

CDR Samples & Initial Validations

Tanaz Angelina Mohayai
DESY ND Workshop
Oct. 23, 2019

Overview of Generated Samples & Next Steps

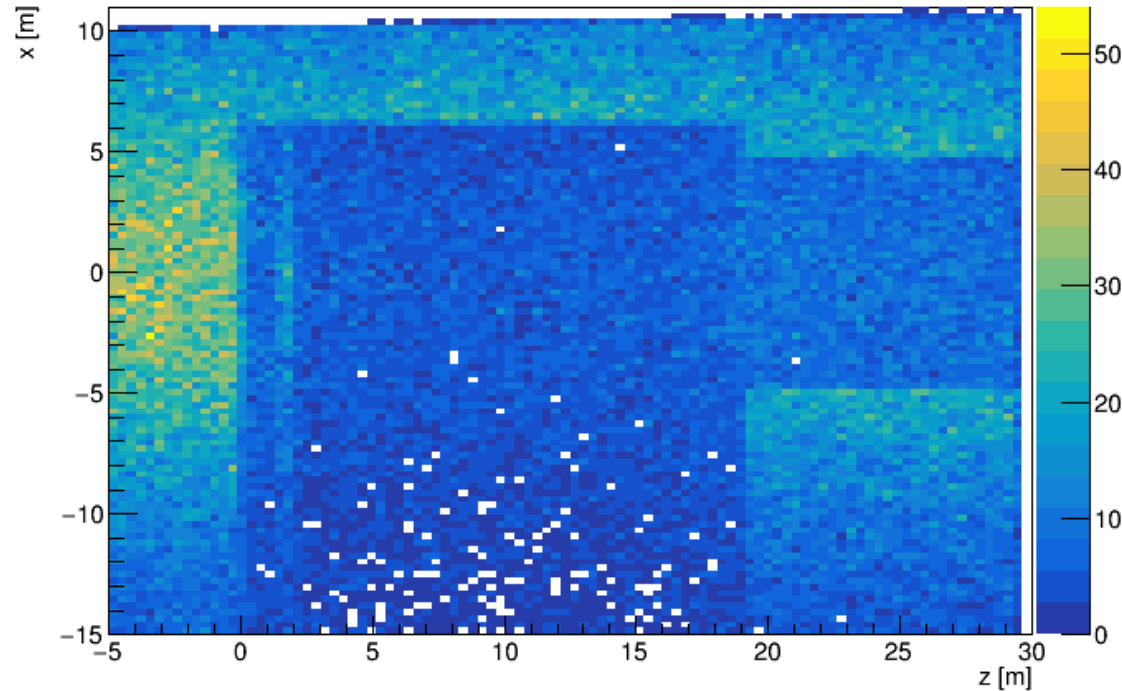
- Need a common set of GENIE samples used by all sub-detector groups in preparation for CDR (preferably all samples combined in some type of a spill structure)
- Each ND subgroup would then take these GENIE samples and simulate detector effects – my focus in this talk is on MPD so will focus on how MPD is using these samples:
 - ★ Eldwan and I recently added a parametrization module in GArSoft for working with these samples (<https://github.com/tmohayai/ParamSim>)
 - Level of parametrization: momentum & angular smearing – for long tracks use Gluckstern, and for short tracks, use range – then reasonable tracklength threshold cut ($\text{tracklength} > 5 \text{ cm}$ for all particles but we may remove this feature to give analyzers more freedom to choose the threshold for each FS particle), & PID parametrization from Tom Junk
 - To make proper use of the GENIE samples in GArSoft, however, we need to covert to art – R. Hatcher's AddGENIEtoArt module does exactly that – currently being investigated by A. Furmanski
- In this talk: validation of the samples – rock, MPD, 3DST, LArTPC + more detail about the parametrized simulation

Overview of Generated Samples & Next Steps

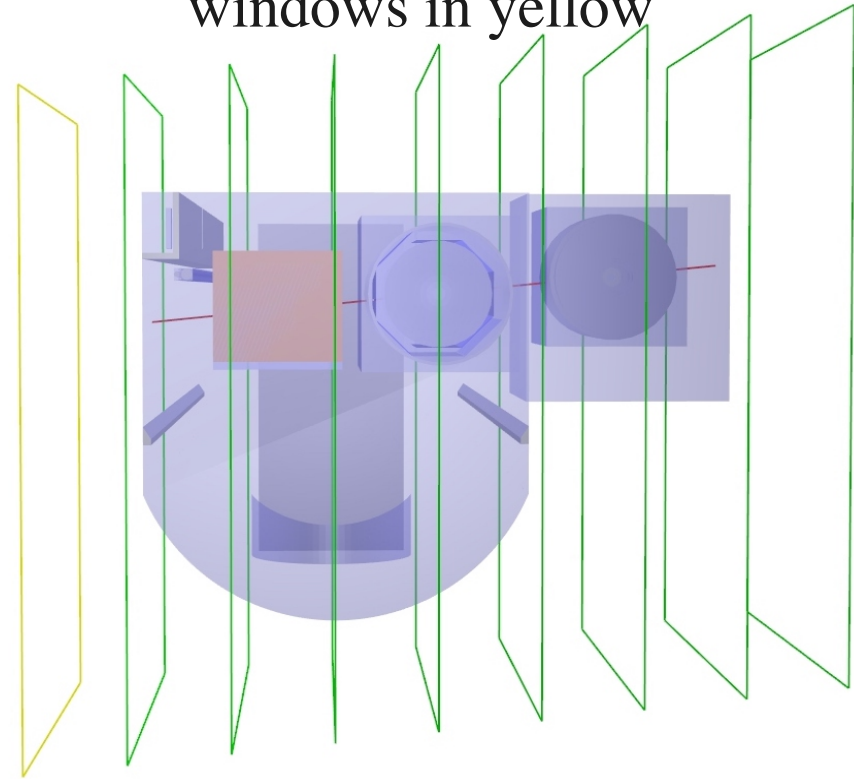
- Need a common set of GENIE samples used by all sub-detector groups in preparation for CDR (preferably all samples combined in some type of a spill structure)
- Each ND subgroup would then take these GENIE samples and simulate detector effects – my bias is on MPD so will focus on how MPD is using these samples:
 - ★ Eldwan and I recently added a parametrization module in GArSoft for working with these samples (<https://github.com/tmohayai/ParamSim>)
 - Level of parametrizations: momentum & angular smearing – for long tracks using Gluckstern, and for short tracks, range – then reasonable tracklength threshold cut ($\text{tracklength} > 5 \text{ cm}$ for all particles but we may remove this feature to give analyzers more freedom to choose the threshold for more specific particles), & PID parametrization from Tom Junk
 - To make proper use of the GENIE samples in GArSoft, however, need to convert to art – R. Hatcher's AddGENIEtoArt module does exactly that – currently being investigated by A. Furmanski
- In this talk: **validation of the samples – rock**, MPD, 3DST, LArTPC + more detail about the parametrized simulation

Rock ν -interaction Vertices

- Rock interaction vertices – first step to generating the rock samples for overlay with MPD (and other sub-detectors)
- As expected, the vertices carve out the rock surrounding the detector hall



