# Light Dark Matter Search with Liquid Argon

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### **FEATURES OF NOBLE LIQUID DETECTORS**

- **Dense** and **easy to purify** (good scalability, advantage over solid targets)
- High scintillation & ionization (low energy threshold, not low enough to search < 1 GeV/c<sup>2</sup> DM)
- Transparent to own scintillation

#### For TPC

- High electron mobility and low diffusion
- Amplification for ionization signal
- Discrimination electron/nuclear recoils (ER/NR) via ionization/scintillation ratio

#### Liquid Xenon

- Denser & Radio pure
- Lower energy threshold
- Higher sensitivity at low mass WIMP

#### Liquid Argon

- Iower temperature (Rn purification is easier)
- Stronger ER discrimination
- Intrinsic ER BG from <sup>39</sup>Ar
- Need wavelength shifter

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- DS-50 has lower BG at the lowest Ne bins.
- Ar sees more events with given WIMP mass and cross section.



FIG. 4. Energy distribution of the events remaining in the data set after all data selection cuts. As an example, the expected spectrum for a WIMP of  $6 \text{ GeV}/c^2$  and a spin-independent WIMP-nucleon scattering cross section of  $1.5 \times 10^{-41} \text{ cm}^2$  is also shown. The corresponding nuclear recoil energy scale is indicated on the top axis. The charge yield model assumed



3





**DARKSIDE-50** 





The events in Ne<4 are delayed electrons related to impurities.</p>

The origin of the excess at low Ne events (4<Ne<10) is unknown and under investigation. DARKSIDE LOW MASS

### **CRITERIA FOR FUTURE LAr TPC**

- Low activity of <sup>39</sup>Ar
- Low impurity
  - good electron lifetime
  - Iow rate of the single electron events
- Ultra-pure photo-sensor
- Pure (or no) cryostat



#### <sup>39</sup>Ar SUPPRESSION

### **FURTHER DEPLETION OF Ar**

**Urania** (Underground Argon):

Expansion of the argon extrementation extrementation of the argon extrementation extre

### Aria (UAr Purification):

 Very tall column in the Seru Sardinia, Italy, for high-volut chemical and isotopic purifi Underground Argon. A factor reduction of <sup>39</sup>Ar per pass is







### SENSITIVITY



- Exposure: 1 tonne year
- <sup>39</sup>Ar: 1µBq/kg (currently ~1mBq/kg in DS-50) with <sup>39</sup>Ar depletion in Aria plant
- SiPM: 50 times lower contribution than currently achieved in DS-20k (cleaner and reduced electronics)

- Acrylic: 5 mm thickness with the activities achieved by JUNO collaboration.
- No cryostat
- Analysis threshold: 2 Ne (~0.4 keVnr)
- No systematic uncertainties are included

### **ASSUMPTIONS**

- No BGs except the internal <sup>39</sup>Ar BG, external gamma BGs from the detector components, and coherent neutrino BGs (the neutrino electron scattering is an order smaller and ignored).
- Low Ne events will be suppressed via deep fiduciallization, pulse shape, and reduced activity in the active volume.

#### DARKSIDE-50

### **SUB-GEV DARK MATTER SEARCH**

- Ultra-light DM (m<sub>χ</sub>«1 GeV) scatter off electrons
- DM signals are also ER.
- The same measured spectrum as the WIMP search can be used.
- Two extreme cases of Dark Matter form-factor are considered
  - ► F<sub>DM</sub>=1 heavy mediator
  - ►  $F_{DM} \propto 1/q^2$  light mediator
- The dashed lines are with assumptions of 1 uBq/kg for <sup>39</sup>Ar, 1 uBq/PDM, Cu cryostat, 80,000 kg day, and 2ethreshold



## **NR IONIZATION YIELDS**



#### **AmBe neutron source**

TODO



#### AmC neutron source

<sup>241</sup>Am<sup>13</sup>C Data

G4DS Fit

Single S2

S1 + S2

241Am<sup>13</sup>C

20

30

40

50

Ne

90

80

70

60

50

40

30

20

10

10

z

Events /

**Reduced Energy** 

11

100

10<sup>2</sup>

Argon

1

90

80

number of electrons

- MC + Ionization model [1] fit to NR data from AmBe and AmC.
- Need calibration points at low recoil energies