

ACHIEVEMENTS & NEW CHALLENGES FOR CERN'S DIGITAL LLRF FAMILY

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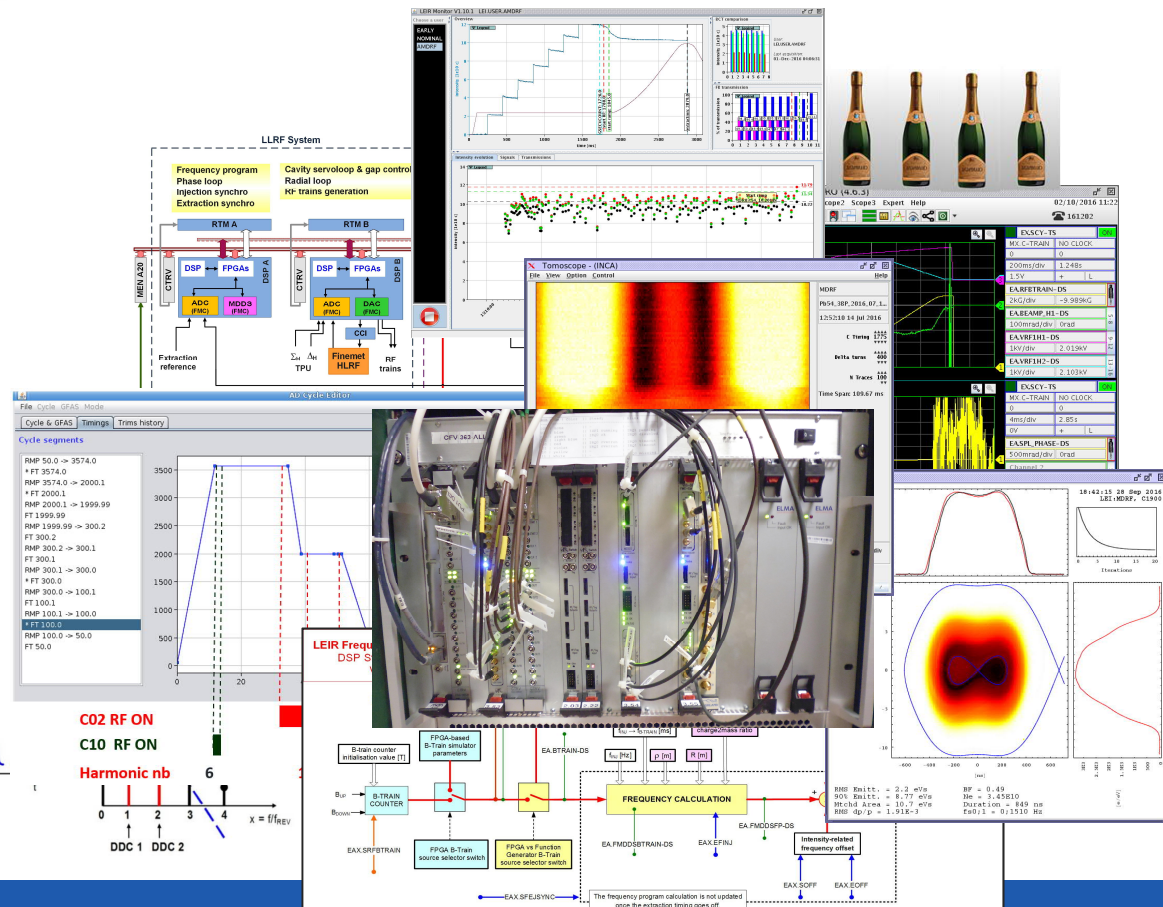
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LLRF19 Workshop, Chicago, 29 September – 3 October 2019



❖ CERN VXS DLLRF overview

❖ LEIR DLLRF

- ❑ Overview
- ❑ Selected achievements

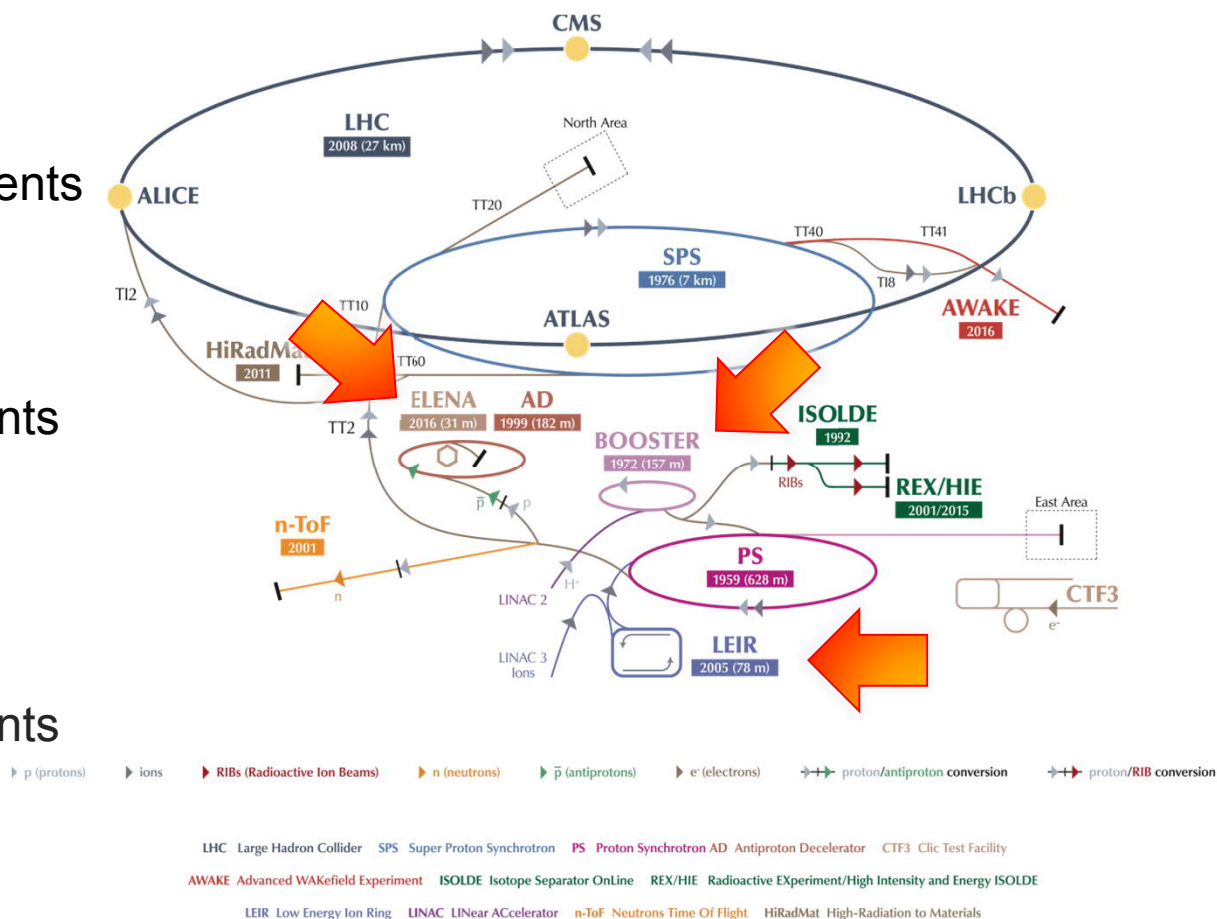
❖ PSB DLLRF

- ❑ Overview
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- ❑ New challenges