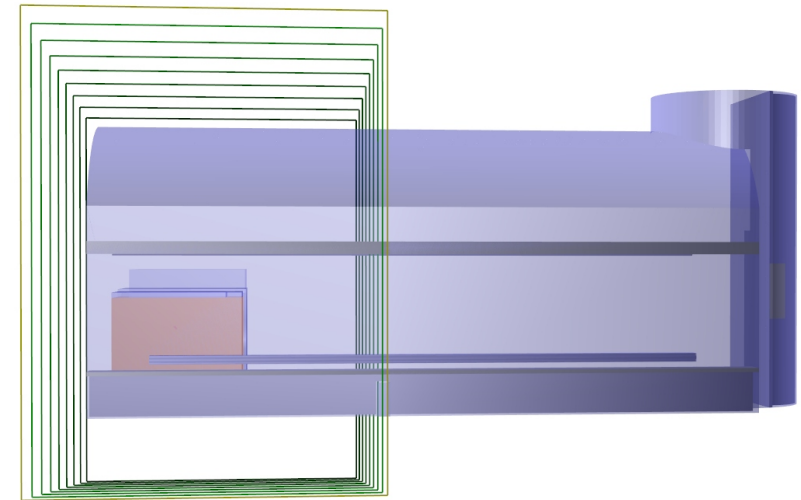
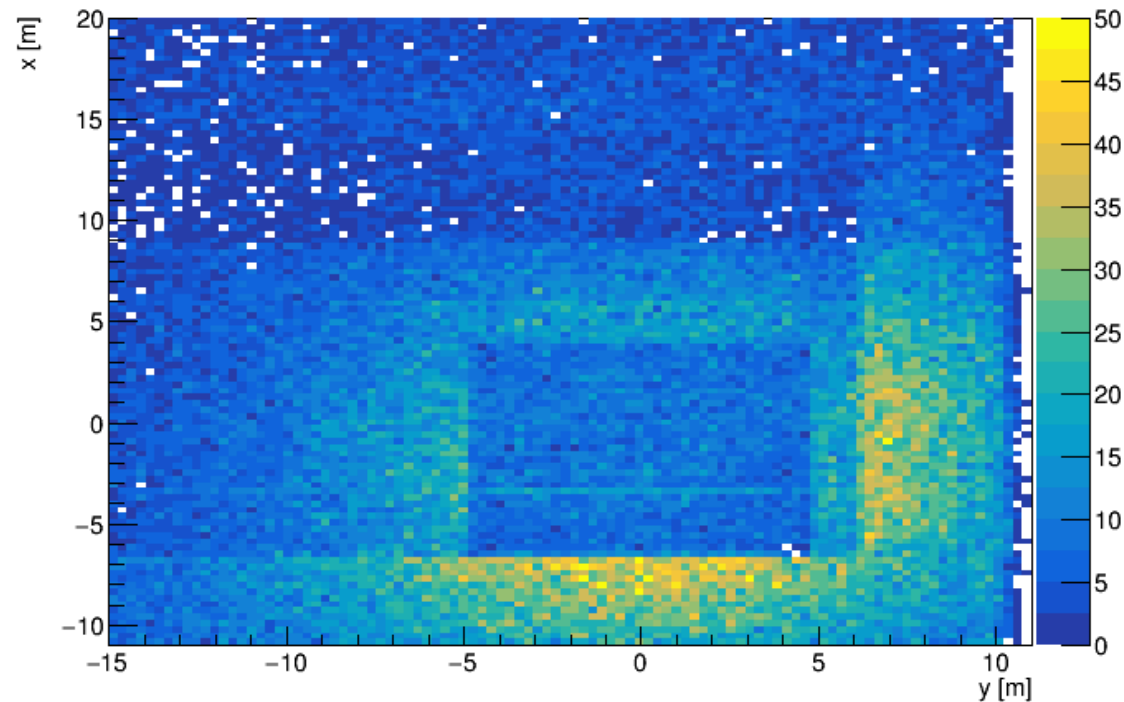
detector hall along with its flux windows in yellow



Note: geometry used for detector hall has no sub-detectors in the hall

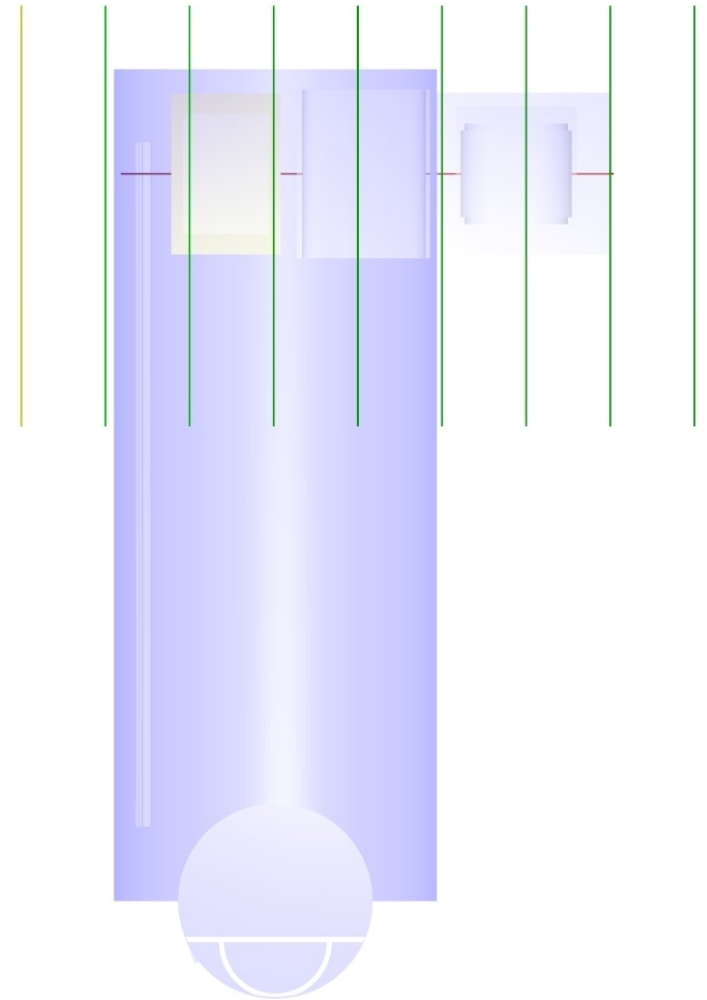
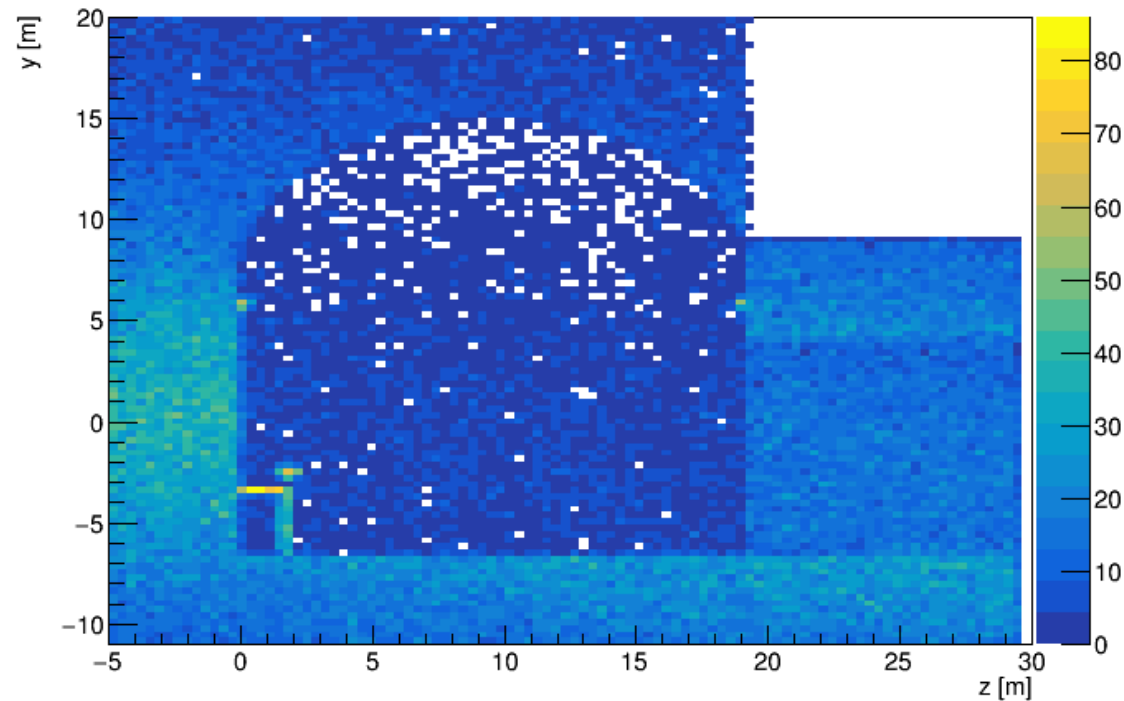
Rock ν -interaction Vertices

- Rock interaction vertices
- xy projection of the vertices – on the right: xy orientation of the detector hall for comparison



Rock ν -interaction Vertices

- Rock interaction vertices
- xz projection of the vertices – on the right: xz orientation of the detector hall for comparison

