

# Space Charge Effects in ProtoDUNE-SP

**Michael Mooney**

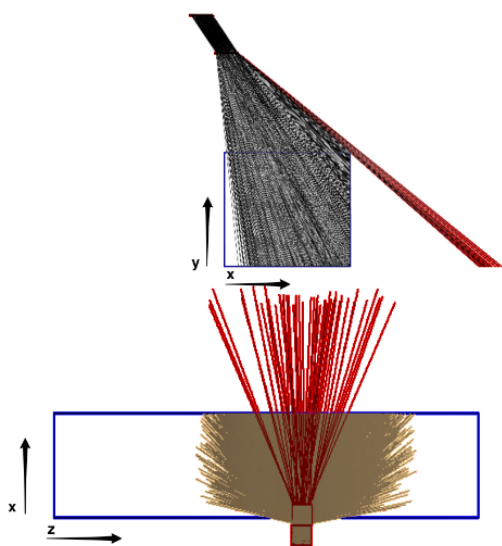
**Colorado State University**

**On Behalf of the ProtoDUNE SCE Team**

DUNE Collaboration Monthly Meeting

*March 8<sup>th</sup>, 2019*

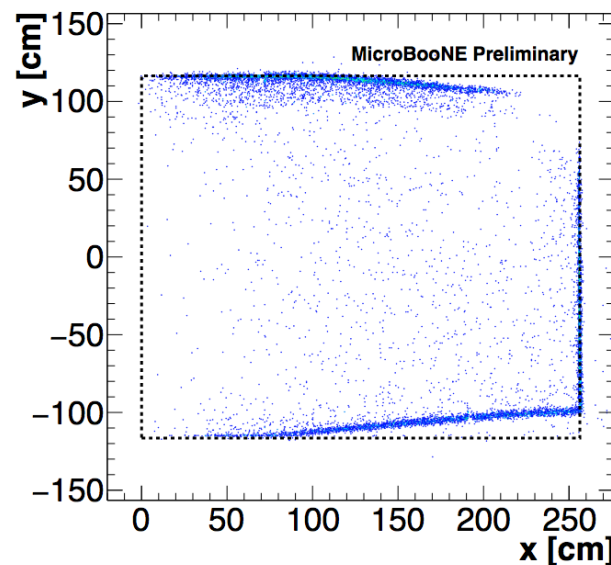
- ◆ Space Charge Effect (SCE): distortion of E field and ionization drift trajectories due to build-up of slow-moving argon ions produced from e.g. cosmic muons impinging TPC → modifies  $dE/dx$ , track angles
  - E field distortions impact recombination (**dE** bias)
  - Spatial distortions lead to squeezing of charge (**dx** bias)
- ◆ See **MicroBooNE public note on SCE** for more details