❖ ELENA DLLRF

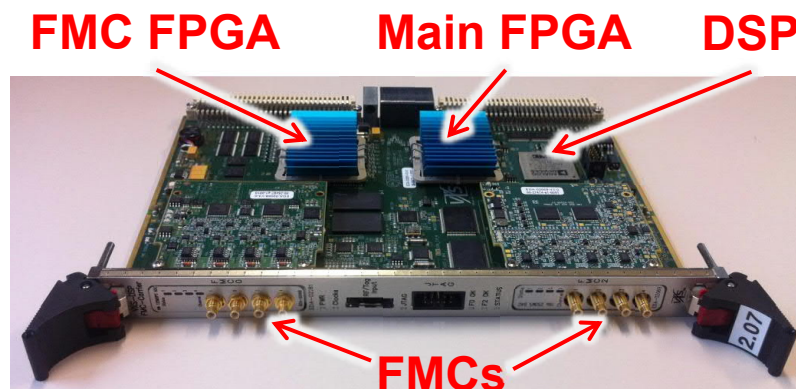
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❖ CONCLUSIONS

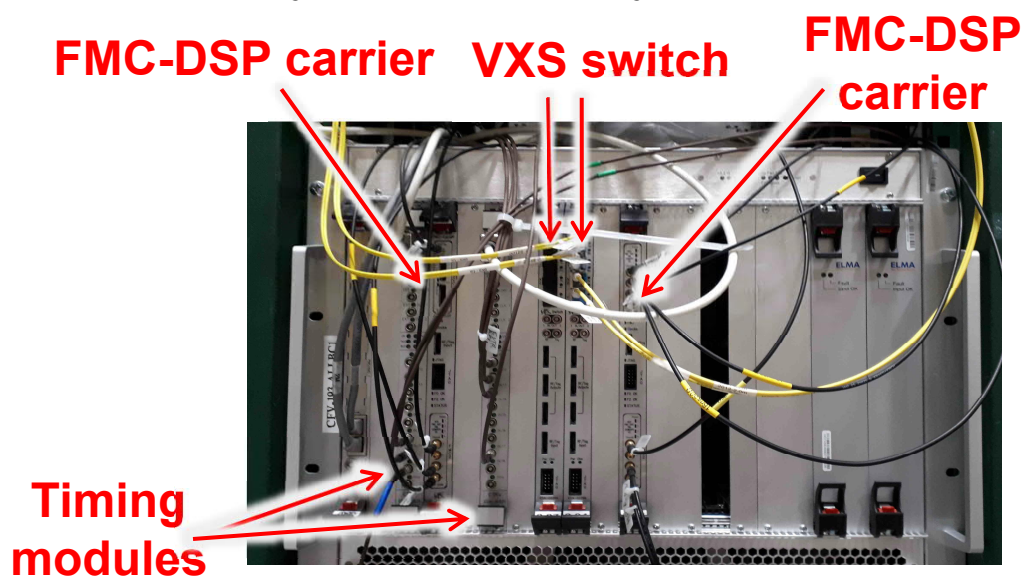


CERN VXS DLLRF overview

- ❖ **VXS** (a.k.a. 2nd generation) **DLLRF**: big RF group investment (manpower).
- ❖ Deployed on small CERN machines + medical machine (MedAustron).
- ❖ Used also for **longitudinal diagnostics** (RF) + **orbit systems** (BI).
- ❖ **Features:**
 - ❑ Direct RF sampling, baseband [I,Q] processing.
 - ❑ VXS crate, FMC-DSP carrier board, 3 HPC FMC types (function: MDDS, DDC, SDDS).
 - ❑ Initially clocked with sweeping clock. Now mostly fixed-frequency clock (→ J. Molendijk's talk @LLRF17).





FMC-DSP carrier board



ELENA LLRF system (2018 version)

VXS DLLRF deployment – past&future

When	What	Who
2014	MedAustron LLRF (sweeping clock)	MA+RF
	PSB 4 rings LLRF (sweeping clock)	RF
2016	AD orbit	BI
	LEIR LLRF upgrade to 2 nd generation LLRF (sweeping clock)	RF
2017	ELENA orbit	BI
	ELENA LLRF (fixed frequency clock)	RF
2018	LEIR orbit	BI
	LEIR LLRF upgrade to fixed frequency clock	RF
	ELENA LLRF upgrade to include (some) longitudinal diagnostics	RF
2019	 NOW – LS2 	
2020	PSB LLRF upgrade to fixed frequency + Finemet control @16 h	RF
	ELENA LLRF upgrade to include full longitudinal diagnostics	RF
2021	AD LLRF & longitudinal diagnostics (fixed frequency clock)	RF
~2022	Beam loops implementation in PS LLRF (sweeping clock)	RF
≥ 2022	Start studies for 3 rd generation LLRF system	RF



Outline

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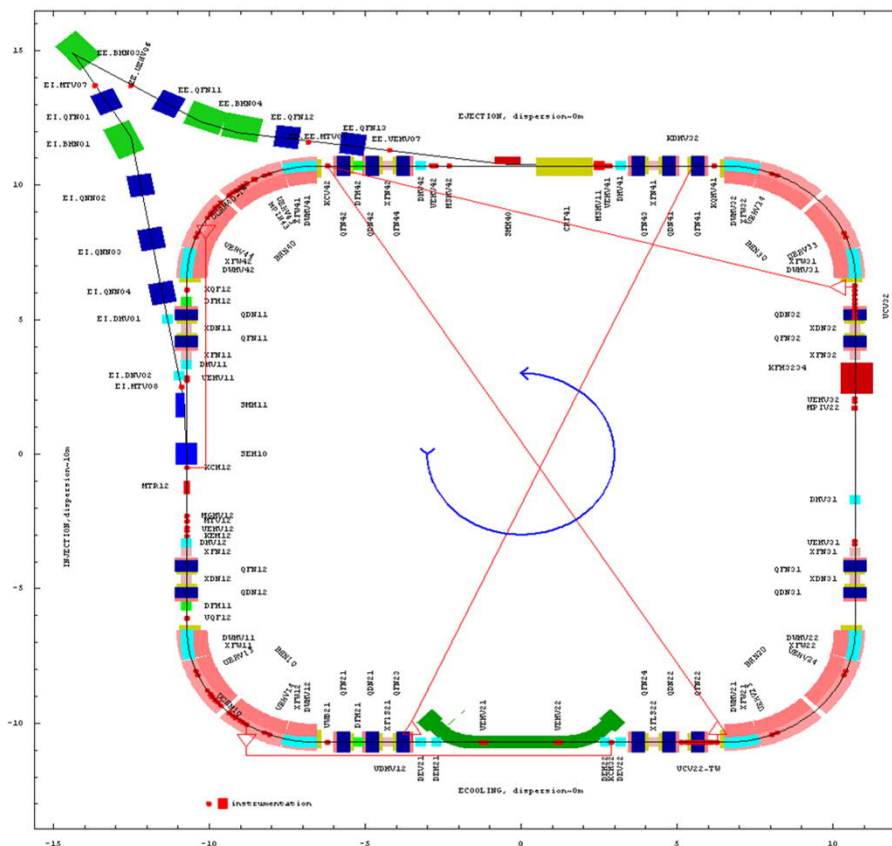
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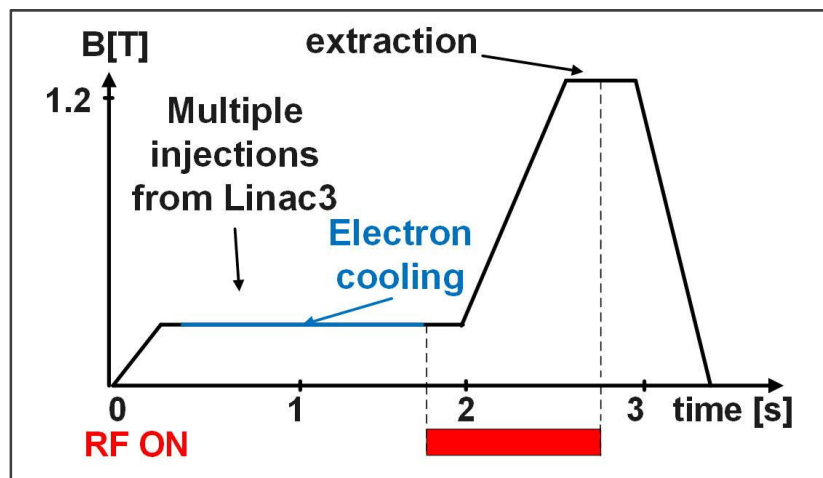
Low Energy Ion Ring