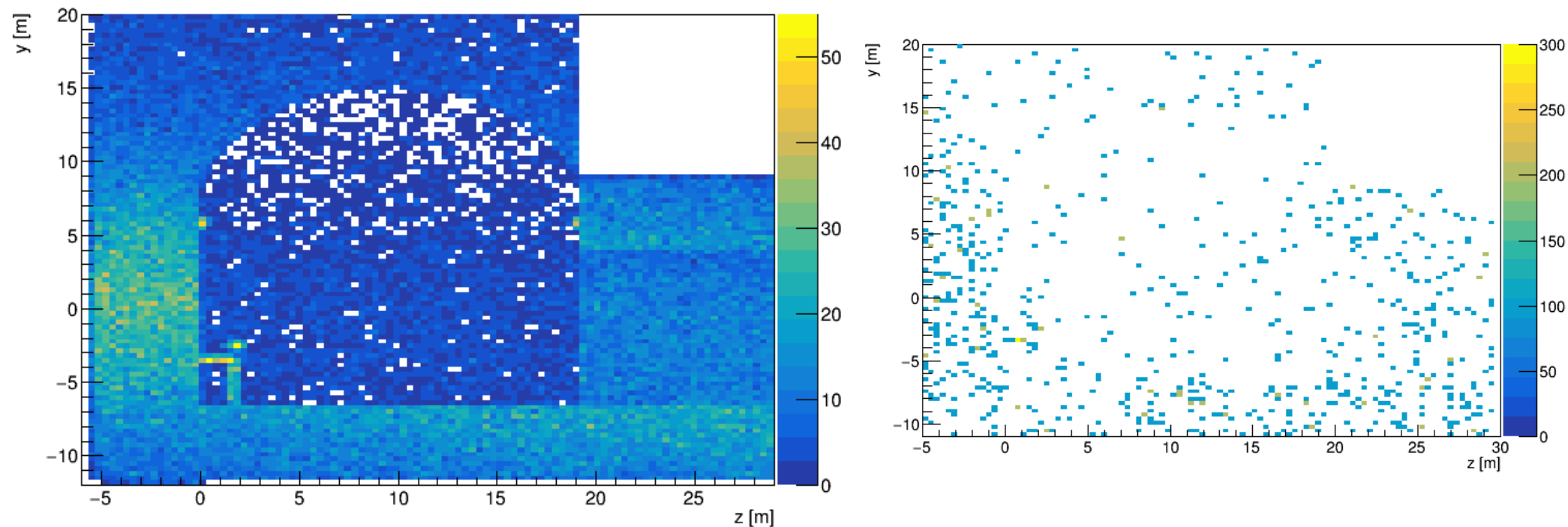


Rock ν -interaction Vertices

but not all rock ν -interaction vertices need to be kept

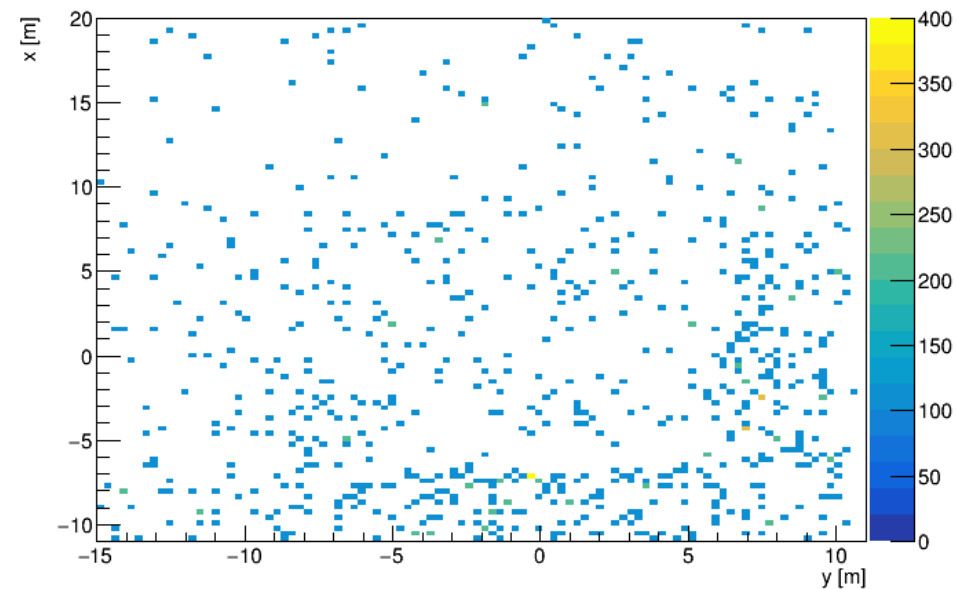
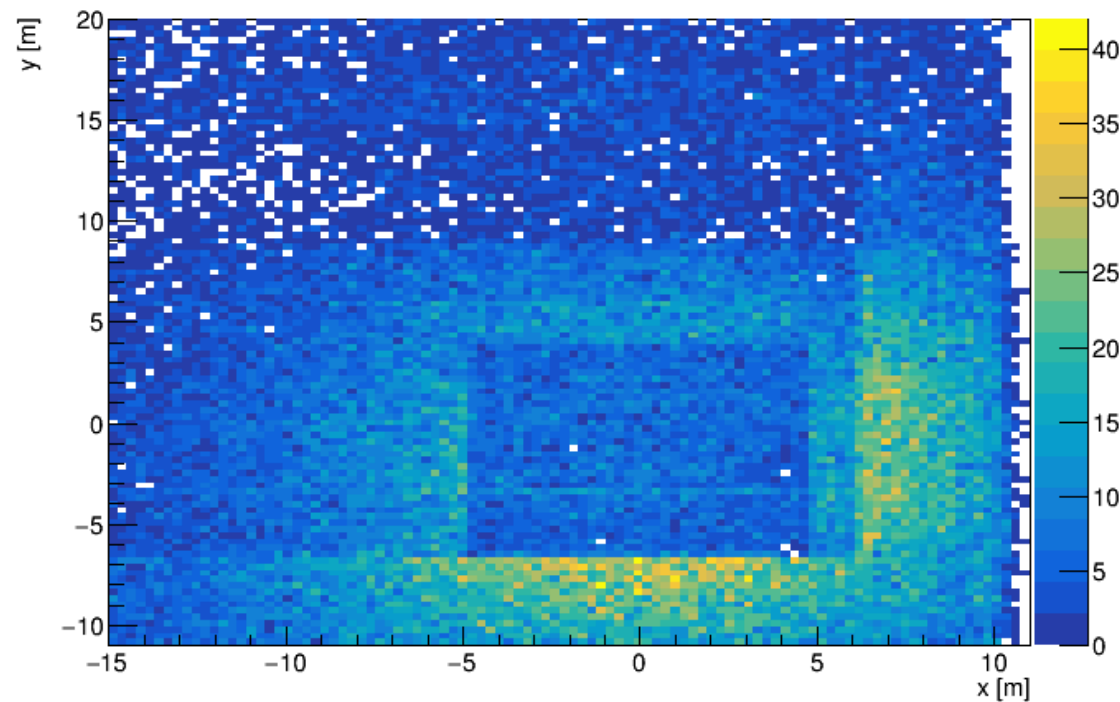
Primary Particles from Rock ν -interaction Vertices

- Stable final state μ s (as an example) produced from ν -rock interactions get propagated in rock volume using GEANT4 – this slide shows where they start from and where the ones that make it to the detector hall start from:
 - ★ As expected, they start at the vertex but only those that make it to detector hall are kept



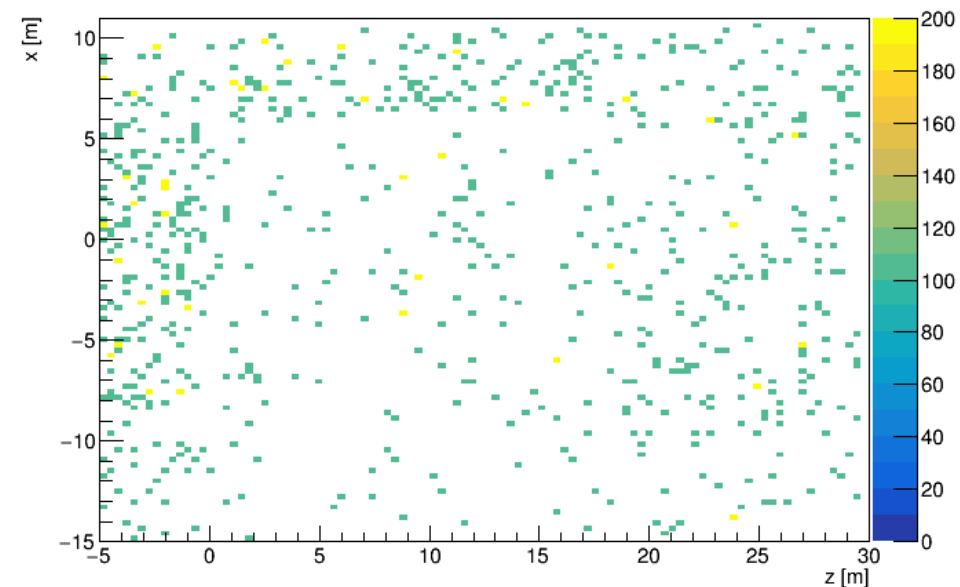
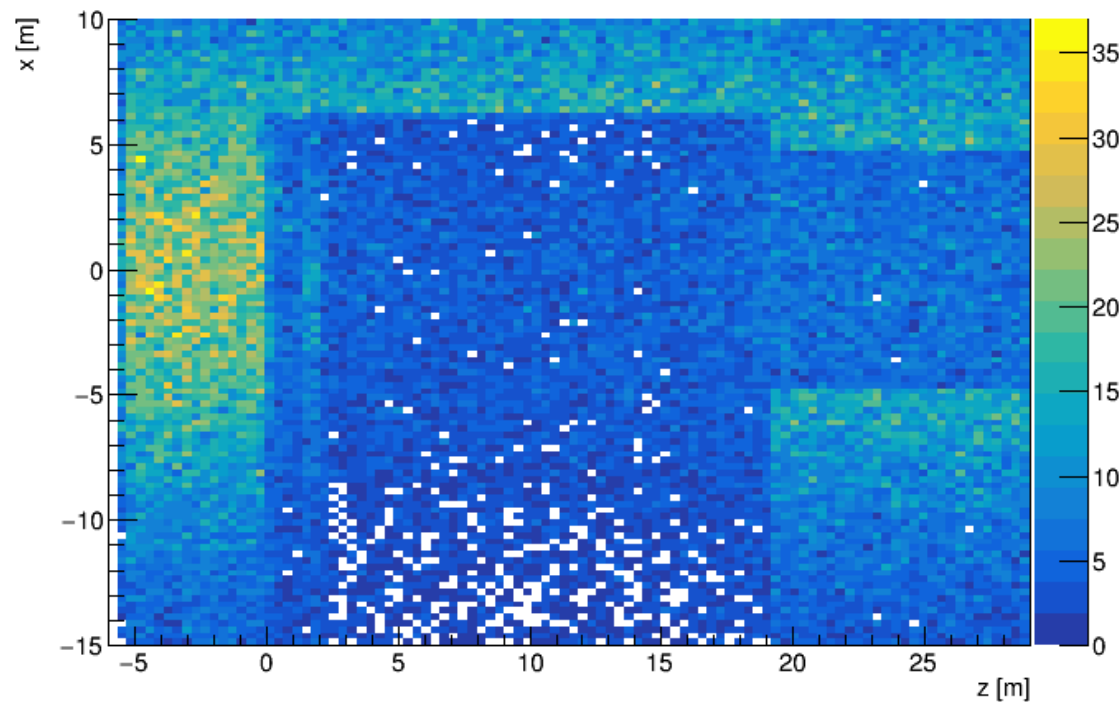
Primary Particles from Rock ν -interaction Vertices

