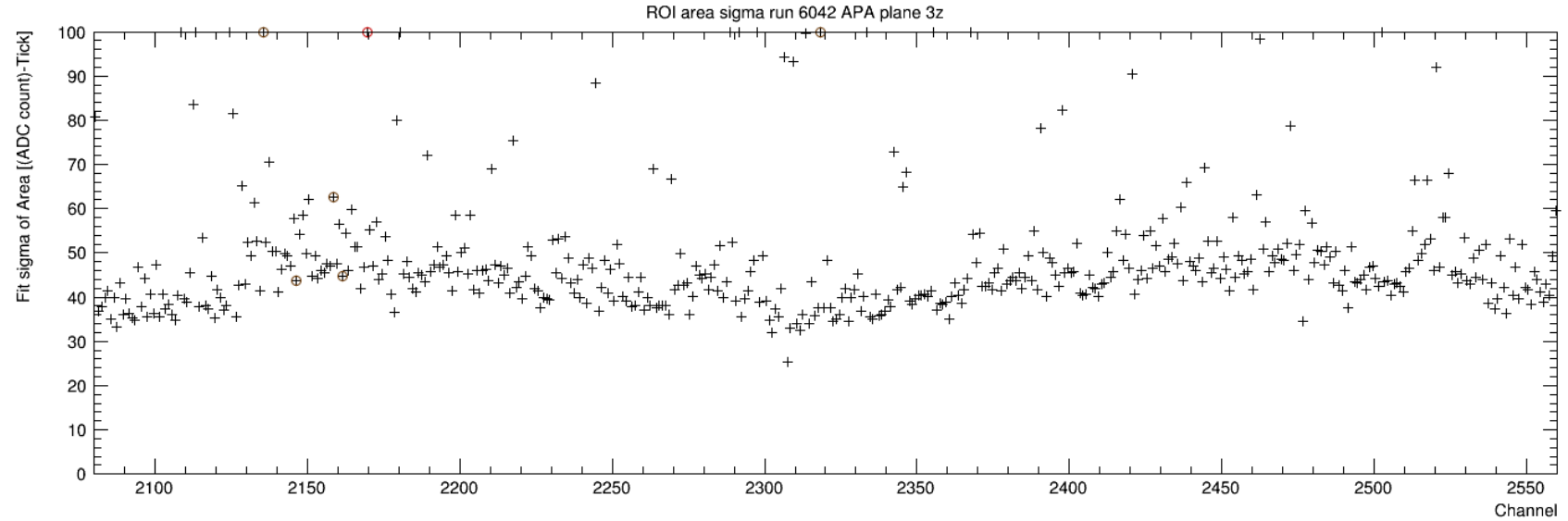
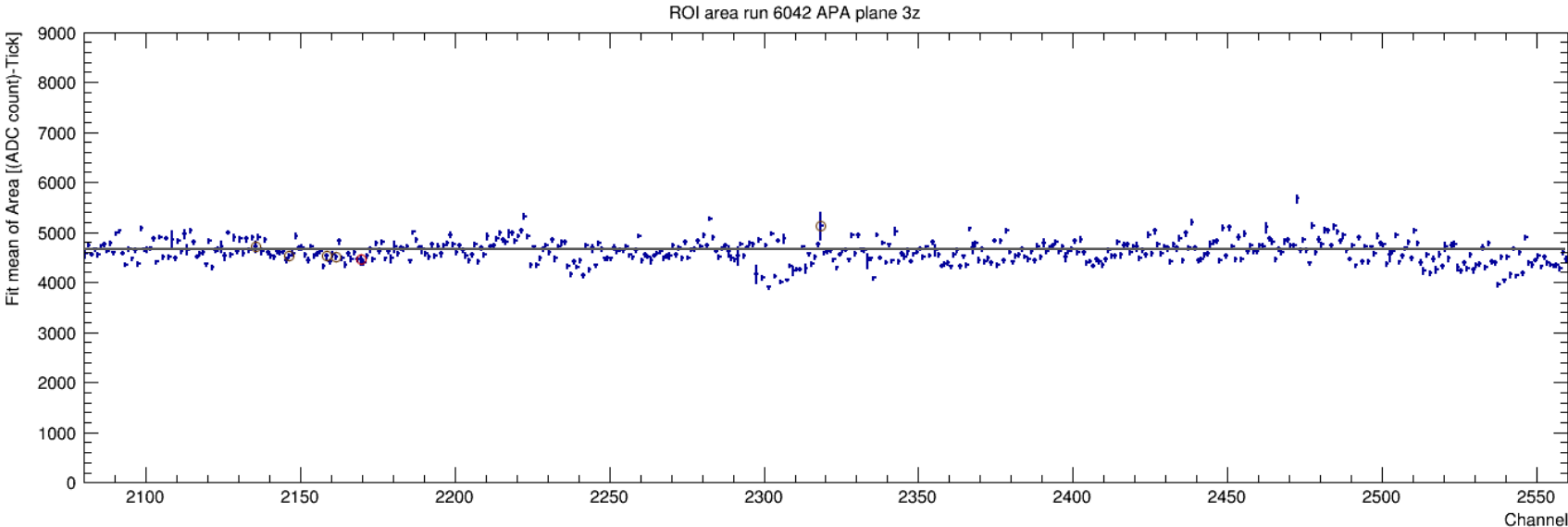
A=-3 ROI area



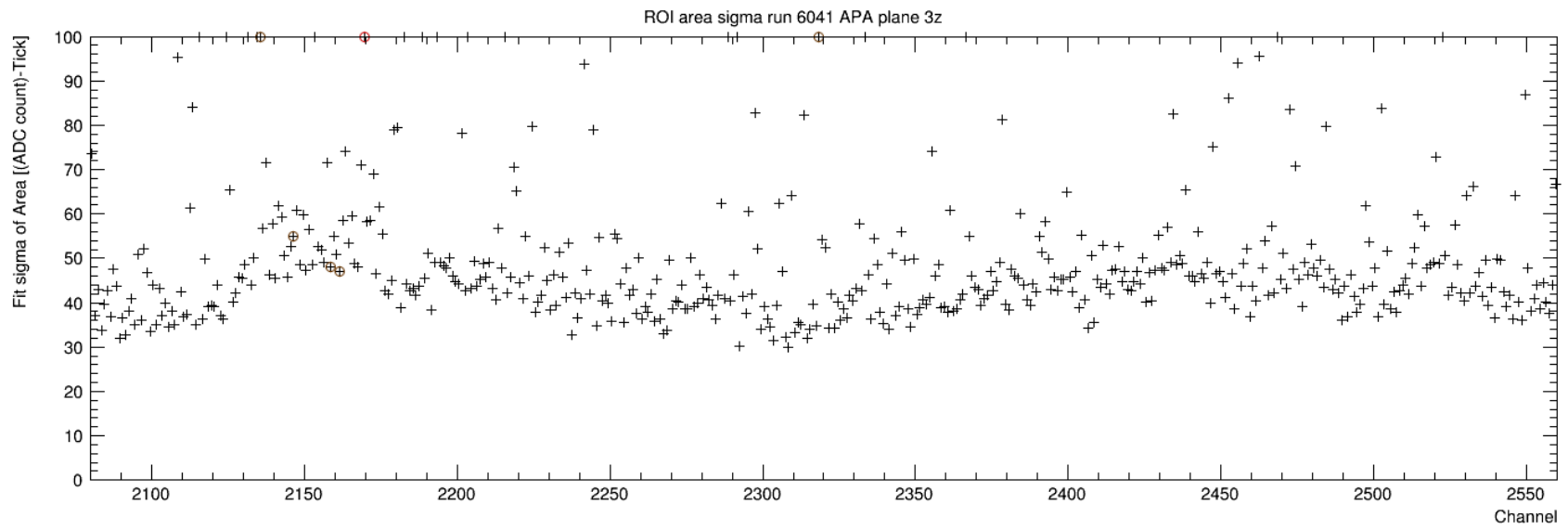
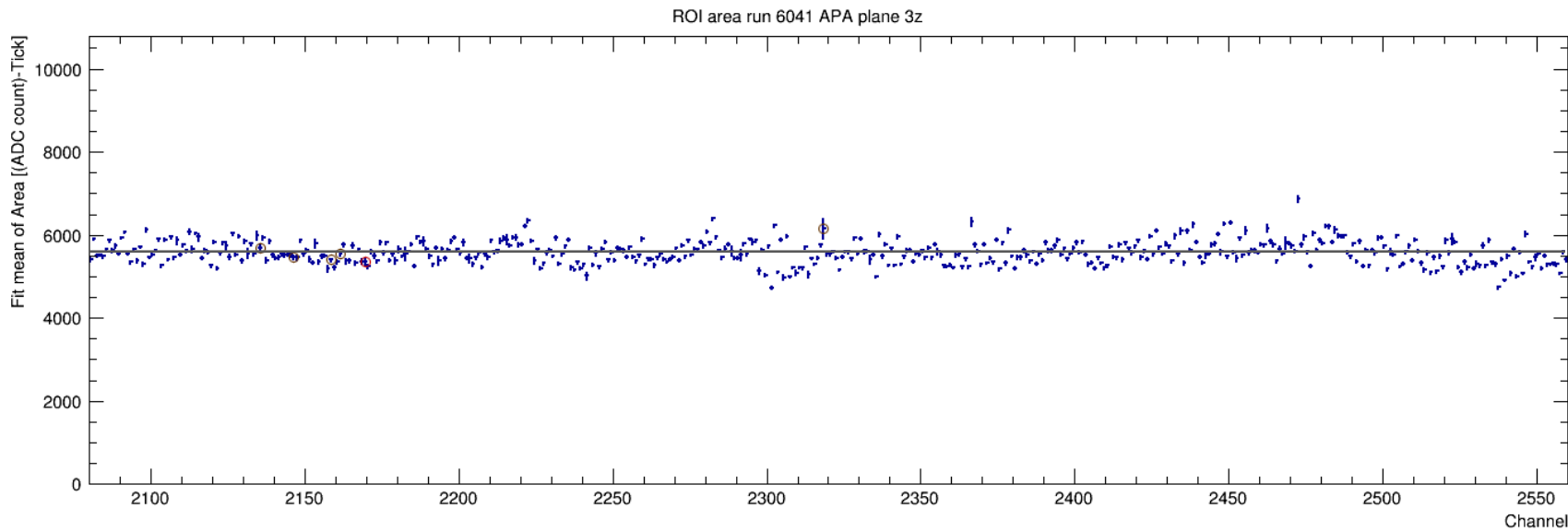
A=-4 ROI area



