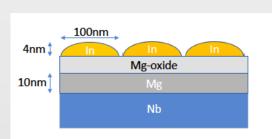


AWA Test Gun for Novel Superconducting Photocathode Research

S. Asaldzadeh, N. Samuelson, M. Warren, L. Spentzouris, J.F. Zasadzinski *Illinois Institute of Technology, Chicago, IL*

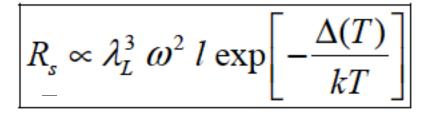
Basic Idea - Ultra thin-film coatings to increase QE of Nb but minimize additional RF losses

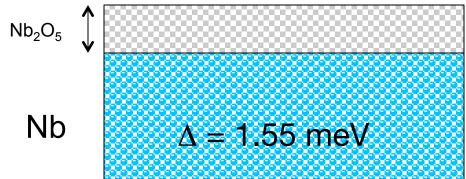
- 1. Superconductor/Semiconductor
 - Nb/Cs₂Te AWA/Argonne Yusof et al, PHYSICAL REVIEW ACCELERATORS AND BEAMS 20, 123401 (2017)
- 2. Superconductor/Metal Nb/Mg
 - Exploit Proximity Effect
 - Lower work function of Mg (3.66 eV)
 - Plasmonic Enhancement
 - >400 X increase in QE
 - Robust in air!

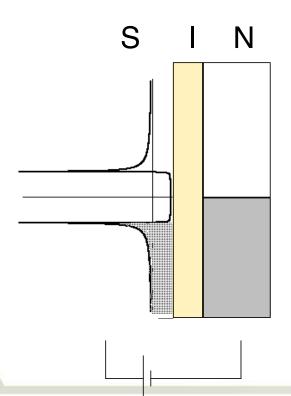


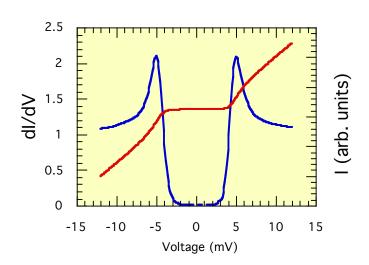


Superconducting RF Impedance











SRF Linac and Photoinjector

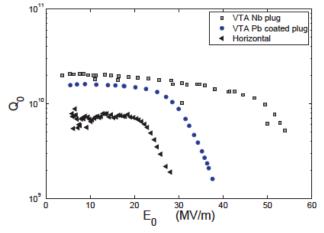
MOIOB02

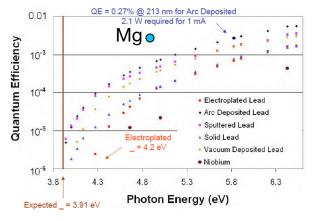
Proceedings of SRF2013, Paris, France

TOWARDS A 100mA SUPERCONDUCTING RF PHOTOINJECTOR FOR BERLinPro *

Neumann et al, HZB Berlin

Superconducting Pb Cathodes



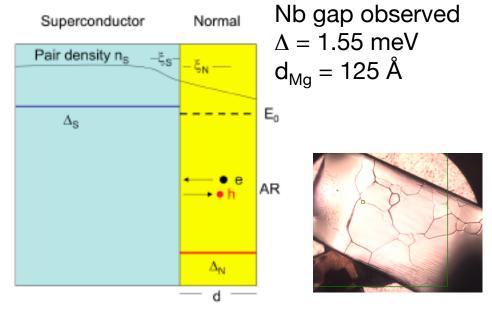




Nb/Mg Proximity Bilayers

D.M. Burnell, E.L. Wolf (JLTP 58, 61 (1984)

E.L. Wolf, J. Zasadzinski, J.W. Osmun and G.B. Arnold, "Proximity Electron Tunneling Spectroscopy I. Experiments on Nb", Journal of Low Temp. Physics, 40, 19 (1979)