LEIR: the accelerator

Ion accumulator + accelerator, LHC injector.

- ❖ Ions: O^{4+} , Ar^{11+} , Xe^{39+} , Pb^{54+}
- ❖ Finemet-based HLRF (4 kV_P)



Typical NOMINAL cycle for Pb^{54+}

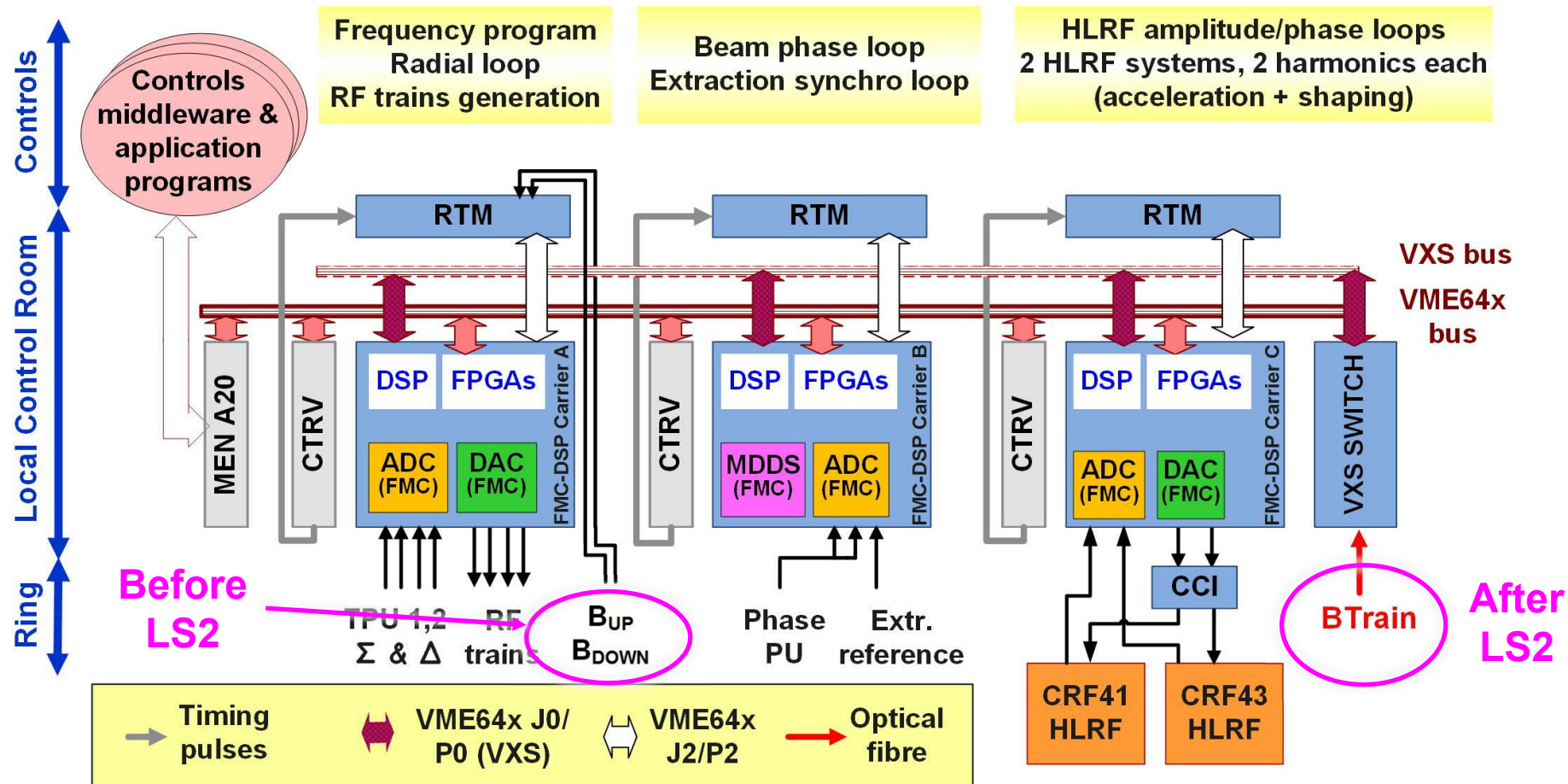
- ❖ After LS2: new Btrain measurement/distribution system
- ❖ Possible future usage: biomedical research **BioLEIR** (not funded yet).

Parameter		Injection	Extraction
Revolution frequency, MHz		0.361	1.423
Energy, MeV/u		4.2	72.2
EARLY scheme	RF harmonic number	1	
	Extracted intensity, Nb ions	2.5 E8	
NOMINAL scheme	RF harmonic number	2+4, 3+6(*)	
	Extracted intensity, Nb ions	10 E8	
Circumference, m			78
Acceleration duration, s			~1

LEIR parameters for PB^{54+} ions in 2018.