A=-5 ROI area

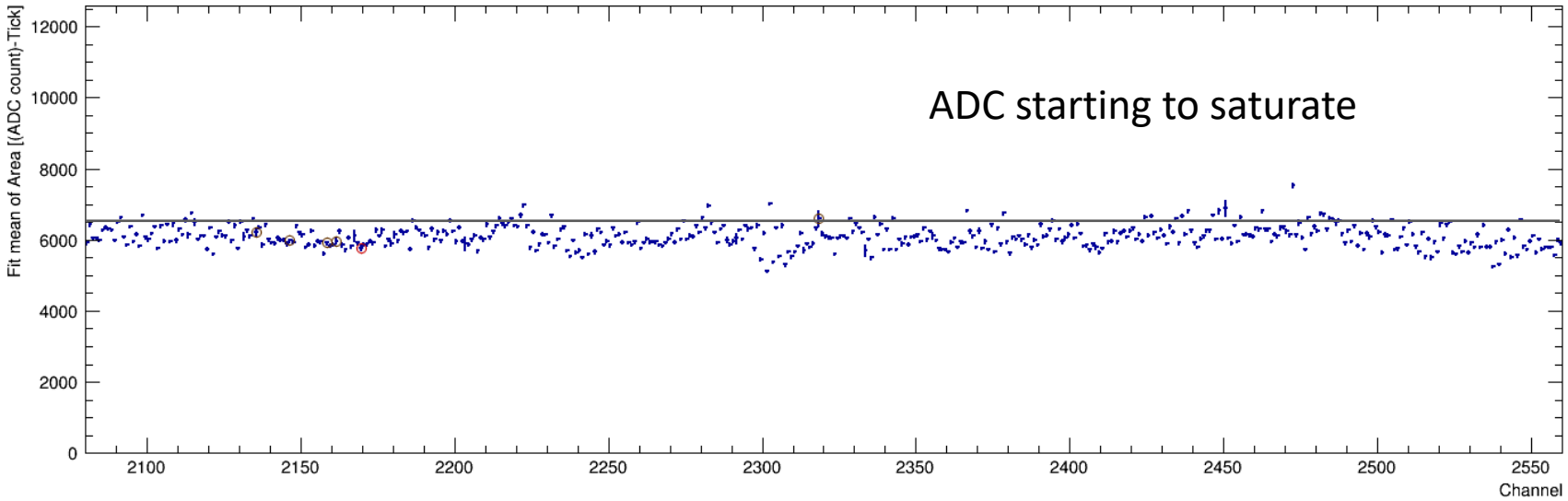


A=-6 ROI area

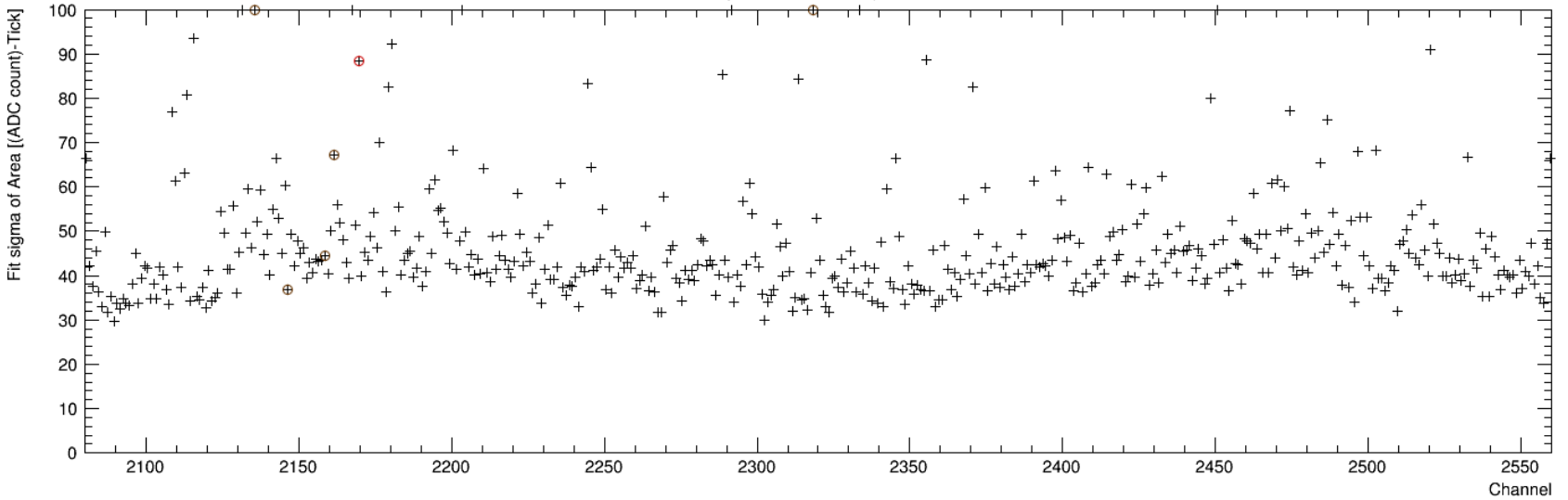


A=-7 ROI area

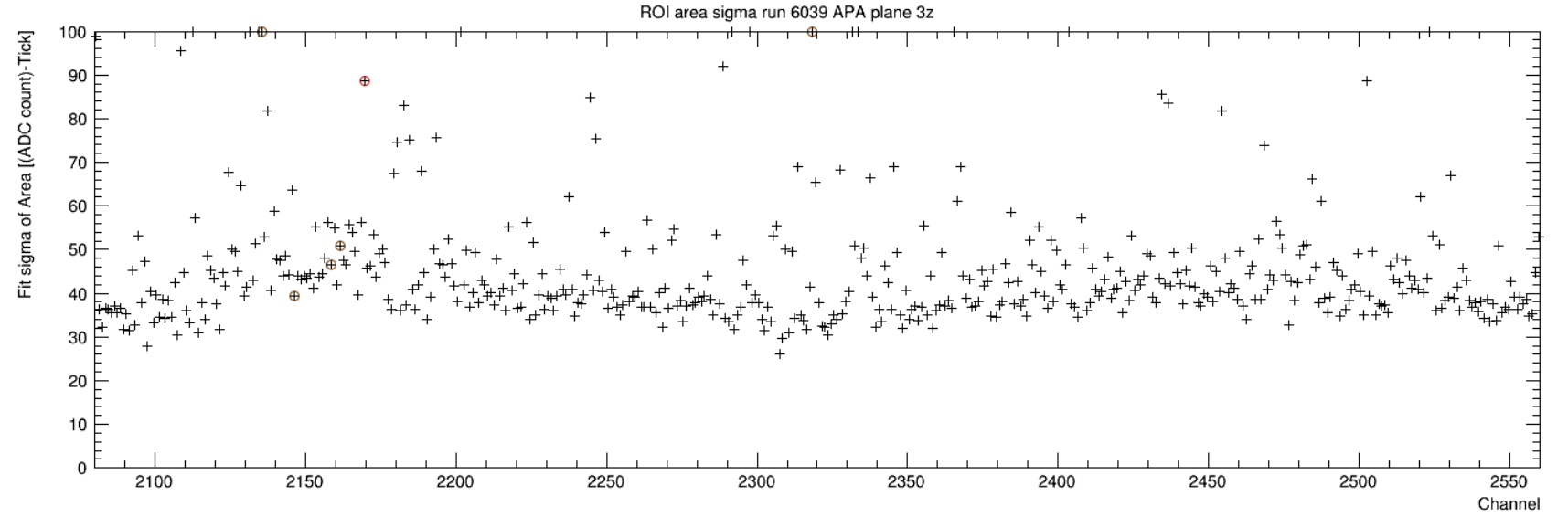
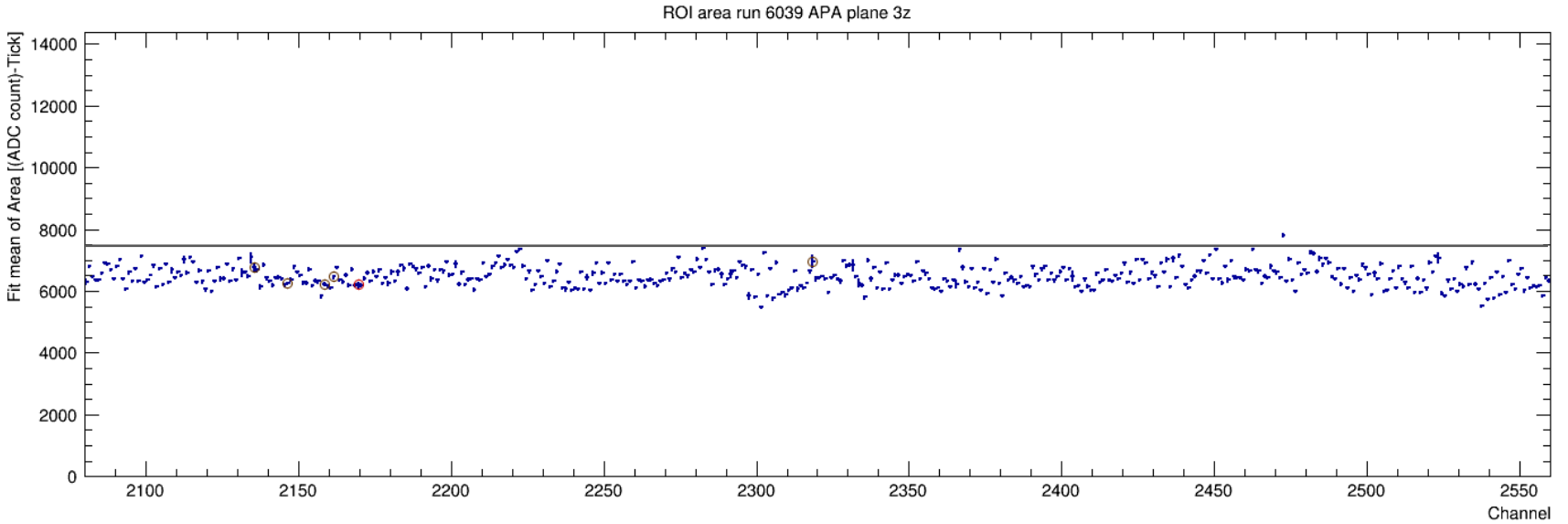
ROI area run 6040 APA plane 3z