Recrystallized Nb Foil Mg QE ~ 0.2%

Nb/Mg/MgO/Ag

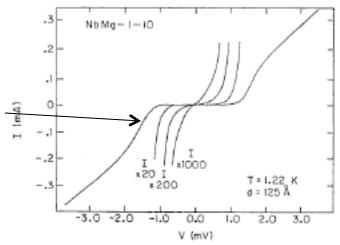
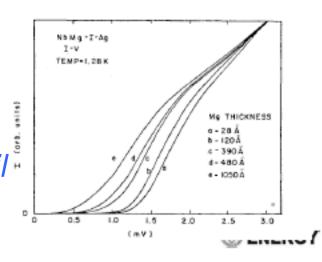
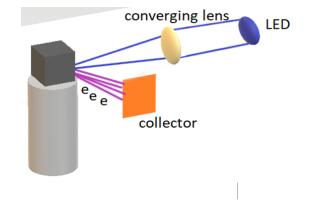
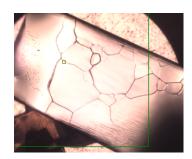


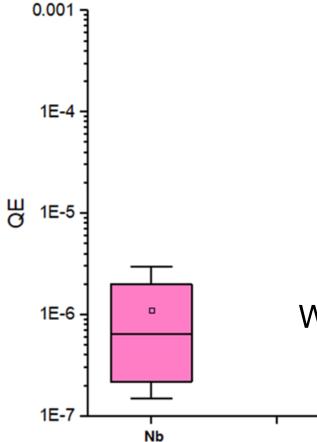
Fig. 1. Representative gap region I – V characteristic for Ag–Mg–Nb junction of Mg thickness 125 Å measured at 1.2 K. Expanded traces indicate that the current leakage is less than 1/1000.



Nb Foil Results LED 248 nm 1mW









Work Function Nb (4.1 – 4.6 eV)
Nb/Mg (3.8 – 3.86 eV)



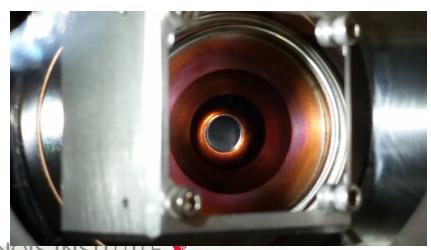
Nb Cathode Insertion into AWA test stand (12/7/2015) (M. Warren IIT PhD Thesis, SCGSR)





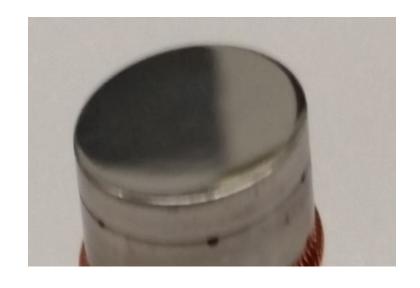






Bulk Nb Plug (mechanical polish, 600C anneal UHV)

100 nm Mg Before/After RF Test Gun



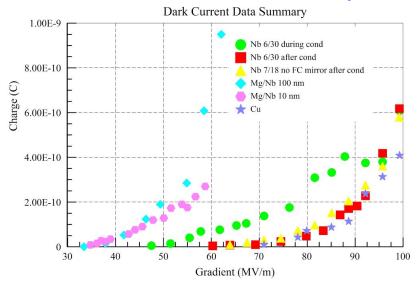




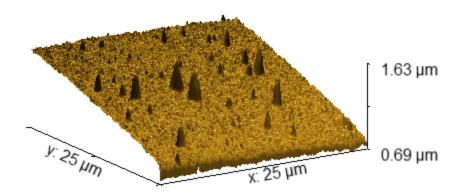


Dark Current Results for Nb and Nb/Mg

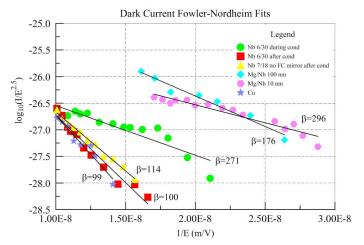
Two thicknesses (10 nm, 100 nm)



AFM Topography of Nb/Mg (10 nm)



High Field enhacement, β , likely due to surface roughness (field emiiters)