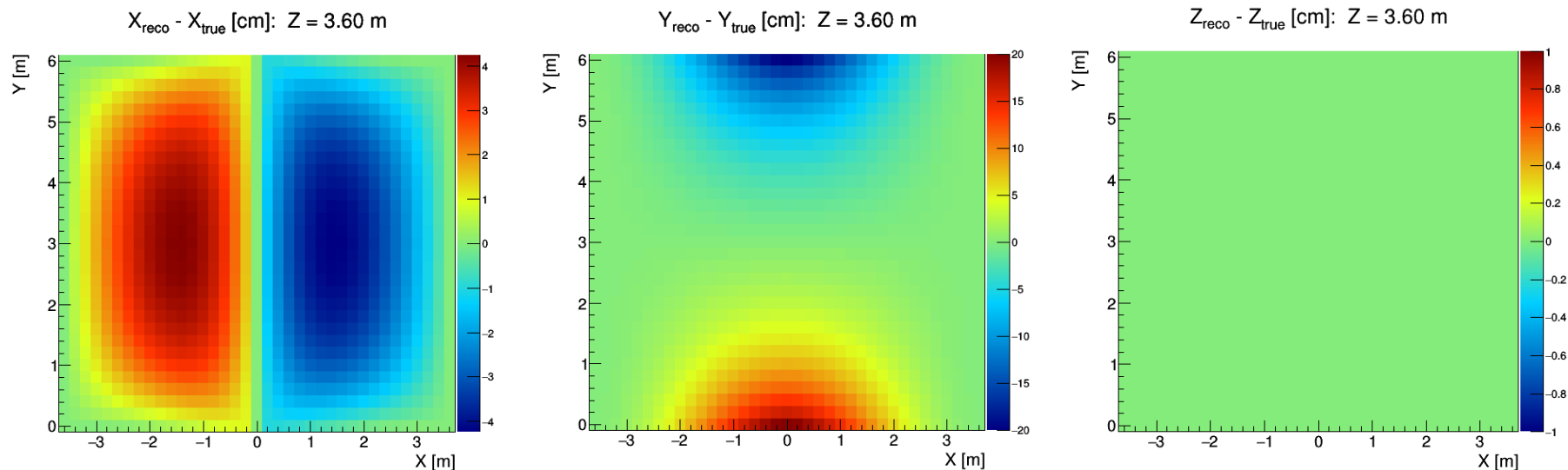


$t_0$  tags  
from  
MicroBooNE  
MuCS

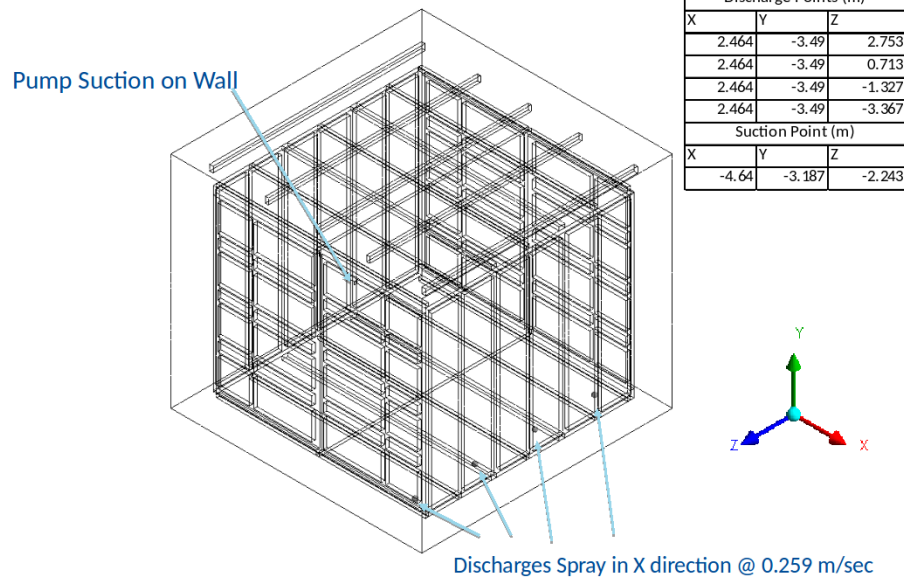
→

plot TPC track  
start/end points

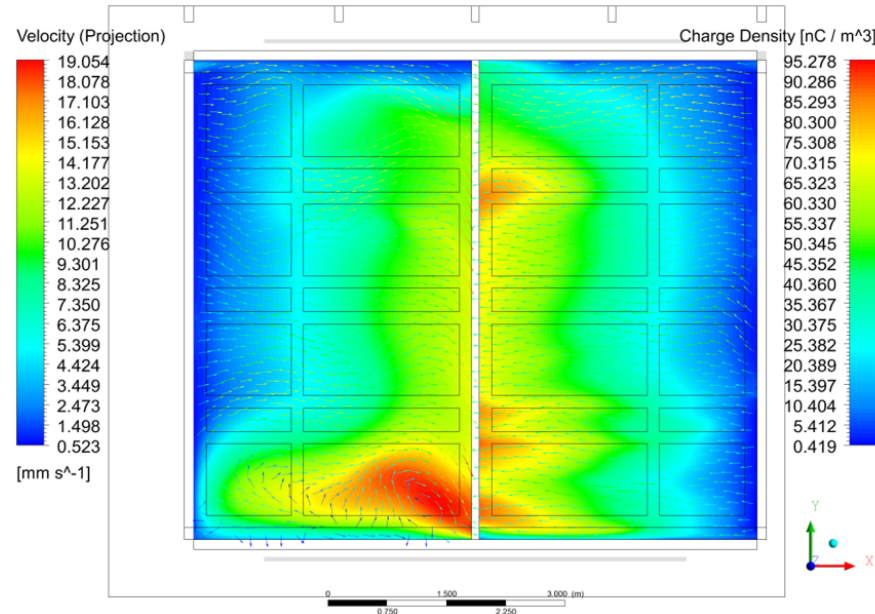




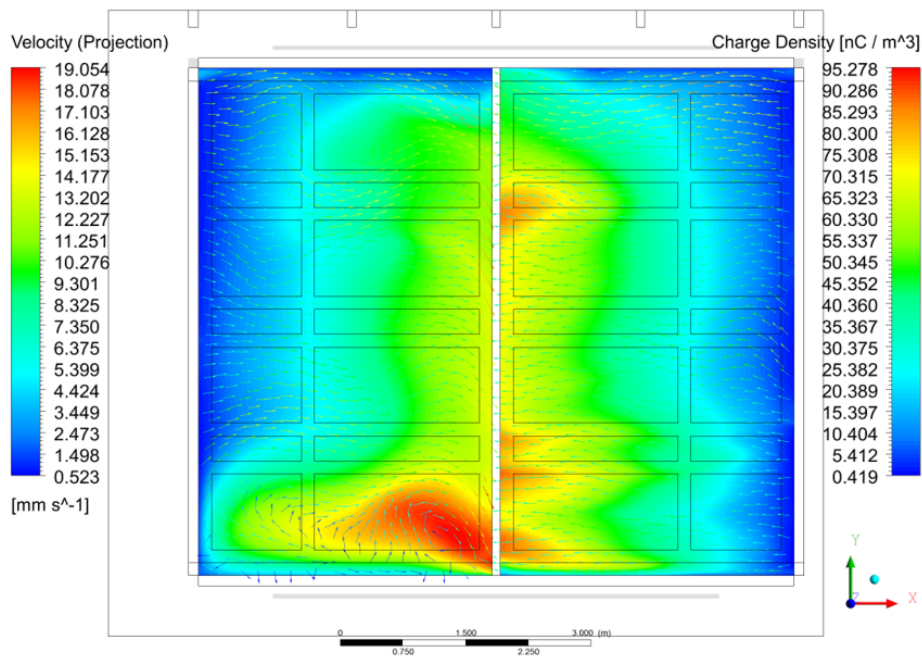
- ◆ Home-brewed code developed by Mike M. to study SCE at different LArTPC detectors
  - Solve for E field in detector via Fourier series, interpolation
  - Ray-tracing (RKF45) to obtain spatial distortions
- ◆ Result: E field and spatial distortion maps that can be utilized in ionization drift sim. (in LArSoft)



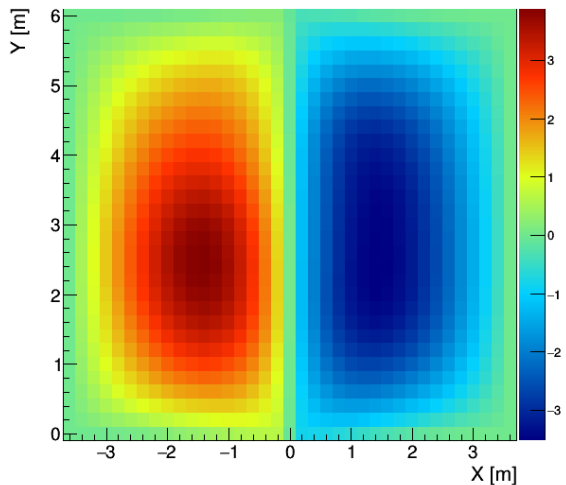
Discharge Points (m)		
X	Y	Z
2.464	-3.49	2.753
2.464	-3.49	0.713
2.464	-3.49	-1.327
2.464	-3.49	-3.367
Suction Point (m)		
X	Y	Z
-4.64	-3.187	-2.243



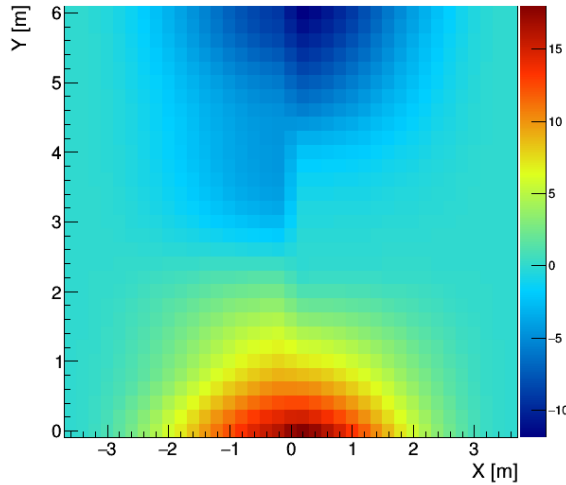
- ◆ Developed by Erik Voirin for ProtoDUNE-SP; better prediction of space charge density → improve E field sim.
- ◆ 3D simulation of LAr flow, 8 mm/s ion drift @ 500 V/cm, uniform space charge deposition from cosmics
- ◆ Ion absorption at field cage, APA, CPA, and all solid objects inside cryostat



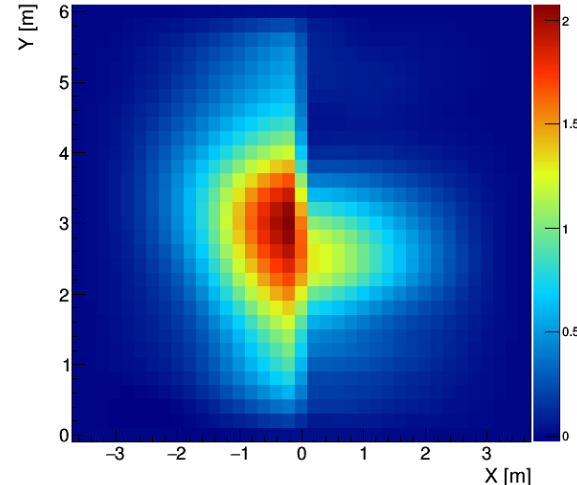
$X_{\text{reco}} - X_{\text{true}}$  [cm]:  $Z = 3.60$  m



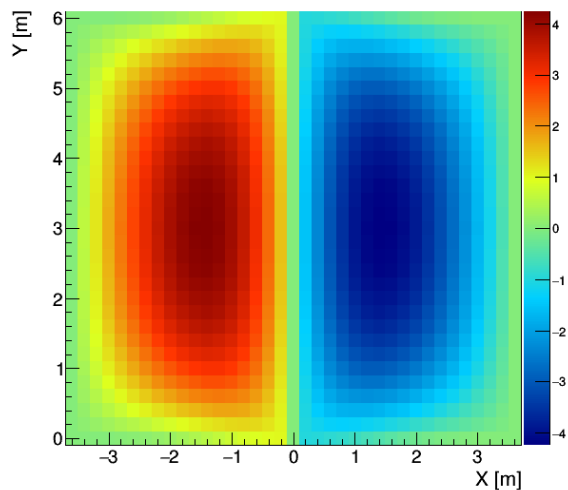
$Y_{\text{reco}} - Y_{\text{true}}$  [cm]:  $Z = 3.60$  m



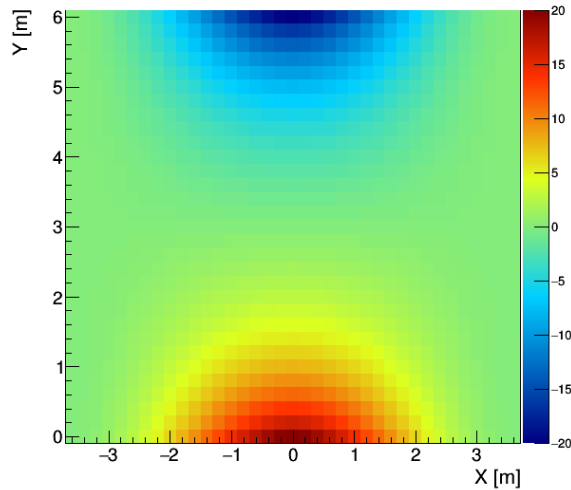
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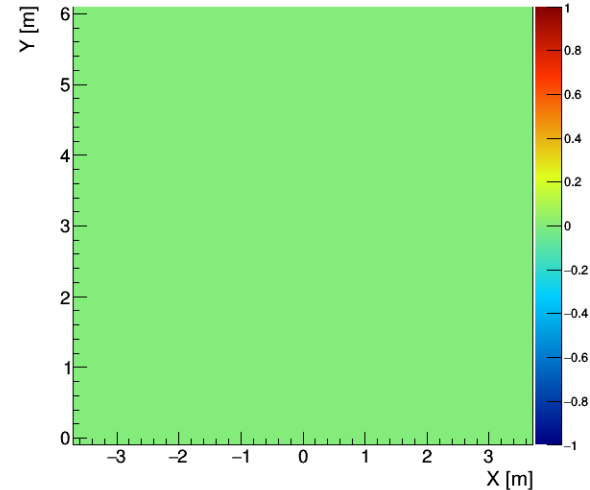
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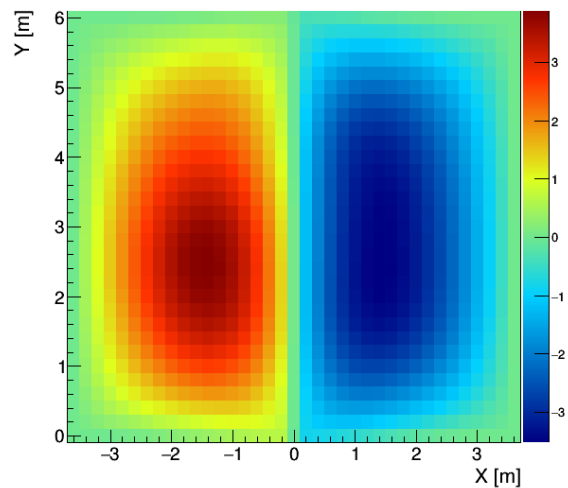
$Y_{\text{reco}} - Y_{\text{true}}$  [cm]:  $Z = 3.60$  m