- Stable final state μ s (as an example) produced from ν -rock interactions get propagated in rock volume using GEANT4 – this slide shows where they start from and where the ones that make it to the detector hall start from:
 - ★ As expected, they start at the vertex but only those that make it to detector hall are kept



Primary Particles from Rock ν -interaction Vertices

- Stable final state μ s (as an example) produced from ν -rock interactions get propagated in rock volume using GEANT4 – this slide shows where they start from and where the ones that make it to the detector hall start from:
 - ★ As expected, they start at the vertex but only those that make it to detector hall are kept

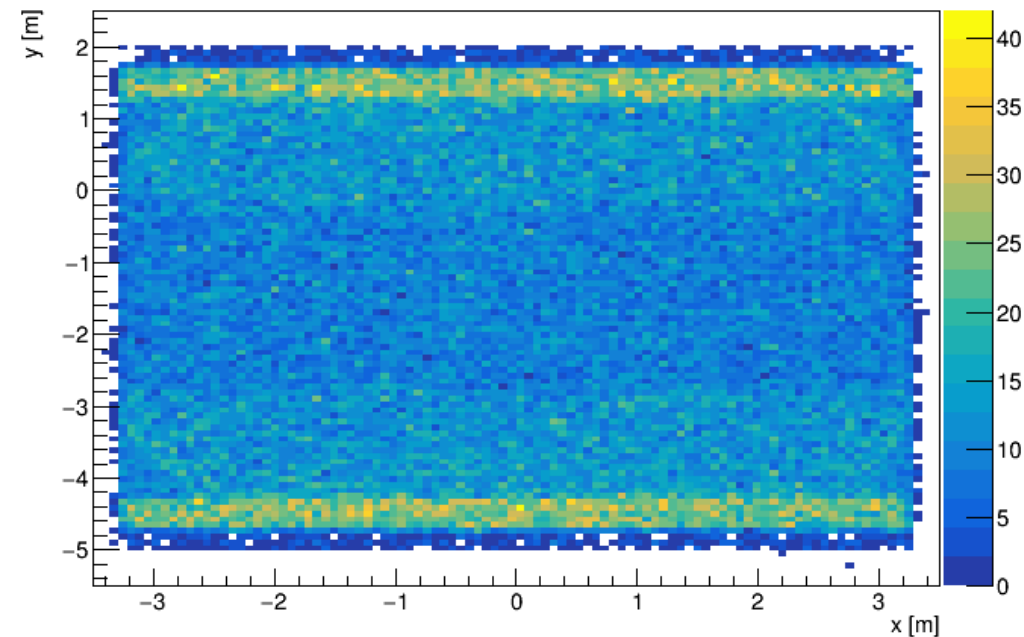
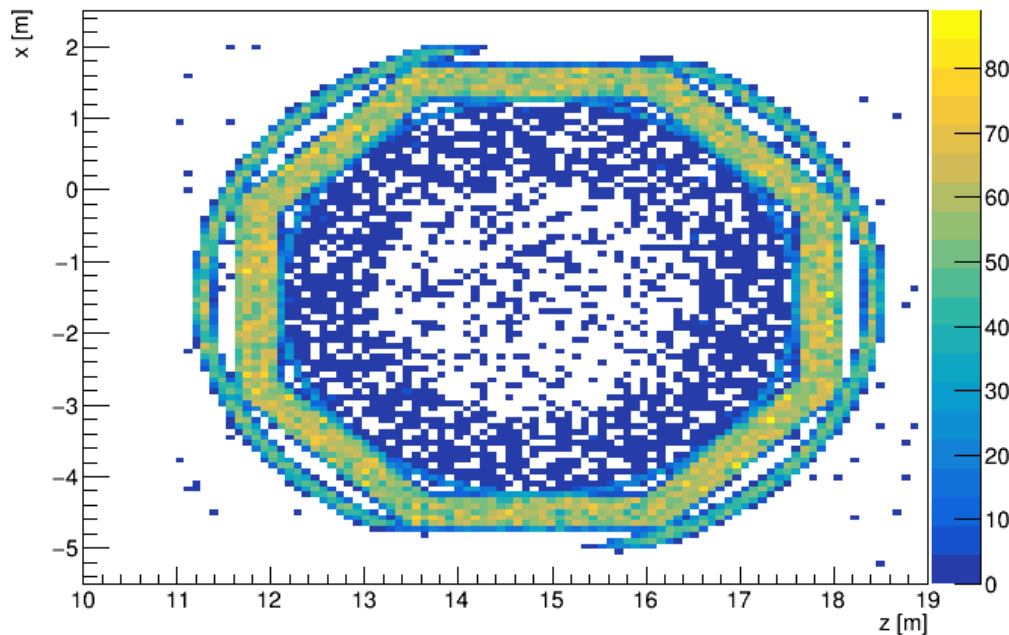


Overview of Generated Samples & Next Steps

- Need a common set of GENIE samples used by all sub-detector groups in preparation for CDR (preferably all samples combined in some type of a spill structure)
- Each ND subgroup would then take these GENIE samples and simulate detector effects – my bias is on MPD so will focus on how MPD is using these samples:
 - ★ Eldwan and I recently added a parametrization module in GArSoft for working with these samples (<https://github.com/tmohayai/ParamSim>)
 - Level of parametrizations: momentum & angular smearing – for long tracks using Gluckstern, and for short tracks, range – then reasonable tracklength threshold cut (tracklength > 5 cm for all particles but we may remove this feature to give analyzers more freedom to choose the threshold for more specific particles), & PID parametrization from Tom Junk
 - To make proper use of the GENIE samples in GArSoft, however, need to convert to art – R. Hatcher's AddGENIEtoArt module does exactly that – currently being investigated by A. Furmanski
- In this talk: **validation of the samples** – rock, **MPD**, 3DST, LArTPC + more detail about the parametrized simulation

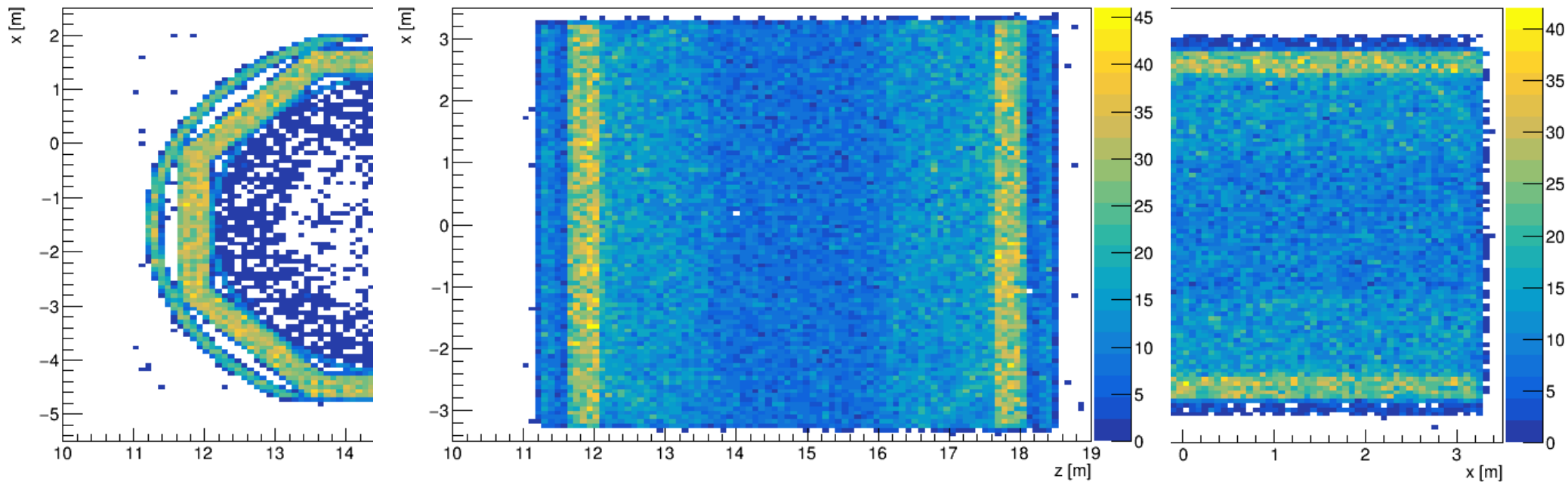
ν -interactions Vertices in MPD

- Top volume MPD used for generating the sample consists of the TPC, ECAL, & Magnet
- This will be overlayed with rock samples – preliminary look at the vertices indicates that a notable number of neutrinos interact in the ECAL & magnet