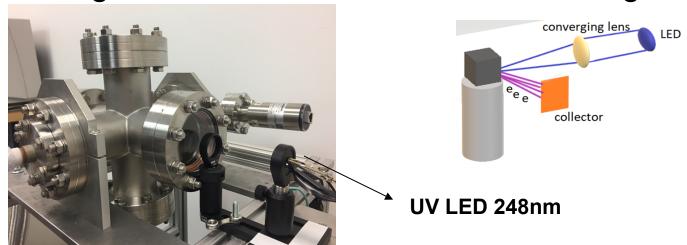


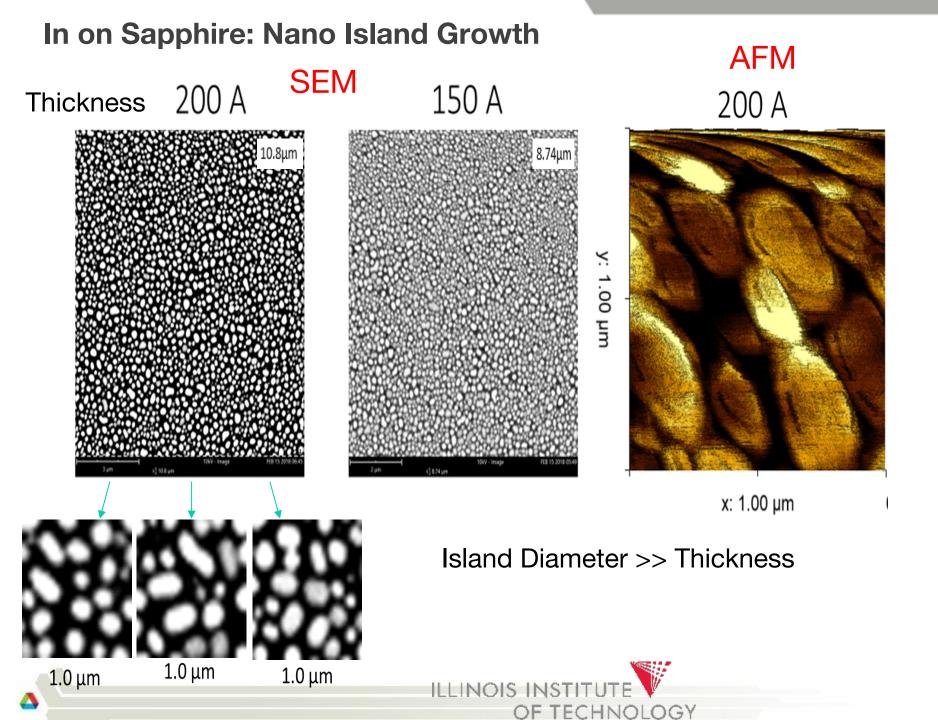


Plasmonic Enhancement of QE of Niobium

(Shokoufeh Asalzadeh)

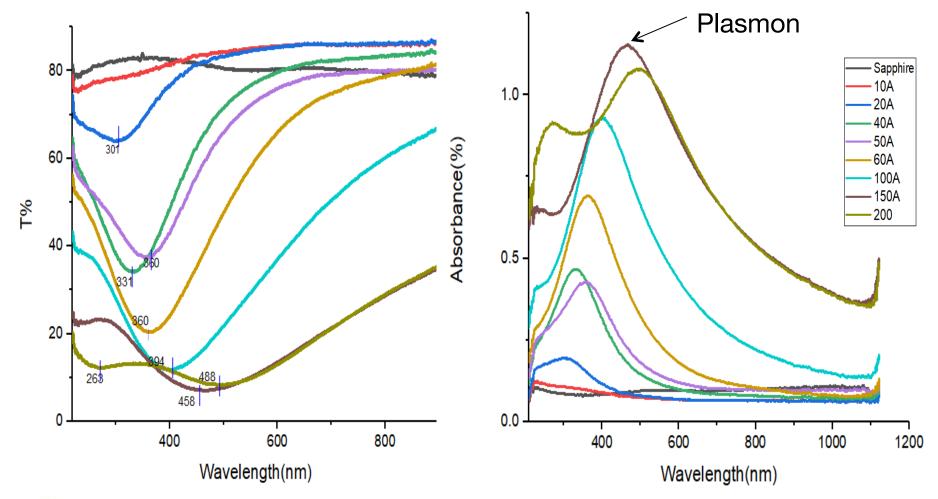
- Ag, Au, In thin films (PVD) on Glass, Sapphire
- Controllable Island formation
- Islands measured by SEM, AFM, STM
- Plasmon resonances in Transmittance, Reflectance
- Strong enhancement of QE at 250 nm using In films