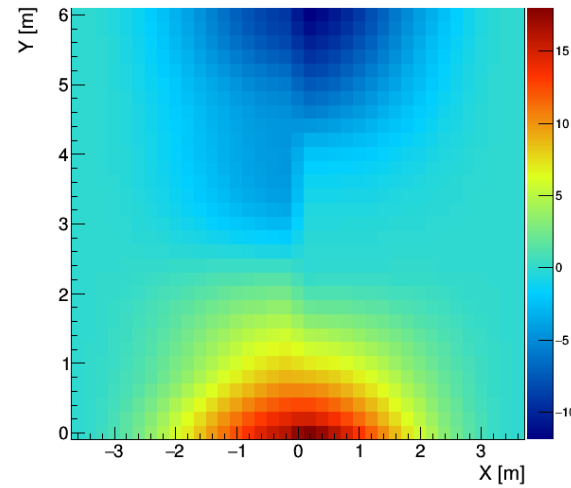
$Z_{\text{reco}} - Z_{\text{true}}$  [cm]:  $Z = 3.60$  m



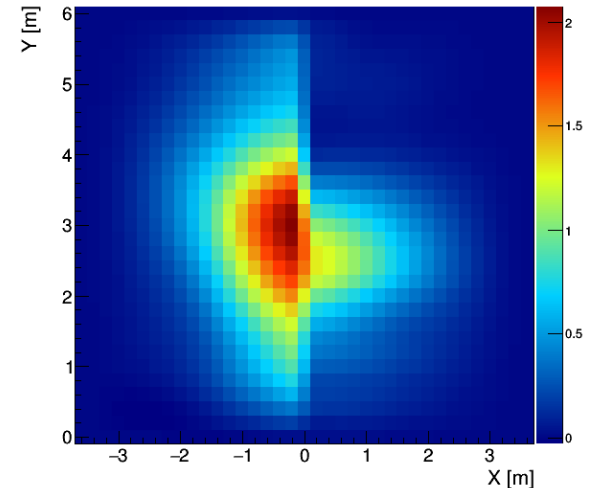
$X_{\text{reco}} - X_{\text{true}}$  [cm]:  $Z = 3.60$  m



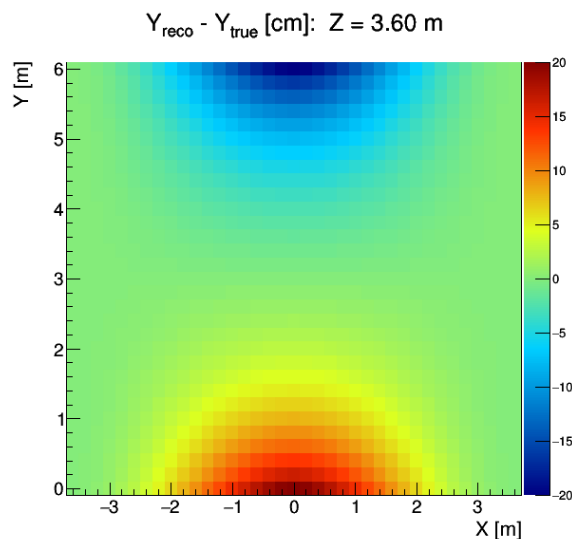
$Y_{\text{reco}} - Y_{\text{true}}$  [cm]:  $Z = 3.60$  m



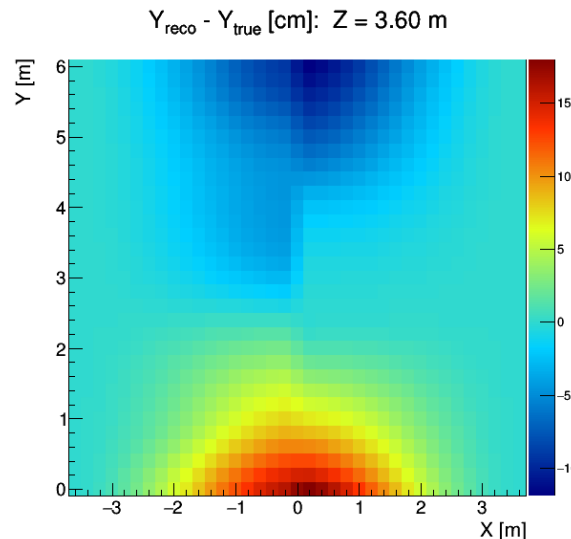
$Z_{\text{reco}} - Z_{\text{true}}$  [cm]:  $Z = 3.60$  m