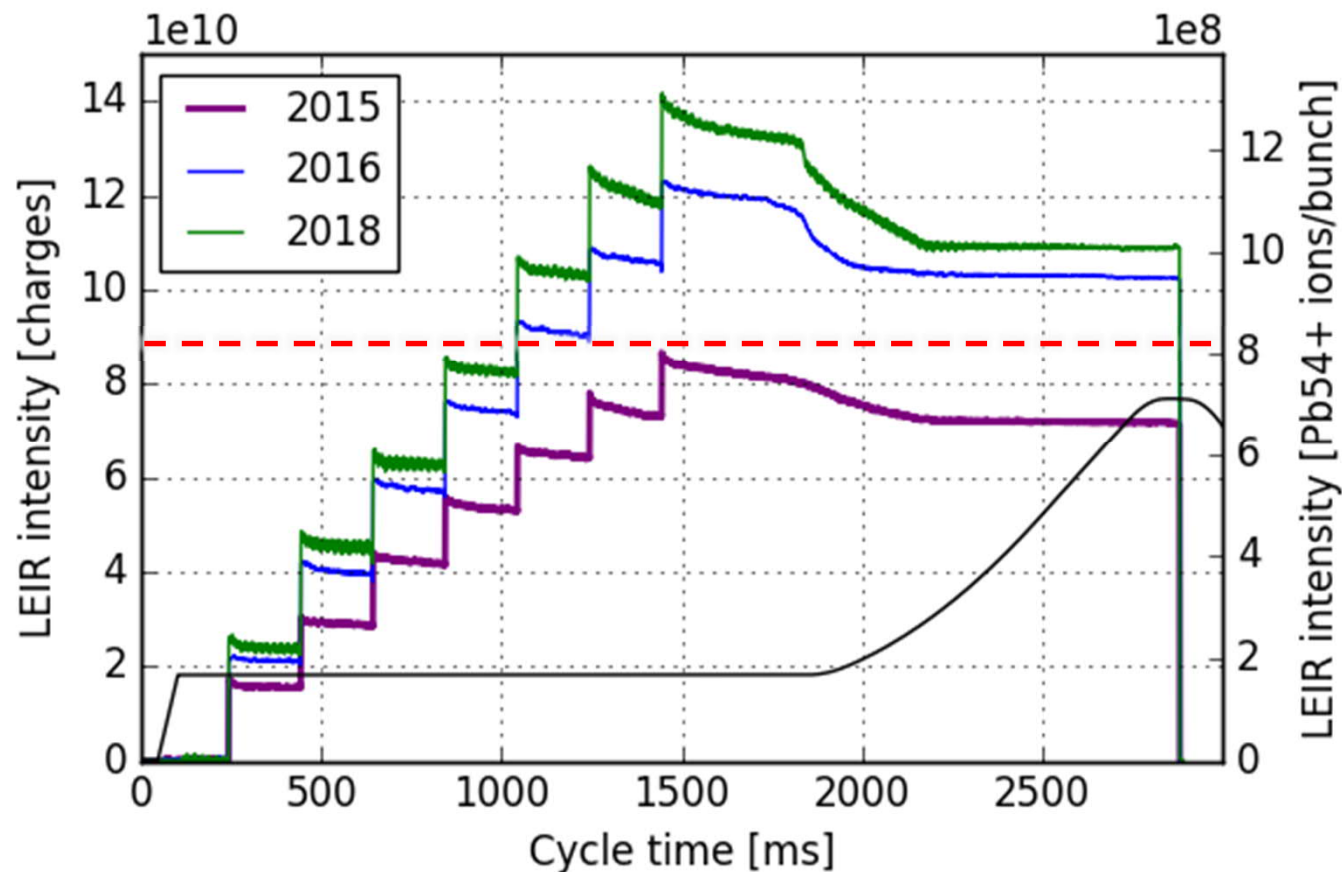
(*) **3+6 operation**: novel scheme to mitigate SPS slip-stacking problems, if any. It was possible thanks to the flexibility of LLRF + wideband Finemet HLRF systems.

LEIR: the DLLRF



- ❑ **Dual-harmonic operation on same cavity** (acceleration + bunch shaping).
- ❑ **Double-cavity operation** (MD mode)

LEIR achievement: Pb⁵⁴⁺ intensity



High Luminosity
LHC (HL-LHC)
specs for LEIR:
8.1 E8 ions/bunch

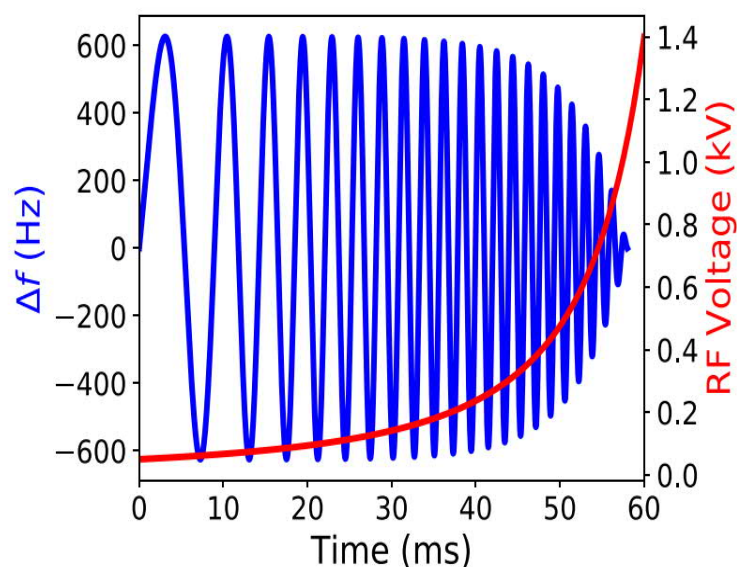
- ❑ **Exceptional progress** on extracted beam intensity over the last 3 years
- ❑ **LLRF instrumental to achieve this** result → next slide

LEIR DLLRF achievement: freq. modulation

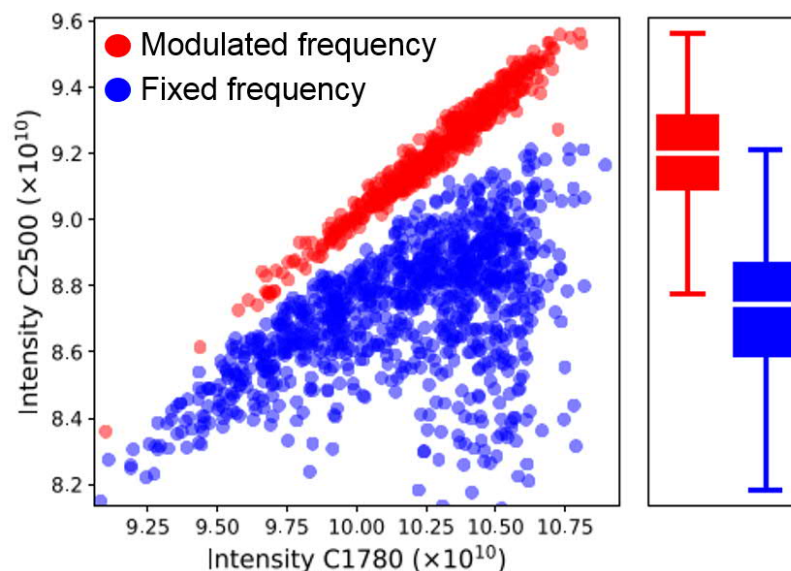
❖ Novel approach to capturing coasting ion beams: **programmable RF frequency modulation @capture:**

- ❑ controlled blowup of longitudinal emittance
- ❑ good reproducibility in longitudinal distribution

} **Improves beam transmission**



Frequency modulation [blue] and voltage [red] at capture for a Pb^{54+} cycle.



Intensity before extraction vs. after capture with [red] and without [blue] modulated frequency capture.