Optical Transmittance/Absorbance of In/Sapphire

Surface Plasmon Mode Tunable with Nominal Indium Thickness

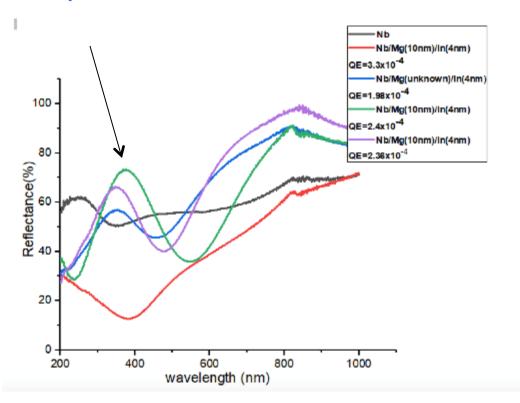


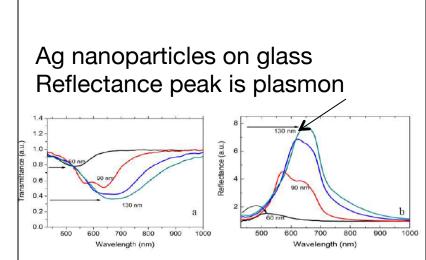


Reflectance

Nb/Mg(10nm)/MgO/In(4nm)

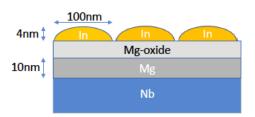
Reproducible Plasmon Mode





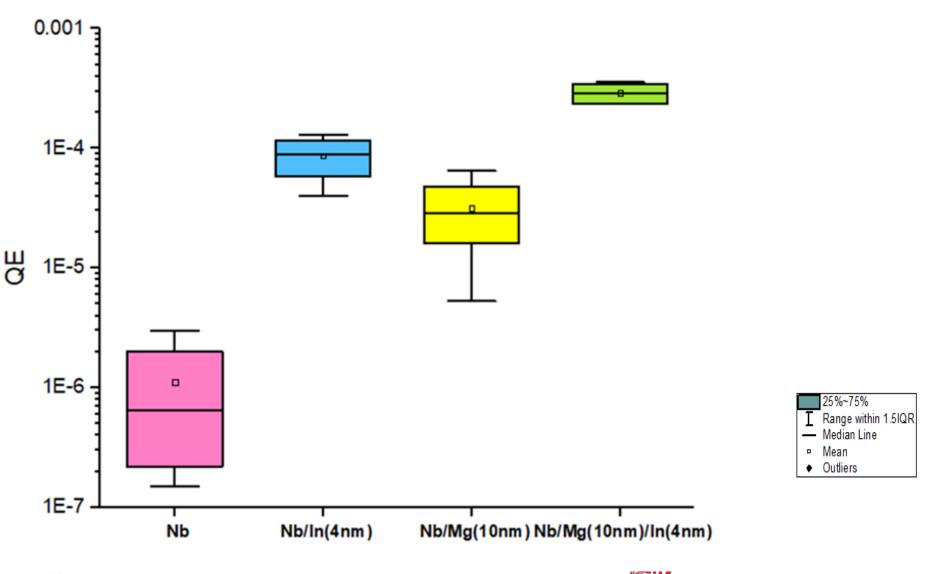
Article in Optics Express · August 2010

DOI: 10.1364/OE.18.017322 · Source: PubMed





QE results





Summary/Future Work



- Nb/Mg Single Crystal
- Polished ~25 nm RMS roughness
- QE high fields ~ 50 MV/m
- Emittance

MOPIK003

Proceedings of IPAC2017, Copenhagen, Denmark

IMPROVEMENT OF PHOTOEMISSION EFFICIENCY OF MAGNESIUM PHOTOCATHODES

R. Xiang[†], A. Arnold, P. Michel, P. Murcek, J. Teichert, HZDR, 01328 Dresden, Germany P. Lu, H. Vennekate, TU Dresden & HZDR, 01328 Dresden, Germany P. Patra, IUAC, New Delhi, 110067 India

Mg Crystal
QE ~ 0.3% after laser
Cleaning. Remove MgO

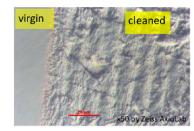
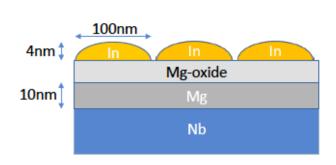


Figure 5: Surface structure changes after cleaned with high intensity laser.





Plasmonic Enhancement





Resilience of In Islands QE at high fields Explore tailored plasmonic structures, e.g.uniform disks