ROI area sigma run 6040 APA plane 3z

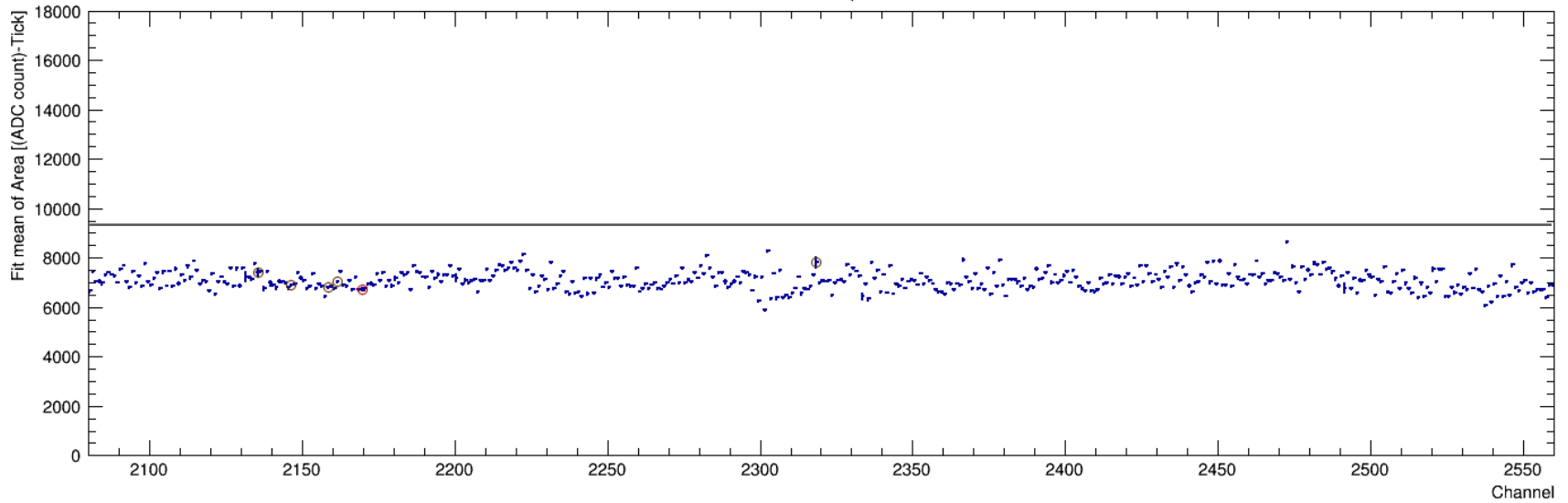


A=-8 ROI area

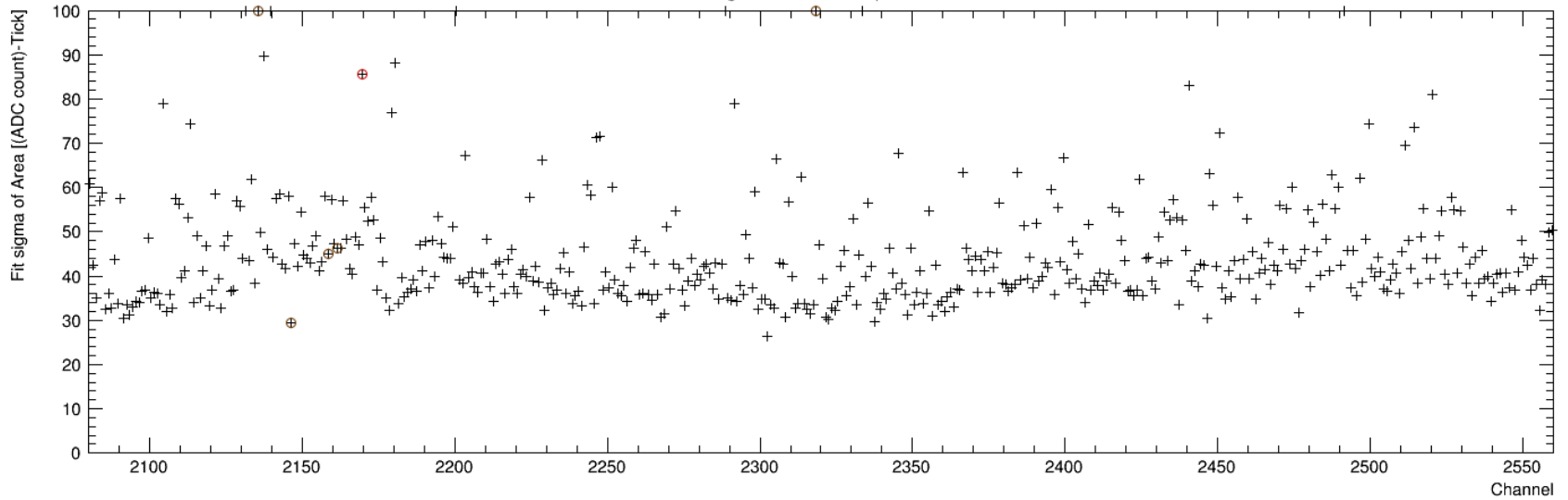


A=-10 ROI area

ROI area run 6038 APA plane 3z

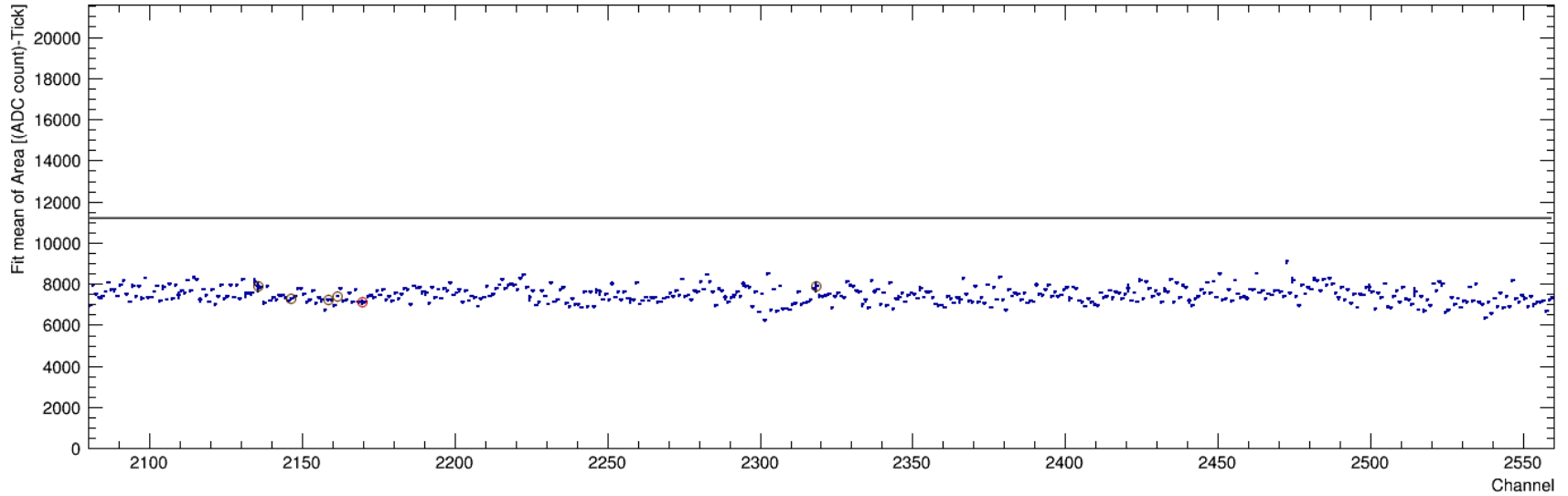


ROI area sigma run 6038 APA plane 3z

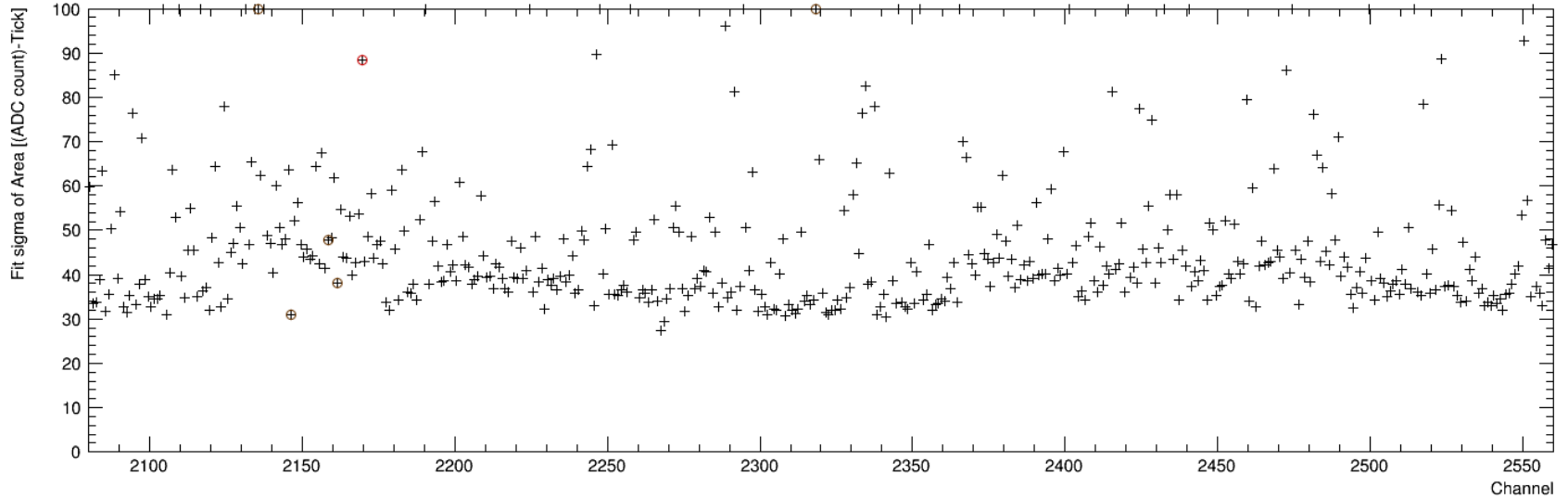


A=-12 ROI area

ROI area run 6037 APA plane 3z

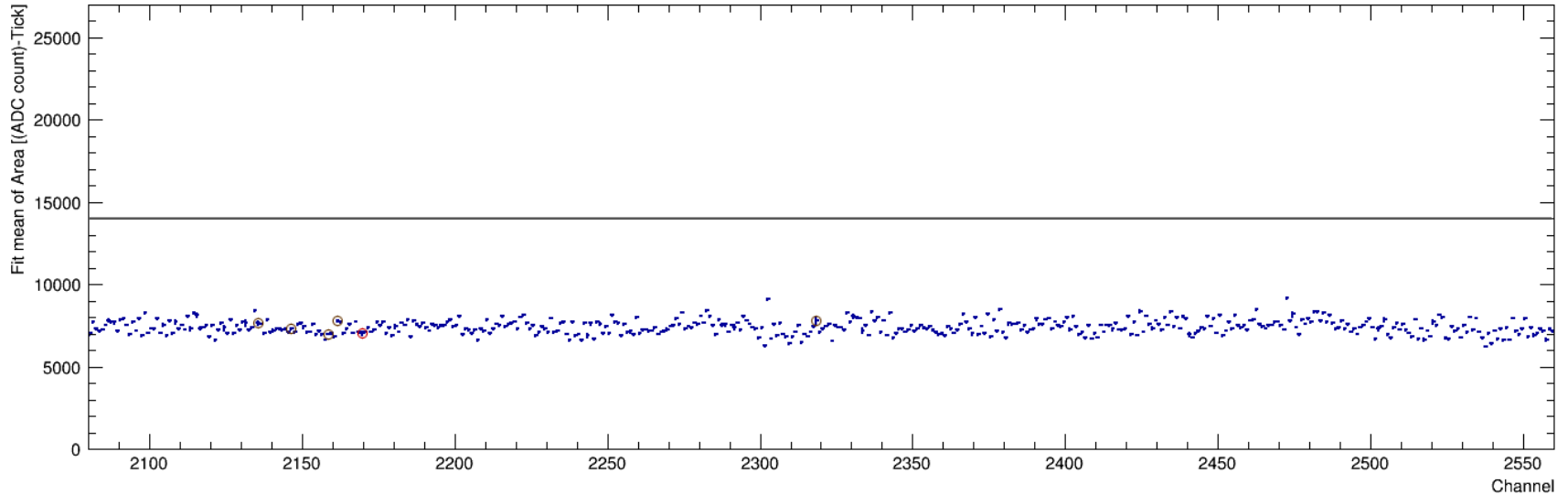


ROI area sigma run 6037 APA plane 3z

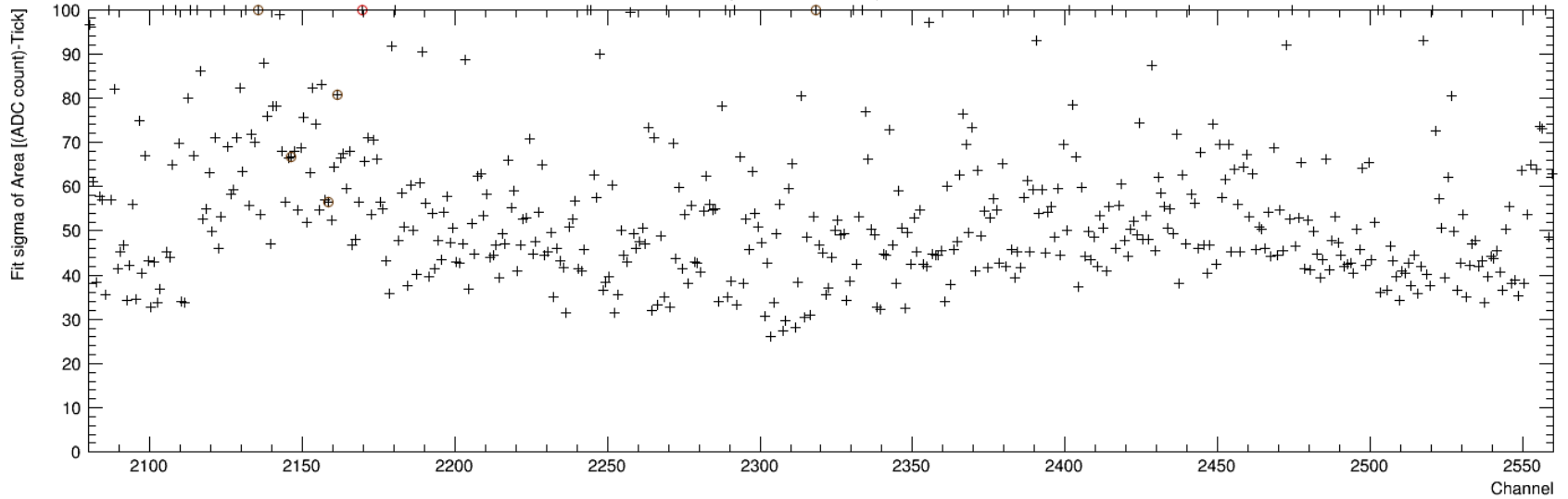


A=-15 ROI area

ROI area run 6036 APA plane 3z

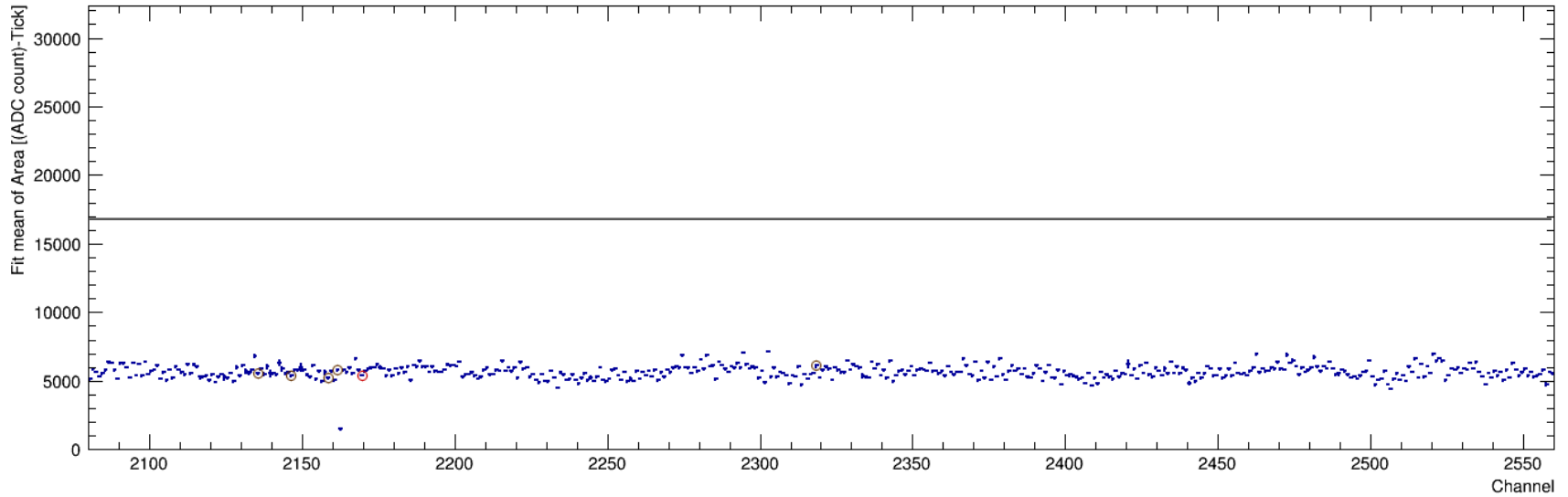


ROI area sigma run 6036 APA plane 3z

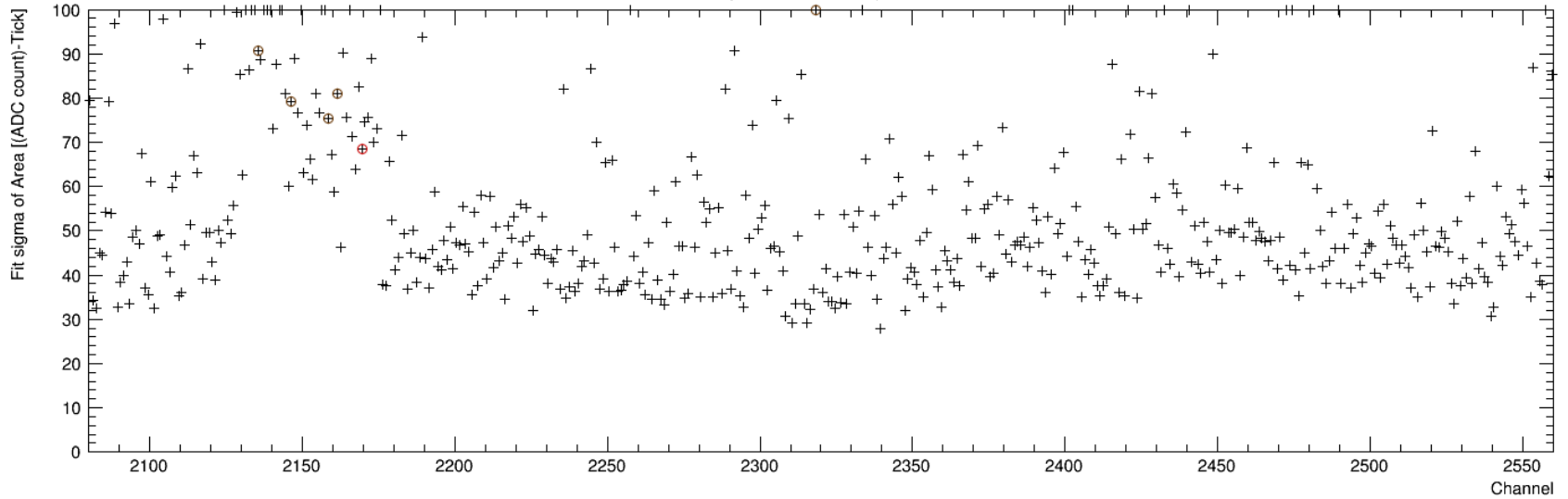


A=-18 ROI area

ROI area run 6035 APA plane 3z

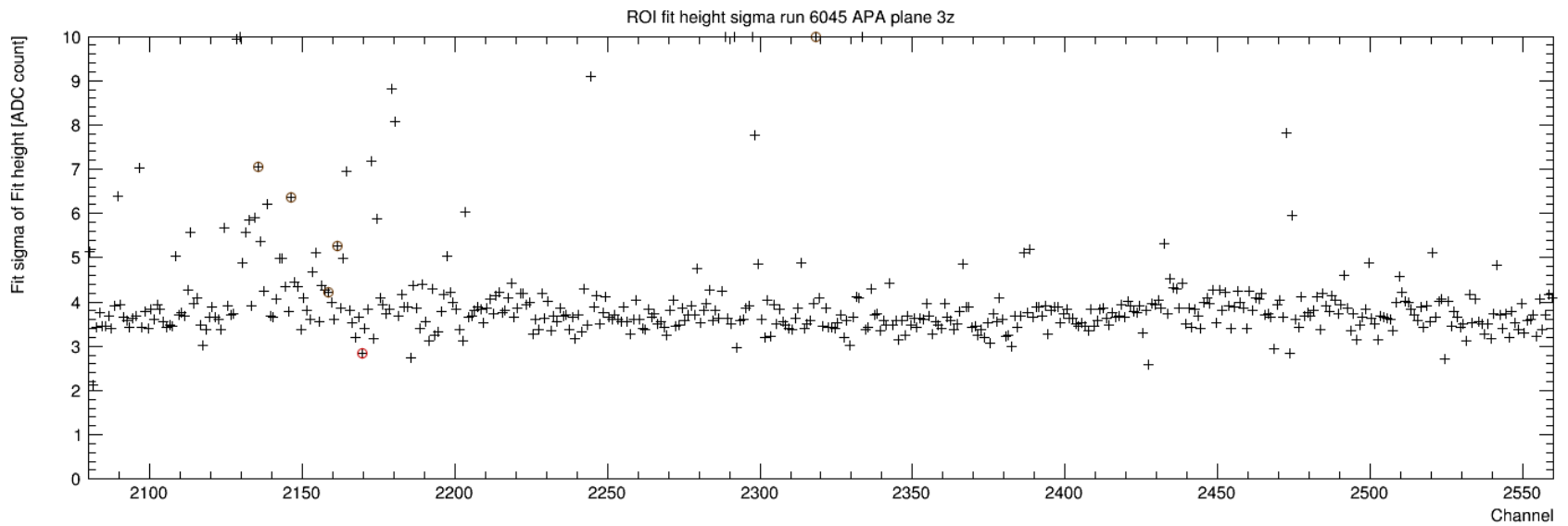
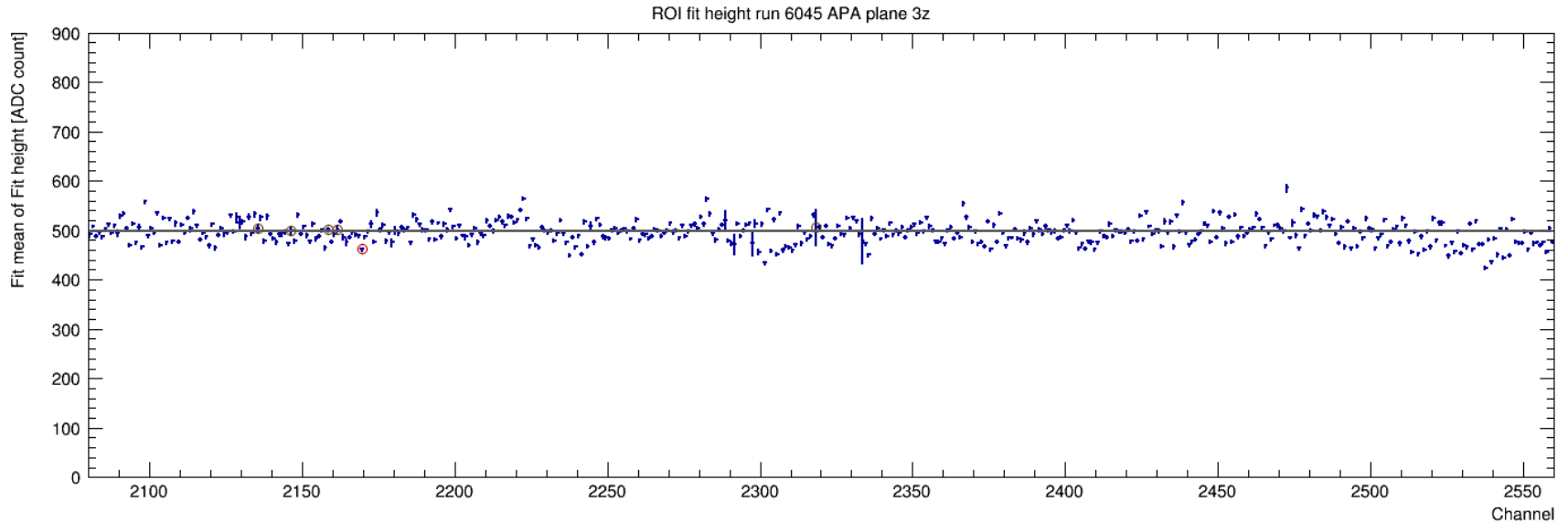


