



ProtoDUNE Electron analysis

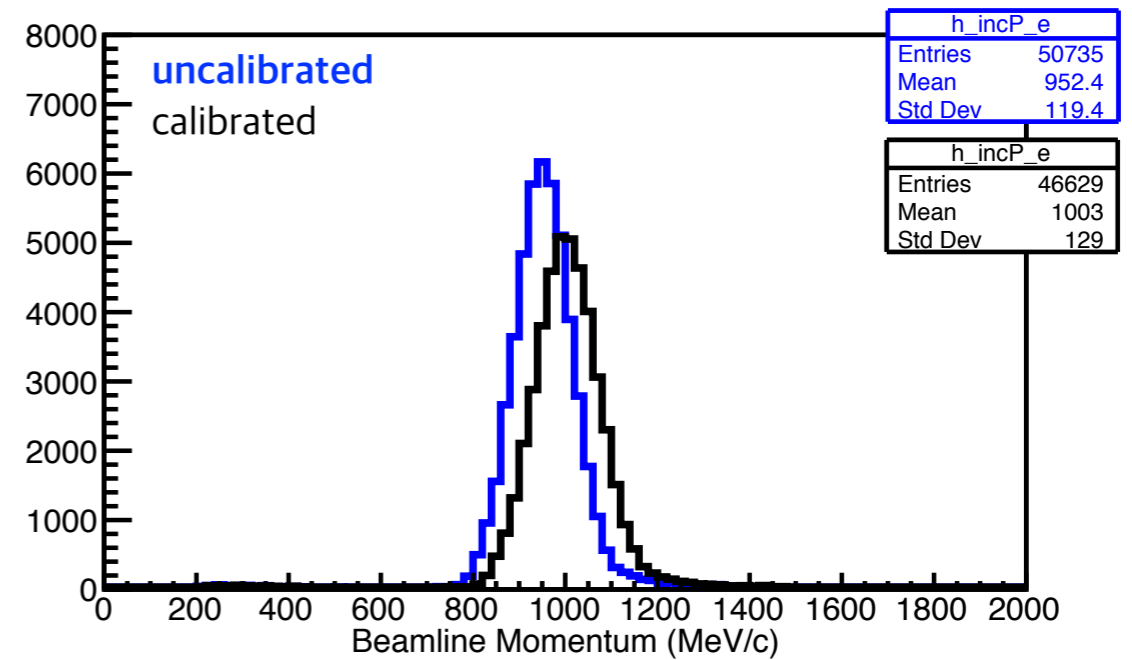
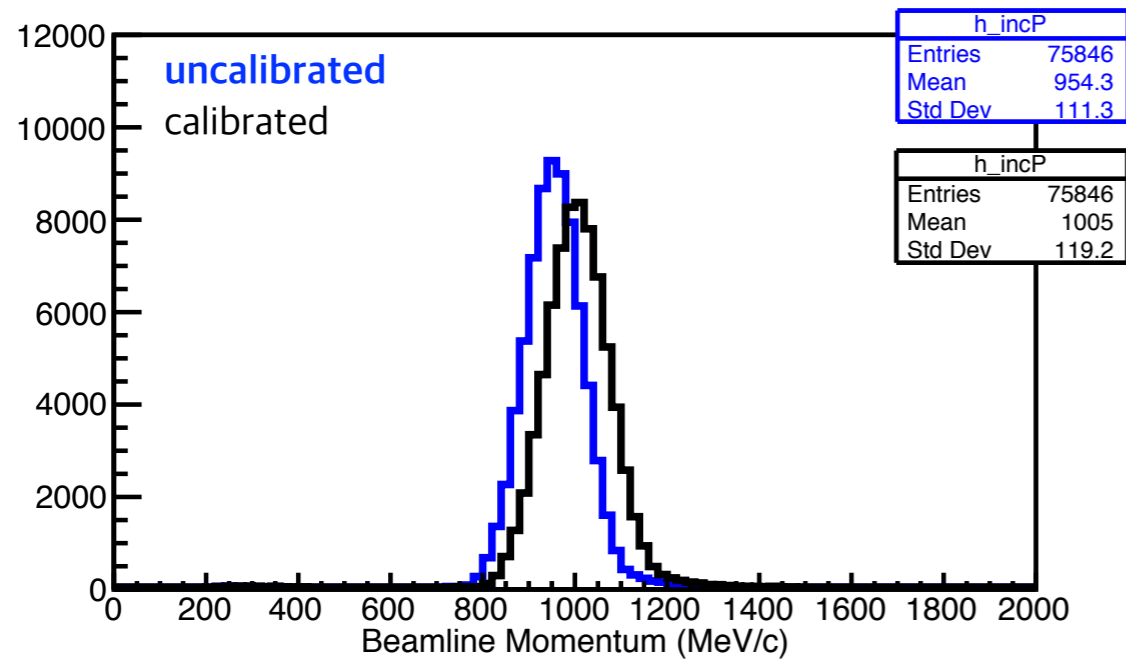
Aaron Higuera
University of Houston

Outline

1. Re-processing of run 5809 (beamevent producer)
2. High statistics samples data-MC comparison
 - `mcc11_pd_sp_sce_1.0GeV_histats`
 - `mcc11_pd_sp_3ms_1.0GeV_histats`
3. Electron Analysis Deliverables
 - dE/dx
 - longitudinal profile

run 5809

Re-run **beamevent** produce w/ v_08_12_00



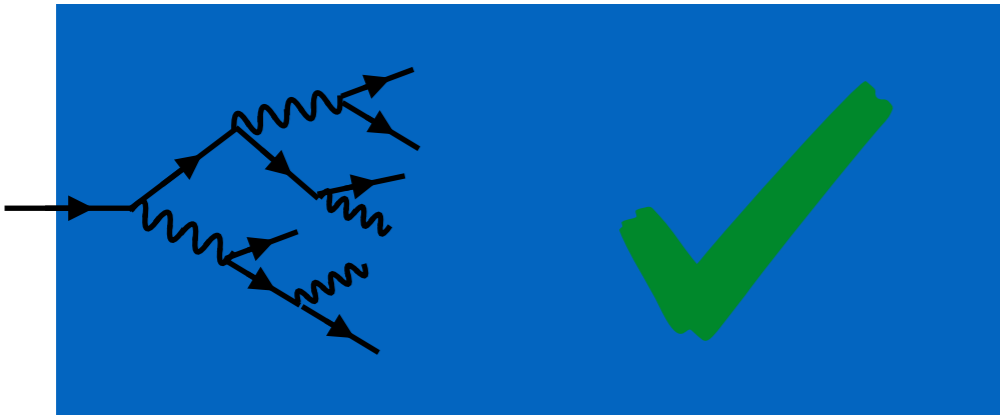
Beam triggers with beamline momentum

Beam triggers with beamline momentum
w/ Cherenkov[1] == 1

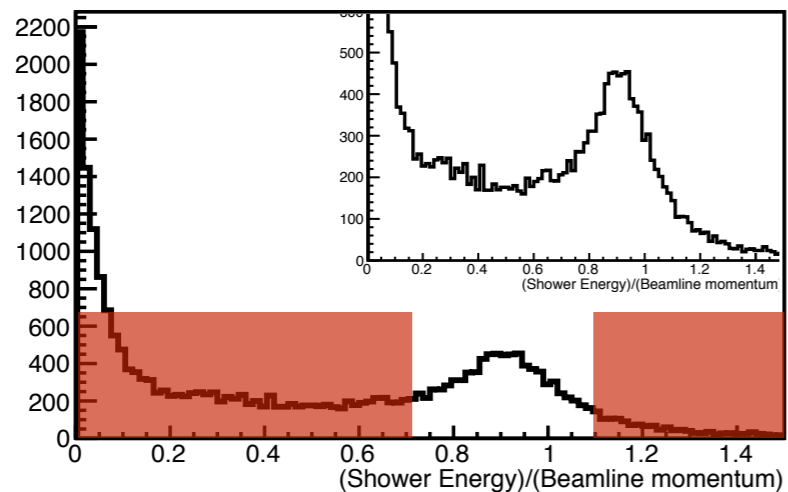
~8% less events, is this expected?

Is this due to the calibration?