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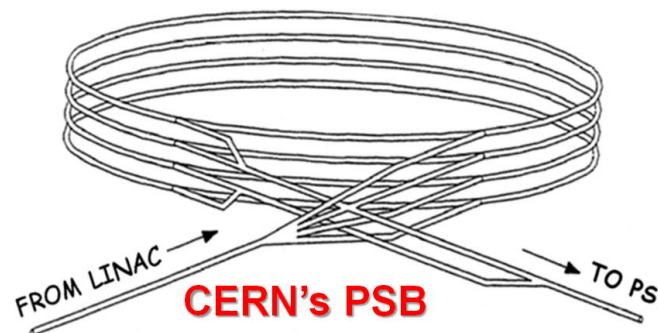
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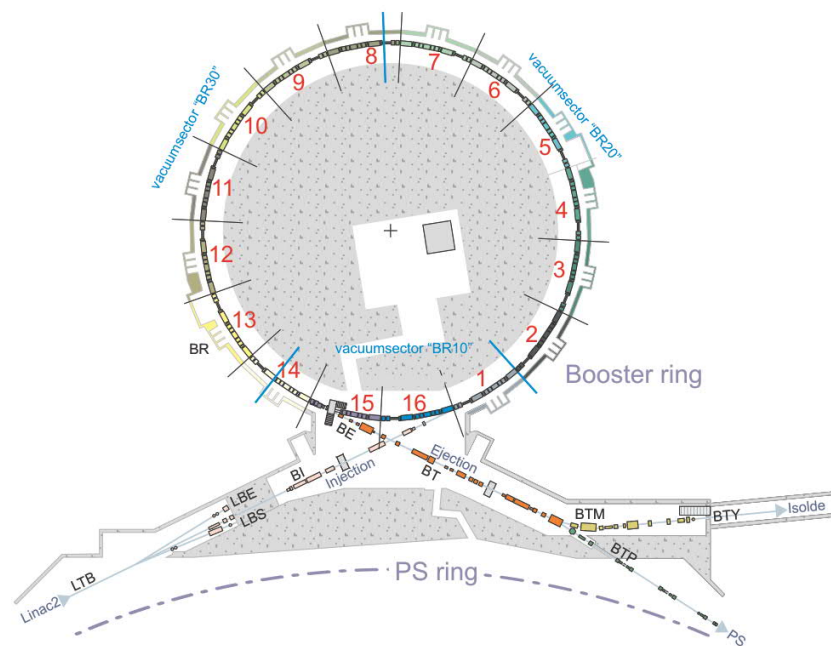
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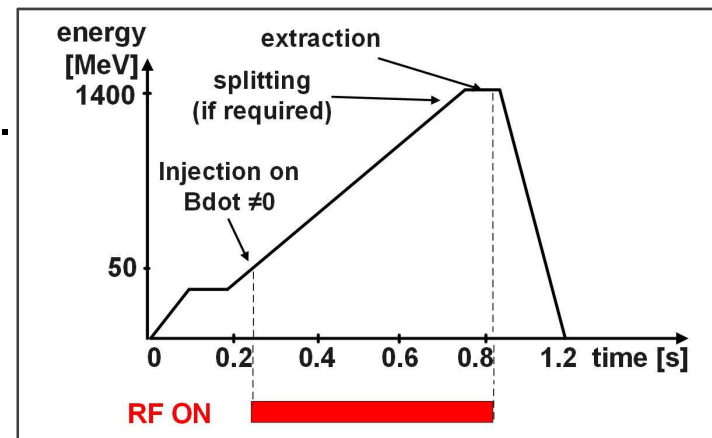


Proton Synchrotron Booster



PSB: the accelerator

- ❖ **Proton accelerator**, 4 superposed rings
- ❖ **LHC injector** + supplier to experimental zone.
- ❖ **Intensity/ring: 5E9 p @ $h=1$ [LHC PROBE] to 1E13 p @ $h=1$ [ISOLDE].**
- ❑ Wide range of beam intensities/parameters.
- ❑ Beam loading can be strong.



Pre-LS2 PSB typical cycle

❖ **Deep upgrades during LS2:**

- ❑ Injection from Linac4 (long. painting).
- ❑ Higher injection/extraction energies.
- ❑ New Btrain system.
- ❑ Finemet-based HLRF to replace pre-LS2 ferrite-based systems.
- ❑ LLRF system will be upgraded to operate new Finemet HLRF.

	Energy	Revolution frequency
Injection	160 MeV	992 kHz
Extraction – a	1.4 GeV	1.748 MHz
Extraction – b	2 GeV	1.807 MHz
Circumference	157 m	
Acceleration time	~600 ms	

Post-LS2 PSB parameters



PSB DLLRF achievement: long. blowup

- ❖ New method deployed for controlled longitudinal blowup
- ❖ Operational (historical) method: high harmonic.
 - ❑ Single frequency sinusoidal modulation of high harmonic
 - ❑ Operational run also with Finemet test system (PSB Ring 4)
- ❖ New method: **phase noise**
 - ❑ “Random” phase modulation of main harmonic
 - ❑ Successful operational run in 2018
- ❖ After LS2 both methods will be used operationally

High harmonic

- + Easy to track changing f_s
- + Faster
- Requires control of high h
- Minimum of 5D parameter space

Phase noise

- + No need for high h control
- + Smaller parameter space
- + Targets specific synchrotron amplitudes
- Slower

PSB: post-LS2 DLLRF challenges

- ❖ Existing DLLRF systems to be profoundly upgraded for post-LS2 operation
 - ❑ Finemet HLRF test system in PSB Ring 4 since 2011
 - ❑ Several reliability runs carried out pre-LS2

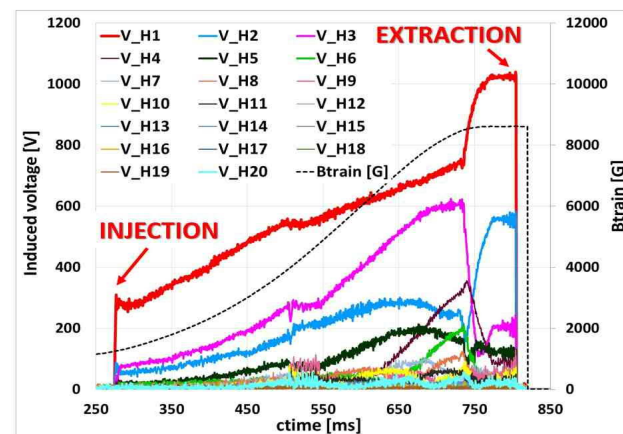
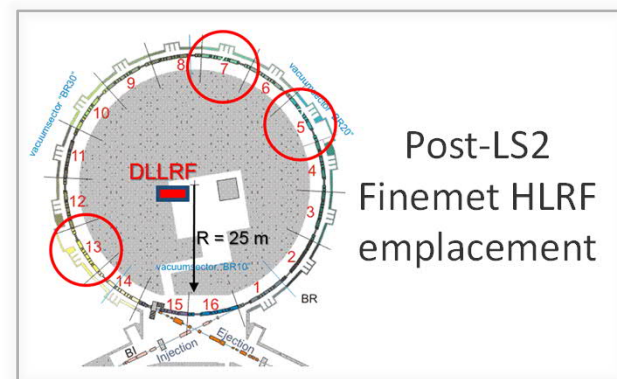
❖ Distributed cavity concept

- ❑ **HLRF**: 3 systems/ring, 8 kV each, [1-20 MHz] BW.
- ❑ **What**: voltage @same h balanced over the 3 HLRF systems. Wide frequency swing \rightarrow challenging!
- ❑ **Aim**: optimal power management + HLRF virtually never down.
- ❑ **Cost**: higher LLRF complexity