ROI area sigma run 6035 APA plane 3z

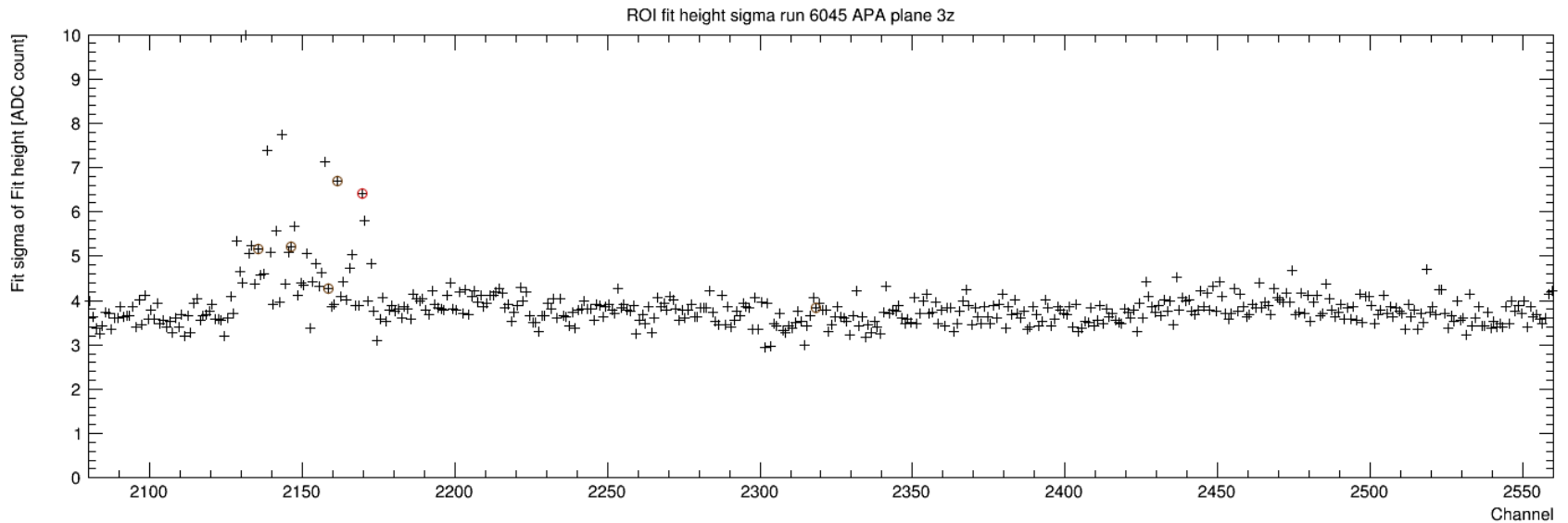
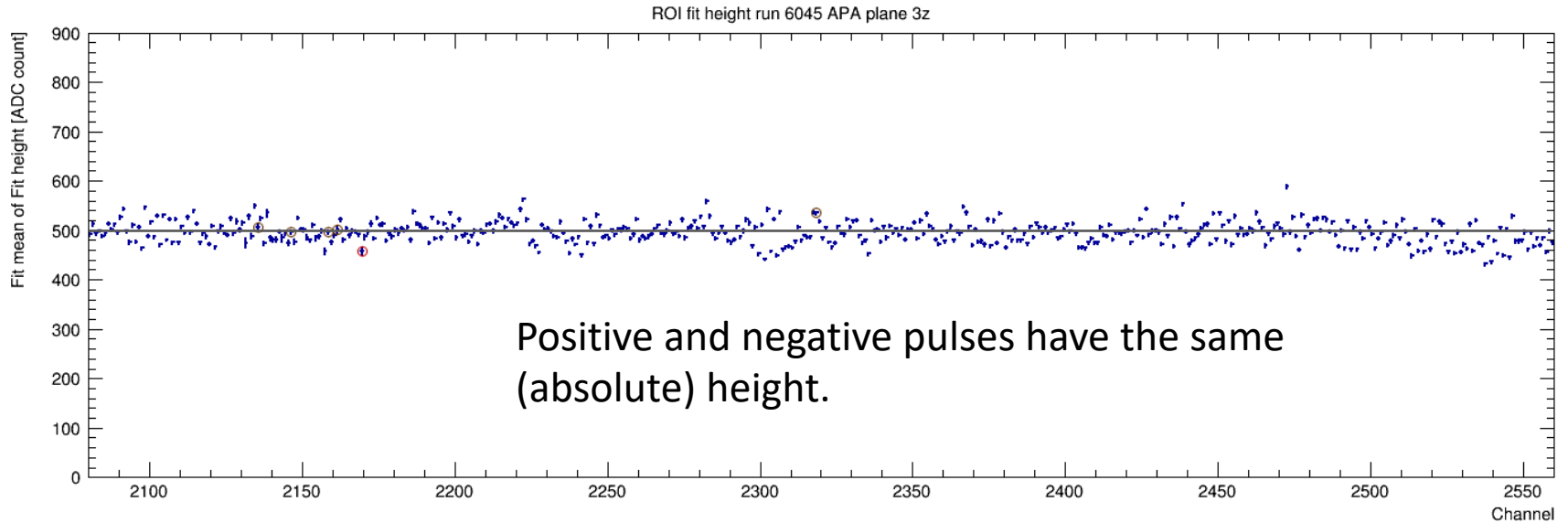


Compare positive and negative pulses

A=-3 fitted height

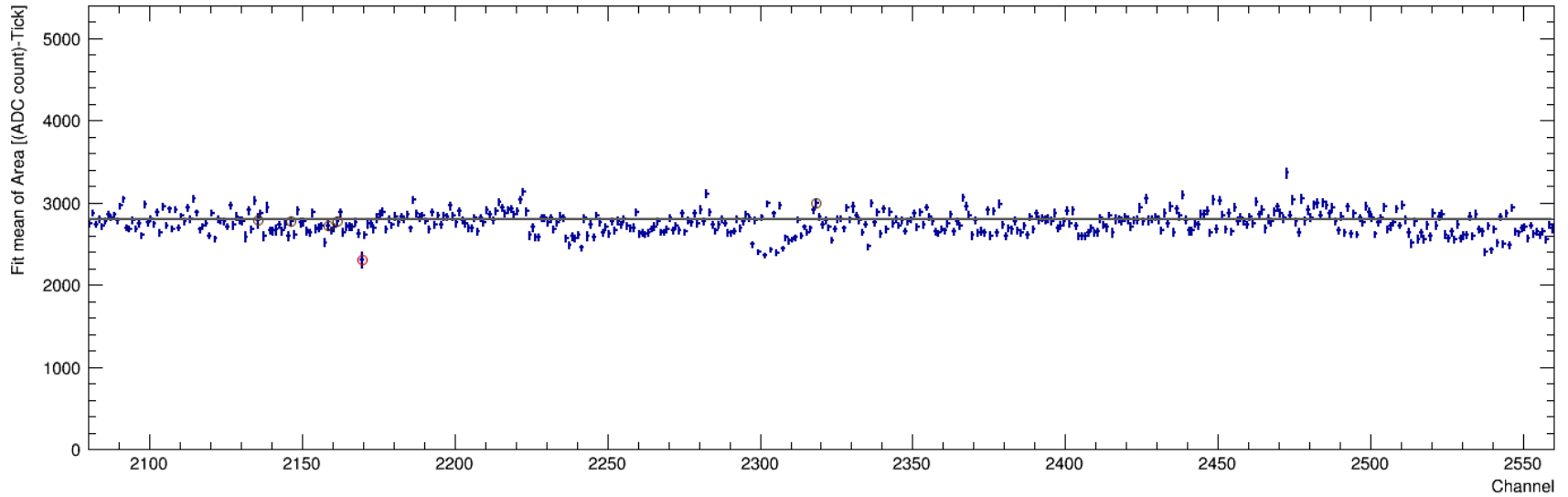


A=3 Fitted height

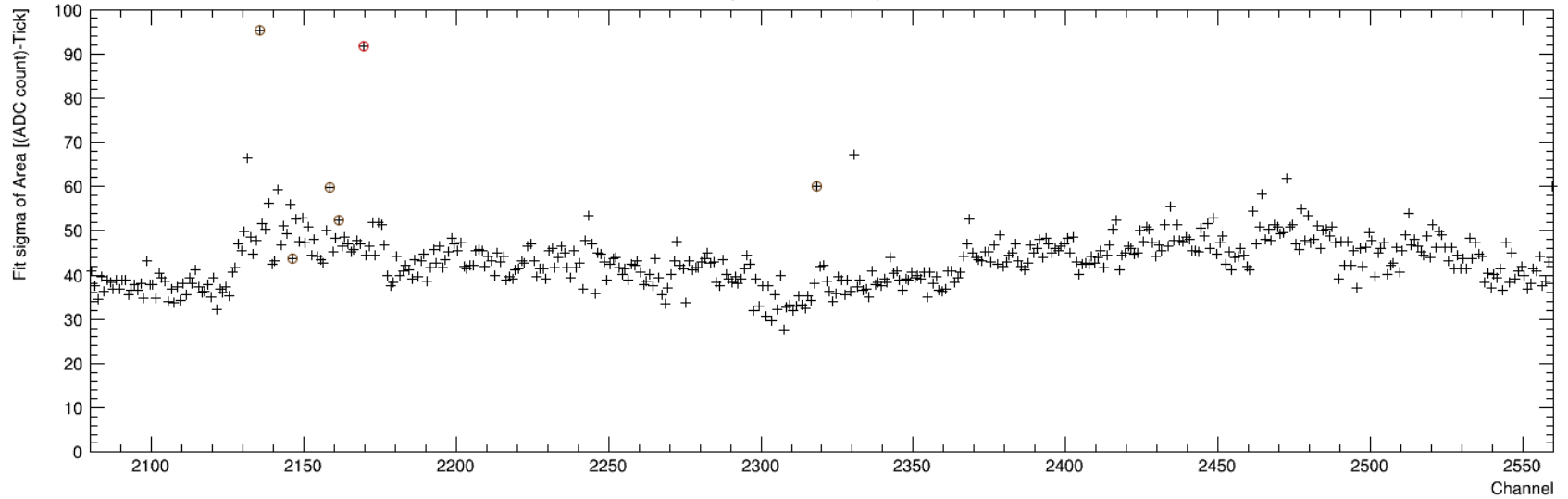


A=3 ROI area

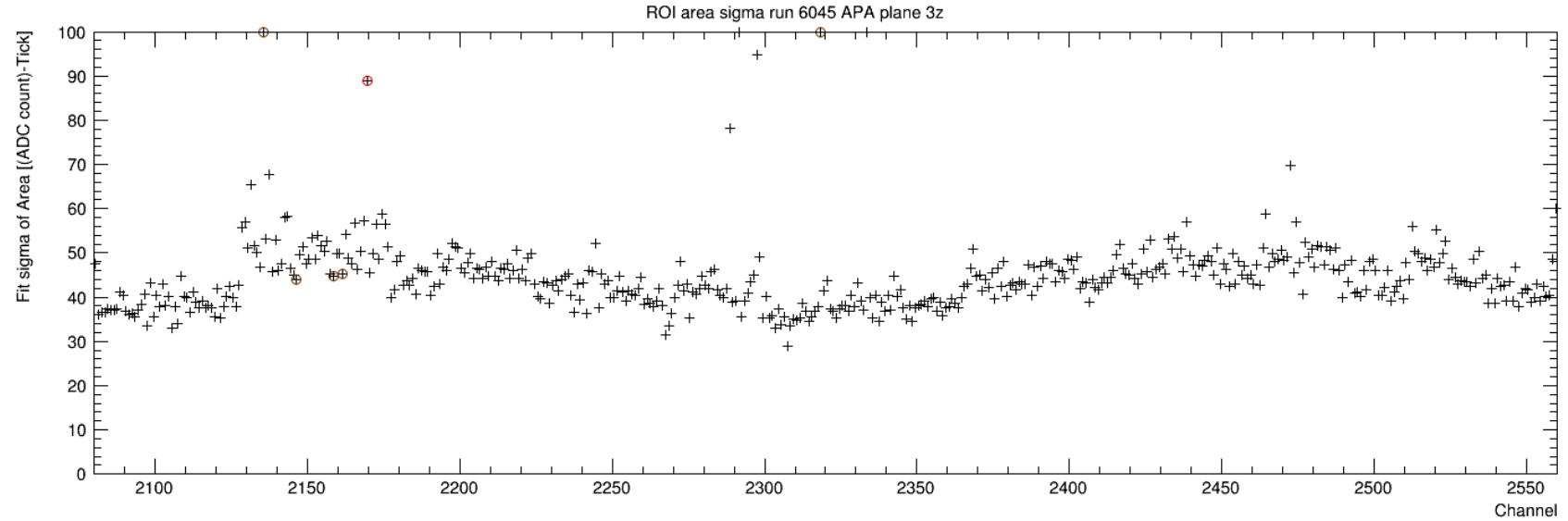
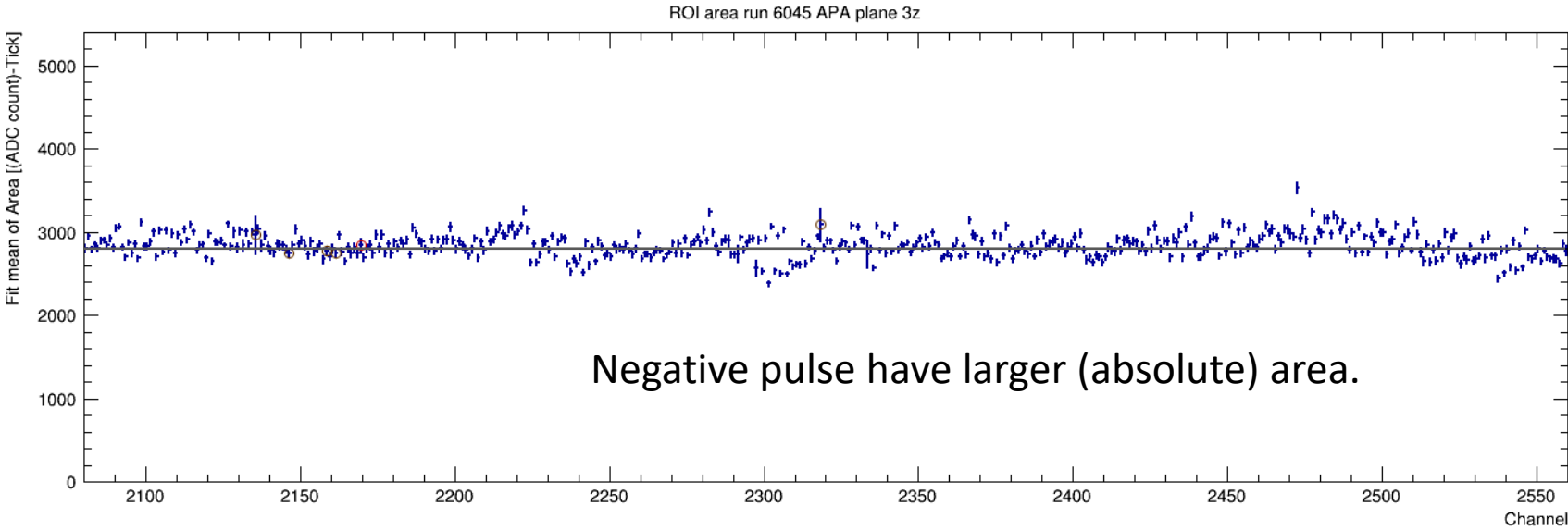
ROI area run 6045 APA plane 3z