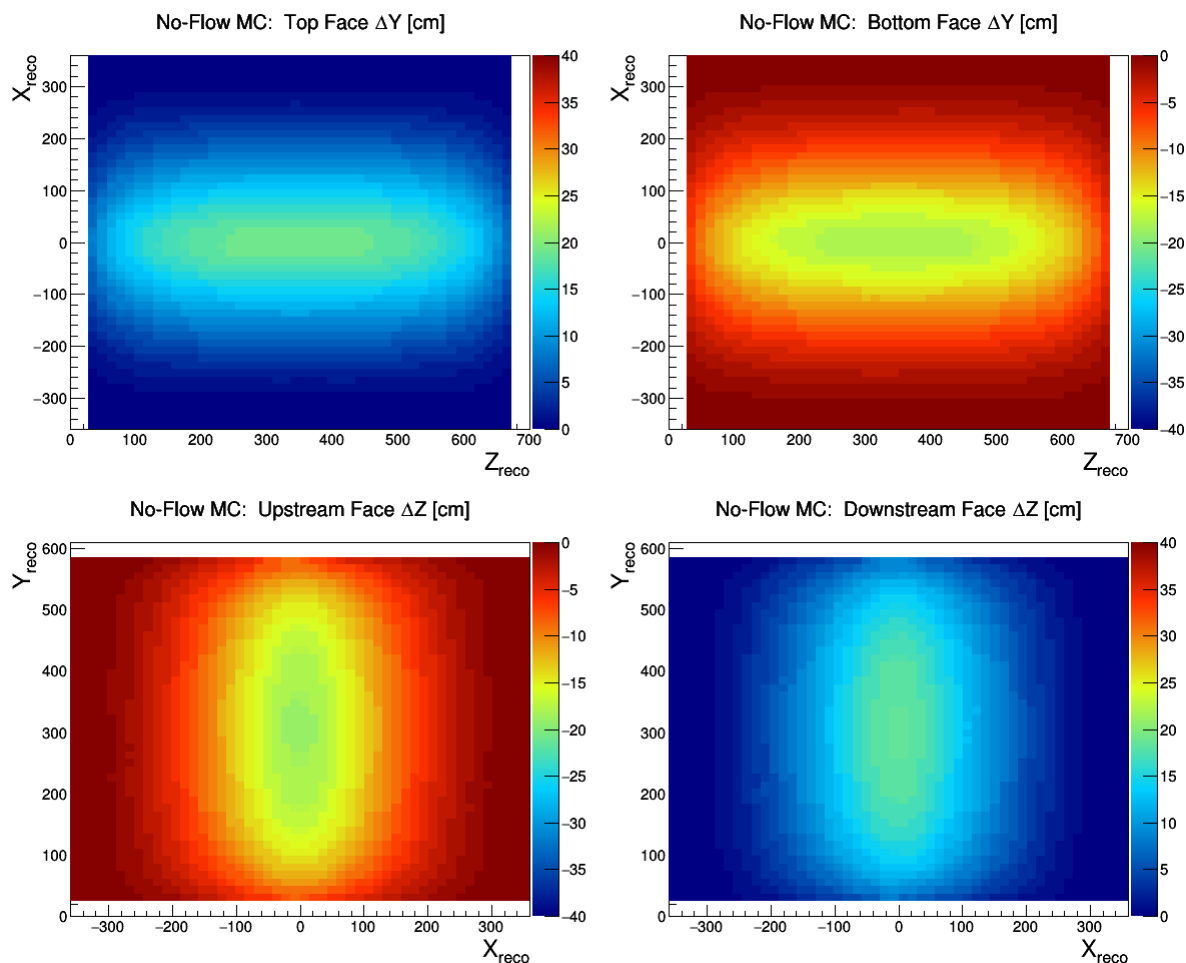
**No Fluid Flow Sim.**



**With Fluid Flow Sim.**

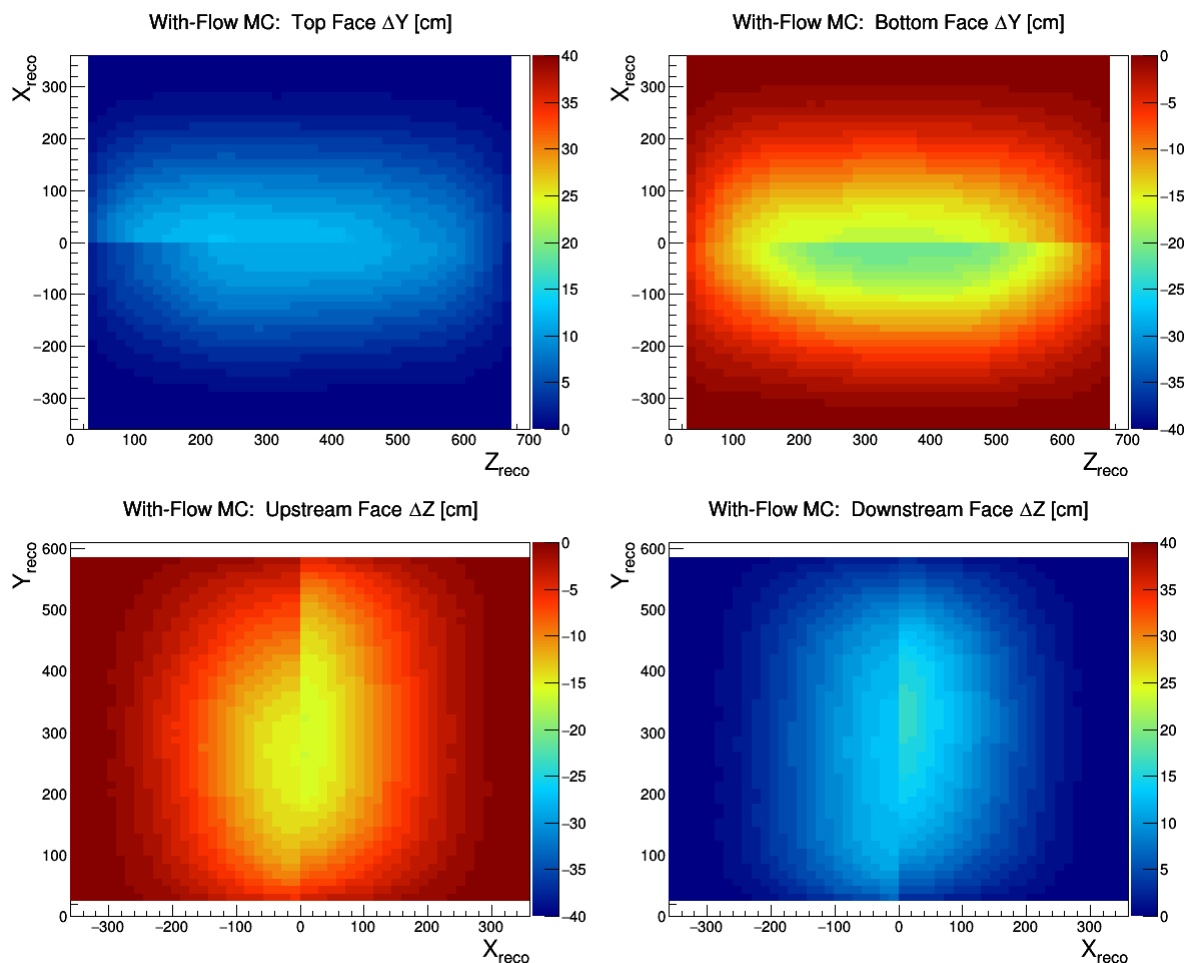


- ◆ Principal observations from fluid flow study:
  - Asymmetry in comparing two drift volumes (shared cathode is at  $x = 0$ )
  - Up/down asymmetry emerges as well – less SCE at top
  - Overall reduction in magnitude of SCE
- ◆ Can use ProtoDUNE-SP **data** to validate fluid flow model (use to tweak model?)

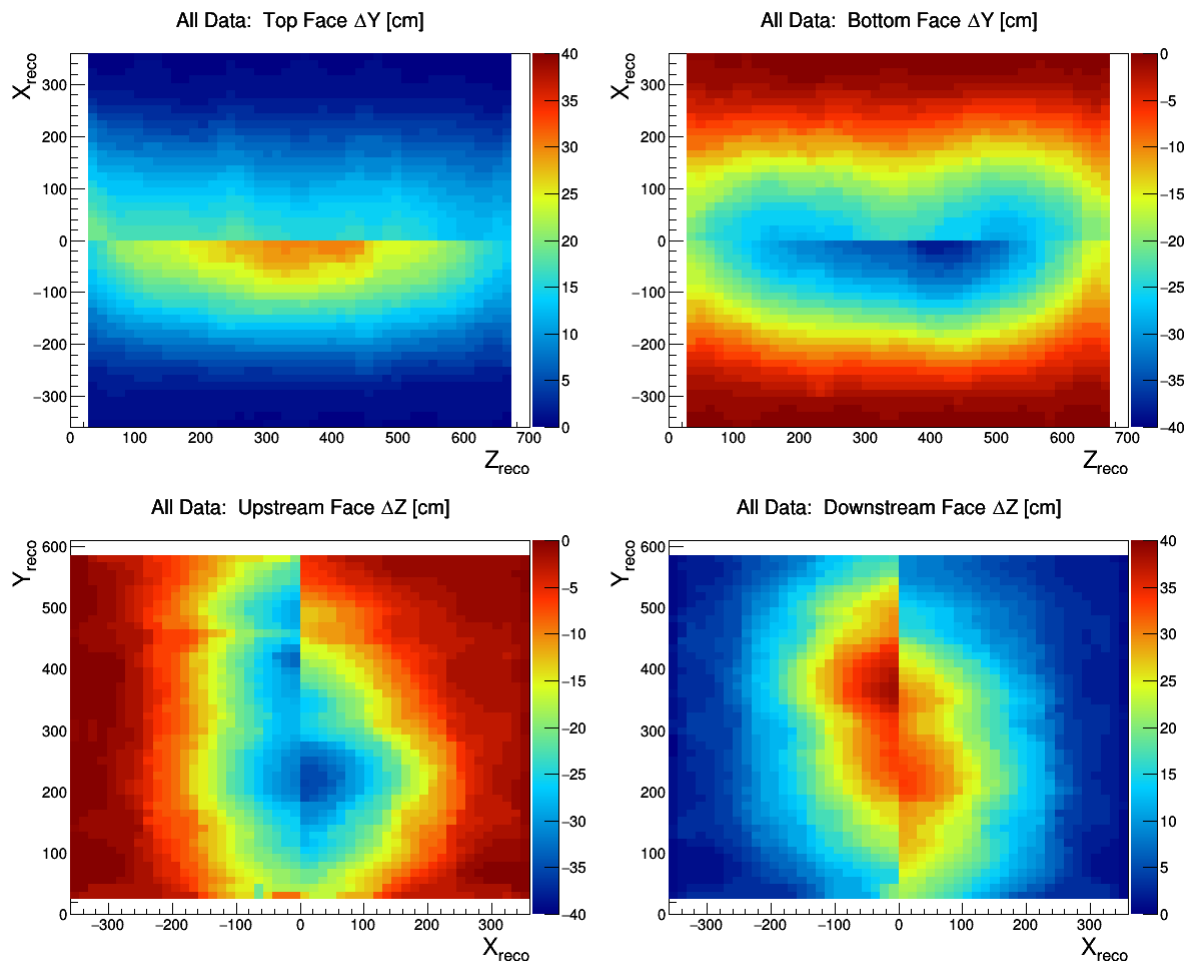


- ◆ Comparing MC to data, offsets from TPC faces much larger in data! Drift ion velocity wrong?





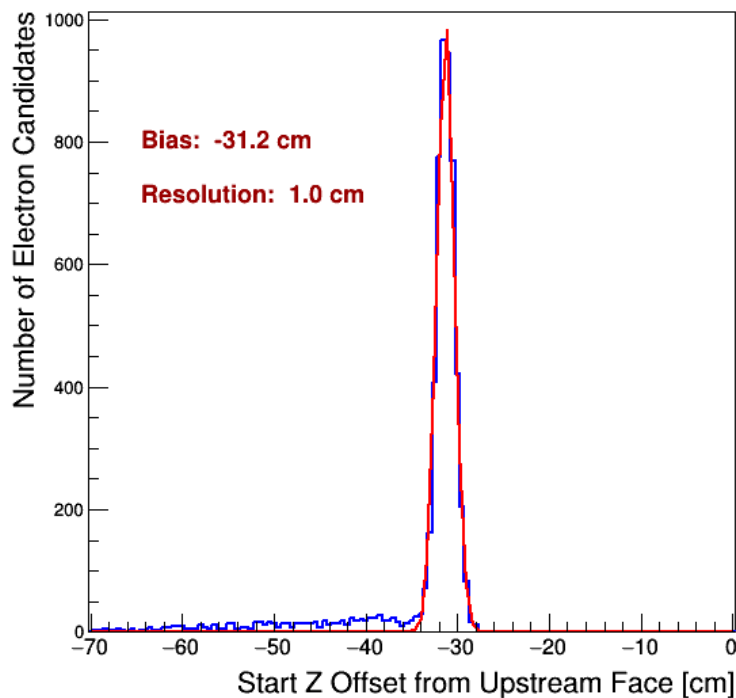
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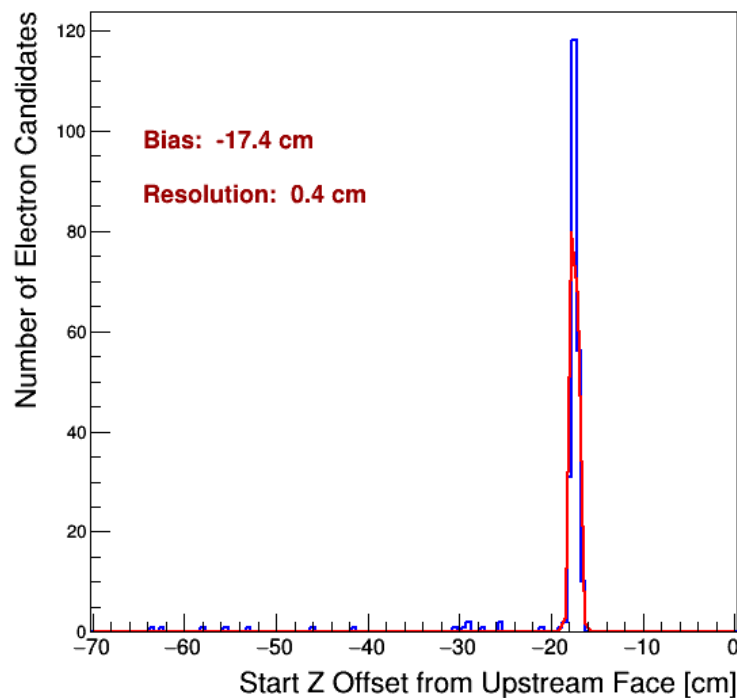
- ◆ Comparing MC to data, offsets from TPC faces much larger in data! Drift ion velocity wrong?