ν -interactions Vertices in MPD

- Top volume MPD used for generating the sample consists of the TPC, ECAL, & Magnet
- This will be overlayed with rock samples – preliminary look at the vertices indicates that a notable number of neutrinos interact in the ECAL & magnet

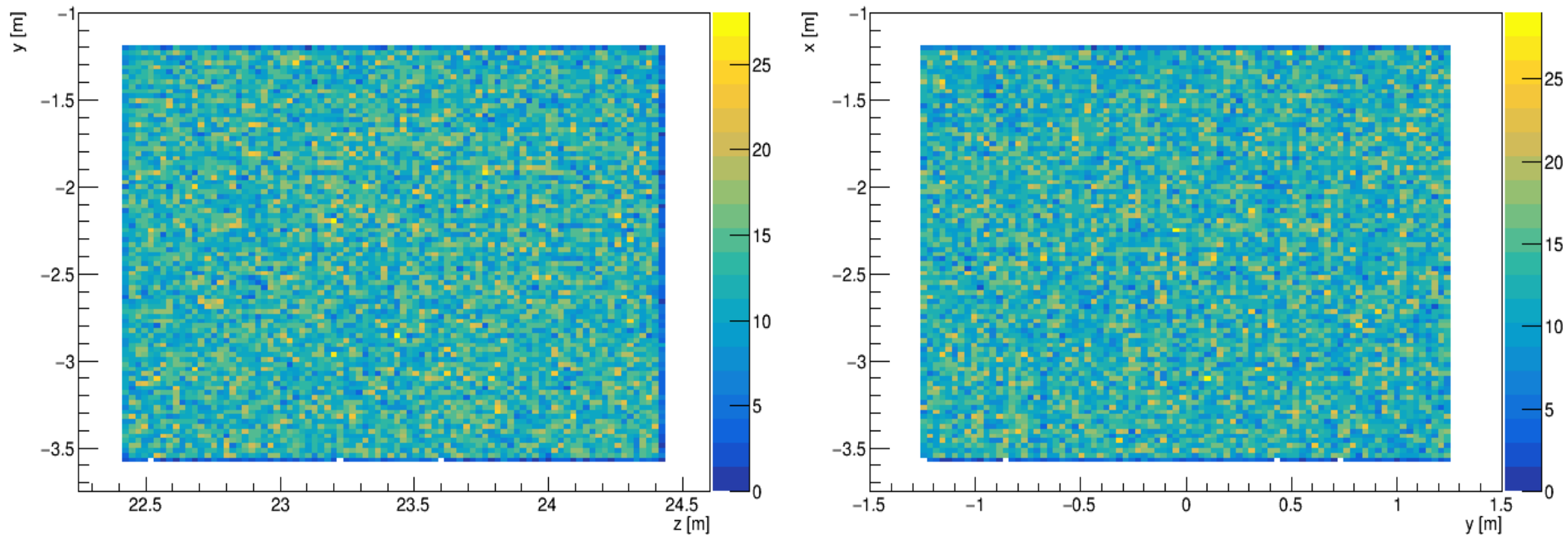


Overview of Generated Samples & Next Steps

- Need a common set of GENIE samples used by all sub-detector groups in preparation for CDR (preferably all samples combined in some type of a spill structure)
- Each ND subgroup would then take these GENIE samples and simulate detector effects – my bias is on MPD so will focus on how MPD is using these samples:
 - ★ Eldwan and I recently added a parametrization module in GArSoft for working with these samples (<https://github.com/tmohayai/ParamSim>)
 - Level of parametrizations: momentum & angular smearing – for long tracks using Gluckstern, and for short tracks, range – then reasonable tracklength threshold cut ($\text{tracklength} > 5 \text{ cm}$ for all particles but we may remove this feature to give analyzers more freedom to choose the threshold for more specific particles), & PID parametrization from Tom Junk
 - To make proper use of the GENIE samples in GArSoft, however, need to convert to art – R. Hatcher's AddGENIEtoArt module does exactly that – currently being investigated by A. Furmanski
- In this talk: **validation of the samples** – rock, MPD, **3DST**, LArTPC + more detail about the parametrized simulation

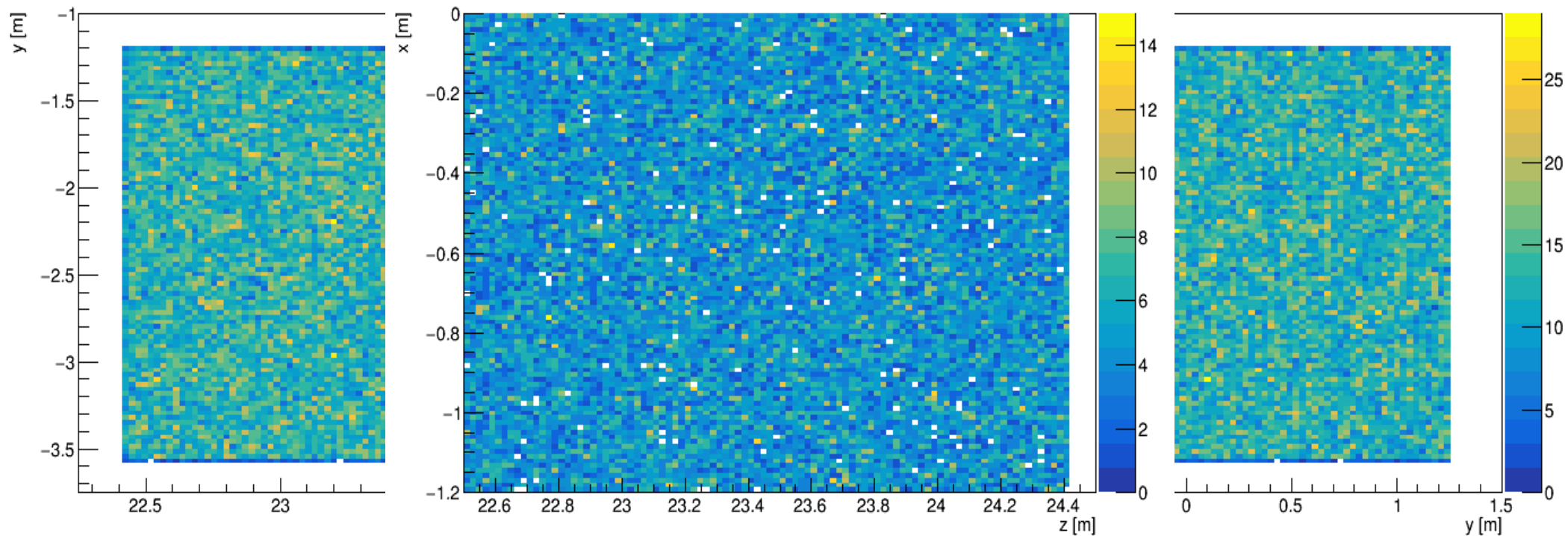
ν -interactions Vertices in 3DST

- Top volume 3DST
- To be overlayed with rock samples by 3DST sub-detector experts



ν -interactions Vertices in 3DST

- Top volume 3DST
- To be overlayed with rock samples by 3DST sub-detector experts