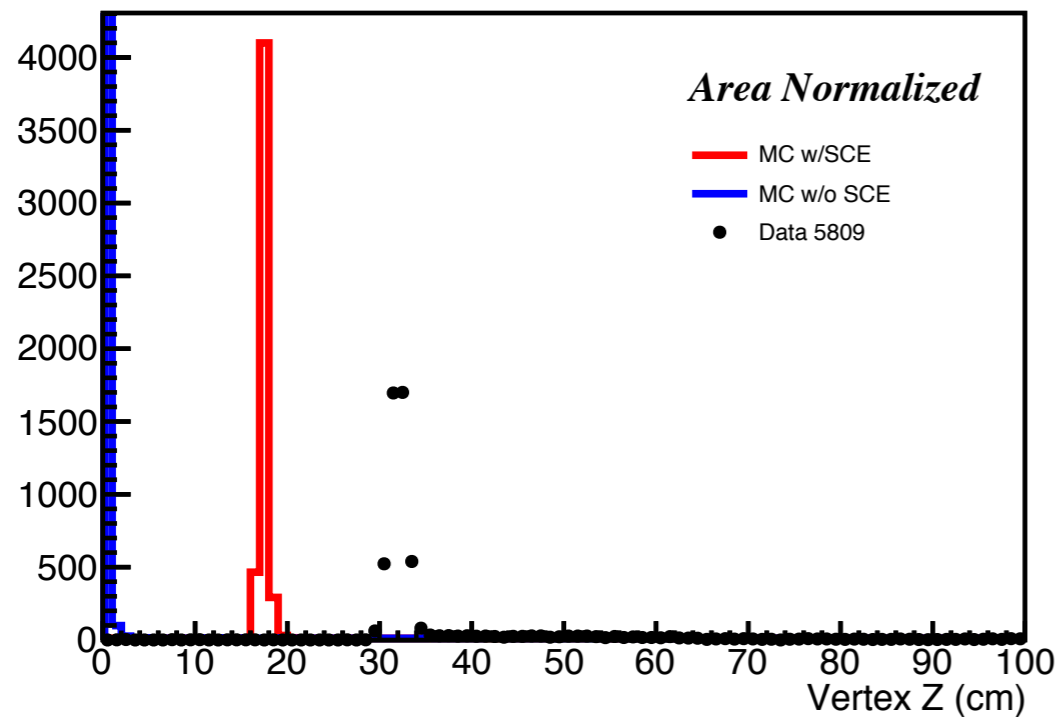
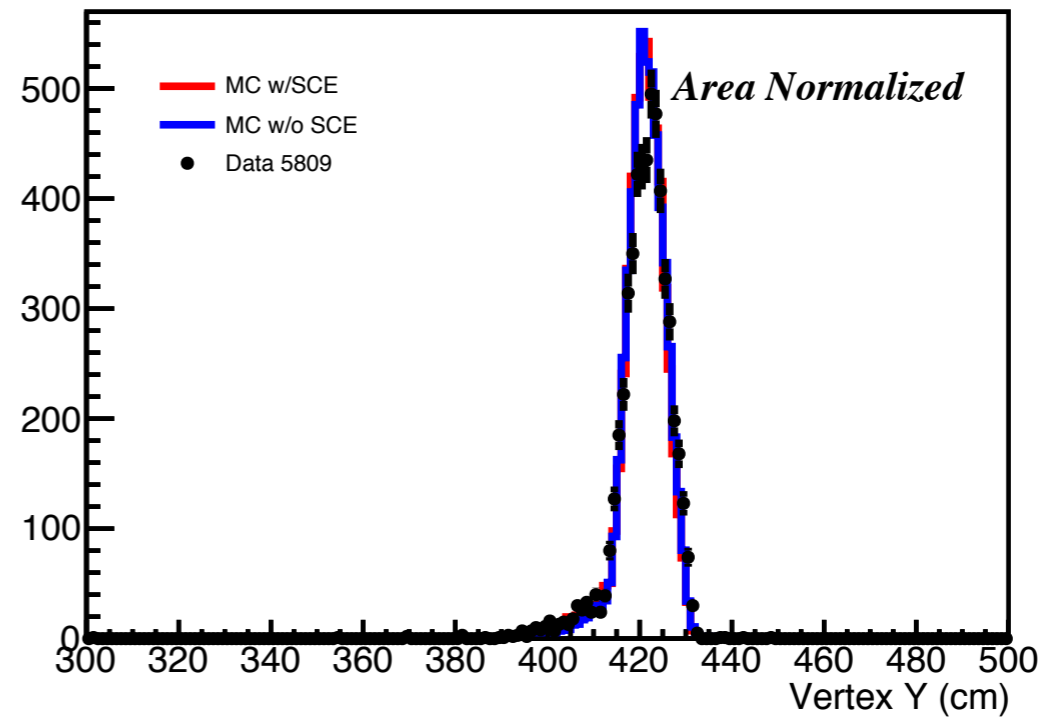
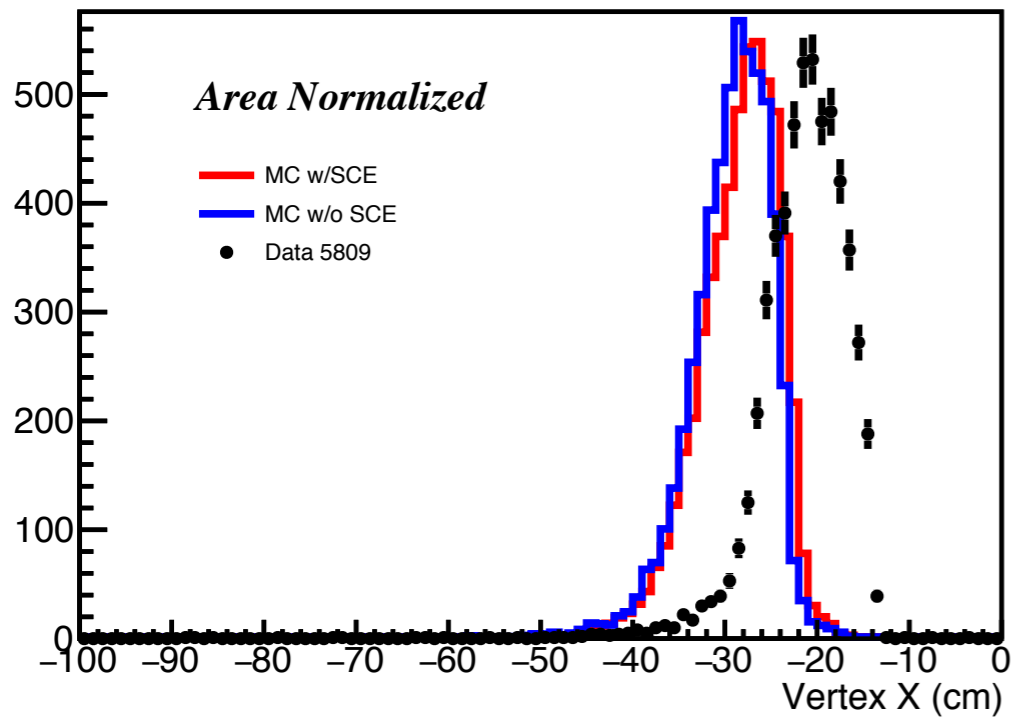
Electron Selection



- Select beam triggers with reconstructed momentum
- Select electron candidates (`CherenkovStatus[1] == 1`)
- Select events with a PFParticle as a shower
- Select complete showers