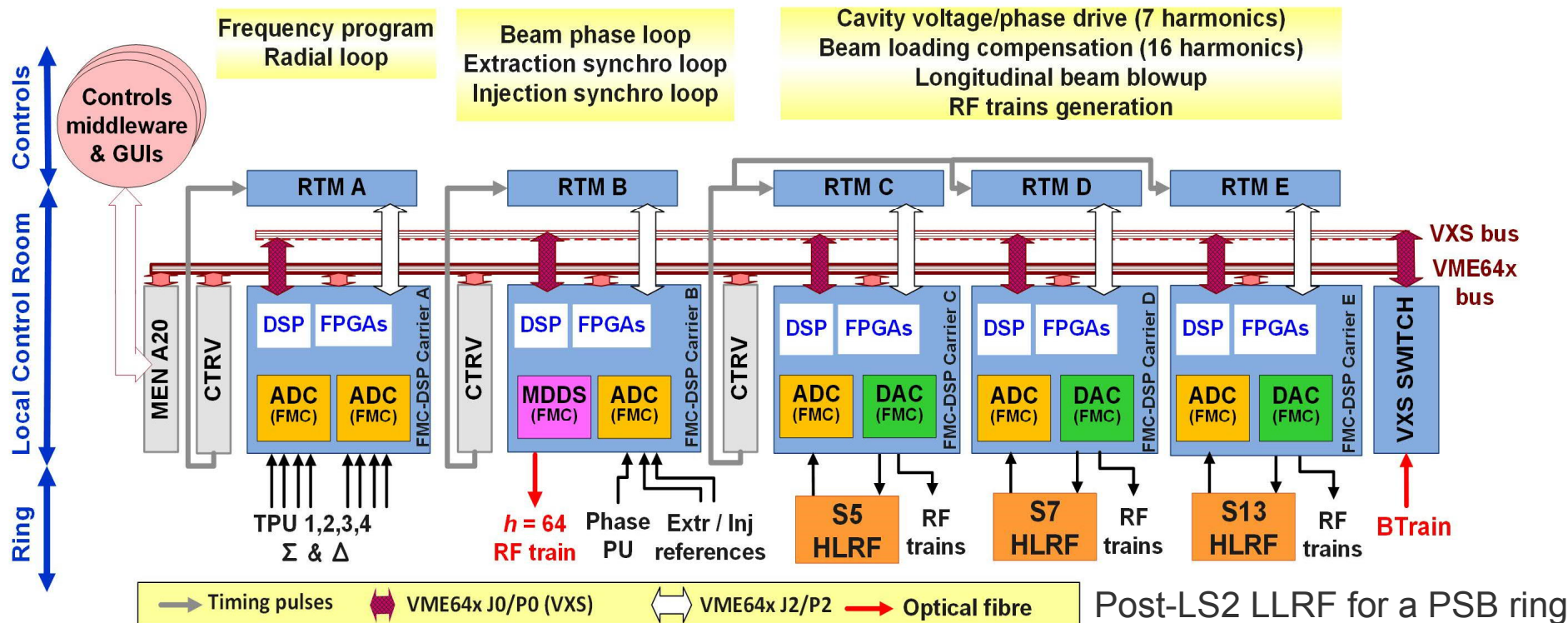
❖ Voltage control & beam loading compensation

- ❑ Beam loading compensation @16 h
- ❑ Operation: voltage/phase control @4 h
- ❑ MDs: additional voltage/phase control @3 h

Voltage induced @ $h = 1..20$ by $800 \text{ E}^{10} \text{ p}$ beam



PSB: post-LS2 DLLRF



- ❖ 5 FMC-DSP carrier boards vs. 3 boards for pre-LS2 system
- ❖ **Servoloops:** 16 h/cavity [in FPGA].
- ❖ Extended **longitudinal blowup capabilities** [in FPGA]
- ❖ **Rings synchronisation with Linac4**, injection into waiting bucket

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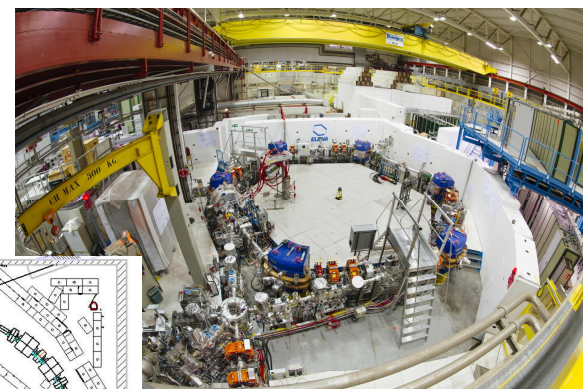
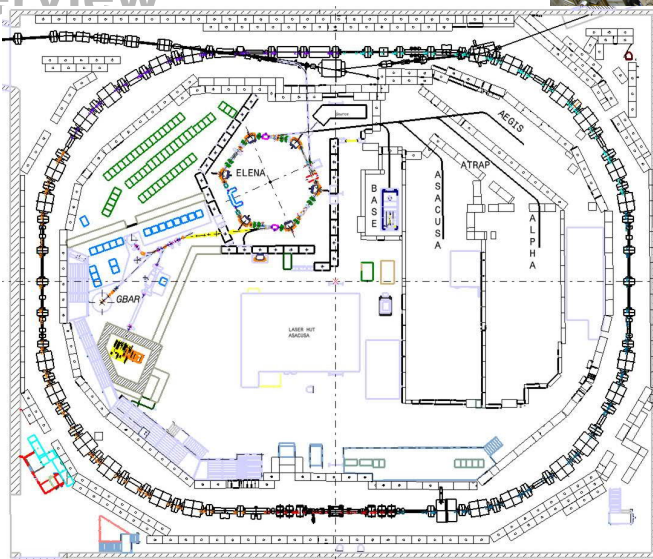
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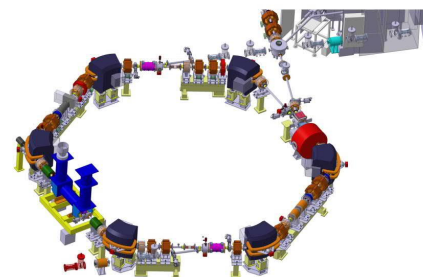
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Extra Low Energy Antiproton Ring



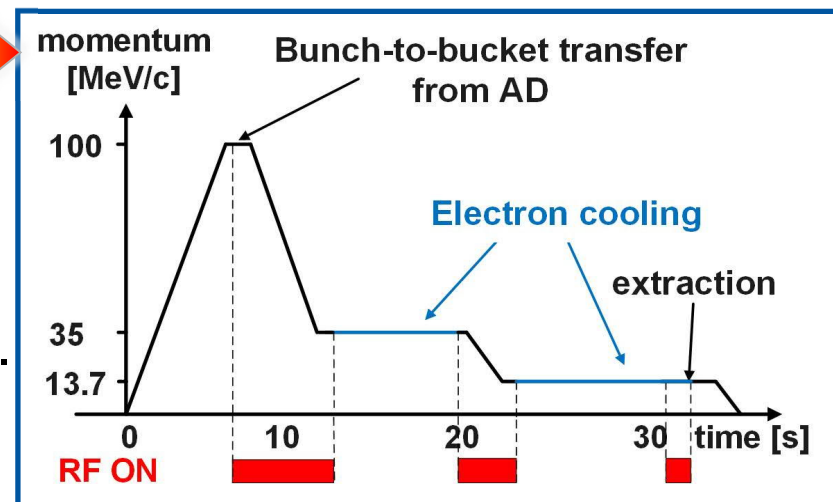
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ELENA: the decelerator

- ❖ **Standard operation**: deceleration of antiprotons (pbars) from AD.
- ❖ **Setup**: acceleration/deceleration of H⁻ ions/protons from source.
- ❖ Under commissioning (started 12/2016).
 - ❑ Already provided slow pbars to GBAR
- ❖ Finemet-based HLRF (500 Vp)
- ❖ So far single harmonic operation
- ❖ Double harmonic operation
 - ❑ Aim: bunch shaping @extraction
 - ❑ It might help for space charge problems in the cycle, if any.
- ❖ Bunched-beam cooling or bunch rotation @extraction for shorter bunches