ROI area sigma run 6045 APA plane 3z

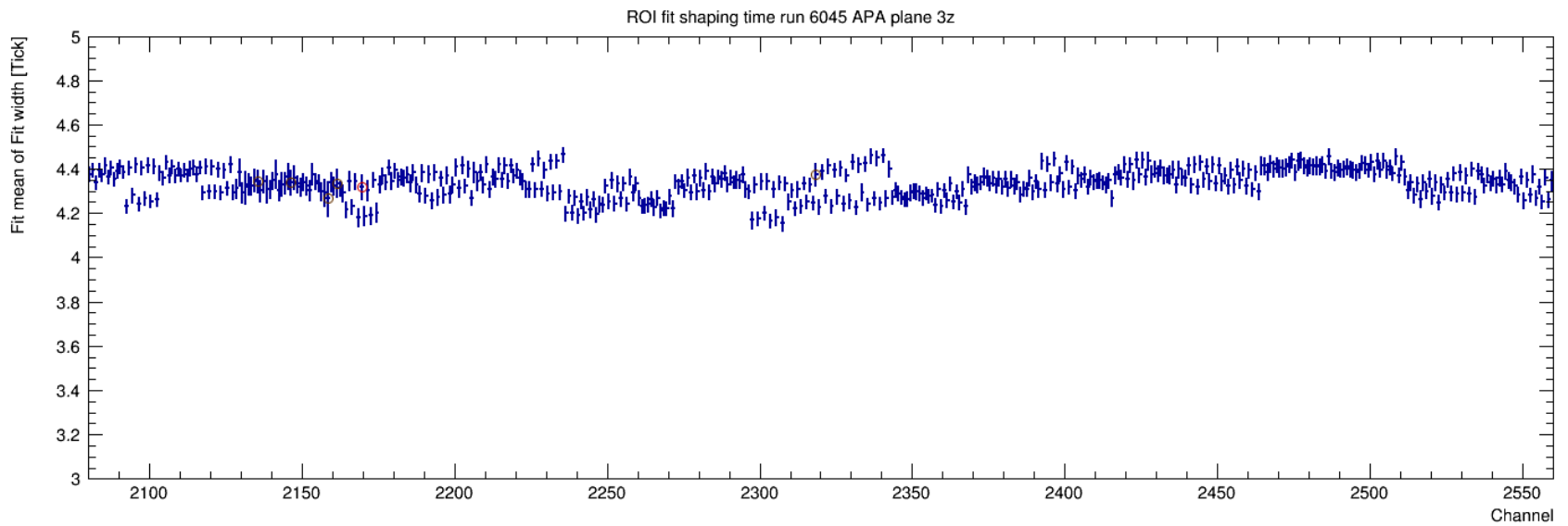
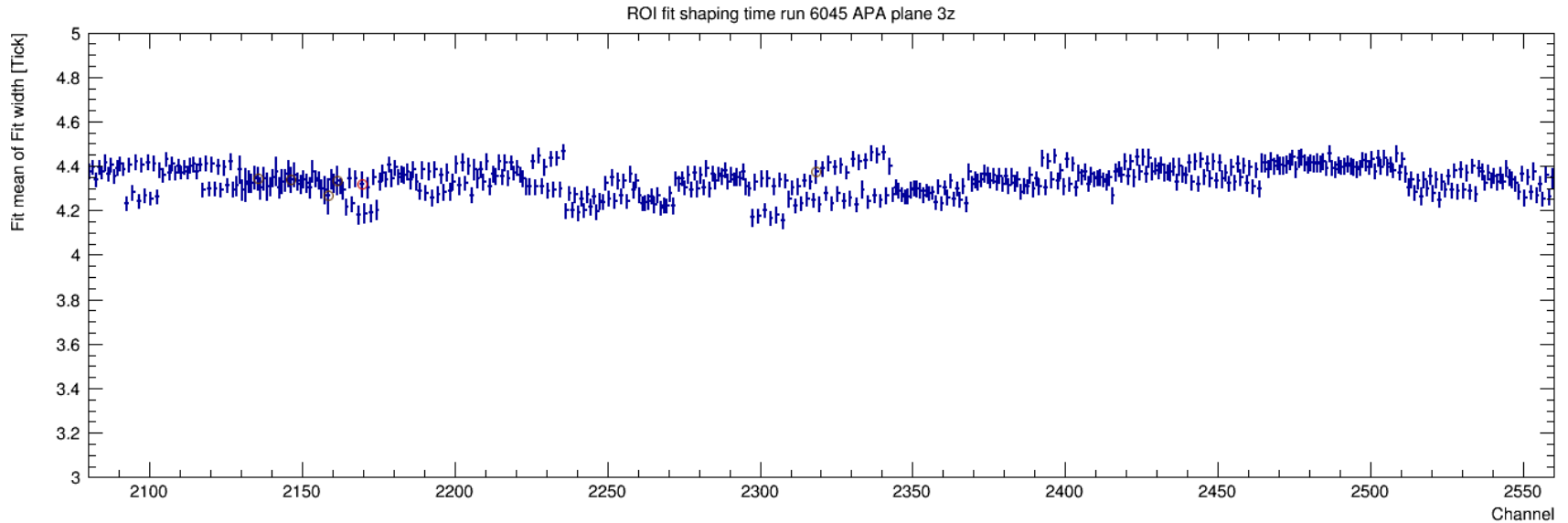


A=-3 ROI area

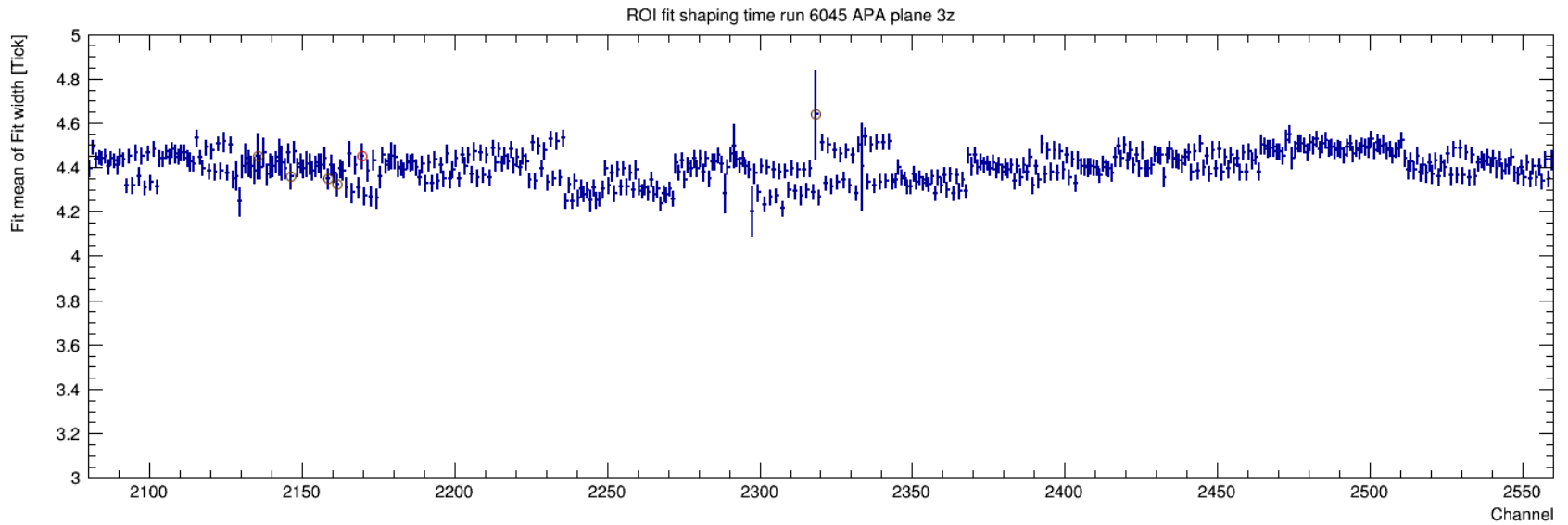
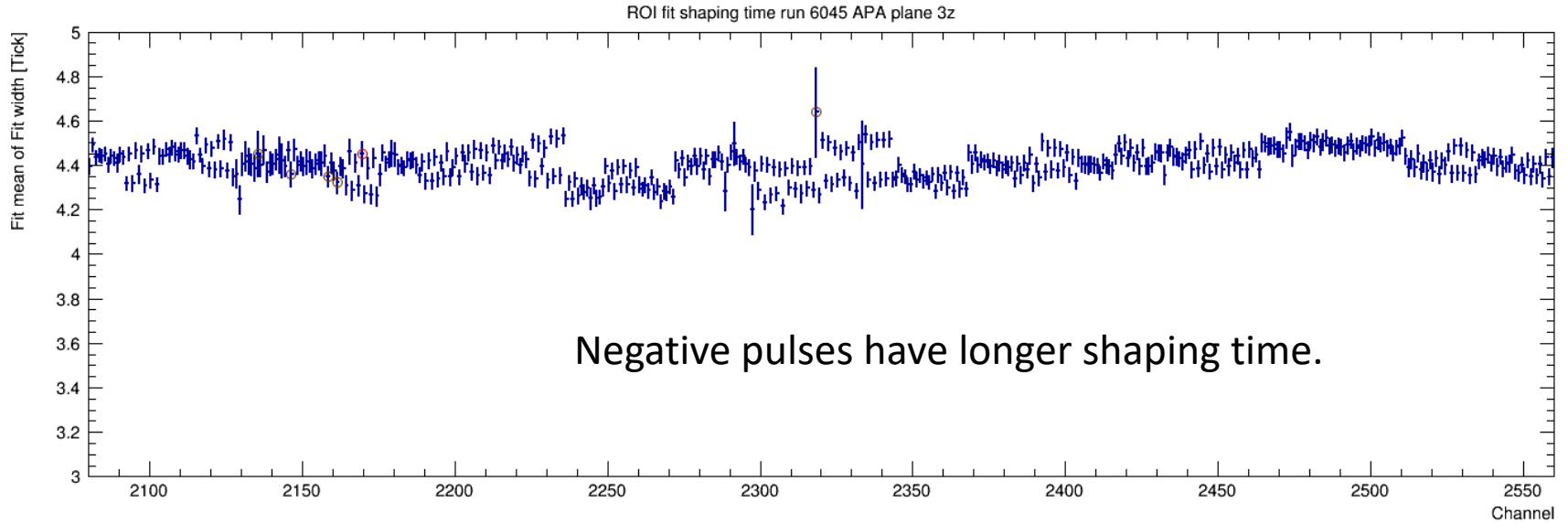


Shaping times

A=3 positive pulses



A=3 negative pulses



Comments on CE performance

Some observed features for collection signals

- Positive pulser signals start to saturate (clip) at $A = 18$
 - This is from amplifier, not ADC
 - About what we expect for the 900 mV baseline
- For $A \geq 21$, positive signals develop a tail
 - Height is 300 ADC counts, 2 MIP
- For negative signals, saturation sets in at $A = -7$
 - Presumably due to ADC
- For $A \leq -18$, pulses have bounce back—region in middle of signal jumps up to +400 ADC counts (3 MIP)
- Negative pulses have few percent longer shaping time than positive
- Negative pulses have same absolute height but larger absolute area than positive pulses
 - Presumably due to the longer shaping
- Signal height drops by a couple percent at $A=8$
 - Presumably the pulser

Combining runs

Combining runs: Introduction

Combine runs to see height or area vs. A

- Calibration of CE response
- E.g. slope gives the gain

Error on height/area can be RMS or RMS/sqrt(N)

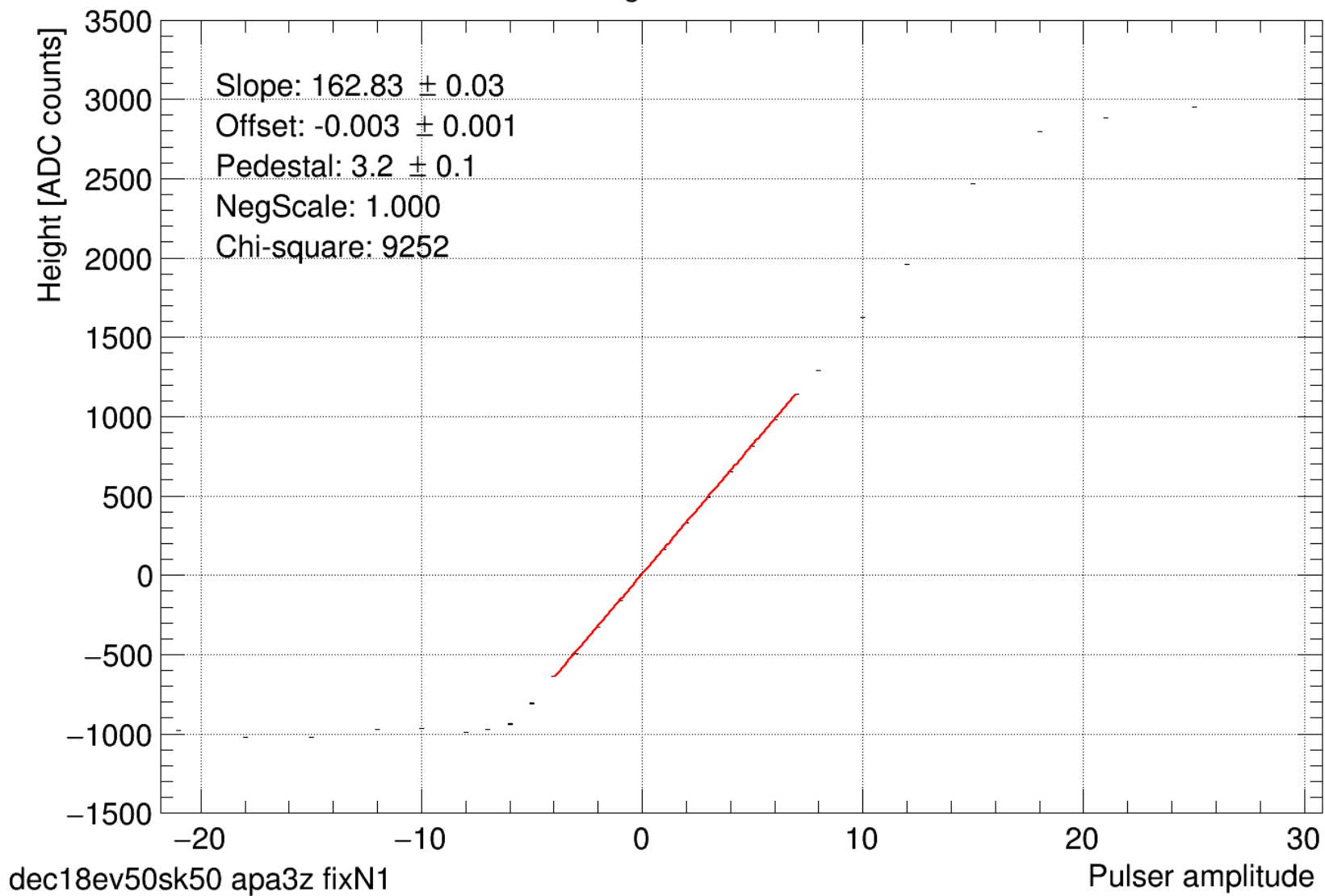
- Plots here use the latter

Standard fit function has four parameters

- Slope is $d(\text{Adc count})/dA$
- Offset is charge offset for pulser: $Q = \text{Offset} + A \times Q_{\text{step}}$
 - Essential for studying internal pulser data
- Pedestal is offset for height/area
- NegScale is scale factor for negative charge measurements
- A couple example plots follow
- More to come...