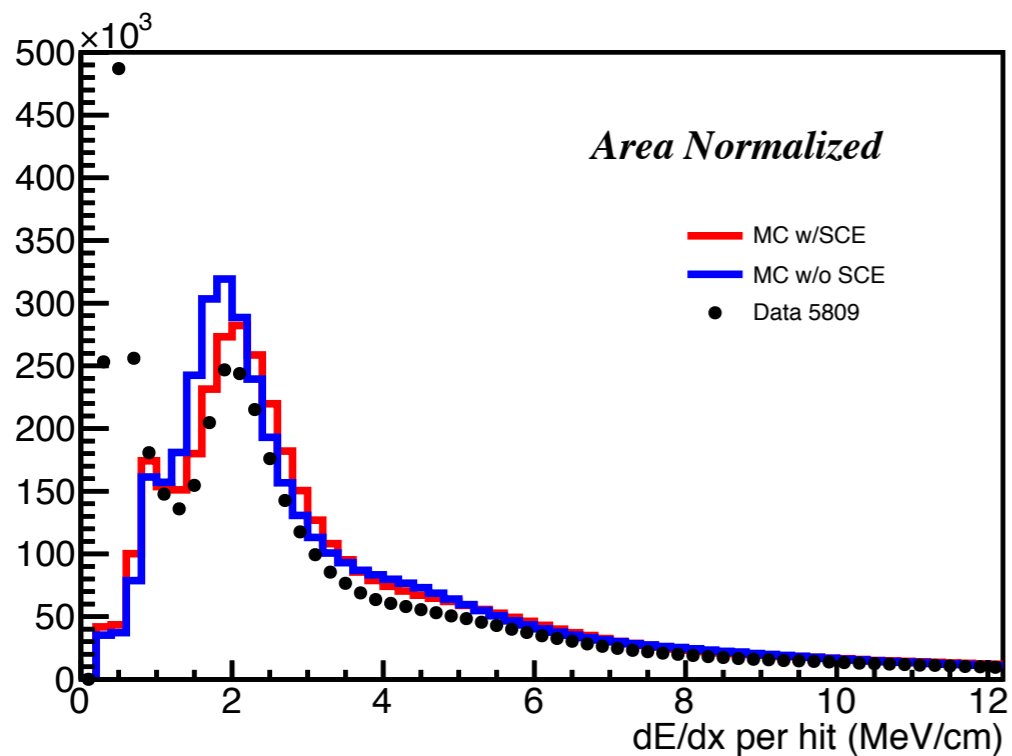
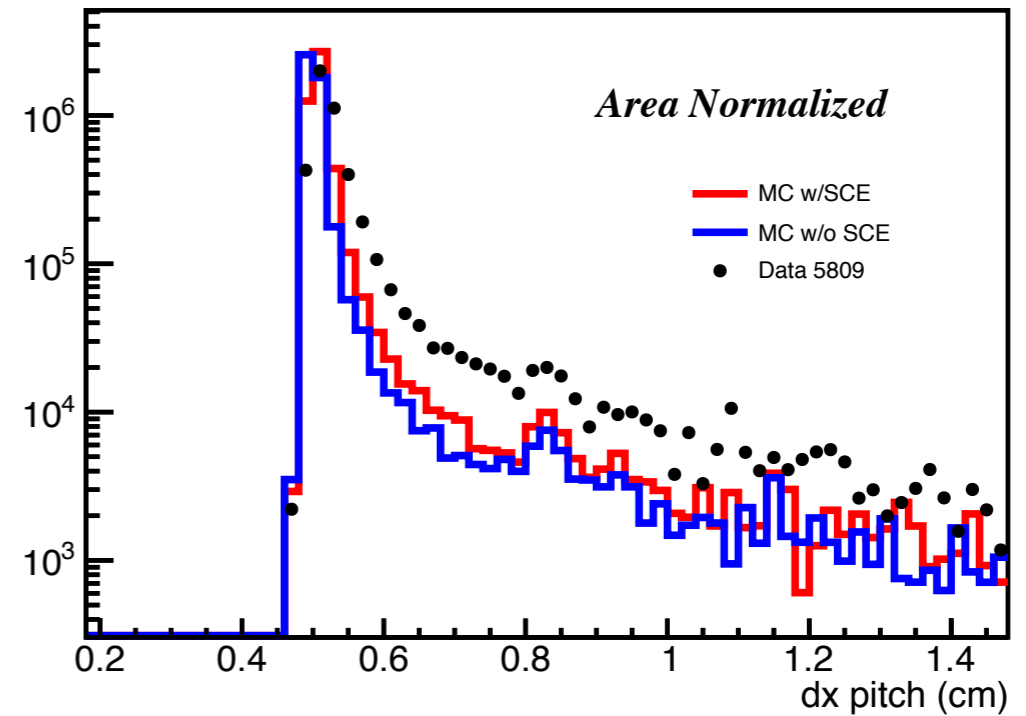
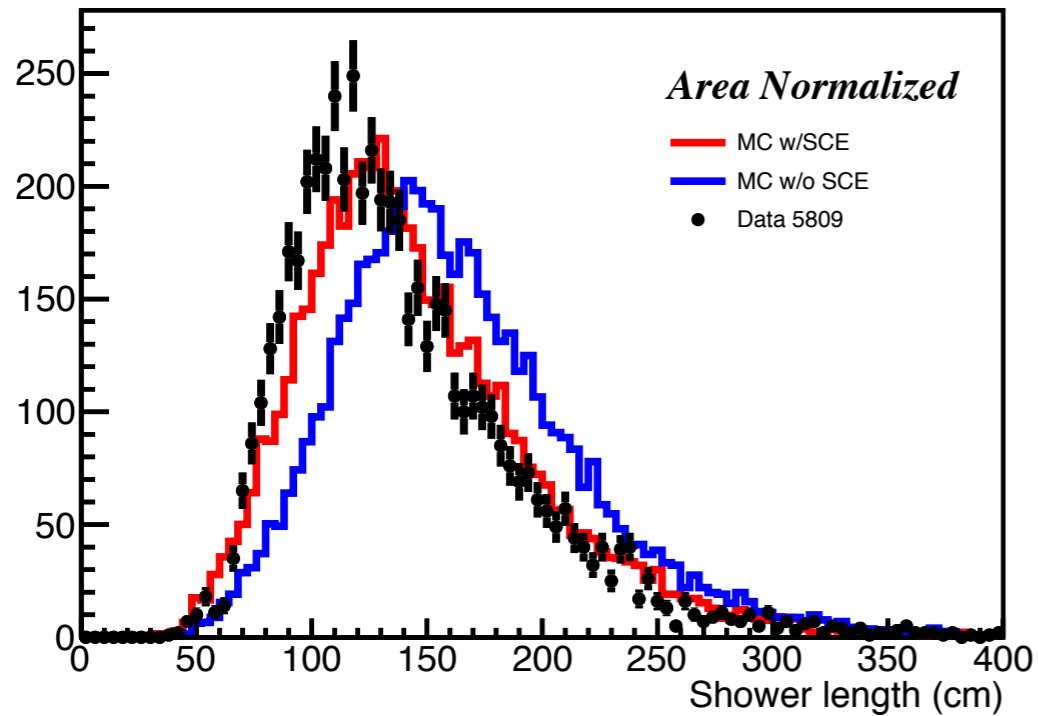


Data/MC Comparisons



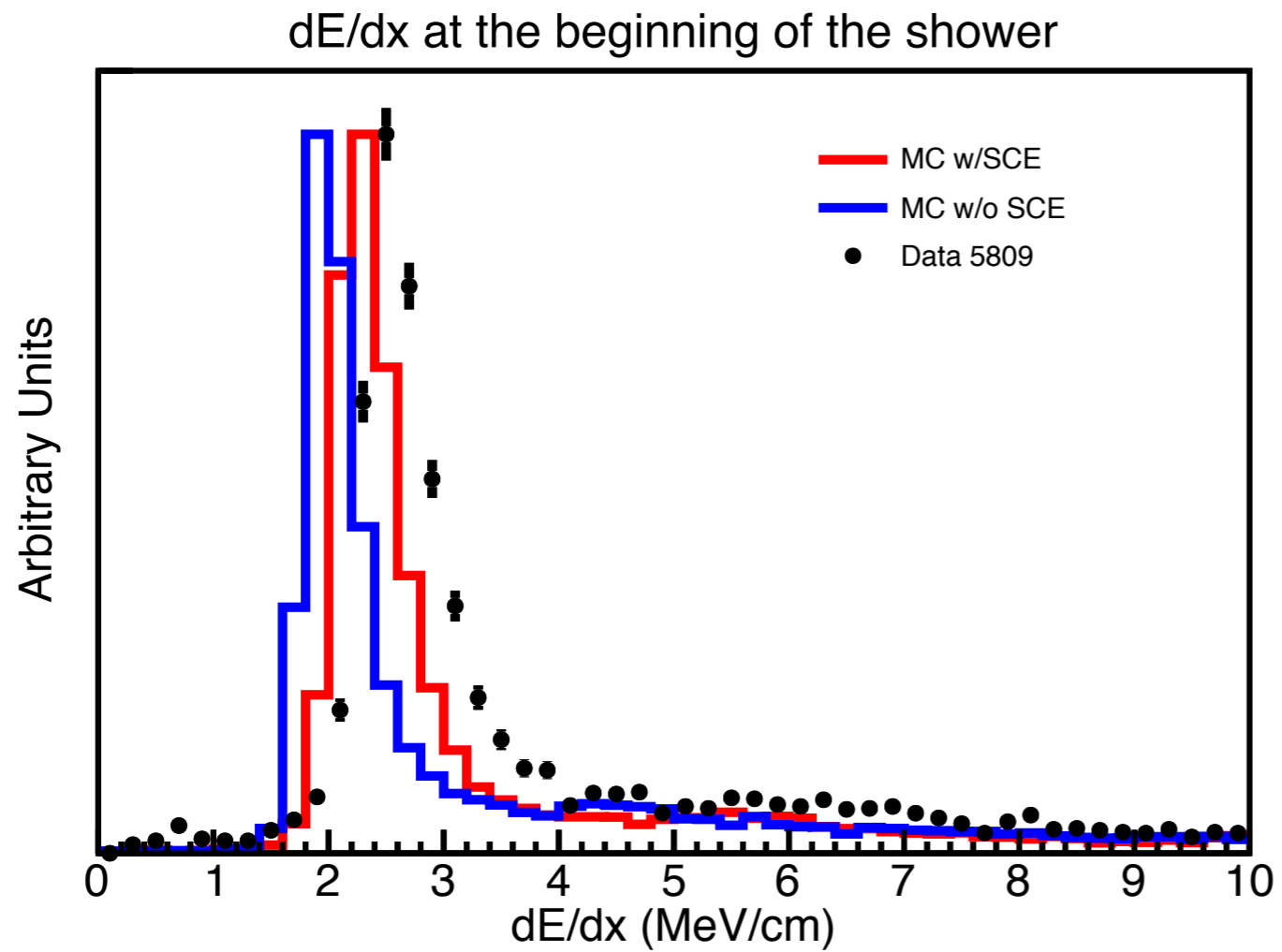
Vertex distributions are consistent with a higher SCE in data