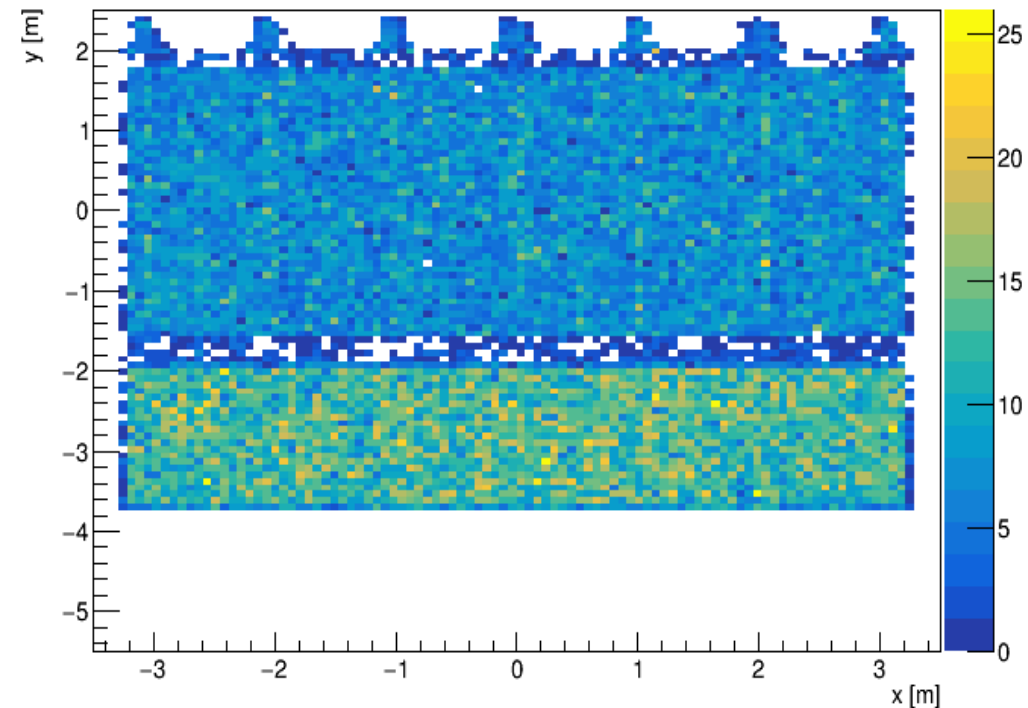
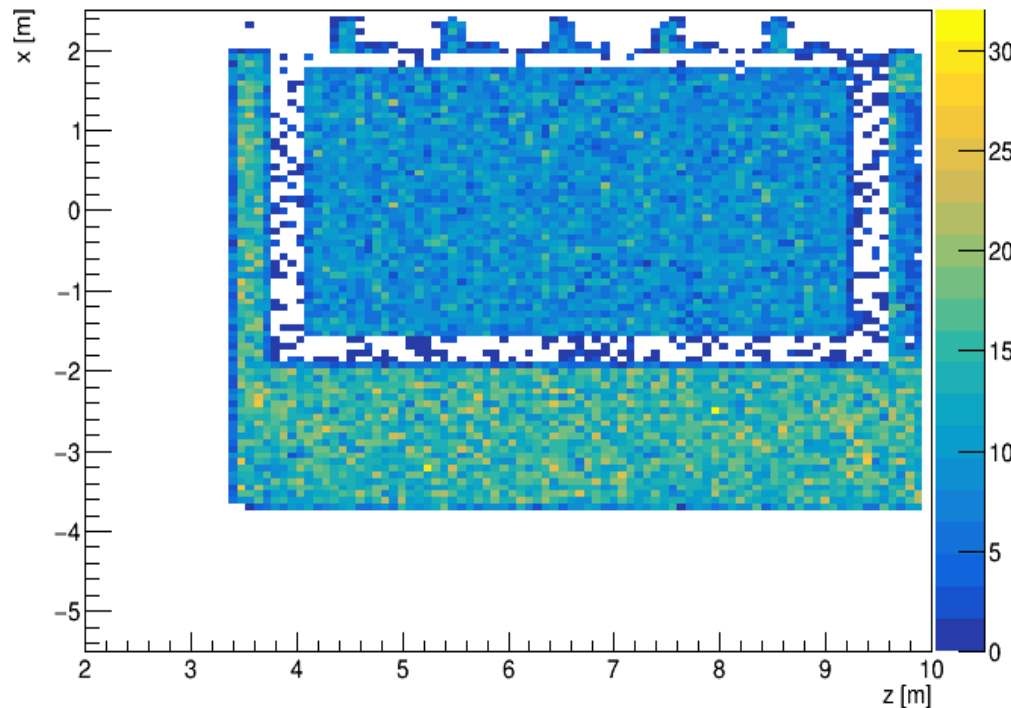


Overview of Generated Samples & Next Steps

- Need a common set of GENIE samples used by all sub-detector groups in preparation for CDR (preferably all samples combined in some type of a spill structure)
- Each ND subgroup would then take these GENIE samples and simulate detector effects – my bias is on MPD so will focus on how MPD is using these samples:
 - ★ Eldwan and I recently added a parametrization module in GArSoft for working with these samples (<https://github.com/tmohayai/ParamSim>)
 - Level of parametrizations: momentum & angular smearing – for long tracks using Gluckstern, and for short tracks, range – then reasonable tracklength threshold cut (tracklength > 5 cm for all particles but we may remove this feature to give analyzers more freedom to choose the threshold for more specific particles), & PID parametrization from Tom Junk
 - To make proper use of the GENIE samples in GArSoft, however, need to convert to art – R. Hatcher's AddGENIEtoArt module does exactly that – currently being investigated by A. Furmanski
- In this talk: **validation of the samples** – rock, MPD, 3DST, **LArTPC** + more detail about the parametrized simulation

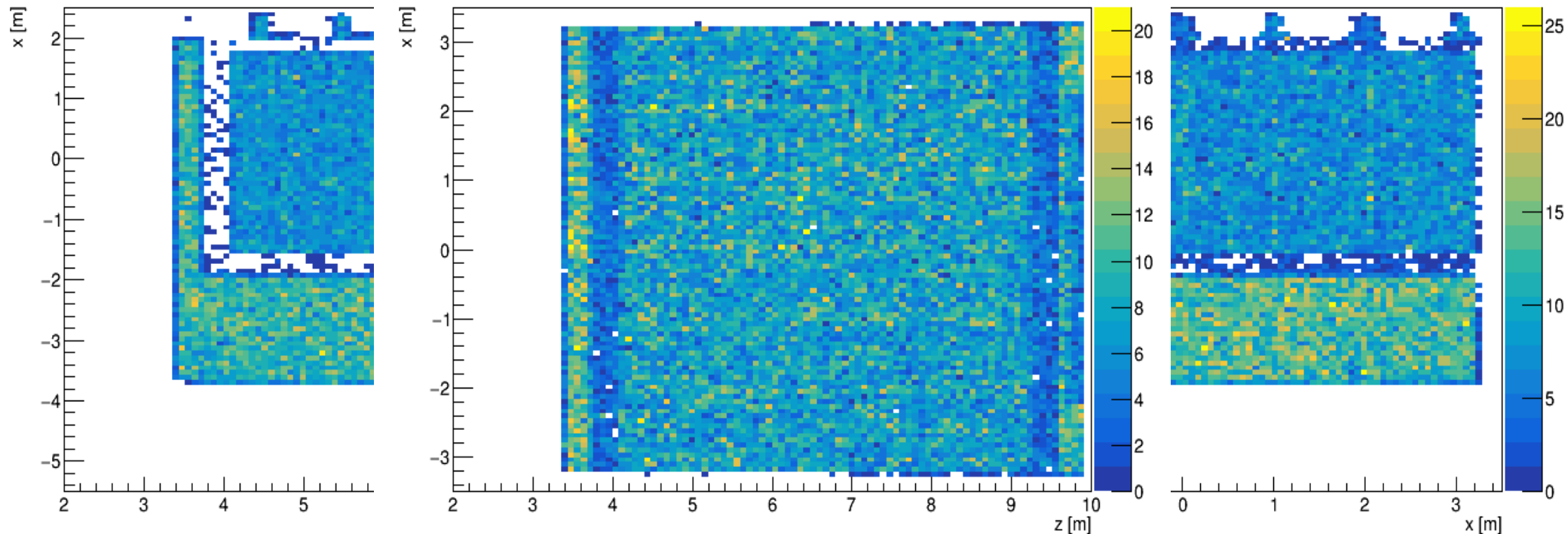
ν -interactions Vertices in LArTPC

- Top volume ArgonCubeDetector
- A separate sample already overlayed with rock but this could be used for other combined GArTPC-LArTPC studies



ν -interactions Vertices in LArTPC

- Top volume ArgonCubeDetector
- A separate sample already overlaid with rock but this could be used for other combined GArTPC-LArTPC studies



Overview of Generated Samples & Next Steps

- Need a common set of GENIE samples used by all sub-detector groups in preparation for CDR (preferably all samples combined in some type of a spill structure)
- Each ND subgroup would then take these GENIE samples and simulate detector effects – my bias is on MPD so will focus on how MPD is using these samples:
 - ★ Eldwan and I recently added a parametrization module in GArSoft for working with these samples (<https://github.com/tmohayai/ParamSim>)
 - Level of parametrizations: momentum & angular smearing – for long tracks using Gluckstern, and for short tracks, range – then reasonable tracklength threshold cut (tracklength > 5 cm for all particles but we may remove this feature to give analyzers more freedom to choose the threshold for more specific particles), & PID parametrization from Tom Junk
 - To make proper use of the GENIE samples in GArSoft, however, need to convert to art – R. Hatcher's AddGENIEtoArt module does exactly that – currently being investigated by A. Furmanski
- In this talk: **validation of the samples** – rock, MPD, 3DST, LArTPC + **more detail about the parametrized simulation**

MPD Parametrized Simulation – For Use with Generated Samples

- Why a parametrized simulation:
 - ★ CDR timeline is aggressive – a dedicated simulation effort based on parametrization of common assumptions can help
- End goal: create a module that can read both edep-sim and GEANT4 ntuples containing the truth-level information and produce CAF files
- Module for reading edep-sim already in place and first iteration working. Whether edep-sim or GEANT4, the roadmap is the same:

GSIMPLE:
store neutrino
rays in a
gsimple file

GENIE:
generate
events

edep-sim or
GEANT4:
detector
model

parametrize:
smear truth level
p, angle, and
PID

- New module for reading a GArSoft ntuple (or GEANT4) by **Eldwan and myself**
- An overview of the existing features of this module to follow