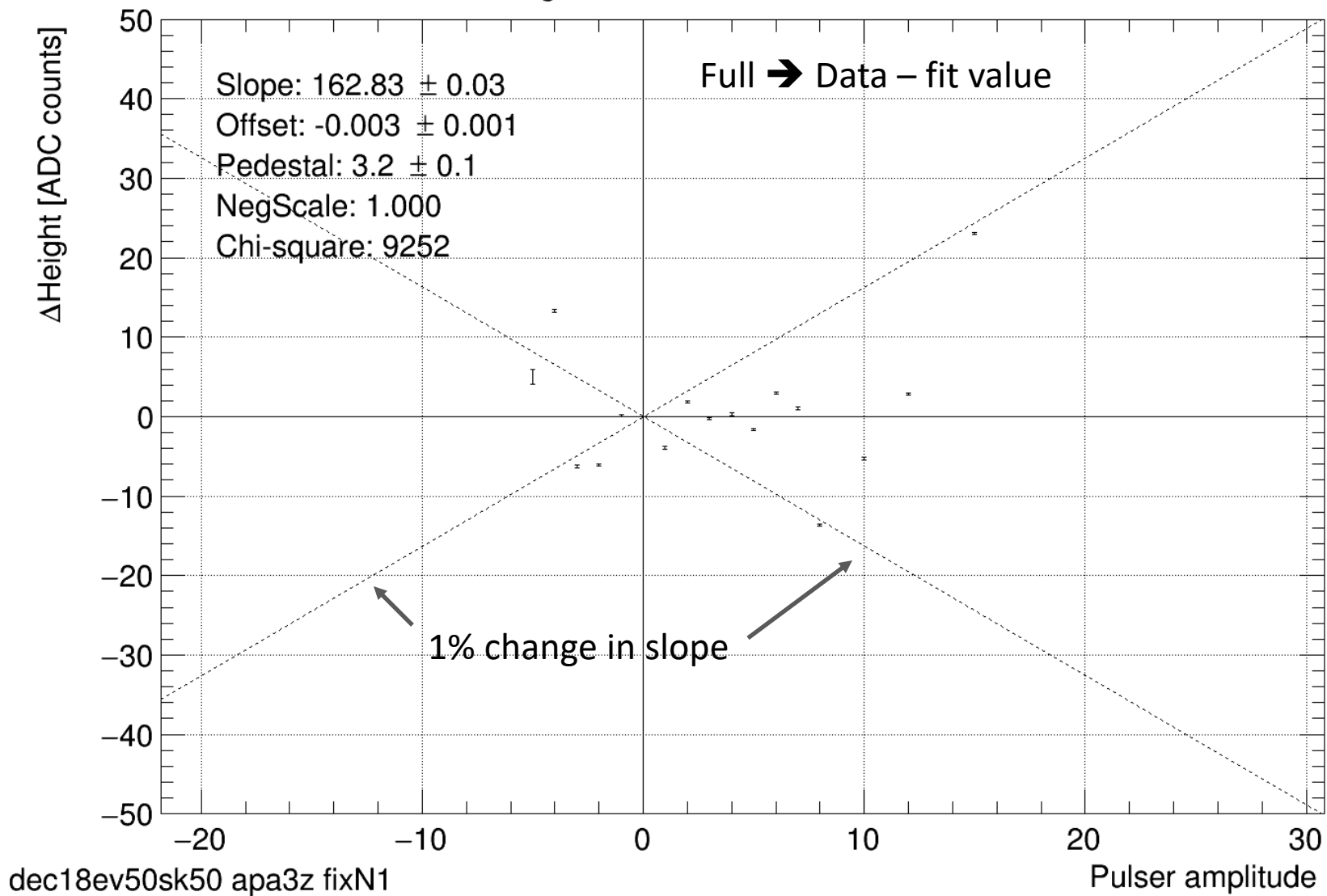
Example fit

Fitted height channel 2080



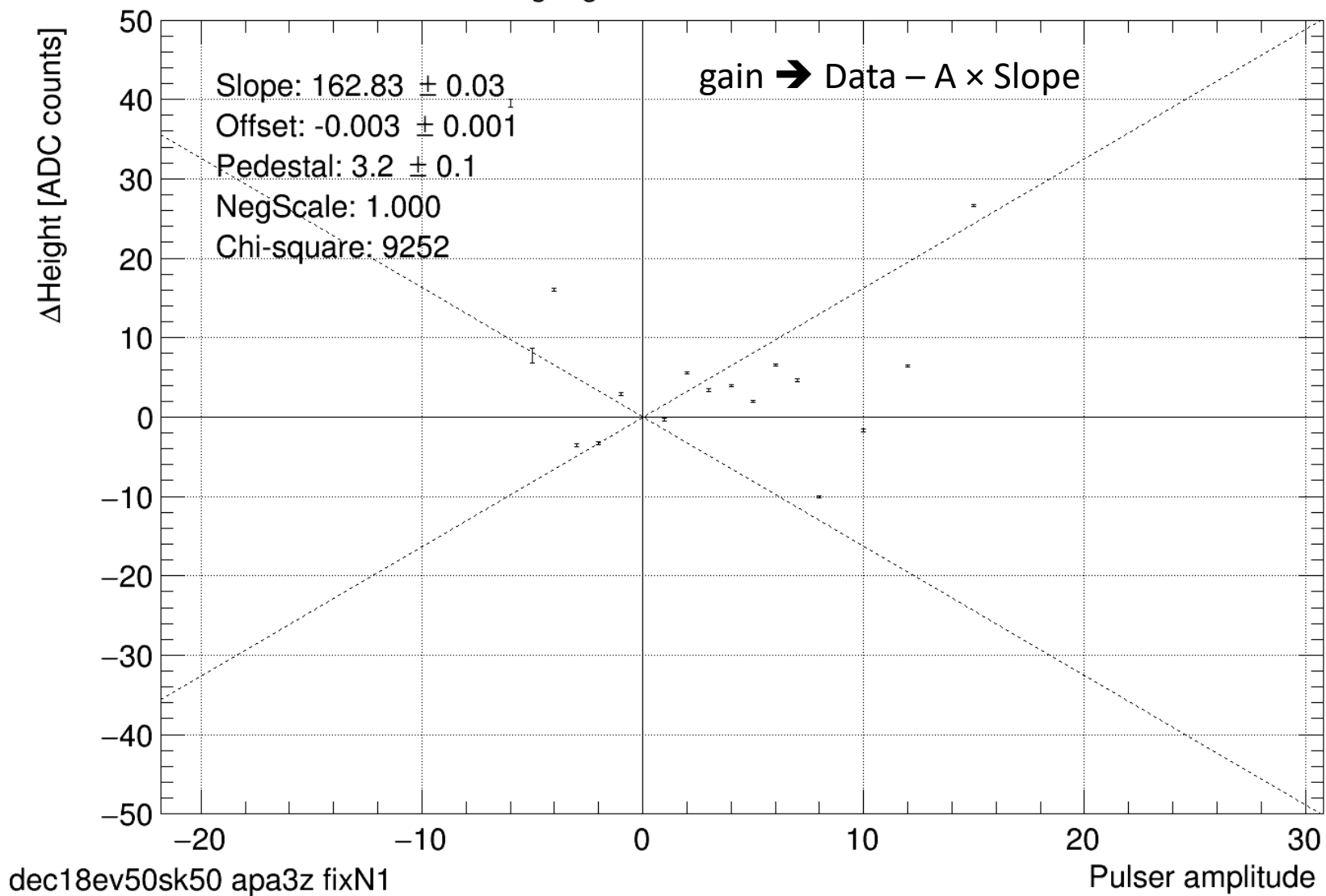
Example fit full residual

Fitted height full residual channel 2080



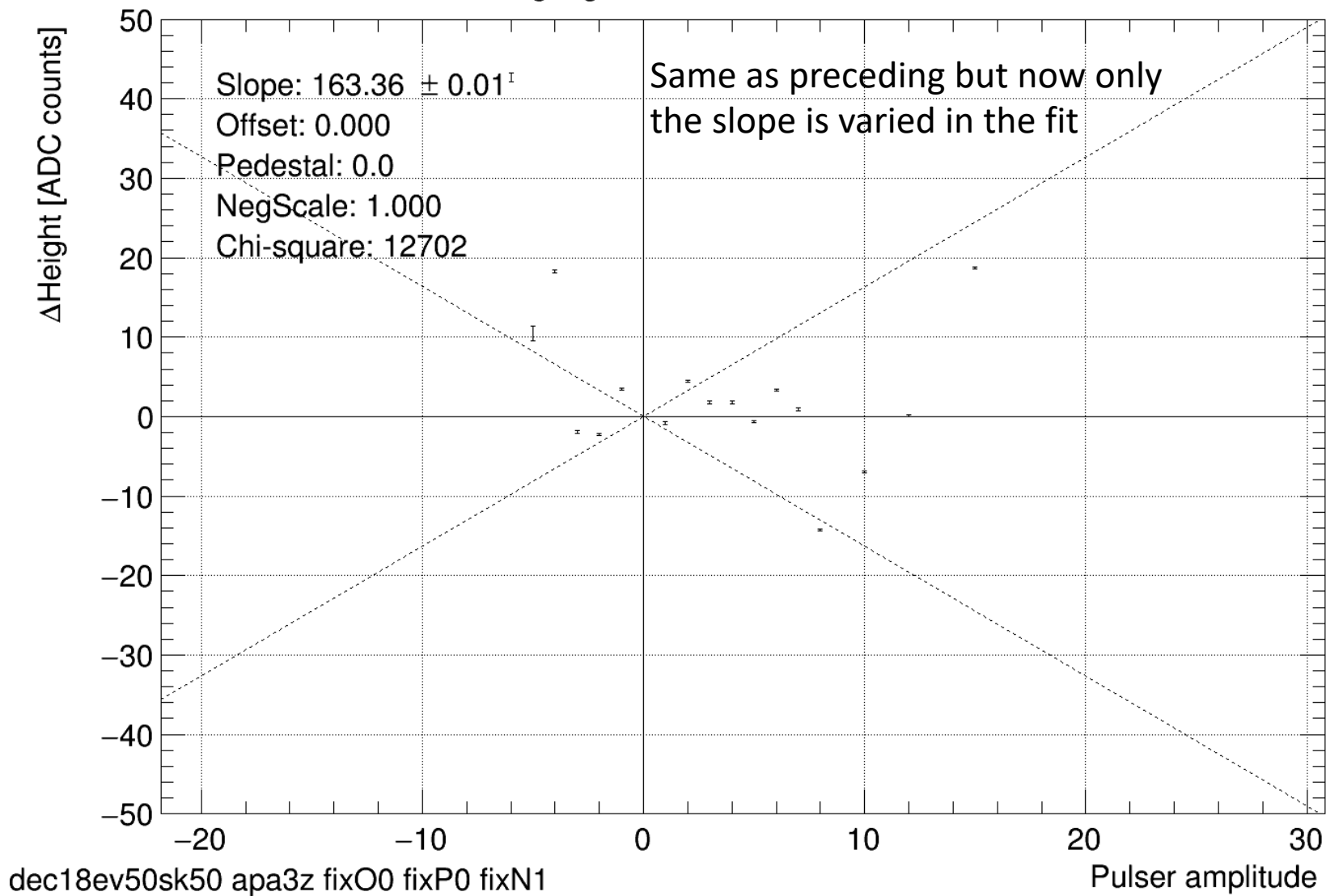
Example fit gain residual

Fitted height gain residual channel 2080



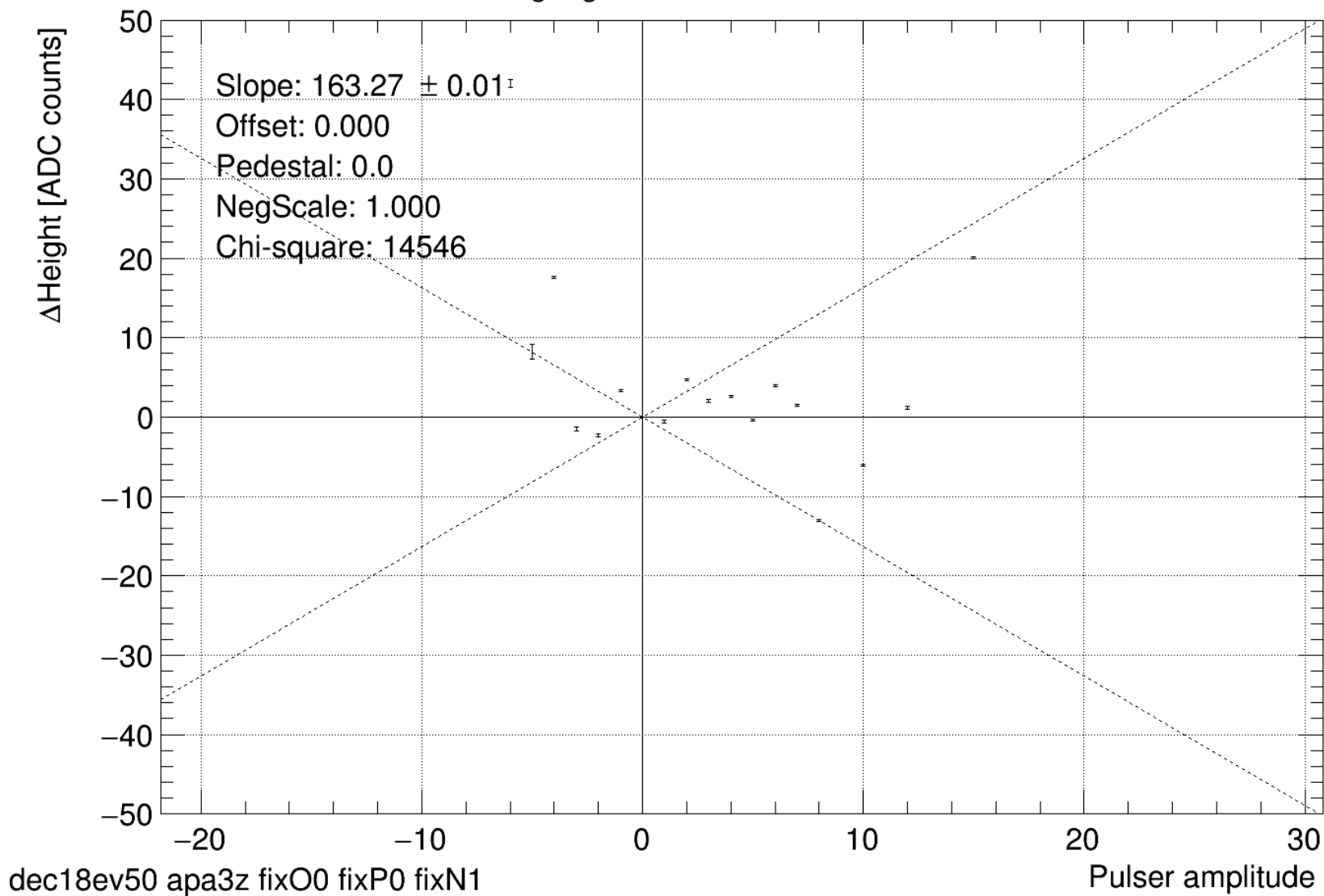
Example different fit full residual

Fitted height gain residual channel 2080



Same with different data

Fitted height gain residual channel 2080



Fit comments

Fit quality is not good

- I.e. chi-squares around 10,000
- Can see problem by eye in point-to-point variation
- Plot with different 50 events shows variation is not statistical
- Presumably real non-linearity in ADC response
 - Variation is a few ADC counts
- Can use the pulser data to measure non-linearity
 - But need much better illumination than here
 - Especially if non-linearity is from sticky codes
- Illumination can be improved
 - Adding other gain settings
 - Use points along waveforms
 - Offset pulse w.r.t. TPC clock (in combination with preceding)
- However note size nonlinearity is a few ADC counts
 - I.e. similar to the ADC noise level
 - So don't expect nonlinearity to seriously degrade resolution