Data/MC Comparisons

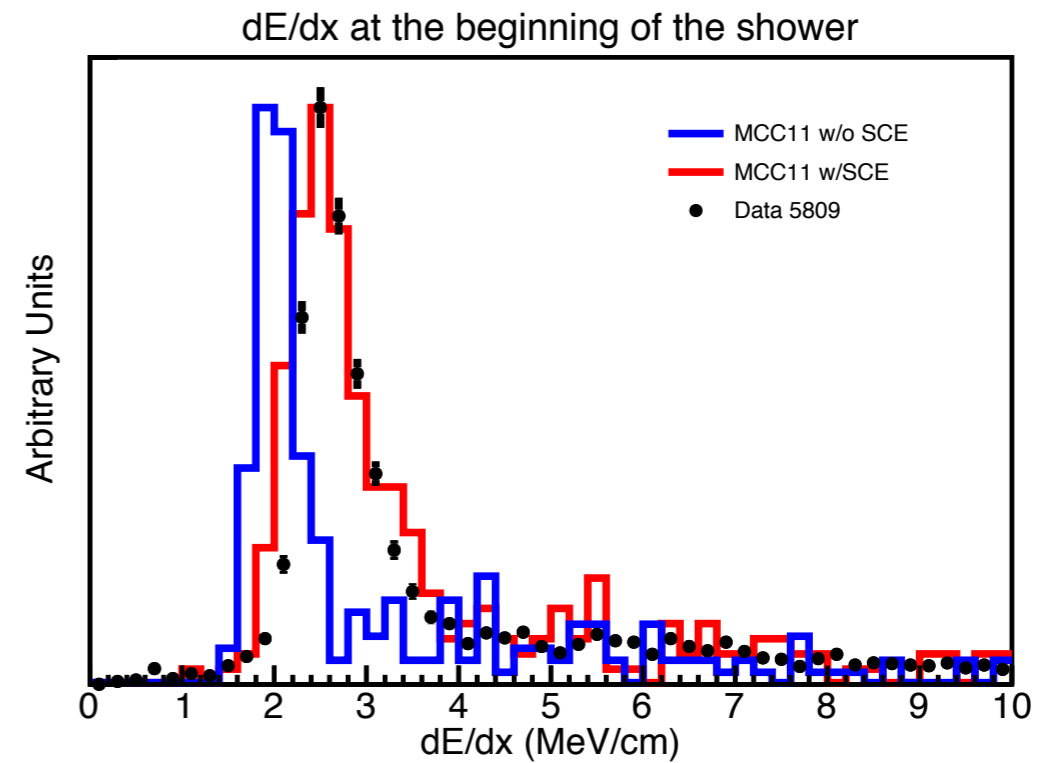
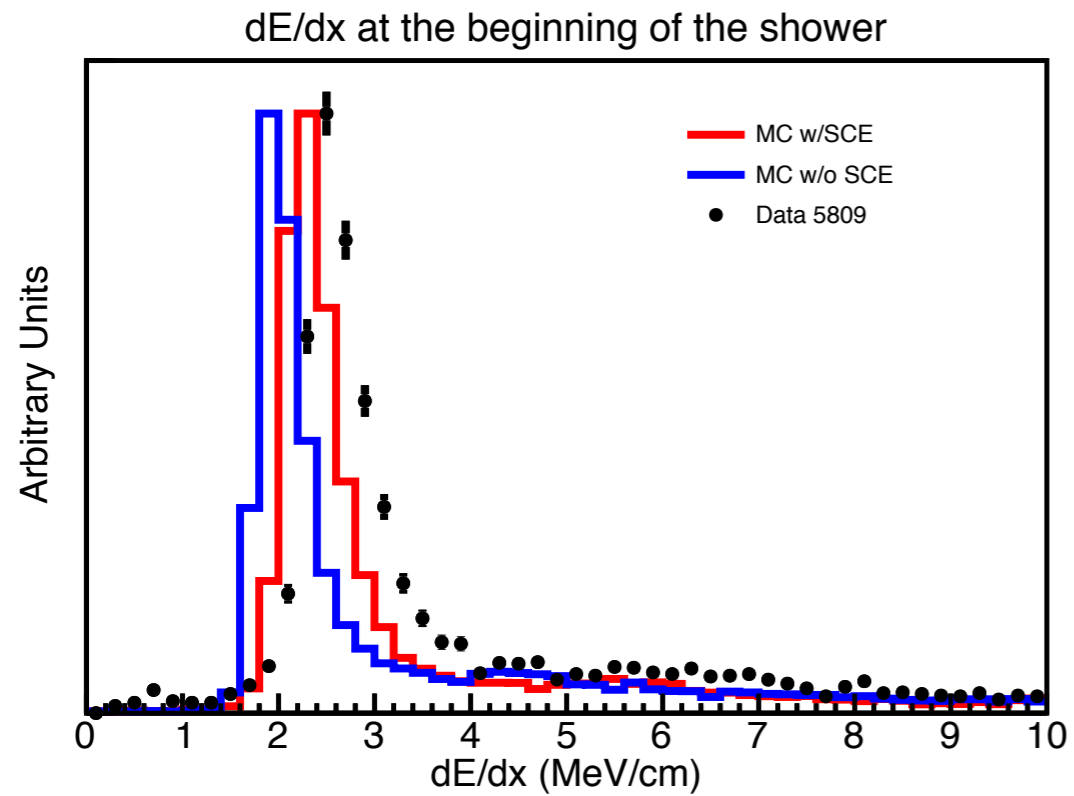


Shower length is consistent with a higher SCE in data

Data/MC Comparisons



Data/MC Comparisons



low statistics ~350 events
a bug? still under investigation

Electron Analysis Deliverables

1. dE/dx at the beginning of the shower
2. Longitudinal profile

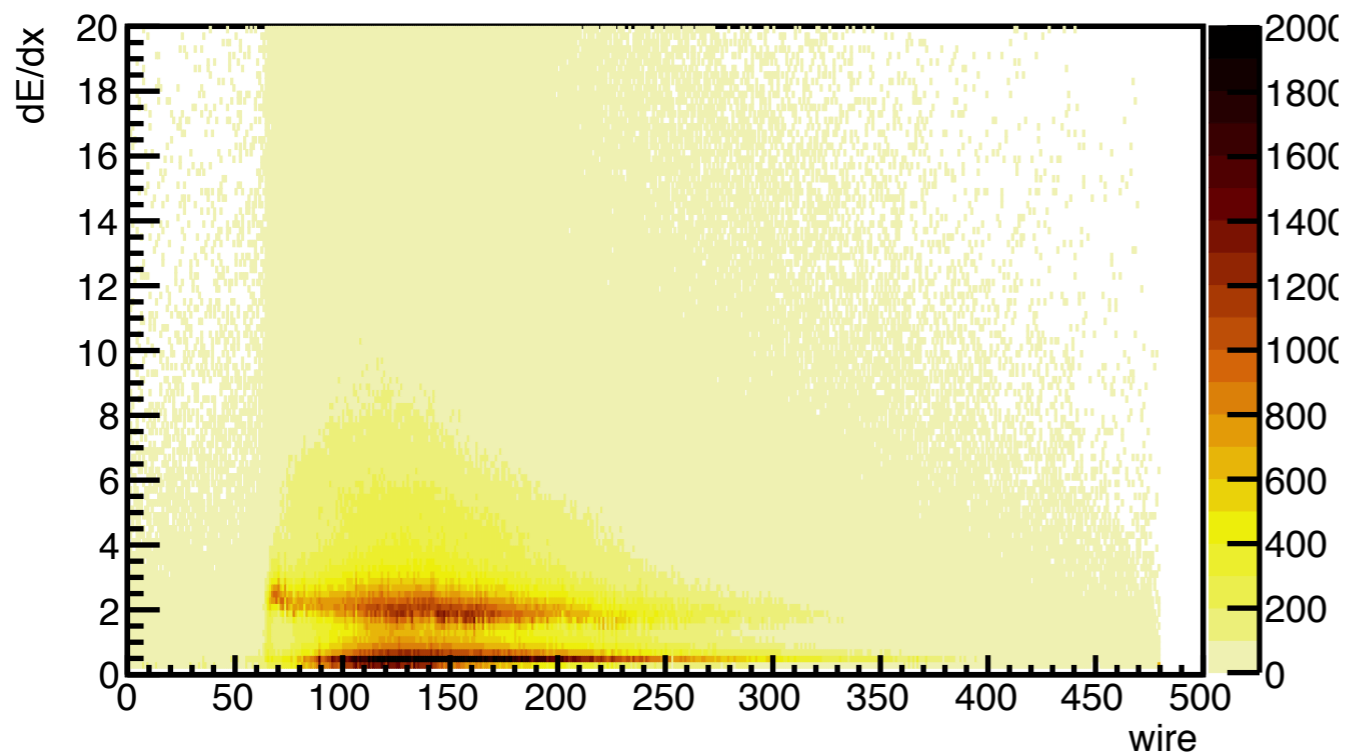
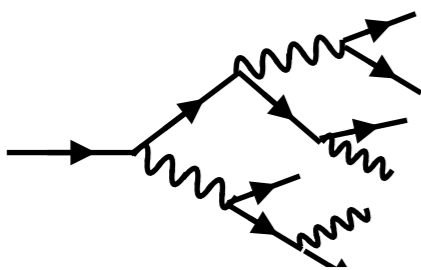
$$\frac{dE}{dt} = E_0 b \frac{(bt)^{a-1} e^{-bt}}{\Gamma(a)}$$

The mean longitudinal profile of a electron shower can be described by the gamma distribution, where $t = x/X_0$ is the depth measured in radiation lengths, a describes the rise of the profile and b the tail of the profile, while E_0 is deposited energy