Momentum Smearing

- Momentum smearing: if track is long, smear transverse and total momentum using the σ from Gluckstern formula,

$$\left(\frac{\sigma_{P_{\perp}}}{p_{\perp}}\right)^2 = \underbrace{\left(\frac{\sigma_{\text{point}} p_{\perp}}{0.3 B L^2} \sqrt{\frac{720}{N+4}}\right)^2}_{\text{Measurement Term}} + \underbrace{\left(\frac{0.05}{B L} \sqrt{\frac{1.43 L}{X_0}}\right)^2}_{\text{Scattering Term}}$$

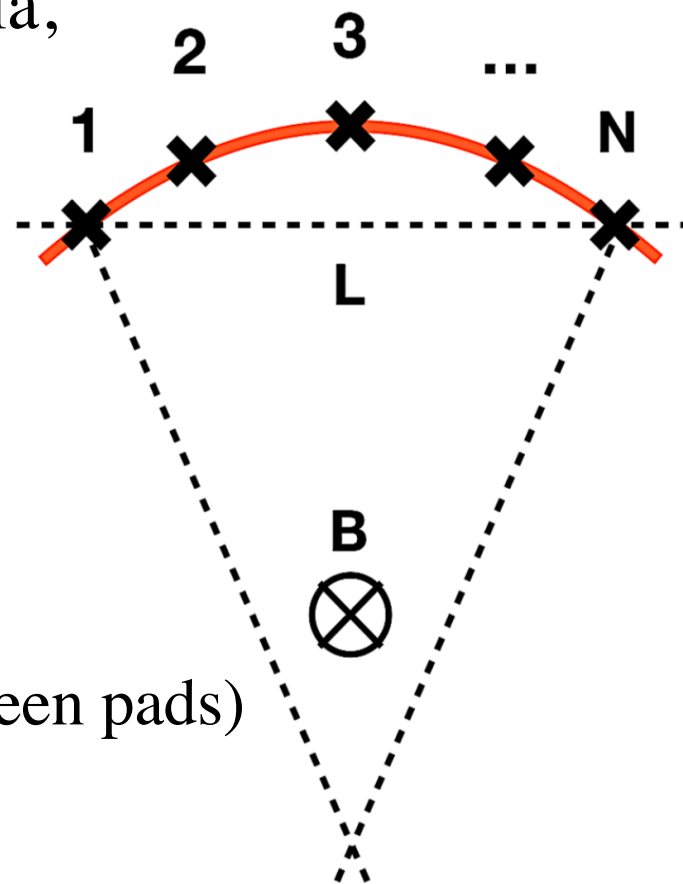
σ_p : 1e-3 m (distances between the readout pads)

B: 0.4 T

N: # of trackpoints (tracklength / distances between pads)

L: tracklength \perp to beam direction

X_0 : 13 m



- Momentum smearing: if track is short, use range – smear by a percentage and take the average of the momenta at every track point

Angular Smearing

- Angular smearing: if track is long, smear angle (wrt incoming ν -beam) using the σ from Gluckstern formula,

$$\sigma_{\theta}^2 = \left(\frac{\sigma_L}{L} \sqrt{\frac{12(N-1)}{N(N+1)}} \right)^2 + \left(\frac{0.015}{\sqrt{3}p} \sqrt{\frac{L}{X_0}} \right)^2$$

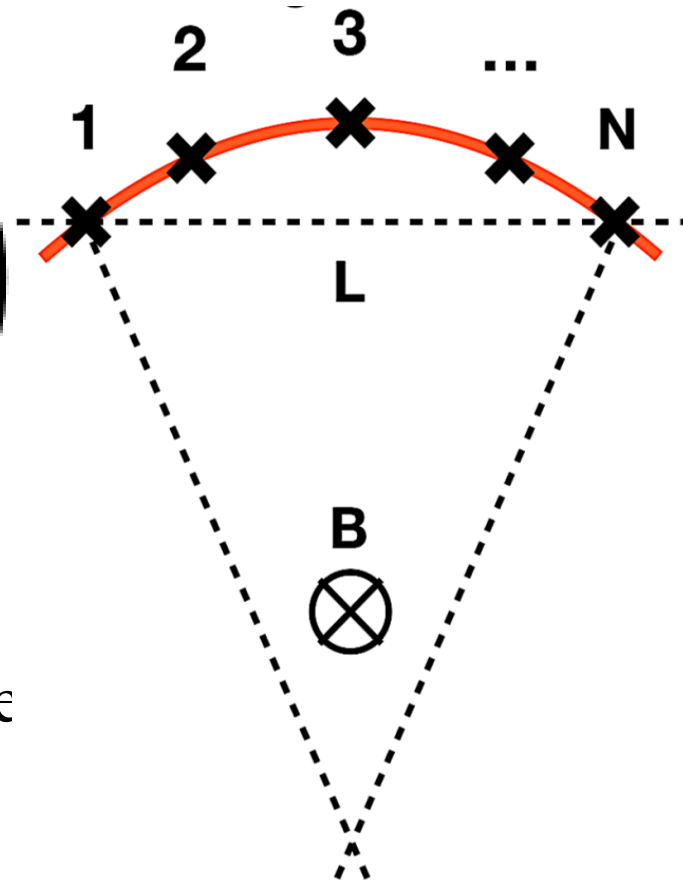
σ_L : 1e-3 m (distances between the readout pads)

p : momentum

N : # of trackpoints (tracklength / distances between

L : tracklength \perp to beam direction

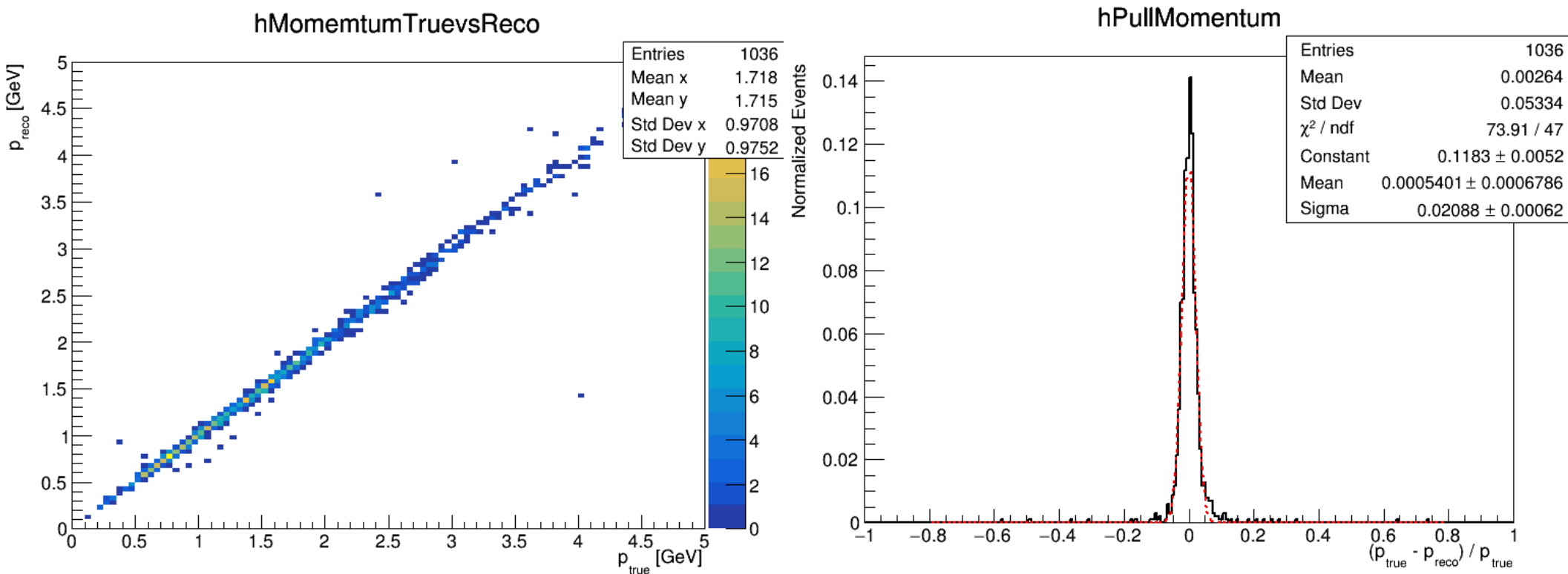
X_0 : 13 m



- Angular smearing: if track is short, use range – smear by a percentage and take the average of the angles at every track point