- ◆ Use sample of beam electrons ( $e^+$ ), provided by Aaron Higuera, to probe SCE time dependence at **short timescales**
  - First look by Mike M.
  - Look at width of  $\Delta Z$  distribution in data, compare to MC
  - Broadening in MC due only to reconstruction effects
  - Broadening in data due to reconstruction and SCE
- ◆ Also study offsets in different runs using end points of cosmic tracks to study **long timescales**
  - Preliminary study by Hannah Rogers
  - Also can use high-rate runs (triggering at 30-40 Hz) to study shorter timescales with this sample - effort led by Francesca Stocker

Data: Overall Start Z Bias/Resolution

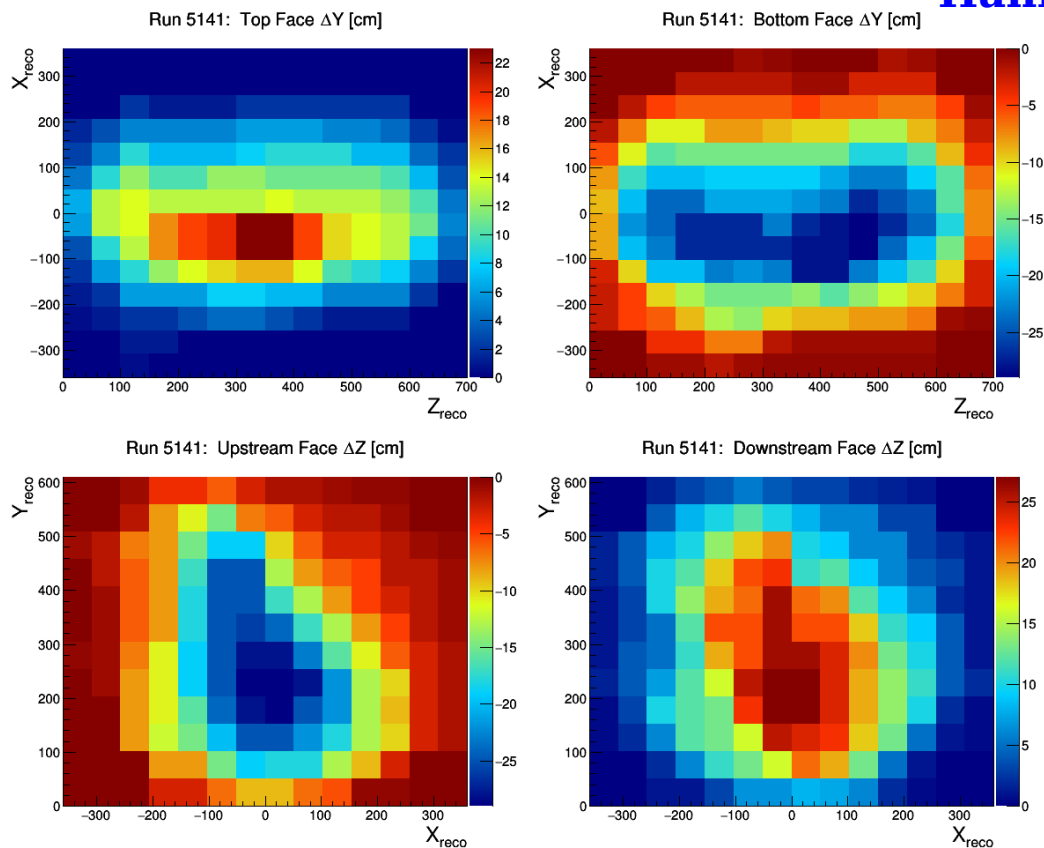


MC: Overall Start Z Bias/Resolution



- ◆ Look at Z offset dist. (all  $e^+$  candidates, single run)
  - Data:  $-31.2 \pm 1.0$  cm
  - MC:  $-17.4 \pm 0.4$  cm
- ◆ Implies SCE time dependence  $< 1$  cm ( $< 3\%$  effect)

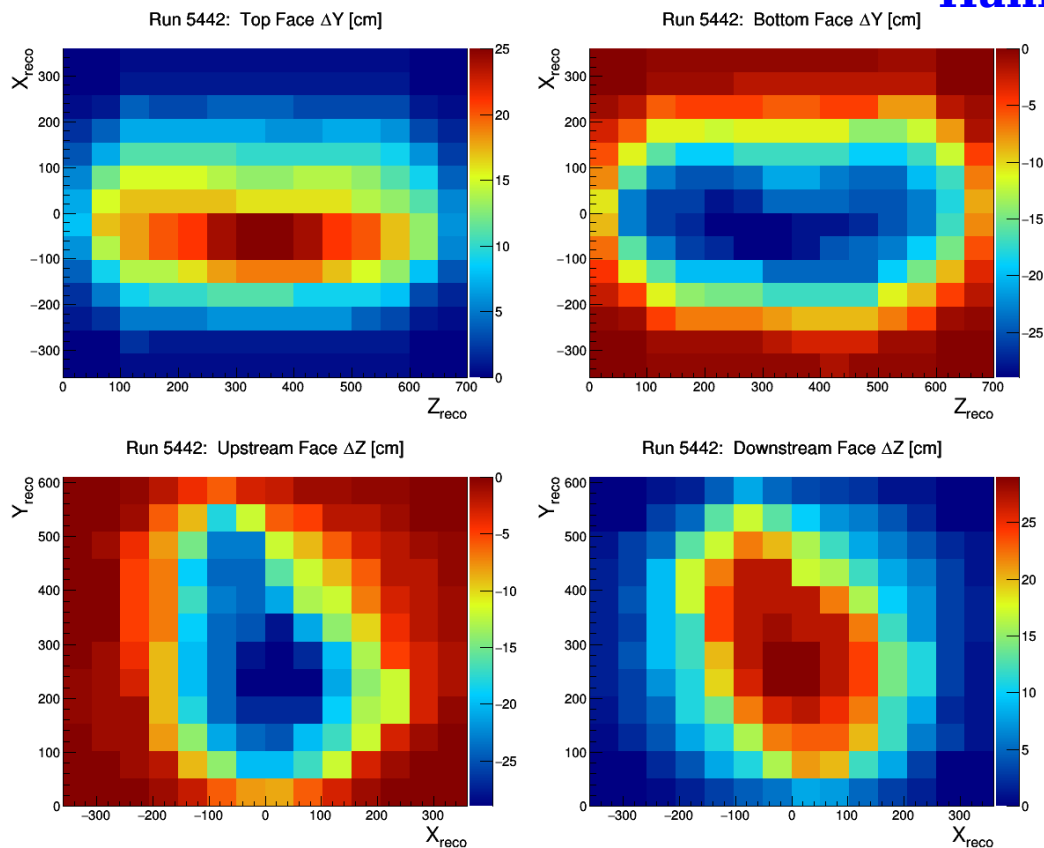
Hannah Rogers (CSU)



**Run  
5141**

- ◆ No significant time dependence over  $O(\text{month})$ 
  - No more than 5% variation
  - Needs more precise study with higher statistics