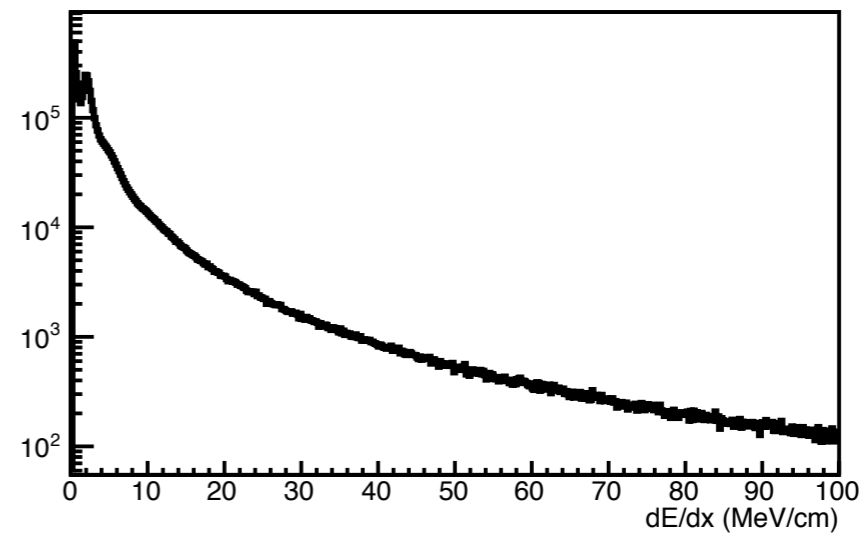
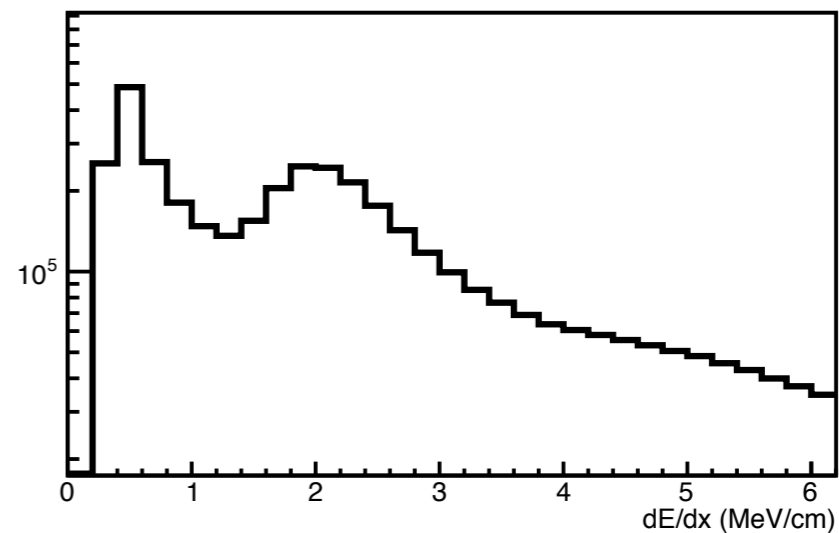
Ultimate goal is to show good agreement between data & MC

dE/dx per hit

run 5809, only collection plane



dE/dx per hit

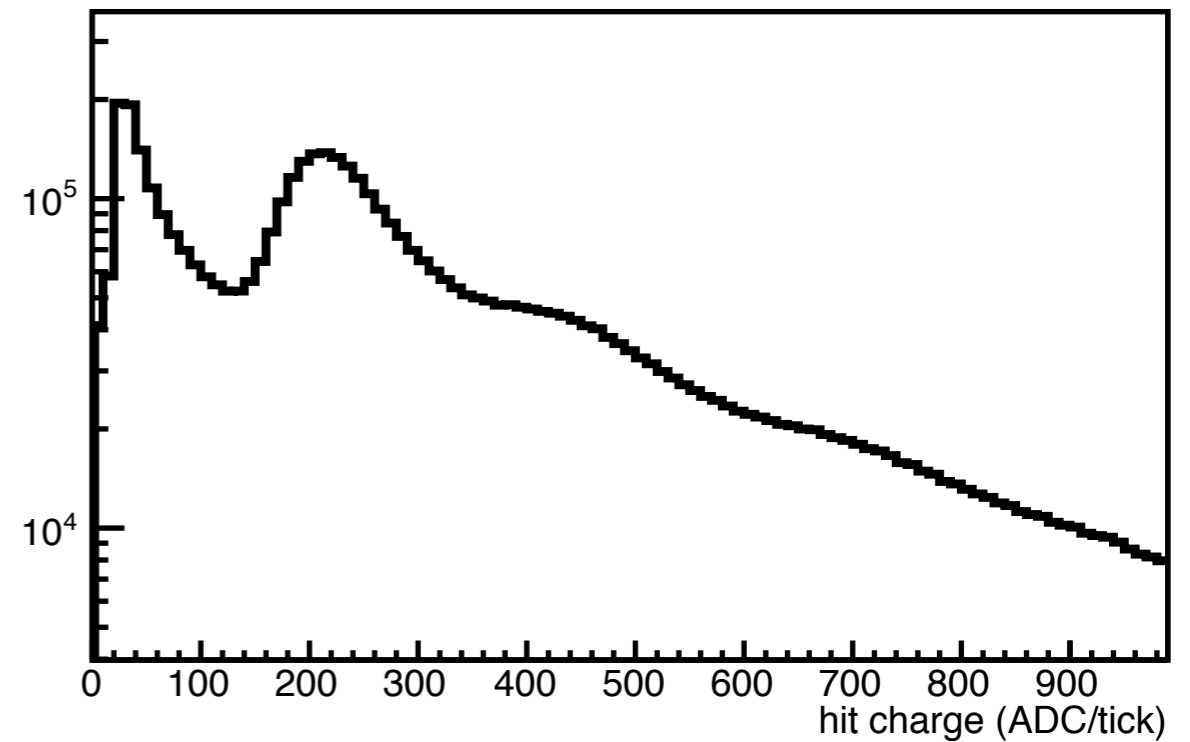
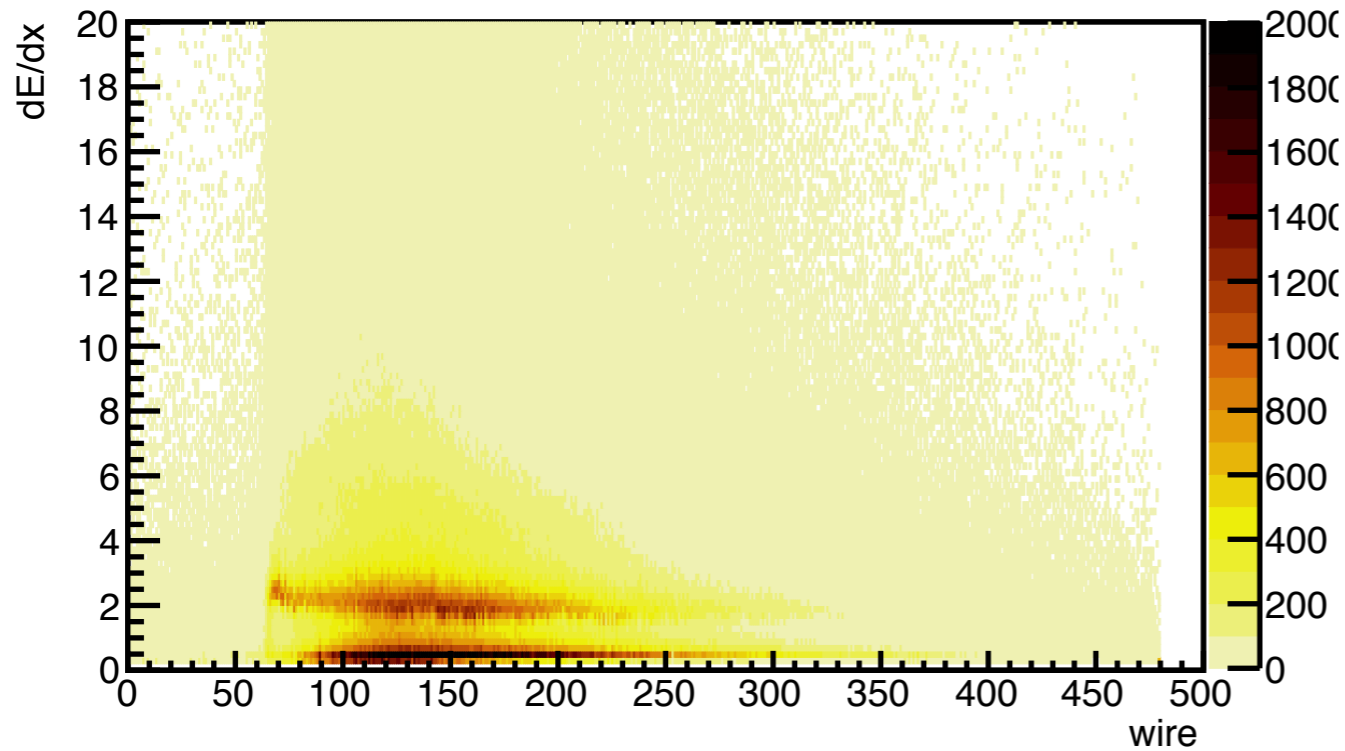
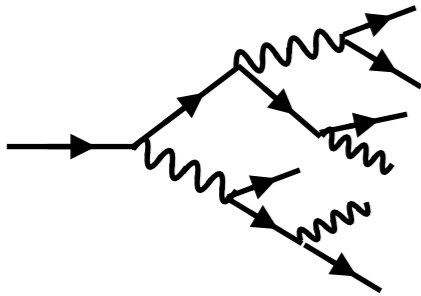


Long tail with highly abnormal values of dE/dx

There is a <1 MIP dE/dx component, where is coming from?