ELENA cycle in 2018 for pbar operation

Parameter	Injection	Extraction
Momentum, MeV/c	100	13.7
Magnetic field, mT	359.8	49.3
Revolution frequency, kHz	1044.9	144
Circumference, m	30.4	

ELENA parameters for pbar operation

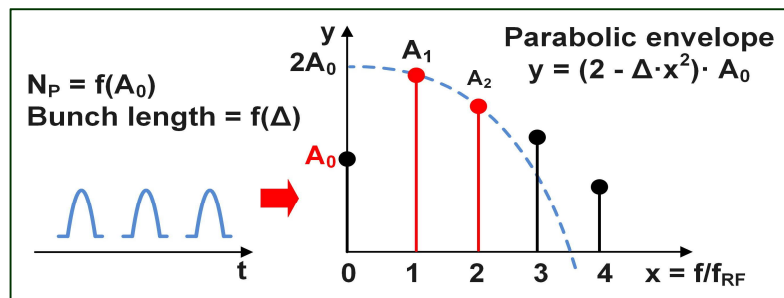
ELENA: DLLRF (2018 version)

❖ RF segments:

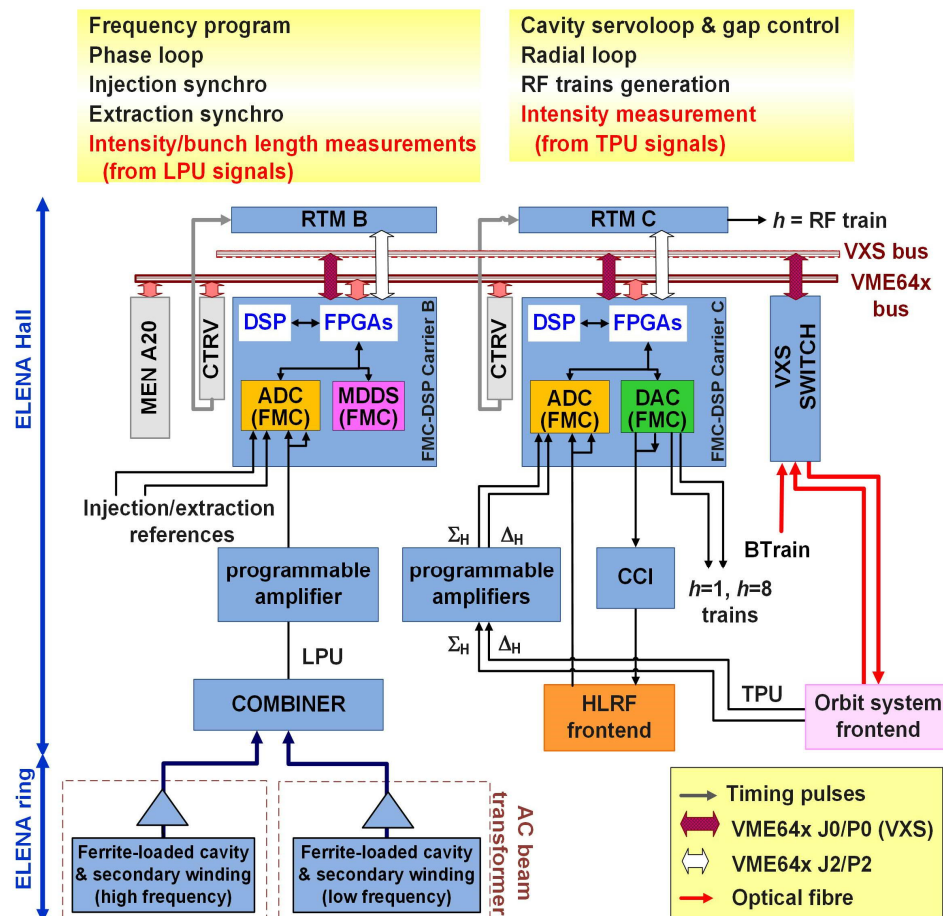
- beam bunched / debunched several times in same cycle
- cavity gap relay opened/closed

❖ Longitudinal diagnostics

- Part of RF workpackage
- DC beam transformers do not work at ELENA's low intensity
- Dedicated data treatment deployed in LLRF to measure bunched-beam intensity + bunch length.

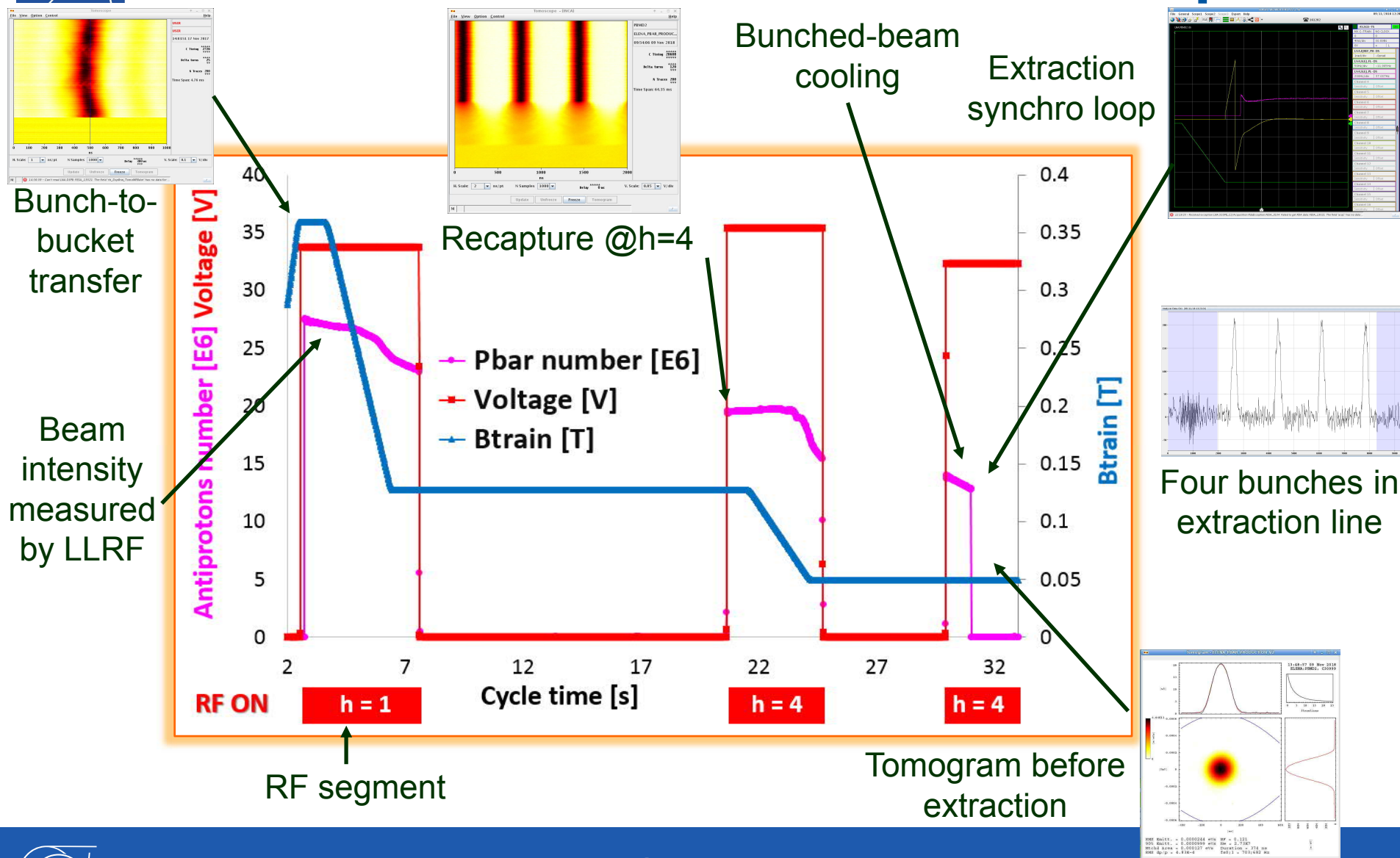


In-frequency bunched-beam data processing



ELENA LLRF layout [2018 version]