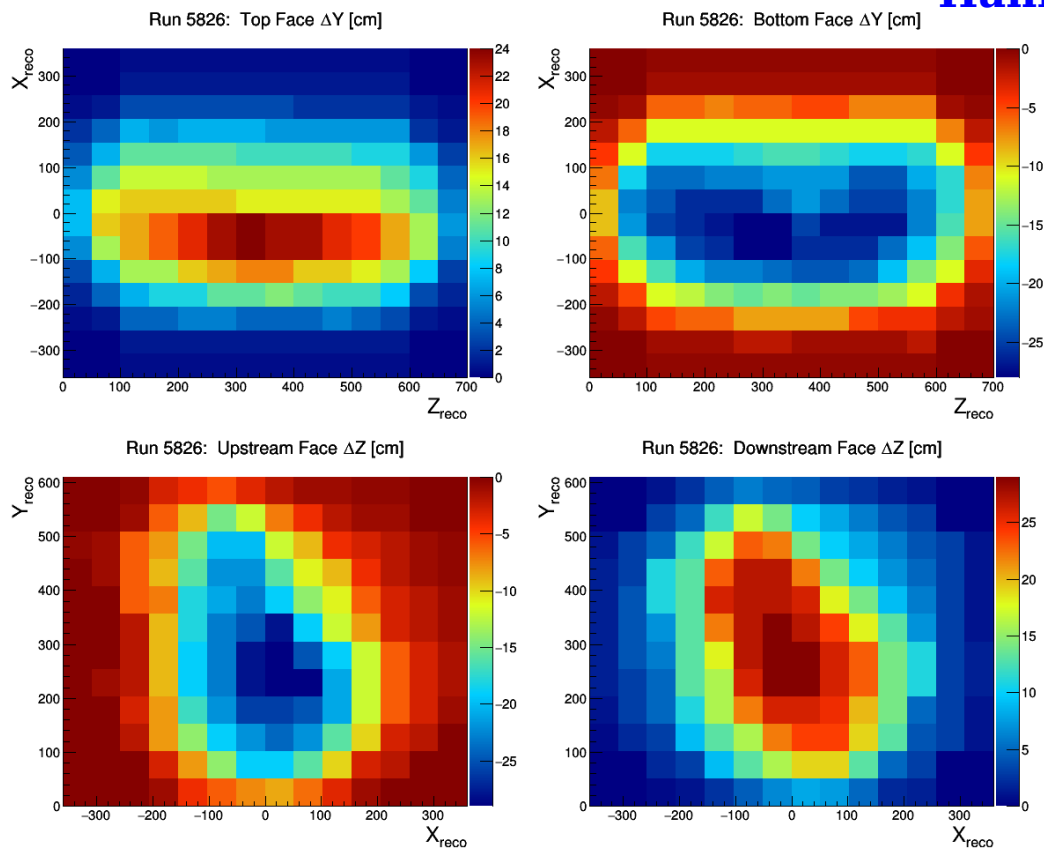
Hannah Rogers (CSU)



**Run  
5442**

- ◆ No significant time dependence over  $O(\text{month})$ 
  - No more than 5% variation
  - Needs more precise study with higher statistics

Hannah Rogers (CSU)



**Run  
5826**

- ◆ No significant time dependence over  $O(\text{month})$ 
  - No more than 5% variation
  - Needs more precise study with higher statistics

◆ Goal: use **data-driven SCE simulation maps**

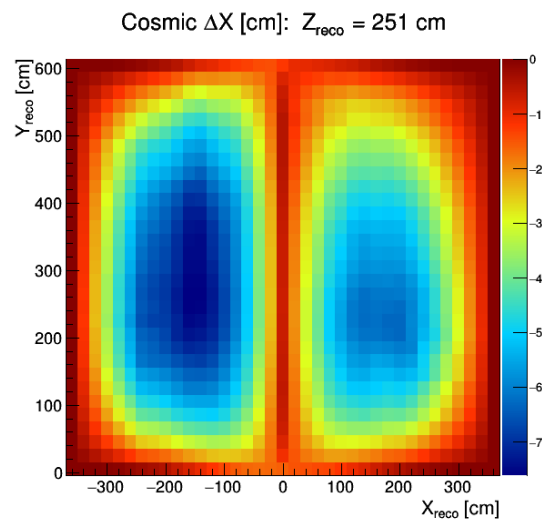
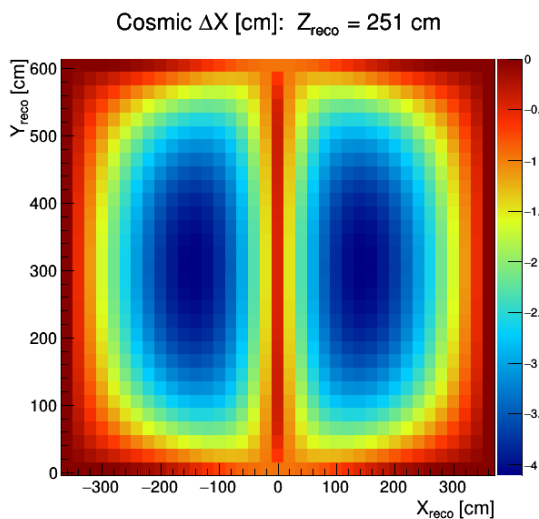
- Uses spatial offsets at boundaries, obtained from data, to scale simulation
- Eventually, once  $t_0$ -tagged sample larger (introducing anode-piercing tracks, CRT-tagged tracks) use **crossing points of track pairs** to improve estimation of SCE

◆ Procedure:

1. Measure reco. spatial offsets at top, bottom, upstream, and downstream TPC faces in both data and MC
2. Form 2D scale factor map at TPC faces w/ data/MC ratio
3. Interpolate scale factors across 3D volume to scale MC truth spatial map everywhere
4. Compute E field using straightforward calculus

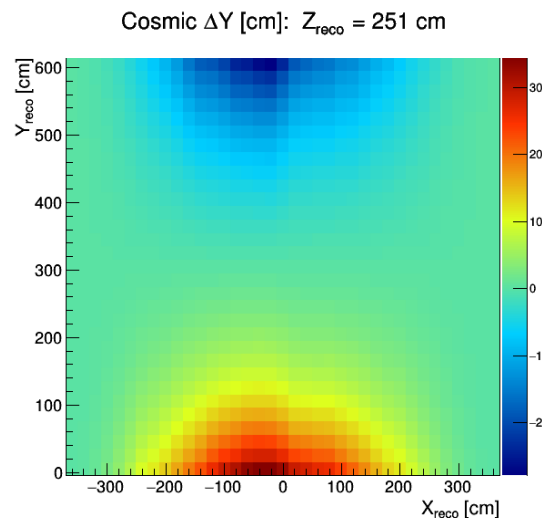
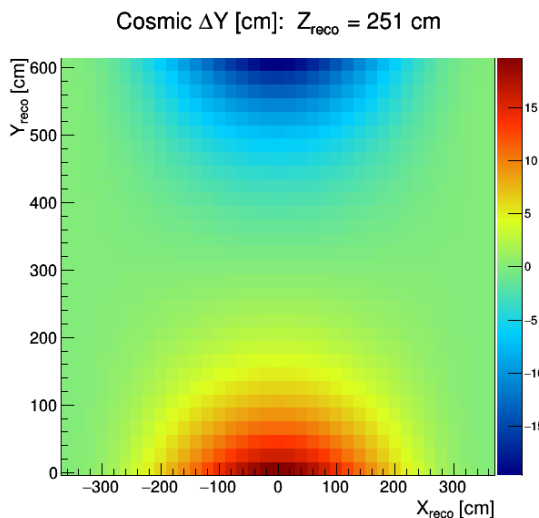


**Orig.  
 $\Delta X$**



**Data-  
Driven  
 $\Delta X$**

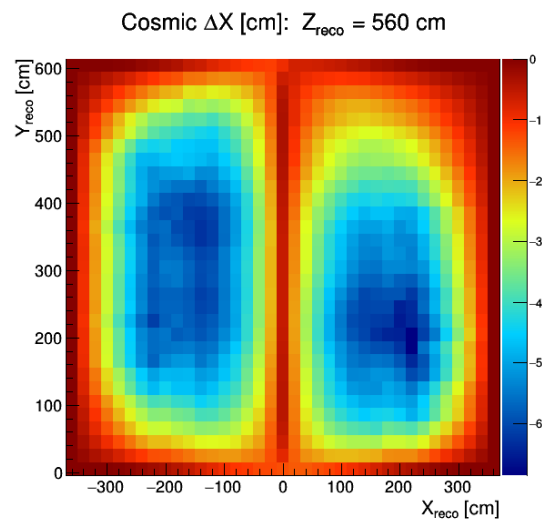
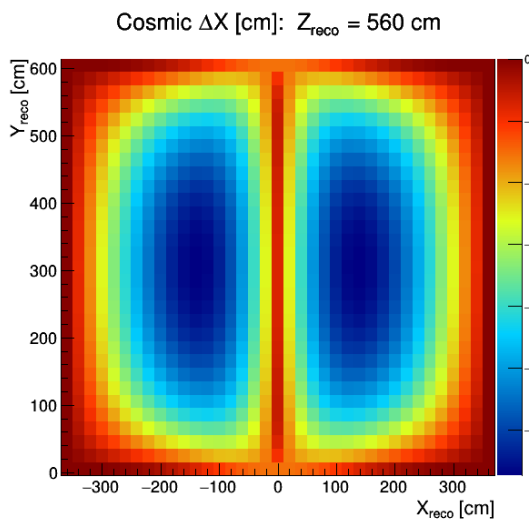
**Orig.  
 $\Delta Y$**