dE/dx per hit

run 5809, only collection plane

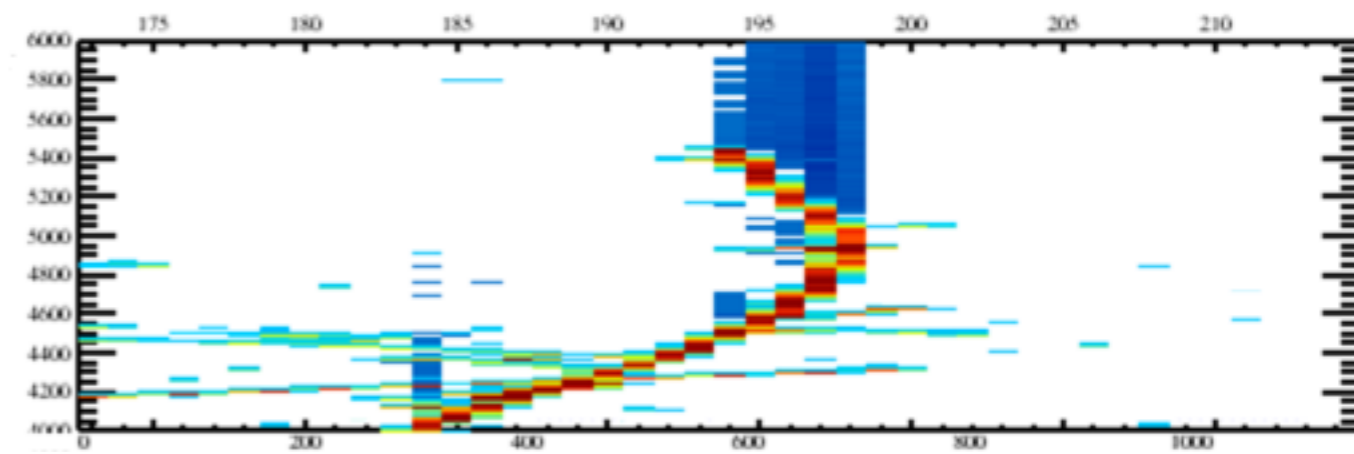
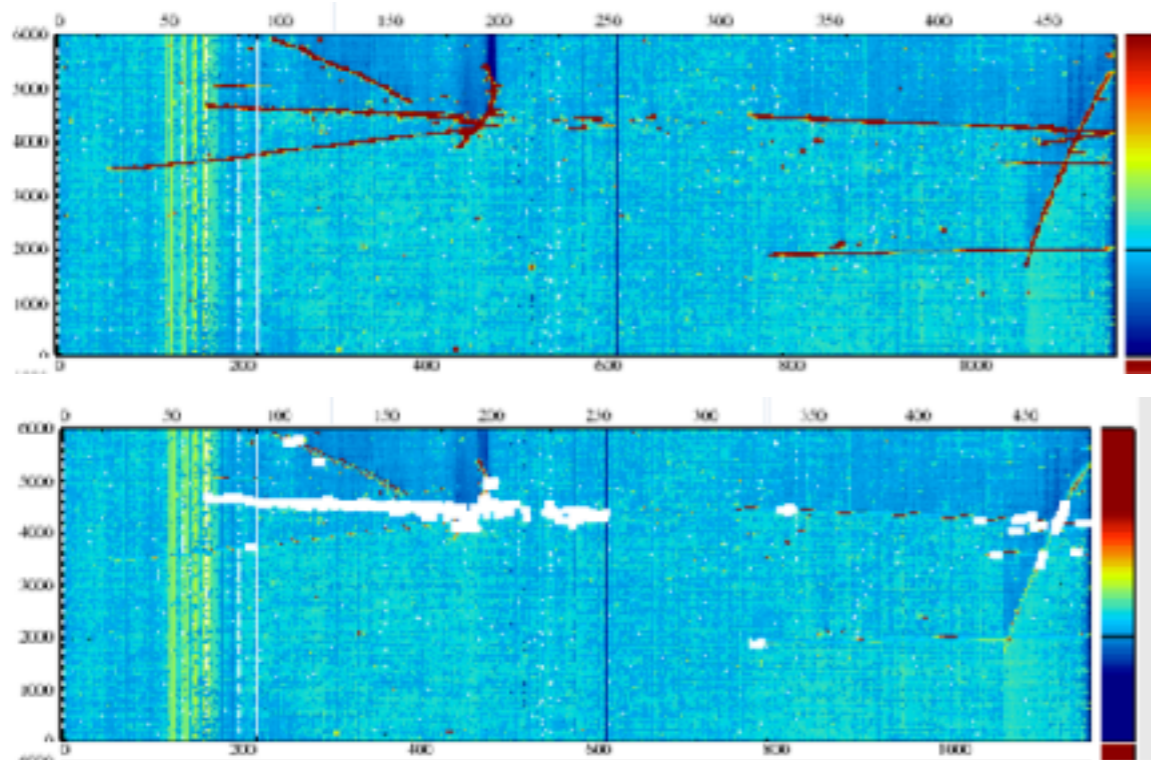


Long tail with highly abnormal values of dE/dx
There is a <1 MIP dE/dx component, where is coming from?

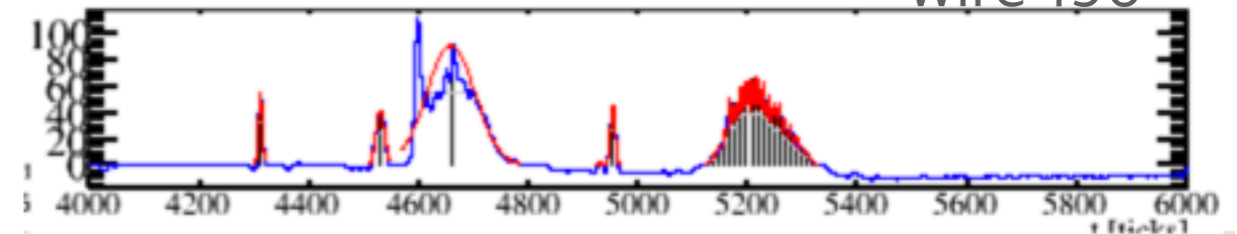
dE/dx per hit

run 5809

Long tail with highly abnormal values of $dE/dx > 1e4$ MeV/cm (hit integral = 8862.62)



wire 196



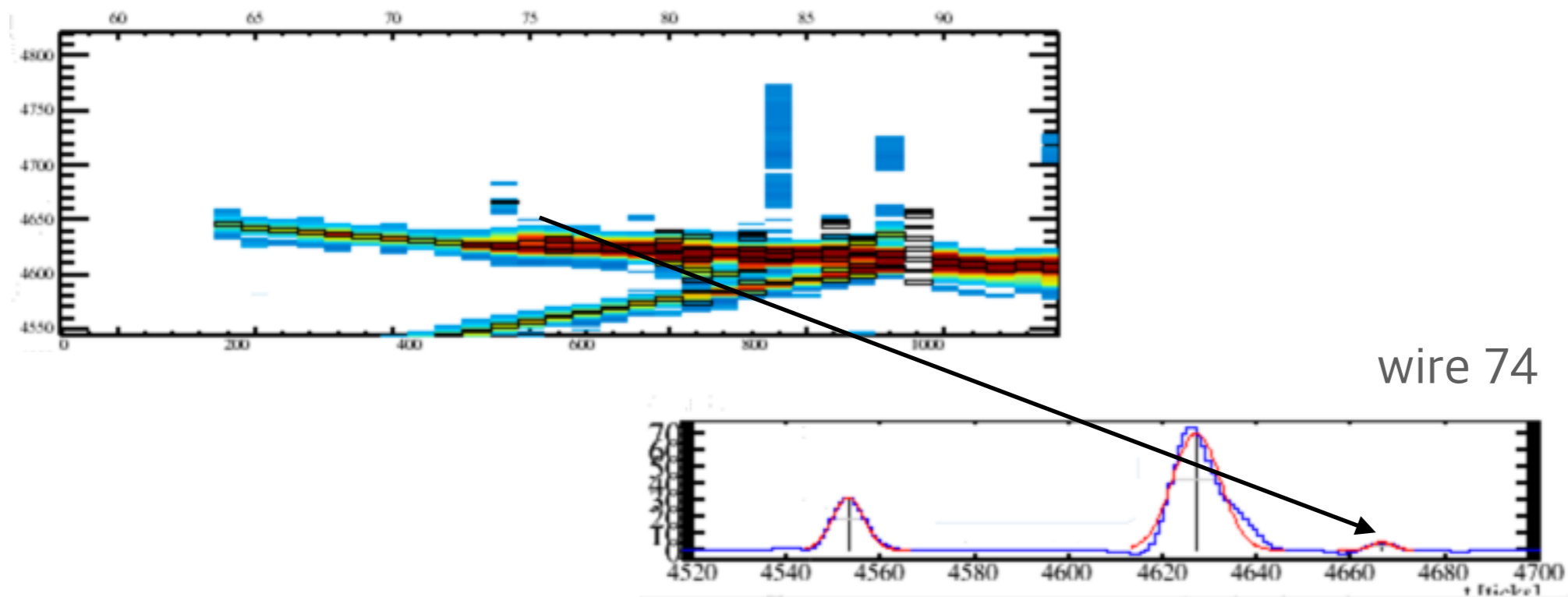
This would bias dE/dt distribution

We would remove highly abnormal hits from the shower profile

dE/dx per hit

run 5809

There is a <1 MIP dE/dx component, where is coming from? (0.43 MeV/cm)