Calibration

An important product of pulser analysis is calibration

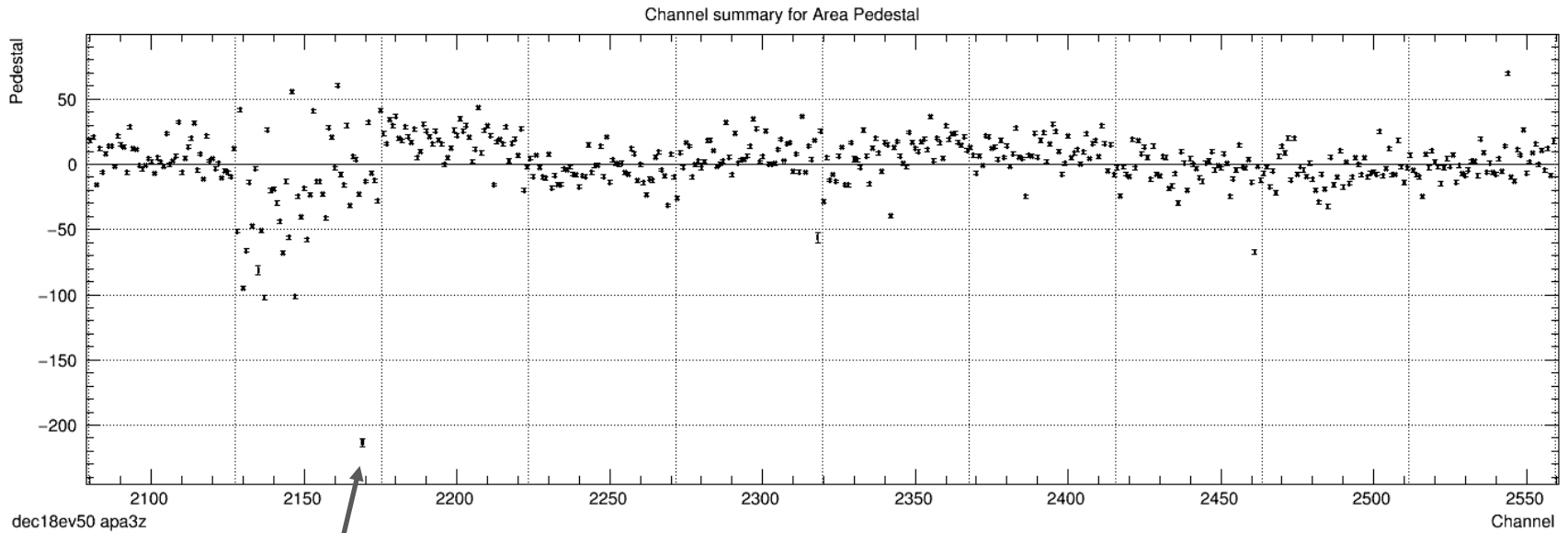
- To begin, gain calibration (i.e. deferring nonlinearity corrections)
- Can calibrate height or area
 - Height useful for fast (or at least uniform shape) signals
 - Like the pulser
 - But physics signals are smeared by varying track angle, charge diffusion and ionization rate (dE/dx)
 - So calibrate area gain, i.e. charge per ADC-tick
 - Still plan to apply calibration to each ADC sample

Area calibration channel summary plots follow

- First the nuisance parameters (all but Slope) with all varied
- The the Slope (= $1/\text{gain}$) varying different combinations

Nuisance parameters

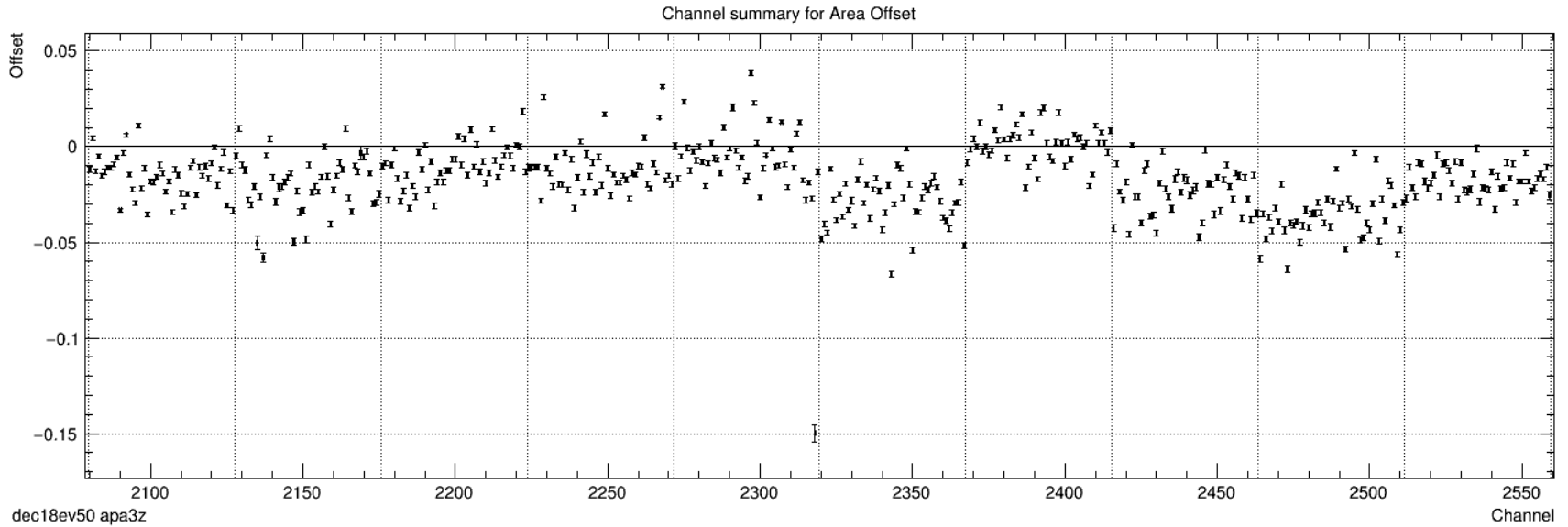
Pedestal fits



Known bad channel

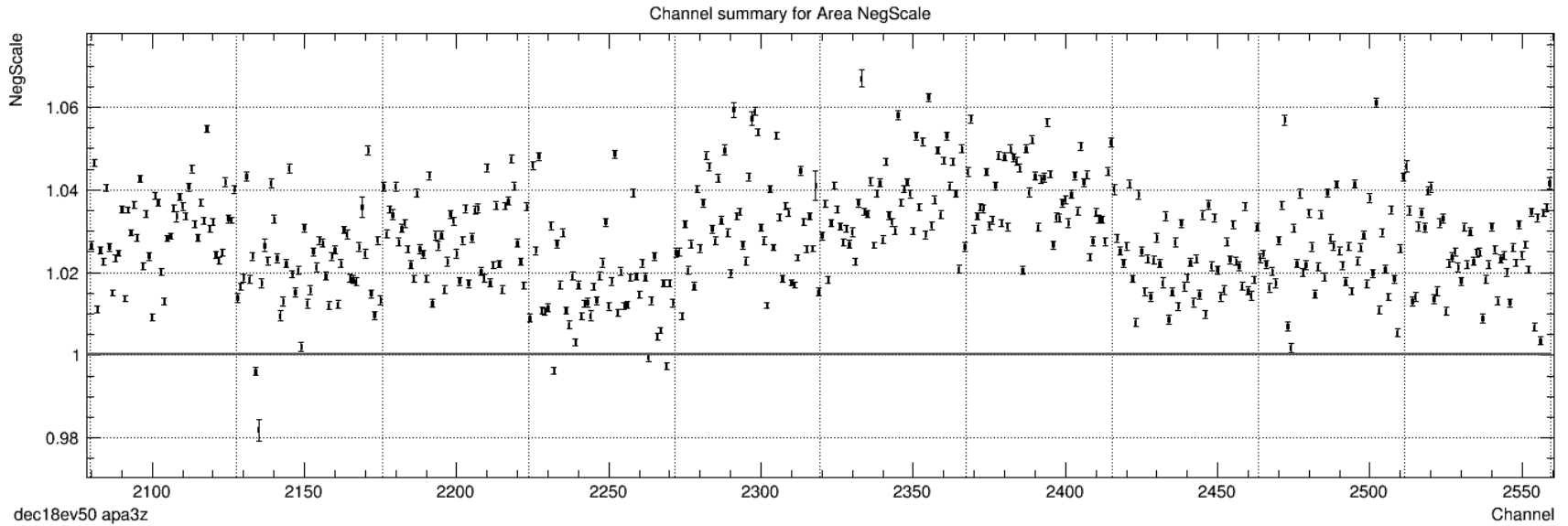
Area is integrated over 30 ADC bins.
So Area Pedestal of 30 corresponds
to ADC pedestal of 1.

Offset



Looks like there might be real (but small) offset in the pulser signals.
Values tend to cluster for each FEMB.

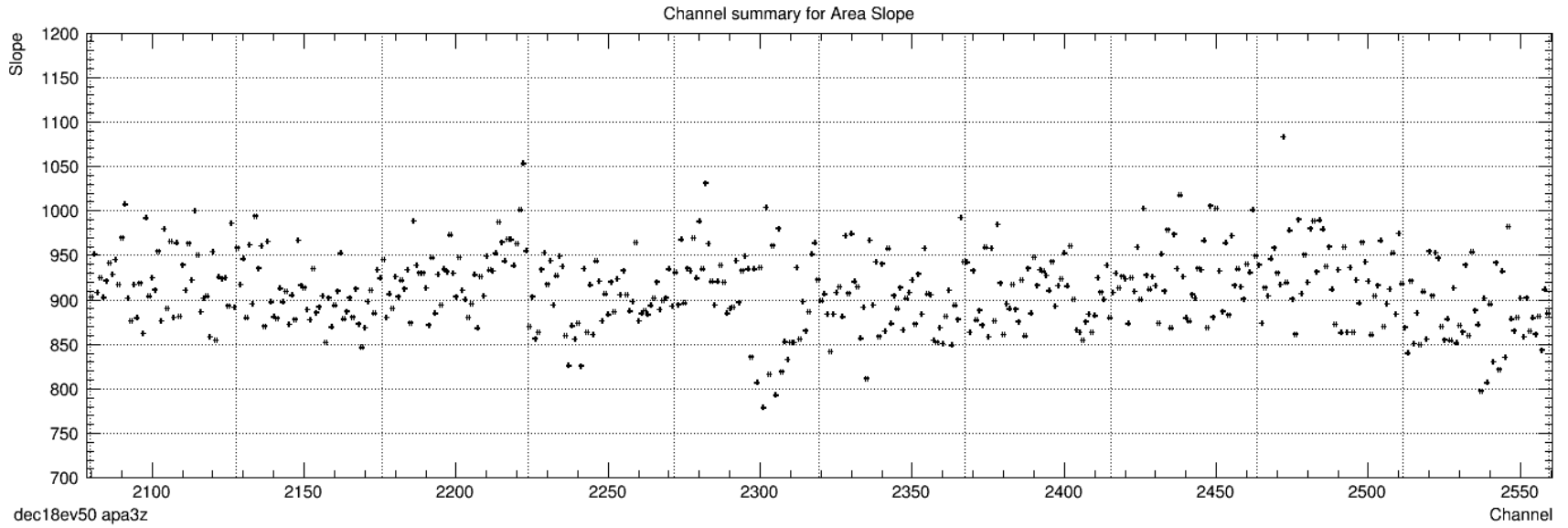
NegScale



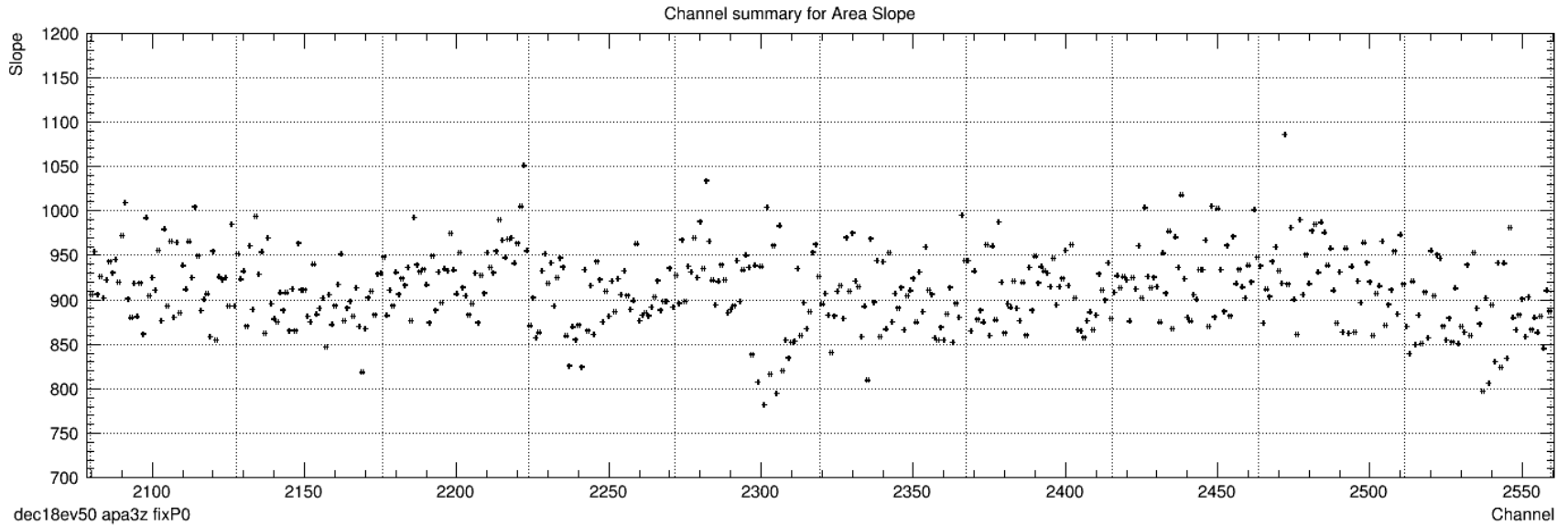
As we say earlier, negative signal do have slightly larger area than their positive counterparts.