ELENA DLLRF achievements with pbars





ELENA DLLRF new challenges

- ❖ Integration with RF cycle editor (automatic control of main RF parameters)
- ❖ Longitudinal diagnostics will be expanded in 2020
 - ❑ **Users:** operators, RF experts + cooling experts
 - ❑ **Dedicated FMC-DSP carrier hosting ADC + SFP FMCs**
 - **In-frequency** data processing (**real-time**).
 - **Bunched** (intensity + bunch length, as in 2018) and **debunched** (intensity + $\Delta p/p$ from Schottky scans) **beam** data processing.
 - Will pass to ObsBox averaged sampled data
 - ❑ **Observation Box (ObsBox) sub-system**
 - **In-time** data processing (**offline**).
 - Powerful standalone computer receiving input (raw data, f_{REV} , beam status) from FMC-DSP carrier over optical fibre.
- ❖ ELENA's LLRF + long. diag. to be deployed also in post-LS2 AD
- ❖ ObsBox useful to PSB, LEIR for real-time bunch length monitoring.

ELENA: LLRF + long. diag. system

DIGITAL LLRF

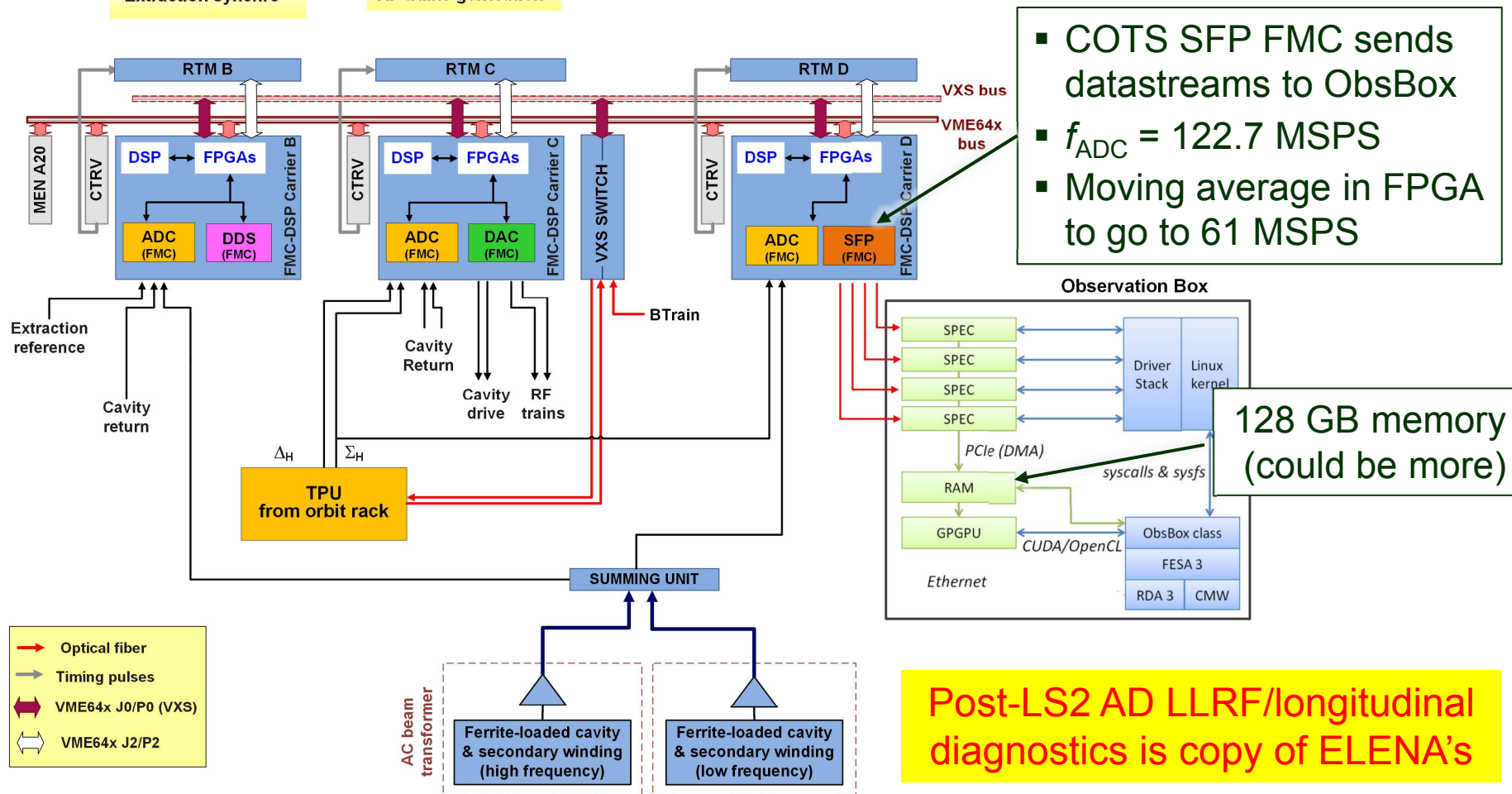
Frequency program
Phase loop
Extraction synchro

Cavity servoloop
Radial loop
RF trains generation

LONGITUDINAL DIAGNOSTICS SYSTEM

Intensity meas. from bunched beam
Intensity & Dp/p from Schottky scans

In-time (Obsbox) + in-frequency
(FMC-DSP Carrier D) data analysis



Conclusions

- ❖ **VXS DLLRF** (a.k.a. CERN 2nd generation DLLRF)
 - ❑ big investment (manpower) for RF group
 - ❑ it re-paid itself well.
- ❖ **Finemet HLRF favourite** (although very demanding) **companion**
- ❖ **LLRF + Finemet HLRF “ensemble” very flexible & upgradeable**
 - ❑ **Same building blocks** applied to **many machines**. **Synergy** of algorithms, firmware/software, experience and ideas.
 - ❑ Several features (ex: new operational harmonics, frequency modulation, noise generation scheme) added although not originally planned
 - ❑ **Machines operation substantially improved (performance + reliability)** by our DLLRF systems
 - ❑ **Happy (OP + physicists) users!**



Conclusions – cont'd

❖ Longitudinal diagnostics capabilities

to be soon expanded

- ❑ Essential for pbars machines (AD, ELENA)
- ❑ ObxBox add-on very useful for other machines, too (bunch length meas).

❖ Very demanding machines restart after LS2

- ❑ New (**AD**) or deeply upgraded (**PSB**) LLRF systems to be commissioned
- ❑ ELENA commissioning (cont'd) and LEIR restart
- ❑ After the post-LS2 restart marathon, we'll start studying the **3rd generation LLRF**.





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