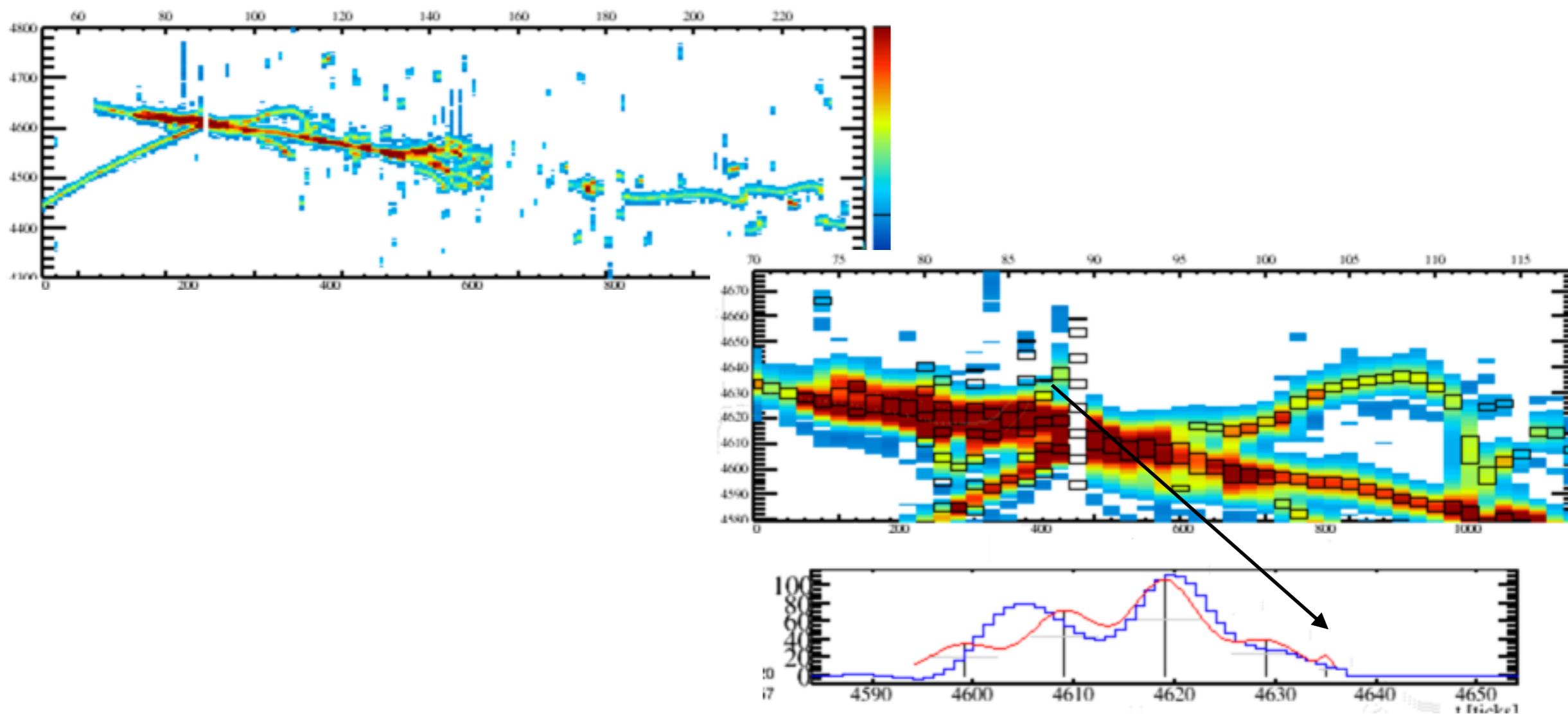
wire 74

happened to be a very low energy hit
noise?

dE/dx per hit

run 5809

There is a <1 MIP dE/dx component, where is coming from? (0.43 MeV/cm)

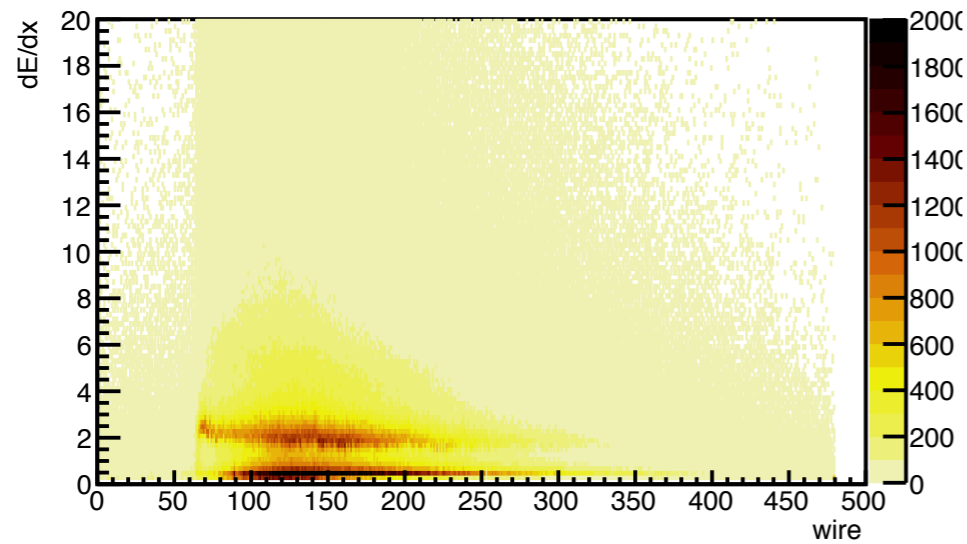


happened to be a very low energy hit noise?

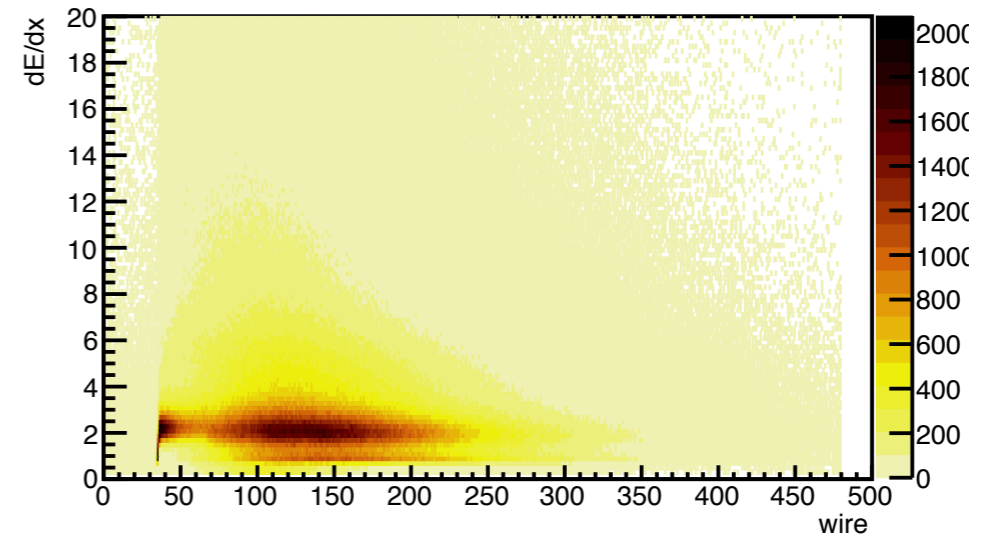
wire 87

Longitudinal Profile

data



MC

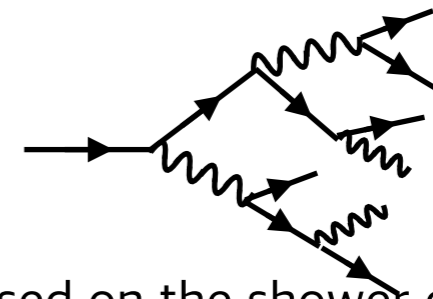


How we calculate $t = x/X_0$?