Slope (= $1/\text{gain}$)

All parameters varied

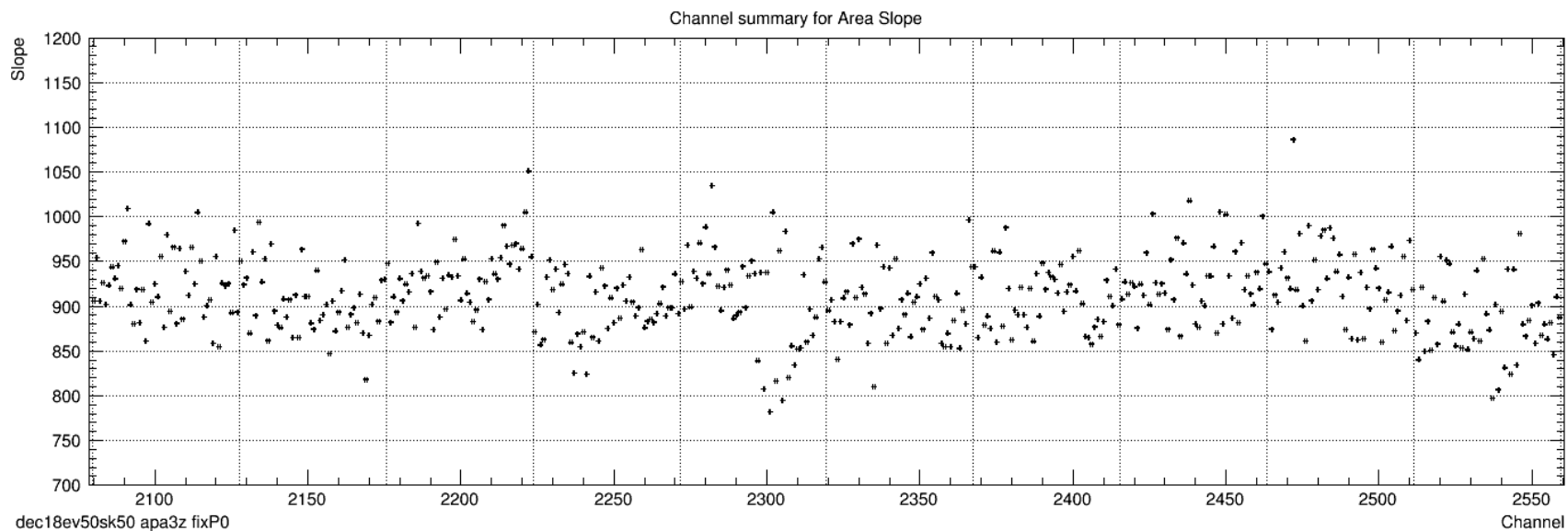


Fix pedestal=0

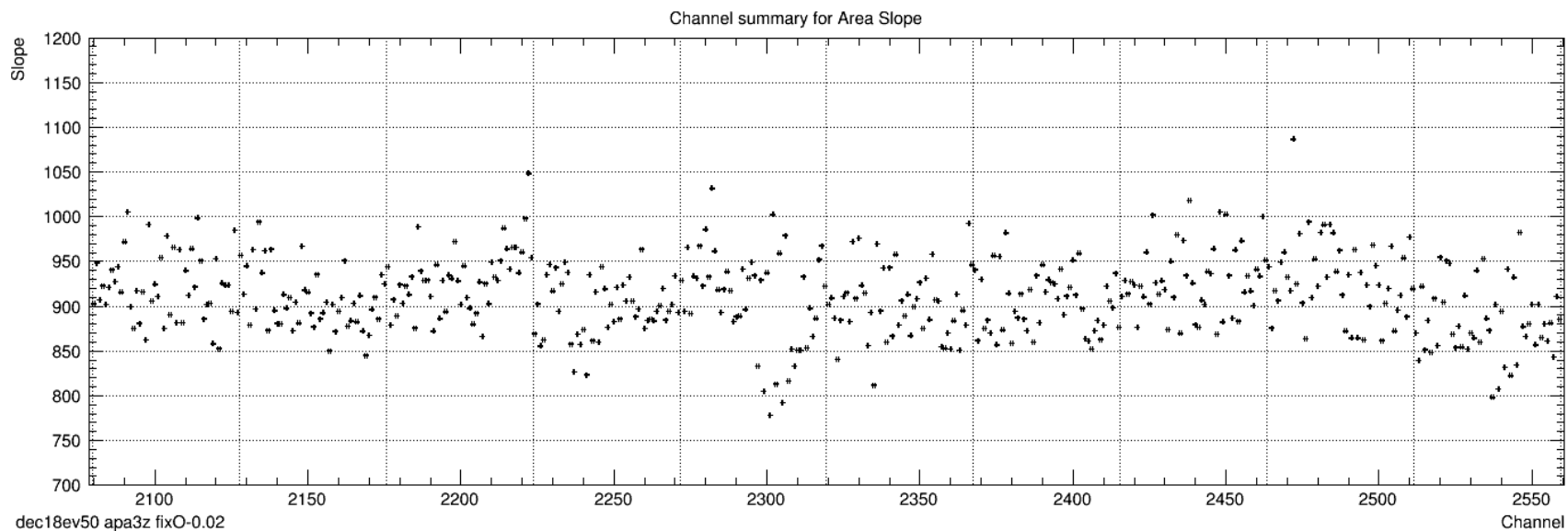


Use this for calibration?

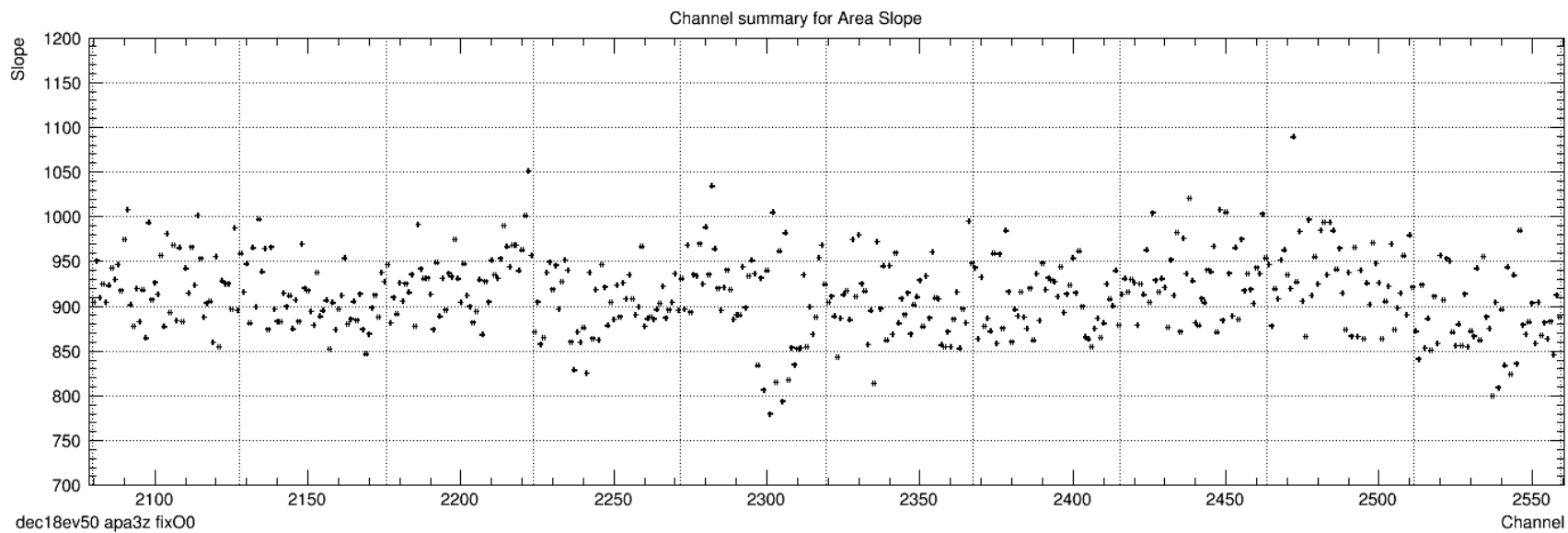
Fix pedestal=0 for different set of events



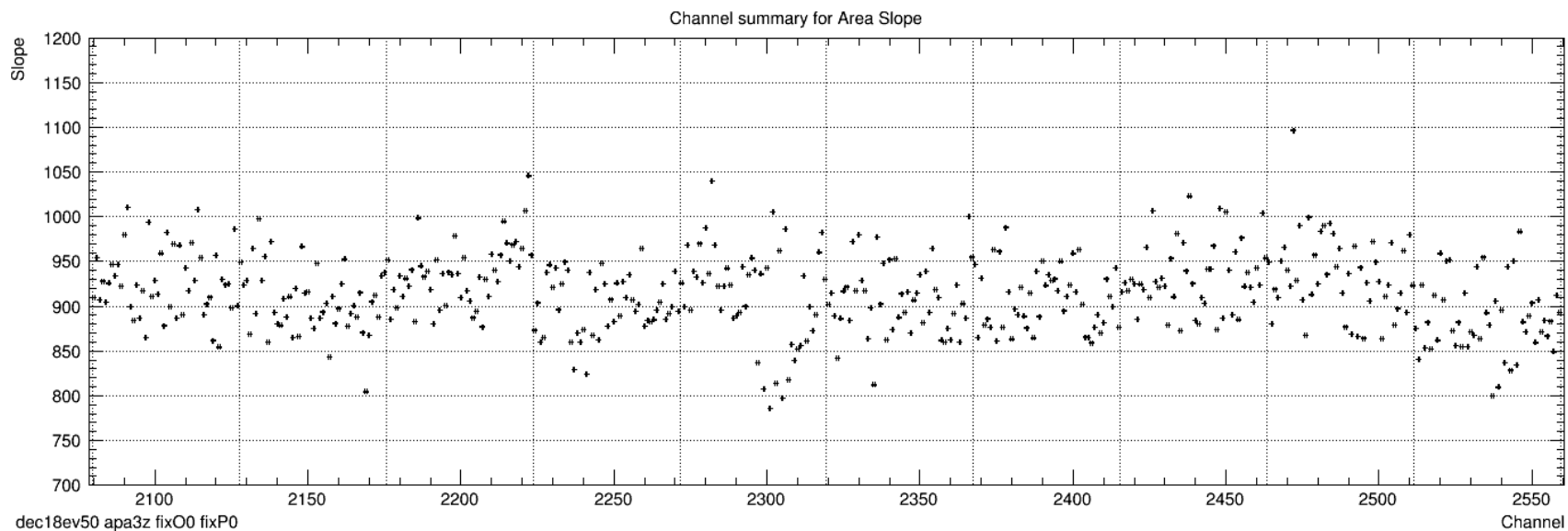
Fix Offset=-0.02



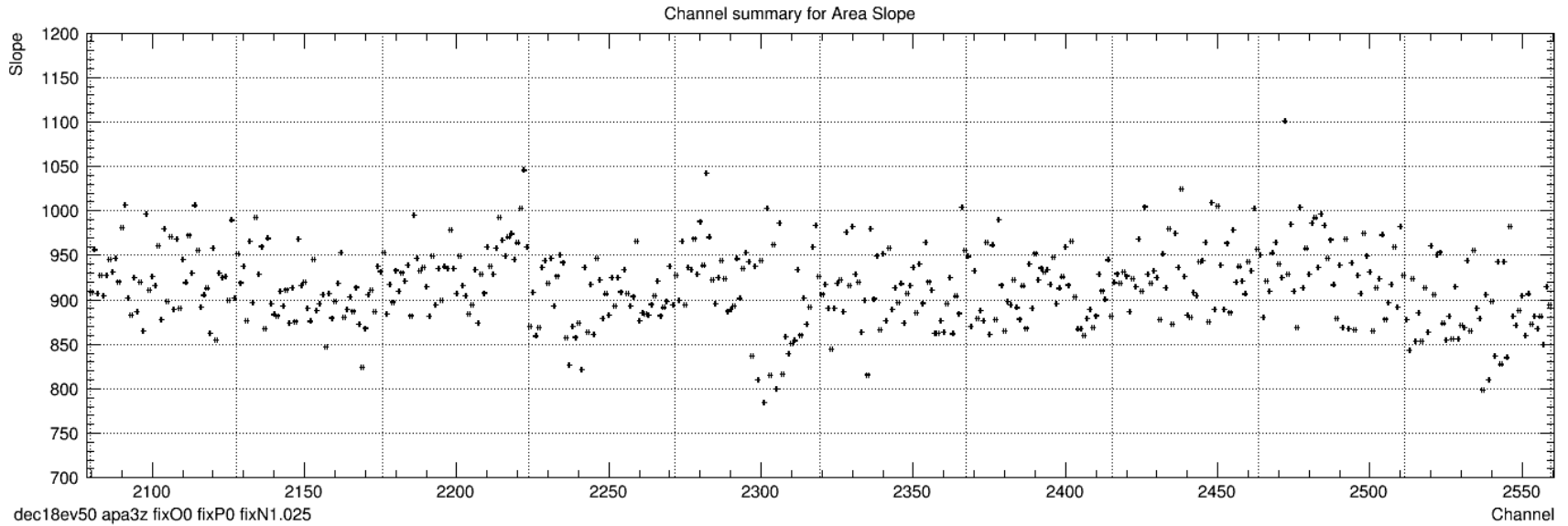
Fix Offset=0



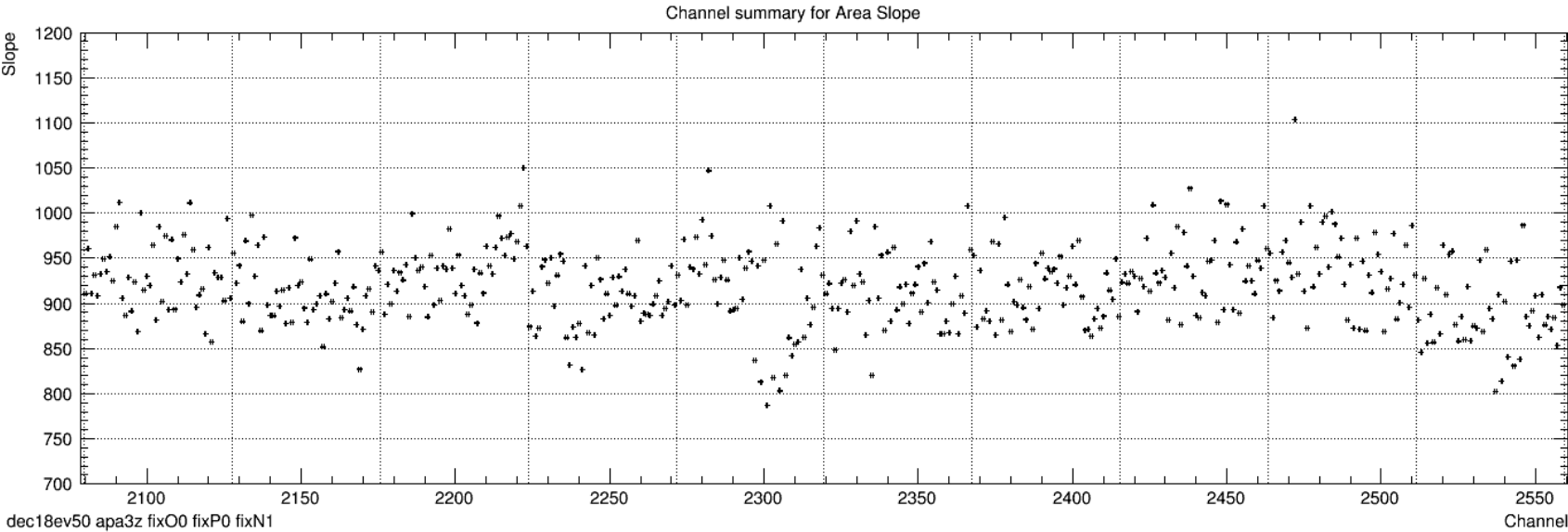
Fix Offset=0 and Pedestal=0



Fix Offset=0, Pedestal=0 and NegScale=1.025



Fix Offset=0, Pedestal=0 and NegScale=1 (wrong)



Calibration comments

Nuisance parameters are small but significant

- Pedestal $\leq 30 \rightarrow$ ADC pedestal offset ≤ 1
 - May be able to use pulser to refine pedestal evaluation
- Offset ≈ -0.02
 - Real offset in the pulser?
 - There is a obvious, much larger offset with the internal pulser
- NegScale ≈ 1.025
 - Negative pulses are really longer
 - Should we apply this factor when pedestal-subtracted ADC count is negative?

Gain fits

- Only small variation with sensible fitting options
- Probably any of these are OK for calibration

Calibration proposal

For now, use fit with pedestal fixed to zero

- I.e. so we use the pedestals as evaluated in physics data
- Quickly generate calibration for use in data processing
 - I.e. for each channel
 - Gain
 - Positive and negative shaping times
 - Min and max limits for good signals
 - » Below/above, samples are flagged as underflow/overflow

Possible future developments

- Use pulser data to evaluate pedestals or study current pedestal algorithm
- Scale negative pulses by negative/positive shaping times
- Assign a pulser offset for each FEMB by averaging its fitted values

Calibration tool and units

Calibration will be carried out by new ADC channel tool

- Input is raw ADC count
- Output is the floating array samples and int array flags
 - Each sample is $\text{gain} \times (\text{raw} - \text{pedestal})$
- Replace the current trivial calibration `adcSampleFiller`

What units do we want for the calibration?

- Do want area calibration so units are charge per (ADC count)-tick?
 - For collection, sum bins to get the charge for an ROI
- Which unit for charge?
 - fC, e, ke, ...
 - Or average/nominal ADC ≈ 23 e, i.e. close to current values
 - My vote is for ke