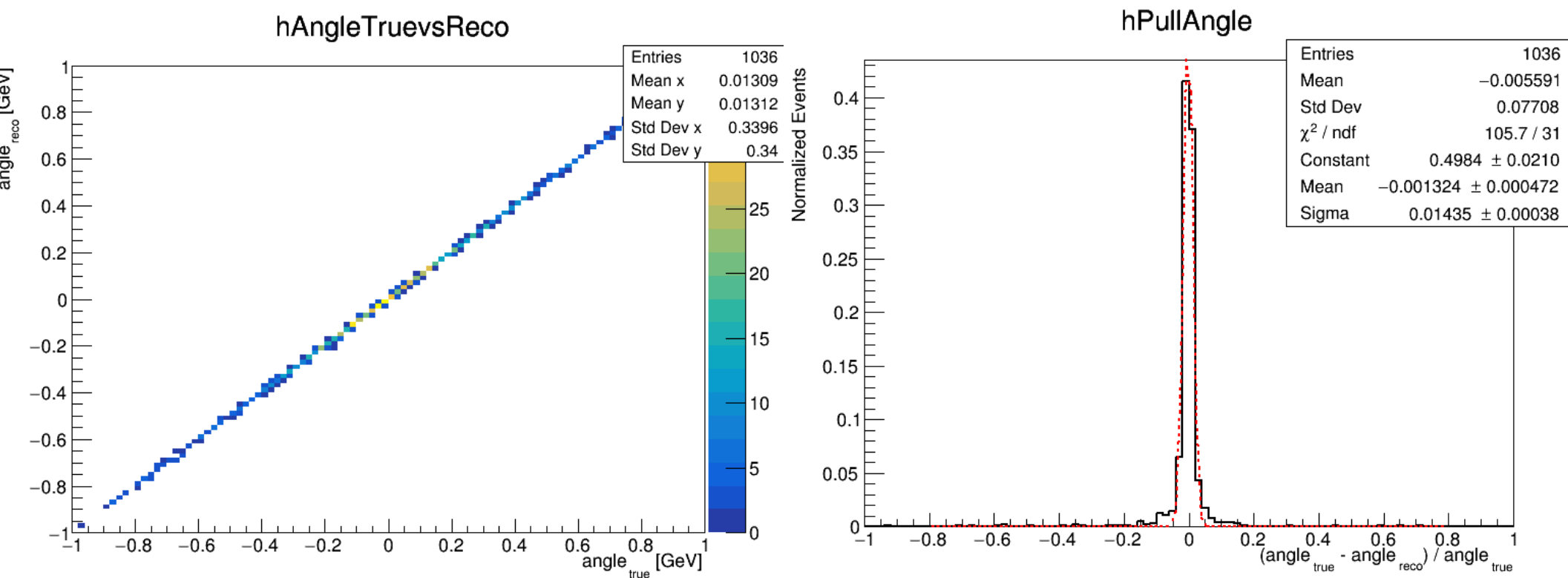
Momentum Resolution

- With the new parametrized PID, the μ s selected are the ones that are μ s 100% of the time
- Momentum resolution has improved from when only Gluckstern smearing was done



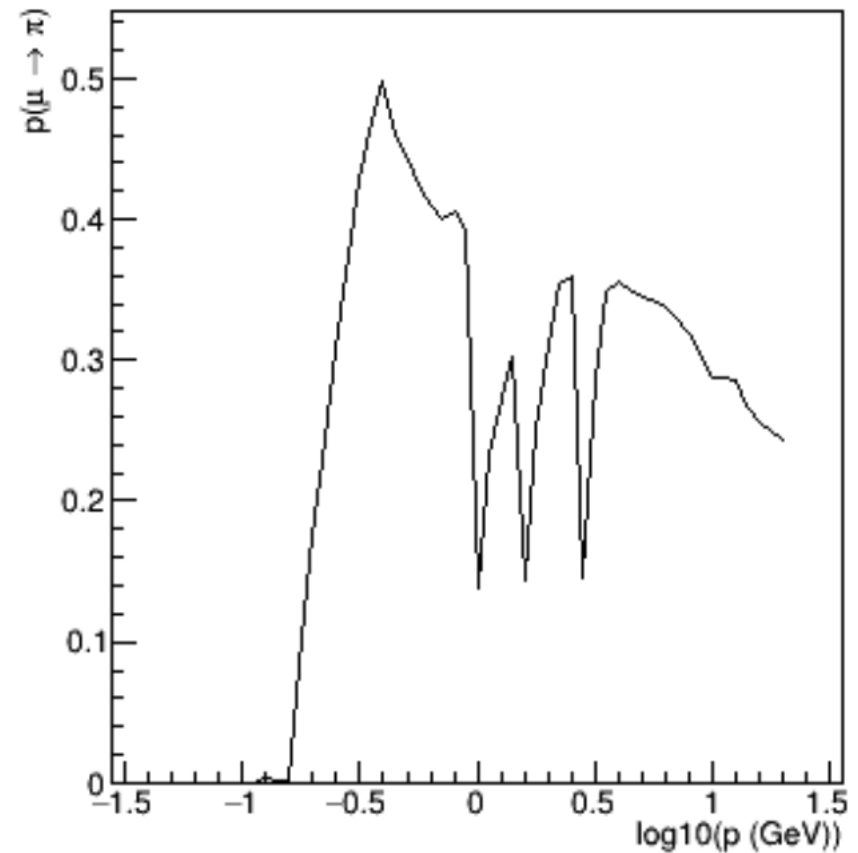
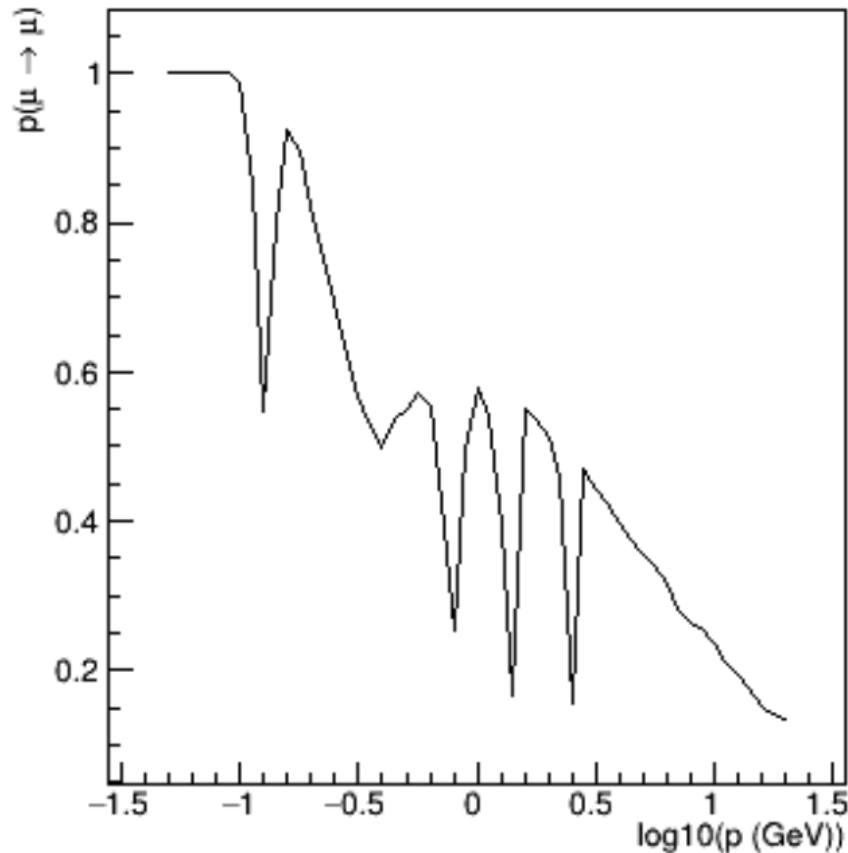
Angular Resolution

- With the new parametrized PID, the μ s selected are the ones that are μ s 100% of the time
- Momentum resolution has improved from when only Gluckstern smearing was done



PID Parametrization from Tom Junk

- Based on the dE/dx curve: come up with probability distributions of whether you id or mis-id a particle in a given momentum range
- Take a look at this page for more information:
https://home.fnal.gov/~trj/mpd/dedx_sep2019/



Next Steps in MPD Generations

From Andy Furmanski

- His plan was to use a ghep-to-art module from Robert H. to overlay the rock events and MPD events in one stage
- Overlay 240 rock interactions and one MPD interaction, but most of the rock interactions will not lead to particles in the MPD and end somewhere in the detector hall
- This overlay stage is fast, except all of the input ghep files need to be transferred to the worker node on the grid, which is the rate-limiting step and seems to sometimes cause errors
- We could save some time only transferring some of the files each time, but then the random sampling of rock-overlays would be less random
- The downstream processing (G4, Detsim, Reco, Ana) takes approximately 40s per event. Each 1000 event MPD file will therefore take approximately 12h to process on the grid
- According to Andy, everything is now ready for this large-scale processing. Andy plans to submit all of these jobs tomorrow (Wednesday)

Summary & Next Steps

- We have the first set of CDR rock and sub-detector samples
- For second set of sub-detector samples, on the MPD-side, we plan to separately generate events in each top volume of the MPD such as Magnet, ECAL, and gas TPC active volume
- Andy F. is generating MPD events using the first set of the CDR samples and GArSoft, this leads to a series of “anatree” ntuples
 - ★ Once the anatree ntuples are there, the GEANT4 MPD events then would get passed to the parametrization module that Eldwan and I put together and the end result is an ntuple that can then be used by the analyzers for various MPD analysis