





## **INTERACTION VERTEX MULTIPLICITY STUDY**

28<sup>TH</sup> FEBRUARY, 2019

**Stefano Vergani HEP GROUP – Cavendish Laboratory** 

- PRELIMINARY ANALYSIS OF MONTE CARLO (MC) SIMULATED EVENTS
- PRELIMINARY RESULTS OF  $\pi^+ + Ar \rightarrow NT + MS$
- HIGH-LEVEL EFFICIENCY METRIC
- FIRST RESULTS
- FUTURE WORK





#### **MC SIMULATIONS**

- LATEST VERSION: mcc11 ~27260 events
- At this stage halo beam and cosmics have been removed
- SpaceCharge: space charge effect on (not FluidFlow)

**STEFANO VERGANI – HEP GROUP** 

• Momenta ranging from 1 to 7 GeV



#### MC SIMULATIONS: WHICH INFORMATION TO EXTRACT

To every mc particle many pieces of information are associated: energy, momentum, number of daughters, number of calohits produced, process for the production, etc.

The first part of the analysis consisted in finding which information is useful to this study. It turned out to be: particle data group (pdg) code, number of daughters (granddaughters etc.) and all information associated to the daughters, number of hits produced in the detector.





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As a first cut, we consider only mc particles that deposited at least 15 hits in the detector. If a  $\pi^0$  produces two daughters, they are assumed to be two photons and hits associated to those photons are "given" to the parent in order to make the  $\pi^0$  "visible". Moreover, excited states of the nuclei are not considered in this study





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Looping over the daughters of each trigger particle we look for the number of tracks and showers. Every daughter with pdg code 11, -11, 22 is defined as "shower", otherwise as track. What we want to obtain are constants M and N for  $\pi^+ + Ar \rightarrow NT + MS$ 

#### **TRIGGER PARTICLES**

TRIGGER PARTICLE	COUNTS
$\pi^+$	8591
$e^+$	6515
p	2169
$K^+$	427
$\mu^+$	214
TOTAL	17916

UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE



#### NON-REFINED RESULT – ALL ENERGIES / ALL TRIGGER PARTICLES



Daughter showers and daughter tracks

÷Ε



## **NON-REFINED RESULT – ALL ENERGIES /** $\pi^+$ **AS TRIGGER**



IEUTRINO EXPERIMEN

÷Ε

daughter tracks

#### PANDORA RECONSTRUCTION METRICS FOR MICROBOONE

- To assess performance for simulated MicroBooNE events, used selection of event topologies
- Examine fraction of events deemed "correct" by very strict pattern-recognition metrics:
- ✓ consider exclusive final-states where all true particles pass simple quality cuts (e.g. nHits)
- ✓ Correct means exactly one reco primary particle is matched to each true primary particle





#### **MODIFIED RECONSTRUCTION METRIC**

- Aiming to characterize quality of hierarchy information
- Defining "good reconstruction" as having all daughter mc particles from primary pion interaction associated to a unique pfparticle
- Once a pfp gets associated to one mc particle, the same pfp cannot be associated to another mc particle



#### **RECONSTRUCTED – ALL ENERGIES / ALL TRIGGER PARTICLES**







#### **EFFICIENCY – ALL ENERGIES / ALL TRIGGER PARTICLES**







## **RECONSTRUCTED – ALL ENERGIES /** $\pi^+$ **AS TRIGGER**







## **EFFICIENCY – ALL ENERGIES /** $\pi^+$ **AS TRIGGER**



## $\pi^+$ AS TRIGGER – 0 TRACK 8 SHOWERS



BLUE SHOWER DAUGHTER GREEN TRIGGER  $\pi^+$ RED TRACK DAUGHTER ORANGE GRANDDAUGHTER BLACK OTHER





## $\pi^+$ AS TRIGGER – 7 TRACKS 0 SHOWER



BLUE SHOWER DAUGHTER GREEN TRIGGER π<sup>+</sup> RED TRACK DAUGHTER ORANGE GRANDDAUGHTER BLACK OTHER





## $\pi^+$ AS TRIGGER – 7 TRACKS 8 SHOWERS



BLUE SHOWER DAUGHTER GREEN TRIGGER  $\pi^+$ RED TRACK DAUGHTER ORANGE GRANDDAUGHTER BLACK OTHER



ΗE



#### **RECONSTRUCTED – ALL ENERGIES /** $e^+$ **AS TRIGGER**







## EFFICIENCY – ALL ENERGIES / $e^+$ AS TRIGGER







## $e^+$ AS TRIGGER – 1 TRACK 0 SHOWER



BLUE SHOWER DAUGHTER GREEN TRIGGER e<sup>+</sup> RED TRACK DAUGHTER ORANGE GRANDDAUGHTER BLACK OTHER





#### $e^+$ AS TRIGGER – 2 TRACKS 0 SHOWER







- Preliminary studies on mc simulated events in ProtoDUNE-SP suggest that the most probable channel is  $\pi^+ + Ar \rightarrow \mathbf{1}T + \mathbf{0}S$  with a reconstruction efficiency of ~ 50%.
- Next step will be to study the effect of halo particles, cosmic rays, and beam momentum to increase the level of accuracy.
- After that we will analyse data from ProtoDUNE-SP searching for a correspondence with the simulations.
- From there we will refine the analysis identifying in the simulations as well as in the data the particles involved in the interaction.



#### THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION

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#### **BACKUP SLIDES**





Moreover, we added the following 3 further cuts:

- 1. To be considered, the pfp must share at least 15 hits with the mc particle (W, V, and U wire plane)
- 2. Photons produced more than 2.5 cm away from the first interaction are not considered
- 3. Neutrons that travel long distances in the detector are not considered as well