**Data-  
Driven  
 $\Delta Y$**

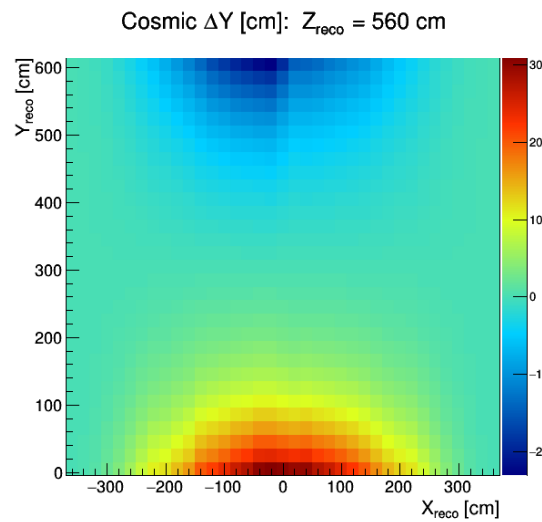
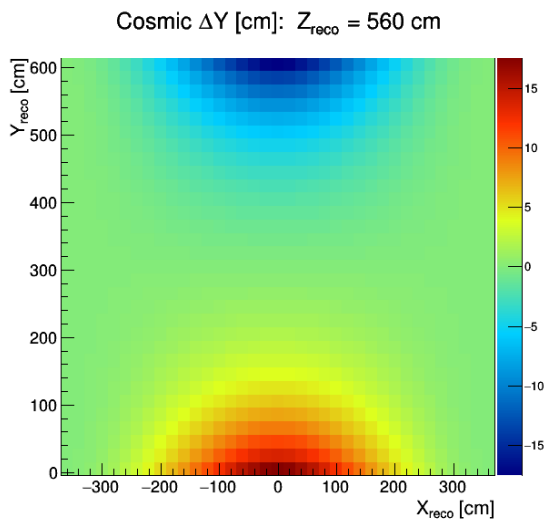
◆ E field maps coming next week → produce new MC

**Orig.  
 $\Delta X$**



**Data-  
Driven  
 $\Delta X$**

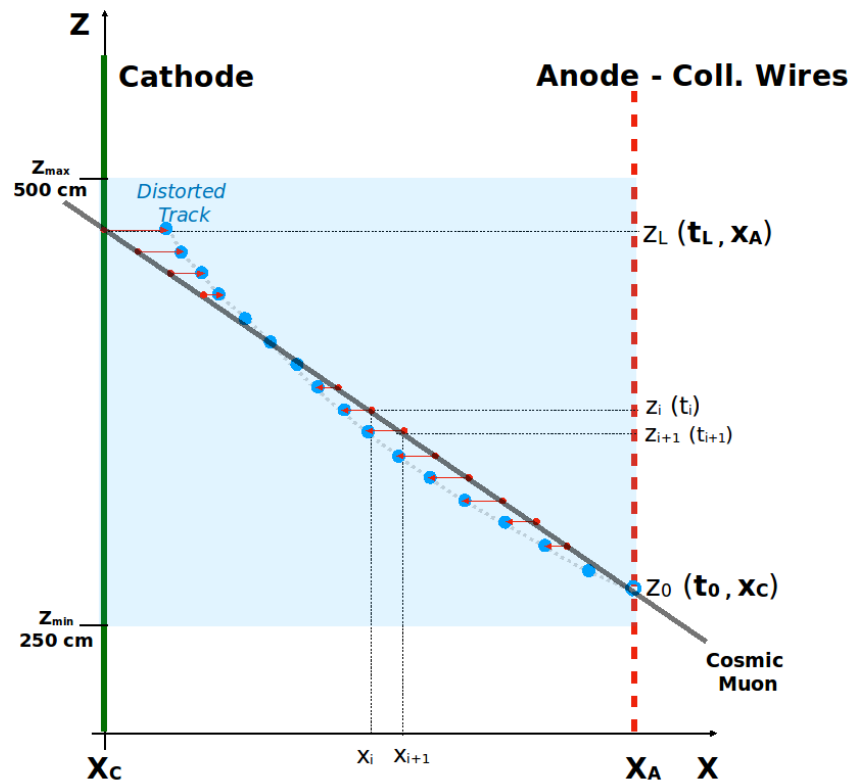
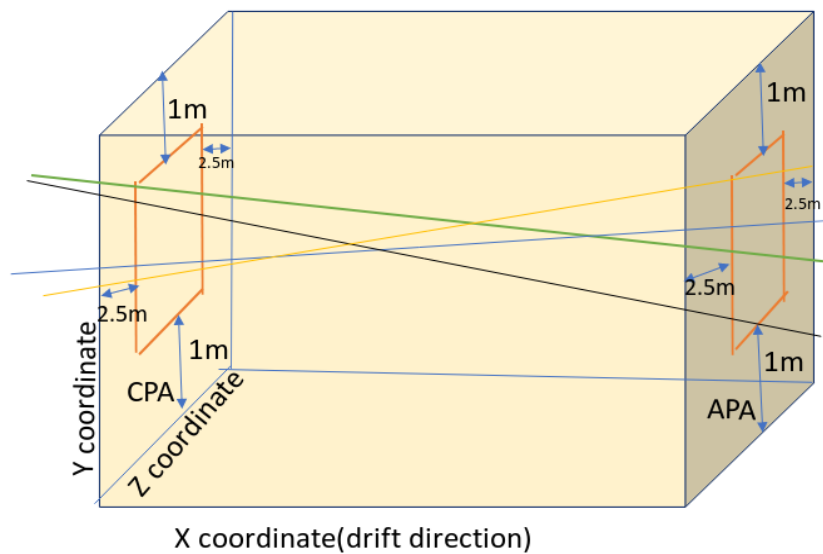
**Orig.  
 $\Delta Y$**



**Data-  
Driven  
 $\Delta Y$**

◆ E field maps coming next week → produce new MC

Ajib Paudel (KSU)



$$X_c = 0 \text{ cm}$$

$$t_0 = 0 \mu\text{s}$$

$$X_A = 360 \text{ cm}$$

$$t_L = 2305 \mu\text{s}$$

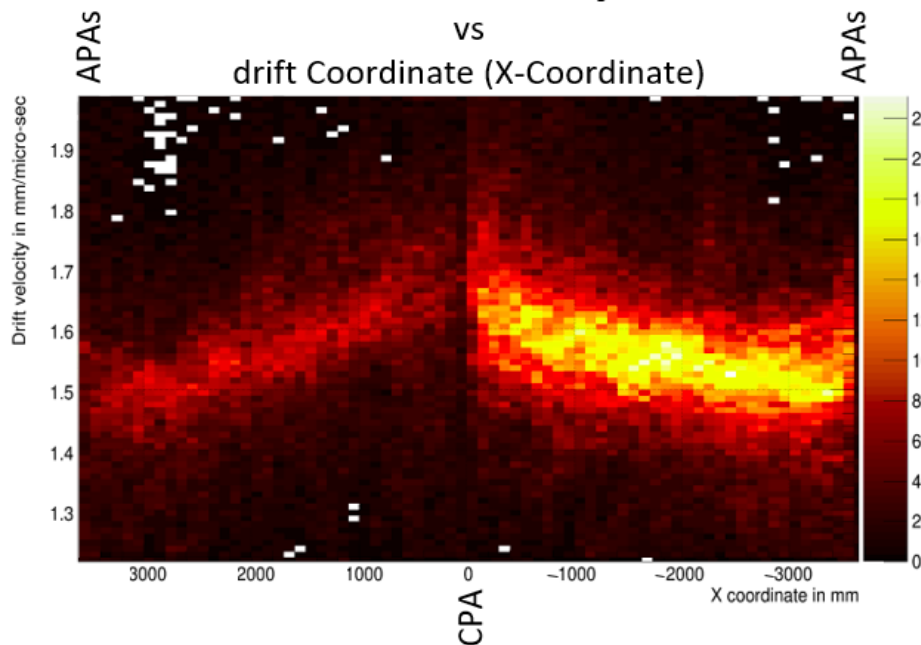
◆ First study of E field:

- Use C-A crossing tracks
- Restrict to central Y/Z values
- Measure distance **in x** between reconstructed track and assumed track trajectory → extract E field (simple math)

Ajib Paudel (KSU)

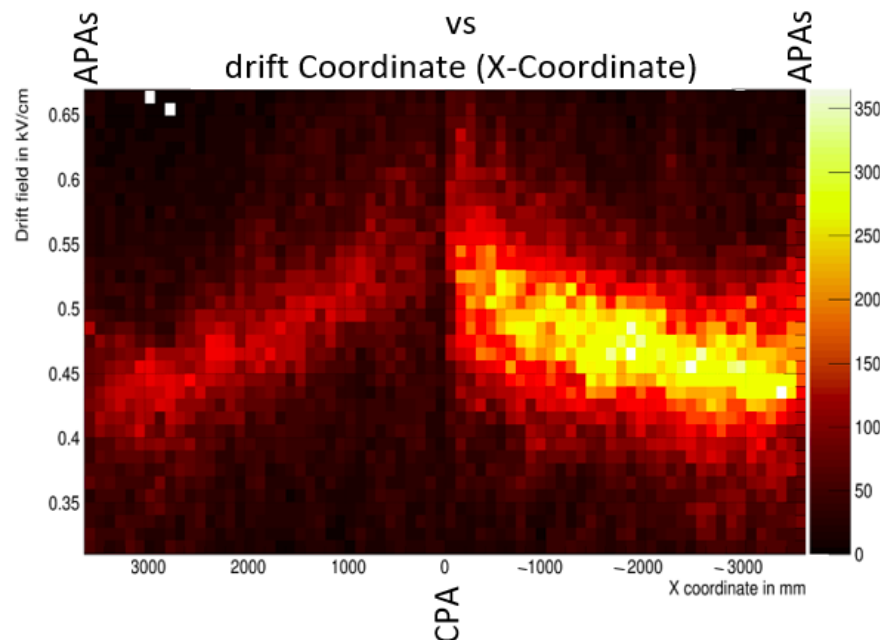
Drift Velocity

vs  
drift Coordinate (X-Coordinate)