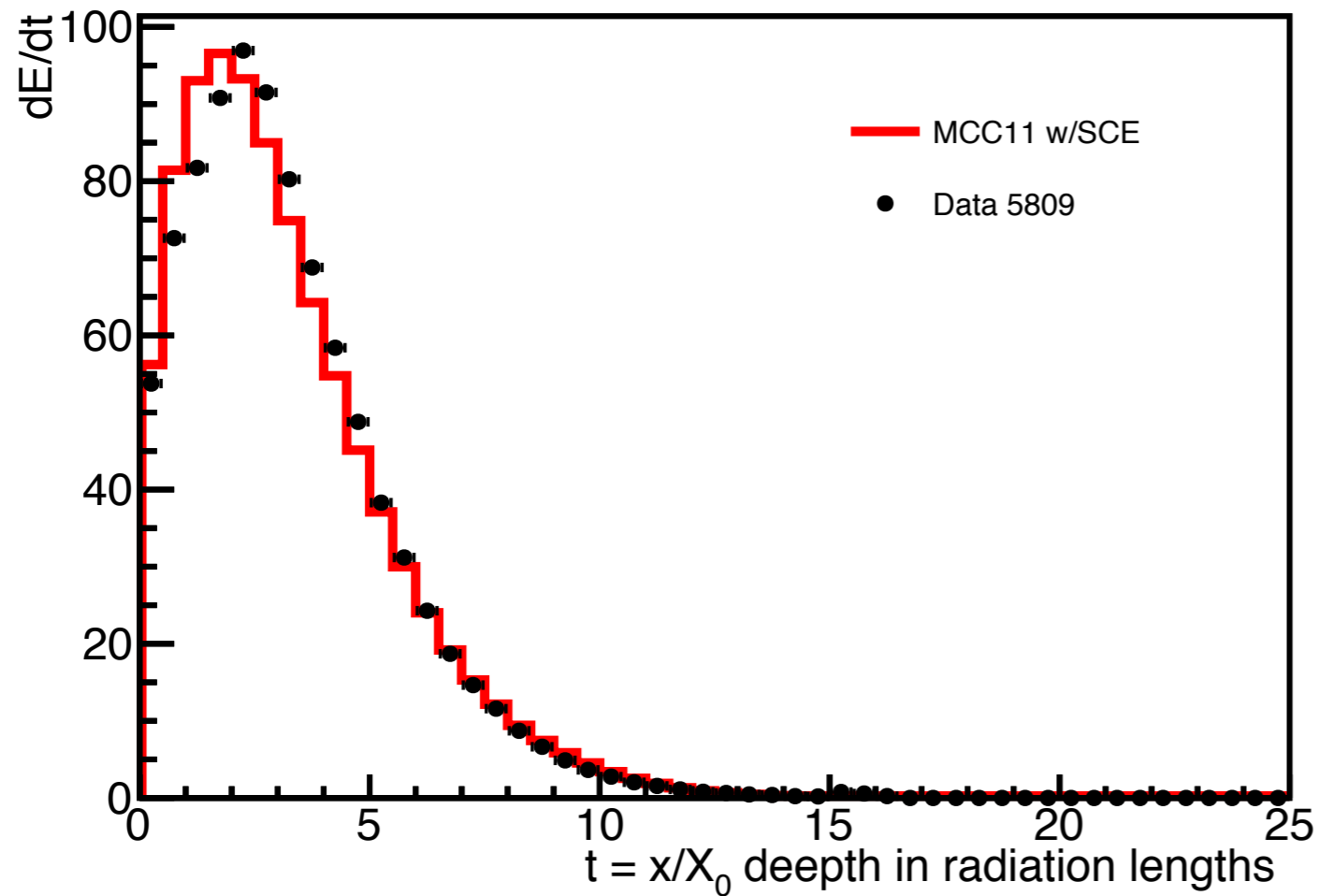
We can use dx to calculate dt

dx is corrected by the direction of the hit, the direction of the hit is based on the shower direction, this approach is fine the first hits (before showering) but not for hits in the shower cone

For the shower longitudinal profile use wire pitch as $dx \rightarrow dt$ for all hits



Longitudinal Profile

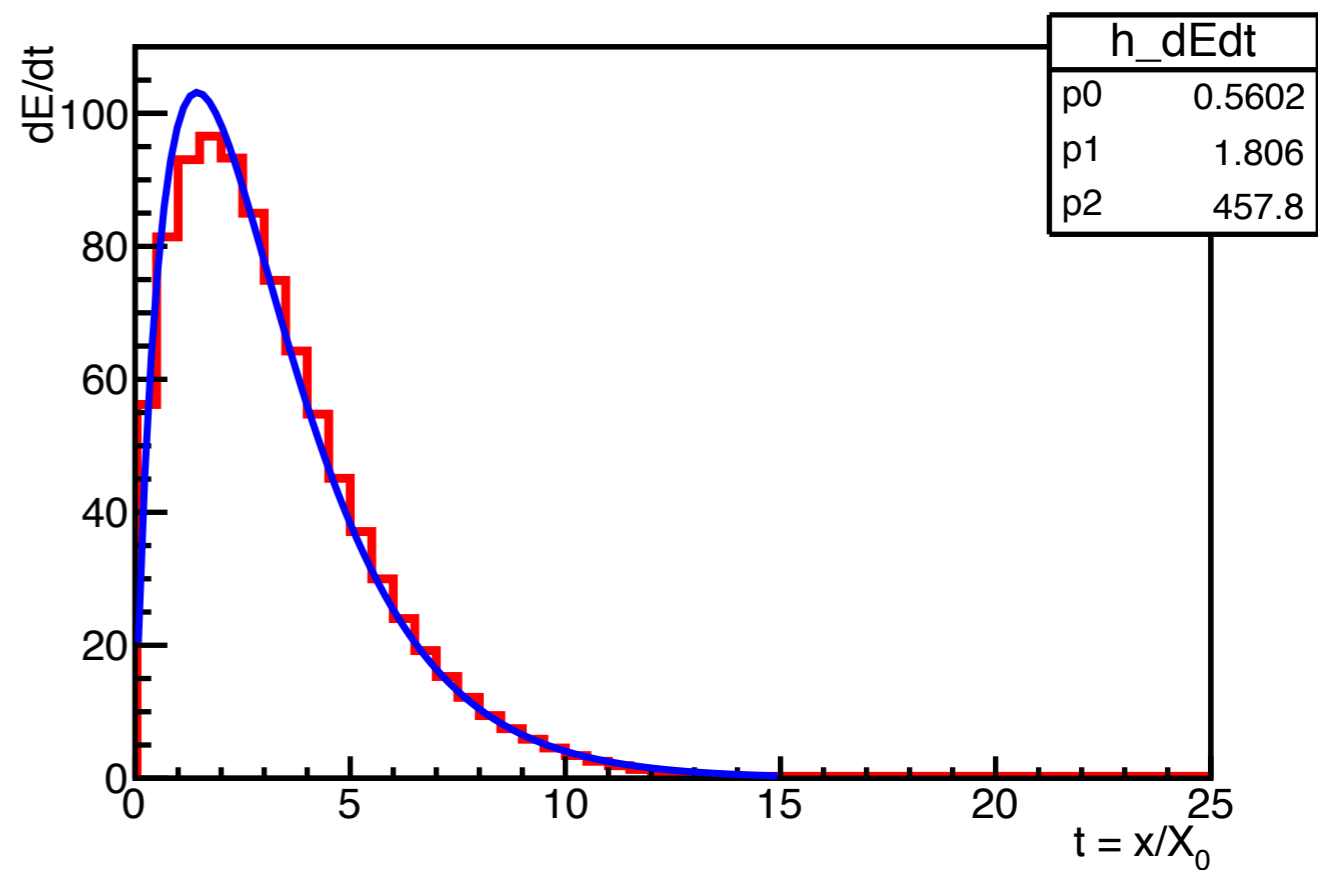
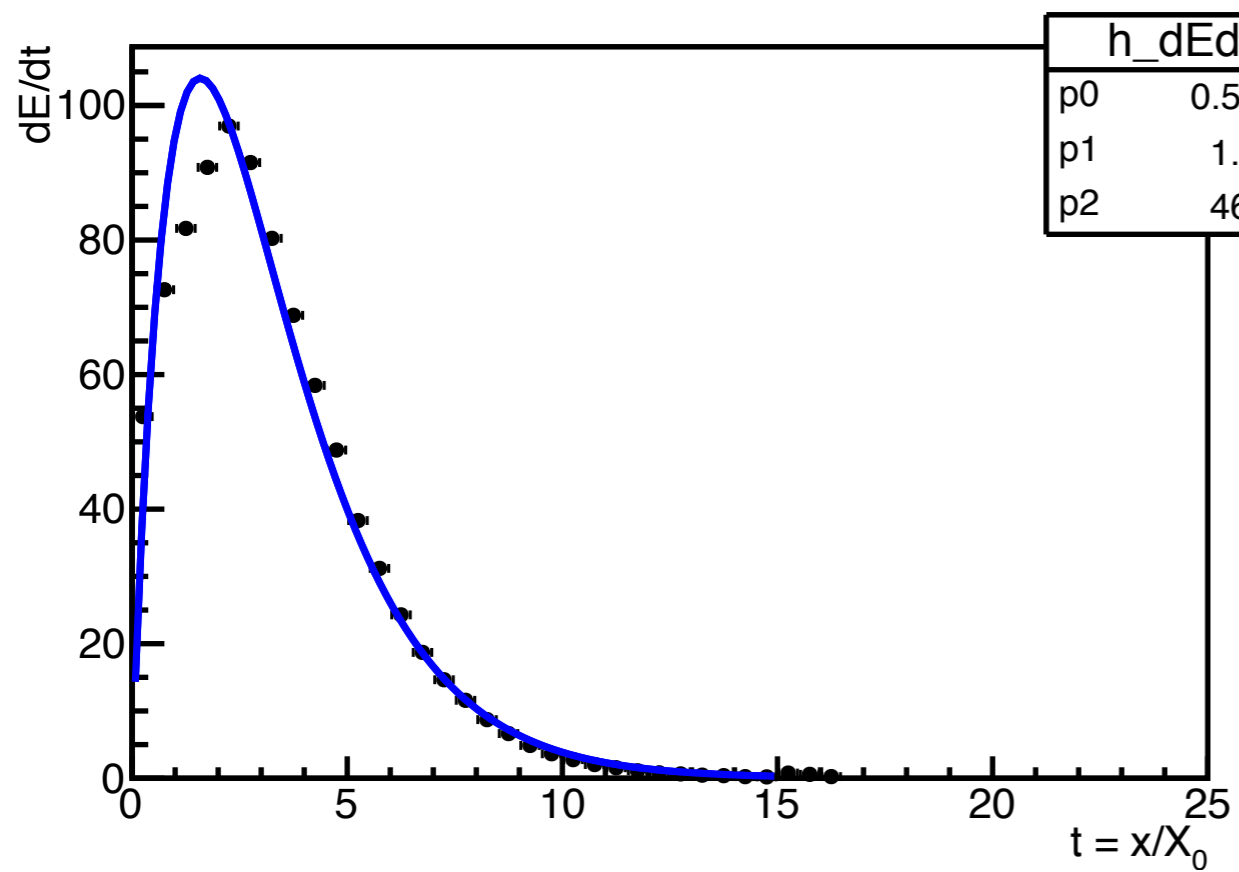


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Longitudinal Profile

$$\frac{dE}{dt} = E_0 b \frac{(bt)^{a-1} e^{-bt}}{\Gamma(a)}$$



Comments

We know SCE is out there

To have publishable physics results we need to do SCE corrections

Current infrastructure for SCE corrections works only for tracks need to coordinate with SCE team how to do it for showers (Pandora does not provide calorimetry information)

The End