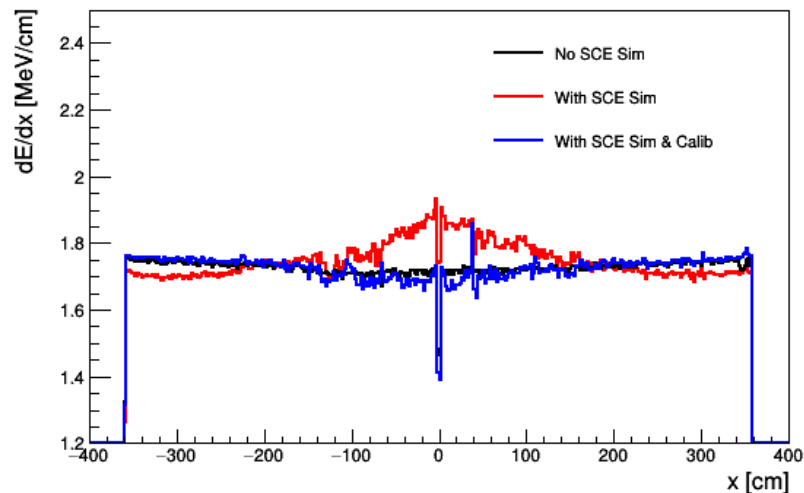
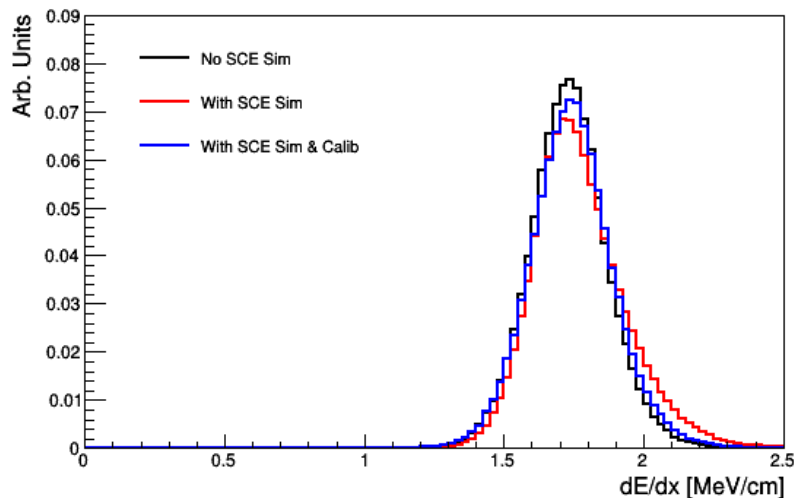
Electric Field

vs  
drift Coordinate (X-Coordinate)



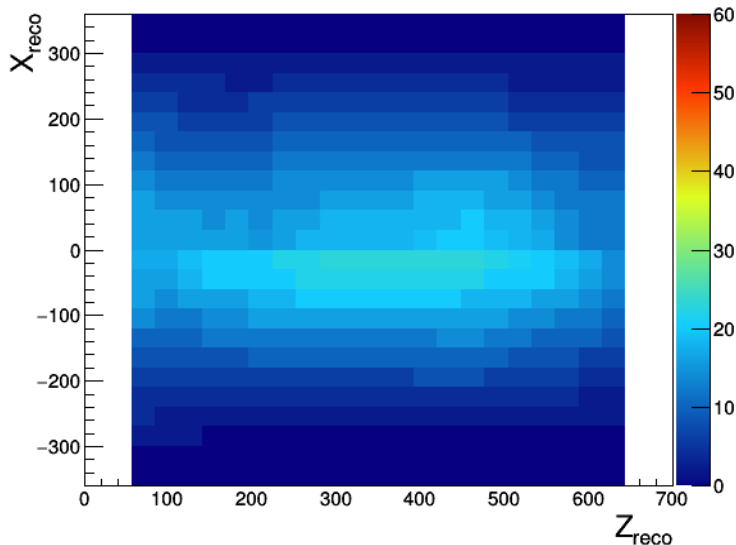
- ◆ Reconstructed E field higher at cathode, lower at anode, as expected - O(20%) deviation from nominal
- ◆ Some limitations of method toward precision study
  - Cathode point wrong from wrong drift velocity, distortions in Z
  - However, good qualitative check that behavior is as expected!

Hannah Rogers (CSU)

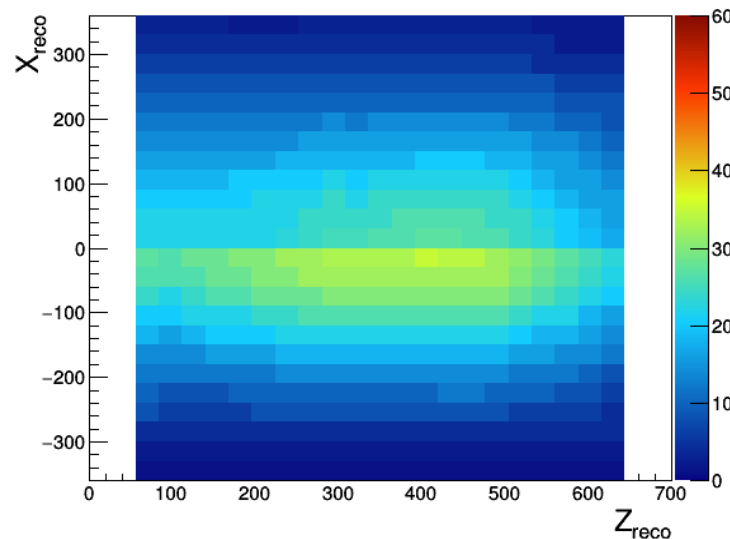


- ◆ Implemented in LArSoft by Hannah Rogers (CSU)
- ◆ Calibrate  $dE/dx$  with both spatial calibration map (charge squeezing/stretching  $\rightarrow$  fix  $dx$ ) and E field calibration map (correct recombination  $\rightarrow$  fix  $dE$ )
- ◆ Validate with “perfect calibration” in MC
  - Tail of  $dE/dx$  distribution improves
  - $dE/dx$  vs.  $x$  distribution becomes more uniform

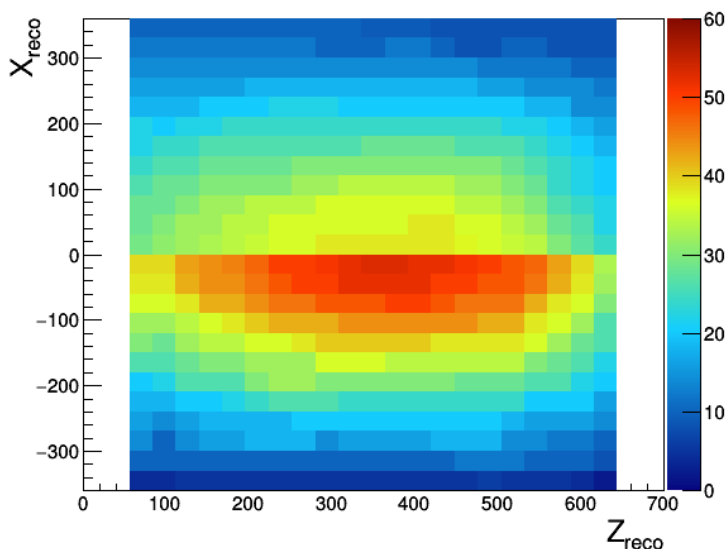
500 V/cm: Top Face  $\Delta Y$  [cm]



400 V/cm: Top Face  $\Delta Y$  [cm]



300 V/cm: Top Face  $\Delta Y$  [cm]



**Francesca Stocker**

- ◆ Also studying E field dependence of SCE
- ◆ Several runs taken at different HV settings
- ◆ SCE increases at lower E field, as expected - still under study

- ◆ First studies of space charge effects (SCE) complete
  - But a lot more questions than answers!
- ◆ Estimated spatial offsets due to SCE from TPC faces
  - SCE 50%+ worse in data than in simulation
    - Wrong ion drift velocity? Tune LAr flow model?
  - Preliminary: time dependence  $< 5\%$  (small)
- ◆ First data-driven SCE maps ready for use next week
- ◆ Calibration framework for SCE nearly ready
- ◆ Continuing to study E-field and time dependence of SCE, as well as improve SCE simulation/calibration
  - Thanks to Josh Thompson, Francesca Stocker, Hannah Rogers, Stefania Bordoni, Richie Diurba, and Ajib Paudel for their work!

# BACKUP SLIDES